82nd GENERAL ASSEMBLY

REGULAR SESSION

JUNE 23, 1981

1.	PRESIDENT:
2.	The hour of nine having arrived the Senate will please
3.	come to order. Will the members please be at their desks.
4.	And will our guests in the gallery please rise. Our prayer
5.	this morning by the Reverend Robert D. Florence, Lakeside
6.	Christian Church, Springfield, Illinois. Reverend.
7.	REVEREND ROBERT D. FLORENCE:
8.	(Prayer given by Reverend Robert D. Florence)
9.	PRESIDENT:
10.	Thank you, Reverend. Reading of the Journal. Senator
11.	Johns.
12.	SENATOR JOHNS:
13.	Thank you, Mr. President. I move that reading and approval
14.	of the Journals of Tuesday, June the 16th; Wednesday, June the 17th;
15.	Thursday, June the 18th; Friday, June the 19th; and Monday, June
16.	the 22nd in the year of 1981 be postponed pending arrival of the
17.	printed Journal.
18.	PRESIDENT:
19.	You've heard the motion as placed by Senator Johns. Any
20.	discussion? If not, all in favor signify by saying Aye. All
21.	opposed. The Ayes have it. Motion carries. It's so ordered.
22.	Message from the House.
23.	SECRETARY:
24.	A Message from the House by Mr. Leone, Clerk.
25.	Mr. President - I am directed to inform the Senate
26.	the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in
27.	the passage of bills with the following titles, to-wit:
28.	Senate Bill318 with House Amendment 1; 333 with
29.	Amendments 1 and 2; 334 with House Amendment 1; 335, House
30.	Amendment 1; 336 with House Amendment 1; 337 with House Amend-
31.	ments 1 and 2; 344 with House Amendments 1, 2, 4 and 5; and
32.	791 with House Amendment 1.

PRESIDENT:

Page 2 - June 23, 1981

l.

Secretary's Desk. Senator D'Arco. Senator D'Arco seeks

2.	leave of the Body to go to the Order of Secretary's Desk
3.	Resolutions. If you'll turn to page 33 on the Calendarpage
4.	33 on the Calendar, with leave of the Body, we'll move to the
5.	Order of Secretary's Desk Resolutions. Senate Joint Resolution
6.	52, Mr. Secretary.
7.	SECRETARY:
8.	Amendment No. 1 to Senate Joint Resolution 52, offered by
9.	Senator D'Arco.
10.	PRESIDENT:
11.	Senator D'Arco.
12.	SENATOR D'ARCO:
13.	Thank you,Mr. President. Amendment No. 1amends the
14.	resolution to extend the reporting date fromJune 30th, 1981
15.	to June 30th, 1982 for the Condominium Commission and I move
16.	to adopt Amendment No. 1 to Senate Joint Resolution 52.
17.	PRESIDENT:
18.	Alright. Senator D'Arco has moved the adoption of Amend-
19.	ment No. 1 to Senate Joint Resolution 52. Any discussion? If
20.	not, all in favor signify by saying Aye. All opposed. The Ayes have
21.	it. The amendment is adopted. Do you wish now to take up
22.	Senate Joint Resolution 52, as amended? Alright. On the
23.	Order of Secretary's Desk Resolutions, Senate Joint Resolution
24.	52, as amended. Senator D'Arco.
25.	SENATOR D'ARCO:
26.	Thank you,Mr. President. It does what, in fact, the
27.	amendmentsaid it does and I'd move to suspend the rules
28.	for the immediate consideration ofJoint Resolution 52.
29.	PRESIDENT:
30.	Alright. Senator D'Arco has moved the adoption of Senate
31.	Joint Resolution 52. Those in favor of the adoption will vote
32.	Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all
33.	voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish?

Page 3 - June 23, 1981

1. Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 42, the Nays 2. are none, none Voting Present. Senate Joint Resolution 52 3. having received the required constitutional majority is 4. adopted. Senator Bruce. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 5. On the Order of Resolutions is SJR 50 sponsored by 6. Senator Rock. Senator Rock is recognized. 7. SENATOR ROCK: 8. Thank you, Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the 9. Senate Joint Resolution 50 would require the Commission 10. on Intergovernmental Cooperation to hold some hearings...prior 11. to our Fall Session to find out specifically how we are to 12. address...if we are to address...the happenstance of...of the 13. change from...categorical to block grants. This is a matter 14. currently under discussion at the Federal level. It seems 15. to me in October when we return we had best be prepared and 16. all this would do would charge that commission...with the 17. responsibility for holding those hearings. As you know, 18. that commission is made up of representatives from the 19. administration and all the constitutional officers and ... 20. members of both...both Houses...both sides of the aisle. It 21. is felt that we, as the General Assembly, should be in a 22. position to respond...if need be and it appears that we will 23. have a need to respond. I know of no objection. This was 24. put together by Representative Peters and the House Leadership 25 and they are anxiously awaiting its arrival. I would move 26. its adoption. 27. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 28. The motion is to adopt Senate Joint Resolution 50. 29. cussion of the motion? It will require a roll call. Those in 30. favor will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting 31.

is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish?

Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 48, the Nays

32.

33.

المستريب

Appropriate the second of the

Page 4 - June 23, 1981

1. are none, none Voting Present. Senate Joint Resolution 50 is 2. declared passed. We have nine bills that are to be recalled 3 this morning and we will go to that order of business with leave of the Senate. Is there leave? Leave is granted. 4 . The bill sponsors are as follows, if you will pay attention 5. please: Senator Nedza, Dawson, Demuzio, Carroll, Berman, Carroll, 6. Carroll, Weaver and Carroll. Senator Nedza on House Bill 109. 7. Alright. Senator Nedza is waiting for an amendment to come 8. up on that one. Senator Dawson on 520. Senator Demuzio on 9. 607. Senator Demuzio asks leave of the Senate to return House 10. Bill 607 to the Order of 2nd reading for the purpose of an 11. amendment. Is there leave? Leave is granted. Are there 12. amendments, Mr. Secretary? 13. SECRETARY: 14. Amendment No. 2, offered by Senator Demuzio. 15. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 16. Senator Demuzio. 17. SENATOR DEMUZIO: 18 Thank you, Mr. President. I just discussed this amendment 19. with...Senator Maitland. He indicates it's a...makes a...the 20. bill a little better. It indicates that...the farm loans 21. cannot be authorized...to any person who has assets of more 22. than a hundred thousand and with assets or liabilities in more 23. than three hundred thousand. It sort of tightens up the language 24. in terms of the loans. I know of no...opposition and move 25. adoption of Amendment No. 2. 26. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 27. The motion is to adopt Amendment No. 2. Discussion of the 28. motion? All in favor say Aye. Opposed Nay. The Ayes have it. 29. Amendment No. 2 is adopted. Further amendments? 30. SECRETARY: 31. No further amendments. 32.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)

Page 5 - June 23, 1981

1.	3rd reading. Senator Carroll on 972. Senator Carroll
2.	asks leave of the Senate to return 972 to the Order of 2nd
3.	reading. Is there leave? Leave is granted. Are there amend-
4.	ments, Mr. Secretary? SenatorSenator Carroll is recognized.
5.	SENATOR CARROLL:
6.	Thank you. The purpose for bringing it back is to Table
7.	Amendment No. 1, which brought it down to one dollar and then
8.	leave it on 2ndafter we have Tabled that amendment. It
9.	would leave it at the twenty-two thousand figure. It's been
10.	$\ensuremath{\text{read}}$ a second time. If that's alright, so we could then leave it
11.	on 2nd and then it could still go to 3rd and pass at whatever
12.	day we move it. So, at this timehaving voted on the pre-
13.	vailing side, I would move to Table Amendment No. 1.
14.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
15.	Well, wethe motion is to reconsider the vote by which
16.	Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 972 was adopted. On the motion
17.	to reconsider, discussion? All in favor say Aye. Opposed Nay.
18.	The Ayes have it. Amendment No. 1 is reconsidered. Senator
19.	Carroll now moves to Table Amendment No. 1. On the motion
20.	to Table, all in favor say Aye. Opposed Nay. The Ayes have
21.	it. Amendment No. 1 is Tabled. Now, Senator Carroll, we'd
22.	prefer not to leave this on 2nd.
23.	SENATOR CARROLL:
24.	Move it.
25.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
26.	Alright.
27.	SENATOR CARROLL:
28.	Wewe will have a later amendment, but if you'd prefer
29.	to move it to 3rd and bring it back later, fine.
30.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
31.	Fine. Further amendments?
32.	SECRETARY:

No further amendments.

Page 6 - June 23, 1981

l.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
2.	3rd reading. Senator Berman on 1049. Senator Carroll
3.	on 1365. Senator Carroll asks leave of the Senate to return
4.	House Bill 1365 to the Order of 2nd reading. Is there leave?
5.	Leave is granted. Are there amendments, Mr. Secretary, please?
6.	SECRETARY:
7.	Amendment No. 2, offered by Senator Geo-Karis.
8.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
9.	Senator Geo-Karis.
10.	SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
11.	I think,Mr. President, before Amendment No. 2 comes on,
12.	there's an amendment on the bill that, I think,Senator Berman
13.	put on and I think he's going to ask leave to reconsider on
14.	the first one.
15.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
16.	Senator Berman.
17.	SENATOR BERMAN:
18.	Yes, last week we adopted an amendment to this. I had
19.	moved theI had moved the adoption of that amendment. It
20.	wasimproperly drafted and the Geo-Karis amendmentis to
21.	correct that. At this time, I would move to reconsider the
22.	vote by which Amendment Nol was adopted.
23.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
24.	You've heard the motion. Discussion? All in favor say
25.	Aye. Opposed Nay. The Ayes have it. The vote is reconsidered
26.	Senator Berman now moves to Table Amendment No. 1. On the
27.	motion to Table, all in favor say Aye. Opposed Nay. The Ayes
28.	have it. Amendment No. 1 is Tabled. Further amendments?
29.	SECRETARY:
30.	Amendment No. 2, offered by Senator Geo-Karis.
31.	SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
32.	Amendment No. 2, Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen

of the Senate,...corrects the...omission that was made and

33.

Page 7 - June 23, 1981

says,...except...but not the medical records pertaining to

2.	the patient. Andand that's in quotein parentheses,
3.	using the course of internal quality control of andor of
4.	and Imove the passage of this amendment.
5.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
6.	The motion is to adopt Amendment No. 2. Discussion of
7.	the motion? All in favor say Aye. Opposed Nay. The Ayes
8.	have it. Amendment No. 2 is adopted. Further amendments?
9.	SECRETARY:
10.	Amendment No. 3, offered by Senator Berman.
11.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
12.	Senator Berman isSenator Berman withdraws the amendment
13.	Further amendments?
14.	SECRETARY:
15.	No further amendments.
16.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
17.	3rd reading. 1414, Senator Weaver. 1619, Senator Carroll
18.	Senator Carroll asksleave of the Senate to return House
19.	Bill 1619 to the Order of 2nd reading for the purpose of an
20.	amendment. Is there leave? Leave is granted. The bill is
21.	on the Order of 2nd reading. Are there amendments, Mr. Secre-
22.	tary, please?
23.	SECRETARY:
24.	Amendment No. 3, offered by Senator Carroll.
25.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
26.	Senator Carroll is recognized.
27.	SENATOR CARROLL:
28.	Thank you,Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the
29.	Senate. Amendment No. 3 is to clarify the intent of the bill,
30.	which was to add this additional charge to whatever the fees
31.	end up being for marriage and/or divorce for thisbattered
32.	shelter workshopsituation. The way the bill is drafted
	it's not clear whether there's a total fee involved or an

Page 8 - June 23, 1981

```
l.
       add on fee and this is to make it absolutely clear that this
2.
       is an add on fee to whatever the other filing fees end up
       being. I would move adoption of Amendment No. 3.
3.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
4.
            The motion is to adopt Amendment No. 3. On the motion
5.
       to adopt, discussion? All in favor say Aye. Opposed Nay.
6.
       The Ayes have it. Amendment No. 3 is adopted. Further
7.
       amendments?
8.
       SECRETARY:
9.
            No further amendments.
10.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
11.
            3rd reading. Senator Dawson, you did not wish to call ...
12.
       is Senator Dawson on the Floor? Alright. That concludes the
13.
       recalls. We will now go to 2nd reading. Alright. 3rd reading.
14.
       On page 4 of your Calendar is House Bill 373. We had stopped
15.
       at that point. We will start again on House Bill 373. Senator
16.
       Philip, do you wish to call 373? Read the bill, Mr. Secretary,
17.
       please.
18.
       SECRETARY:
19.
            House Bill 373.
20.
                  (Secretary reads title of bill)
21.
       3rd reading of the bill.
22.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
23.
            Senator Philip.
24.
       SENATOR PHILIP:
25.
            Yeah, Mr. President, are you sure there's enough people
26.
       here this morning?
27.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
28.
            Further explanation?
29.
       SENATOR PHILIP:
30.
            Thank you, Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the
31.
       Senate. House Bill 373, as amended, amends the Liquor Control
32.
       Act. It would actually prevent citizens from purchasing liquor
```

33.

Page 9 - June 23, 1981

```
1.
       from a brewery on the site or from a distributor at his ware-
 2.
       house. Also it has that great amendment on it, which was
       put on in committee, which allows the new Illinois Center,
 3.
       that will be completed, we hope, shortly down in the City
4.
       of Chicago to sell alcoholic beverages. Quite frankly,
5.
       that's the only...three things this bill does and evidently
6.
       in the past there's been some problems with...citizens buying
 7.
       ....liquor at the brewery and from distributors, not paying
8.
       sales tax. It's always been kind of an issue between the
9.
       ...producers of beer and the distributors of beer and this,
10.
       ...I'm led to believe, solves both problems. So, if there
11.
       are any questions, I'll be happy to answer them.
12.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
13.
            Is there discussion? Senator Simms.
14.
       SENATOR SIMMS:
15.
            A question of the sponsor.
16.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
17.
            Indicates he will yield. Senator Simms.
18.
       SENATOR SIMMS:
19.
            Senator...Senator Philip, in the case of...whereas an
20.
       individual may have a...outside activity that requires...
21.
       beer to be distributed from a truck type operation, where
22.
       would an individual today be able to...after the passage
23.
       of your bill be able to purchase that, since the only ones,
24.
       basically, that have that are the distributors?
25.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
26.
            Senator Philip.
27.
       SENATOR PHILIP:
28.
            Gee, I wish my partner in crime, Jimmy Donnewald, was
29.
       here, because he could probably answer that question. But
30.
       that's a good question. We have used those ... those beer trucks
31.
       ourself, you know, when you...you talk to the distributor.
32.
       You know what, quite frankly, I don't think it prohibits
```

Page 10 - June 23, 1981

```
l.
       that. If I remember correctly, what it does prohibit is
2.
       you going and buying cases and...etcetera from them. I'm not
       sure that it prohibits the actual trucks.
 3.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
4.
            Further discussion? Senator Simms, had you concluded?
5.
       Senator Simms.
6.
       SENATOR SIMMS:
7.
            Well, my only question was...I...I was...my only...
 8.
       question is whether or not this would still allow this
 9.
       practice to go on, because, frankly,...I think there are
10.
       many organizations and many different groups, whether they
11.
       be political or...fraternal, that the only way that they can
12.
       ...obtain...that type of...beer service is through the
13.
       distributor. And it's my reading of...of the bill, and
14.
       maybe it's incorrect, that that would...for all purposes
15.
       prohibit that in the future and...that does have some con-
16.
       cern for me.
17.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
18.
            Senator Philip.
19.
       SENATOR PHILIP:
20.
            Yeah, I have further clarification and that is incorrect,
21.
       Senator Simms. I've been told by...Bert Nickerson that...that
22.
       does not happen, you can still sell it off...off the...the spigot
23.
       off the truck and if that was true, I wouldn't be the sponsor
24.
       of the bill, quite frankly.
25.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
26.
            Further discussion? Senator Kenneth Hall.
27.
       SENATOR HALL:
28.
            Will the sponsor yield for a question?
29.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
30.
             Indicates he will yield. Senator Hall.
31.
       SENATOR HALL:
32.
```

Senator Philip, this raises a great problem for churches

Page 11 - June 23, 1981

```
ı.
       and other organizations when they have affairs. Do you mean
       to say that...or even if we have a fund raiser or something...
2.
       that...that you couldn't go to a distributor and buy anything?
3.
       You'd have go to...of course when I read your bill, I...it
4.
       started out as being for the State Office Building.
5.
       this is on here. I think this raises quite a few problems
6.
       here. I want you to be absolutely sure. You know, often-
7.
       times we vote on something then we find out that we're
8.
       not. But in answer...the question is this, I have some
9.
       great reservations...churches or other groups that, it's like
10.
       Senator Simms says, wants to give an affair and they would
11.
       be...they might not have beer trucks. It's delivered out
12.
       there in cases.
13.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
14.
            Senator Philip.
15.
       SENATOR PHILIP:
16.
            Yeah, I guess, obviously,...there's some confusion.
                                                                  A11
17.
       this does is prevent those people from going up...to a...
18.
       distributor's warehouse or a brewery and buying cases of beer
19.
       off them. You would have to to to the store to do that, but you
20.
       could still have them with the tapped beer with their trucks,
21.
       you still could buy that service. All you're stopping actually
22.
       is the retail sale of package goods.
23.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
24.
            Further discussion? Senator Vadalabene.
25.
       SENATOR VADALABENE:
26.
            Yes, I rise in support of this bill and possibly I can
27.
       help Senator...Pate Philip. What this bill actually does is,
28.
       it prohibits dock sales. Now, whenever they have a big function,
29.
       like Shell Oil or American Legion or so forth, these people are
30.
       licensees and they could deliver the fifteen or twenty kegs or
31.
       whatever they want...to these different...picnics and events.
32.
       This bill merely prohibits dock sales and I think
                                                           a good bill
33.
34.
       and we should support it.
```

My July

33.

Page 12 - June 23, 1981

1.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)			
2.	Further discussion? Further discussion? Senator Philip			
3.	may close.			
4.	SENATOR PHILIP:			
5.	Yeah, I'm sorry about the confusion. I I had been led			
6.	to believe that not only the retailers, the distributors and			
7.	their breweries all support this. This has been an agreed			
8.	bill among everybody andoh, there's my friend Senator			
9.	Donnewald, the expert on beerandbut I assure			
10.	you there isthere is no attempt other than to prevent			
11.	package sales at the point of distribution and at the point			
12.	of manufacture. And if it was anything to thethe contrary			
13.	I certainly wouldn't support it. So, I'd ask for your favor-			
14.	able consideration.			
15.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)			
16.	The question is, shall House Bill 373 pass. Those in			
17.	favor vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is			
18.	open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish?			
19.	Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question,			
20.	the Ayes are 30, the Nays are 12, 4 Voting Present. House			
21.	Bill 373 having received the required constitutional majority			
22.	is declared passed. House Bill 377, Senator Newhouse. Read			
23.	the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.			
24.	SECRETARY:			
25.	House Bill 377.			
26.	(Secretary reads title of bill)			
27.	3rd reading of the bill.			
28.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)			
29.	Senator Newhouse.			
30.	SENATOR NEWHOUSE:			
31.	Thank you, Mr. President and Senators. The digest is on			
32.	the money on this bill. It's intended to be solely revisory			
22	in nature in order to update obsolete Statutory language			

Page 13 - June 23, 1981

ı. relating to the public community colleges. I'd ask for a 2. favorable roll call. Any questions, I'd be delighted to 3. answer. 4. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 5. Is there discussion? Is there discussion? The question 6. is, shall House Bill 377 pass. Those in favor vote Aye. Those 7. opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? 8. Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 50, the Nays are none, none Voting Present. House 9. Bill 377 having received the required constitutional majority 10. is declared passed. House Bill 403, Senator Nedza. Read the 11. bill, Mr. Secretary, please. 12. SECRETARY: 13. House Bill 403. 14. (Secretary reads title of bill) 15. 3rd reading of the bill. 16. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 17. Senator Nedza. 18. SENATOR NEDZA: 19. Yes, thank you, Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen 20. of the Senate. The original bill amended the Election Code 21. to...require election authorities to print a form on...on 22. the...the electronic voting systems on the envelopes to... 23. for a...provision for write-in votes. The amendments...there 24. are two amendments to the bill. One of the amendments was the 25. ...providing that the write-in vote shall be counted for self-26. avowed write-in candidates, which is similar to... House Bill 27. 131. And the other amendment that was...applied to the bill 28. was the absentee voting in nursing homes. This was similar 29. to...an amendment...by...similar to Senate Bill 501, Senator 30. Donnewald and House Bill 1668, which... Senator Netsch and 31. Woody Bowman had. I think everyone is aware of what's in the 32. bill. If there are no questions, I would move for a favor-

33. 34.

able roll call.

Page 14 - June 23, 1981

```
ı.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
2.
            Is there any discussion? If not, the question is, shall
 3.
       House Bill 403 pass. Those in favor...will indicate by voting
4.
       Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all
5.
       voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who
6.
       wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 47,
7.
       the Nays are 3, none Voting Present. House Bill 403 having
8.
       received the constitutional majority is declared passed.
       House Bill 405, Senator Sangmeister. House Bill 410, Senator
 9.
       Chew. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary.
10.
       SECRETARY:
11.
            House Bill 410.
12.
                 (Secretary reads title of bill)
13.
       3rd reading of the bill.
14.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
15.
            Senator Chew.
16.
       SENATOR CHEW:
17.
            Thank you, Mr. President and members of the Senate. This is
18.
       a Motor Vehicle Laws bill and it...establishes throughout
19.
       the three major weight tax categories. The...trucking industry
20.
       would be given an accurate count on the poundage. The Secretary
21.
       of State's Office is in favor of the bill, the trucking industry
22.
       is in favor of the bill. I know of no known opposition and I
23.
       would ask for a favorable roll call.
24.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
25.
            Is there any discussion? If not, the question is, shall
26.
       House Bill 410 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those
27.
       opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish?
28.
       Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the
29.
       record. On that question, the Ayes are 36, the Nays are 1,
30.
       and 5 Voting Present. House Bill 410 having received the
31.
       constitutional majority is declared passed. Senate Bill...or
32.
       House Bill 411, Senator Bloom. House Bill 422, Senator Berning.
33.
```

Page 15 - June 23, 1981

1.	Read the bill, Mr. Secretary.
2.	SECRETARY:
3.	House Bill 422.
4.	(Secretary reads title of bill)
5.	House Bill 422.
6.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
7.	Senator Berning.
8.	SENATOR BERNING:
9.	Thank you, Mr. President and members of the Senate. House
10.	Bill 422 is a new approach to the old problem of the decontrol
11.	of small water systems. House Bill 422 has the unique ad-
12.	vantage, however, of being now supported by the Department
13.	of Public Health and the Department of Environmental Protection
14.	Agency and unless there are questions on the bill itself,
15.	I would appreciate a favorable roll call.
16.	
17.	(The following typed previously)
18.	
19.	
20.	
21.	
22.	
23.	
24.	
25.	
26.	
27.	
28.	
29.	
30.	

31.32.33.

40 438 Reserve

32.

33.

Page 16 - June 23, 1981

1.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
2.	Is there any discussion? If not, the question is, shall House
3.	Bill 422 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed vote
4.	Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted
5.	who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Ayes aretake the record
6.	On that question, the Ayes are 48, the Nays are none, none Voting
7.	Present. House Bill 422, having received a constitutional majority
8.	is declared passed. House Bill 438, Senator Rock. Read the bill,
9.	Mr. Secretary.
10.	SECRETARY:
11.	House Bill 438.
12.	(Secretary reads title of bill)
13.	3rd reading of the bill.
14.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
15.	Senator Rock.
16.	SENATOR ROCK:
17.	Thank you, Mr. President, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the
18.	Senate. House Bill 438, sponsored in the House by the Speaker
19.	and here in the Senate by Senator Shapiro and I, wouldwould
20.	effectively remove the interest rate ceiling onon virtually
21.	every consumer loan transaction, credit union loans, State bank
22.	loans, written contracts, mortgage loans, revolving credit loans,
23.	and installment loans. The idea being, that in a tight money marke
24.	with the existing interest ceilings, money simply is not available
25. ′	to those who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity. And it
26.	seems to me, and some others, that we are better advised to be in
27.	aa competitive economy, this will afford the money market that
28.	opportunity. And I would seek a favorable roll call.
29.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
30.	Is there any discussion? Senator Berman.
31.	SENATOR BERMAN:

Thank you, Mr. President. I rise in opposition to the bill.

There's not many things that the Illinois General Assembly can do

```
l.
        to try to counter the spiral of inflation that we all live through.
 2.
        Most of it is determined by the fiscal policies of the Federal
        Government, that just prints the money and causes the inflation.
 3.
        But I think that this is one area that we ought to take a look
        at, and I understand the economics that are involved, that when
 5.
        there are spiraling interest rates, unless you lift the usury
 6.
        ceiling, the credit is not available. Well, I would suggest to
 7.
        you, that perhaps in these days the credit should not be available.
 8.
        That this is one step that we ought to take to keep the lid on,
 9.
        and I know that this is contrary to the free world of economics,
10.
        to the free market system, but I'm not sure that the determination
11.
        of the levels of interest rate is a free market either. And I
12.
        would suggest to you, that in order to try to keep a lid on these
13.
        days of the inflation rate, a good way for us to start in our
14.
        capacity as a General Assembly, is not to pass this bill, to vote
15.
       against it, to keep the usury rates where they are. If the in-
16.
        flation cools off, if rates come down, then it would make more
17.
        sense. But all you're going to do, is, in Illinois, at least,
18.
        with this bill, is increase the rate of inflation, cost the little
19.
        guy, whether he's able to get it or not, a lot more for the credit.
20.
        And I just think that this is not the time to pass this bill. We,
21.
         I think, took a very strong stand on substantially the same bill.
22.
         a year ago, and we defeated it. I think we should defeat it again
23.
         today.
24.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
25.
              Is there further discussion? Senator Gitz.
26.
         SENATOR GITZ:
27.
              I have a question of the sponsor, and then I'd like to speak
28.
         to the bill.
29.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
30.
              He indicates he will yield.
31.
```

Senator Rock, in the Criminal Code there is a section that

SENATOR GITZ:

32.

Page 18 - June 23, 1981

there would be absolutely no ceiling on any of these personal

relates to usurious interest rates, should we pass this bill, how would one determine a usurious practice then? Since, in effect,

l.

2.

4.

loans?

5.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
6.	Senator Rock.
.7.	SENATOR ROCK:
8.	I'mI'm not sure I understood the question.
9.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
10.	Senator Gitz.
11.	SENATOR GITZ:
12.	Well, in the Criminal Code of Illinois, you can be prosecuted
13.	for usurious practices, and this is generally related as the re-
14.	search and information providing needsto just, to the fact that
15.	there is certain limits, ceilings in the State of Illinois. And
16.	I'm wondering, once this is adopted, on what basis then, you would
17.	relate that to if you were court called to make a judgment on
18.	that? And I have a follow-up question beyond that.
19.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
20.	Senator Rock.
21.	SENATOR ROCK:
22.	Well, I amI am going to assume that there probably would
23.	not, except in the instance of unlicensed persons extending credit,
24.	there probably would not be any prosecutions. Given the fact that
25.	if this is approved, there would be no effective ceiling, there
26.	would be no usury rate for those who are in the business of extending
27.	credit, those who are licensed to extend credit.
28.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
29.	Senator Gitz.
30.	SENATOR GITZ:
31.	Am I to infer from that then, that conceivably, once this was
32.	adopted a juice loan could be legal, conceivably provided that
33.	it was in writing, there was no strong arm or forcible tactics in

- use, and they were licensed then?
 PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
 Senator Rock.
- SENATOR ROCK:

5. Under all those assumptions, I think, that's correct.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

7. Senator Gitz.

SENATOR GITZ:

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Thank you, Mr. President. I would now like to speak to the I think everyone here understands that the United States economy and the Illinois economy has had the most difficult and unusual set of circumstances that we have ever seen probably in the last fifty years. Who, a couple of years ago would have assumed that we would see such a thing as a twenty percent prime rate of interest? I would be happy to support this bill, if the two amendments had been added yesterday, but I fear the rejection of those amendments overwhelmingly signals precisely the wrong thing in the area of public policy. Let's consider those amendments for a moment. We were asked to provide a two year limitation, and to go back and look at where we were, something that I think was particularly timely since Senator Luger of Indiana has introduced legislation at the National level, which would say that unless a State was to put back usury ceilings within three years, that they'd be gone forever. Now, there is a House resolution pending, it seems to me that this...gave us some evidence, some way to provide immediately needed relief, and yet to assume that perhaps these circumstances are unusual and that Mr.Reagan will, in fact, be successful in addressing the economy. And yet that has been rejected. The second amendment said that if a financial institution wrongfully charged someone, that there would be some recourse for the person who is victimized to it. Now, that was Senator Chew's amendment, that too was rejected. I fear that we are going to have much to answer for once this proposal is adopted, because let's

face it, once usury ceilings are gone, they're going to be gone

ı.

30.

31.

32.

33.

forever. And it's going to be exceedingly difficult to bring them 2. back no matter what the isolated abuses are that are covered, no 3. matter what the impact is. And I hope before you vote on this, that we all consider some of the things that we'll be asked to 5. answer to when we go back home. Imagine, for a moment, a twenty-6. five percent increase in the sales tax for transportation, imagine 7. what is happening when you pay more for amortgage now in interest 8. than you do in principal, imagine the increases in legislative 9. pensions, and all the other goodies in this Session, and then we 10. say, by the way. Now, there is no limitation, there is no public 11. policy on the books of this State, that constitutes a usurious 12. practice. At least we ought to recognize a two year sunset, and 13. yet that seemed to be asking too much. I think that we will 14. rue the day that we have completely taken the lid off of every-15. thing, whether it's credit cards, or personal loans without any 16. consideration of the potential impact on the consumer who more 17. and more has to rely upon loans just simply to get through each 18. and every year, let alone the fact that major goods like housing 19. have to be dependent upon a mortgage. I think that we would do √20. well to very carefully consider what we are about to do in the 21. next five minutes on this bill. And for that reason I stand in 22. opposition, not because I don't recognize that there is a need 23. for some temporary relief, but because this bill is all encom-24. passing, it goes all the way, and I think sets an extremely bad 25. and rueful practice. 26. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 27. Senator Buzbee. 28. SENATOR BUZBEE: 29. Thank you, Mr. President. This is not the worst bill I've

ever seen, but it's the worst bill I've ever seen Senator

Rock sponsor. I...I...I can't imagine what in the world we

are doing here. I, like Senator Gitz, understand the need for some

temporary lifting of the interest ceiling. As a matter of fact, I ı. supported the...the lifting of the usury ceiling a couple of years 2. ago onrhouse loans, but this is a different breed of cat we're 3. talking about, it's a different consumer. In the first place, I don't like... I would onot like to put myself in the position 5. of being at the mercy of the Visa credit card system, or the 6. MasterCharge credit card system to decide at any point when I have 7. an outstanding balance that they're going to raise the interest 8. rate on me willy-nilly. And those consumer loans are not like 9. ...that...that Senator Gitz was talking about, they're not like 10. the home mortgage loans. The people that take...that are consumers 11. of those loans don't shop around for the best interest rate. We're 12. going to see forty and fifty percent interest rates if this bill 13. passes. This: is absolutely ludicrous, again, if we need to lift the 14. interest rate ceiling, we can do that a little bit at a time. 15. But to completely take the interest ceiling off of every kind of 16. conceivable loan, and especially to be sponsored by a Democrat, 17. is beyond my comprehension. I...I just don't understand what we're 18. doing here, this is a lousy concept, it ought to be killed. 19. should never have gotten this far, and ... and I just don't under-20. stand what we're doing. I'm...I'm personally very embarrassed 21. that it comes from our side of the aisle. 22. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 23.

Senator...Senator Keats.

SENATOR KEATS:

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30

31.

32.

33.

Far...far be it from me to be the one who must rise to support the President of the Senate against this abuse from his own party. But despite what said, Phil Rock should not be compared to a child molester, he's actually doing something that really is beneficial to the system. And Phil, I apologize for being the one to defend you, but someone has to. You know, what we're talking about right now...Phil, am I...Phil, am I helping you to death, was that the phrase? But on a...on a serious level, I mean enough kidding for the President, I. think he's taken enough today. I mean the

- rhetoric thus far is good populism it sounds great, and I'm sure that ı. in terms of local constituents, some of them reading it in the 2. papers will be impressed that you bothered to rise and offer 3. such platitudes, but in terms of economics, it doesn't make any 4. sense whatsoever. You're killing people with kindness, by alleging 5. that you're helping someone by making it substantially easier for 6. them to bury themselves in debt, is just plain ridiculous. 7. sort of economic logic is the same sort of thing that has us in 8. the problems that we have today. By holding down the real world 9. price of a product, whether it is money being borrowed, whether 10. it's gasoline, or whatever, you are overconsuming in that area. 11. And as you continually hold down the price of ... in this case money, 12. you are letting the little investor, the one who really is not 13. economically very sophisticated, borrow themselves into oblivion. 14. If you continually make the cost of ...cost of borrowing substant-15. ially less than it should be, you are accidentally, but still in 16. reality, destroying the small borrower. Because as more of that 17. money is taken up, more people get themselves into financial 18. trouble through no real fault of their own, other than the fact 19. they don't really understand economics, and then, those people 20. default and make credit much more difficult to receive, for other 21. people to receive. So, that is something you have to keep in mind. 22. One of our problems in America, today, is that too many of us live 23. beyond our means... 24. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 25. Senator, would you bring your remarks to a close. Your time
 - has run out.
 SENATOR KEATS:

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

I, at times, have done it myself, but for us as the Legislature to say that as a positive policy of the State, that not only to make it easier to live beyond your means, but to make it dangerous for that individual to do it by damaging their credit ratings, I think you, in the long run, should be held directly responsible for what

you've done to those people.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Demuzio.

2.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

SENATOR DEMUZIO:

Well, thank you, Mr. President, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. I do, in fact, rise in strong opposition to House Bill 438. Some of the arguments that have been made against it, have been made by those...Senator Gitz and Senator Buzbee on our side of the aisle, and I doubt very seriously if we will hear any arguments against it from the other side of the aisle. The amendment that I offered yesterday, I think, was one that many of us could have, in fact, if it was adopted, supported House Bill 438, which would have given the business and industry, and the financial community thirty...thirty months that's necessary in order for interest rates...to make some adjustments. One of the things that I did not say yesterday, that I'd like to bring to the attention of the membership, was that recently there was a statement, that was included in the review of the Illinois Interest Act, which was conducted by the Legal Council of the Illinois Bankers Association, which was published in May of 1980. And I'd like to quote this paragraph, it says, "we believe that in comparing Illinois interest rates with those of other states, Illinois ranked very high among the other states, and possibly offered lenders the best rates available. This conclusion was based upon...analyzing Illinois' loan rates separately, and as an aggregate with the other states. In such analysis, Illinois ranked in the top ten percent of the fifty states in regard to those interest rates." Now, I indicated yesterday that on May 1st of 1980 that the...the prime rate, interest rates, stood at eighteen and a half percent. Today, it's around nineteen and a half percent, and someone said yesterday, perhaps even twenty. So, things have really not changed that drastically since this report had been published. And I want to reiterate, also, and call to the attention of the membership, that

1. the comment that Senator Gitz had made, and that is, that in fact, 2. the Congress is considering House Resolution 2501, which, in fact, would permanently remove the interest rate ceilings on all consumer. 3. business, and agriculture loans. I think if we, in the Illinois 4 . General Assembly enact this legislation, that we are acting pre-5. maturely, we are setting a trend. And, I, for one, do not want to go back into my district this summer and tell the voters in my .7 . district that every time you make a purchase at Montgomery Wards, 8. or J.C. Penney, or Sears Roebuck, or purchase with your Visa card, 9. or your American Express card, or what have you, that we've allowed 10. the financial industry in Illinois to charge whatever interest 11. rates that they want to, my dear friends you...you might be able 12. to go home and explain it, but I am not. This is a bad bill, it 13. should never, in fact, have gotten this far, and I reiterate what 14. Senator Buzbee had said, and it ought to fail. 15.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Johns.

SENATOR JOHNS:

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Well, as I read each day, it's about the dollars strength. The dollars strength responds to our fiscal restraint in this Nation. And when you unleash the interest rates you're going to allow those who borrow money, and that's often the...unintelligent, those that lack the will power to refrain from just continually going into debt to have the pleasures they want for today and worry about it tomorrow. Those unwaried, those lacking in intelligence, but who live in pleasure, will continue to go towards bankruptcy, and the big boys will take over whatever they've worked so hard to try to get. Some loans go as high as twenty-one to twenty-eight percent now, and could go as high as thirty-two percent, and it all boils down to the question, are we our-brother's keeper? Should we show the restraint that some of them have the lack of will power to do so? I think we must. I vote against this bill.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Lemke.

SENATOR LEMKE:

1. 2.

3.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

I wasn't going to rise in opposition, but as I sit here today, I wonder sometimes if we think about the man that works hard, and how he buys on credit. Do you think he cares about the interest rate? We're dealing with a man that buys payments, he knows that he needs an...he needs a car, and I can remember working for a finance company...when I went to school in Iowa, they used to have the so-called balloon payment, they sold the guy payments. We had a quy that bought a 1952 car, and in 1960 he was still paying on it, he didn't even have the car. That's what you're causing here. You're going to cause the guy...all he knows is he needs a car, or his wife needs a washing machine, he's going to go out and buy that thing, and all he's going to do is pay for something and pay for something, and pretty soon we're going to dry up his purchasing power, because he's going to be paying for something he don't have. And he ain't going to have the money to buy something new. And you can talk all you want about helping the little guy making credit available to him, he doesn't care what the interest rate is, he's going to pay what...his payments going to be every month, and he's going to make that payment, and when he's out of work, he's going to miss it. And I, as an attorney, should rise in support of this thing, because this is going to increase my legal business with bankruptcies, because that's what's going to happen, everybody's going to be in bankruptcy court. And if you want that, fine, you know, we're going...we're going to help...we're going to help inflation rise some more. And the Federal Government should take it upon himself to start cutting the interest rates that are being charged by banks and insurance companies. Until the Federal Government does something to check not only wages, but interest rates, then they're going to stop inflation. But when a businessman has to borrow money for a lot...for a high interest rate, he's

- going to charge it on the customer, that price is going up. I
 can't support this, I'm going to vote Present.
- PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
- Senator Chew.

SENATOR CHEW:

5.

Mr. President, I attempted yesterday to soften the blow of ۴. this bill through an amendment that possibly we could live with. .7. It was defeated. Now, when we look at who sponsors this bill, 8. it's got to say something. I don't blame Doc Shapiro for getting 9. sick, he's...that's better than to be here to vote against it. 10. The Speaker of the House, the former Speaker of the House, the 11. two leaders over here. I suppose they have to pick up the trash 12. when some...most of us would not attempt to sponsor this kind 13. of legislation. Maybe that comes in the form of leadership, if 14. that's what it is, far be it from me from ever wanting it. I think 15. we're here to protect our constituents, not special interest. 16. this bill gets out of the Senate, as it is written, you don't have 17. to go back and explain to your constituents that you voted for 18. it, they'll know it before you get back home. And they'll feel 19. the storm of the effect of this bill the minute you go out to make 20. a purchase. In many communities in this State, you have unscru-21. pulous business people, and they can sit back in their easy chairs 22. and say, well, I think I'll charge you forty percent, and there's 23. nothing to prevent him. I'm really surprised that the distinguished 24. President of this Senate...sponsoring this kind of legislation. 25. I try to support his legislation, sometimes I bend over backwards 26. to support it, because I have not worked under one that I have more 27. confidence in than I have the Senate President. But this time, 28. Mr. President, I'm going to leave you with the greatest joy that 29. I could have, in hoping that this bill is defeated, and you will 30. feel the effects of it if it is defeated, and you'll keep your 31. posture as it is now. And you won't have anything to overcome 32. whether you intend to stay in this Senate or to seek a better office. 33.

Page 27 - June 23, 1981

ı.	But with this hanging around your neck, as having sponsored it,
2.	you're going to have a dual purpose. And if I were you, I'd
3.	take it out of the record.
4.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
5.	Senator Hall.
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	•
11.	
12.	
13.	·
14.	
15.	
16.	(END OF REEL)
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	
21.	
22.	
23.	
24.	•
25.	
26.	
27.	
28.	
29.	
30.	

31.32.33.

Page 28 - June 23, 1981

SENATOR HALL:

ı.

2.

3.

5.

6.

.7 .

R.

9.

10.

11.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Thank you, Mr. President, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. One of the unfortunate things in this country today, is that a person who has money is going to make more money, and the person who doesn't have any money, is just going to go the way of all flesh. You know, it's a sad occasion today, and I listened to my distinguished Senator across the aisle over there say in so many words, we have to save ourselves from ourselves. words, the great thing today, is we have to do something about the economy. All of usareagainst galloping inflation, all of us are against the environmental...and things...so many agencies we have. But the...the critical thing is this, now the way you do 12. that, the way you bring down the interest rates, the way you get away with galloping inflation, is that we have to bring on a depression. So, what we have to do, we have to put people out of work. Now, we come along, and we're going to put a higher interest rate on them. The people who can't get loans today, and the reason they don't get loans, is because it takes everything for them to meet the bread, the rent, the lights, and things for the bare. necessity of life. I'm strongly opposed to this bill.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Is there any further discussion? Senator Bloom.

SENATOR BLOOM:

Briefly, thank you, Mr. President. Fun is fun, but this is ridiculous. I rise in support of the bill. The Federal Credit Allocators are one of the reasons why the interest rates are so high, and...and they're trying, at the Federal level, they've finally gotten the message. And they are trying to squeeze them down. Now, we want to...those who speak against this bill, want to continue this, and basically dry up credit for all these people they are crying about, and that's ridiculous. I don't think the State should enter into this area either. We had a nice lively debate on whether they should come back in '83 to try and take the

Page 29 - June 23, 1981

1.	ceiling off again,	the majority of the	Body on that question said
2.	no, let's pass the	bill out, and let's	make credit available at
3.	the market rates.	Thank you.	

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Netsch.

SENATOR NETSCH:

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Just to recapitulate the kinds of acts that the bill applies
to. I think it is well understood, but it's kind of shocking
when you go through the list of them, it's the Credit Union
Act, the Consumer Finance Act, the General Interest Rate Law,
those provisions that apply to revolving credit accounts,
the Consumer Installment Loan Act, the Motor Vehicle...Retail
Installment Sales Act, and the Retail Installment Sales Act itself,
all consumer loans, all the area where if there is a justification,
which there is, for some restraint imposed by government, this is
the area where it should be. I don't care what one businessman
charges another, if they are at arms length and willing to pay.
You're not talking about people on equal footing when you're
talking about consumer loans, and that is what we are talking
about here. Former Senator Bob McCarthy must be turning over on

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Joyce.

SENATOR JEREMIAH JOYCE:

his tennis court. .

Thank you, Mr. President, and members of the Body. Senator Netsch has stated most of what I was going to say. I would say to you Senator Keats, if you're trying to convince us that you're going to give it to them at twenty-two or twenty-three or twenty-four percent, what you wouldn't give him at twenty percent, I just don't believe you. I know a little bit about interest rates, and I know a little bit about how you go about obtaining loans, and I know that for a fact, that there are people in this Body who could walk into lending institutions and get money below prime. But we

Page 30 - June 23, 1981

- don't represent all those people, we represent a lot of people
 who can't get it. And I'm going to vote No on this.
- PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Berning.

SENATOR BERNING:

5.

32.

33.

SENATOR BERNING:

Thank you, Mr. President, and members of the Senate. Ι 6. assume that many of you feel, much as I do, that this dialogue 7. has gone on, probably, too long. However, the impluse does ul-8. timately rise in most of us to respond to some of the comments 9. that have been made by colleagues. Let me emphasize that per-10. sonally, I regret terribly what has been occurring in our economy. 11. The cost of everything keeps going up eternally. But let me re-12. mind you, my fellow Senators, what we have been doing here in the 13. Senate time after time after time, passing bills, many of them that 14. favorite old saw of mine, pensions, increasing benefits which, 15. if you stop and seriously consider, means that somebody is going to 16. have to pay for those benefits, and who is it, the taxpayer back 17. home. Part of that taxpaying group, part of those paying the 18. taxes and the cost of government, necessarily has to be the bus-19. iness community. We are shortly going to be faced with another 20. choice, possibly to increase the sales tax. Every business entity, 21. those who are now being criticized as, under this bill, indefensible 22. in their efforts to raise the sufficient revenue to operate through 23. increased interest rates, those same people are going to have 24. to pay all the taxes that any of our citizens do. And I remind 25. you that they are faced with the same cost increases for products, 26. for services, which includes labor costs. And I remind you, we don't 27. attempt to impose any ceiling on labor costs, negotiations of one 28. nature or another for increased labor costs are not controlled by 29. this Body. So, I think, while Senator Gitz had a valid point... 30. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 31.

Senator, would you bring your remarks to a close.

Page 31 - June 23, 1981

We ought to make an effort to control, we cannot control
in one area. Senator Lemke is right, until we can control the
costs of labor and goods, we cannot control the cost of money.
That is merely agoods in the marketplace. And so, while I repeat,
I don't like to see the cost of living go up for everybody
PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
Senator, would you please bring your remarks to a close.
SENATOR BERNING:
I urge an Aye vote on House Bill 438.
PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
Senator Bruce.
SENATOR BRUCE:
Thank you, Mr. President, and members of the Senate. We've
had a great deal of discussion about free enterprise, the free
market, and market rates on interest. I don't think that anyone
here is going to be opposed, given the state of the economy, the
allowance of the market to operate in determining interest rates.
But that is not what this bill does, and anyone who marches under
that flag has missed the point. What this bill says, is there is
no limit. We could have tied this to the prime rate, we could have
said that any businessman can charge a hundred and fifty percent
of prime, that you could charge two hundred percent of prime, you
can charge the standard πoody rate, you could have done anything in
the world and tied this toto ensure that the consumer is protected
from being taken advantage of. But that is not what is being
done here. The rates could be eighty percent on automobile loans
in some areas of this State, and no one would have committed a crime.
There is absolutely no limit on consumer loans in the State of
Illinois once this bill is enacted and signed into law. And the
State of Illinois, and we represent those citizens, have a legiti-
mate right to regulate ceilings, and put ceilings on interest

rates. That doesn't mean that the market doesn't operate to set

the rate, but we can say what is usurious, we can say what is

32.

Page 32 - June 23, 1981

١.

2. 3.

4.

I plan to vote No.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

illegal, and still allow the marketplace to operate. This bill

takes off all protections, and because of that, it is wrong, and

Senator DeAngelis. 5. SENATOR DeANGELIS: 6. I cannot let some of the rhetoric that's been stated here 7. today be unchallenged. We're back to the old dog biting the Ω. stick syndrome. The old expression that when a man hits a dog 9. with a stick, the dog bites the stick. Now, I would support 10. putting a limit on interest, if those people who are arguing 11. would support having Cosentino put a limit on what he sells 12. the money from the State of Illinois for. I would support a 13. limit, if we put a limit on what you sell Fed funds for. I would 14. support a limit on interest, if you would put a limit on the 15. Federal discount rate. And I would also support a limit, if 16. you put a limit on money market funds. But you can't turn around 17. and restrict the end product, when you don't restrict the raw 18. material price. 19. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 20. Senator Collins. 21. SENATOR COLLINS: 22. Thank you, Mr. President. I move the previous question. 23. think everyone here knows how they're going to vote on this bill. 24. And we should go on and get it over with. 25. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 26. Senator, if you would hold your motion, we have Senator Buzbee 27. for the second time, our only speaker left. 28. SENATOR BUZBEE: 29. Thank you, I apologize speaking for the second time, but there have 30. been a couple of remarks made that have to go...that can't go un-31. challenged. In the first place, the argument that we need to raise 32. the interest rates so that funds will be available is a specious 33. argument, and all of you on the other side of the aisle that plan

to vote for that bill, in particular know that, because you are 1. the bankers, the folks who are working in the economic community 2. everyday. You read the financial press, there is nowhere anywhere 3. stated in the Wallstreet Journal, Business Week, or what have you, 4. that indicates that funds are not available for loans to the ... to 5. the small consumer. The last time funds were not available was 6. by...by design, by the Carter Administration in the spring of 7. last year, when they purposefully held down credit. But since that 8. ...that action has been taken off, funds are available at eighteen 9. percent, and I ask you, why do you continue making the loans if 10. you can't make a profit at the eighteen percent? That is a 11. specious argument, and you know it. I had to be a little amused 12. at Senator Keats' indication that we ought to take the place at 13. the State level of the Federal Reserve Board, we ought to de-14. termine here, in the General Assembly, what supply of money is 15. available, and we can do that by taking the interest rates off 16. completely. Senator Bruce is absolutely correct, you will see 17. eighty percent loans on automobiles on the five hundred dollar... 18. on the five hundred dollar consumer loans that are made at the 19. small finance companies. I'm willing to give those folks an ad-20. ditional interest rate, a higher interest rate on a temporary 21. basis. But I'm not willing to give them carte blanche to allow 22. them to charge any interest rate they want from now on into in-23. finity. I think this is a horrible bill. 24. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 25.

Senator Rock may close debate.

SENATOR ROCK:

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Thank you, Mr. President, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. I would only hope that my colleagues would stop apologizing for what I think is a very responsible piece of legislation. It is obviously not too popular with some. The fact of the matter is, that we in Illinois, are a large industrial State. Most of the other large industrial and financial centers of the country have,

```
ı.
        in fact, done this, we ought to do this before the Federal Govern-
 2.
        ment preempts us, and that's going to happen, it appears. The
        fact is, that the free market is going to determine it, there will
 3.
 4.
        not be an eighty percent interest rate on the purchase of an auto-
        mobile, because you can go down the street, and I'm sure, under
 5.
        the...under a free market economy, do better than that. And
 6.
        that's the whole purpose, to make available, we are not dragging
7.
        people, kicking and hollering, into a bank or financial institution,
 R.
        or a credit union, and saying you have to borrow this money. But
 9.
        what we are trying to do, is look at it from the other end and
10.
        make money available for those who wish to avail themselves of
11.
             The argument is not specious, consumer money is simply drying
12.
        up for many of the reasons that Senator DeAngelis pointed out.
13.
        When the Treasurer of this State puts out our money, the taxpayers'
14.
        money, and demands, as he rightfully should, somewhere in the
15.
        neighborhood of fifteen or sixteen percent return, that's a cost,
16.
        and how do you expect the financial community then to lend money
17.
        out at six, or seven, or four, or three, or two, or one percent when
18.
        they're paying fifteen to get it. It simply doesn't make any
19.
                This, I think, is a responsible answer.
                                                          I think this
20.
        General Assembly is perfectly capable of reestablishing a limit
21.
        at any time it sees fit, under the responsible circumstances.
22.
        The circumstances, I suggest today, are otherwise. And I might
23.
        just add, that that amendment about which a couple of the Senators
24.
        bleated, did nothing more nor less than afford the opportunity for
25.
        attorney's fees for the Legal Aid Society. There are remedies
26.
         available to the consumers currently under the Uniform Commercial
27.
        Code, under the Statutes of Illinois that are readily available.
28.
        The allowance of attorney's fees is not readily available, and
29.
         that's the point of that amendment. This, I think, is...is some-
30.
         thing as a matter of public policy, if, in fact, we are to retain
31.
         our premier position in the financial community of this country,
32.
         this is something that ought to be done. And I would urge an
```

```
Aye vote.
 ı.
        PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
 2
             The question is, shall House Bill 438 pass. Those in favor
 3.
        will vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have
        all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who
 5.
        wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 32, the
 6.
        Navs are 23, 2 Voting Present. House Bill 438, having received
 7.
        the constitutional majority is declared passed. There's been a
 8.
        request for a verification. Will all the Senators be in their
 9.
        seats. Would the Secretary please read the affirmative roll call.
10.
        SECRETARY:
11.
             The following voted in the affirmative:
12.
              Becker, Berning, Bloom, Bowers, D'Arco, Davidson, DeAngelis,
13.
         Donnewald, Etheredge, Friedland, Grotberg, Keats, Kent, Lemke,
14
        Mahar, Maitland, McMillan, Nash, Nedza, Nimrod, Ozinga, Philip,
15.
        Rhoads, Sangmeister, Savickas, Schaffer, Simms, Sommer, Thomas,
16.
        Totten, Weaver, Mr. President.
17.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
18.
              Senator Demuzio, do you question any of the affirmative votes?
19.
         SENATOR DEMUZIO:
20.
              Senator Lemke.
21.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
22.
              Is Senator Lemke on the Floor? Senator Lemke. Senator Lemke.
23.
         Strike his name from the record.
24.
         SENATOR DEMUZIO:
25.
            Senator...Dawson.
26.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
27.
              He's standing right in front of you. Is there a question of
28.
         any further Senators? The roll call has been verified, and there
29.
         are 31 Yeas, 23 Nays, and 2 Voting Present. House Bill 438, having
30.
         received the constitutional majority is declared passed. House Bill
31.
         441, Senator Bruce. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary.
32.
         SECRETARY:
```

the marchaelie

Page 36 - June 23, 1981

House Bill 441. l. (Secretary reads title of bill) 2. 3rd reading of the bill. 3. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 4. Senator Bruce. 5. SENATOR BRUCE: 6. Thank you, Mr. President. This is a bill that was originally 7. introduced by Representative McGrew at the request of several 8. district members in the House, relative to those who have been ٩. receiving Federal impact aid for children attending school who 10. are residents of a military base. We've tightened up the language 11. here in the Senate to allow school boards. It's permissive 12. legislation to allow school boards to levy an educational fee 13. in the event that students are on a...on a military reservation 14. or base, and they are not residents...domicile residents of the 15. State of Illinois. As you know, military personnel oftentimes 16. declare another state as their state of domicile to avoid Illinois 17. Income Tax, and then send their children here, this is permissive 18. legislation only, which would allow the local school board to 19. assess an educational fee for attendance at the school. I would 20. ask for your favorable consideration. 21. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 22. Is there further discussion? If not, the question is, shall 23. House Bill 441 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed 24. vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? Have 25. all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question, the 26. Ayes are 57, the Nays are none, none Voting Present. House Bill 27. 441, having received the constitutional majority is declared 28. passed. House Bill 455, Senator Ozinga. Read the bill, Mr. 29. Secretary. 30. SECRETARY: 31.

House Bill 455.

(Secretary reads title of bill)

32.

```
3rd reading of the bill.
 1.
        PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
 2.
             Senator Ozinga.
 3.
        SENATOR OZINGA:
4.
             Mr. President, and members of the Senate. This bill reduces
5.
        the time period a judgement creditor must wait to redeem real
        ... real property from nine to four months, and the total time
7.
        period within which such judgement creditor may reduce from
 8.
        twelve to six months. Reduces from twelve to nine months the
 9.
        period in which a defendant may obtain a subsequent redemption
10.
        of property by a judgement creditor. This bill cuts down the
11.
        redemption period and puts the money back into flow. By this
12.
        bill, Illinois...and it is known that in this day and age, Illinois
13.
        presently has a longer than average redemption period. It is
14.
        believed that by cutting down the redemption period for judgement
15.
        creditors, the secondary mortgage market could be made more
16.
        attractive, and thereby encouraging more construction. I think
17.
        this is a good bill, it will aid the banks to get their money
18.
        out faster, and get their homes on the market again. I would
19.
        urge a favorable roll call.
20.
        PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
21.
              Is there further discussion? Senator Johns.
22.
         SENATOR JOHNS:
23.
              What's it...what's it cut it down from to in time?
24.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
25.
              Senator Ozinga.
26.
         SENATOR OZINGA:
27.
              Nine to four.
28.
         PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
29.
              Senator Johns.
30.
         SENATOR JOHNS:
31.
              From what time to what time?
32.
```

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Page 38 - June 23, 1981

1.	Senatør Ozinga.
2.	SENATOR OZINGA:
3.	Nine to four, or twelve to six.
4.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
5.	Senator Johns.
6.	SENATOR OZINGA:
7.	It also contains an amendment where notice must be given
8.	to the defendant in clear and explicit language, giving him his
9.	rights of redemption.
10.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
11.	Senator Johns.
12.	SENATOR JOHNS:
13.	Mr. President, and members of the Senate. We're getting
14.	to be a money matter here, we're looking after big interest,
15.	we're not looking after the little guy. I'm really concerned
16.	that money matters continue to surface in this Senate as they
17.	have this year. Everything is geared towards getting more
18.	money, and taking away everything that the little guyks got.
19.	We'd better be searching our conscience up here pretty soon.
20.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
21.	Senator Collins.
22.	SENATOR COLLINS:
23.	A question of the sponsor, please.
24.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
25.	He indicates he will yield.
26.	SENATOR COLLINS:
27.	Senator, areunder your bill, are you saying that you're
28.	reducing the period by which a bank can redeem its property from
29.	nine to four months? I mean the person that can redeem. For example
30.	he's delinquent, and thethe bank forecloses, he has now four
31.	months in which he can. max redeem, or she can redeem the property
32.	back?
33	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Ozinga.

SENATOR OZINGA:

2.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

That is almost correct, but the real answer to that picture 3. is, that ordinarily, a bank or mortgage house or wherever it is 4. that has this mortgage will be working with the creditor...with 5. the debtor for maybe a period of two, three, four years before 6. they even enter into a foreclosure. And...well, I was given the 7. statistics here, which may say the ... give you the instruction 8. or the amount of time. I was told, and it's strictly from the 9. Illinois Savings and Loan League, that there are only about five 10. out of ten thousand mortgages that are foreclosed. Secondly, 11. that there were only twenty-four, out of three thousand mortgages 12. that were foreclosed that were redeemed. In other words, what 13. I'm saying, is that ninety-nine percent of the time, people are 14. not going to redeem anyway. And what this does, it holds up the 15. title, they cannot...the courts cannot issue a title until after 16. twelve months now. What it would be then, by reducing this 17. period, it would reduce it to nine months. 18.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Collins.

SENATOR COLLINS:

The problem, I think, that you seem to be overlooking, is the fact that in a time of high unemployment, there are many people who have struggled over the years, and have paid mortgages on their homes, but who have temporarily lost their jobs, and would not be able to redeem the property within that small length of time. And if, in fact, the banks have been working with them, or the lending institution, trying to help them along, as you say, then why do you need this bill?

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Ozinga.

SENATOR OZINGA:

The ultimate is, that after everybody has given up, it's a matter of how long do we have to wait before we can put this

- ı. piece of property on the market again. And you will not do it under the present law for a period of, at least, twelve months. 2. Under this bill, it could be done within six months. Ordinarily, 3. what happens, if a person has been working with a bank, they 4. will rewrite the mortgage and start over fresh. Under the 5. present time, that's almost an impossibility because of your high rates. Therefore, usually, they will work out an arrange-7. ment within the bank. Now, all of this is done prior to the 8. institution of the foreclosure procedures I have yet to find 9. anybody in the financial world, or even in our own situation 10. back home, that if a person is willing, fine, that can be worked 11. out, but it's the unwilling person that will let the financial 12. institution hang, and finally abandons the house, now you've got 13. to wait a whole year in order to get that house back on the 14. market. 15. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 16. Senator Collins. 17. SENATOR COLLINS: 18. Well, I find that some of that...the problem, is with the... 19. the initial loan from the institution in the first place, be-20. cause they allow many people to make loans, particularly as 21. it relates to the Federal FHA homes, that can't qualify financially 22. for the homes in the first place. And so it is a deliberate 23. plan on their part, knowing full well from the beginning that 24. the people cannot afford the home, and they will have to fore-25. close on the home. And now you're saying, let us make it 26. easier and faster for them to take the home away. I think it's 27. a bad idea. 28. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 29. Senator Geo-Karis.
- Mr. President, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. This bill was debated before the Judiciary I Committee, and the amendment 33.

31.

SENATOR GEO-KARIS:

Page 41 - June 23, 1981

was put on by Senator Ozinga, I believe was put on at the express

l.

2.	request of some of us members. I think wewhen you talk about
3.	the little guy, you'd better think of the little guy who is an
4.	older person, who has invested his money in a mortgage, and
5.	doesn't get the return, and he's on social security and depending
6.	on the returns from the mortgage that he may invest it in. I
7.	think, if you're going to protect people, you have to consider
8.	the consciousness, the effort, and the ability, and thethe
9.	drivethe intention of the party who has a mortgage. I
10.	hold a mortgage myself, so I know, I mean, I'm the mortgagor, I own it.
11.	What I'm trying to say is, we have to be fair to both people.
12.	We cannot look at people justand say, well go ahead, we'll give yo
13.	all the time in the world, let the property run down, don't
14.	worry about it, we'll give you more breaks. I think it's time
15.	we take care of theconscientious person, and also the person
16.	who does invest his hard earned money, and this does not in-
17.	clude banks, this is not just for banks, this is for other people,
18.	and little people who save their money to give it as mortgages
19.	and depend on those mortgages for their income. I rise in
20.	favor of the bill.
21.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
22.	Senator Sangmeister.
23.	SENATOR SANGMEISTER:
24.	Thank you, Mr. President, and members of the Senate. To
25.	put this a little bit in perspective. I think the thing that
26.	has to be understood is, in a lot of areas of the State of
27.	Illinois, and particularly in our urban areas, there are
28.	many homes that are laying around deteriorating in the neighborhood,
29.	vandalism occurringon them, because nobody wants to buy them,
30.	because who's going to buy a home when there's a long out-
31.	standing redemption period. And the twelve months is just
32.	absolutely too long, and we're asking toto reduce that to
33.	a reasonable amount. I think it also should be pointed out

that there are thirty-three states in the United States, thirtyı. three states that have no redemption at all. And also you 2. should remember that, you know, the savings and loan or the 3. bank is not jumping in there immediately when somebody is in 4. default. Usually they've been in default three, four, five 5. months sometimes before the savings and loan or bank decides 6. they're even going to foreclose. Then you go through the fore-7. closure proceeding itself, which takes several more months 8. before that period of redemption even starts running. It 9. doesn't start running until the sale occurs. So, you're talking 10. about well over the twelve month period we now have. This 11. reasonable reduction certainly will facilitate the job the way 12. it should be done, it will allow banks and savings and loans 13. to get this property back on the market, and will help some of 14. our blighted neighborhoods. It's a good bill, it ought to 15. be passed. 16.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Buzbee.

SENATOR BUZBEE:

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

I find myself, twice, already this morning, and it's not even eleven o'clock yet, rising on the same side of an issue with Senator Johns, that doesn't happen too often. We are... we are not normally on the same side of issues too often. But I'm...I'm beginning to feel like he does, what in the world are we doing, we're...we're...we keep trying to make it more difficult for people, for people to...to live in this world. As I understand this, you're going to reduce it down now to four months where...where redemption can be made by the judgement creditor, and then the defendant only has six months, presently they have twelve to come back and...and...and get their house back. But now we're going to reduce it to six months. The bill itself reduced it from twelve to nine, and then an amendment was put on which reduced it to six, even further. I don't understand

what we're doing, it seems to me that...that...that the banks
 and the bankers, and the money lenders, and the money changers
 have got us by the throats, and we just keep doing what we...
 what...what they want us to do. I...I don't understand this
 at all, I think this is a very bad idea.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

Senator Johns.

SENATOR JOHNS:

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

1

Yes, I rise for the second time, because there's so many thoughts coming into my mind about this. I can't see that banks are losing any money today, if you look at the banks, they're all rebuilding, they're building new structures, adding on, expanding at unprecidented rates. Lending institutions are trying to find ways to...to utilize their money to keep it from going to Uncle Sam. It reminds me of that old saying when I was a kid in the coal fields at...there was a saying that said, them that's got, gets, and them that ain't, can't, and that really fits this picture. If you look on into the future of this General Assembly, this next ten days, you see House Bill 209 coming at us, and there again to benefit the big boys, you're going to raise the judgment interest from six to ten percent. You're going to gouge that little guy again. Now, I've just come through another strike in the coal fields, and as far as I'm concerned, we're second highest in unemployment in the Nation, and we're driving the little guys back against the wall, and you're going to have rebellion one day, you're going to have it right out in the streets. You're going to cut all these people off of CETA, you're going to cut them off all these programs where they're trying to earn their way and make a living and learn an occupation, and then you're going to hit them with this again. What are we up to, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate? You'd better be thinking, because when you reap what you're going to sow, you're going to say why didn't I give some

Page 44 - June 23, 1981

1.	consideration to that guy that's hard pressed when I'm living
2.	so affluently.
3.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
4.	If there's no further discussion, Senator Ozinga may close
5.	debate.
6.	SENATOR OZINGA:
7.	Well, I suppose I would usually just ask for a favorable
8.	roll call. But when it comes to talking about this compassion
9.	for the little guy, that is probably one of the reasons that
10.	I have stood so fast against branch banking. Because we
l 1.	ninety percent of the banks are community minded. These mort-
L2.	gages are made within the community, the bank will work as long
L3.	as we have, in our place, worked as long as three, four years
L4.	with a debtor to try to help him out, to get him squared away,
15.	and even refinance in someinstances so the payments are made
16.	easier. However, there is a limitation, and we here in Illinois
17.	have one of the longest, as was brought out by Senator Sangmeister
L8.	this is all true, and I believe that this is a reasonable, equi-
19.	table bill for everybody concerned. And I would urge your favorable
20.	roll call.
21.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
22.	The question is, shall House Bill 455 pass. Those in favor
23.	will vote Aye. Those opposed wote Nay: The voting is open. Have
24.	all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted
25.	who wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 35,
26.	the Nays are 14, none Voting Present. House Bill 455, having
27.	received the constitutional majority is declared passed. For
28.	what purpose does Senator Vadalabene arise?
29.	SENATOR VADALABENE:
30.	Yes, on a point of personal privilege.
11.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
12.	State your point.

SENATOR VADALABENE:

April Peadurit

33.

Page 45 - June 23, 1981

1. On the Floor of the Senate today, is the Appellate Court 2. Judge, Moses Harrison, and the Clerk of the Appellate Court, Walter Simmons. And I want them to be recognized. 3. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 4. Would they rise and be recognized. They're standing with 5. Senator Donnewald. House Bill 477, Senator Gitz. Senator Gitz. 6. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary. 7. SECRETARY: 8. House Bill 477. 9. (Secretary reads title of bill) 10. 3rd reading of the bill. 11. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 12. Senator Gitz. 13. SENATOR GITZ: 14. Thank you, Mr. President, and members of the Senate. 15. I think that all of us have observed in the news media, and 16. throughout the State, various case examples of child abuse and 17. neglect. In fact, the House sponsor of this bill was the 18. observer to one such case in Quincy which is familiar to 19. most of us, a week ago, some of us probably read about the 20. fact of a child who was actually starved to death. This bill 21. seeks to expand the definitions of abuse, to eliminate some 22. of the inconsistencies in the present law, and to define 23. what are some of the prima facie assumptions in any child 24. abuse hearing. And I will quickly summarize them. This adds 25. to the definition of neglected or abused minor, whose parent 26. or other person responsible for the child's welfare does not 27. provide proper necessary care, education as required by law, 28. or his necessary medical, other remedial care recognized under 29. the State of Illinois. It says, who is without proper care 30. due to the death or mental or physical disability of the parent, 31. guardian, or custodian. It also defines those who are abused 32.

to include a minor under the age of eighteen, whose parent or

the state of

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Page 46 - June 23, 1981

l. person responsible for the minors, and this has been amended 2. actually in Amendment No. 1, who's in the same family or house-З. hold, and it includes sex offenses in this definition. It also, in terms of evidence defines what will constitute prima facie ev-4. idence of abuse or neglect. And it finally lays out procedures 5. in terms of the hearing of proof and abuse and neglect. 6. believe that in its final amended form, that this rewrite of 7. these codes will be extremely helpful to the necessary pro-Я. tection of our minors and youth in this State, and I think it 9. will also eliminate some of the present legal confusion. 10. PRESIDENT: 11.

Any discussion? If not, the question is, shall House Bill 477 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 56, the Nays are none, none Voting Present. House Bill 477, having received the required constitutional majority is declared passed. On the Order of House Bills 3rd reading, House Bill 486. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary.

House Bill 486.

(Secretary reads title of bill)

3rd reading of the bill.

PRESIDENT:

Senator Demuzio.

SENATOR DEMUZIO:

Thank you, Mr. President. House Bill 486 is a bill that was developed by the...in the House, a task force on children in need. Four additional bills that were also developed are on the Agreed Bill List, or have passed the Legislature. What this bill purports to do, is that it...apparently is in relationship to an appellate...Illinois Appallate Court decision which had ruled against the Department of Children and Family Services,

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

33.

Page 47 - June 23, 1981

ı. which is commonly called now the Parington case. What the bill does, it provides that upon the execution of an irrevokable 2. ٦. consent to adoption or to where...parental rights for the purposes of adoption have been terminated, such persons shall not 4. be given preference in a subsequent readoption proceeding re-5. lated to the child. I am certainly not an attorney, although 6. I don't believe that there is any opposition to this bill, and 7. I would ask for your favorable consideration. 8. PRESIDENT: 9.

Any discussion? Senator Chew. All right. If not, the question is, shall House Bill 486 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 57, the Nays are none, none Voting Present. House Bill 486, having received the required constitutional majority is declared passed. Senator Chew, for what purpose do you arise? SENATOR CHEW:

Purpose of leave to Table a bill.

PRESIDENT:

That is always in order. Where is the bill?

SENATOR CHEW: 22.

On 3rd reading, Senate Bill 143. House Bill, Mr. President, 23. I'm sorry. 24.

PRESIDENT:

Top of page 18, on the Agreed Bill List, Senator Chew moves to Table House Bill 143. Any discussion? If not, all in favor signify by saying Aye. All opposed. The Ayes have it. The motion carries. House Bill 143 is Tabled. On the Order of House Bills 3rd reading, back on page 5, Senator Davidson, House Bill 496. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.

SECRETARY: 32.

House Bill 496.

Page 48 - June 23, 1981

(Secretary reads title of bill)

3rd reading of the bill.

l.

3.	PRESIDENT:
4.	Senator Davidson.
5.	SENATOR DAVIDSON:
6.	Mr. President, and members of the Senate. It does exactly
7.	what it says on the Calendar. This is the bill from the State
8.	Board of Education. Those school districts who run their own
9.	school bus systems do not have the opportunity to take indirect
10.	cost, those who contract do. There is the limit of 2.5 percent.
11.	It has unanimous support out of the Education Committee. I
12.	appreciate a favorable vote.
13.	PRESIDENT:
14.	Any discussion? If not, the question is, shall House Bill
15.	496 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote
16.	Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all
17.	voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record.
18.	On that question, the Ayes are 55, the Nays are 2, none Voting
19.	Present. House Bill 496, having received the required consti-
20.	tutional majority is declared passed. 497, Senator Berman.
21.	On the Order of House Bills 3rd reading, House Bill 497. Read
22.	the bill, Mr. Secretary.
23.	SECRETARY:
24.	House Bill 497.
25.	(Secretary reads title of bill)
26.	3rd reading of the bill.
27.	PRESIDENT:
28.	Senator Berman.
29.	SENATOR BERMAN:
30.	Thank you, Mr. President. House Bill 497 is a change in the
31.	Public Transportation Formula, and Gifted Education Reimbursement
32.	Formula to include a factor in the school district's equal assessed
33.	valuation to address the firstthe corporate personal property

Page 49 - June 23, 1981

tax assessments and replacement tax. This bill in the present ı. form is in line with the recommendations of the State Board of 2. Education and the School Problems Commission. I'd be glad 3. to respond to any questions. 4. PRESIDENT: 5. Any discussion? Senator Bruce. 6. SENATOR BRUCE: 7. Thank you, Mr. President. As the sponsor of the Corporate Personal 8. Property Tax Replacement Bill, I rise in strong opposition to 9. this bill. For any...any of you who have a downstate school 10. district outside the City of Chicago, and the County of Cook, 11. this is going to cost you six and one-half million dollars, is 12. going to be transferred out of your school districts into 13. Senator Berman's school district. Six and one-half million 14. dollar shift in this one bill. I remind you that we're 15. talking about a twenty-one million dollar increase in the 16. School Aid Formula, and of that, we're going to give more 17. to Chicago, six and a half million dollars, than all the school 18. districts in the State. I know Senator Davidson may very well 19. stand in...in support of this bill, and I don't know what 20. deals or arrangements have been made, but I can tell you that 21. you're going to take, and no one will deny that you're going 22. to take six and one-half million dollars out of downstate 23. schools and give it to the City of Chicago. We have worked 24. very hard to balance the formula in the State so that Chicago 25. and all the school districts share equitably in the new money. 26. But when you shift this kind of money it is not fair, this 27. bill should not be called today, there are problems with it 28. that can be ironed out. But to shift this much money on one 29. bill, throws out of balance the entire School Aid Formula 30. process. Now, they tried to run this bill in the House, and 31. could not get it out, could not get it out, and the sponsor

in the House put it in the form that it would pass, and it

32.

Page 50 - June 23, 1981

did not shift the money. It came over to this...this Body, and
 the sponsor knowing that he could not pass it out of the House,
 amended it into that form, and that is what Senator Berman has
 before us. It won't pass out of the House again, it is a fruitless
 act to shift six and a half million dollars. We have worked on
 the formula, this bill gums it up. I would ask for a negative
 vote.

PRESIDENT:

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Further discussion? Senator Davidson.

SENATOR DAVIDSON:

Mr. President, and members of the Senate. Senator Bruce is absolutely right, I do rise in support of this bill. we worked on this agreement last spring, a year ago, for several weeks. Chicago could have had thirty million dollars, we worked out a three year phase-in, and the School Formula which is before us, in whatever shape it is, has a change in the Title 1 weighting effect which takes seven million dollars away from Chicago, out of the General Revenue Fund, and the Common School Fund, and puts it into the School Formula for the rest of us. This puts six and a half million back in out of the corporate personal replacement tax. I'll tell you, if we hadn't worked out this agreement, for a three year phase-in, Chicago could have walked off with thirty million dollars last year. None of you talked about that, the School Problems Commission, people involved in this worked on it. The formula which went out has it at this level when it went out to every school district in the State of Illinois. You know the kind of money they're supposed to receive, if we fund it at the level of the fifteen six six point nine four cents per floor. I urge an Aye vote. This puts it back in the exact position that it was when it came out of the School Problems Commission, and it was introduced in the House, and then it was tinkered with. We're living up to the agreement that we worked out in a compromise last spring, a year ago, for a

three year phase-in. I urge an Aye vote.

PRESIDENT:

2.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16.

17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

Further discussion? Senator Bruce.

SENATOR BRUCE:

Well, I would just point out to you, that Senator Davidson, the fact you phase-in a six and a half million dollar loss doesn't mean any less of a loss. And for you gems that are on the School Problems Commission, you know, you guys keep giving the money all the way from downstate schools, and I applaude you for trying to do that all the time. And the second thing is, we write the formula, and I don't think because we write a fair formula that somehow takes money away from the City of Chicago when they don't deserve it, we can pass a formula that is...is a lot different than what we have. Now, the deal was, that we would pass the formula out, and it would run that way, this shifts six and a half million dollars, it ought not to. If this bill passes, we're going to have some real problems with the formula, we're going to have real problems with school funding. No one is going to shift six and a half million dollars out of my school systems in downstate Illinois without paying for it somewhere along the line.

PRESIDENT:

Further discussion? Senator Berman may close.

SENATOR BERMAN:

Thank you, Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen. This is not a shift, I want to make very clear. The bill that you are voting on today, is in keeping with the agreement that was made last year, and the money flows the same way it did last year under this bill. In fact, if this bill went the way Senator Bruce is suggesting, it would be a shift. This is in keeping with the commitment that was made last year. Now, I would say, again, in correction of Senator Bruce, this is not for Senator Berman's school district, the major part, of course,

regards Chicago, but let me point out to you, Gentlemen from... l. and Ladies from suburban Cook County, this hurts your school 2. districts to the extent of two million dollars, and it is 3. a shift away, a No vote is taking two million dollars away 4. from suburban Cook County Districts and sending it downstate 5. contrary to what was agreed upon last year. The bill in the 6. present posture, is in keeping with the agreement that was 7. worked out, that we passed last year on a political decision 8. regarding the corporate personal property tax replacement, 9. where that money came from and where the corporate personal 10. property tax replacement is generated from. It's coming...to 11. a great degree from Cook County taxpayers, Cook County 12. businesses, and this bill before you today, maintains that 13. commitment. I would point out to you further, that with the 14. School Aid Formula that Senator Bruce talked about, Chicago 15. has compromised, compromised substantially, we would have gotten 16. fifty cents of every new dollar, but we have moved back to the 17. traditional thirty-one percent level that we have presently been 18. in. Now, we would be hurting the Cook County School Districts 19. and the Chicago School District if we don't vote for this bill 20. because we have compromised in order to keep faith with past 21. precedent as far as the flow of dollars, both as to School Aid 22. Formula and corporate personal property tax replacement. I urge 23. an Aye.vote. 24. PRESIDENT: 25.

The question is, shall House Bill 497 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question, the Ayes are 29, the Nays are 27, none Voting Present. The sponsor requests that further consideration be postponed. So ordered. If I can have the attention of the membership while it's quiet. I would like to introduce a very...a couple of very special guests. Seated down in the well of the Chamber, the former Mayor of

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

```
Chicago, the Honorable Mike Bilandic and his lovely wife Heather.
 l.
        Mike. It gives me a great deal of pleasure, he came in right
 2.
        at the time of the School Aid Formula as he has for many years,
 3.
        to introduce to you our...our former colleague and former President
 4.
        of the Senate, the Assessor of the County of Cook, the Honorable
 5.
        Tom Hynes.
 6.
        FORMER SENATOR HYNES:
 7.
                  ( Remarks by Senator Hynes )
 8.
        PRESIDENT:
 9.
             499, Senator Nash. 503, Senator Bowers. 508, Senator
10.
        McLendon. On the Order of House Bills 3rd reading, the bottom
11.
        of page 5, Senate... House Bill 508. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary.
12.
        SECRETARY:
13.
             House Bill 508.
14.
                  ( Secretary reads title of bill )
15.
        3rd reading of the bill.
16.
        PRESIDENT:
17.
             Senator McLendon.
18.
        SENATOR MCLENDON:
19.
             Mr. President...Mr. President, and members of the Senate.
20
        This bill amends the Public Aid Code. It provides that the Illinois
21.
        Department of Aid shall include a balanced representation of the
22.
        following individuals on the State-wide advisory committees and
23.
        county welfare service committees: (A) public aid recipients;
24.
        (B) service providers; (C) representatives of community and
25.
        welfare advocacy groups; (D) representatives of local governments
26.
        dealing with Public Aid; and representatives of the general public.
27.
        It stipulates that professional advisory committees do not need...
28.
        contain balanced
                           representation of individuals cited above.
29.
        It grants the court permission to set aside portions of an
30.
        individuals wages and child support...for child support, and
31.
        for support of the spouse. I know of no opposition to the bill,
32.
        and I ask the Senate approve of...of Senate Bill 508.
```

Page 54 - June 23, 1981

1.	PRESIDENT:
2.	Any discussion? Senator Demuzio.
3.	SENATOR DEMUZIO:
4.	Yesthank you, Mr. President. I just have aa question
5.	of the sponsor, ifif he will yield?
6.	PRESIDENT:
7.	Sponsor indicates he will yield. Senator Demuzio.
8.	SENATOR DEMUZIO:
9.	ISenator McLendon, I don't have the bill in front of
10.	me, but I see there is a provision in the staff analysis that
11.	allows for thethe County Welfare Services Committee to be
12.	appointed by the Illinois Department of Public Aid. Is that
13.	the way in which they are currently appointed? It was my
14.	understanding that the members of the local county committee
15.	were appointed by the county board, and if so, this would
16.	be asignificant departure from previous practices.
17.	PRESIDENT:
18.	Senator McLendon.
19.	SENATOR MCLENDON:
20.	I understand that the billthe appointment is in the
21.	same manner as it was before.
22.	
23.	
24.	
25.	
26.	
27.	
28.	(Following typed previously)
29.	
30.	
31.	
32.	

302 (23.8)

Page 55 -June 23, 1981

- 1. PRESIDENT:
- 2. Senator Demuzio. Any further discussion? If not, the
- 3. question is shall House Bill 508 pass. Those in favor will
- 4. vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting is open.
- 5. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have
- 6. all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question the
- 7. Ayes are 52, the Nays are 1, none Voting Present. House Bill
- 8. 508, having received the required constitutional majority
- 9. is declared passed. Senator Bloom. On the Order of House
- 10. Bills, 3rd reading, House Bill 514. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary.
- 11. SECRETARY:
- 12. House Bill 514.
- 13. (Secretary reads title of bill)
- 14. 3rd reading of the bill.
- 15. PRESIDENT:
- Senator Bloom.
- 17. SENATOR BLOOM:
- Thank you, Mr. President and fellow Senators. This bill
- 19 does essentially two things. First it provides that where the
- 20, title to a specific property is held individually by one
- 21. spouse, no interest vests in the other spouse unless and until
- 22. a petition for dissolution is filed. The other thing it does,
- 23. is it changed...changes the standard used for change of
- 24. custody of children from what has proved to be in divorce courts,
- 25. almost...a clear and present danger to the kid. It goes back
- 26. to the best interests of the child. The language was worked
- 27. out with the...judge in charge of...Judge Flack, in charge
- 28. of the Domestic Relations Division of the County of Cook.
- 29. I'll answer any questions, otherwise...there he is:..otherwise
 - 30. seek a favorable roll call.
 - 31. PRESIDENT:
 - 32. Any discussion? Senator Gitz.
 - 33. SENATOR GITZ:

```
Question of the sponsor.
ı.
    PRESIDENT:
2
         Sponsor indicates he'll yield. Senator Gitz.
3.
    SENATOR GITZ:
         Senator, there are two Supreme Court decisions...one
5.
    was in June 4th of 1981, in re the Marriage of Rogers
6.
    and the other was Kowinski versus Kowinski. It's indicated
7.
    in our analysis that this bill is going to create some
8.
    changes in terms of this precedence that have been set in
Q
    case law. Could you kind of elucidate what exactly we're
10.
    doing here and how it would change this.
11.
    PRESIDENT:
12.
         Senator Bloom.
13.
    SENATOR BLOOM:
14.
         All right, briefly. In essence...that...in my remarks
15.
    I referred to the standard use for the change of custody of
16.
    kids. What you have now is, let's say one...one...the non-
17.
    custodial ex-spouse seeks to have custody changed. The standard
18.
    now used is, you have to have some kind of clear or...clear
19.
    and present danger to the kids, okay. The...prior...before
20.
    the '77 Act passed, it was the best interests of the children.
21.
    This bill would take it back to the best interests of the
22.
    kids, because you'll have situations where it might be in
23.
    the best interests in the long run of the child to transfer
24.
    custody, but the way the present act is written, you have
25.
    to have a showing of essentially, a clear and present danger,
26.
    okay. The language that was worked out with the...chief
27.
    judge of the domestic relations court, says you...then to
28.
     find out what is the best interests of the kids, you have
29.
    to establish it by clear and convincing evidence. So that
30.
    you don't encourage people going to court to change custody,
31.
     just saying it's in the best interests and then go fifty-one
```

yards down the field. Now, the other case involves when is

32.

Page 57 - June 23, 1981

ı.	property, marital property, and when isn't it. And in essence
2.	I forget which one it was, but thethe house was in one
3.	spouse's name and it was before the marriage, yet thethe
4.	other spouse, the wife had contributed services, et cetera.
5.	This clears up the language and says, where a marriage breaks
6.	down and a party litigant goes to court when the petition is
7.	filed, then the other spouse has an interest in the property.
8.	PRESIDENT:
9.	Senator Gitz.
10.	
11.	
12.	
13.	*
14.	
15.	
16.	
17.	
18.	·
19.	
20.	
21.	
22.	
23.	
24.	
25.	
26.	
27.	
28.	END OF REEL
29.	
30.	
31.	
32.	

SENATOR GITZ:

ı.

Page 58 - June 23, 1981

```
2.
            My questions primarily relate to the interest in property.
       Now, please explain where I am missing the point. Senator
 3.
4.
       Bloom, it seems to me that the bill, with the amendment,...
       it grants a property right to the non-title holding spouse
5.
       when the suit is filed and then in the next sentence it seems
6.
       to state that the title-holding spouse is free to transfer,
7.
       assign or convey the property himself without joindering the
8.
       signature of the other party. I don't understand how in one
9.
       time...or one sentence we can grant that non-title
10.
       holding spouse certain rights and yet contradict it,
11.
       apparently, in the next sentence. I'm referring specifically
12.
       to...page 2. It says the...however where the title is
13.
       specific property is held individually by one spouse, nothing
14.
       in this subsection shall be construed to give the other spouse
15.
       any title to or any interest in their property until, and this is
16.
       the important part,...until a petition for dissolution or
17.
       declaration of...invalidity has been filed. It goes on to
18.
       say then in line 9, an interest in marital property shall not
19.
       encumber the property so as: to restrict its transfer, assign-
20.
       ment or conveyance by the titleholder unless specifically
21.
       enjoined from so doing. Now, the legal briefs that we have
22.
       suggest that there is indeed some legal problems and confusion
23.
       by that language. And if I'm missing something, I would
24.
       really like to know what I am.
25.
       PRESIDENT:
26.
            Further discussion? Senator Geo-Karis.
27.
       SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
28.
            Would the sponsor yield?
29.
       PRESIDENT:
30.
            Indicates he'll yield, Senator Geo-Karis.
31.
       SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
32.
            This is the bill,...Senator,...that,...if I recall correctly,
33.
```

Page 59 - June 23, 1981

ı. is the one which will allow a modification of a child custody 2. within two years. Isn't that right? 3. PRESIDENT: 4. Senator Bloom. 5. SENATOR BLOOM: Yes, it...it...that and...the issue that...Senator Gitz and I were trying to discuss. 7. PRESIDENT: 8. Senator Geo-Karis. 9. SENATOR GEO-KARIS: 10. Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate, I 11. rise to speak in support of this bill because the other 12. issue addressed in this bill is the issue that was addressed 13. in my bill, Senate Bill...147, that passed both Houses and 14. with...with one amendment in the House, which related to the fact 15. there was a property...transfer between spouses, where 16. it should not be considered taxable transfer. Because at 17. the present time... Kowinski versus Kowinski, the case cited by 18. our colleague on the other side, has held 19. current law did not create any interest in any non-title 20. holding spouse until entry of the judgment. And consequently, 21. if you wanted to give...if a spouse wants to give the house 22. to his wife...without taxable consequence, he can't do it. 23. But if this bill is passed, just like...Senate Bill 147, 24. at least the Internal Revenue of the United States will look 25. at the...the policy of the State and might decide, well, 26. it's not a taxable transfer. So, I speak in favor of the 27. bill. 28. PRESIDENT: 29. Further discussion? Senator Bruce. Further discussion? 30. Senator Gitz. 31. SENATOR GITZ:

Well, Mr. President, not to delay the proceedings, but we

32.

- l. were in the middle of a couple of questions on this bill and
- 2. I specifically asked a question of the sponsor relating to
- . 3. due process in the conveyance of title and I would appreciate
 - 4. an answer to that ... question.
 - 5. PRESIDENT:
 - Senator Bloom. 6.
 - SENATOR BLOOM: 7.
 - 8. I'd be more than happy to answer. Essentially under
 - U.S. v. Davis transfers of ... non-marital property between 9.
- spouses...to satisfy some kind of property settlement during 10.
- a divorce are taxable. The Davis Court said they look to 11.
- State law to ascertain exactly how that worked. Kowinski 12.
- basically said that under our Act that the present...Marriage 13.
- and Dissolution Act did not create any interest in the non-14.
- title holding spouse, Senator Gitz, until judgment is entered. 15.
- This language is put in to avoid an unjust result in terms of 16.
- the Federal Income Tax. In other words, the language that 17.
- concerned you, if you read it, it said that the interest vest 18.
- at the time...at the time the petition is filed and it shall 19.
- vest and exist only during the pendency of the suit. It is 20.
- narrowly drawn to satisfy...to satisfy U.S. versus Davis and 21.
- to try and avoid a taxable transfer. Because where the 22.
- property is transferred, you will have property settlements 23.
- in dissolution matters where a...a spouse...the property is 24.
- divided up and then the spouse has to pay a tax on it and
- that's just basically unjust and that's what this language 26.
- seeks to...alleviate. 27.
- PRESIDENT: 28.

- Any further discussion? If not, the question is, shall 29.
- House Bill 514 pass. Those in favor will vote Aye. Those opposed 30.
- will vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who wish? 31.
- Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the 32.
- record. On that question, the Ayes are 43, the Nays are 7, 33.

All 3rd Reading

32.

33.

Page 61 - June 23, 1981

l. 2 Voting Present. House Bill 514 having received the required 2. constitutional majority is declared passed. 515, Senator 3. Bloom. On the Order of House Bills 3rd reading, the bottom 4. of page 5, House Bill 515. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary. 5. SECRETARY: House Bill 515. 6. 7. (Secretary reads title of bill) 3rd reading of the bill. 8. PRESIDENT: 9. Senator Bloom. 10. SENATOR BLOOM: 11. Thank you, very much. This provides that any person 12. living separate and apart from his or her spouse, without 13. fault, may institute an action for reasonable support and 14. maintenance. You do have situations where the marriage breaks 15. down and the parties separate and after awhile...especially 16. if...the...the woman may want to go to court and...and seek 17. support and maintenance. It also provides that a judgment 18. of legal separation may be converted to a judgment for dis-19. solution on the motion of either party after two years, pro-20. viding the parties are still living separate and apart. It 21. also addresses...residency requirement and...and says that 22. parties seeking redress in our courts...need only have 23. residence rather than domicile. It also...permits a return 24. to the awarding of alimony or maintenance in gross. And it 25. allows the continuance of maintenance...by agreement. Currently 26. the obligation to pay maintenance is terminated on the death 27. of either spouse or remarriage or cohabitation. This bill 28. would allow the parties to otherwise agree. And also currently, 29. unless the parties otherwise agree in writing, the custodian 30. may determine the child's upbringing unless the court finds 31.

endangerment to the kid's physical health or significant

impairment. This bill reduces the standard for court limitation

- and goes to the best interest standard, which was used in the 1. prior act. I'll try and answer any questions, otherwise urge 2. a favorable roll call. PRESIDENT: 4. Any discussion? Senator Geo-Karis. 5. SENATOR GEO-KARIS: 6. Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. This 7. bill was well debated in the Senate Judiciary I Committee 8. and I can tell you that...what Senator Bloom says is absolutely 9. right, we should have the...reinstitution of alimony in gross 10. it's been very difficult not to have it and those of you 11. who practice divorce law would know that. And I might tell 12. you, also, that this bill is a good improvement on the Divorce 13. and Dissolution Act that was passed in 1980. And I rise in 14. support of it. 15. PRESIDENT: 16. Further discussion? Senator Collins. 17. SENATOR COLLINS: 18. Thank you, Mr. President. Question of the sponsor. 19. PRESIDENT: 20. Indicates he'll yield, Senator Collins. 21. SENATOR COLLINS: 22. Senator Bloom, you were kind of mumbling there at first 23. and I didn't quite hear. Did you say that if two people live 24. separately, in separate domiciles for a period of two years, 25. that would be grounds then for a divorce for dissolution of 26. marriage? 27. PRESIDENT:
- No, I did not say that. I said a judgment of legal separation, which is a...a. judicially recognized act. In other words, 32.
- the judge says you can petition right now under our act for 33.

29.

30.

Senator Bloom.

SENATOR BLOOM:

Page 63 - June 23, 1981

```
legal separation. If, after two years, either party may on
 ı.
     motion, go back to court and said, look, we're not getting
 2.
     back together, the marriage has broken down, could we
 3.
     have a judgment of dissolution. Then the judge may award it...
 4 .
    if...he finds grounds.
 5
     PRESIDENT:
 6.
         Senator Collins.
 7.
     SENATOR COLLINS:
 8.
         ...Well, then actually you answered my question and it's...
 9.
     and it's yes. The other point in terms of alimony...are they...
10.
     do you have any conditions there of when the alimony ends?
11.
     PRESIDENT:
12.
         Senator Bloom.
13.
     SENATOR BLOOM:
14
         Yes. I...I misspoke on the...dissolution, I...I have...I
15.
     have the old bill in my file...the separate and a part was taken out.
16.
     The continuance of maintenance may continue by agreement under
17.
     this. Presently, if the other spouse dies, remarries or cohabits
18.
     with another, the party paying maintenance can cease so doing.
19.
     This...this allows them to continue on.
20.
     PRESIDENT:
21.
         Senator Collins.
22.
     SENATOR COLLINS:
23.
         What...what...what if the other spouse, the receiver, gets
24.
     a job making more money than...than the person who's paying...
25.
     what happens then?
26.
     PRESIDENT:
27.
         Senator Bloom.
28.
     SENATOR BLOOM:
29.
         Generally, if the wife goes out and gets a job and gets
30.
     paid more than the husband, the husband can go to court and
31.
     petition to seek the court to reduce his maintenance. But the
32.
```

parties have to go...and the parties do, those of us who practice

Page 64 -June 23, 1981

- 1. this aspect of law. The parties from time to time seek to
- 2. modify based on changed circumstance can go to court and say,
- 3. dear court, circumstances have changed, she's making more
- 4. money than I am and the court weighs the evidence. He might
- 5. find that she...she has the kids and her expenses are more
- 6. and he won't change them or he will.
- 7. PRESIDENT:
- 8. Further discussion? Channel 3 News has requested
- 9. permission to shoot some film. Is leave granted? Leave
- 10. is granted. Senator Sangmeister.
- 11. SENATOR SANGMEISTER:
- 12. Will the sponsor yield?
- 13. PRESIDENT:
- Indicates he'll yield, Senator Sangmeister.
- 15. SENATOR SANGMEISTER:
- 16. Senator Bloom, I don't understand the significance of
- one part of your legislation and that is where the two are
- 18. living separate and apart for two years and then can go back
- 19. to the court and say, you know, things are not getting along,
- you can do that right now, what's all the waving about?
- 21. PRESIDENT:
- WAND-TV Channel 17 also requests permission to film. Is
- 23. leave granted? Leave is granted.
- 24. SENATOR SANGMEISTER:
- Well...well...
- 26. PRESIDENT:
- Yes, Senator...Sangmeister...I wasn't...Senator Bloom.
- 28. SENATOR BLOOM:
- 29. Yes...the limited no-fault provision was taken out. And I
- 30. misspoke, I was...I was looking at the...the bill as it was
- 31. originally introduced. Limited no-fault provision is out, George.
- 32. PRESIDENT:
- Senator Sangmeister.

- 1. SENATOR SANGMEISTER: 2.
- Let's get that straight for the record, then, because it
- 3. did appear that there was a limited no-fault if the people
- could come back after two years and just say, hey, we can't 4 .
- 5. make it, give us our divorce. You say that is not in the
- bill now, is that correct?
- PRESIDENT: 7.
- Senator Bloom. 8.
- 9. SENATOR BLOOM:
- That is correct and I apologize to the Body. 10.
- PRESIDENT: 11.
- Further discussion? Senator Egan. 12.
- SENATOR EGAN: 13.
- Yes, a...a question of the sponsor. 14.
- PRESIDENT: 15.
- Indicates he'll yield, Senator Egan. 16.
- SENATOR EGAN: 17.
- The question is, how has that been removed? The bill has 18.
- not been amended, that was part of the original bill, right? 19.
- PRESIDENT: 20.
- Senator Bloom. . 21.
- SENATOR BLOOM: 22.
- I once again apologize to the Body, Amendment No. 1 in 23.
- the House took it out. Okay. I have it right here if you 24.
- want to look at it, Bob, it's out. And I apologize for using
- a House Bill instead of a bill...a Senate Bill. I said I apologize 26.
- for using the House Bill instead of the House Bill in the Senate 27.
- that...that was in my folder. It's out, Bob...and the amendment
- was offered by Greiman. 29.
- PRESIDENT: 30.

- Further discussion? Senator Demuzio. 31.
- SENATOR DEMUZIO: 32.
- Well, I'd like to hear another explanation of the whole 33.
- bill now, what's in and what's out and who!s over there and 34.

- 1. who 's over here.
- 2. PRESIDENT:
- Further discussion? Senator Collins.
- 4. SENATOR COLLINS:
- 5. I...I'm still confused. And...you know, you keep answering...
- 6. you says yes and then you says no and then you says yes and
- 7. then you said no, and that's three times. So, I want to know,
- g, and that was the good part of the bill, that if two people
- 9. had lived separately, legally separated for a period of two
- 10. years, could they then go in and petition the court and that
- 11. was adequate grounds for dissolution of marriage? Now, answer
- 12. that.
- PRESIDENT:
- 14. Senator Bloom.
- 15. SENATOR BLOOM:
- No. You want to see the amendment?
- 17. PRESIDENT:
- 18. Any further discussion? Senator Bloom may close.
- 19. SENATOR BLOOM:
- 20. All right, Senator Demuzio wanted a recapitulation. This
- 21. bill provides that the party seeking dissolution need only
- 22. have residence, rather than domicile. It permits a return
- 23. to the awarding of maintenance in gross. It allows the contin-
- 24. uation of maintenance by agreement and it...and it conforms to
- 25. 514 which went to the best interest standard...the best interest
- 26. standard in terms of what the custodian may do...the custodial
- 27. spouse may do with the kids. It's important and it will facilitate
- 28. the administration of matrimonial law. And I'd urge its
- 29. adoption.
- 30. PRESIDENT:
- The question is shall House Bill 515 pass. Those in favor
- 32. will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting is open.
- Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted
- 34. who wish? Take the record. On that question the Ayes are 46,

Alband Reading

32.

33.

PRESIDENT:

Page 67 - June 23, 1981

the Nays are 5, 1 Voting Present. House Bill 515, having l. received the required constitutional majority is declared 2. passed. Top of Page 6, on the Order of House Bills 3rd reading, House Bill 520. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary. SECRETARY: 5. House Bill 520. 6. (Secretary reads title of bill) 7. 3rd reading of the bill. 8. PRESIDENT: 9. Senator Dawson. 10. SENATOR DAWSON: 11. Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. House 12. Bill 520 removes the jurisdiction of the Illinois Department 13. of Transportation over barge fleeting areas. Open for any 14. questions. 15. PRESIDENT: 16. Any discussion? Senator Demuzio. 17. SENATOR DEMUZIO: 18. Thank you, Mr...thank you, Mr. President. I have caused to 19. have filed an amendment to this bill and I was under the impression 20. that Senator Dawson had agreed to bring this bill back to the 21. Order of 2nd reading to...to...so I could take a run at that 22. amendment. And the amendment is filed with the Secretary and 23. it was on the call back list this morning. I would like to 24. know from the Chair what...what the posture is now...this...of this 25. bill. 26. PRESIDENT: 27. It was on the call...recall list this morning, I am told, 28. and the sponsor did not wish to call it back. So it is on 29. the Order of 3rd reading. Senator Demuzio. 30. SENATOR DEMUZIO: 31. I'd like to ask the sponsor a question, if I may.

Indicates he'll yield, Senator Demuzio. 1. SENATOR DEMUZIO: 2. Senator Dawson, would you, in fact, bring this bill back 3. in order that I might make a run at the amendment? PRESIDENT: 5. Senator Dawson. 6. SENATOR DAWSON: 7. Senator Demuzio, the amendment that you have here is about 8. twenty to twenty-five pages. It does not really pertain to 9. what this bill was designed to do or try to do with it. It's 10. a barge tax amendment and I do not wish to bring it back. If 11. it was filed before, when it was on 2nd reading, I would have 12. more than gladly gone ahead with it, but it does not pertain...what 13. the bill is trying to do as far as I'm concerned and I do 14. not wish to bring it back. 15. PRESIDENT: 16. Further discussion? Senator Gitz. 17. SENATOR GITZ: 18. Mr. President, I'd like to address some questions to the 19. sponsor. 20. PRESIDENT: 21. Indicates he'll yield, Senator Gitz. 22. SENATOR GITZ: 23. Senator, you and I had several discussions about what this 24. bill is intending to do and not to do. The language in this 25. bill says notwithstanding any provision in this act to the contrary, 26. the Department of Transportation shall have no power to promulgate 27. rules or regulations or to issue or deny permits with respect 28. to barge fleeting areas in rivers, et cetera. My first question 29. is, is it your intention in this bill to alter in any way the 30. present permit process for their authority to grant dredging 31.

permits to create barge fleeting areas?

32.

33.

PRESIDENT:

Senator Dawson. ı. SENATOR DAWSON: 2. House Bill 520 does not remove any of the authority from 3. IDOT from barge dredging and if they refuse a permit for dredging then they would not be allowed to put a barge fleeting area in 5. that area. 6. PRESIDENT: 7. Senator Gitz. 8. SENATOR GITZ: 9. Would you clarify then, the process that will be at hand 10. and how you see it working. 11. PRESIDENT: 12. Senator Dawson. 13. SENATOR DAWSON: 14. What House Bill 520 would do, would remove IDOT granting 15. permission for a barge fleeting area if it's just pertaining 16. to the barge fleeting and no other circumstances involved with 17. it. But they also do have the prerogative that the...when 18. the Army Corps of Engineers, before they do issue a permit, 19. they have open hearings...can be requested and IDOT or anyone 20. else, any concerned party has the right to go before them 21. and state that their position on that...fleeting area. 22. PRESIDENT: 23. Senator Gitz. 24. SENATOR GITZ: 25. In line 7, this relates to, "for the purpose of this 26. paragraph barge fleeting areas means a facility to fixed 27. site." Would you explain to me, since this is not defined 28. in the bill, what constitutes a fixed site? 29. PRESIDENT: 30. Senator Dawson. 31. SENATOR DAWSON: 32.

A fixed site would be an area where the barge would be

- 1. secured in a safe manner...with the...jurisdiction of the Army
- 2. Corps of Engineers and the U. S. Coast Guard designating that
- 3. those barges are secured in a safe navigable manner.
- 4. PRESIDENT:
- 5 Senator Gitz.
- 6. SENATOR GITZ:
- For...for example, it's not at all uncommon for a barge
- 8. to be tied up along a bank for some period of time. Now, if
- q, this was tied up for, let's say a week, would that constitute a
- 10. fixed site?
- 11. PRESIDENT:
- 12. Senator Dawson.
- 13. SENATOR DAWSON:
- If the Army Corps of Engineers would have to designate
- 15. that, anybody can tie a barge anyplace and you cannot call
- 16. it a...that they have the jurisdiction to do that. There are
- certain areas, where, along the waterways where they say you're
- not allowed to tie up barges or any...navigable...vessel for
- 19. any particular reason, but this...is only pertains to an area
- 20. that is designated by the Army Corps of Engineers as a fleeting
- 21. area.

- 22. PRESIDENT:
- Further discussion? Senator Gitz. Can you bring your remarks
- 24. to a close.
- 25. SENATOR GITZ:
- Yes, Mr. President. I only hope that the Body does take
- a close look at the book...this bill. I think that...when I
- talked to the Army Corps of Engineers, they were somewhat nervous
- 29. about a complete abrogation of State responsibility. I have
- reviewed with the sponsor the rules and regulations that are
- sought to be promulgated and were under discussion by water
- Resources. Rules and regulations, incidentally, Ladies and
- Gentlemen, that $1^{\circ}m$ sure will have to come before the Joint 33.

Page 71- June 23, 1981

- 1. Committee on Administrative Rules. I fully understand some
- 2. of the frustrations and problems that the barge fleet owners
- 3. may have, but I think that there is other means that we can
- 4. deal with those problems. I don't want to see a lot of
- 5. new rules and regulations promulgated that probably are going
- 6. to inhibit the free flow of commerce either. But this bill
- 7. does more than simply put some dampers on it, it completely
- 8. eliminates all of the State's participation, including that
- 9. which would protect our shorelines. I merely ask that we
- 10. think very carefully about what we're about to do before
- 11. we proceed.

12. PRESIDENT:

- Further discussion? Senator Vadalabene.
- 14. SENATOR VADALABENE:
- Yes, Senator Dawson, could you...

16. PRESIDENT:

- 17. Indicates he'll yield, Senator Vadalabene.
- 18. SENATOR VADALABENE:
- 19. Okay. Does your bill, in regards to historic sites and
- 20. along the Great River Road in the...in my district, would your
- 21. bill permit the barge fleeting companies to locate along those
- 22. historic and beautiful sites?
- 23. PRESIDENT:
- 24. Senator Dawson.
- 25. SENATOR DAWSON:
- The only way they would be able to tie up along there, is
- 27. if the Army Corps of Engineers would issue them a permit to
- 28. do so. And before they would do that, I'm quite sure that
- 29. your group would take and make application to appear before
- 30. their hearings and state your case on it.
- 31. PRESIDENT:
- 32. Senator Vadalabene.
- 33. SENATOR VADALABENE:

- Yes, I too rise in opposition to this bill. This takes away ı. the authority of the State of Illinois to go into a conference 2. with the Army Corps of Engineers in regard to some of the 3. historic sites along the Mississippi River and the Great River Road. I believe this is a bad precedent, I believe we 5. ought to keep some of the power in the State of Illinois and 6. sending all the power out to Washington is a big mistake. 7. PRESIDENT: 8. Further discussion? Senator Demuzio. 9. SENATOR DEMUZIO: 10. Well, I apologize for rising the second time, however, I 11. was not done the first time. The...I think Senator Vadalabene 12. and Senator Gitz have hit the nail on the head. It seems to 13. me we're going in the opposite direction. We're removing the 14. State of Illinois from the permit process in terms of regulating the 15. barge fleeting areas and resting that totally and solely and 16. only with the Federal Government. I think that is not the 17. way in which the Federal Government, I think today, perceives 18. the role of the states. It appears that they would like to 19. see the states exercise more authority and I am absolutely 20. strongly opposed to this bill. Senator Dawson, your reluctance 21. to bring this bill back to the Order of 2nd reading, the amend-22. ment that I was going to offer was the barge tax, which would 23. have gone a long way to solving some of the Road Fund problems 24. and Motor Fuel Tax Fund problems that Senator Sangmeister had 25. envisioned several months ago. And I would suggest to you 26. that if this...bill should manage to get out of the Senate 27. that we are just going in the opposite direction and that 28. we ought to...be retaining our State's right and not letting 29. those rights be...retained by and exercised by the Federal 30. Government. So, I am totally and strongly opposed to House 31. Bill 520.
- PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)

```
Further discussion? Senator Davidson.
 ı.
    SENATOR DAVIDSON:
 2.
        Mr. President and members of the Senate. I rise in support
 ₹.
    of this bill. One little item which no one's talked about, they
    say that, yes, the Department of Transportation will be denied
 5.
     the idea of permitting for fleeting. Someone talked about
6
     fill, riprap shoreline, I want to tell you, just pick up the
 7.
    bill and read it. Section 18, which is not touched, says
 8.
     the State Department of Transportation, Waterways Division,
 9.
    et cetera, whatever the correct name is, it's unlawful to make
10.
    any fill or deposit rock, earth, sand, other material, bilge
11.
    wash...wears, breakwater, bulkheads, jetty, causeways, harbor
12.
    or mooring facilities. And when I asked the man from DOT in
13.
    committee, what's a mooring facility, he said, well, they
14.
     tie some of the barges up to a tree. And I said, isn't that
15.
    a...mooring facility, he said yes. And then I said, you still
16.
    have control over it, which he reluctantly said yes. The
17.
    other thing they haven't told you about, the Statute has been
18.
     in effect since 1911. It's only been in the last one or
19.
     two years that DOT's began to use the permit for fleeting
20.
     and extra paper work, delay time, prior times...they have
21.
     stamped, approved, whatever you want to call it, whatever
22.
     the Corps of Engineers have recommended. This bill will
23.
    certainly go a long way to help you who talk about cost,
24.
     any delay is going to increase the transportation costs of
25.
     all the coal, the fuel oil and all the impteen other many
26.
     things that come up the river by barge. This is a good bill,
27.
     I urge you to vote Aye.
28.
     PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
29.
         Further discussion? Further discussion? Senator Dawson
30.
     may close.
```

Mr.President, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. I ask

31.

32.

33.

SENATOR DAWSON:

Page 74 - June 23, 1981

for a favorable roll call on this bill because I feel we are ...we are asking to eliminate the duplication of services. I 2. have a letter here in my file here where a person from the ٦. State of Illinois applied to the Illinois Department of 4 Transportation for a permit just to see what they'd state 5. back to them and they sent a copy of the Army Corps of 6. Engineers letter with it and the letter sent back to them 7. from the Illinois Department of Transportation said that 8. they could find out no permit required for the purpose of ۹. this installation of a barge fleeting area. So evidently in 10. 1976, IDOT didn't even know that they had to take and issue 11. a permit on this..issue here. And I ask for a favorable roll 12. call on this piece of legislation. 13. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 14. The question is shall House Bill 520 pass. Those in favor 15. vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have 16. all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. 17. On that question the Ayes are 39, the Nays are 15, 1 Voting 18. Present. House Bill 520, having received the required constitutional 19. majority is declared passed. House Bill 525, Senator Bloom. 20. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please. 21. SECRETARY: 22. House Bill 525. 23. (Secretary reads title of bill) 24. 3rd reading of the bill. 25. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 26. Senator Bloom. 27. SENATOR BLOOM: 28. Well, thank you, very much, Mr. President and fellow Senators. 29. House Bill 525, presently, is identical with Senate Bill 224 which 30. passed out of this Chamber 53 to nothing. Essentially...essentially, 31. it provides for the deregulation of some day care homes and centers 32. serving less than three children and the elimination of unnecessary 33.

licensing categories...

- 1. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) ... Senator Bloom... Senator Bloom, if you'd wait just a moment. 2. May we have some order, please. If we can take our conferences 3. off the Floor, clear the aisles, find our...Pages can find a seat somewhere in the Chamber. Senator Bloom. 5. SENATOR BLOOM: 6. ... And the elimination of unnecessary licensing categories 7. and definitions and it strengthens certain licensure enforcement 8. provisions. You may recall Committee Amendment No. 1, as I said, 9. made the language identical to Senate Bill 224. Senator D'Arco's 10. amendment removed an objectionable...provision and we also defeated 11. ...the church...the church amendment and to those of you who 12. supported the church amendment, the bill that embodied that 13. concept, I understand, has passed out of the House. I know 14. of no objections and I'd urge a favorable roll call and I'll 15. answer any questions. 16. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 17. Is there discussion? Senator Schaffer. 18. SENATOR SCHAFFER: 19. If...if the Senator would yield for two questions. It's my 20. understanding that the intent of the bill, as amended, is to 21. exempt people caring for three or fewer children from any 22. licensing requirements, is that correct? 23. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 24. Senator Bloom. 25. SENATOR BLOOM: 26. We have to get on record, yes. And Senator Schaffer has 27. another question. 28. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 29. Senator Schaffer. 30. SENATOR SCHAFFER: 31.
- 32. It is also my understanding that homes which are exempt from licensing requirements would not lose any benefits to which 33.

ı. they would otherwise be entitled, even if they choose not to 2. apply for licensure? PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 3 Senator Bloom. 4 . SENATOR BLOOM: 5. Yes. 6. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) Further discussion? Senator Rock. 8. SENATOR ROCK: 9. Thank you, Mr. President, I...merely want...wish to rise 10. in support of House Bill 525, as amended. We had some lengthy 11. discussions when the bill was at the amendment stage. Senator 12. D'Arco's amendment cleared up a problem for many of us. I 13. think the bill is in excellent shape and I... I would urge an 14. Aye vote. 15. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 16. Further discussion? Senator Bloom may close. 17. SENATOR BLOOM: 18. Thank you, very much. Roll call, please. 19. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 20. The question is shall House Bill 525 pass. Those in favor 21. vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have 22. all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. 23. On that question the Ayes are 55, the Nays are none, none 24. Voting Present. House Bill 525, having received the required 25. constitutional majority is declared passed. House Bill 534, 26. Senator Geo-Karis. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please. 27. SECRETARY: 28. House Bill 534. 29. (Secretary reads title of bill) 30.

3rd reading of the bill.

Senator Geo-Karis.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)

31.

32.

SENATOR GEO-KARIS: 1. Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the Senate. House 2. Bill 534, as amended in the Senate, requires the court to order 3. the party against whom a proceeding is brought for collection 4. of delinquent child support to pay the custodial parent's costs 5. and attorney's fees. But as amended, it says that the court... 6. if the court finds that the said failure to pay child support 7. was without cause or justification. I...those of us who've 8. had much experience in this field know that a lot of people 9. who don't have the money and yet they don't get their child 10. support...end up as...taking it from the State and what have 11. you with public aid. I think this would be a great improvement 12. in the law and I urge its favorable consideration. 13. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 14. Is there discussion? Is there discussion? Senator Buzbee. 15. SENATOR BUZBEE: 16. Question of the sponsor. Who...who is the...is there an 17. intermediary, who is the collector? Is...is the circuit clerk 18. required to...to do any of this collecting or...how...how 19. is...how is this enforced? 20. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 21. Senator Geo-Karis. 22. SENATOR GEO-KARIS: 23. The circuit court does not do the collecting. The...if...if 24. ...right now, Senator, the circuit courts are, under law, allowed 25. to collect pay...to receive the payments, but they're not the 26. ones who enforce the collections. The...the collection is done 27. by order...by prior law, that...that... 28. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 29. May we have some order please. Senator Buzbee...may we 30. have some order. Senator Geo-Karis. 31.

The present law provides for the circuit court clerk, you know,

SENATOR GEO-KARIS:

32.

Page 78 -June 23, 1981

to receive child support payments. What this does, it says, in

ı.

33.

34.

```
effect, that where they become delinquent, for example, and the
2.
    custodial parent sues to collect the child support and is there-
٦.
    fore obligated to pay attorney's fees and court costs, like filing
4.
    fees and so forth, the court may tax them against the delinquent
5.
    payer only if the failure to pay child support was without
6.
    cause or justification, that's what it means. But technically
7.
    speaking, I suppose you could say the circuit court collects
8.
    the money, but they don't enforce it. It's just a matter of
9.
    collection, which is already set forth under Statute, you know,
10.
    part of the Statute in this State. All this does is say that
11.
    the court, if he finds, for example, supposing someone is
12.
    delinquent in paying child support just because he's darn careless.
13.
    All right, the court finds that he had no good excuse for
14.
    failing to pay child support and the...petitioner...have to
15.
    get an attorney to file a petition, instead of that petitioner,
16.
    whose limited income is paying all the costs and attorney's fees,
17.
    the court can justify them against the delinquent payer who
18.
    did it...without good reason.
19.
    PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
20.
         Senator Buzbee.
21.
    SENATOR BUZBEE:
22.
         Mr. President, I think the Senator has answered my question,
23.
    but I wasn't able to hear her. I / would request either that
24.
    you get some more order or that the ... electrician turn up her
25.
    microphone just a little bit. I'm really, truly, having difficulty
26.
    hearing her, but...let...let me ask, who is the enforcer?
27.
    PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
28.
         Senator Geo-Karis.
29.
    SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
30.
         Once the court orders the...paymentof these costs and attorney's
31.
     fees, then it's a form of a judgment against the delinquent payer.
32.
```

And then the attorney who represents the petitioner has to go

forward with it...to...to collect it, that's it.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) Senator Buzbee. 2. SENATOR BUZBEE: 3. My...my concern is that you are not putting any more of 4. a burden on the circuit clerk than they already bear. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 6. Senator Geo-Karis. 7. SENATOR GEO-KARIS: 8. Senator, honestly, there isn't any additional burden, it's ġ. up to the petitioner and their attorney to go forward and 10. collect the money, once it's awarded against the delinquent 11. payer. 12. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 13. Further discussion? Further discussion? The question is 14. shall House Bill 534 pass. Those in favor vote Aye. Those 15. opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who 16. wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? 17. Take the record. On that question the Ayes are 51, the Nays 18. are 3, none Voting Present. House Bill 534, having received 19. the required constitutional majority is declared passed. 20. House Bill 541, Senator Lemke. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, 21. please. 22. SECRETARY: 23. House Bill 541. 24. (Secretary reads title of bill) 25. 3rd reading of the bill. 26. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 27. Senator Lemke. 28. SENATOR LEMKE: 29. What this bill does is removes the archaic method of one 30. trustee conveying to a...a straw middle man and then conveying 31. to a trustee, this allows one trustee to convey to another 32.

trustee. It's just a clean up measure and I think it's a good bill,

SECRETARY:

33.

Page 80 -June 23, 1981

```
and it'll save a lot of recording of unnecessary documents.
 1.
     I ask for it's adoption.
 2.
     PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
 3.
         Is there discussion? Is there discussion? The question
 4.
     is shall House Bill 541 pass. Those in favor vote Aye. Those
     opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who
 6.
     wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that
 7.
     question the Ayes are 55, the Nays are none, none Voting Present.
 8.
     House Bill 541, having received the required constitutional
 9.
     majority is declared passed. House Bill 542, Senator Lemke.
10.
     Senator Lemke. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.
11.
     SECRETARY:
12.
         House Bill 542.
13.
              (Secretary reads title of bill)
14.
     3rd reading of the bill.
15.
     PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
16.
         Senator Lemke.
17.
     SENATOR LEMKE:
18.
         All this...does, is any person that's confined to a city,
19.
     county or State jail or institution may be required to reinstitute
20.
     such...reimburse such a...a facility...can...may...require
21.
     reimbursement for the cost of their stay. I think it's a good
22.
     bill, and I ask for it's adoption.
23.
     PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
24.
         Is there discussion? Is there discussion? The question
25.
     is shall House Bill 542 pass. Those in favor vote Aye. Those
26.
     opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who
27.
     wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that
28.
     question the Ayes are 53, the Nays are none, none Voting Present.
29.
     House Bill 542, having received the required constitutional
30.
     majority is declared passed. House Bill 572, Senator DeAngelis.
31.
     Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.
32.
```

AND Remained

SECRETARY:

House Bill 576.

32.

33.

Page 81-June 23, 1981

House Bill 572. ı. (Secretary reads title of bill) 2. 3rd reading of the bill. 3. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) Senator DeAngelis. 5. SENATOR DEANGELIS: 6. Thank you, Mr. President, members of the Senate. House 7. Bill 572 allows the juvenile court... 8. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 9. May we...excuse me Senator DeAngelis, may we have some order, 10. please. If we would take our conferences off the Floor. Senator 11. DeAngelis. 12. SENATOR DeANGELIS: 13. Thank you, Mr. President. House Bill 572 clears up what 14. happens to be some disagreement among the juvenile court 15. judges regarding dispositional orders. What it does, it 16. allows the dispositional orders that currently exist to 17. be taken in conjunction with other orders in there, rather 18. than taken separately. In addition, there was an amendment 19. put on at the request of the State's Attorney of Cook County 20. to clarify the definition of parent for the purposes of 21. publication and notification. 22. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 23. Is there discussion? Is there discussion? The question 24. is shall House Bill 572 pass. Those in favor vote Aye. Those 25. opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all voted who 26. wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that 27. question the Ayes are 54, the Nays are none, none Voting 28. Present. House Bill 572, having received the required 29. constitutional majority is declared passed. 576, Senator 30. Lemke. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please. 31:

302 Kingsing

33.

34.

funds.

Page 82 - June 23, 1981

ı. (Secretary reads title of bill) 2. 3rd reading of the bill. 3. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) Senator Lemke. SENATOR LEMKE: 5. What this does, is changes the offense of harrassment of 6. jurors from a Class A misdemeanor to a Class III felony. I 7. ask for its adoption. Ω. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) ۹. Is there discussion? Is there discussion? The question 10. is shall House Bill 5...House Bill 576 pass. Those in favor 11. vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have 12. all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record. 13. On that question the Ayes are 53, the Nays are none, none 14. Voting Present. House Bill 576, having received the required 15. constitutional majority is declared passed. House Bill 580, 16. Senator Maitland. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please. 17. SECRETARY: 18. House Bill 580. 19. (Secretary reads title of bill) 20. 3rd reading of the bill. 21. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 22. Senator Maitland. 23. SENATOR MAITLAND: 24. Thank you, Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen of the 25. Senate. House Bill 580 very closely resembles Senate Bill 26. 220, which passed out of this Body some weeks ago. It 27. does provide that nurses' aides and orderlies and nurse 28. technicians may proficiency out of the required training 29. session that they are required to have. A...an additional 30. facet of...of this legislation does allow for the...resident's 31. guardian, representative or immediate family may also be 32. involved in the procedures to perfect...protect the residents

- 1. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 2. Is there discussion? Senator Marovitz.
- 3. SENATOR MAROVITZ:
- 4. The sponsor yield?
- 5. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 6. Indicates he will, Senator Marovitz.
- 7. SENATOR MAROVITZ:
- 8. Senator Maitland, does this bill have the same amendment
- q. on it that we put on, on the Senate Bill in an agreed amendment
- 10. before it left committee?
- 11. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 12. Senator Maitland.
- 13. SENATOR MATTLAND:
- Yes, Sir, Senator Marovitz, it's identical.
- 15. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 16. Senator Marovitz. Further discussion? Further discussion?
- 17. The question is shall House Bill 580 pass. Those in favor
- 18. Vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open.
- 19. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take
- the record. On that question the Ayes are 49, the...51, the
- 21. Ayes are 51, the Nays are 3, 1 Voting Present. House Bill
- 580, having received the required constitutional majority
- 23. is declared passed. House Bill 581, Senator Vadalabene.
- 24. Read the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.
- 25. SECRETARY:
- 26. House Bill 581.
- 27. (Secretary reads title of bill)
- 28. 3rd reading of the bill.
- 29. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 30. Senator Vadalabene.
- 31. SENATOR VADALABENE:
- Yes, thank you, Mr. President and members of the Senate.
- 33. House Bill 581 is a clarification in...Liquor Control Act.

Page 84 - June 23, 1981

- 1. It removes the requirement that applicants for liquor licenses
- 2. disclose whether persons indirectly interested in their
- 3. business are public officials. And what we are determining
- 4. by this legislation is, for instance, if you have a son working
- 5. in a supermarket that dispenses liquor, he cannot run for
- 6. public office. So what we are removing is the word, "indirectly"
- 7. from the Act so that people who are not licensees can seek
- g public office. The Liquor Control Commission has taken a
- a look at this bill and has no problems with this clarifying
- 10. language and I ask for a favorable vote.
- 11. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 12. Is there discussion? Senator Mahar.
- 13. SENATOR MAHAR:
- 14. Thank you, Mr. President, members of the Senate. Will
- 15. the sponsor yield for a question or two?
- 16. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 17. Indicates he will yield. Senator Mahar.
- 18. SENATOR MAHAR:
- Yes, Senator Vadalabene, how does this work with a
- 20. village trustee, an alderman or a mayor? What...how does
- 21. it affect them?
- 22. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 23. Senator Vadalabene.
- 24. SENATOR VADALABENE:
- Well, a village trustee or a...a mayor...in his case, for
- 26. instance, if he works for a supermarket and they dispense
- 27. liquor, he's indirectly involved and he's not the licensee,
- 28. he could seek office.
- 29. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 30. Senator Mahar.
- 31. SENATOR MAHAR:
- If I were a mayor and I was also a bartender in a local
- tavern, could I continue to hold my job as a bartender in

- 1. that tavern? And I were a mayor or an alderman?
- 2. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- Senator Vadalabene.
- 4. SENATOR VADALABENE:
- 5. If you were a mayor or an alderman, I don't think you
- 6. would want to be a bartender.
- 7. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- Senator Mahar.
- SENATOR MAHAR:
- You...you might be surprised. My...I might like to speak
- to the bill, Mr. President. I'm...I don't have a copy in
- front of me and...and the analysis, but it seems to me
- unless the bill specifically delineates what a local official 13.
- can do and particularly a mayor or a village president, there
- would be a serious conflict of interest. And since, as we
- all know, the village president, the county board president,
- has very definite powers in the area of...of liquor, or liquor
- licenses, and has real strong control over the operation.
- It seems to me it would be a very difficult position to 19.
- have the mayor of the community have some direct interest 20.
- in a local liquor establishment which he or she may license,
- and cause some real problems. So, I think we ought to take 22.
- a very careful look at this legislation unless it has some 23.
- delineating language which would clearly define the position 24.
- of the mayor, it probably ought to be held for some further 25.
- amendment.
- PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- Further discussion? Further discussion? Senator Vadalabene 28.
- may close.

- SENATOR VADALABENE:
- Yes, I...I believe that the Statute would protect the...the
- licensee in that regard where a mayor would have direct interest 32.
- in that and so he would be ineligible to...to...to be a bartender. 33.

AB 34 perhirt

Page 86 -June 23, 1981

- However, we're talking about the many people..for instance,
 a truck driver, who hauls beer or a truck driver who hauls..
- 3. who hauls liquor. He is indirectly involved and consequently
- 4. he cannot seek public office. This is where we're attempting
- 5. to clear up the clarifying language and the Illinois Liquor
- 6. Control Commission is in support of this bill. And I would
- 7. ask for a favorable vote.
- 8. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 9. The question is shall House Bill 581 pass. Those in
- 10. favor vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is
- 11. open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish?
- 12. Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question
- 13. the Ayes are 38, the Nays are 10, 4 Voting Present. House
- 14. Bill 581, having received the required constitutional majority
- 15. is declared passed. House Bill 598, Senator Vadalabene. Read
- 16. the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.
- 17. ACTING SECRETARY: (MR. FERNANDES)
- 18. House Bill 598.
- 19. (Secretary reads title of bill)
- 20. 3rd reading of the bill.
- 21. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 22. Senator Vadalabene.
- 23. SENATOR VADALABENE:
- Yes, thank you, Mr. President and members of the Senate.
- 25. House Bill 598, as amended, amends the Downstate Teacher's
- 26. Retirement Article of...of the Pension Code. What the bill
- 27. does, is the provision that any portion of an annual salary
- 28. exceeding twenty percent of the previous annual salary is
- 29. excluded from computation of retirement benefits. The
- 30. employee has doubled the...the...his...contribution, increased
- 31. it from three percent to six percent. The Pension Laws
- 32. Commission reports that this proposal would impose no cost
- 33. impact on the system and is in favor of the passage of this
- 34. bill. And I ask for a favorable vote.

- 1. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 2. Is there discussion? Senator Egan.
- 3. SENATOR EGAN:
- 4. Yes, just to rise in support of the bill. After...Mr.
- 5. President and members of the Senate. The original bill has
- 6. been completely changed and the bill that is now before
- 7. the Body is completely acceptable and I urge your approval.
- g PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 9. Senator Berning.
- 10. SENATOR BERNING:
- 11. Thank you, Mr. President. I also rise in support of
- 12. the bill and...and commend Senator Vadalabene for the
- 13. amendments which he offered which conformed to the requests
- 14. of the Committee on Insurance and Pensions and does make
- 15. this a defensible bill.
- 16. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- Further discussion? Senator Johns.
- 18. SENATOR JOHNS:
- Just like to be shown as a hyphenated cosponsor, that's
- 20. how much I think of it. I'd like leave.
- 21. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- Is there leave? Is there leave? Leave is granted. The
- question is shall House Bill 598 pass. Those in favor
- vote Aye. Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open.
- 25. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take
- 26. the record. On that question the Ayes are 56, the Nays
- 27. are none, none Voting Present. House Bill 598 having
- 28. received the required constitutional majority is declared
- 29. passed. For what purpose does Senator Bloom arise?
- 30. SENATOR BLOOM:
- 31. Point of personal privilege.
- PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 33. State your point, Senator.

1. SENATOR BLOOM:

- Yes, seated in the President's gallery is the widow
- 3. of one of my predecessors, Mrs. Clyde Trager, and with her are...
- 4. she is also our County Chairwoman...and...and with her are...are
- 5. two good workers, Jean Kesteck and Priscilla. And I wonder if
- 6. all three of them would stand and be recognized by the Senate.
- 7. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 8. Would our quests in the galleries please rise and be
- 9. recognized by the Senate. For what purpose does Senator
- 10. Weaver arise? House Bill 600, read the bill, Mr. Secretary,
- 11. please.
- 12. SECRETARY:
- 13. House Bill 600.
- 14. (Secretary reads title of bill)
- 15. 3rd reading of the bill.
- 16. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- 17. Senator Weaver.
- 18. SENATOR WEAVER:
- Thank you, Mr. President, I was just trying to be ready
- 20. when you got ready. House Bill 600 expands the powers of
- 21. the counties and allows them to purchase prairie land for
- 22. preservation. It allows park police to enforce the general
- 23. laws of the State and it also allows the counties to expend
- 24. county funds to prevent the institutionalization of the
- 25. elderly. We have given this power to townships a year or
- 26. so ago in the counties now, we'd like to have that same
- 27. power. If there are any questions, I'd try to answer it,
- 28. otherwise I'd appreciate a favorable roll call.
- 29. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
- Further discussion? Further...discussion? The question
- 31. is shall House Bill 600 pass. Senator Simms, did you have...
- 32. Senator Simms.
- 33. SENATOR SIMMS:

ı. Senator Weaver yield? Senator, you mentioned police 2. powers, is this only pertaining to the counties or are we dealing also with park districts? 3. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 4. Senator Weaver. 5. SENATOR WEAVER: 6. Park police. 7. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 8. Senator Simms. 9. SENATOR SIMMS: 10. Park...park district police? Is...this in contrast to 11. the legislation that we passed a couple years ago, Senator, 12. that limited the power of the park district police only 13. to the property...only to park district property, or is 14. this going to now reverse itself, and encompass the entire 15. park district? A couple of years ago, we had a problem 16. that this Legislature changed whereby the...park district 17. police had powers throughout the entire park district 18. and in some cases in some areas throughout the State they 19. were going beyond what was reasonably expected and abused 20 those police powers outside of park district property. 21. Are we...are we now reversing that decision of the earlier 22. Legislature by limiting their power strictly to the park 23. district property itself? 24. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 25. Senator Weaver. 26. SENATOR WEAVER: 27. I really...that was an amendment put on this bill in the 28. House and I really can't answer you, Senator...Senator Simms. 29. I'm trying to look at the bill to see... I think probably... 30. on Amendment No. 1 adopted in the House, it says, of the State, 31. so I imagine that would include enforcement of all State 32. laws within their jurisdiction.

1. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 2. Senator Simms. SENATOR SIMMS: 4. Well...two years ago when the legislation was passed, we 5. limited the power to their police power to...to the park district property unless they were summoned or directed 6. by the sheriff or another appropriate law enforcement 7. agency. The problem was, these park district police 8. were setting up their own radar units, issuing tickets 9. on...State roads, county roads, that were...did not run 10. through their individual park district and it became 11. a source of revenue for the park district. Consequently, 12. it was being abused, greatly abused, and the Legislature... 13. I was...legislation that I handled in the House and...I 14. believe Senator Martin did in the Senate. 15. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 16. Senator Weaver. 17. SENATOR WEAVER: 18. I think on Page 4 on line...17, "such police protection 19. shall be conservators of the peace within such park or 20. recreational areas and shall have such...have powers to 21. make arrest on view of the offense or upon warrant for 22. a violation. So it's... I think it's still confined to 23. the recreational area or park, but enforce the State laws 24. within those areas. 25. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 26. Senator Simms. 27. SENATOR SIMMS: 28. Well, it...it's the legislative...it's the legislative 29. intent that their powers are going to be...are going to be 30. confined to the park district property. Am I correct 31.

Senator Weaver?

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)

32.

Page 91 - June 23, 1981

l.	Senator Weaver.
2.	SENATOR WEAVER:
3.	On line 18 it says, "within such park or recreational
4.	area."
5.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
6.	Further discussion? Further discussion? The question
7.	is shall House Bill 600 pass. Those in favor vote Aye.
8.	Those opposed vote Nay. The voting is open. Have all
9.	voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Take the record.
10.	On that question the Ayes are 55, the Nays are none, none
11.	Voting Present. House Bill 600, having received the required
12.	constitutional majority is declared passed House Bill 636,
13.	Senator Gitz. 607 was recalled today, Senator. Senator Demuzio.
14.	SENATOR DEMUZIO:
15.	5House Bill 520, Mr. President was also on the call
16.	back Calendar this morning and we proceeded with it. But I'd
17.	like a ruling from the Chair as to whatwhat the ruling is.
18.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
19.	It has been the ruling of the Chair that bills recalled
20.	and amended, cannot be called on that same legislative day.
21.	House Bill 520 was not, in fact, recalled. There was a request
22.	for a recall, but it was not recalled nor was it amended. We
23.	have also, if the bill is not amended, we go ahead and consider
24.	it if it's sponsored. But this bill was, in fact, recalled and was
25.	in fact, amended, it meets both tests. 636, Senator Gitz. Read
26.	the bill, Mr. Secretary, please.
27.	
28.	
29.	
30.	END OF REEL

Apply Si

32.

33.

Page 92 - June 23, 1981

ı. SECRETARY: 2. House Bill 636. 3. (Secretary reads title of bill) 4. 3rd reading of the bill. 5. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) Senator Gitz. 6. SENATOR GITZ: 7. Thank you, Mr. President and members of the Senate. 8. legislation is not unfamiliar to us. This legislation would 9. require a...or allow...rather...teachers who are not covered 10. by a collective bargaining agreement to elect to be paid over 11. either a ten or twelve month period annually. I would re-12. iterate once again that teachers are the only ones in this 13. State that can labor over a nine month period, but a school 14. board can say, I'm sorry you're going to be delayed in your 15. payment. I think that this is simply a matter of fairness. 16. Now, some of my colleagues are going to say this is a matter 17. of local control. I would remind you that under the regular 18. Labor Laws of this State no one who works for a construction 19. company or for a private business could be treated in the same 20. way. I would also remind you that it is not at all unusual for 21. school teachers to start at a salary which will be of ten 22. thousand dollars and some cases less. We wonder why there are 23. people that are hard pressed to find someone to teach industrial 24. arts. It's this kind of regressive situation that predominates 25. in certain school districts that I, frankly, think should be 26. addressed. I offer this bill to you simply because I think 27. it is only fair that when people are not subject to unemploy-28. ment compensation, that they are not going to be...able to 29. make that decision that they ought to be given the latitude 30. to be paid for when they have worked. It is a very simple 31.

bill. It is a matter of simple justice.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)

Page 93 - June 23, 1981

1.	Is there discussion? Is there discussion? Senator
2.	Maitland.
3.	SENATOR MAITLAND:
4.	Thank you, Mr. President. As I've done in the past, I
5.	rise once again in opposition to House Bill 636. I guess for
6.	a number of reasons, but most importantly it can possibly
7.	cause a very serious cash flowproblem within somesome
8.	school districts if they would elect to do this. Secondly,
9.	obviously, boards of education now have the right and some
10.	do agree to do this. So, the local control facet isismtaking
11.	place and is working. I would also remind the Body that
12.	relative to the cash flow problem, it is possible that in
13.	some school districts, should this kind of legislation pass,
14.	we could, at one point, be making fourteen month payment
15.	within awithin one fiscal period, which increases the
16.	cash flow problem. I believe this is a matter that's taken
17.	care of by local school boards and for that reason I think \ensuremath{House}
18.	Bill 636 should be once again defeated.
19.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
20.	Further discussion? Senator Weaver.
21.	SENATOR WEAVER:
22.	A question of the sponsor, Mr. President.
23.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
24.	Indicates he will yield. Senator Weaver.
25.	SENATOR WEAVER:
26.	It's come to my attention, Senator Gitz, that some teachers
27.	on ten month contracts file for unemployment insurance for the
28.	other two months. Is that possible under thisunder the laws?
29.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
30.	Senator Gitz.
31.	SENATOR GITZ:
32.	Senator Weaver, everyperson in legal counsel that I've
J4.	consulted said that is not legal at this day.

```
l.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
            Senator Weaver.
2.
       SENATOR WEAVER:
3.
            Well, I have heard from a pretty good authority that it
4.
       has been done and it continues to be done.
                                                    That those on ten
5.
       month contracts get unemployment insurance for the other two
6.
       months.
7.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
8.
            Senator Gitz.
9.
       SENATOR GITZ:
10.
            Well, that is without any precedence that I'm aware of,
11.
       Senator Weaver, and when I talked to the Department of Labor
12.
       they said, no, that...that was not...within order. Now, it
13.
       may be that in some particular instance...that people are not
14.
       following those guidelines. And I would further add...gra-
15.
       tuitously, Senator Weaver, that I, frankly, don't think
16.
       that whether a person is paid on a ten month basis, they
17.
       should be eligible for unemployment compensation. And should
18.
       there be any confusion with that in the future, I would
19.
       be happy to help you address that situation.
20.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
21.
            Further discussion? Senator Geo-Karis.
22.
       SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
23.
            Would the sponsor yield for a question?
24.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
25.
            Indicates he will yield. Senator Geo-Karis.
26.
       SENATOR GEO-KARIS:
27.
            Senator, are you saying that your intention in this bill
28.
       is not to provide for unemployment compensation benefits for
29.
       two months, if we are...if we were to vote for a...a ten month
30.
       payment a...an option of...collecting their pay at ten months
31.
       or twelve months?
32.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
```

ı. Senator Gitz. SENATOR GITZ: 2. Yes, Senator Geo-Karis. Although this is not directly 3. in the bill, it is my understanding that is addressed in the law, but just for the record, to establish it in the record 5. as legislative intent, clearly that is not our intention. 6. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 7. Senator Geo-Karis. 8. SENATOR GEO-KARIS: 9. And this bill, I don't believe has any amendments, Senate amendments, 10. ...is that correct...I mean, it's still in the original form? 11. It just provides payments for ten months or twelve months, 12. the alternative. Well, in that event, Mr. President and Ladies 13. and Gentlemen of the Senate, and predicated on the expressed 14. statement of the...Senate sponsor to this bill that the...there's 15. no intention...to collect two months unemployment if the teacher 16. has that option, I also think that can be covered in the con-17. tracts of the school where the intention is set forth. I'll 18. speak in favor of the bill. 19. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE) 20. Further discussion? Senator Nimrod. 21. SENATOR NIMROD: 22. Thank you, Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the 23. Senate. I think this idea of the unemployment compensation 24. for teachers under various contractual arrangements had been 25. discussed in previous years and we did have a very serious 26. problem with this. And evidently what this bill will do will 27. introduce...this problem again. Because as long as you're 28. under a twelve month contract, and, in fact, if you pay...if 29. you receive that over a ten month period,...you're ineligible 30. for unemployment compensation. But if, in fact, you do take 31. a ten month contract...or a nine month contract, then you

do become eligible for unemployment compensation. So, this

32.

Page 96 - June 23, 1981

ı. bill is going to make them eligible and it's going to cause an 2. additional burden...to those school districts, well, I think this is the wrong approach. This problem has been settled 3. before. It seems to me that this problem ought to be handled locally...on the distribution of the money and, in fact,...I...I'm 5. ...I'm not sure what we're doing about introducing other problems 6. beside unemployment compensation, but...it seems that I would 7. urge the defeat of this bill. 8. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 9. Just for a momentary break, we would like to introduce 10. our Secretary of State, Mike Howlett and one of our great... 11. one of our great leaders...and great Senators, Marshall 12. Korshak. Senator Marovitz. 13. SENATOR MAROVITZ: 14. Well, I think ... you can't introduce two members of the 15. Three Musketeers and leave out the third member. One of 16. our great citizens of the State of Illinois, the City of 17. Chicago, great attorney, Jimmy O'Keefe...Jimmy O'Keefe. 18. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 19. Senator Buzbee. 20. SENATOR BUZBEE: 21. Thank you, Mr. President. To...to speak on the subject. 22. In the first place...we are having that...that Statute that 23. has been referred to researched. I'm of the opinion that this 24. will not, in any way, allow a teacher to draw unemployment 25. compensation. I think that...that subject was addressed by 26. the Federal Government...about two or three years ago when all 27. this controversy and hassle started across this country. 28. The teachers were drawing unemployment comp. on the summer-29. time and I don't think that is going to be allowed at all, 30. but we are researching that part. But it seems beyond my 31. belief that somebody would say, you work for nine months, 32.

but we're...we're going to pay you over a period of twelve

```
1.
       months as a requirement of the law of the State. Now, if the
2.
       person that works for nine months prefers to be paid for
3.
       twelve months, then fine, sobeit. But if they want to be
       paid in ten months, as opposed to twelve months, they
4 .
       ought to have that privilege. It is their money and what's
5.
       happening is the school districts keep their money and draw
6.
       interest on it and that's a good deal for the school districts,
7.
       but it's just not fair. If the person says, I want to go in
Ω.
       the summertime and work on construction or work in some part-
9.
       time job and earn extra income, but I want to be paid for my
10.
       nine months of work... I want to be paid in a ten month period,
11.
       then we ought to allow them to do that by Statute. Certainly
12.
       it's...it's a good deal for the school districts. They get
13.
       to keep...if you are a school teacher, they get to keep your
14.
       money in interest bearing accounts and dribble it out to you
15.
       over a period of twelve months. Now, the school...most of
16.
       the school teachers that I'm familiar with would prefer to
17.
       have their money paid over twelve months because they're working
18.
       wives or they are...they are working single women or
19.
       are working men who have families that are afraid that they
20.
       might not be able to get another job in the summertime, so
21.
       they request to be paid over twelve months. But if they
22.
       want to be paid over ten months for nine months work, it's
23.
       their money. It's not the school district's money. They
24.
       signed a contract for X number of dollars for nine months
25.
       of work. They ought to be allowed to receive their pay in
26.
       the time frame in which they're doing the work. And to say
27.
       that arbitrarily willy-nilly we're going to say to you, you
28.
       cannot be paid any faster than over a twelve month period
29.
       is simply using their money to make the school district
30.
       interest. That's not fair, there is no other job in the world
31.
       that...that requires that and we should not require it of school
32.
       teachers. When you start looking at school teachers' salaries
```

```
l.
       as a second income, it's not a bad salary that most of them
 2.
       make after they've gotten twenty years experience and ... and
       a Masters degree and so forth, they finally get up to where
 3.
4.
       it's a fairly decent salary. But if you're trying to support
       a family on that salary by yourself...by itself, especially
5.
       with that education and with that number of years experience,
6.
       they're almost as badly paid as Legislators. I submit to
7.
       you that this is a good bill and we ought to pass it.
 8.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR BRUCE)
 9.
            Further discussion? Senator Savickas.
10.
       SENATOR SAVICKAS:
11.
            Yes, Mr. President and members of the Senate, I'd just
12.
       like to remind this Body that many of these proponents for
13.
       this are the ones that wanted the Legislative members...to
14.
       have their salary divided up in twelve equal payments, that
15.
       they didn't want them to receive it ... as they dictated,
16.
       you know, the one time. So, I just thought I'd enter this
17.
       into the record...and I'm sure that...Senator Gitz probably
18.
       would have voted that the Legislative members could not
19.
       receive their salary the way they wished and now he's a
20.
       great proponent for...this proposal.
21.
       PRESIDING OFFICER:
                           (SENATOR BRUCE)
22.
            Further discussion?
23.
       PRESIDING OFFICER:
                           (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
24.
            Senator Bruce.
25.
       SENATOR BRUCE:
26.
            Thank you, Mr. President. I...every year when we have
27.
       this bill someone always gets up and says, my God, if we pass
28.
       this bill teachers are going to be eligible for unemployment
29.
       comp. and every year I get up and say that's not true. Senator
30.
       Sommer and I fought that bill out three or four, five years
31.
       ago and so today, so that we can once and for all bury that ...
32.
       red herring, I looked up Chapter 48, and I appreciate Senator
33.
```

Page 99 - June 23, 1981

```
l.
       Savickas giving me the chance to just to have...one run
2.
       through. And let me just read it to you so that we don't
3.
       have any questions. Senator Weaver, wherever that unemploy-
4.
       ment...compensation office is, get a hold of the...the office
5.
       manager, give his name to the Director of Department of
       Labor and have him discharged from duty. Because...let me
6.
       just show you how clearly the Statute is and has been since
7.
       1977. In case he misses it, it's in big, black bold type.
8.
       It says,...under Section 6-12, it says, academic personnel
9.
       ineligibility between academic years or terms. Now, if he
10.
       doesn't catch that...if he doesn't see that in the big,
11.
       black bold print, he can go down and read Section 1 that
12.
       says, an individual shall be ineligible for benefits on the
13.
       basis of wages for services...in employment in an instruc-
14.
       tional, research or prinicpal administrative capacity performed
15.
       for an educational institution for any week which begins
16.
       after December 31st, 1977, during a period between two
17.
       successive academic years. That's it. Now, if that means
18
       a teacher can get unemployment, I don't see how he does,
19
       but if they have a problem in your unemployment comp. area,
20.
       have them call me, I'll read this section to them. It says
21.
       they're ineligible. Academic personnel are ineligible for
22.
       benefits between academic years. Don't hide behind that.
23.
       It has nothing to do with anything except keeping money of
24
       people who have worked for it and are not paid for it.
25.
       PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
26.
            Senator DeAngelis.
27.
       SENATOR DEANGELIS:
28.
            A question of the sponsor.
29.
       PRESIDING OFFICER:
                           (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
30.
            Indicates he will yield.
31.
       SENATOR DEANGELIS:
32.
```

Senator Gitz, your bill calls for those school districts

Page 100 - June 23, 1981

1. that are not covered by...collective bargaining agreements. 2. Does the State of Illinois recognize collective bargaining 3. agreements for education? PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 4. 5. Senator Gitz. SENATOR GITZ: 6. Well, clearly,...Senator DeAngelis, all of those school 7. districts that do have collective bargaining agreements, 8. there is no...law or court which has thrown them out. 9. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 10. Senator DeAngelis. 11. SENATOR DEANGELIS: 12. Senator Gitz, that was not my question. What I'm asking 13. you is, does the State of Illinois recognize collective 14. bargaining agreements for education? 15. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 16. Senator Gitz. 17. SENATOR GITZ: 18. Let me respond with a question. When you say recognize, 19. what do you mean by your use of the term, recognize collective 20. bargaining agreements? 21. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 22. Senator DeAngelis. 23. SENATOR GITZ: 24. Do we allow them to exist, yes. Do we hold them in 25. contempt of court, no. 26. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 27. Senator DeAngelis. 28. SENATOR DEANGELIS: 29. Does it recognize them by Statute? 30. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) 31. Senator Gitz. 32.

SENATOR GITZ:

Page 101 - June 23, 1981

1.	Yes.
2.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
3.	Senator DeAngelis.
4.	SENATOR DEANGELIS:
5.	Then I would like to ask what the purpose of Senate Bill
6.	646 was?
7.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
8.	Senator Gitz.
9.	SENATOR GITZ:
10.	Well, I think that, frankly, the question before us is
11.	on House Bill 636. What is the nature of your inquiry? What
12.	are you driving at?
13.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
14.	Senator DeAngelis.
15.	SENATOR DEANGELIS:
16.	Well, what I'm indicating,I do not agree with your
17.	opinion regarding the recognition of collective bargaining
18.	by Statute. So, your bill, essentially, forces every school
19.	district in the State of Illinois to accept this.
20.	PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)
21.	Is there further discussion? If not, Senator Gitz may
22.	close debate.
23.	SENATOR GITZ:
24.	Mr. President, very quickly, I, frankly, am somewhat
25.	surprised and confused at the level of debate in terms of
26.	extraneous issues that have nothing to do with the basic
27.	issue. The question before you is whether teachers should
28.	be treated as second class citizens and differently than any-
29.	one else. Nothing to do with unemployment compensation,
30.	it has nothing to do with the local control issue and these
31.	school districts are inhibiting bad times, not because of
32.	these agreements, but because of a host of factors that are
33.	local origin and their finances in the School Aid Formula.

- ı. I think that the minimum thing that we can do is to allow them 2. the same opportunity that anyone else in any other occupation... be able to do. And I solicit a favorable roll call. 3. 4. PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS) The question is, shall House Bill 636 pass. Those in 5. favor will vote Aye. Those opposed will vote Nay. The voting 6. is open. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? 7. Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On that question, 8. the Ayes are 38, the Nays are 16, 1 Voting Present. House 9. Bill 636 having received the constitutional majority is de-10. clared passed. While we're tabulating the votes,...we'd like 11. to recognize one of our...well, two of our ex-Senators that 12. are walking around the Floor now, Morgan Finley, our... 13. Circuit Court Clerk, and Judge McGloon, another great 14. Senatorial leader. Judge McGloon. Senator Rock. 15. SENATOR ROCK: 16. Thank you, Mr. President and Ladies and Gentlemen of the 17. Senate. As you are all aware, we have been invited by the 18. Illinois State Bar Association, who are in their annual 19. convention here in Springfield,...the two hundred members of 20. the Bar Association Assembly are waiting for us at this moment 21. at the Centennial Building in the Hall of Flags to provide 22. lunch and...I'm sure, some lively discussion. At 1:30 this 23. afternoon we will have the ... on the east steps out in the 24. front, we will have the unveiling of the statue memorializing 25. Richard J. Daley. There's a reception immediately thereafter 26. in the Office of the Secretary of State and I hope all will 27. be in attendance at both events. And on that basis, I would 28. move you, Mr. President, that we stand in recess until the 29. hour of three o'clock, three o'clock this afternoon. 30.
 - You've heard the motion. All in favor. The Senate stands in recess till the hour of three.

PRESIDING OFFICER: (SENATOR SAVICKAS)

31.

32.

33. .

Page 103 - June 23, 1981

1.	RECESS
2.	AFTER RECESS
3.	PRESIDENT:
4.	Alright. Pursuant to the recess, the Senate will come
5.	to order. Senator Donnewald, for what purpose do you arise?
6.	SENATOR DONNEWALD:
7.	Well, yes, Mr. President,I think we're all aware that
8.	there are several receptions in order andmany of the
9.	members are not present. And in order toI don't think
10.	that we can conduct any more businessSenate business
11.	thisthis afternoon and,I, therefore, wouldsuggest
12.	that we start tommorow morning at nine o'clock and with the
13.	House Bill 654, which is on page 7 of this Calendar,
14.	andI would make the motion that we do adjourn to
15.	nine o'clock on June the 24th9:00 a.m.
16.	PRESIDENT:
17.	Alright. Senator Donnewald has moved that the Senate
18.	stand adjourned until Wednesday, June 24th at the hour of
19.	9:00 a.m. All in favor signify by saying Aye. All opposed.
20.	The Ayes have it. The Senate stands adjourned.
21.	
22.	
23.	•
24.	
25.	
26.	
27.	
28.	
29.	
30.	
31.	
32.	