

SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

117TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 2010

10:03 O'CLOCK A.M.

SENATE Daily Journal Index 117th Legislative Day

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The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Senator James F. Clayborne, Belleville, Illinois, presiding.

Prayer by Pastor Richard Sanders, Larkin Avenue Baptist Church, Elgin, Illinois.

Senator Jacobs led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

The Journal of Monday, February 8, 2010, was being read when on motion of Senator Hunter, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Tuesday, February 9, 2010, was being read when on motion of Senator Hunter, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

Senator Hunter moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Thursday, April 29, 2010, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.

The motion prevailed.

REPORTS RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following reports:

Law Enforcement Camera Grant Act Report, submitted by the Village of Beecher Police Department.

Report on the transfer and consolidation of LIHEAP and IHWAP to DCEO pursuant to E.O. 2009-2, submitted by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

The foregoing reports were ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 4973 Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 6349

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 575

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 575

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 575

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend Senate Bill 575 on page 36, by inserting immediately below line 23 the following:

[April 30, 2010]

"Section 185. The Jackson-Union Counties Regional Port District Act is amended by changing Section 16 as follows:

(70 ILCS 1820/16) (from Ch. 19, par. 866)

Sec. 16. <u>Appointment; vacancies</u>. The Governor shall appoint 4 members of the Board, each Mayor of the municipalities of Grand Tower, Jonesboro, Gorham, Murphysboro, Carbondale, Anna, Cobden, Makanda, Ava, Mill Creek, Elkville, Alto Pass, Vergennes, Dowell, DeSoto, Campbell Hill, and Dongola shall appoint one member of the Board, and each County Board of Jackson County and Union County shall appoint one member of the Board. All initial appointments shall be made within 60 days after this Act takes effect. Of the 4 members initially appointed by the Governor 2 shall be appointed for initial terms expiring June 1, 1978, and 2 for an initial term expiring June 1, 1979. The terms of the members initially appointed by the respective Mayors and County Boards shall expire June 1, 1979. At the expiration of the term of any member, his <u>or her</u> successor shall be appointed by the Governor, the respective Mayors, or the respective County Boards in like manner and with like regard to place of residence of the appointee, as in the case of appointments for the initial terms.

After the expiration of initial terms, each successor shall hold office for the term of 3 years beginning the first day of June of the year in which the term of office commences. In the case of a vacancy during the term of office of any member appointed by the Governor, the Governor shall make an appointment for the remainder of the term vacant and until a successor is appointed and qualified. In case of a vacancy during the term of office of any member appointed by a Mayor, the proper Mayor shall make an appointment for the remainder of the term vacant and until a successor is appointed and qualified. In case of a vacancy during the term of office of any member appointed by a County Board, the proper County Board shall make an appointment for the remainder of the term vacant and until a successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor, each Mayor, and each County Board shall certify their respective appointments to the Secretary of State. Within 30 days after certification of his or her appointment, and before entering upon the duties of his or her office, each member of the Board shall take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office and file it in the office of the Secretary of State.

Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the contrary, if there is a vacancy for 3 months or or more in the office of a member appointed by a mayor, then the Board may request that the county board of the county in which the municipality is located appoint a person to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term or until a successor is appointed and qualified. Before requesting that the county board fill the vacancy, the Board must notify the mayor authorized to fill the vacancy by first class mail. The notice must be sent no later than 30 days after the vacancy occurs. Any Board member appointed under this paragraph must be a resident of the county making the appointment to fill the vacancy.

Every person appointed to the Board after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1981 shall be a resident of the unit of local government which makes the appointment. Persons appointed by the Governor shall reside in the district.

(Source: P.A. 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 575**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 941

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 941

House Amendment No. 4 to SENATE BILL NO. 941

House Amendment No. 5 to SENATE BILL NO. 941

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 941

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 941 by replacing everything after the enacting clause

with the following:

"Section 5. The Regional Transportation Authority Act is amended by changing Sections 2.01d, 2.30, 4.03.3, 4.04, and 4.11 as follows:

(70 ILCS 3615/2.01d)

Sec. 2.01d. ADA Paratransit Fund. The Authority shall establish an ADA Paratransit Fund and, each year, deposit into that Fund (i) the amounts estimated by the Authority as necessary to fund the operating deficit of the Suburban Bus Board in the provision of ADA paratransit service, together with a reserve amount described in directed by Section 4.03.3 of this Act and the proceeds of any Working Cash Notes issued to fund that operating deficit, and (ii) any funds received from the State pursuant to appropriations for the purpose of funding ADA paratransit services. The amounts on deposit in the Fund and interest and other earnings on those amounts shall be used by the Authority to fund the operating deficit of make grants to the Suburban Bus Board in the operation of for ADA paratransit services provided pursuant to plans approved by the Authority under Section 2.30 of this Act. Funds received by the Suburban Bus Board from the Authority's ADA Paratransit Fund shall be used only to provide ADA paratransit services to individuals who are determined to be eligible for such services by the Authority under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations. Revenues from and costs of services provided by the Suburban Bus Board with grants made under this Section shall be included in the Annual Budget and Two-Year Financial Program of the Suburban Bus Board and shall be subject to all budgetary and financial requirements under this Act that apply to ADA paratransit services. Beginning in 2008, the Executive Director shall, no later than August 15 of each year, provide to the Board a written determination of the projected annual costs of ADA paratransit services that are required to be provided pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations. The Authority shall conduct triennial financial, compliance, and performance audits of ADA paratransit services to assist in this determination.

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/2.30)

Sec. 2.30. Paratransit services.

- (a) For purposes of this Act, "ADA paratransit services" shall mean those comparable or specialized transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Service Boards to individuals with disabilities who are unable to use fixed route transportation systems and who are determined to be eligible, for some or all of their trips, for such services under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations.
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2005, the Authority is responsible for the funding, from amounts on deposit in the ADA Paratransit Fund established under Section 2.01d of this Act, financial review and oversight of all ADA paratransit services that are provided by the Authority or by any of the Service Boards. The Suburban Bus Board shall operate or provide for the operation of all ADA paratransit services by no later than July 1, 2006, except that this date may be extended to the extent necessary to obtain approval from the Federal Transit Administration of the plan prepared pursuant to subsection (c).
- (c) No later than January 1, 2006, the Authority, in collaboration with the Suburban Bus Board and the Chicago Transit Authority, shall develop a plan for the provision of ADA paratransit services and submit such plan to the Federal Transit Administration for approval. Approval of such plan by the Authority shall require the affirmative votes of 12 of the then Directors. The Suburban Bus Board, the Chicago Transit Authority and the Authority shall comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations in developing and approving such plan including, without limitation, consulting with individuals with disabilities and groups representing them in the community, and providing adequate opportunity for public comment and public hearings. The plan shall include the contents required for a paratransit plan pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations. The plan shall also include, without limitation, provisions to:
 - (1) maintain, at a minimum, the levels of ADA paratransit service that are required to be provided by the Service Boards pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations;
 - (2) transfer the appropriate ADA paratransit services, management, personnel, service contracts and assets from the Chicago Transit Authority to the Authority or the Suburban Bus Board, as necessary, by no later than July 1, 2006, except that this date may be extended to the extent necessary to obtain approval from the Federal Transit Administration of the plan prepared pursuant to this subsection (c);
 - (3) provide for consistent policies throughout the metropolitan region for scheduling of ADA paratransit service trips to and from destinations, with consideration of scheduling of return trips

on a "will-call" open-ended basis upon request of the rider, if practicable, and with consideration of an increased number of trips available by subscription service than are available as of the effective date of this amendatory Act;

(4) provide that service contracts and rates, entered into or set after the approval by the Federal Transit Administration of the plan prepared pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section, with private carriers and taxicabs for ADA paratransit service are procured by means of an open procurement process;

- (5) provide for fares, fare collection and billing procedures for ADA paratransit services throughout the metropolitan region;
- (6) provide for performance standards for all ADA paratransit service transportation carriers, with consideration of door-to-door service;
- (7) provide, in cooperation with the Illinois Department of Transportation, the Illinois Department of Public Aid and other appropriate public agencies and private entities, for the application and receipt of grants, including, without limitation, reimbursement from Medicaid or other programs for ADA paratransit services;
- (8) provide for a system of dispatch of ADA paratransit services transportation carriers throughout the metropolitan region, with consideration of county-based dispatch systems already in place as of the effective date of this amendatory Act;
- (9) provide for a process of determining eligibility for ADA paratransit services that complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations; beginning no later than January 1, 2010, that process shall be operated by the Suburban Bus Division as part of the cost of the ADA paratransit services to be paid from the ADA Paratransit Fund;
 - (10) provide for consideration of innovative methods to provide and fund ADA paratransit services; and
- (11) provide for the creation of one or more ADA advisory boards, or the reconstitution of the existing ADA advisory boards for the Service Boards, to represent the diversity of individuals with disabilities in the metropolitan region and to provide appropriate ongoing input from individuals with disabilities into the operation of ADA paratransit services.
- (d) All revisions and annual updates to the ADA paratransit services plan developed pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section, or certifications of continued compliance in lieu of plan updates, that are required to be provided to the Federal Transit Administration shall be developed by the Authority, in collaboration with the Suburban Bus Board and the Chicago Transit Authority, and the Authority shall submit such revision, update or certification to the Federal Transit Administration for approval. Approval of such revisions, updates or certifications by the Authority shall require the affirmative votes of 12 of the then Directors.
- (e) The Illinois Department of Transportation, the Illinois Department of Public Aid, the Authority, the Suburban Bus Board and the Chicago Transit Authority shall enter into intergovernmental agreements as may be necessary to provide funding and accountability for, and implementation of, the requirements of this Section.
- (f) By no later than April 1, 2007, the Authority shall develop and submit to the General Assembly and the Governor a funding plan for ADA paratransit services. Approval of such plan by the Authority shall require the affirmative votes of 12 of the then Directors. The funding plan shall, at a minimum, contain an analysis of the current costs of providing ADA paratransit services, projections of the long-term costs of providing ADA paratransit services, identification of and recommendations for possible cost efficiencies in providing ADA paratransit services, and identification of and recommendations for possible funding sources for providing ADA paratransit services. The Illinois Department of Transportation, the Illinois Department of Public Aid, the Suburban Bus Board, the Chicago Transit Authority and other State and local public agencies as appropriate shall cooperate with the Authority in the preparation of such funding plan.
- (g) Any funds derived from the federal Medicaid program for reimbursement of the costs of providing ADA paratransit services within the metropolitan region shall be directed to the Authority and shall be used to pay for or reimburse the costs of providing such services.
- (h) Nothing in this amendatory Act shall be construed to conflict with the requirements of
- the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations. (Source: P.A. 94-370, eff. 7-29-05; 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/4.03.3)

Sec. 4.03.3. Distribution of Revenues. This Section applies only after the Department begins administering and enforcing an increased tax under Section 4.03(m) as authorized by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. After providing for payment of its obligations with respect to bonds

and notes issued under the provisions of Section 4.04 and obligations related to those bonds and notes, the Authority shall disburse the remaining proceeds from taxes it has received from the Department of Revenue under this Article IV and the remaining proceeds it has received from the State under Section 4.09(a) as follows:

- (a) With respect to taxes imposed by the Authority under Section 4.03, after withholding 15% of 80% of the receipts from those taxes collected in Cook County at a rate of 1.25%, 15% of 75% of the receipts from those taxes collected in Cook County at the rate of 1%, 15% of one-half of the receipts from those taxes collected in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties, and 15% of money received by the Authority from the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement Fund or from the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund created in Section 4.03(n), the Board shall allocate the proceeds and money remaining to the Service Boards as follows:
 - (1) an amount equal to (i) 85% of 80% of the receipts from those taxes collected within the City of Chicago at a rate of 1.25%, (ii) 85% of 75% of the receipts from those taxes collected in the City of Chicago at the rate of 1%, and (iii) 85% of the money received by the Authority on account of transfers to the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement Fund or to the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund created in Section 4.03(n) from the County and Mass Transit District Fund attributable to retail sales within the City of Chicago shall be allocated to the Chicago Transit Authority;
 - (2) an amount equal to (i) 85% of 80% of the receipts from those taxes collected within Cook County outside of the City of Chicago at a rate of 1.25%, (ii) 85% of 75% of the receipts from those taxes collected within Cook County outside the City of Chicago at a rate of 1%, and (iii) 85% of the money received by the Authority on account of transfers to the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement Fund or to the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund created in Section 4.03(n) from the County and Mass Transit District Fund attributable to retail sales within Cook County outside of the City of Chicago shall be allocated 30% to the Chicago Transit Authority, 55% to the Commuter Rail Board, and 15% to the Suburban Bus Board; and
 - (3) an amount equal to 85% of one-half of the receipts from the taxes collected within the Counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will shall be allocated 70% to the Commuter Rail Board and 30% to the Suburban Bus Board.
- (b) Moneys received by the Authority on account of transfers to the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be allocated among the Authority and the Service Boards as follows: 15% of such moneys shall be retained by the Authority and the remaining 85% shall be transferred to the Service Boards as soon as may be practicable after the Authority receives payment. Moneys which are distributable to the Service Boards pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be allocated among the Service Boards on the basis of each Service Board's distribution ratio. The term "distribution ratio" means, for purposes of this subsection (b), the ratio of the total amount distributed to a Service Board pursuant to subsection (a) of Section 4.03.3 for the immediately preceding calendar year.
- (c)(i) 20% of the receipts from those taxes collected in Cook County under Section 4.03 at the rate of 1.25%, (ii) 25% of the receipts from those taxes collected in Cook County under Section 4.03 at the rate of 1%, (iii) 50% of the receipts from those taxes collected in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties under Section 4.03, and (iv) amounts received from the State under Section 4.09 (a)(2) and items (i), (ii), and (iii) of Section 4.09 (a)(3) shall be allocated as follows: (A) in 2008, \$100,000,000 shall be deposited in the ADA Paratransit Fund described in Section 2.01d, \$20,000,000 shall be deposited in the Suburban Community Mobility Fund described in Section 2.01e, and \$10,000,000 shall be deposited in the Innovation, Coordination and Enhancement Fund described in Section 2.01c, and the balance shall be allocated 48% to the Chicago Transit Authority, 39% to the Commuter Rail Board, and 13% to the Suburban Bus Board; (B) and in 2009 and each year thereafter, the amounts deposited into in the ADA Paratransit Fund in 2009, and amounts deposited into 5 the Suburban Community Mobility Fund and the Innovation, Coordination and Enhancement Fund respectively in 2009 and each year thereafter shall equal the amount deposited in the previous year increased or decreased by the percentage growth or decline in revenues received by the Authority from taxes imposed under Section 4.03 in the previous year; (C) the amount deposited into the ADA Paratransit Fund in 2010 and each year thereafter shall be the sum of the amount estimated by the Board from time to time as the operating deficit for ADA paratransit services for that year under Section 4.11 of this Act, plus 10% of that amount as a reserve, plus any amounts necessary to pay principal of and interest on Working Cash Notes issued to fund cash flow deficits of the Suburban Bus Board in the provision of ADA paratransit service, less the amount estimated by the Board to be the surplus in the ADA Paratransit Fund for the previous year; and

- (D) after making the deposits required in items (A) through (C) above, the balance shall be allocated 48% to the Chicago Transit Authority, 39% to the Commuter Rail Board and 13% to the Suburban Bus Board.
- (d) Amounts received from the State under Section 4.09 (a)(3)(iv) shall be distributed 100% to the Chicago Transit Authority.
- (e) With respect to those taxes collected in DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties and paid directly to the counties under Section 4.03, the County Board of each county shall use those amounts to fund operating and capital costs of public safety and public transportation services or facilities or to fund operating, capital, right-of-way, construction, and maintenance costs of other transportation purposes, including road, bridge, public safety, and transit purposes intended to improve mobility or reduce congestion in the county. The receipt of funding by such counties pursuant to this paragraph shall not be used as the basis for reducing any funds that such counties would otherwise have received from the State of Illinois, any agency or instrumentality thereof, the Authority, or the Service Boards.
- (f) The Authority by ordinance adopted by 12 of its then Directors shall apportion to the Service Boards funds provided by the State of Illinois under Section 4.09(a)(1) as it shall determine and shall make payment of the amounts to each Service Board as soon as may be practicable upon their receipt provided the Authority has adopted a balanced budget as required by Section 4.01 and further provided the Service Board is in compliance with the requirements in Section 4.11.
- (g) Beginning January 1, 2009, before making any payments, transfers, or expenditures under this Section to a Service Board, the Authority must first comply with Section 4.02a or 4.02b of this Act, whichever may be applicable.

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/4.04) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 704.04)

Sec. 4.04. Issuance and Pledge of Bonds and Notes.

(a) The Authority shall have the continuing power to borrow money and to issue its negotiable bonds or notes as provided in this Section. Unless otherwise indicated in this Section, the term "notes" also includes bond anticipation notes, which are notes which by their terms provide for their payment from the proceeds of bonds thereafter to be issued. Bonds or notes of the Authority may be issued for any or all of the following purposes: to pay costs to the Authority or a Service Board of constructing or acquiring any public transportation facilities (including funds and rights relating thereto, as provided in Section 2.05 of this Act); to repay advances to the Authority or a Service Board made for such purposes; to pay other expenses of the Authority or a Service Board incident to or incurred in connection with such construction or acquisition; to provide funds for any transportation agency to pay principal of or interest or redemption premium on any bonds or notes, whether as such amounts become due or by earlier redemption, issued prior to the date of this amendatory Act by such transportation agency to construct or acquire public transportation facilities or to provide funds to purchase such bonds or notes; and to provide funds for any transportation agency to construct or acquire any public transportation facilities, to repay advances made for such purposes, and to pay other expenses incident to or incurred in connection with such construction or acquisition; and to provide funds for payment of obligations, including the funding of reserves, under any self-insurance plan or joint self-insurance pool or entity.

In addition to any other borrowing as may be authorized by this Section, the Authority may issue its notes, from time to time, in anticipation of tax receipts of the Authority or of other revenues or receipts of the Authority, in order to provide money for the Authority or the Service Boards to cover any cash flow deficit which the Authority or a Service Board anticipates incurring, including, but not limited to, cash flow deficits related to the provision of ADA paratransit service by the Suburban Bus Board. Any such notes are referred to in this Section as "Working Cash Notes". No Working Cash Notes shall be issued for a term of longer than 24 months. Proceeds of Working Cash Notes may be used to pay day to day operating expenses of the Authority or the Service Boards, consisting of wages, salaries and fringe benefits, professional and technical services (including legal, audit, engineering and other consulting services), office rental, furniture, fixtures and equipment, insurance premiums, claims for self-insured amounts under insurance policies, public utility obligations for telephone, light, heat and similar items, travel expenses, office supplies, postage, dues, subscriptions, public hearings and information expenses, fuel purchases, and payments of grants and payments under purchase of service agreements for operations of transportation agencies, prior to the receipt by the Authority or a Service Board from time to time of funds for paying such expenses. In addition to any Working Cash Notes that the Board of the Authority may determine to issue, the Suburban Bus Board, the Commuter Rail Board or the Board of the Chicago Transit Authority may demand and direct that the Authority issue its Working Cash Notes in such amounts and having such maturities as the Service Board may determine.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any amounts necessary to pay principal of and interest on any Working Cash Notes issued at the demand and direction of a Service Board or any Working Cash Notes the proceeds of which were used for the direct benefit of a Service Board or any other Bonds or Notes of the Authority the proceeds of which were used for the direct benefit of a Service Board shall constitute a reduction of the amount of any other funds provided by the Authority to that Service Board, except any amounts necessary to pay principal of and interest on Working Cash Notes issued to fund cash flow deficits of the Suburban Bus Board in the provision of ADA paratransit service shall be accounted for as paid from amounts deposited in the ADA Paratransit Fund under Section 4.03.3. The Authority shall, after deducting any costs of issuance, tender the net proceeds of any Working Cash Notes issued at the demand and direction of a Service Board to such Service Board as soon as may be practicable after the proceeds are received. The Authority may also issue notes or bonds to pay, refund or redeem any of its notes and bonds, including to pay redemption premiums or accrued interest on such bonds or notes being renewed, paid or refunded, and other costs in connection therewith. The Authority may also utilize the proceeds of any such bonds or notes to pay the legal, financial, administrative and other expenses of such authorization, issuance, sale or delivery of bonds or notes or to provide or increase a debt service reserve fund with respect to any or all of its bonds or notes. The Authority may also issue and deliver its bonds or notes in exchange for any public transportation facilities, (including funds and rights relating thereto, as provided in Section 2.05 of this Act) or in exchange for outstanding bonds or notes of the Authority, including any accrued interest or redemption premium thereon, without advertising or submitting such notes or bonds for public bidding.

(b) The ordinance providing for the issuance of any such bonds or notes shall fix the date or dates of maturity, the dates on which interest is payable, any sinking fund account or reserve fund account provisions and all other details of such bonds or notes and may provide for such covenants or agreements necessary or desirable with regard to the issue, sale and security of such bonds or notes. The rate or rates of interest on its bonds or notes may be fixed or variable and the Authority shall determine or provide for the determination of the rate or rates of interest of its bonds or notes issued under this Act in an ordinance adopted by the Authority prior to the issuance thereof, none of which rates of interest shall exceed that permitted in the Bond Authorization Act. Interest may be payable at such times as are provided for by the Board. Bonds and notes issued under this Section may be issued as serial or term obligations, shall be of such denomination or denominations and form, including interest coupons to be attached thereto, be executed in such manner, shall be payable at such place or places and bear such date as the Authority shall fix by the ordinance authorizing such bond or note and shall mature at such time or times, within a period not to exceed forty years from the date of issue, and may be redeemable prior to maturity with or without premium, at the option of the Authority, upon such terms and conditions as the Authority shall fix by the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes. No bond anticipation note or any renewal thereof shall mature at any time or times exceeding 5 years from the date of the first issuance of such note. The Authority may provide for the registration of bonds or notes in the name of the owner as to the principal alone or as to both principal and interest, upon such terms and conditions as the Authority may determine. The ordinance authorizing bonds or notes may provide for the exchange of such bonds or notes which are fully registered, as to both principal and interest, with bonds or notes which are registerable as to principal only. All bonds or notes issued under this Section by the Authority other than those issued in exchange for property or for bonds or notes of the Authority shall be sold at a price which may be at a premium or discount but such that the interest cost (excluding any redemption premium) to the Authority of the proceeds of an issue of such bonds or notes, computed to stated maturity according to standard tables of bond values, shall not exceed that permitted in the Bond Authorization Act. The Authority shall notify the Governor's Office of Management and Budget and the State Comptroller at least 30 days before any bond sale and shall file with the Governor's Office of Management and Budget and the State Comptroller a certified copy of any ordinance authorizing the issuance of bonds at or before the issuance of the bonds. After December 31, 1994, any such bonds or notes shall be sold to the highest and best bidder on sealed bids as the Authority shall deem. As such bonds or notes are to be sold the Authority shall advertise for proposals to purchase the bonds or notes which advertisement shall be published at least once in a daily newspaper of general circulation published in the metropolitan region at least 10 days before the time set for the submission of bids. The Authority shall have the right to reject any or all bids. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, Working Cash Notes or bonds or notes to provide funds for self-insurance or a joint self-insurance pool or entity may be sold either upon competitive bidding or by negotiated sale (without any requirement of publication of intention to negotiate the sale of such Notes), as the Board shall determine by ordinance adopted with the affirmative votes of at least 9 Directors. In case any officer whose signature appears on any bonds, notes or coupons authorized pursuant to this Section shall cease

to be such officer before delivery of such bonds or notes, such signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes, the same as if such officer had remained in office until such delivery. Neither the Directors of the Authority nor any person executing any bonds or notes thereof shall be liable personally on any such bonds or notes or coupons by reason of the issuance thereof.

(c) All bonds or notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section shall be general obligations of the Authority to which shall be pledged the full faith and credit of the Authority, as provided in this Section. Such bonds or notes shall be secured as provided in the authorizing ordinance, which may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, include in addition to any other security, a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security interest in any or all tax receipts of the Authority and on any or all other revenues or moneys of the Authority from whatever source, which may by law be utilized for debt service purposes and a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security interest in any funds or accounts established or provided for by the ordinance of the Authority authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes. Any such pledge, assignment, lien or security interest for the benefit of holders of bonds or notes of the Authority shall be valid and binding from the time the bonds or notes are issued without any physical delivery or further act and shall be valid and binding as against and prior to the claims of all other parties having claims of any kind against the Authority or any other person irrespective of whether such other parties have notice of such pledge, assignment, lien or security interest. The obligations of the Authority incurred pursuant to this Section shall be superior to and have priority over any other obligations of the Authority.

The Authority may provide in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes issued pursuant to this Section for the creation of, deposits in, and regulation and disposition of sinking fund or reserve accounts relating to such bonds or notes. The ordinance authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes pursuant to this Section may contain provisions as part of the contract with the holders of the bonds or notes, for the creation of a separate fund to provide for the payment of principal and interest on such bonds or notes and for the deposit in such fund from any or all the tax receipts of the Authority and from any or all such other moneys or revenues of the Authority from whatever source which may by law be utilized for debt service purposes, all as provided in such ordinance, of amounts to meet the debt service requirements on such bonds or notes, including principal and interest, and any sinking fund or reserve fund account requirements as may be provided by such ordinance, and all expenses incident to or in connection with such fund and accounts or the payment of such bonds or notes. Such ordinance may also provide limitations on the issuance of additional bonds or notes of the Authority. No such bonds or notes of the Authority shall constitute a debt of the State of Illinois. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to enable the Authority to impose any advalorem tax on property.

- (d) The ordinance of the Authority authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes may provide additional security for such bonds or notes by providing for appointment of a corporate trustee (which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within the state) with respect to such bonds or notes. The ordinance shall prescribe the rights, duties and powers of the trustee to be exercised for the benefit of the Authority and the protection of the holders of such bonds or notes. The ordinance may provide for the trustee to hold in trust, invest and use amounts in funds and accounts created as provided by the ordinance with respect to the bonds or notes. The ordinance may provide for the assignment and direct payment to the trustee of any or all amounts produced from the sources provided in Section 4.03 and Section 4.09 of this Act and provided in Section 6z-17 of "An Act in relation to State finance", approved June 10, 1919, as amended. Upon receipt of notice of any such assignment, the Department of Revenue and the Comptroller of the State of Illinois shall thereafter, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4.03 and Section 4.09 of this Act and Section 6z-17 of "An Act in relation to State finance", approved June 10, 1919, as amended, provide for such assigned amounts to be paid directly to the trustee instead of the Authority, all in accordance with the terms of the ordinance making the assignment. The ordinance shall provide that amounts so paid to the trustee which are not required to be deposited, held or invested in funds and accounts created by the ordinance with respect to bonds or notes or used for paying bonds or notes to be paid by the trustee to the Authority.
- (e) Any bonds or notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section shall constitute a contract between the Authority and the holders from time to time of such bonds or notes. In issuing any bond or note, the Authority may include in the ordinance authorizing such issue a covenant as part of the contract with the holders of the bonds or notes, that as long as such obligations are outstanding, it shall make such deposits, as provided in paragraph (c) of this Section. It may also so covenant that it shall impose and continue to impose taxes, as provided in Section 4.03 of this Act and in addition thereto as subsequently authorized by law, sufficient to make such deposits and pay the principal and interest and to meet other debt service requirements of such bonds or notes as they become due. A certified copy of the ordinance authorizing the issuance of any such obligations shall be filed at or prior to the issuance of

such obligations with the Comptroller of the State of Illinois and the Illinois Department of Revenue.

- (f) The State of Illinois pledges to and agrees with the holders of the bonds and notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section that the State will not limit or alter the rights and powers vested in the Authority by this Act so as to impair the terms of any contract made by the Authority with such holders or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such holders until such bonds and notes, together with interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on behalf of such holders, are fully met and discharged. In addition, the State pledges to and agrees with the holders of the bonds and notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section that the State will not limit or alter the basis on which State funds are to be paid to the Authority as provided in this Act, or the use of such funds, so as to impair the terms of any such contract. The Authority is authorized to include these pledges and agreements of the State in any contract with the holders of bonds or notes issued pursuant to this Section.
 - (g) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (g)(2) and (g)(3) of Section 4.04 of this Act, the Authority shall not at any time issue, sell or deliver any bonds or notes (other than Working Cash

the Authority shall not at any time issue, sell or deliver any bonds or notes (other than Working Cash Notes) pursuant to this Section 4.04 which will cause it to have issued and outstanding at any time in excess of \$800,000,000 of such bonds and notes (other than Working Cash Notes). The Authority shall not at any time issue, sell, or deliver any Working Cash Notes pursuant to this Section that will cause it to have issued and outstanding at any time in excess of \$400,000,000 \$100,000,000. Notwithstanding the foregoing, before July 1, 2009, the Authority may issue, sell, and deliver an additional \$300,000,000 in Working Cash Notes, provided that any such additional notes shall mature on or before June 30, 2011. Bonds or notes which are being paid or retired by such issuance, sale or delivery of bonds or notes, and bonds or notes for which sufficient funds have been deposited with the paying agency of such bonds or notes to provide for payment of principal and interest thereon or to provide for the redemption thereof, all pursuant to the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes, shall not be considered to be outstanding for the purposes of the first two sentences of this subsection.

(2) In addition to the authority provided by paragraphs (1) and (3), the Authority is authorized to issue, sell and deliver bonds or notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects approved pursuant to Section 4.13 as follows:

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$100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1990; an additional $100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1991; an additional $100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1992; an additional $100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1993; an additional $100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1994; and the aggregate total authorization of bonds and notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects as of January 1, 1994, shall be $500,000,000.
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The Authority is also authorized to issue, sell, and deliver bonds or notes in such amounts as are necessary to provide for the refunding or advance refunding of bonds or notes issued for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects under this subdivision (g)(2), provided that no such refunding bond or note shall mature later than the final maturity date of the series of bonds or notes being refunded, and provided further that the debt service requirements for such refunding bonds or notes in the current or any future fiscal year shall not exceed the debt service requirements for that year on the refunded bonds or notes.

(3) In addition to the authority provided by paragraphs (1) and (2), the Authority is authorized to issue, sell, and deliver bonds or notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects approved pursuant to Section 4.13 as follows:

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$260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2000; an additional $260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2001; an additional $260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2002; an additional $260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2003; an additional $260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2004; and the aggregate total authorization of bonds and notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects pursuant to this paragraph (3) as of January 1, 2004 shall be $1,300,000,000.
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The Authority is also authorized to issue, sell, and deliver bonds or notes in such amounts as are necessary to provide for the refunding or advance refunding of bonds or notes issued for Strategic Capital Improvement projects under this subdivision (g)(3), provided that no such refunding bond or note shall mature later than the final maturity date of the series of bonds or notes being refunded, and provided further that the debt service requirements for such refunding bonds or notes in the current or any future fiscal year shall not exceed the debt service requirements for that

year on the refunded bonds or notes.

- (h) The Authority, subject to the terms of any agreements with noteholders or bond holders as may then exist, shall have power, out of any funds available therefor, to purchase notes or bonds of the Authority, which shall thereupon be cancelled.
- (i) In addition to any other authority granted by law, the State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest or reinvest, at a price not to exceed par, any State money in the State Treasury which is not needed for current expenditures due or about to become due in Working Cash Notes.

(Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06; 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/4.11) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 704.11)

Sec. 4.11. Budget Review Powers.

- (a) Based upon estimates which shall be given to the Authority by the Director of the Governor's Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget) of the receipts to be received by the Authority from the taxes imposed by the Authority and the authorized estimates of amounts to be available from State and other sources to the Service Boards, and the times at which such receipts and amounts will be available, the Board shall, not later than the next preceding September 15th prior to the beginning of the Authority's next fiscal year, advise each Service Board of the amounts estimated by the Board to be available for such Service Board during such fiscal year and the two following fiscal years and the times at which such amounts will be available. The Board shall also advise the Service Boards of the estimated operating deficit of the Suburban Bus Board in the provision of ADA paratransit service during the next fiscal year, and the amount estimated to be deposited into the ADA Paratransit Fund during that fiscal year under Section 4.03.3. The Board shall, at the same time, also advise each Service Board of its required system generated revenues recovery ratio for the next fiscal year which shall be the percentage of the aggregate costs of providing public transportation by or under jurisdiction of that Service Board which must be recovered from system generated revenues. The Board shall, at the same time, beginning with the 2007 fiscal year, also advise each Service Board that provides ADA paratransit services of its required system generated ADA paratransit services revenue recovery ratio for the next fiscal year which shall be the percentage of the aggregate costs of providing ADA paratransit services by or under jurisdiction of that Service Board which must be recovered from fares charged for such services, except that such required system generated ADA paratransit services revenue recovery ratio shall not exceed the minimum percentage established pursuant to Section 4.01(b)(ii) of this Act. In determining a Service Board's system generated revenue recovery ratio, the Board shall consider the historical system generated revenues recovery ratio for the services subject to the jurisdiction of that Service Board. The Board shall not increase a Service Board's system generated revenues recovery ratio for the next fiscal year over such ratio for the current fiscal year disproportionately or prejudicially to increases in such ratios for other Service Boards. The Board may, by ordinance, provide that (i) the cost of research and development projects in the fiscal year beginning January 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1986 conducted pursuant to Section 2.09 of this Act, (ii) the costs for passenger security, and (iii) expenditures of amounts granted to a Service Board from the Innovation, Coordination, and Enhancement Fund for operating purposes may be exempted from the farebox recovery ratio or the system generated revenues recovery ratio of the Chicago Transit Authority, the Suburban Bus Board, and the Commuter Rail Board, or any of them. During fiscal years 2008 through 2012, the Board may also allocate the exemption of \$200,000,000 and the reducing amounts of costs provided by this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly from the farebox recovery ratio or system generated revenues recovery ratio of each Service Board.
- (b)(1) Not later than the next preceding November 15 prior to the commencement of such fiscal year, each Service Board shall submit to the Authority its proposed budget for such fiscal year and its proposed financial plan for the two following fiscal years. Such budget and financial plan shall (i) be prepared in the format, follow the financial and budgetary practices, and be based on any assumptions and projections required by the Authority and (ii) not project or assume a receipt of revenues from the Authority in amounts greater than those set forth in the estimates provided by the Authority pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section and, for ADA paratransit service, the budget and financial plan of the Suburban Bus Board shall not project or assume a receipt of revenues from the Authority in amounts greater than the operating deficit estimated by the Board.
- (2) The Board shall review the proposed budget and two-year financial plan submitted by each Service Board. The Board shall approve the budget and two-year financial plan of a Service Board if:
 - (i) such budget and plan show a balance between (A) anticipated revenues from all sources including operating subsidies and (B) the costs of providing the services specified and of funding any operating deficits or encumbrances incurred in prior periods, including provision for payment when due of principal and interest on outstanding indebtedness;

- (ii) such budget and plan show cash balances including the proceeds of any anticipated cash flow borrowing sufficient to pay with reasonable promptness all costs and expenses as incurred;
- (iii) such budget and plan provide for a level of fares or charges and operating or administrative costs for the public transportation provided by or subject to the jurisdiction of such Service Board sufficient to allow the Service Board to meet its required system generated revenue recovery ratio and, beginning with the 2007 fiscal year, system generated ADA paratransit services revenue recovery ratio;
 - (iv) such budget and plan are based upon and employ assumptions and projections which are reasonable and prudent;
 - (v) such budget and plan have been prepared in accordance with sound financial practices as determined by the Board;
 - (vi) such budget and plan meet such other financial, budgetary, or fiscal requirements that the Board may by rule or regulation establish; and
 - (vii) such budget and plan are consistent with the goals and objectives adopted by the Authority in the Strategic Plan.
- (3) (Blank).
- (4) Unless the Board by an affirmative vote of 12 of the then Directors determines that the budget and financial plan of a Service Board meets the criteria specified in clauses (i) through (vii) of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph (b), the Board shall withhold from that Service Board 25% of the cash proceeds of taxes imposed by the Authority under Section 4.03 and Section 4.03.1 and received after February 1 and 25% of the amounts transferred to the Authority from the Public Transportation Fund under Section 4.09(a) (but not including Section 4.09(a)(3)(iv)) after February 1 that the Board has estimated to be available to that Service Board under Section 4.11(a). Such funding shall be released to the Service Board only upon approval of a budget and financial plan under this Section or adoption of a budget and financial plan on behalf of the Service Board by the Authority.
- (5) If the Board has not found that the budget and financial plan of a Service Board meets the criteria specified in clauses (i) through (vii) of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph (b), the Board, by the affirmative vote of at least 12 of its then Directors, shall adopt a budget and financial plan meeting such criteria for that Service Board.
- (c)(1) If the Board shall at any time have received a revised estimate, or revises any estimate the Board has made, pursuant to this Section of the receipts to be collected by the Authority which, in the judgment of the Board, requires a change in the estimates on which the budget of any Service Board is based, the Board shall advise the affected Service Board of such revised estimates, and such Service Board shall within 30 days after receipt of such advice submit a revised budget incorporating such revised estimates. If the revised estimates require, in the judgment of the Board, that the system generated revenues recovery ratio of one or more Service Boards be revised in order to allow the Authority to meet its required ratio, the Board shall advise any such Service Board of its revised ratio and such Service Board shall within 30 days after receipt of such advice submit a revised budget incorporating such revised estimates or ratio.
- (2) Each Service Board shall, within such period after the end of each fiscal quarter as shall be specified by the Board, report to the Authority its financial condition and results of operations and the financial condition and results of operations of the public transportation services subject to its jurisdiction, as at the end of and for such quarter. If in the judgment of the Board such condition and results are not substantially in accordance with such Service Board's budget for such period, the Board shall so advise such Service Board and such Service Board shall within the period specified by the Board submit a revised budget incorporating such results.
- (2-5) If the Executive Director, at any time after reviewing the financial condition and results of operations of ADA paratransit services, revises the estimate of the operating deficit in the provision of ADA paratransit service and determines that amounts on deposit in the ADA Paratransit Fund and other resources are inadequate to fund that revised operating deficit, then, unless such determination is rejected by a vote of 12 of the members of the Board, the Board shall authorize the issuance of Working Cash Notes to fund that operating deficit.
- (3) If the Board shall determine that a revised budget submitted by a Service Board pursuant to subparagraph (1) or (2) of this paragraph (c) does not meet the criteria specified in clauses (i) through (vii) of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) of this Section, the Board shall withhold from that Service Board 25% of the cash proceeds of taxes imposed by the Authority under Section 4.03 or 4.03.1 and received by the Authority after February 1 and 25% of the amounts transferred to the Authority from the Public Transportation Fund under Section 4.09(a) (but not including Section 4.09(a)(3)(iv)) after February 1 that the Board has estimated to be available to that Service Board under Section 4.11(a). If

the Service Board submits a revised financial plan and budget which plan and budget shows that the criteria will be met within a four quarter period, the Board shall release any such withheld funds to the Service Board. The Board by the affirmative vote of at least 12 of its then Directors may require a Service Board to submit a revised financial plan and budget which shows that the criteria will be met in a time period less than four quarters.

- (d) All budgets and financial plans, financial statements, audits and other information presented to the Authority pursuant to this Section or which may be required by the Board to permit it to monitor compliance with the provisions of this Section shall be prepared and presented in such manner and frequency and in such detail as shall have been prescribed by the Board, shall be prepared on both an accrual and cash flow basis as specified by the Board, shall present such information as the Authority shall prescribe that fairly presents the condition of any pension plan or trust for health care benefits with respect to retirees established by the Service Board and describes the plans of the Service Board to meet the requirements of Sections 4.02a and 4.02b, and shall identify and describe the assumptions and projections employed in the preparation thereof to the extent required by the Board. If the Executive Director certifies that a Service Board has not presented its budget and two-year financial plan in conformity with the rules adopted by the Authority under the provisions of Section 4.01(f) and this subsection (d), and such certification is accepted by the affirmative vote of at least 12 of the then Directors of the Authority, the Authority shall not distribute to that Service Board any funds for operating purposes in excess of the amounts distributed for such purposes to the Service Board in the previous fiscal year. Except when the Board adopts a budget and a financial plan for a Service Board under paragraph (b)(5), a Service Board shall provide for such levels of transportation services and fares or charges therefor as it deems appropriate and necessary in the preparation of a budget and financial plan meeting the criteria set forth in clauses (i) through (vii) of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) of this Section. The Authority shall have access to and the right to examine and copy all books, documents, papers, records, or other source data of a Service Board relevant to any information submitted pursuant to this Section.
- (e) Whenever this Section requires the Board to make determinations with respect to estimates, budgets or financial plans, or rules or regulations with respect thereto such determinations shall be made upon the affirmative vote of at least 12 of the then Directors and shall be incorporated in a written report of the Board and such report shall be submitted within 10 days after such determinations are made to the Governor, the Mayor of Chicago (if such determinations relate to the Chicago Transit Authority), and the Auditor General of Illinois.

(Source: P.A. 94-370, eff. 7-29-05; 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO SENATE BILL 941

AMENDMENT NO. <u>4</u>. Amend Senate Bill 941, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 2705-305 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2705/2705-305)

Sec. 2705-305. Grants for mass transportation.

- (a) For the purpose of mass transportation grants and contracts, the following definitions apply:
- "Carrier" means any corporation, authority, partnership, association, person, or district authorized to provide mass transportation within the State.

"District" means all of the following:

- (i) Any district created pursuant to the Local Mass Transit District Act.
- (ii) The Authority created pursuant to the Metropolitan Transit Authority Act.
- (iii) Any authority, commission, or other entity that by virtue of an interstate compact approved by Congress is authorized to provide mass transportation.
- (iv) The Authority created pursuant to the Regional Transportation Authority Act.

"Facilities" comprise all real and personal property used in or appurtenant to a mass transportation system, including parking lots.

"Mass transportation" means transportation provided within the State of Illinois by rail, bus, or other conveyance and available to the general public on a regular and continuing basis, including the transportation of handicapped or elderly persons as provided more specifically in Section 2705-310.

"Unit of local government" means any city, village, incorporated town, or county.

- (b) Grants may be made to units of local government, districts, and carriers for the acquisition, construction, extension, reconstruction, and improvement of mass transportation facilities. Grants shall be made upon the terms and conditions that in the judgment of the Secretary are necessary to ensure their proper and effective utilization.
- (c) The Department shall make grants under this Law in a manner designed, so far as is consistent with the maintenance and development of a sound mass transportation system within the State, to: (i) maximize federal funds for the assistance of mass transportation in Illinois under the Federal Transit Act and other federal Acts; (ii) facilitate the movement of persons who because of age, economic circumstance, or physical infirmity are unable to drive; (iii) contribute to an improved environment through the reduction of air, water, and noise pollution; and (iv) reduce traffic congestion.
- (d) The Secretary shall establish procedures for making application for mass transportation grants. The procedures shall provide for public notice of all applications and give reasonable opportunity for the submission of comments and objections by interested parties. The procedures shall be designed with a view to facilitating simultaneous application for a grant to the Department and to the federal government.
 - (e) Grants may be made for mass transportation projects as follows:
 - In an amount not to exceed 100% of the nonfederal share of projects for which a federal grant is made.
 - (2) In an amount not to exceed 100% of the net project cost for projects for which a federal grant is not made.
 - (3) In an amount not to exceed five-sixths of the net project cost for projects essential for the maintenance of a sound transportation system and eligible for federal assistance for which a federal grant application has been made but a federal grant has been delayed. If and when a federal grant is made, the amount in excess of the nonfederal share shall be promptly returned to the Department.

In no event shall the Department make a grant that, together with any federal funds or funds from any other source, is in excess of 100% of the net project cost.

- (f) Regardless of whether any funds are available under a federal grant, the Department shall not make a mass transportation grant unless the Secretary finds that the recipient has entered into an agreement with the Department in which the recipient agrees not to engage in school bus operations exclusively for the transportation of students and school personnel in competition with private school bus operators where those private school bus operators are able to provide adequate transportation, at reasonable rates, in conformance with applicable safety standards, provided that this requirement shall not apply to a recipient that operates a school system in the area to be served and operates a separate and exclusive school bus program for the school system.
- (g) Grants may be made for mass transportation purposes with funds appropriated from the Build Illinois Bond Fund consistent with the specific purposes for which those funds are appropriated by the General Assembly. Grants under this subsection (g) are not subject to any limitations or conditions imposed upon grants by any other provision of this Section, except that the Secretary may impose the terms and conditions that in his or her judgment are necessary to ensure the proper and effective utilization of the grants under this subsection.
- (h) The Department may let contracts for mass transportation purposes and facilities for the purpose of reducing urban congestion funded in whole or in part with bonds described in subdivision (b)(1) of Section 4 of the General Obligation Bond Act, not to exceed \$75,000,000 in bonds.
- (i) The Department may make grants to carriers, districts, and units of local government for the purpose of reimbursing them for providing reduced fares for mass transportation services for students, handicapped persons and the elderly. Grants shall be made upon the terms and conditions that in the judgment of the Secretary are necessary to ensure their proper and effective utilization.
- (j) The Department may make grants to carriers, districts, and units of local government for costs of providing ADA paratransit service. Subject to appropriation, the Department shall make grants to the Regional Transportation Authority in the amount of \$8,500,000 in State fiscal year 2010 and in State fiscal year 2011 in the amount determined by the Regional Transportation Authority as the shortfall in the ADA Paratransit Fund for calendar year 2011, provided that the amount of the grant in 2011 shall not exceed \$10,000,000. These amounts granted to the Regional Transportation Authority shall be deposited into the ADA Paratransit Fund and used for payment to the Suburban Bus Board for the provision of ADA paratransit service.

(Source: P.A. 94-91, eff. 7-1-05.)

Section 10. The Downstate Public Transportation Act is amended by changing Section 2-15.2 as

follows:

(30 ILCS 740/2-15.2)

Sec. 2-15.2. Free services; eligibility.

- (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no later than 60 days following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and until subsection (b) is implemented, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, every participant, as defined in Section 2-2.02 (1)(a), shall be provided without charge to all senior citizen residents of the participant aged 65 and older, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the participant.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, beginning on March 1, 2010, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, every participant, as defined in Section 2-2.02 (1)(a), shall be provided without charge to senior citizens aged 65 and older who meet the income eligibility limitation set forth in subsection (a-5) of Section 4 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the participant. The Department on Aging shall furnish all information reasonably necessary to determine eligibility, including updated lists of individuals who are eligible for services without charge under this Section. Nothing in this Section shall relieve the participant from providing reduced fares as may be required by federal law. (Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

Section 15. The Metropolitan Transit Authority Act is amended by changing Section 51 as follows: (70 ILCS 3605/51)

Sec. 51. Free services; eligibility.

- (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no later than 60 days following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and until subsection (b) is implemented, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Board shall be provided without charge to all senior citizens of the Metropolitan Region (as such term is defined in 70 ILCS 3615/1.03) aged 65 and older, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Board.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, beginning on March 1, 2010, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Board shall be provided without charge to senior citizens aged 65 and older who meet the income eligibility limitation set forth in subsection (a-5) of Section 4 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Board. The Department on Aging shall furnish all information reasonably necessary to determine eligibility, including updated lists of individuals who are eligible for services without charge under this Section. Nothing in this Section shall relieve the Board from providing reduced fares as may be required by federal law.

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

Section 20. The Local Mass Transit District Act is amended by changing Section 8.6 as follows: (70 ILCS 3610/8.6)

Sec. 8.6. Free services; eligibility.

- (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no later than 60 days following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and until subsection (b) is implemented, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, every District shall be provided without charge to all senior citizens of the District aged 65 and older, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the District.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, beginning on March 1, 2010, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, every District shall be provided without charge to senior citizens aged 65 and older who meet the income eligibility limitation set forth in subsection (a-5) of Section 4 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the District. The Department on Aging shall furnish all information reasonably necessary to determine eligibility, including updated lists of individuals who are eligible for services without charge under this Section. Nothing in this Section shall relieve the District from providing reduced fares as may be required by federal law.

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

Section 25. The Regional Transportation Authority Act is amended by changing Sections 2.01d, 2.04, 3A.15, and 3B.14 as follows:

(70 ILCS 3615/2.01d)

Sec. 2.01d. ADA Paratransit Fund. The Authority shall establish an ADA Paratransit Fund and, each year, deposit into that Fund the amounts directed by Section 4.03.3 of this Act and any funds received from the State pursuant to appropriations for the purpose of funding ADA paratransit services. The amounts on deposit in the Fund and interest and other earnings on those amounts shall be used by the Authority to make grants to the Suburban Bus Board for ADA paratransit services provided pursuant to plans approved by the Authority under Section 2.30 of this Act. Funds received by the Suburban Bus Board from the Authority's ADA Paratransit Fund shall be used only to provide ADA paratransit services to individuals who are determined to be eligible for such services by the Authority under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations. Revenues from and costs of services provided by the Suburban Bus Board with grants made under this Section shall be included in the Annual Budget and Two-Year Financial Program of the Suburban Bus Board and shall be subject to all budgetary and financial requirements under this Act that apply to ADA paratransit services. Beginning in 2008, the Executive Director shall, no later than August 15 of each year, provide to the Board a written determination of the projected annual costs of ADA paratransit services that are required to be provided pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and its implementing regulations. The Board shall advise the Service Boards of the estimated operating deficit of the Suburban Bus Board in the provision of ADA paratransit service in 2011, the amount estimated to be deposited into the ADA Paratransit Fund during that year under Section 4.03.3, and any projected shortfall in funding for ADA paratransit services for that year. The Authority shall advise the Illinois Department of Transportation of the projected shortfall and request a grant of \$8,500,000 in 2010 and the shortfall amount in 2011, however, that request shall not exceed \$10,000,000. If the Board, at any time after reviewing the financial condition and results of operations of ADA paratransit services under Section 4.11, determines that the shortfall in the ADA Paratransit Fund will exceed \$8,500,000 in 2010 or \$10,000,000 in 2011, and other actions authorized under Section 4.11 are inadequate to eliminate that revised shortfall, then the Board shall authorize the issuance of Working Cash Notes, subject to the provisions of Section 4.04 of this Act, to fund such shortfall to the extent that it exceeds these enumerated amounts. The Authority shall conduct triennial financial, compliance, and performance audits of ADA paratransit services to assist in this determination

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/2.04) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 702.04)

Sec. 2.04. Fares and Nature of Service.

- (a) Whenever a Service Board provides any public transportation by operating public transportation facilities, the Service Board shall provide for the level and nature of fares or charges to be made for such services, and the nature and standards of public transportation to be so provided that meet the goals and objectives adopted by the Authority in the Strategic Plan. Provided, however that if the Board adopts a budget and financial plan for a Service Board in accordance with the provisions in Section 4.11(b)(5), the Board may consistent with the terms of any purchase of service contract provide for the level and nature of fares to be made for such services under the jurisdiction of that Service Board, and the nature and standards of public transportation to be so provided.
- (b) Whenever a Service Board provides any public transportation pursuant to grants made after June 30, 1975, to transportation agencies for operating expenses (other than with regard to experimental programs) or pursuant to any purchase of service agreement, the purchase of service agreement or grant contract shall provide for the level and nature of fares or charges to be made for such services, and the nature and standards of public transportation to be so provided. A Service Board shall require all transportation agencies with which it contracts, or from which it purchases transportation services or to which it makes grants to provide half fare transportation for their student riders if any of such agencies provide for half fare transportation to their student riders.
- (c) In so providing for the fares or charges and the nature and standards of public transportation, any purchase of service agreements or grant contracts shall provide, among other matters, for the terms or cost of transfers or interconnections between different modes of transportation and different public transportation agencies, schedules or routes of such service, changes which may be made in such service, the nature and condition of the facilities used in providing service, the manner of collection and disposition of fares or charges, the records and reports to be kept and made concerning such service, for interchangeable tickets or other coordinated or uniform methods of collection of charges, and shall further require that the transportation agency comply with any determination made by the Board of the Authority under and subject to the provisions of Section 2.12b of this Act. In regard to any such service,

the Authority and the Service Boards shall give attention to and may undertake programs to promote use of public transportation and to provide coordinated ticket sales and passenger information. In the case of a grant to a transportation agency which remains subject to Illinois Commerce Commission supervision and regulation, the Service Boards shall exercise the powers set forth in this Section in a manner consistent with such supervision and regulation by the Illinois Commerce Commission.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this amendatory act of the 96th General Assembly, no Service Board shall increase fares or charges for public transportation services provided in 2010 or 2011. (Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/3A.15)

Sec. 3A.15. Free services; eligibility.

- (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no later than 60 days following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and until subsection (b) is implemented, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Suburban Bus Board shall be provided without charge to all senior citizens of the Metropolitan Region aged 65 and older, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Suburban Bus Board.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, beginning on March 1, 2010, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Suburban Bus Board shall be provided without charge to senior citizens aged 65 and older who meet the income eligibility limitation set forth in subsection (a-5) of Section 4 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Suburban Bus Board. The Department on Aging shall furnish all information reasonably necessary to determine eligibility, including updated lists of individuals who are eligible for services without charge under this Section, Nothing in this Section shall relieve the Suburban Bus Board from providing reduced fares as may be required by federal law.

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

(70 ILCS 3615/3B.14)

Sec. 3B.14. Free services; eligibility.

- (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, no later than 60 days following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly and until subsection (b) is implemented, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Commuter Rail Board shall be provided without charge to all senior citizens of the Metropolitan Region aged 65 and older, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Commuter Rail Board.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, beginning on March 1, 2010, any fixed route public transportation services provided by, or under grant or purchase of service contracts of, the Commuter Rail Board shall be provided without charge to senior citizens aged 65 and older who meet the income eligibility limitation set forth in subsection (a-5) of Section 4 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Commuter Rail Board. The Department on Aging shall furnish all information reasonably necessary to determine eligibility, including updated lists of individuals who are eligible for services without charge under this Section. Nothing in this Section shall relieve the Commuter Rail Board from providing reduced fares as may be required by federal law.

(Source: P.A. 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

AMENDMENT NO. 5 TO SENATE BILL 941

AMENDMENT NO. <u>5</u>. Amend Senate Bill 941, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Regional Transportation Authority Act is amended by changing Section 4.04 as follows:

(70 ILCS 3615/4.04) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 704.04)

Sec. 4.04. Issuance and Pledge of Bonds and Notes.

(a) The Authority shall have the continuing power to borrow money and to issue its negotiable bonds or notes as provided in this Section. Unless otherwise indicated in this Section, the term "notes" also includes bond anticipation notes, which are notes which by their terms provide for their payment from the proceeds of bonds thereafter to be issued. Bonds or notes of the Authority may be issued for any or all of the following purposes: to pay costs to the Authority or a Service Board of constructing or acquiring any public transportation facilities (including funds and rights relating thereto, as provided in

Section 2.05 of this Act); to repay advances to the Authority or a Service Board made for such purposes; to pay other expenses of the Authority or a Service Board incident to or incurred in connection with such construction or acquisition; to provide funds for any transportation agency to pay principal of or interest or redemption premium on any bonds or notes, whether as such amounts become due or by earlier redemption, issued prior to the date of this amendatory Act by such transportation agency to construct or acquire public transportation facilities or to provide funds to purchase such bonds or notes; and to provide funds for any transportation agency to construct or acquire any public transportation facilities, to repay advances made for such purposes, and to pay other expenses incident to or incurred in connection with such construction or acquisition; and to provide funds for payment of obligations, including the funding of reserves, under any self-insurance plan or joint self-insurance pool or entity.

In addition to any other borrowing as may be authorized by this Section, the Authority may issue its notes, from time to time, in anticipation of tax receipts of the Authority or of other revenues or receipts of the Authority, in order to provide money for the Authority or the Service Boards to cover any cash flow deficit which the Authority or a Service Board anticipates incurring. Any such notes are referred to in this Section as "Working Cash Notes". No Working Cash Notes shall be issued for a term of longer than 24 months. Proceeds of Working Cash Notes may be used to pay day to day operating expenses of the Authority or the Service Boards, consisting of wages, salaries and fringe benefits, professional and technical services (including legal, audit, engineering and other consulting services), office rental, furniture, fixtures and equipment, insurance premiums, claims for self-insured amounts under insurance policies, public utility obligations for telephone, light, heat and similar items, travel expenses, office supplies, postage, dues, subscriptions, public hearings and information expenses, fuel purchases, and payments of grants and payments under purchase of service agreements for operations of transportation agencies, prior to the receipt by the Authority or a Service Board from time to time of funds for paying such expenses. In addition to any Working Cash Notes that the Board of the Authority may determine to issue, the Suburban Bus Board, the Commuter Rail Board or the Board of the Chicago Transit Authority may demand and direct that the Authority issue its Working Cash Notes in such amounts and having such maturities as the Service Board may determine.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any amounts necessary to pay principal of and interest on any Working Cash Notes issued at the demand and direction of a Service Board or any Working Cash Notes the proceeds of which were used for the direct benefit of a Service Board or any other Bonds or Notes of the Authority the proceeds of which were used for the direct benefit of a Service Board shall constitute a reduction of the amount of any other funds provided by the Authority to that Service Board. The Authority shall, after deducting any costs of issuance, tender the net proceeds of any Working Cash Notes issued at the demand and direction of a Service Board to such Service Board as soon as may be practicable after the proceeds are received. The Authority may also issue notes or bonds to pay, refund or redeem any of its notes and bonds, including to pay redemption premiums or accrued interest on such bonds or notes being renewed, paid or refunded, and other costs in connection therewith. The Authority may also utilize the proceeds of any such bonds or notes to pay the legal, financial, administrative and other expenses of such authorization, issuance, sale or delivery of bonds or notes or to provide or increase a debt service reserve fund with respect to any or all of its bonds or notes. The Authority may also issue and deliver its bonds or notes in exchange for any public transportation facilities, (including funds and rights relating thereto, as provided in Section 2.05 of this Act) or in exchange for outstanding bonds or notes of the Authority, including any accrued interest or redemption premium thereon, without advertising or submitting such notes or bonds for public bidding.

(b) The ordinance providing for the issuance of any such bonds or notes shall fix the date or dates of maturity, the dates on which interest is payable, any sinking fund account or reserve fund account provisions and all other details of such bonds or notes and may provide for such covenants or agreements necessary or desirable with regard to the issue, sale and security of such bonds or notes. The rate or rates of interest on its bonds or notes may be fixed or variable and the Authority shall determine or provide for the determination of the rate or rates of interest of its bonds or notes issued under this Act in an ordinance adopted by the Authority prior to the issuance thereof, none of which rates of interest shall exceed that permitted in the Bond Authorization Act. Interest may be payable at such times as are provided for by the Board. Bonds and notes issued under this Section may be issued as serial or term obligations, shall be of such denomination or denominations and form, including interest coupons to be attached thereto, be executed in such manner, shall be payable at such place or places and bear such date as the Authority shall fix by the ordinance authorizing such bond or note and shall mature at such time or times, within a period not to exceed forty years from the date of issue, and may be redeemable prior to maturity with or without premium, at the option of the Authority, upon such terms and conditions as the Authority shall fix by the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes. No bond

anticipation note or any renewal thereof shall mature at any time or times exceeding 5 years from the date of the first issuance of such note. The Authority may provide for the registration of bonds or notes in the name of the owner as to the principal alone or as to both principal and interest, upon such terms and conditions as the Authority may determine. The ordinance authorizing bonds or notes may provide for the exchange of such bonds or notes which are fully registered, as to both principal and interest, with bonds or notes which are registerable as to principal only. All bonds or notes issued under this Section by the Authority other than those issued in exchange for property or for bonds or notes of the Authority shall be sold at a price which may be at a premium or discount but such that the interest cost (excluding any redemption premium) to the Authority of the proceeds of an issue of such bonds or notes, computed to stated maturity according to standard tables of bond values, shall not exceed that permitted in the Bond Authorization Act. The Authority shall notify the Governor's Office of Management and Budget and the State Comptroller at least 30 days before any bond sale and shall file with the Governor's Office of Management and Budget and the State Comptroller a certified copy of any ordinance authorizing the issuance of bonds at or before the issuance of the bonds. After December 31, 1994, any such bonds or notes shall be sold to the highest and best bidder on sealed bids as the Authority shall deem. As such bonds or notes are to be sold the Authority shall advertise for proposals to purchase the bonds or notes which advertisement shall be published at least once in a daily newspaper of general circulation published in the metropolitan region at least 10 days before the time set for the submission of bids. The Authority shall have the right to reject any or all bids. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, Working Cash Notes or bonds or notes to provide funds for self-insurance or a joint self-insurance pool or entity may be sold either upon competitive bidding or by negotiated sale (without any requirement of publication of intention to negotiate the sale of such Notes), as the Board shall determine by ordinance adopted with the affirmative votes of at least 9 Directors. In case any officer whose signature appears on any bonds, notes or coupons authorized pursuant to this Section shall cease to be such officer before delivery of such bonds or notes, such signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes, the same as if such officer had remained in office until such delivery. Neither the Directors of the Authority nor any person executing any bonds or notes thereof shall be liable personally on any such bonds or notes or coupons by reason of the issuance thereof.

(c) All bonds or notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section shall be general obligations of the Authority to which shall be pledged the full faith and credit of the Authority, as provided in this Section. Such bonds or notes shall be secured as provided in the authorizing ordinance, which may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, include in addition to any other security, a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security interest in any or all tax receipts of the Authority and on any or all other revenues or moneys of the Authority from whatever source, which may by law be utilized for debt service purposes and a specific pledge or assignment of and lien on or security interest in any funds or accounts established or provided for by the ordinance of the Authority authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes. Any such pledge, assignment, lien or security interest for the benefit of holders of bonds or notes of the Authority shall be valid and binding from the time the bonds or notes are issued without any physical delivery or further act and shall be valid and binding as against and prior to the claims of all other parties having claims of any kind against the Authority or any other person irrespective of whether such other parties have notice of such pledge, assignment, lien or security interest. The obligations of the Authority incurred pursuant to this Section shall be superior to and have priority over any other obligations of the Authority.

The Authority may provide in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes issued pursuant to this Section for the creation of, deposits in, and regulation and disposition of sinking fund or reserve accounts relating to such bonds or notes. The ordinance authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes pursuant to this Section may contain provisions as part of the contract with the holders of the bonds or notes, for the creation of a separate fund to provide for the payment of principal and interest on such bonds or notes and for the deposit in such fund from any or all the tax receipts of the Authority and from any or all such other moneys or revenues of the Authority from whatever source which may by law be utilized for debt service purposes, all as provided in such ordinance, of amounts to meet the debt service requirements on such bonds or notes, including principal and interest, and any sinking fund or reserve fund account requirements as may be provided by such ordinance, and all expenses incident to or in connection with such fund and accounts or the payment of such bonds or notes. Such ordinance may also provide limitations on the issuance of additional bonds or notes of the Authority. No such bonds or notes of the Authority shall constitute a debt of the State of Illinois. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to enable the Authority to impose any ad valorem tax on property.

(d) The ordinance of the Authority authorizing the issuance of any bonds or notes may provide additional security for such bonds or notes by providing for appointment of a corporate trustee (which

may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within the state) with respect to such bonds or notes. The ordinance shall prescribe the rights, duties and powers of the trustee to be exercised for the benefit of the Authority and the protection of the holders of such bonds or notes. The ordinance may provide for the trustee to hold in trust, invest and use amounts in funds and accounts created as provided by the ordinance with respect to the bonds or notes. The ordinance may provide for the assignment and direct payment to the trustee of any or all amounts produced from the sources provided in Section 4.03 and Section 4.09 of this Act and provided in Section 6z-17 of "An Act in relation to State finance", approved June 10, 1919, as amended. Upon receipt of notice of any such assignment, the Department of Revenue and the Comptroller of the State of Illinois shall thereafter, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4.03 and Section 4.09 of this Act and Section 6z-17 of "An Act in relation to State finance", approved June 10, 1919, as amended, provide for such assigned amounts to be paid directly to the trustee instead of the Authority, all in accordance with the terms of the ordinance making the assignment. The ordinance shall provide that amounts so paid to the trustee which are not required to be deposited, held or invested in funds and accounts created by the ordinance with respect to bonds or notes or used for paying bonds or notes to be paid by the trustee to the Authority.

- (e) Any bonds or notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section shall constitute a contract between the Authority and the holders from time to time of such bonds or notes. In issuing any bond or note, the Authority may include in the ordinance authorizing such issue a covenant as part of the contract with the holders of the bonds or notes, that as long as such obligations are outstanding, it shall make such deposits, as provided in paragraph (c) of this Section. It may also so covenant that it shall impose and continue to impose taxes, as provided in Section 4.03 of this Act and in addition thereto as subsequently authorized by law, sufficient to make such deposits and pay the principal and interest and to meet other debt service requirements of such bonds or notes as they become due. A certified copy of the ordinance authorizing the issuance of any such obligations shall be filed at or prior to the issuance of such obligations with the Comptroller of the State of Illinois and the Illinois Department of Revenue.
- (f) The State of Illinois pledges to and agrees with the holders of the bonds and notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section that the State will not limit or alter the rights and powers vested in the Authority by this Act so as to impair the terms of any contract made by the Authority with such holders or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such holders until such bonds and notes, together with interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on behalf of such holders, are fully met and discharged. In addition, the State pledges to and agrees with the holders of the bonds and notes of the Authority issued pursuant to this Section that the State will not limit or alter the basis on which State funds are to be paid to the Authority as provided in this Act, or the use of such funds, so as to impair the terms of any such contract. The Authority is authorized to include these pledges and agreements of the State in any contract with the holders of bonds or notes issued pursuant to this Section.
 - (g) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (g)(2) and (g)(3) of Section 4.04 of this Act,
 - the Authority shall not at any time issue, sell or deliver any bonds or notes (other than Working Cash Notes) pursuant to this Section 4.04 which will cause it to have issued and outstanding at any time in excess of \$800,000,000 of such bonds and notes (other than Working Cash Notes). The Authority shall not at any time issue, sell, or deliver any Working Cash Notes pursuant to this Section that will cause it to have issued and outstanding at any time in excess of \$100,000,000. However, the Authority may issue, sell, and deliver additional Working Cash Notes before July 1, 2012 that are over and above and in addition to the \$100,000,000 authorization such that the outstanding amount of these additional Working Cash Notes does not exceed at any time \$300,000,000. Notwithstanding the foregoing, before July 1, 2009, the Authority may issue, sell, and deliver an additional \$300,000,000 in Working Cash Notes, provided that any such additional notes shall mature on or before June 30, 2011. Bonds or notes which are being paid or retired by such issuance, sale or delivery of bonds or notes, and bonds or notes for which sufficient funds have been deposited with the paying agency of such bonds or notes to provide for payment of principal and interest thereon or to provide for the redemption thereof, all pursuant to the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes, shall not be considered to be outstanding for the purposes of the first two sentences of this subsection.
 - (2) In addition to the authority provided by paragraphs (1) and (3), the Authority is authorized to issue, sell and deliver bonds or notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects approved pursuant to Section 4.13 as follows:
 - \$100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1990; an additional \$100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1991; an additional \$100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1992; an additional \$100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1993;

an additional \$100,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 1994; and the aggregate total authorization of bonds and notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects as of January 1, 1994, shall be \$500,000,000.

The Authority is also authorized to issue, sell, and deliver bonds or notes in such

amounts as are necessary to provide for the refunding or advance refunding of bonds or notes issued for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects under this subdivision (g)(2), provided that no such refunding bond or note shall mature later than the final maturity date of the series of bonds or notes being refunded, and provided further that the debt service requirements for such refunding bonds or notes in the current or any future fiscal year shall not exceed the debt service requirements for that year on the refunded bonds or notes.

(3) In addition to the authority provided by paragraphs (1) and (2), the Authority is authorized to issue, sell, and deliver bonds or notes for Strategic Capital Improvement Projects approved pursuant to Section 4.13 as follows:

\$260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2000;

an additional \$260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2001;

an additional \$260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2002;

an additional \$260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2003;

an additional \$260,000,000 is authorized to be issued on or after January 1, 2004; and

the aggregate total authorization of bonds and notes for Strategic Capital Improvement

Projects pursuant to this paragraph (3) as of January 1, 2004 shall be \$1,300,000,000.

The Authority is also authorized to issue, sell, and deliver bonds or notes in such amounts as are necessary to provide for the refunding or advance refunding of bonds or notes issued for Strategic Capital Improvement projects under this subdivision (g)(3), provided that no such refunding bond or note shall mature later than the final maturity date of the series of bonds or notes being refunded, and provided further that the debt service requirements for such refunding bonds or notes in the current or any future fiscal year shall not exceed the debt service requirements for that year on the refunded bonds or notes.

- (h) The Authority, subject to the terms of any agreements with noteholders or bond holders as may then exist, shall have power, out of any funds available therefor, to purchase notes or bonds of the Authority, which shall thereupon be cancelled.
- (i) In addition to any other authority granted by law, the State Treasurer may, with the approval of the Governor, invest or reinvest, at a price not to exceed par, any State money in the State Treasury which is not needed for current expenditures due or about to become due in Working Cash Notes. (Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06; 95-708, eff. 1-18-08.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 941**, with House Amendments numbered 1, 4 and 5, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1826

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1826

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1826

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 1826

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1826, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, by replacing everything from line 23 on page 86 through line 17 on page 87 with the following:

"(F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative corporation or association, the

taxable income of such organization determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage activities against income from nonpatronage activities; except that a cooperative corporation or association may make an election to follow its federal income tax treatment of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is made, such losses shall be computed and carried over in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. The election shall be effective for all taxable years with original returns due on or after the date of the election. In addition, the cooperative may file an amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, to provide that the election shall be effective for losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made, the election may only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting forth requirements for documenting the elections and any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke elections. This amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly is declaratory of existing law;".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 1826

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend Senate Bill 1826, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 203 as follows:

(35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

Sec. 203. Base income defined.

- (a) Individuals.
- (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
- (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income, except stock dividends of qualified public utilities described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue Code:
- (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income for the taxable year;
- (C) An amount equal to the amount received during the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and for which a deduction was previously taken under subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that portion of the total taxes for the entire property which is attributable to such principal residence;
- (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income;
- (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a medical care savings account and the interest earned on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;
- (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (I) of Section 201;
- (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under

subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or
- (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or
 - (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that

Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an

alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the

taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred,
- directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between

the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred,

directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to

the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a

distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials comply with the College Savings Plans Network's disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs at least annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts if it makes disclosures (which may use the term "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified programs by name) (i) directly to prospective participants in its offering materials or makes a public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) where applicable, to intermediaries selling the out-of-state program in the same manner that the out-of-state program distributes its offering materials;

- (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the amount of moneys previously deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;
- (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible education institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result from the beneficiary's death or disability;
- (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act; and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:
 - (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other state. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other state. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
 - (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;
 - (G) The valuation limitation amount;
 - (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
 - (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

- (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K);
- (L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits included in such total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
 - (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal illness;
 - (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;
- (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the contribution is accepted by the account administrator as provided in that Act;
- (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);
- (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;
- (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not exceed the taxable income attributable to that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or Subchapter S corporation income; except that no deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an employer of the

taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be determined by multiplying total health insurance and long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer times a number that represents the fractional percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

- (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes of this subparagraph, contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (3) for taxable years ending after December 31, 2005:
 - (i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property

for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a

driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

(CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(b) Corporations.

- (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
- (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;
- (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the excess of
 (i) the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount of the capital gain dividends designated as such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing law and is not a new enactment);

- (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;
- (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:
 - (i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and
 - (ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

- (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;
- (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph

only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Section 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

- (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and
- (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer
- and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or
- (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that

the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to

a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise

allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred,
- directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
 - (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred,

directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

- (a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
- intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and
- (b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between

the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred,

directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director

agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other

adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

- (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;
- (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;
 - (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a)
- of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

- (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded
- to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
- (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (H) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders for the taxable year;
- (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (L);

- (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence;
- (N) Two times any contribution made during the taxable year to a designated zone organization to the extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a charitable contribution under subsection (c) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage equal to the percentage allowable under Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, included in taxable income and received, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive real estate investment trust, from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the affiliated group which includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;
 - (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established
 - pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under Section 835 of the Internal

Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(S) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250:

(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

- (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (3) for taxable years ending after December 31, 2005:
 - (i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity

- and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and
- (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.
- (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean the gross investment income for the taxable year.
- (c) Trusts and estates.
- (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income:
 - (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a trust which, under its governing instrument, is required to distribute all of its income currently, \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in the computation of taxable income:
 - (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;
 - (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;
 - (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

- (ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;
- For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;
- (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust or estate is claiming the

same tax for purposes of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this Act;

- (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
- (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;
- (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued. or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or
- (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or
- (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
- (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the

Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1) expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

intangible assets.

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred,
- directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between
 - the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or
 - (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred,

directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other

adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and

amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

(G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act; and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

- (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 405(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;
 - (I) The valuation limitation amount;
 - (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
- (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
 - (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (O);
- (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of

such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (3) for taxable years ending after December 31, 2005:
 - (i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.
- If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with

respect to any one piece of property.

- This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and
- (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total

business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(3) Limitation. The amount of any modification otherwise required under this subsection shall, under regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

(d) Partnerships.

- (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
- (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income:
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for the taxable year;
 - (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;
- (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income:
- (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

- (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - $(a) \ the \ person, \ during \ the \ same \ taxable \ year, \ paid, \ accrued, \ or \ incurred,$
 - the interest to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or
- (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance: or
- (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

(D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets;

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

- (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;
 - (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;
- and by deducting from the total so obtained the following amounts:
 - (E) The valuation limitation amount;(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded
 - (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
 - (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
 - (H) Any income of the partnership which constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
 - (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income distributable to an entity subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act including amounts distributable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that the deduction under this subparagraph (I) shall not be allowed to a publicly traded partnership under Section 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code for any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2009;
 - (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
 - (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or from a River Edge

Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250:

- (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);
- (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (3) for taxable years ending after December 31, 2005:
 - (i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with

respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt from Section 250;
- (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not

to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250; and

- (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250.
- (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.
- (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess of addition modifications over subtraction modifications for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), trust, or estate is less than zero and addition modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an addition modification must be made under those subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:
 - (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code, insurance company taxable income;
 - (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of a regulated investment company subject to the tax imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, investment company taxable income;
 - (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;
 - (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, taxable income determined as if such corporation had filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;
 - (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative corporation or association, the taxable income of such organization determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition against offsetting

losses from patronage activities against income from nonpatronage activities; except that a cooperative corporation or association may make an election to follow its federal income tax treatment of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is made, such losses shall be computed and carried over in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. The election shall be effective for all taxable years with original returns due on or after the date of the election. In addition, the cooperative may file an amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, to provide that the election shall be effective for losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made, the election may only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting forth requirements for documenting the elections and any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke elections. This amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly is declaratory of existing law;

- (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with the federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and
- (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership, taxable income determined in accordance with Section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated but which would be taken into account by an individual in calculating his taxable income.
- (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years related to that asset or business that generated the non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding taxable years.
- (f) Valuation limitation amount.
 - (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G),
 - (c) (2) (I) and (d)(2) (E) is an amount equal to:
 - (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus
 - (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of capital gain) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).
 - (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.
 - (A) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized and reportable for federal income tax purposes in respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of such property.
 - (B) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is that amount which bears the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the

property for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding period for the property.

- (C) The Department shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this paragraph.
- (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item to be deducted more than once.
- (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or in the amount of such items entering into the computation of base income and net income under this Act for such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of August 1, 1969 or otherwise. (Source: P.A. 95-23, eff. 8-3-07; 95-233, eff. 8-16-07; 95-286, eff. 8-20-07; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-707, eff. 1-11-08; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198, eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09; 96-835, eff. 12-16-09.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 1826**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2551

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2551

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2551

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 2551 on page 7, line 20, by inserting after the period the following:

"If the investigation, arrest or arrests and prosecution leading to the forfeiture were undertaken by the Attorney General, the portion provided hereunder shall be paid into the Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection Fund in the State treasury to be used by the Attorney General in accordance with law."; and

on page 8, lines 1 and 2, by replacing "State Asset Forfeiture Fund" with "Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection Fund"; and

on page 8, line 6, by replacing "State Asset Forfeiture Fund" with "State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor Anti-Corruption Fund"; and

on page 8, lines 17 and 18, by replacing "State Asset Forfeiture Fund" with "Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection Fund"; and

on page 9, by replacing lines 2 through 5 with the following:

"(h) All moneys deposited pursuant to this Act in the State Asset Forfeiture Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Department of State Police in the manner set forth in this Section. All moneys deposited pursuant to this Act in the Attorney General's Whistleblower Reward and Protection Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Attorney General for State law enforcement purposes and for the performance of the duties of that office. All moneys deposited pursuant to this Act in the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor Anti-Corruption Fund shall, subject to appropriation, be used by the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor in the manner set forth in this Section."; and

on page 19, by inserting immediately below line 9 the following:

"Section 55. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Section 5.755 as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.755 new)

Sec. 5.755. The State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor Anti-Corruption Fund.".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 2551**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3047

A bill for AN ACT concerning health care.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3047

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 3047

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3047

AMENDMENT NO. 1_. Amend Senate Bill 3047 on page 2, line 15, by replacing "accomplish" with "accomplish, subject to appropriation,"; and

on page 5, by replacing lines 13 through 15 with the following:

"30, 2005. Each State Representative and State Senator located in each such congressional district shall be invited to participate in each the hearing in that district and help to gather"; and

on page 6, line 1, after "insurers,", by inserting "pharmaceutical manufacturers,".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3047

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 3047 on page 5, line 25, after "consumers," by inserting "hospitals, labor unions,".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3047**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3070

A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 3070

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3070

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend Senate Bill 3070 as follows:

on page 2, by replacing lines 14 and 15 with the following:

"level and the Agency issues a notice under subdivision (a)(2)(B) of Section 25d-3 of this Act based on

[April 30, 2010]

the presence of the carcinogenic volatile organic compound, the owner or operator of the community water system shall, within 45 days after the date the Agency issues the notice under subdivision (a)(2)(B) of Section 25d-3 of this Act, submit to the Agency a response plan"; and

on page 2, by replacing line 20 with the following:

"in the finished water. The response plan shall also include periodic sampling designed to measure and verify the effectiveness of the response plan."; and

on page 2, by replacing line 23 with the following:

"system shall implement the plan. In approving, modifying, or denying a plan required under this Section, the Agency shall take into account the technical feasibility and economic reasonableness of the plan and any modification to the plan. The owner or operator shall"; and

on page 2, line 26, by replacing "must" with "shall"; and

on page 3, immediately below line 6, by inserting the following:

- "(d)(1) No person required to submit a response plan under subsection (c) of this Section shall fail to submit the plan in accordance with the requirements of subsection (c).
- (2) No person required to implement a response plan under subdivision (c)(1) of this Section shall fail to implement the plan in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (c)(1).
- (3) No person required to submit a status report or a response completion report under subdivision(c)(1) of this Section shall fail to submit the report in accordance with the requirements of subdivision (c)(1)."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3070**, with House Amendment No. 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3747

A bill for AN ACT concerning real property.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3747

Passed the House, as amended, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3747

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend Senate Bill 3747, on page 3, by replacing line 22 with "a covenant or declaration;"; and

on page 4, by replacing line 3 with the following:

"association or its authorized agent; or

"(8) Any fee, charge, assessment or other amount payable to an entity exempt from

taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code whose purpose includes the conservation of land, natural areas, open space or water areas or the preservation of native plants or animals, biotic communities or geographic formations located within the same subdivision or planned unit development or within one-half mile of the real property to which the transfer fee covenant attaches for the exclusive or non-exclusive use and benefit of the owners of that real property."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3747**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 387

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

SENATE BILL NO. 2350

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

SENATE BILL NO. 2497

A bill for AN ACT concerning government.

SENATE BILL NO. 2499

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

SENATE BILL NO. 3028

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

SENATE BILL NO. 3029

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Passed the House, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2605

A bill for AN ACT concerning children.

SENATE BILL NO. 3173

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Passed the House, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3117

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

SENATE BILL NO. 3288

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

SENATE BILL NO. 3389

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

SENATE BILL NO. 3543

A bill for AN ACT concerning children.

SENATE BILL NO. 3588

A bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

SENATE BILL NO. 3637

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

Passed the House, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3546

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

SENATE BILL NO. 3706

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

Passed the House, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of the following joint resolution, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 87

Concurred in by the House, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of the following joint resolution, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 114

Concurred in by the House, April 29, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Crotty, **House Bill No. 2332** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2332

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 2332 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Missing Persons Identification Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows: (50 ILCS 722/1)

Sec. 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as <u>the</u> the Missing Persons Identification Act. (Source: P.A. 95-192, eff. 8-16-07.)".

Senator Crotty offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 2332

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 2332, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Township Code is amended by changing Sections 50-5 and 50-15 as follows: (60 ILCS 1/50-5)

Sec. 50-5. Time of election and terms outside Cook County.

- (a) Except as provided for Cook County in Section 50-10, and subject to the requirements of the general election law and the referendum provisions in Sections 50-25 and 50-30, at the time of the regular township election provided in the general election law, there shall be elected one township collector. Except as provided in subsection (a) of Section 50-15, the The collector shall hold his or her office for a term of 4 years and until a successor is elected and qualified.
- (b) At the time of the regular township election provided in the general election law, there shall be elected a township supervisor. The supervisor shall be ex-officio supervisor of general assistance. The supervisor shall hold office for a term of 4 years and until a successor is elected and qualified.
- (c) At the time of the regular township election provided in the general election law, there shall be elected one township clerk. The clerk shall hold office for a term of 4 years and until a successor is elected and qualified.

(d) At the time of the regular township election provided in the general election law, there shall be elected by ballot one township or multi-township assessor, as the case may be, in the manner provided in the general election law. Except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 50-15, the The assessor shall hold office for a term of 4 years and until a successor is elected and qualified.

(Source: P.A. 82-783; 88-62.)

(60 ILCS 1/50-15)

Sec. 50-15. Time of entering upon duties.

(a) In all counties, the township collectors elected at the township election shall enter upon their duties on January 1 next following their election and qualification <u>until after the first election following the</u> effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

In all counties, the term of the township collector elected at the first election following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall begin on January 1 next following his or her election and shall end on the third Monday of May following the next election. Thereafter, all township collectors shall serve a term of 4 years beginning on the third Monday of May following their election.

- (b) In all counties, township supervisors and township clerks shall enter upon their duties on the third Monday of May following their election.
- (c) Beginning with elections in 1981 and through the election immediately preceding the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly in all counties, the township and multi-township assessors shall enter upon their duties on January 1 next following their election.

In all counties, the term of the assessor or multi-township assessor elected at the first election following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall begin on January 1 next following his or her election and shall end on the third Monday of May following the next election. Thereafter, all assessors or multi-township assessors shall serve a term of 4 years beginning on the third Monday of May following their election.

(Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Wilhelmi, **House Bill No. 2369** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Senate Committee Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Assignments.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 2369

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 2369 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by changing Section 1-5 as follows:

Sec. 1-5. Public policy. It is the the purpose of this Code and is declared to be the policy of the State that the principles of competitive bidding and economical procurement practices shall be applicable to all purchases and contracts by or for any State agency.

(Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date - See Sec. 99-5.)".

Senator Wilhelmi offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 2369

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 2369, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Finance Authority Act is amended by adding Sections 825-105 and 825-110 as follows:

(20 ILCS 3501/825-105 new)

[April 30, 2010]

Sec. 825-105. Implementation of ARRA provisions regarding recovery zone bonds.

(a) Findings.

Recovery zone bonds authorized by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 are an important economic development tool for the State. All counties in the State and municipalities in the State with a population of 100,000 or more have received an allocation of recovery zone bond authorization. Under federal law, those allocations must be used on or before December 31, 2010. The State strongly encourages counties and municipalities to issue recovery zone bonds to spur economic development in the State. Under federal law, the allocations may be voluntarily waived to the State for reallocation by the State to other jurisdictions and other projects in the State. This Section sets forth the process by which the Authority, on behalf of the State, will receive otherwise unused allocations and ensure that this valuable economic development incentive will be used to the fullest extent feasible for the benefit of the citizens of the State of Illinois.

(b) Definitions.

- (i) "Affected local government" means either any county in the State or a municipality within the State if the municipality has a population of 100,000 or more.
- (ii) "Allocation amount" means the \$666,972,000 amount of recovery zone economic development bonds and \$1,000,457,000 amount of recovery zone facility bonds authorized under ARRA for the financing of qualifying projects located within the State and the sub-allocation of those amounts among each affected local government.
- (iii) "ARRA" means, collectively, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, including, without limitation, Sections 1400U-1, 1400U-2, and 1400U-3 of the Code; the guidance provided by the Internal Revenue Service applicable to recovery zone bonds; and any legislation subsequently adopted by the United States Congress to extend or expand the economic development bond financing incentives authorized by ARRA.
- (iv) "ARRA implementing regulations" means the regulations promulgated by the Authority as further described in subdivision (d)(iv) of this Section to implement the provisions of this Section.
 - (v) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
 - (vi) "Recovery zone" means any area designated pursuant to Section 1400U-1 of the Code.
- (vii) "Recovery zone bond" means any recovery zone economic development bond or recovery zone facility bond issued pursuant to Sections 1400U-2 and 1400U-3, respectively, of the Code.
- (viii) "Recovery zone bond allocation" means an allocation of authority to issue recovery zone bonds granted pursuant to Section 1400U-1 of the Code.
- (ix) "Regional authority" means the Central Illinois Economic Development Authority, Eastern Illinois Economic Development Authority, Joliet Arsenal Development Authority, Quad Cities Regional Economic Development Authority, Riverdale Development Authority, Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority, Southern Illinois Development Authority, Southwestern Illinois Development Authority, Tri-County River Valley Development Authority, Upper Illinois River Valley Development Authority, Illinois Urban Development Authority, Western Illinois Economic Development Authority, or Will-Kankakee Regional Development Authority.
- (x) "Sub-allocation" means the portion of the allocation amount allocated to each affected local government.
- (xi) "Waived recovery zone bond allocation" means the amount of the recovery zone bond allocation voluntarily waived by an affected local government.
- (xii) "Waiver agreement" means an agreement between the Authority and an affected local government providing for the voluntary waiver, in whole or in part, of that affected local government's sub-allocation to the Authority. The waiver agreement may provide for the payment of an affected local government's reasonable fees and costs as determined by the Authority in connection with the affected local government's voluntary waiver of its sub-allocation.

(c) Additional findings.

- It is found and declared that:
- (i) it is in the public interest and for the benefit of the State to maximize the use of economic development incentives authorized by ARRA;
- (ii) those incentives include the maximum use of the allocation amount for the issuance of recovery zone bonds to promote job creation and economic development in any area that has been designated as a recovery zone by an affected local government under the applicable provisions of ARRA;
 - (iii) those incentives also include the issuance by the Authority of recovery zone bonds for the

purposes of financing qualifying projects to be financed with proceeds of recovery zone bonds; and

(iv) the provisions of this Section reflect the State's determination in good faith and in its discretion of the reasonable manner in which waived recovery zone bond allocations should be reallocated by the Authority.

(d) Powers of Authority.

(i) In order to carry out the provisions of ARRA and further the purposes of this Section, the Authority has:

(A) the power to receive from any affected local government its sub-allocation that it voluntarily waives to the Authority, in whole or in part, for reallocation by the Authority to a regional authority specifically designated by that affected local government, and the Authority shall reallocate that waived recovery zone bond allocation to the regional authority specifically designated by that affected local government; provided that (1) the affected local government must take official action by resolution or ordinance, as applicable, to waive the sub-allocation to the Authority and specifically designate that its waived recovery zone bond allocation should be reallocated to a regional authority; (2) the regional authority must use the sub-allocation to issue recovery zone bonds on or before August 16, 2010 and, if recovery zone bonds are not issued on or before August 16, 2010, the sub-allocation shall be deemed waived to the Authority for reallocation by the Authority to qualifying projects; and (3) the proceeds of the recovery zone bonds must be used for qualified projects within the jurisdiction of the applicable regional authority;

(B) at the Authority's sole discretion, the power to reallocate any sub-allocation deemed waived to the Authority pursuant to subsection (d)(i)(A)(2) back to the regional authority that had the sub-allocation;

(C) the power to enter into waiver agreements with affected local governments to provide for their voluntary waivers, in whole or in part, of their sub-allocations, to receive waived recovery zone bond allocations from those affected local governments, and to use those waived recovery zone bond allocations, in whole or in part, to issue recovery zone bonds of the Authority for qualifying projects or to reallocate those waived recovery zone bond allocations, in whole or in part, to a county or municipality to issue its own recovery zone bonds for qualifying projects;

(D) the power to designate areas within the State as recovery zones or all of the State as a recovery zone; and

(E) the power to issue recovery zone bonds for any project authorized to be financed with proceeds thereof under the applicable provisions of ARRA.

(ii) In addition to the powers set forth in item (i), the Authority shall be the sole recipient, on behalf of the State, of any waived recovery zone bond allocations. Recovery zone bond allocations can be waived to the Authority only by voluntary waiver as provided in this Section.

(iii) In addition to the powers set forth in items (i) and (ii), the Authority has any powers otherwise enjoyed by the Authority in connection with the issuance of its bonds if those powers are not in conflict with any provisions with respect to recovery zone bonds set forth in ARRA.

(iv) The Authority has the power to adopt regulations providing for the implementation of any of the provisions contained in this Section, including provisions regarding waiver agreements and the reallocation of all or any portion of the allocation amount and sub-allocations and the issuance of recovery zone bonds; except that those regulations shall not (1) apply to or affect any designation of a recovery zone by a county or municipality, (2) provide for any waiver or reallocation of an affected local government's sub-allocation other than a voluntary waiver as described in subsection (d), or (3) be inconsistent with the provisions of subsection (d)(i). Regulations adopted by the Authority for determining reallocation of all or any portion of a waived recovery zone bond allocation may include, but are not limited to, (1) the ability of the county or municipality to issue recovery zone bonds on or before December 31, 2010, (2) the amount of jobs that will be retained or created, or both, by the qualifying project to be financed by recovery zone bonds, and (3) the geographical proximity of the qualifying project to be financed by recovery zone bonds to a county or municipality that voluntarily waived its sub-allocation to the Authority.

(v) Unless extended by an act of the United States Congress, no recovery zone bonds may be issued after December 31, 2010.

(e) Established dates for notice.

Any affected local government or any regional authority that has issued recovery zone bonds on or before the effective date of this Section must report its issuance of recovery zone bonds to the Authority within 30 days after the effective date of this Section. After the effective date of this Section, any

affected local government or any regional authority must report its issuance of recovery zone bonds to the Authority not less than 30 days after those bonds are issued.

(f) Reports to the General Assembly.

Starting 60 days after the effective date of this Section and ending on January 15, 2011, the Authority shall file a report before the 15th day of each month with the General Assembly detailing its implementation of this Section, including but not limited to the dollar amount of the allocation amount that has been reallocated by the Authority pursuant to this Section, the recovery zone bonds issued in the State as of the date of the report, and descriptions of the qualifying projects financed by those recovery zone bonds.

(20 ILCS 3501/825-110 new)

Sec. 825-110. Implementation of ARRA provisions regarding qualified energy conservation bonds.

(a) Definitions.

- (i) "Affected local government" means any county or municipality within the State if the county or municipality has a population of 100,000 or more, as defined in Section 54D(e)(2)(C) of the Code.
- (ii) "Allocation amount" means the \$133,846,000 amount of qualified energy conservation bonds authorized under ARRA for the financing of qualifying projects located within the State and the sub-allocation of those amounts among each affected local government.
- (iii) "ARRA" means, collectively, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, including, without limitation, Section 54D of the Code; the guidance provided by the Internal Revenue Service applicable to qualified energy conservation bonds; and any legislation subsequently adopted by the United States Congress to extend or expand the economic development bond financing incentives authorized by ARRA.
- (iv) "ARRA implementing regulations" means the regulations promulgated by the Authority as further described in subdivision (c)(iv) of this Section to implement the provisions of this Section.
 - (v) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (vi) "Qualified energy conservation bond" means any qualified energy conservation bond issued pursuant to Section 54D of the Code.
- (vii) "Qualified energy conservation bond allocation" means an allocation of authority to issue qualified energy conservation bonds granted pursuant to Section 54D of the Code.
- (viii) "Regional authority" means the Central Illinois Economic Development Authority, Eastern Illinois Economic Development Authority, Joliet Arsenal Development Authority, Quad Cities Regional Economic Development Authority, Riverdale Development Authority, Southeastern Illinois Economic Development Authority, Southern Illinois Development Authority, Southeastern Illinois Development Authority, Tri-County River Valley Development Authority, Upper Illinois River Valley Development Authority, Illinois Urban Development Authority, Western Illinois Economic Development Authority, or Will-Kankakee Regional Development Authority.
- (ix) "Sub-allocation" means the portion of the allocation amount allocated to each affected local government.
- (x) "Waived qualified energy conservation bond allocation" means the amount of the qualified energy conservation bond allocation that an affected local government elects to reallocate to the State pursuant to Section 54D(e)(2)(B) of the Code.
- (xi) "Waiver agreement" means an agreement between the Authority and an affected local government providing for the reallocation, in whole or in part, of that affected local government's sub-allocation to the Authority. The waiver agreement may provide for the payment of an affected local government's reasonable fees and costs as determined by the Authority in connection with the affected local government's reallocation of its sub-allocation.

(b) Findings.

It is found and declared that:

- (i) it is in the public interest and for the benefit of the State to maximize the use of economic development incentives authorized by ARRA;
- (ii) those incentives include the maximum use of the allocation amount for the issuance of qualified energy conservation bonds to promote energy conservation under the applicable provisions of ARRA; and
- (iii) those incentives also include the issuance by the Authority of qualified energy conservation bonds for the purposes of financing qualifying projects to be financed with proceeds of qualified energy conservation bonds.

(c) Powers of Authority.

(i) In order to carry out the provisions of ARRA and further the purposes of this Section, the Authority has:

(A) the power to receive from any affected local government its sub-allocation that it voluntarily waives to the Authority, in whole or in part, for allocation by the Authority to a regional authority specifically designated by that affected local government, and the Authority shall reallocate that waived qualified energy conservation bond allocation to the regional authority specifically designated by that affected local government; provided that (1) the affected local government must take official action by resolution or ordinance, as applicable, to waive the sub-allocation to the Authority and specifically designate that its waived qualified energy conservation bond allocation should be reallocated to a regional authority; (2) the regional authority must use the sub-allocation to issue qualified energy conservation bonds on or before August 16, 2010 and, if qualified energy conservation bonds are not issued on or before August 16, 2010, the sub-allocation shall be deemed waived to the Authority for reallocation by the Authority to qualifying projects; and (3) the proceeds of the qualified energy conservation bonds must be used for qualified projects within the jurisdiction of the applicable regional authority;

(B) at the Authority's sole discretion, the power to reallocate any sub-allocation deemed waived to the Authority pursuant to subsection (c)(i)(A)(2) back to the Regional Authority that had the sub-allocation;

(C) the power to enter into waiver agreements with affected local governments to provide for the reallocation, in whole or in part, of their sub-allocations, to receive waived qualified energy conservation bond allocations from those affected local governments, and to use those waived qualified energy conservation bond allocations, in whole or in part, to issue qualified energy conservation bonds of the Authority for qualifying projects or to reallocate those qualified energy conservation bond allocations, in whole or in part, to a county or municipality to issue its own energy conservation bonds for qualifying projects; and

(D) the power to issue qualified energy conservation bonds for any project authorized to be financed with proceeds thereof under the applicable provisions of ARRA.

(ii) In addition to the powers set forth in item (i), the Authority shall be the sole recipient, on behalf of the State, of any waived qualified energy conservation bond allocations. Qualified energy conservation bond allocations can be reallocated to the Authority only by voluntary waiver as provided in this Section.

(iii) In addition to the powers set forth in items (i) and (ii), the Authority has any powers otherwise enjoyed by the Authority in connection with the issuance of its bonds if those powers are not in conflict with any provisions with respect to qualified energy conservation bonds set forth in ARRA.

(iv) The Authority has the power to adopt regulations providing for the implementation of any of the provisions contained in this Section, including the provisions regarding waiver agreements and reallocation of all or any portion of the allocation amount and sub-allocations and the issuance of qualified energy conservation bonds; except that those regulations shall not (1) provide any waiver or reallocation of an affected local government's sub-allocation other than a voluntary waiver as described in subsection (c) or (2) be inconsistent with the provisions of subsection (c)(i). Regulations adopted by the Authority for determining reallocation of all or any portion of a waived qualified energy conservation allocation may include, but are not limited to, (1) the ability of the county or municipality to issue qualified energy conservation bonds by the end of a given calendar year, (2) the amount of jobs that will be retained or created, or both, by the qualifying project to be financed by qualified energy conservation bonds, and (3) the geographical proximity of the qualifying project to be financed by qualified energy conservation bonds to a municipality or county that reallocated its sub-allocation to the Authority.

(d) Established dates for notice.

Any affected local government or regional authority that has issued qualified energy conservation bonds on or before the effective date of this Section must report its issuance of qualified energy conservation bonds to the Authority within 30 days after the effective date of this Section. After the effective date of this Section, any affected local government or any regional authority must report its issuance of qualified energy conservation bonds to the Authority not less than 30 days after those bonds are issued.

(e) Reports to the General Assembly.

[April 30, 2010]

Starting 60 days after the effective date of this Section and ending when there is no longer any allocation amount, the Authority shall file a report before the 15th day of each month with the General Assembly detailing its implementation of this Section, including but not limited to the dollar amount of the allocation amount that has been reallocated by the Authority pursuant to this Section, the qualified energy conservation bonds issued in the State as of the date of the report, and descriptions of the qualifying projects financed by those qualified energy conservation bonds.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Frerichs, **House Bill No. 4652** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Koehler, House Bill No. 4778 was taken up, read by title a second time.

Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Transportation.

There being no further amendments, the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Wilhelmi, **House Bill No. 4815** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Local Government, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 4815

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 4815 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Fire Protection District Act is amended by changing Section 1.01 as follows: (70 ILCS 705/1.01) (from Ch. 127 1/2, par. 21a)

Sec. 1.01. Where an election has been held to organize any territory as a Fire Protection District under this Act, at which election a majority of the the votes cast in the territory proposed to be organized was against the organization of a Fire Protection District, or in case a city, village or incorporated town is in the territory sought to be organized, then if the proposition failed to receive a majority of the votes cast either in such city, village or incorporated town or in the territory outside of such city, village or incorporated town, then no subsequent election shall be held to organize such territory, or any part thereof, into a Fire Protection District for a period of one year after such election. (Source: P.A. 84-1421.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Delgado, **House Bill No. 4825** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Steans, **House Bill No. 4966** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Luechtefeld, **House Bill No. 4973** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Local Government, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 4973

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 4973 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by adding Section 11-5.3-2 as follows: (65 ILCS 5/11-5.3-2 new)

Sec. 11-5.3-2. False alarms.

- (a) The corporate authorities of each municipality may, by ordinance, impose a fine against persons making more than 3 false alarms within a 12-month period at a single location. The fine may not exceed the following: (i) \$50 per false alarm for the fourth through sixth false alarm, (ii) \$100 per false alarm for the seventh through tenth false alarm, and (iii) \$200 per false alarm for the eleventh or subsequent false alarm.
 - (b) The following may not be considered false alarms:
- (1) Alarms activated by the installation, repair, maintenance, or testing of an alarm if the appropriate public safety agency is notified in advance by the alarm company or alarm user conducting the installation, repair, maintenance, or testing. Failure of the alarm company or alarm user conducting the installation, repair, maintenance, or testing to notify the designated emergency services agency shall not result in a false alarm designation or fine for the alarm user.
- (2) Alarms activated by the installation, repair, or testing of telephone or electrical lines or related equipment.
- (3) Alarms activated by an act of God including, but not limited to, earthquakes, floods, winds, or storms.
 - (4) Alarms activated by an attempted illegal entry of which there is physical evidence.
- (5) Alarms activated by an individual or group of individuals engaged in or assisting in the act of retail theft in violation of Article 16A of the Criminal Code of 1961.
 - (6) Alarms activated by a surge or loss of electrical power or telephone service to the alarm system.
- (7) Alarms in buildings open to the public that are activated by a member of the public when a situation requiring the response of police, fire, or emergency medical services does not exist.
- (c) Each municipality adopting a false alarm ordinance shall designate one emergency services contact for alarm companies and alarm users to notify in the event the activity of the alarm company or alarm user may or does trigger a false alarm. The emergency services agency designated by the municipality shall notify the alarm user, in writing, within 14 days after each recorded false alarm. The alarm user shall have 14 days to appeal the designation. The municipality shall annually publish the contact number of the designated emergency services contact in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality. If there is no newspaper of general circulation within the municipality must publish the contact number in a newspaper of general circulation within the county.
- (d) An alarm user may raise as an affirmative defense to a violation of this Section that the alarm user has taken all reasonable measures to eliminate false alarms. Those reasonable measures must include all of the following:
- (1) using an alarm system that is installed and maintained by a properly licensed private alarm contractor;
- (2) having documentary evidence that the alarm system was installed, inspected, or tested by a properly licensed private alarm contractor within the previous 12 months; and
- (3) making every reasonable effort to have a responsible person arrive at the protected premises within 45 minutes if requested by the emergency services contact to perform one or more of the following acts: (i) deactivate the alarm system, (ii) provide access to the alarm location, or (iii) provide alternative security for the alarm location.
- (e) For the purposes of this Section, "alarm company" means any firm, person, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity required to be licensed by the State under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 that, with respect to any alarm installed upon any premises within the municipality, has servicing, maintenance, or monitoring duties or responsibilities under the terms of any agreement or arrangement with an alarm user.
- For the purposes of this Section, "alarm user" means any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity in control of any building, premise, structure, or facility upon which an alarm is maintained.

For the purposes of this Section, "false alarm" means any alarm system activated in the absence of a situation reasonably believed to require the response of police, fire, or emergency medical services.

(f) A home rule municipality may not regulate false alarms in a manner that is more restrictive than this Act. This Section is a limitation under subsection (i) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution on the concurrent exercise by home rule units of powers and functions exercised by the State. ".

Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 was held in the Committee on Assignments.

Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 was referred to the Committee on Assignments earlier today.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Koehler, **House Bill No. 4984** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Senator Koehler offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 4984

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4984 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Private Business and Vocational Schools Act is amended by changing Sections 6, 9, and 13 as follows:

(105 ILCS 425/6) (from Ch. 144, par. 141)

- Sec. 6. Application for certificate Contents. Every person, partnership or corporation doing business in Illinois desiring to obtain a certificate of approval shall make a signed and verified application to the Superintendent upon forms prepared and furnished by the Superintendent, which forms shall include the following information:
 - 1. The legal title and name of the school, together with ownership and controlling officers, members, and managing employees.
 - The specific courses of instruction which will be offered, and the specific purposes of such instruction.
 - 3. The place or places where such instruction will be given and a description of the physical and sanitary facilities thereof.
 - 4. A written inspection report of approval by the State Fire Marshal or his designee for use of the premises as a school.
 - 5. A specific listing of the equipment available for instruction in each course of instruction, with the maximum enrollment that such equipment will accommodate.
 - 6. The names, addresses and current status of all schools of which each applicant has previously owned any interest, and a declaration as to whether any of these schools were ever denied accreditation or licensing, or, lost accreditation or licensing from any governmental body or accrediting agency.
 - 7. The educational and teaching qualifications of instructors in each course and subject of instruction, and the teacher to student ratio established by rule by the superintendent pursuant to industry standards and after soliciting and receiving comments by the schools in each industry.
 - 7.1. The qualifications of administrators.
 - 8. The financial resources available to establish and maintain the school, documented by a current balance sheet and income statement prepared and certified by an accountant or any such similar evidence as required by the Superintendent.
 - 9. A continuous surety company bond, written by a company authorized to do business in this State, for the protection of the contractual rights including faithful performance of all contracts and agreements for students, their parents, guardians, or sponsors in a sum of up to \$100,000, except that when the unearned prepaid tuition for Illinois students in the possession of the school, as annually determined by the Superintendent, exceeds \$100,000 the bond shall be in an amount equal to the greatest amount of prepaid tuition in the school's possession. In lieu of a surety bond, an applicant may, with the advanced approval of the State Board of Education prior to January 1, 2007, deposit with the State Board of Education as security a certificate of deposit of any bank organized or transacting business in the United States in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of the required bond. The applicant must first satisfy the State Board of Education that the certificate of deposit is free and clear of all liens, pledges, security interests, and other encumbrances. The State Board of Education shall perfect a first priority security interest in the certificate of deposit to provide the protection required under this item 9. The certificate of deposit must be held and made payable in accordance with terms and provisions approved in advance by the State Board of Education and must be replaced by a bond meeting the requirements set forth in this item 9 within 180 days after the issuance of the certificate of approval to the applicant. Failure to replace the certificate of deposit with a continuous surety company bond shall result in revocation of the certificate of approval.
 - 10. Annual reports reflecting teacher, equipment and curriculum evaluations.
 - 11. Copies of enrollment agreements and retail installment contracts to be used in Illinois
 - 12. Methods used to collect tuition and procedures for collecting delinquent payments.
 - 13. Copies of all brochures, films, promotional material and written scripts, and media

advertising and promotional literature that may be used to induce students to enroll in courses of instruction

14. Evidence of liability insurance, in such form and amount as the Board shall from

time to time prescribe pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated hereunder, to protect its students and employees at its places of business and at all classroom extensions including any work experience locations

15. Each application for a certificate of approval shall be signed and certified under oath by the school's chief managing employee and also by its individual owner or owners; provided, that if the applicant is a partnership or a corporation, then such application shall be signed and certified under oath by the school's chief managing employee and also by each member of the partnership or each officer of the corporation, as the case may be.

16. If the evaluation of a particular course or facility requires the services of an

expert not employed by the State Board of Education or if in the interest of expediting the approval, a school requests the State Board of Education to employ such an expert, the school shall reimburse the State Board of Education for the reasonable cost of such services.

From July 1, 2010 until June 30, 2012, application forms shall provide that private business and vocational schools that have obtained national accreditation from an accrediting agency designated by the U.S. Department of Education may submit evidence of current accreditation in lieu of responses to the application requests delineated in this Section. Applications submitted on evidence of national accreditation must be approved or denied within 30 days after receipt. If no action is taken within 30 days, the application shall be deemed approved and a certificate of approval must be issued.

(Source: P.A. 94-1060, eff. 7-31-06.)

(105 ILCS 425/9) (from Ch. 144, par. 144)

Sec. 9. Restriction of certificate to courses of instruction indicated in application - Supplementary applications.

Any certificate of approval issued shall restrict the school to the teaching of the courses of instruction indicated in the application for the approval year for which the certificate is issued. Prior to the offering of any additional or supplementary courses of instruction the school shall make application on forms prepared and furnished by the Superintendent and secure approval from the Superintendent and pay the fee prescribed therefor.

From July 1, 2010 until June 30, 2012, supplementary application forms shall provide that private business and vocational schools that have obtained national accreditation for new courses or programs from an accrediting agency designated by the U.S. Department of Education may submit evidence of current accreditation in lieu of other application requests. Supplementary applications submitted on evidence of national accreditation must be approved or denied within 30 days after receipt. If no action is taken within 30 days, the application shall be deemed approved and a certificate of approval must be issued.

(Source: P.A. 83-1484.)

(105 ILCS 425/13) (from Ch. 144, par. 148)

Sec. 13. Annual renewal of certificates and permits. Each school and each sales representative that continues as such shall annually make application upon forms prepared and furnished by the Superintendent to renew its certificate of approval or his or her permit, as the case may be, and shall pay the required annual renewal fee. The Superintendent shall have the authority to designate renewal and expiration dates for all certificates of approval and sales representative's permits. Each such application shall be reviewed annually by the Superintendent.

From July 1, 2010 until June 30, 2012, application forms shall provide that private business and vocational schools that have obtained national accreditation from an accrediting agency designated by the U.S. Department of Education may submit evidence of current accreditation in lieu of other application requests. Applications submitted on evidence of national accreditation must be approved or denied within 30 days after receipt. If no action is taken within 30 days, the application shall be deemed approved and a certificate of approval must be issued.

(Source: P.A. 85-1382.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2010.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Koehler, **House Bill No. 5085** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, **House Bill No. 5331** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Senate Committee Amendment No. 1 was tabled in committee by the sponsor.

Senator Sullivan offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 5331

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 5331 as follows:

on page 4, by inserting immediately below line 11 the following:

"Notwithstanding the payment principles in subsection (b) of this Section, the Department shall develop the Illinois Medicaid Ambulance Fee Schedule using the ground mileage payment rate, as defined by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and no other mileage rates which act as enhancements to the ground mileage rate, whether permanent or temporary, shall be recognized by the Department."; and

on page 4, by replacing lines 23 through 26 with "traveled."; and

on page 5, by replacing lines 1 through 3 with "When a ground"; and

on page 6, by inserting immediately below line 18 the following:

"(g-5) Nothing in this Section prohibits the Department from setting payment rates for State ground ambulance services providers by administrative rule pending the availability of appropriations dedicated to rate increases provided under subsections (c) and (h) of this Section."; and

on page 7, line 5, by replacing "(a) through" with "(c) and".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Noland, **House Bill No. 5429** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Senate Committee Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Assignments.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 5429

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5429 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Homeowners' Solar Rights Act.

Section 5. Legislative intent. The legislative intent in enacting this Act is to protect the public health, safety, and welfare by encouraging the development and use of solar energy systems in order to conserve and protect the value of land, buildings, and resources by preventing the adoption of measures which will have the ultimate effect, however unintended, of preventing the use of solar energy systems on homes.

Section 10. Definitions. In this Act:

"Solar energy" means radiant energy received from the sun at wave lengths suitable for heat transfer, photosynthetic use, or photovoltaic use.

"Solar collector" means:

(1) an assembly, structure, or design, including passive elements, used for gathering, concentrating, or absorbing direct and indirect solar energy, specially designed for holding a substantial amount of useful thermal energy and to transfer that energy to a gas, solid, or liquid or to use that energy directly; or

- (2) a mechanism that absorbs solar energy and converts it into electricity; or
- (3) a mechanism or process used for gathering solar energy through wind or thermal gradients; or
- (4) a component used to transfer thermal energy to a gas, solid, or liquid, or to convert it into electricity.

"Solar storage mechanism" means equipment or elements (such as piping and transfer mechanisms, containers, heat exchangers, or controls thereof, and gases, solids, liquids, or combinations thereof) that are utilized for storing solar energy, gathered by a solar collector, for subsequent use.

"Solar energy system" means:

- (1) a complete assembly, structure, or design of solar collector, or a solar storage mechanism, which uses solar energy for generating electricity or for heating or cooling gases, solids, liquids, or other materials; and
- (2) the design, materials, or elements of a system and its maintenance, operation, and labor components, and the necessary components, if any, of supplemental conventional energy systems designed or constructed to interface with a solar energy system.

Section 15. Associations; prohibitions. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act or other provision of law, the adoption of a bylaw or exercise of any power by the governing entity of a homeowners' association, common interest community association, or condominium unit owners' association which prohibits or has the effect of prohibiting the installation of a solar energy system is expressly prohibited.

Section 20. Deed restrictions; covenants. No deed restrictions, covenants, or similar binding agreements running with the land shall prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting a solar energy system from being installed on a building erected on a lot or parcel covered by the deed restrictions, covenants, or binding agreements. A property owner may not be denied permission to install a solar energy system by any entity granted the power or right in any deed restriction, covenant, or similar binding agreement to approve, forbid, control, or direct alteration of property. However, for purposes of this Act, the entity may determine the specific location where a solar energy system may be installed on the roof within an orientation to the south or within 45 degrees east or west of due south provided that the determination does not impair the effective operation of the solar energy system. Each homeowners' association, common interest community association, or condominium unit owners' association shall adopt an energy policy statement regarding the location, design, and architectural requirements of solar energy systems within 120 days after an association receives a request for a policy statement or an application from an association member. An association shall disclose, upon request, its energy policy statement and shall include the statement in its homeowners', common interest community, or condominium unit owners' association declaration.

Section 25. Standards and requirements. A solar energy system shall meet applicable standards and requirements imposed by State and local permitting authorities.

Section 30. Application for approval. Whenever approval is required for the installation or use of a solar energy system, the application for approval shall be processed by the appropriate approving entity of the association within 90 days after the submission of the application. However, if an application is submitted before an energy policy statement is adopted by an association, the 90 day period shall not begin to run until the date that the policy is adopted.

Section 35. Violations. Any entity, other than a public entity, that willfully violates this Act shall be liable to the applicant for actual damages occasioned thereby and for any other consequential damages. Any entity that complies with the requirements of this Act shall not be liable to any other resident or third party for such compliance.

Section 40. Costs; attorney's fees. In any litigation arising under this Act, the prevailing party shall be entitled to costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

Section 45. Inapplicability. This Act shall not apply to any building which is greater than 30 feet in height.".

Senator Noland offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 5429

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 5429, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2, on page 1, line 12, by replacing "homes" with "any home that is subject to a homeowners' association, common interest community association, or condominium unit owners' association"; and

on page 3, line 16, after "agreements", by inserting ", if the building is subject to a homeowners' association, common interest community association, or condominium unit owners' association".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Pankau, **House Bill No. 6034** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Public Health, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6034

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 6034 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 2310-655 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-655 new)

Sec. 2310-655. Technical assistance on playgrounds. The Department of Public Health shall develop a technical assistance program on public playground issues in the play areas of parks, schools, and recreational developments. The program may be presented annually and may be available through the Department's website. The Department may inform public health entities within this State of the program. A representative from each affected entity in the State may participate in the program.

The Department shall develop technical assistance materials based on guidelines or standards such as the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's guidelines, the U.S. Access Board final guidelines, or the standards of the American Society for Testing and Materials by June 30, 2011. The technical assistance materials may include a recommended timeframe by which entities in this State that own or manage playgrounds may meet the guidelines of the rules.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed as imposing any mandate concerning equipment in restaurants or dwellings."

Senator Pankau offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 6034

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 6034, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding Section 2310-655 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-655 new)

Sec. 2310-655. Technical assistance on playgrounds. The Department of Public Health shall provide technical assistance materials based on guidelines or standards such as the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission's guidelines, the U.S. Access Board final guidelines, or the standards of the American Society for Testing and Materials by June 30, 2011. The materials may be available on the Department's website.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed as imposing any mandate concerning equipment in restaurants or dwellings."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Martinez, **House Bill No. 6113** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Financial Institutions, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6113

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 6113 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 15-1508 as follows:

(735 ILCS 5/15-1508) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1508)

Sec. 15-1508. Report of Sale and Confirmation of Sale.

- (a) Report. The person conducting the sale shall promptly make a report to the court, which report shall include a copy of all receipts and, if any, certificate of sale.
- (b) Hearing. Upon motion and notice in accordance with court rules applicable to motions generally, which motion shall not be made prior to sale, the court shall conduct a hearing to confirm the sale. Unless the court finds that (i) a notice required in accordance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 was not given, (ii) the terms of sale were unconscionable, (iii) the sale was conducted fraudulently or (iv) that justice was otherwise not done, the court shall then enter an order confirming the sale. The confirmation order shall include a name, address, and telephone number of the holder of the certificate of sale or deed issued pursuant to that certificate or, if no certificate or deed was issued, the purchaser, whom a municipality or county may contact with concerns about the real estate. The confirmation order may also:
 - (1) approve the mortgagee's fees and costs arising between the entry of the judgment of foreclosure and the confirmation hearing, those costs and fees to be allowable to the same extent as provided in the note and mortgage and in Section 15-1504;
 - (2) provide for a personal judgment against any party for a deficiency; and
 - (3) determine the priority of the judgments of parties who deferred proving the priority pursuant to subsection (h) of Section 15-1506, but the court shall not defer confirming the sale pending the determination of such priority.
- (b-5) Notice with respect to residential real estate. With respect to residential real estate, the notice required under subsection (b) of this Section shall be sent to the mortgagor even if the mortgagor has previously been held in default. In the event the mortgagor has filed an appearance, the notice shall be sent to the address indicated on the appearance. In all other cases, the notice shall be sent to the mortgagor at the common address of the foreclosed property. The notice shall be sent by first class mail. Unless the right to possession has been previously terminated by the court, the notice shall include the following language in 12-point boldface capitalized type:

IF YOU ARE THE MORTGAGOR (HOMEOWNER), YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REMAIN IN POSSESSION FOR 30 DAYS AFTER ENTRY OF AN ORDER OF POSSESSION, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 15-1701(c) OF THE ILLINOIS MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE LAW. YOU NEED TO ARRANGE TO REMOVE ALL OF YOUR PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM THE FORECLOSED PROPERTY WITHIN THAT 30-DAY PERIOD.

- (b-10) Notice of confirmation order sent to municipality or county. A copy of the confirmation order required under subsection (b) shall be sent to the municipality in which the foreclosed property is located, or to the county within the boundary of which the foreclosed property is located if the foreclosed property is located in an unincorporated territory. A municipality or county must clearly publish on its website a single address to which such notice shall be sent. If a municipality or county does not maintain a website, then the municipality or county must publicly post in its main office a single address to which such notice shall be sent. In the event that a municipality or county has not complied with the publication requirement in this subsection (b-10), then such notice to the municipality or county shall be provided pursuant to Section 2-211 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (c) Failure to Give Notice. If any sale is held without compliance with subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 of this Article, any party entitled to the notice provided for in paragraph (3) of that subsection (c) who was not so notified may, by motion supported by affidavit made prior to confirmation of such sale, ask the court which entered the judgment to set aside the sale. Any such party shall guarantee or secure by bond a bid equal to the successful bid at the prior sale, unless the party seeking to set aside the sale is the mortgagor, the real estate sold at the sale is residential real estate, and the mortgagor occupies

the residential real estate at the time the motion is filed. In that event, no guarantee or bond shall be required of the mortgagor. Any subsequent sale is subject to the same notice requirement as the original sale.

- (d) Validity of Sale. Except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 15-1508, no sale under this Article shall be held invalid or be set aside because of any defect in the notice thereof or in the publication of the same, or in the proceedings of the officer conducting the sale, except upon good cause shown in a hearing pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 15-1508. At any time after a sale has occurred, any party entitled to notice under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 may recover from the mortgagee any damages caused by the mortgagee's failure to comply with such paragraph (3). Any party who recovers damages in a judicial proceeding brought under this subsection may also recover from the mortgagee the reasonable expenses of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- (e) Deficiency Judgment. In any order confirming a sale pursuant to the judgment of foreclosure, the court shall also enter a personal judgment for deficiency against any party (i) if otherwise authorized and (ii) to the extent requested in the complaint and proven upon presentation of the report of sale in accordance with Section 15-1508. Except as otherwise provided in this Article, a judgment may be entered for any balance of money that may be found due to the plaintiff, over and above the proceeds of the sale or sales, and enforcement may be had for the collection of such balance, the same as when the judgment is solely for the payment of money. Such judgment may be entered, or enforcement had, only in cases where personal service has been had upon the persons personally liable for the mortgage indebtedness, unless they have entered their appearance in the foreclosure action.
- (f) Satisfaction. Upon confirmation of the sale, the judgment stands satisfied to the extent of the sale price less expenses and costs. If the order confirming the sale includes a deficiency judgment, the judgment shall become a lien in the manner of any other judgment for the payment of money.
- (g) The order confirming the sale shall include, notwithstanding any previous orders awarding possession during the pendency of the foreclosure, an award to the purchaser of possession of the mortgaged real estate, as of the date 30 days after the entry of the order, against the parties to the foreclosure whose interests have been terminated.

An order of possession authorizing the removal of a person from possession of the mortgaged real estate shall be entered and enforced only against those persons personally named as individuals in the complaint or the petition under subsection (h) of Section 15-1701 and in the order of possession and shall not be entered and enforced against any person who is only generically described as an unknown owner or nonrecord claimant or by another generic designation in the complaint.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, the failure to personally name, include, or seek an award of possession of the mortgaged real estate against a person in the confirmation order shall not abrogate any right that the purchaser may have to possession of the mortgaged real estate and to maintain a proceeding against that person for possession under Article 9 of this Code or subsection (h) of Section 15-1701; and possession against a person who (1) has not been personally named as a party to the foreclosure and (2) has not been provided an opportunity to be heard in the foreclosure proceeding may be sought only by maintaining a proceeding under Article 9 of this Code or subsection (h) of Section 15-1701.

(Source: P.A. 95-826, eff. 8-14-08; 96-265, eff. 8-11-09; 96-856, eff. 3-1-10.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect 60 days after becoming law.".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Sullivan, **House Bill No. 6349** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Labor, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6349

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 6349 on page 4, by replacing lines 1 through 10 with the following:

"a period of excessive unemployment in Illinois, <u>if a every</u> person <u>or entity who</u> is charged with the duty, either by law or contract, of (1) constructing or building any public works, <u>as defined in this Act, project or improvement</u> or (2) for the clean-up and on-site disposal of hazardous waste for the State of Illinois or any political subdivision of the State, and that clean-up or on-site disposal is funded or financed in whole or in part with State funds or funds administered by the State of Illinois, then that person or entity

municipal corporation or"; and

on page 6, line 23, by replacing "Department" with "Department of Labor".

Senator Sullivan offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 6349

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 6349, on page 9, line 7, after the period, by inserting "Actions may only be brought (i) 30 days after a complaint has been filed with the Department of Labor by any interested party or person aggrieved by a violation of this Act or (ii) any time after the filing of a complaint if the Department of Labor notifies any interested party or person aggrieved by a violation of this Act that the Department will not proceed with the complaint."; and

on page 9, line 13, by replacing "\$1,000" with "\$500".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 10:31 o'clock a.m., Senator Schoenberg, presiding.

On motion of Senator Clayborne, **House Bill No. 19** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 19

AMENDMENT NO. 11. Amend House Bill 19 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 34-18.13 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/34-18.13) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-18.13)

Sec. 34-18.13. Infectious disease policies <u>and and rules</u>. The Board of Education shall develop policies and adopt rules relating to the appropriate manner of managing children with chronic infectious diseases, not inconsistent with guidelines published by the State Board of Education and the Illinois Department of Public Health. Such policies and rules must include evaluation of students with a chronic infectious disease on an individual case-by-case basis, and may include different provisions for different age groups, classes of instruction, types of educational institution, and other reasonable classifications, as the Board may find appropriate.

(Source: P.A. 86-890; 86-1028.)".

Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 was withdrawn by the sponsor.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Clayborne, $House\ Bill\ No.\ 917$ having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Human Services, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 917

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 917 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Section 5-5 as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/5-5) (from Ch. 23, par. 5-5)

Sec. 5-5. Medical services. The Illinois Department, by rule, shall determine the quantity and quality of and the rate of reimbursement for the medical assistance for which payment will be authorized, and

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the medical services to be provided, which may include all or part of the following: (1) inpatient hospital services; (2) outpatient hospital services; (3) other laboratory and X-ray services; (4) skilled nursing home services; (5) physicians' services whether furnished in the office, the patient's home, a hospital, a skilled nursing home, or elsewhere; (6) medical care, or any other type of remedial care furnished by licensed practitioners; (7) home health care services; (8) private duty nursing service; (9) clinic services; (10) dental services, including prevention and treatment of periodontal disease and dental caries disease for pregnant women; (11) physical therapy and related services; (12) prescribed drugs, dentures, and prosthetic devices; and eyeglasses prescribed by a physician skilled in the diseases of the eye, or by an optometrist, whichever the person may select; (13) other diagnostic, screening, preventive, and rehabilitative services; (14) transportation and such other expenses as may be necessary; (15) medical treatment of sexual assault survivors, as defined in Section 1a of the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment Act, for injuries sustained as a result of the sexual assault, including examinations and laboratory tests to discover evidence which may be used in criminal proceedings arising from the sexual assault; (16) the diagnosis and treatment of sickle cell anemia; and (17) any other medical care, and any other type of remedial care recognized under the laws of this State, but not including abortions, or induced miscarriages or premature births, unless, in the opinion of a physician, such procedures are necessary for the preservation of the life of the woman seeking such treatment, or except an induced premature birth intended to produce a live viable child and such procedure is necessary for the health of the mother or her unborn child. The Illinois Department, by rule, shall prohibit any physician from providing medical assistance to anyone eligible therefor under this Code where such physician has been found guilty of performing an abortion procedure in a wilful and wanton manner upon a woman who was not pregnant at the time such abortion procedure was performed. The term "any other type of remedial care" shall include nursing care and nursing home service for persons who rely on treatment by spiritual means alone through prayer for healing.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a comprehensive tobacco use cessation program that includes purchasing prescription drugs or prescription medical devices approved by the Food and Drug administration shall be covered under the medical assistance program under this Article for persons who are otherwise eligible for assistance under this Article.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, the Illinois Department may not require, as a condition of payment for any laboratory test authorized under this Article, that a physician's handwritten signature appear on the laboratory test order form. The Illinois Department may, however, impose other appropriate requirements regarding laboratory test order documentation.

The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall provide the following services to persons eligible for assistance under this Article who are participating in education, training or employment programs operated by the Department of Human Services as successor to the Department of Public Aid:

- (1) dental services, which shall include but not be limited to prosthodontics; and
- (2) eyeglasses prescribed by a physician skilled in the diseases of the eye, or by an
- optometrist, whichever the person may select.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Code, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall adopt rules for payment of claims for reimbursement for covered dental services that allow a qualified provider of such services to designate an alternate payee. Such an alternate payee may be a public health clinic or Federally Qualified Health Center where dental services covered under this Section are performed. If a qualified provider of covered dental services designates an alternate payee, the provider shall not be required to individually enroll as a participating vendor in the medical assistance program and the Department shall establish a process for making reimbursement payments to the alternate payee.

The Illinois Department, by rule, may distinguish and classify the medical services to be provided only in accordance with the classes of persons designated in Section 5-2.

The Department of Healthcare and Family Services must provide coverage and reimbursement for amino acid-based elemental formulas, regardless of delivery method, for the diagnosis and treatment of (i) eosinophilic disorders and (ii) short bowel syndrome when the prescribing physician has issued a written order stating that the amino acid-based elemental formula is medically necessary.

The Illinois Department shall authorize the provision of, and shall authorize payment for, screening by low-dose mammography for the presence of occult breast cancer for women 35 years of age or older who are eligible for medical assistance under this Article, as follows:

- (A) A baseline mammogram for women 35 to 39 years of age.
- (B) An annual mammogram for women 40 years of age or older.
- (C) A mammogram at the age and intervals considered medically necessary by the woman's health care provider for women under 40 years of age and having a family history of breast cancer,

prior personal history of breast cancer, positive genetic testing, or other risk factors.

for 2 views of an average size breast. The term also includes digital mammography.

(D) A comprehensive ultrasound screening of an entire breast or breasts if a mammogram demonstrates heterogeneous or dense breast tissue, when medically necessary as determined by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches.

All screenings shall include a physical breast exam, instruction on self-examination and information regarding the frequency of self-examination and its value as a preventative tool. For purposes of this Section, "low-dose mammography" means the x-ray examination of the breast using equipment dedicated specifically for mammography, including the x-ray tube, filter, compression device, and image receptor, with an average radiation exposure delivery of less than one rad per breast

On and after July 1, 2008, screening and diagnostic mammography shall be reimbursed at the same rate as the Medicare program's rates, including the increased reimbursement for digital mammography.

The Department shall convene an expert panel including representatives of hospitals, free-standing mammography facilities, and doctors, including radiologists, to establish quality standards. Based on these quality standards, the Department shall provide for bonus payments to mammography facilities meeting the standards for screening and diagnosis. The bonus payments shall be at least 15% higher than the Medicare rates for mammography.

Subject to federal approval, the Department shall establish a rate methodology for mammography at federally qualified health centers and other encounter-rate clinics. These clinics or centers may also collaborate with other hospital-based mammography facilities.

The Department shall establish a methodology to remind women who are age-appropriate for screening mammography, but who have not received a mammogram within the previous 18 months, of the importance and benefit of screening mammography.

The Department shall establish a performance goal for primary care providers with respect to their female patients over age 40 receiving an annual mammogram. This performance goal shall be used to provide additional reimbursement in the form of a quality performance bonus to primary care providers who meet that goal.

The Department shall devise a means of case-managing or patient navigation for beneficiaries diagnosed with breast cancer. This program shall initially operate as a pilot program in areas of the State with the highest incidence of mortality related to breast cancer. At least one pilot program site shall be in the metropolitan Chicago area and at least one site shall be outside the metropolitan Chicago area. An evaluation of the pilot program shall be carried out measuring health outcomes and cost of care for those served by the pilot program compared to similarly situated patients who are not served by the pilot program.

Any medical or health care provider shall immediately recommend, to any pregnant woman who is being provided prenatal services and is suspected of drug abuse or is addicted as defined in the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, referral to a local substance abuse treatment provider licensed by the Department of Human Services or to a licensed hospital which provides substance abuse treatment services. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall assure coverage for the cost of treatment of the drug abuse or addiction for pregnant recipients in accordance with the Illinois Medicaid Program in conjunction with the Department of Human Services.

All medical providers providing medical assistance to pregnant women under this Code shall receive information from the Department on the availability of services under the Drug Free Families with a Future or any comparable program providing case management services for addicted women, including information on appropriate referrals for other social services that may be needed by addicted women in addition to treatment for addiction.

The Illinois Department, in cooperation with the Departments of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse) and Public Health, through a public awareness campaign, may provide information concerning treatment for alcoholism and drug abuse and addiction, prenatal health care, and other pertinent programs directed at reducing the number of drug-affected infants born to recipients of medical assistance.

Neither the Department of Healthcare and Family Services nor the Department of Human Services shall sanction the recipient solely on the basis of her substance abuse.

The Illinois Department shall establish such regulations governing the dispensing of health services under this Article as it shall deem appropriate. The Department should seek the advice of formal professional advisory committees appointed by the Director of the Illinois Department for the purpose of providing regular advice on policy and administrative matters, information dissemination and educational activities for medical and health care providers, and consistency in procedures to the Illinois Department.

The Illinois Department may develop and contract with Partnerships of medical providers to arrange medical services for persons eligible under Section 5-2 of this Code. Implementation of this Section may be by demonstration projects in certain geographic areas. The Partnership shall be represented by a sponsor organization. The Department, by rule, shall develop qualifications for sponsors of Partnerships. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require that the sponsor organization be a medical organization.

The sponsor must negotiate formal written contracts with medical providers for physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital care, home health services, treatment for alcoholism and substance abuse, and other services determined necessary by the Illinois Department by rule for delivery by Partnerships. Physician services must include prenatal and obstetrical care. The Illinois Department shall reimburse medical services delivered by Partnership providers to clients in target areas according to provisions of this Article and the Illinois Health Finance Reform Act, except that:

- (1) Physicians participating in a Partnership and providing certain services, which shall be determined by the Illinois Department, to persons in areas covered by the Partnership may receive an additional surcharge for such services.
- (2) The Department may elect to consider and negotiate financial incentives to encourage the development of Partnerships and the efficient delivery of medical care.
- (3) Persons receiving medical services through Partnerships may receive medical and case management services above the level usually offered through the medical assistance program.

Medical providers shall be required to meet certain qualifications to participate in Partnerships to ensure the delivery of high quality medical services. These qualifications shall be determined by rule of the Illinois Department and may be higher than qualifications for participation in the medical assistance program. Partnership sponsors may prescribe reasonable additional qualifications for participation by medical providers, only with the prior written approval of the Illinois Department.

Nothing in this Section shall limit the free choice of practitioners, hospitals, and other providers of medical services by clients. In order to ensure patient freedom of choice, the Illinois Department shall immediately promulgate all rules and take all other necessary actions so that provided services may be accessed from therapeutically certified optometrists to the full extent of the Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987 without discriminating between service providers.

The Department shall apply for a waiver from the United States Health Care Financing Administration to allow for the implementation of Partnerships under this Section.

The Illinois Department shall require health care providers to maintain records that document the medical care and services provided to recipients of Medical Assistance under this Article. The Illinois Department shall require health care providers to make available, when authorized by the patient, in writing, the medical records in a timely fashion to other health care providers who are treating or serving persons eligible for Medical Assistance under this Article. All dispensers of medical services shall be required to maintain and retain business and professional records sufficient to fully and accurately document the nature, scope, details and receipt of the health care provided to persons eligible for medical assistance under this Code, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Illinois Department. The rules and regulations shall require that proof of the receipt of prescription drugs, dentures, prosthetic devices and eyeglasses by eligible persons under this Section accompany each claim for reimbursement submitted by the dispenser of such medical services. No such claims for reimbursement shall be approved for payment by the Illinois Department without such proof of receipt, unless the Illinois Department shall have put into effect and shall be operating a system of post-payment audit and review which shall, on a sampling basis, be deemed adequate by the Illinois Department to assure that such drugs, dentures, prosthetic devices and eyeglasses for which payment is being made are actually being received by eligible recipients. Within 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1984, the Illinois Department shall establish a current list of acquisition costs for all prosthetic devices and any other items recognized as medical equipment and supplies reimbursable under this Article and shall update such list on a quarterly basis, except that the acquisition costs of all prescription drugs shall be updated no less frequently than every 30 days as required by Section 5-5.12.

The rules and regulations of the Illinois Department shall require that a written statement including the required opinion of a physician shall accompany any claim for reimbursement for abortions, or induced miscarriages or premature births. This statement shall indicate what procedures were used in providing such medical services.

The Illinois Department shall require all dispensers of medical services, other than an individual practitioner or group of practitioners, desiring to participate in the Medical Assistance program established under this Article to disclose all financial, beneficial, ownership, equity, surety or other interests in any and all firms, corporations, partnerships, associations, business enterprises, joint

ventures, agencies, institutions or other legal entities providing any form of health care services in this State under this Article.

The Illinois Department may require that all dispensers of medical services desiring to participate in the medical assistance program established under this Article disclose, under such terms and conditions as the Illinois Department may by rule establish, all inquiries from clients and attorneys regarding medical bills paid by the Illinois Department, which inquiries could indicate potential existence of claims or liens for the Illinois Department.

Enrollment of a vendor that provides non-emergency medical transportation, defined by the Department by rule, shall be conditional for 180 days. During that time, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may terminate the vendor's eligibility to participate in the medical assistance program without cause. That termination of eligibility is not subject to the Department's hearing process.

The Illinois Department shall establish policies, procedures, standards and criteria by rule for the acquisition, repair and replacement of orthotic and prosthetic devices and durable medical equipment. Such rules shall provide, but not be limited to, the following services: (1) immediate repair or replacement of such devices by recipients without medical authorization; and (2) rental, lease, purchase or lease-purchase of durable medical equipment in a cost-effective manner, taking into consideration the recipient's medical prognosis, the extent of the recipient's needs, and the requirements and costs for maintaining such equipment. Such rules shall enable a recipient to temporarily acquire and use alternative or substitute devices or equipment pending repairs or replacements of any device or equipment previously authorized for such recipient by the Department.

The Department shall execute, relative to the nursing home prescreening project, written inter-agency agreements with the Department of Human Services and the Department on Aging, to effect the following: (i) intake procedures and common eligibility criteria for those persons who are receiving non-institutional services; and (ii) the establishment and development of non-institutional services in areas of the State where they are not currently available or are undeveloped.

The Illinois Department shall develop and operate, in cooperation with other State Departments and agencies and in compliance with applicable federal laws and regulations, appropriate and effective systems of health care evaluation and programs for monitoring of utilization of health care services and facilities, as it affects persons eligible for medical assistance under this Code.

The Illinois Department shall report annually to the General Assembly, no later than the second Friday in April of 1979 and each year thereafter, in regard to:

- (a) actual statistics and trends in utilization of medical services by public aid recipients;
- (b) actual statistics and trends in the provision of the various medical services by medical vendors:
- (c) current rate structures and proposed changes in those rate structures for the various medical vendors; and
- (d) efforts at utilization review and control by the Illinois Department.

The period covered by each report shall be the 3 years ending on the June 30 prior to the report. The report shall include suggested legislation for consideration by the General Assembly. The filing of one copy of the report with the Speaker, one copy with the Minority Leader and one copy with the Clerk of the House of Representatives, one copy with the President, one copy with the Minority Leader and one copy with the Secretary of the Senate, one copy with the Legislative Research Unit, and such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act shall be deemed sufficient to comply with this Section.

Rulemaking authority to implement this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-520, eff. 8-28-07; 95-1045, eff. 3-27-09.)".

Senator Clayborne offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 917

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{2}$. Amend House Bill 917, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by adding Section 11-4.1 as follows:

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(305 ILCS 5/11-4.1 new)

Sec. 11-4.1. Medical providers assisting with applications for medical assistance. A provider enrolled to provide medical assistance services may, upon the request of an individual, accompany, represent, and assist the individual in applying for medical assistance under Article V of this Code. If an individual is unable to request such assistance due to incapacity or mental incompetence and has no other representative willing or able to assist in the application process, a facility licensed under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act or certified under this Code is authorized to assist the individual in applying for long-term care services. Subject to the provisions of the Free Healthcare Benefits Application Assistance Act, nothing in this Section shall be construed as prohibiting any individual or entity from assisting another individual in applying for medical assistance under Article V of this Code.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Murphy, **House Bill No. 5230** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Commerce, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 5230

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend House Bill 5230 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Corporate Accountability for Tax Expenditures Act is amended by changing Section 20 as follows:

(20 ILCS 715/20)

Sec. 20. State development assistance disclosure.

- (a) Beginning February 1, 2005 and each year thereafter, every State granting body shall submit to the Department copies of all development assistance agreements that it approved in the prior calendar year.
- (b) For each development assistance agreement for which the date of assistance has occurred in the prior calendar year, each recipient shall submit to the Department a progress report. A recipient of multiple development assistance agreements in the same award year and for a single project site may file a consolidated progress report if the applicant's base number of employees and number of jobs to be created and retained as stated in the multiple development assistance agreements or applications are the same. A progress report that shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) Each The application tracking number.
 - (2) The office mailing address, telephone number, and the name of the chief officer of the granting body.
 - (3) The office mailing address, telephone number, 4-digit SIC number or successor number, and the name of the chief officer of the applicant or authorized designee for the specific project site for which the development assistance was approved by the State granting body.
 - (4) The type of development assistance program and value of assistance that was approved by the State granting body.
 - (5) The applicant's total number of employees at the specific project site on the date that the application was submitted to the State granting body and the applicant's total number of employees at the specific project site on the date of the report, including the number of full-time, permanent jobs, the number of part-time jobs, and the number of temporary jobs, and a computation of the gain or loss of jobs in each category.
 - (6) The number of new employees and retained employees the applicant stated in its development assistance agreement, if any, if not, then in its application, would be created by the development assistance broken down by full-time, permanent, part-time, and temporary.
 - (7) A declaration of whether the recipient is in compliance with <u>each</u> the development assistance agreement.
 - (8) A detailed list of the occupation or job classifications and number of new employees or retained employees to be hired in full-time, permanent jobs, a schedule of anticipated

starting dates of the new hires and the actual average wage by occupation or job classification and total payroll to be created as a result of the development assistance.

- (9) A narrative, if necessary, describing how the recipient's use of the development assistance during the reporting year has reduced employment at any site in Illinois.
- (10) A certification by the chief officer of the applicant or his or her authorized designee that the information in the progress report contains no knowing misrepresentation of material facts upon which eligibility for development assistance is based.
- (11) Any other information the Department shall deem necessary to ensure compliance with a development assistance program.
- (c) The State granting body, or a successor agency, shall have full authority to verify information contained in the recipient's progress report, including the authority to inspect the specific project site and inspect the records of the recipient that are subject to the development assistance agreement.
- (d) By June 1, 2005 and by June 1 of each year thereafter, the Department shall compile and publish all data in all of the progress reports in both written and electronic form.
- (e) If a recipient of development assistance fails to comply with subsection (b) of this Section, the Department shall, within 20 working days after the reporting submittal deadlines set forth in (i) the legislation authorizing, (ii) the administrative rules implementing, or (iii) specific provisions in development assistance agreements pertaining to the development assistance programs, suspend within 33 working days any current development assistance to the recipient under its control, and shall be prohibited from completing any current or providing any future development assistance until it receives proof that the recipient has come into compliance with the requirements of subsection (b) of this Section.
- (f) The Department shall have the discretion to modify the information required in the progress report required under subsection (b) consistent with the disclosure purpose of this Section for any grants under the Industrial Training Program that are not given as an incentive to a recipient business organization. (Source: P.A. 93-552, eff. 8-20-03.)

Section 10. The Build Illinois Act is amended by changing Section 10-3 as follows:

(30 ILCS 750/10-3) (from Ch. 127, par. 2710-3)

- Sec. 10-3. Powers and Duties. The Department has the power to:
- (a) Provide loans from the Build Illinois Bond Fund, the Fund for Illinois' Future, or the Large Business Attraction Fund to a business undertaking a project and accept mortgages or other evidences of indebtedness or security of such business.
- (b) Provide grants from the Build Illinois Bond Fund, the Fund for Illinois' Future, or the Large Business Attraction Fund to or for the direct benefit of a business undertaking a project. Any such grant shall (i) be made and used only for the purpose of assisting the financing of the business for the project in order to reduce the cost of financing to the business, (ii) be made only if a participating lender, or other funding source including the applicant, also provides a portion of the financing with respect to the project, and only if the Department determines, on the basis of all the information available to it, that the project would not be undertaken in Illinois unless the grant is provided, (iii) provide no more than 25% of the total dollar amount of any single project cost and be approved for amounts from the Fund not to exceed \$500,000 for any single project, unless waived by the Director upon a finding that such waiver is appropriate to accomplish the purpose of this Article, (iv) be made only after the Department has determined that the grant will cause a project to be undertaken which has the potential to create substantial employment in relation to the amount of the grant, and (v) be made with a business that has certified the project is a new plant start-up or expansion and is not a relocation of an existing business from another site in Illinois unless that relocation results in substantial employment growth.
- (c) Enter into agreements, accept funds or grants and cooperate with agencies of the federal government, local units of government and local regional economic development corporations or organizations for the purposes of carrying out this Article.
- (d) Enter into contracts, letters of credit or any other agreements or contracts with financial institutions necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of this Article. Any such agreement or contract may include, without limitation, terms and provisions relating to a specific project such as loan documentation, review and approval procedures, organization and servicing rights, default conditions and other program aspects.
- (e) Fix, determine, charge and collect any premiums, fees, charges, costs and expenses, including application fees, commitment fees, program fees, financing charges or publication fees in connection with its activities under this Article.
- (f) Establish application, notification, contract and other procedures, rules or regulations deemed necessary and appropriate.

- (g) Subject to the provisions of any contract with another person and consent to the modification or restructuring of any loan agreement to which the Department is a party.
- (h) Take any actions which are necessary or appropriate to protect the State's interest in the event of bankruptcy, default, foreclosure or noncompliance with the terms and conditions of financial assistance or participation provided under this Article, including the power to sell, dispose, lease or rent, upon terms and conditions determined by the Director to be appropriate, real or personal property which the Department may receive as a result thereof.
- (i) Acquire and accept by gift, grant, purchase or otherwise, but not by condemnation, fee simple title, or such lesser interest as may be desired, in land, and to improve or arrange for the improvement of such land for industrial or commercial site development purposes, and to lease or convey such land, or interest in land, so acquired and so improved, including sale and conveyance subject to a mortgage, for such price, upon such terms and at such time as the Department may determine, provided that prior to exercising its authority under this subsection, the Director shall find that other means of financing and developing any such project are not reasonably available and that such action is consistent with the purposes and policies of this Article.
- (j) Provide grants from the Build Illinois Bond Fund to municipalities and counties to demolish abandoned buildings pursuant to Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code or Section 5-1080 of the Counties Code, for the purpose of making unimproved land available for purchase by businesses for economic development. Such grants shall be provided only when: (1) the owner of property on which the abandoned building is situated has entered into a contract to sell such property; (2) the Department has determined that the grant will be used to cause a project to be undertaken which will result in the creation of employment; (3) the business which has entered into a contract to purchase the property has certified that it will use the property for a project which is a new plant start-up or expansion or a new venture opportunity and is not a relocation of an existing business from another site within the State unless that relocation results in substantial employment growth. If a municipality or county receives grants under this paragraph, it shall file a notice of lien against the owner or owners of such demolished buildings to recover the costs and expenses incurred in the demolition of such buildings pursuant to Section 11-31-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code or Section 5-1080 of the Counties Code. All such costs and expenses recovered by the county or municipality shall be paid to the Department for deposit in the Build Illinois Purposes Account. Priority shall be given to enterprise zones or those areas with high unemployment whose tax base is adversely impacted by the closing of existing factories.
- (j-5) A business accepting a grant or loan under this Article shall provide the Department with quarterly reports detailing financial and performance information as requested by the Department during the term of the grant of loan agreement.
- (k) Exercise such other powers as are necessary or incidental to the foregoing. (Source: P.A. 94-91, eff. 7-1-05.)".

Senator Murphy offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 5230

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 5230, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 9, by replacing lines 8 and 9 with the following: "by the Department during the grant or loan period."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 10:39 o'clock a.m., Senator Clayborne, presiding.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 80** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendments were offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 80

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend House Bill 80 as follows:

on page 24, line 7, by replacing "separate budget that shows" with "report listing"; and

on page 24, line 7, by deleting "all"; and

on page 24, line 8, after "State", by inserting the following:

", including without limitation the appropriation necessary to fully fund the foundation level of support and general State aid under Section 18-8.05 of this Code, as recommended by the Education Funding Advisory Board, the shortfall of costs and reimbursement for providing special education services as required by Section 2-3.145 of this Code, and school building capital and maintenance needs as reported on the Capital Needs Assessment Survey"; and

on page 24, line 9, by replacing "budget" with "report".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 80

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 80 on page 14, line 10, by replacing "two-thirds" with "a majority"; and

on page 14, by replacing lines 11 through 14 with the following: "vote.".

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 80

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 80, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 1A-1 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/1A-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 1A-1)

Sec. 1A-1. Members and terms.

(a) (Blank).

(b) The State Board of Education shall consist of 8 members and and a chairperson, who shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate from a pattern of regional representation as follows: 2 appointees shall be selected from among those counties of the State other than Cook County and the 5 counties contiguous to Cook County; 2 appointees shall be selected from Cook County, one of whom shall be a resident of the City of Chicago and one of whom shall be a resident of that part of Cook County which lies outside the city limits of Chicago; 2 appointees shall be selected from among the 5 counties of the State that are contiguous to Cook County; and 3 members shall be selected as members-at-large (one of which shall be the chairperson). The Governor who takes office on the second Monday of January after his or her election shall be the person who nominates members to fill vacancies whose terms begin after that date and before the term of the next Governor begins.

The term of each member of the State Board of Education whose term expires on January 12, 2005 shall instead terminate on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. Of these 3 seats, (i) the member initially appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly whose seat was vacant on April 27, 2004 shall serve until the second Wednesday of January, 2009 and (ii) the other 2 members initially appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall serve until the second Wednesday of January, 2007.

The term of the member of the State Board of Education whose seat was vacant on April 27, 2004 and whose term expires on January 10, 2007 shall instead terminate on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. The member initially appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly to fill this seat shall be the chairperson and shall serve until the second Wednesday of January, 2007.

The term of the member of the State Board of Education whose seat was vacant on May 28, 2004 but after April 27, 2004 and whose term expires on January 10, 2007 shall instead terminate on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. The member initially appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly to fill this seat shall serve until the second Wednesday of January, 2007.

The term of the other member of the State Board of Education whose term expires on January 10, 2007 shall instead terminate on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. The member initially appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly to fill

this seat shall serve until the second Wednesday of January, 2007.

The term of the member of the State Board of Education whose term expires on January 14, 2009 and who was selected from among the 5 counties of the State that are contiguous to Cook County and is a resident of Lake County shall instead terminate on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. The member initially appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly to fill this seat shall serve until the second Wednesday of January, 2009.

Upon expiration of the terms of the members initially appointed under this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly and members whose terms were not terminated by this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, their respective successors shall be appointed for terms of 4 years, from the second Wednesday in January of each odd numbered year and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified.

(c) Of the 4 members, excluding the chairperson, whose terms expire on the second Wednesday of January, 2007 and every 4 years thereafter, one of those members must be an at-large member and at no time may more than 2 of those members be from one political party. Of the 4 members whose terms expire on the second Wednesday of January, 2009 and every 4 years thereafter, one of those members must be an at-large member and at no time may more than 2 of those members be from one political party. Party membership is defined as having voted in the primary of the party in the last primary before appointment.

(d) Vacancies in terms shall be filled by appointment by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for the extent of the unexpired term. If a vacancy in membership occurs at a time when the Senate is not in session, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate, when the Governor shall appoint a person to fill that membership for the remainder of its term. If the Senate is not in session when appointments for a full term are made, the appointments shall be made as in the case of vacancies.

(Source: P.A. 93-1036, eff. 9-14-04.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 150** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 150

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 150 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the 21st Century Scholars Act.".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, $House\ Bill\ No.\ 537$ having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 537

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 537 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 1-1 as follows:

(205 ILCS 635/1-1) (from Ch. 17, par. 2321-1)

Sec. 1-1. This Act shall be known and and may be cited as the "Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987".

(Source: P.A. 85-735.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, $House\ Bill\ No.\ 543$ was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 895** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 895

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 895 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Section 3-101 as follows: (40 ILCS 5/3-101) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 3-101)

Sec. 3-101. Creation of fund. In each municipality, as defined in Section 3-103, the the city council or the board of trustees, as the case may be, shall establish and administer a police pension fund, as prescribed in this Article, for the benefit of its police officers and of their surviving spouses, children, and certain other dependents.

(Source: P.A. 83-1440.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 923** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Pensions and Investments, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 923

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 923, on page 3, by replacing lines 14 through 16 with "duty. The definition of the term "act of duty" in this subsection (d) is not intended to change the interpretation of an employee's rights under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act. The term "act of duty" as used in other Articles of".

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 923

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 923, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Section 4-110 as follows: (40 ILCS 5/4-110) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 4-110)

Sec. 4-110. Disability pension - Line of duty. If a firefighter, as the the result of sickness, accident or injury incurred in or resulting from the performance of an act of duty or from the cumulative effects of acts of duty, is found, pursuant to Section 4-112, to be physically or mentally permanently disabled for service in the fire department, so as to render necessary his or her being placed on disability pension, the firefighter shall be entitled to a disability pension equal to the greater of (1) 65% of the monthly salary attached to the rank held by him or her in the fire department at the date he or she is removed from the municipality's fire department payroll or (2) the retirement pension that the firefighter would be eligible to receive if he or she retired (but not including any automatic annual increase in that retirement pension). A firefighter shall be considered "on duty" while on any assignment approved by the chief of the fire department, even though away from the municipality he or she serves as a firefighter, if the assignment is related to the fire protection service of the municipality.

Such firefighter shall also be entitled to a child's disability benefit of \$20 a month on account of each unmarried child less than 18 years of age and dependent upon the firefighter for support, either the issue of the firefighter or legally adopted by him or her. The total amount of child's disability benefit payable to the firefighter, when added to his or her disability pension, shall not exceed 75% of the amount of salary which the firefighter was receiving at the date of retirement.

Benefits payable on account of a child under this Section shall not be reduced or terminated by reason

of the child's attainment of age 18 if he or she is then dependent by reason of a physical or mental disability but shall continue to be paid as long as such dependency continues. Individuals over the age of 18 and adjudged to be disabled persons pursuant to Article XIa of the Probate Act of 1975, except for persons receiving benefits under Article III of the Illinois Public Aid Code, shall be eligible to receive benefits under this Act.

If a firefighter dies while still disabled and receiving a disability pension under this Section, the disability pension shall continue to be paid to the firefighter's survivors in the sequence provided in Section 4-114. A pension previously granted under Section 4-114 to a survivor of a firefighter who died while receiving a disability pension under this Section shall be deemed to be a continuation of the pension provided under this Section and shall be deemed to be in the nature of worker's compensation payments. The changes to this Section made by this amendatory Act of 1995 are intended to be retroactive and are not limited to persons in service on or after its effective date. (Source: P.A. 93-1090, eff. 3-11-05.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 1075** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 1075

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1075 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Toll Highway Act is amended by changing Section 7.5 as follows: (605 ILCS 10/7.5)

Sec. 7.5. Public comments at board meetings. <u>The The Doard of directors shall</u> set aside a portion of each meeting of the board that is open to the public pursuant to the provisions of the Open Meetings Act during which members of the public who are present at the meeting may comment on any subject. (Source: P.A. 90-681, eff. 7-31-98.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 1313** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 1313

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 1313 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 10-22.6 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/10-22.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6)

Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of pupils; school searches.

- (a) To expel pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, and and no action shall lie against them for such expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss their child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer appointed by it, at such meeting shall state the reasons for dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting and the board may take such action thereon as it finds appropriate.
- (b) To suspend or by regulation to authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct on the school bus from riding the school bus, and no action shall lie against them for such suspension. The board may by regulation authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of

students of any school to suspend pupils guilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. If a pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or misconduct on a school bus, the board may suspend the pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons. Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the parents or guardian of such pupil along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to a review, a copy of which shall be given to the school board. Upon request of the parents or guardian the school board or a hearing officer appointed by it shall review such action of the superintendent or principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such review the parents or guardian of the pupil may appear and discuss the suspension with the board or its hearing officer. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds appropriate.

- (c) The Department of Human Services shall be invited to send a representative to consult with the board at such meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for expulsion or suspension.
- (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case by case basis. A student who is determined to have brought one of the following objects to school, any school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of not less than one year:
 - (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. The expulsion period under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.
 - (2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner consistent with the Federal Individuals

- with Disabilities Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with Article 13A of the School Code. The provisions of this subsection (d) apply in all school districts, including special charter districts and districts organized under Article 34.
- (e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as personal effects left in those places and areas by students, without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects left in these places and areas. School authorities may request the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities. The provisions of this subsection (e) apply in all school districts, including special charter districts and districts organized under Article 34.
- (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or expulsion from school and all school activities and a prohibition from being present on school grounds.
- (g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or expulsion before being admitted into the school district. This policy may allow placement of the student in an alternative school program established under Article 13A of this Code, if available, for the remainder of the suspension or expulsion. This subsection (g) applies to all school districts, including special charter districts and districts organized under Article 34 of this Code. (Source: P.A. 96-633, eff. 8-24-09.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 2263** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2263

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 2263 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 101 as follows:

(35 ILCS 5/101) (from Ch. 120, par. 1-101)

Sec. 101. Short Title. This Act shall be known <u>and</u> may be cited as the "Illinois Income Tax Act." (Source: P.A. 76-261.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 2386** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2386

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 2386 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 27-22.3 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/27-22.3) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-22.3)

Sec. 27-22.3. Volunteer service credit program.

- (a) A school district may establish a volunteer service credit program that enables secondary school students to earn credit towards graduation through performance of community service. This community service may include participation in the organization of a high school or community blood drive or or other blood donor recruitment campaign. Any program so established shall begin with students entering grade 9 in the 1993-1994 school year or later. The amount of credit given for program participation shall not exceed that given for completion of one semester of language arts, math, science or social studies.
- (b) Any community service performed as part of a course for which credit is given towards graduation shall not qualify under a volunteer service credit program. Any service for which a student is paid shall not qualify under a volunteer service credit program. Any community work assigned as a disciplinary measure shall not qualify under a volunteer service credit program.
- (c) School districts that establish volunteer service credit programs shall establish any necessary rules, regulations and procedures.

(Source: P.A. 93-547, eff. 8-19-03.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 2428** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2428

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 2428 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act is amended by changing Section 1-1 as follows:

(5 ILCS 430/1-1)

Sec. 1-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

(Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 2598** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 2598

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 2598 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 1-101 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/1-101) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 1-101)

Sec. 1-101. Definition of words and phrases. <u>The The following words</u> and phrases when used in this Code shall, for the purpose of this Code, have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this Chapter, except when the context otherwise requires and except where another definition set forth in another Chapter of this Code and applicable to that Chapter or a designated part thereof is applicable. (Source: P.A. 83-831.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3659** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3659

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 3659 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 1-150 as follows:

(35 ILCS 200/1-150)

Sec. 1-150. Taxing District. <u>Any Any unit of local government</u>, school district or community college district with the power to levy taxes.

(Source: P.A. 86-1481; 87-877; 88-455.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3677** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3677

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend House Bill 3677 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 6-205 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/6-205) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-205)

Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit; Hardship cases.

- (a) Except as provided in this Section, the the Secretary of State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:
 - 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
 - 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof;

- 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the federal government in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
- 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident involving death or personal injury;
- 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
- 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
 - 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
 - 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
 - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
 - Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
 - 11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer;
- 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;
- 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense;
 - 14. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of street racing;
- 15. A second or subsequent conviction of driving while the person's driver's license, permit or privileges was revoked for reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense.
- (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:
 - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
 - Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit;
 - 3. Of any person adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based on an offense determined to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a driver's license or permit. The revocation shall remain in effect for the period determined by the court. Upon the direction of the court, the Secretary shall issue the person a judicial driving permit, also known as a JDP. The JDP shall be subject to the same terms as a JDP issued under Section 6-206.1, except that the court may direct that a JDP issued under this subdivision (b)(3) be effective immediately.
 - (c)(1) Except as provided in subsection (c-5), whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility for the receipt of necessary medical care or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue the restricted driving permit. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b)4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.
 - (2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar

out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If:

- (A) a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
- (i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
 - (ii) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or
 - (iii) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1;

arising out of separate occurrences; or

(B) a person has been convicted of one violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide where the use of alcohol or other drugs was recited as an element of the offense, or a similar provision of a law of another state:

that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned on the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- (6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of these offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. However, if an individual's driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.
- (c-5) (Blank).
- (c-6) If a person is convicted of a second violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person's driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to subdivision (a)(15) of this Section. The person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of five years from the effective date of the revocation or the expiration of five years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment, whichever is later.
- (c-7) If a person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of

Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person may never apply for a license or permit.

- (d)(1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code
- or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving privileges, or extend the restricted driving permit as many times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 12 months each.
- (2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
 - (3) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
 - (A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
 - (B) a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; or
- (C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- (6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit.
- (d-5) The revocation of the license, permit, or driving privileges of a person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, is permanent. The Secretary may not, at any time, issue a license or permit to that person.
 - (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver License Compact.
- (f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like period of time.
- (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.
- (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall

establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

(i) (Blank).

(j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended, cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code. (Source: P.A. 95-310, eff. 1-1-08; 95-337, eff. 6-1-08; 95-377, eff. 1-1-08; 95-382, eff. 8-23-07; 95-627, eff. 6-1-08; 95-848, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-607, eff. 8-24-09.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3806** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3806

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 3806 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 15-1101 as follows:

(735 ILCS 5/15-1101) (from Ch. 110, par. 15-1101)

Sec. 15-1101. Title. This Article shall be known, <u>and</u> may be cited, as the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law.

(Source: P.A. 84-1462.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3833** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3833

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 3833 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing Section 6r as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/6r) (from Ch. 127, par. 142r)

Sec. 6r. All money received from the the rental of land, buildings or improvements by the Department of Transportation under Section 4-201.16 of the Illinois Highway Code shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for payment into the Road Fund in the State treasury. (Source: P.A. 80-1129.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3845** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3845

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 3845 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by changing Section 1-101 as follows:

(210 ILCS 45/1-101) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4151-101)

Sec. 1-101. This Act shall be known <u>and</u> and may be cited as the Nursing Home Care Act. (Source: P.A. 85-1378.)".

[April 30, 2010]

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3900** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3900

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 3900 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Section 14-101 as follows: (40 ILCS 5/14-101) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 14-101)

Sec. 14-101. Creation of system. A retirement <u>and</u> and <u>benefit</u> system is created to provide retirement annuities and other benefits for employees of the State of Illinois. The system shall be known as the "State Employees' Retirement System of Illinois". By such name all its business shall be transacted and its cash and other property held in trust for the purposes of this Article. (Source: P.A. 80-841.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3962** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3962

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 3962 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 20-2 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/20-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 20-2)

Sec. 20-2. Possession of explosives or explosive or incendiary devices.

(a) A person commits the the offense of possession of explosives or explosive or incendiary devices in violation of this Section when he or she possesses, manufactures or transports any explosive compound, timing or detonating device for use with any explosive compound or incendiary device and either intends to use such explosive or device to commit any offense or knows that another intends to use such explosive or device to commit a felony.

(b) Sentence.

Possession of explosives or explosive or incendiary devices in violation of this Section is a Class 1 felony for which a person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 4 years and not more than 30 years.

(c) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 93-594, eff. 1-1-04; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 4681** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 4681

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 4681 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 3-645 as follows: (625 ILCS 5/3-645)

Sec. 3-645. Vietnam Veteran License Plates.

- (a) In addition to any other special license plate, the the Secretary, upon receipt of all applicable fees and applications made in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State, may issue Vietnam Veteran license plates to residents of Illinois who meet eligibility requirements prescribed by the Secretary of State. The special Vietnam Veteran plate issued under this Section shall be affixed only to passenger vehicles of the first division, motorcycles, and motor vehicles of the second division weighing not more than 8,000 pounds. Plates issued under this Section shall expire according to the staggered multi-year procedure established by Section 3-414.1 of this Code.
- (b) The design, color, and format of the plates shall be wholly within the discretion of the Secretary of State. The Secretary may, in his or her discretion, allow the plates to be issued as vanity plates or personalized in accordance with Section 3-405.1 of this Code. The plates are not required to designate "Land Of Lincoln", as prescribed in subsection (b) of Section 3-412 of this Code. The Secretary shall prescribe the eligibility requirements and, in his or her discretion, shall approve and prescribe stickers or decals as provided under Section 3-412.
- (c) An applicant shall be charged a \$15 fee for original issuance in addition to the applicable registration fee. This additional fee shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund.

(Source: P.A. 92-545, eff. 6-12-02; 93-140, eff. 1-1-04.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 5178** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 5178

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 5178 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(35 ILCS 505/1) (from Ch. 120, par. 417)

Sec. 1. For the the purposes of this Act the terms set out in Sections 1.1 through 1.21 have the meanings ascribed to them in those Sections. (Source: P.A. 86-16; 86-1028.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 5416** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 5416

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend House Bill 5416 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(5 ILCS 375/1) (from Ch. 127, par. 521)

Sec. 1. This Act shall be known and and may be cited as the "State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971".

(Source: P.A. 77-476.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hendon, **House Bill No. 6017** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **House Bill No. 6195** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6195

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 6195 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 1-1 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/1-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1-1)

Sec. 1-1. Short title. This Act shall be known and and may be cited as the "Criminal Code of 1961". (Source: Laws 1961, p. 1983.)".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

CONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL ON CONSIDERATION POSTPONED

On motion of Senator Trotter, **Senate Bill No. 3064**, having been read by title a third time on April 15, 2010, and pending roll call further consideration postponed, was taken up again on third reading.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 32; NAYS 18.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Clayborne	Holmes	Maloney
Collins	Hunter	Martinez
Crotty	Hutchinson	Meeks
Delgado	Jacobs	Muñoz
Frerichs	Jones, E.	Noland
Garrett	Koehler	Raoul
Haine	Kotowski	Schoenberg
Harmon	Lightford	Silverstein
Hendon	Link	Steans

The following voted in the negative:

Althoff	Dillard	Luechtefeld	Radogno
Bivins	Duffy	McCarter	Righter
Bomke	Hultgren	Millner	Syverson
Burzynski	Jones, J.	Murphy	-
Dahl	Lauzen	Pankau	

This roll call verified.

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL ON CONSIDERATION POSTPONED

On motion of Senator Link, **House Bill No. 6299**, having been read by title a third time on April 29, 2010, and pending roll call further consideration postponed, was taken up again on third reading.

Sullivan Trotter Viverito Wilhelmi Mr. President And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the negative by the following vote:

YEAS 27; NAYS 18; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Collins Holmes Martinez Steans Crottv Hunter Meeks Sullivan Delgado Jacobs Muñoz Trotter Garrett Kotowski Raoul Viverito Haine Lightford Sandoval Wilhelmi Harmon Schoenberg Mr President Link Hendon Silverstein Maloney

The following voted in the negative:

Althoff Dahl Luechtefeld Radogno **Bivins** Duffy McCarter Righter Millner Bomke Hultgren Syverson Burzynski Jones, J. Murphy Cronin Lauzen Pankau

The following voted present:

Noland

This bill, having failed to receive the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared lost.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Hultgren, **House Bill No. 5744**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Kotowski Radogno Bivins Garrett Lauzen Righter Bomke Haine Lightford Sandoval Burzynski Harmon Link Schoenberg Clayborne Hendon Luechtefeld Silverstein Collins Holmes Maloney Steans Cronin Hultgren Martinez Sullivan Crotty Hunter McCarter Syverson Dahl Hutchinson Millner Trotter Delgado Jacobs Muñoz Viverito Demuzio Jones, E. Murphy Wilhelmi Duffy Jones, J. Noland Mr President Forby Koehler Pankau

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

[April 30, 2010]

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 5752**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 50; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Garrett Lauzen Righter Bivins Haine Lightford Sandoval Bomke Harmon Link Schoenberg Clayborne Hendon Luechtefeld Silverstein Collins Holmes Malonev Steans Cronin Hultgren Martinez Sullivan Crotty Hunter McCarter Syverson Dahl Hutchinson Millner Trotter Delgado Jacobs Muñoz Viverito Demuzio Jones, E. Murphy Wilhelmi Duffy Jones, J. Noland Mr. President Koehler Radogno Forby Frerichs Kotowski Raoul

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Forby, **House Bill No. 5762**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Righter **Bivins** Garrett Lightford Sandoval Bomke Haine Link Schoenberg Luechtefeld Harmon Silverstein Burzynski Clayborne Hendon Maloney Steans Collins Holmes Martinez Sullivan Cronin Hultgren McCarter Syverson Crotty Hunter Millner Trotter Dahl Hutchinson Muñoz Viverito Murphy Wilhelmi Delgado Jacobs Demuzio Jones, E. Noland Mr President Dillard Jones, J. Pankau Duffy Koehler Radogno Forby Kotowski Raoul

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Silverstein, **House Bill No. 5781**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Garrett Bomke Haine Harmon Burzvnski Clayborne Hendon Collins Holmes Cronin Hultgren Crotty Hunter Dahl Hutchinson Delgado Jacobs Demuzio Jones, E. Dillard Jones, J. Forby Koehler Frerichs Kotowski

Lightford
Link
Luechtefeld
Maloney
Martinez
Meeks
Millner
Muñoz
Murphy
Noland
Pankau

Radogno

Raoul

Righter Risinger Sandoval Schoenberg Silverstein Steans Sullivan Syverson Trotter Viverito Wilhelmi Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Lauzen

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Kotowski, **House Bill No. 5823**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 43; NAYS 9.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Clayborne Harmon Collins Hendon Cronin Holmes Crotty Hunter Delgado Hutchinson Demuzio Jacobs Dillard Jones, E. Forby Koehler Frerichs Kotowski Garrett Lauzen Haine Lightford

Link
Luechtefeld
Maloney
Martinez
Meeks
Millner
Muñoz
Noland
Raoul
Righter
Risinger

Sandoval Schoenberg Silverstein Steans Sullivan Syverson Trotter Viverito Wilhelmi

Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Bivins Dahl Jones, J. Bomke Duffy Murphy

[April 30, 2010]

Burzynski Hultgren Pankau

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Collins, **House Bill No. 5836** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Collins offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 5836

AMENDMENT NO. 11. Amend House Bill 5836 by deleting line 24 on page 2 through line 2 on page 3; and

on page 3, by deleting "of this subsection (b).".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Althoff, **House Bill No. 5838**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Frerichs	Lauzen	Righter
Bivins	Garrett	Lightford	Risinger
Bomke	Haine	Link	Sandoval
Burzynski	Harmon	Luechtefeld	Schoenberg
Clayborne	Hendon	Maloney	Silverstein
Collins	Holmes	Martinez	Steans
Cronin	Hultgren	McCarter	Sullivan
Crotty	Hunter	Millner	Syverson
Dahl	Hutchinson	Muñoz	Trotter
Delgado	Jacobs	Murphy	Viverito
Demuzio	Jones, E.	Noland	Wilhelmi
Dillard	Jones, J.	Pankau	Mr. President
Duffy	Koehler	Radogno	
Forby	Kotowski	Raoul	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Cronin, **House Bill No. 5863**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Righter Bivins Lightford Garrett Risinger Bomke Haine Link Sandoval Burzynski Harmon Luechtefeld Schoenberg Clayborne Hendon Maloney Silverstein Collins Martinez Holmes Steans Cronin Hultgren McCarter Sullivan Crotty Hunter Millner Syverson Dahl Hutchinson Muñoz Trotter Viverito Delgado Jacobs Murphy Demuzio Jones, E. Noland Wilhelmi Dillard Jones, J. Pankau Mr. President Radogno Duffy Koehler Forby Kotowski Raoul

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Dillard, **House Bill No. 5888** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Dillard offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 5888

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5888 on page 2, by deleting lines 9 through 11; and

on page 2, line 12, by replacing "(iv)" with "(iii)"; and

on page 2, immediately below line 15, by inserting the following:

"(iv) Nothing in this subsection (c) shall apply to an arbitration which is part of or pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Frerichs, **House Bill No. 5907**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

[April 30, 2010]

Althoff Frerichs **Bivins** Garrett Bomke Haine Harmon Burzynski Clavborne Hendon Collins Holmes Cronin Hultgren Crotty Hunter Dahl Hutchinson Delgado Jacobs Demuzio Jones, E. Dillard Jones, J. Koehler Duffv Forby Lauzen

Link
Luechtefeld
Maloney
Martinez
McCarter
Meeks
Millner
Muñoz
Murphy
Noland
Pankau
Radogno
Raoul

Lightford

Righter Risinger Sandoval Schoenberg Silverstein Steans Sullivan Syverson Trotter Viverito Wilhelmi Mr. President

The following voted present:

Kotowski

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 5914**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 43; NAYS 7.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff
Clayborne
Collins
Cronin
Crotty
Delgado
Dillard
Duffy
Forby
Frerichs
Garrett

Harmon
Hendon
Holmes
Hunter
Hutchinson
Jacobs
Koehler
Kotowski
Lightford
Link

Haine

Luechtefeld Maloney Martinez Meeks Millner Muñoz Murphy Noland Pankau Raoul Risinger Sandoval Schoenberg Silverstein Steans Sullivan Syverson Trotter Viverito Wilhelmi Mr. President

The following voted in the negative:

Bivins Bomke Burzynski Dahl Hultgren Lauzen McCarter

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 5918**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Righter **Bivins** Lightford Garrett Risinger Bomke Haine Link Sandoval Burzynski Harmon Luechtefeld Schoenberg Clayborne Hendon Maloney Silverstein Collins Steans Holmes Martinez Cronin Hultgren McCarter Sullivan Crotty Hunter Millner Syverson Dahl Hutchinson Muñoz Trotter Viverito Delgado Jacobs Murphy Demuzio Jones, E. Noland Wilhelmi Dillard Jones, J. Pankau Mr. President Duffy Koehler Radogno Forby Kotowski Raoul

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 5931**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Raoul **Bivins** Garrett Lightford Righter Bomke Haine Link Risinger Burzynski Harmon Luechtefeld Sandoval Clayborne Hendon Maloney Schoenberg Collins Holmes Martinez Silverstein Cronin Hultgren McCarter Steans Hunter Crotty Meeks Sullivan Dahl Hutchinson Millner Syverson Trotter Delgado Jacobs Muñoz Demuzio Jones, E. Murphy Viverito Dillard Jones, J. Noland Wilhelmi Duffy Koehler Pankau Mr. President Kotowski Forby Radogno

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Harmon, **House Bill No. 6080** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Harmon offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6080

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 6080, on page 4, by replacing lines 21 through 26 with the following:

"understand that I will receive written notice of such circumstances within 10 business days of their occurrence. I understand that the notice will be directed to me using the contact information I have provided in this consent. I understand that I will have 10 business days from the date that the written notice is sent to me to respond, within which time I may request the Court to declare this consent voidable and return the child to me. I further understand that the Court will make the final decision of whether or not the child will be returned to me."; and

on page 5, by replacing line 1 with the following: "If I do not make such request within 10";

on page 5, line 5, by replacing "11." with "10."; and

on page 5, line 9, by replacing "12." with "11."; and

on page 5, line 16, by replacing "13." with "12."; and

on page 5, line 20, by replacing "14." with "13."; and

on page 5, line 22, by replacing "15." with "14."; and

on page 9, by replacing line 16 with the following:

"2. To voluntarily provide all known medical, background, and family".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 6082**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Frerichs	Lauzen	Raoul
Bivins	Garrett	Lightford	Righter
Bomke	Haine	Link	Risinger
Burzynski	Harmon	Luechtefeld	Sandoval
Clayborne	Hendon	Maloney	Schoenberg
Collins	Holmes	Martinez	Silverstein
Cronin	Hultgren	McCarter	Steans
Crotty	Hunter	Meeks	Sullivan
Dahl	Hutchinson	Millner	Syverson
Delgado	Jacobs	Muñoz	Trotter
Demuzio	Jones, E.	Murphy	Viverito
Dillard	Jones, J.	Noland	Wilhelmi
Duffy	Koehler	Pankau	Mr. President

Forby Kotowski Radogno

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILLS RECALLED

On motion of Senator Wilhelmi, **House Bill No. 6094** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Wilhelmi offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6094

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 6094 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 1-148.3m, 11-1426.1, and 11-1426.2 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/1-148.3m)

Sec. 1-148.3m. Neighborhood vehicle. A self-propelled, electric-powered, four-wheeled motor vehicle (or a self-propelled, gasoline-powered, four-wheeled motor vehicle with an engine displacement under 1,200 cubic centimeters) that is capable of attaining in one mile a speed of more than 20 miles per hour, but not more than 25 miles per hour, and which does not conform conforms to federal regulations under Title 49 C.F.R. Part 571.500.

(Source: P.A. 96-279, eff. 1-1-10.)

(625 ILCS 5/11-1426.1)

Sec. 11-1426.1. Operation of non-highway vehicles on streets, roads, and highways.

(a) As used in this Section, "non-highway vehicle" means a motor vehicle not specifically designed to be used on a public highway, including:

- (1) an all-terrain vehicle, as defined by Section 1-101.8 of this Code;
- (2) a golf cart, as defined by Section 1-123.9;
- (3) a neighborhood vehicle, as defined by Section 1-148.3m; and
- (4) an off-highway motorcycle, as defined by Section 1-153.1; and -
- (5) a recreational off-highway vehicle, as defined by Section 1-168.8.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, it is unlawful for any person to drive or operate a non-highway vehicle upon any street, highway, or roadway in this State. If the operation of a non-highway vehicle is authorized under subsection (d), the non-highway vehicle may be operated only on streets where the posted speed limit is 35 miles per hour or less. This subsection (b) does not prohibit a non-highway vehicle from crossing a road or street at an intersection where the road or street has a posted speed limit of more than 35 miles per hour.
- (b-5) A person may not operate a non-highway vehicle upon any street, highway, or roadway in this State unless he or she has a valid Illinois driver's license issued in his or her name by the Secretary of State or by a foreign jurisdiction.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c-5), no person operating a non-highway vehicle shall make a direct crossing upon or across any highway under the jurisdiction of the State, tollroad, interstate highway, or controlled access highway in this State.
- (c-5) A person may make a direct crossing at an intersection controlled by a traffic light or 4-way stop sign upon or across a highway under the jurisdiction of the State if the speed limit on the highway is 35 miles per hour or less at the place of crossing.
- (d) A municipality, township, county, or other unit of local government may authorize, by ordinance or resolution, the operation of non-highway vehicles on roadways under its jurisdiction if the unit of local government determines that the public safety will not be jeopardized. The Department may authorize the operation of non-highway vehicles on the roadways under its jurisdiction if the Department determines that the public safety will not be jeopardized. The unit of local government or the Department may restrict the types of non-highway vehicles that are authorized to be used on its streets.

Before permitting the operation of non-highway vehicles on its roadways, a municipality, township, county, other unit of local government, or the Department must consider the volume, speed, and character of traffic on the roadway and determine whether non-highway vehicles may safely travel on or

cross the roadway. Upon determining that non-highway vehicles may safely operate on a roadway and the adoption of an ordinance or resolution by a municipality, township, county, or other unit of local government, or authorization by the Department, appropriate signs shall be posted.

If a roadway is under the jurisdiction of more than one unit of government, non-highway vehicles may not be operated on the roadway unless each unit of government agrees and takes action as provided in this subsection.

- (e) No non-highway vehicle may be operated on a roadway unless, at a minimum, it has the following: brakes, a steering apparatus, tires, a rearview mirror, red reflectorized warning devices in the front and rear, a slow moving emblem (as required of other vehicles in Section 12-709 of this Code) on the rear of the non-highway vehicle, a headlight that emits a white light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the front, a tail lamp that emits a red light visible from at least 100 feet from the rear, brake lights, and turn signals. When operated on a roadway, a non-highway vehicle shall have its headlight and tail lamps lighted as required by Section 12-201 of this Code.
- (f) A person who drives or is in actual physical control of a non-highway vehicle on a roadway while under the influence is subject to Sections 11-500 through 11-502 of this Code.
- (g) Any person who operates a non-highway vehicle on a street, highway, or roadway shall be subject to the mandatory insurance requirements under Article VI of Chapter 7 of this Code.
- (h) It shall not be unlawful for any person to drive or operate a non-highway vehicle, as defined in paragraphs (1) and (5) of subsection (a) of this Section, on a county roadway or township roadway for the purpose of conducting farming operations to and from the home, farm, farm buildings, and any adjacent or nearby farm land.

Non-highway vehicles, as used in this subsection (h), shall not be subject to subsections (e) and (g) of this section. However, if the non-highway vehicle vehicle, as used in this Section, is not covered under a motor vehicle insurance policy pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section, the vehicle must be covered under a farm, home, or non-highway vehicle insurance policy issued with coverage amounts no less than the minimum amounts set for bodily injury or death and for destruction of property under Section 7-203 of this Code. Non-highway vehicles operated on a county or township roadway at any time between one-half hour before sunset and one-half hour after sunrise must be equipped with head lamps and tail lamps, and the head lamps and tail lamps must be lighted.

Non-highway vehicles, as used in this subsection (h), shall not make a direct crossing upon or across any tollroad, interstate highway, or controlled access highway in this State.

Non-highway vehicles, as used in this subsection (h), shall be allowed to cross a State highway, municipal street, county highway, or road district highway if the operator of the non-highway vehicle makes a direct crossing provided:

- (1) the crossing is made at an angle of approximately 90 degrees to the direction of the street, road or highway and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;
 - (2) the non-highway vehicle is brought to a complete stop before attempting a crossing;
- (3) the operator of the non-highway vehicle yields the right of way to all pedestrian and vehicular traffic which constitutes a hazard; and
- (4) that when crossing a divided highway, the crossing is made only at an intersection of the highway with another public street, road, or highway.
- (i) No action taken by a unit of local government under this Section designates the operation of a non-highway vehicle as an intended or permitted use of property with respect to Section 3-102 of the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act.
- (Source: P.A. 95-150, 8-14-07; 95-414, eff. 8-24-07; 95-575, eff. 8-31-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-279, eff. 1-1-10.)

(625 ILCS 5/11-1426.2)

Sec. 11-1426.2. Operation of low-speed vehicles on streets.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, it is lawful for any person to drive or operate a low-speed vehicle upon any street in this State where the posted speed limit is 30 miles per hour or less.
- (b) Low-speed vehicles may cross a street at an intersection where the street being crossed has a posted speed limit of not more than 45 miles per hour. Low-speed vehicles may not cross a street with a speed limit in excess of 45 miles per hour unless the crossing is at an intersection controlled by a traffic light or 4-way stop sign.
- (c) The Department of Transportation or a municipality, township, county, or other unit of local government may prohibit, by regulation, ordinance, or resolution, the operation of low-speed vehicles on streets under its jurisdiction where the posted speed limit is 30 miles per hour or less if the Department of Transportation or unit of local government determines that the public safety would be jeopardized.
 - (d) Before prohibiting the operation of low-speed vehicles on a street, the Department of

Transportation or unit of local government must consider the volume, speed, and character of traffic on the street and determine whether allowing low speed vehicles to operate on that street would jeopardize public safety. Upon determining that low-speed vehicles may not safely operate on a street, and upon the adoption of an ordinance or resolution by a unit of local government, or regulation by the Department of Transportation, the operation of low-speed vehicles may be prohibited. The unit of local government or the Department of Transportation may prohibit the operation of low-speed vehicles on any and all streets under its jurisdiction. Appropriate appropriate signs shall be posted in conformance with the State Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices adopted pursuant to Section 11-301 of this Code.

- (e) If a street is under the jurisdiction of more than one unit of local government, or under the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation and one or more units of local government, low-speed vehicles may be operated on the street unless each unit of local government and the Department of Transportation agree and take action to prohibit such operation as provided in this Section.
- (f) No low-speed vehicle may be operated on any street unless, at a minimum, it has the following: brakes, a steering apparatus, tires, a rearview mirror, red reflectorized warning devices in the front and rear, a headlight that emits a white light visible from a distance of 500 feet to the front, a tail lamp that emits a red light visible from at least 100 feet from the rear, brake lights, and turn signals. When operated on a street, a low-speed vehicle shall have its headlight and tail lamps lighted as required by Section 12-201 of this Code. The low-speed vehicle shall also have signs or decals permanently and conspicuously affixed to the rear of the vehicle and the dashboard of the vehicle stating "This Vehicle May Not Be Operated on Streets With Speed Limits in Excess of 30 m.p.h." The lettering of the sign or decal on the rear of the vehicle shall be not less than 2 inches in height. The lettering on the sign or decal on the dashboard shall be not less than one-half inch in height.
- (g) A person may not operate a low-speed vehicle upon any street in this State unless he or she has a valid driver's license issued in his or her name by the Secretary of State or a foreign jurisdiction.
- (h) The operation of a low-speed vehicle upon any street is subject to the provisions of Chapter 11 of this Code concerning the Rules of the Road, and applicable local ordinances.
- (i) Every owner of a low-speed vehicle is subject to the mandatory insurance requirements specified in Article VI of Chapter 7 of this Code.
- (j) Any person engaged in the retail sale of low-speed vehicles are required to comply with the motor vehicle dealer licensing, registration, and bonding laws of this State, as specified in Sections 5-101 and 5-102 of this Code.
- (k) No action taken by a unit of local government under this Section designates the operation of a low-speed vehicle as an intended or permitted use of property with respect to Section 3-102 of the Local Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act.

(Source: P.A. 96-653, eff. 1-1-10.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Collins, **House Bill No. 6124** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Collins offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 6124

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend House Bill 6124, on page 3, line 18, by replacing "Public Act 93-356" with "any statute of limitations or statute of repose".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Bomke, **House Bill No. 6178**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Garrett Lightford Righter **Bivins** Haine Link Risinger Bomke Luechtefeld Harmon Sandoval Hendon Burzynski Malonev Schoenberg Clayborne Holmes Martinez Silverstein Collins Hultgren McCarter Steans Crotty Hunter Meeks Sullivan Dahl Hutchinson Millner Syverson Delgado Muñoz Trotter Jacobs Demuzio Jones, E. Murphy Viverito Dillard Jones, J. Noland Wilhelmi Duffy Koehler Pankau Mr. President Forby Kotowski Radogno Frerichs Raoul Lauzen

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Silverstein, **House Bill No. 6208**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Frerichs	Lightford	Righter
Bivins	Garrett	Link	Risinger
Bomke	Haine	Luechtefeld	Sandoval
Burzynski	Harmon	Maloney	Schoenberg
Clayborne	Hendon	Martinez	Silverstein
Collins	Holmes	McCarter	Sullivan
Cronin	Hultgren	Meeks	Syverson
Crotty	Hunter	Millner	Trotter
Dahl	Jacobs	Muñoz	Viverito
Delgado	Jones, E.	Murphy	Wilhelmi
Demuzio	Jones, J.	Noland	
Dillard	Koehler	Pankau	
Duffy	Kotowski	Radogno	
Forby	Lauzen	Raoul	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

On motion of Senator Althoff, **House Bill No. 6271**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Righter Bivins Garrett Lightford Risinger Haine Link Bomke Sandoval Harmon Luechtefeld Burzynski Schoenberg Clayborne Hendon Maloney Silverstein Collins Holmes Martinez Steans Cronin Hultgren McCarter Sullivan Crotty Hunter Millner Syverson Dahl Hutchinson Muñoz Trotter Delgado Jacobs Murphy Viverito Demuzio Jones, E. Noland Wilhelmi Dillard Jones, J. Pankau Mr. President Duffy Koehler Radogno Kotowski Raoul Forby

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Haine, **House Bill No. 6420** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Haine offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 6420

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend House Bill 6420, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 1, line 16, by replacing "and" with "or"; and

on page 2, line 16, by replacing "and" with "or".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Martinez, **House Bill No. 6450**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

[April 30, 2010]

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Righter **Bivins** Garrett Lightford Risinger Bomke Haine Link Sandoval Burzynski Harmon Luechtefeld Schoenberg Hendon Clavborne Malonev Silverstein Collins Holmes Martinez Steans Cronin Hultgren McCarter Sullivan Crotty Millner Hunter Syverson Dahl Muñoz Trotter Hutchinson Delgado Jacobs Murphy Viverito Demuzio Jones, E. Noland Wilhelmi Dillard Pankau Mr President Jones, J. Koehler Duffv Radogno Forby Kotowski Raoul

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 6459**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Frerichs Lauzen Raoul **Bivins** Garrett Lightford Righter Haine Bomke Link Risinger Burzynski Harmon Luechtefeld Sandoval Clavborne Hendon Malonev Schoenberg Collins Holmes Martinez Silverstein Cronin Hultgren McCarter Steans Crotty Hunter Meeks Sullivan Dahl Hutchinson Millner Syverson Trotter Delgado Jacobs Muñoz Demuzio Viverito Jones, E. Murphy Dillard Jones, J. Noland Wilhelmi Duffv Koehler Pankau Mr President Forby Kotowski Radogno

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

HOUSE BILLS RECALLED

On motion of Senator Collins, **House Bill No. 6462** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Collins offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO HOUSE BILL 6462

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 6462, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 18, by replacing line 16 with the following:

"and Sections 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, and 11-19, 11-19.1, or 11-19.2 of this"; and

on page 24, by replacing line 1 with the following:

"11-14, <u>11-14.1</u>, <u>11-15.1</u>, <u>11-16</u>, 11-17, <u>11-17.1</u>, 11-18, 11-18.1<u>, and 11-19</u>, <u>11-19.1</u>, or <u>11-19.2</u> of this Code is guilty"; and

on page 25, by replacing line 23 with the following:

"11-14, 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, or 11-19.2 of this Code, is guilty"; and

on page 27, by replacing lines 1 and 2 with the following:

"of convictions under this Section and Sections 11-14, <u>11-14.1</u>, 11-15, <u>11-15.1</u>, <u>11-16</u>, <u>11-17.1</u>, 11-18, 11-18.1, <u>and</u> 11-19, <u>11-19.1</u>, <u>or 11-19.2</u> of this Code, is guilty of a Class <u>3</u> 4"; and

on page 28, by replacing lines 2 and 3 with the following:

"Class 1 felony. A person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section, or of any combination of such number of convictions under this Section and Sections 11-14, 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, or 11-19.2 of this Code, is guilty of a Class X felony."; and

on page 28, by replacing lines 22 and 23 with the following:

"under this Section and Sections 11-14, <u>11-14.1</u>, 11-15, <u>11-15.1</u>, <u>11-16</u>, 11-17, <u>11-17.1</u>, 11-18.1, and 11-19, <u>11-19.1</u>, or 11-19.2 of this Code, is guilty of a Class <u>3</u> 4 felony. When a"; and

on page 30, by replacing line 3 with the following:

"and Sections 11-14, 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-19, 11-19.1, or 11-19.2 of this"; and

on page 31, by replacing line 3 with the following:

"Section and Sections 11-14, <u>11-14.1</u>, 11-15, <u>11-15.1</u>, <u>11-16</u>, 11-17, <u>11-17.1</u>, 11-18, and 11-18.1 , <u>11-19.1</u>, or <u>11-19.2</u> of"; and

on page 32, line 16, by inserting after the period the following:

"A person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section, or of any combination of such number of convictions under this Section and Sections 11-14, 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, or 11-19.2 of this Code, is guilty of a Class X felony."; and

on page 34, by replacing lines 19 and 20 with the following:

"10-9, 10-14, 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, or 11-19.2 of this Code, may tow and impound any vehicle"; and

on page 34, line 22, by replacing "charged with" with "arrested for"; and

on page 34, line 24, by inserting after the period the following:

"The person may recover the vehicle from the impound after a minimum of 2 hours after arrest upon payment of the fee."; and

on page 35, by replacing lines 10 and 11 with the following:

"an investigation into any violation of Section 10-9, 11-14, 11-14.1, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, or 11-19.2".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 11:42 o'clock a.m., Senator Schoenberg, presiding.

On motion of Senator Clayborne, **House Bill No. 6241** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Clayborne offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 6241

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 6241 on page 50, by replacing lines 8 and 9 with the following:

"Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2011.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

At the hour of 11:46 o'clock a.m., the Chair announced the Senate stand at ease.

AT EASE

At the hour of 12:01 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business. Senator Schoenberg, presiding.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its April 30, 2010 meeting, reported the following Senate Resolutions have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

State Government and Veterans Affairs: Senate Resolutions Numbered 792, 802 and 806.

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its April 30, 2010 meeting, reported the following House Resolution has been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

State Government and Veterans Affairs: House Joint Resolution No. 103.

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its April 30, 2010 meeting, reported that the following Legislative Measure has been approved for consideration:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 6349

The foregoing floor amendment was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 580

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 580

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 580

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 580 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Water Commission Act of 1985 is amended by changing Section 4 and by adding Sections 0.001, 0.001a, and 0.001b as follows:

(70 ILCS 3720/0.001 new)

Sec. 0.001. Commissioners; terms; vacancies. Effective January 1, 2011, the terms of office of the chairperson and all commissioners of water commissions appointed pursuant to this Act shall terminate and the commission shall be reconstituted.

(a) The commissioners shall be appointed as follows:

- (1) A chairperson, who shall also serve in the capacity of a commissioner, shall be appointed by the chairperson of the county board of the home county with the advice and consent of the county board.
- (2) One commissioner from each county board district within the home county shall be appointed by the chairperson of the county board of the home county with the advice and consent of the county board.
- (3) One commissioner from each county board district within the home county shall be appointed by the majority vote of the mayors of those included municipalities that have the greatest percentage of their respective populations residing within such county board district of the home county. A vice-chairperson of the commission shall be appointed from the commissioners appointed pursuant to this paragraph by a majority vote of these commissioners.
 - (b) All commissioners shall be residents of the home county or a resident of an included municipality.
 - (c) The initial commissioners appointed pursuant to subsection (a) shall serve the following terms:
 - (1) The chairperson shall serve for a term of 6 years.
- (2) At the first meeting of the commission held after January 1, 2011, the commissioners appointed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall determine publicly by lot one-third of their members to serve for a term of 2 years, one-third of their members to serve for a term of 4 years, and one-third of their members to serve for a term of 6 years, any odd number of commissioners so determined by dividing into thirds to serve 6-year terms.
- (3) At the first meeting of the commission held after January 1, 2011, the commissioners and the vice-chairperson appointed pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall determine publicly by lot one-third of their members to serve for a term of 2 years, one-third of their members to serve for a term of 4 years, and one-third of their members to serve for a term of 6 years, any odd number of commissioners so determined by dividing into thirds to serve 6-year terms.

The successor commissioners shall serve for a term of 6 years or until their successors have been appointed and qualified in the same manner as the original appointments.

- (d) A commissioner shall be eligible for reappointment upon the expiration of his or her term. A vacancy in the office of a commissioner shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term by appointment and with the qualifications as to residency in the same manner as the original appointment was made.
- (e) A commissioner may be a member of the governing board, an officer, or an employee of the county or any unit of local government located within the county.

(70 ILCS 3720/0.001a new)

Sec. 0.001a. Officers. A water commission established pursuant to this Act shall, by majority vote of the water commissioners, appoint a general manager, a finance director, and a treasurer. The appointment of the general manager, finance director, and treasurer is subject to the advice and consent of the county board of the home county in which the county water commission is located. The positions of finance director and treasurer shall be filled by persons with the necessary financial background and experience to monitor and report on water commission financial matters and budgeting.

(70 ILCS 3720/0.001b new)

Sec. 0.001b. Powers and duties. A water commission has the power and duty to:

- (1) establish and define the responsibilities of the commission and its committees;
- (2) establish and define the responsibilities of the commission's management and staff;
- (3) establish a finance committee to conduct monthly meetings to supervise staff's handling of financial matters and budgeting;

- (4) require the finance director and treasurer to report to the finance committee the status of all commission funds and obligations;
- (5) require the treasurer to report to the commission any improper or unnecessary expenditures, budgetary errors, or accounting irregularities;
- (6) require commission staff to document and comply with standard accounting policies, procedures, and controls to ensure accurate reporting to the finance committee and commission and to identify improper or unnecessary expenditures, budgetary errors, or accounting irregularities;
- (7) require the commission's finance director to provide monthly reports regarding the commission's cash and investment position including whether the commission has sufficient cash and investments to pay its debt service, operating expenses, and capital expenditures and maintain required reserve levels. The information shall include the required funding levels for restricted funds and unrestricted cash and investment balances with comparisons to unrestricted reserves. The information shall also include the type and performance of the commission's investments and description as to whether those investments are in compliance with the commission's investment policies;
- (8) require the commission's finance director to provide the commission with detailed information concerning the commission's operating performance including the budgeted and actual monthly amounts for water sales, water costs, and other operating expenses;
- (9) require commission staff to provide the commission with detailed information regarding the progress of capital projects including whether the percentage of completion and costs incurred are timely;
- (10) require the commission's staff accountant to perform bank reconciliations and general ledger account reconciliations on a monthly basis; the finance director shall review these reconciliations and provide them to the treasurer and the finance committee on a monthly basis;
- (11) establish policies to ensure the proper segregation of the financial duties performed by employees;
- (12) restrict access to the established accounting systems and general ledger systems and provide for adequate segregation of duties so that no single person has sole access and control over the accounting system or the general ledger system;
- (13) require that the finance director review and approve all manual journal entries and supporting documentation; the treasurer shall review and approve the finance director's review and approval of manual journal entries and supporting documentation;
 - (14) require that the finance director closely monitor the progress of construction projects;
- (15) require that the finance director carefully document any GAAP analysis or communications with GASB and provide full and timely reports for the same to the finance committee; and
- (16) retain an outside independent auditor to perform a comprehensive audit of the water commission's financial activities for each fiscal year in conformance with the standard practices of the Association of Governmental Auditors; within 30 days after the independent audit is completed, the results of the audit must be sent to the county auditor.

(70 ILCS 3720/4) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 254) Sec. 4. Taxes.

(a) The board of commissioners of any county water commission may, by ordinance, impose throughout the territory of the commission any or all of the taxes provided in this Section for its corporate purposes. However, no county water commission may impose any such tax unless the commission certifies the proposition of imposing the tax to the proper election officials, who shall submit the proposition to the voters residing in the territory at an election in accordance with the general election law, and the proposition has been approved by a majority of those voting on the proposition.

The proposition shall be in the form provided in Section 5 or shall be substantially in the following form:

Shall the (insert corporate)

			shan the (msert corporate
name of county water commission)		YES	-
impose (state type of tax or			
taxes to be imposed) at the	NO		
rate of 1/4%?			

Taxes imposed under this Section and civil penalties imposed incident thereto shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have the power to administer and enforce the taxes and to determine all rights for refunds for erroneous payments of the taxes.

(b) The board of commissioners may impose a County Water Commission Retailers' Occupation Tax upon all persons engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in the territory of

the commission at a rate of 1/4% of the gross receipts from the sales made in the course of such business within the territory. The tax imposed under this paragraph and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this paragraph; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 1a, 1a-1, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1f, 1i, 1j, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax except that food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicine, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, shall not be subject to tax hereunder), 2c, 3 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5h, 5i, 5j, 5k, 5l, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this paragraph may reimburse themselves for their seller's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State taxes that sellers are required to collect under the Use Tax Act and under subsection (e) of Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of a county water commission tax fund established under paragraph (g) of this Section.

For the purpose of determining whether a tax authorized under this paragraph is applicable, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the Federal Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

If a tax is imposed under this subsection (b) a tax shall also be imposed under subsections (c) and (d) of this Section.

No tax shall be imposed or collected under this subsection on the sale of a motor vehicle in this State to a resident of another state if that motor vehicle will not be titled in this State.

Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize a county water commission to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

(c) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (b), a County Water Commission Service Occupation Tax shall also be imposed upon all persons engaged, in the territory of the commission, in the business of making sales of service, who, as an incident to making the sales of service, transfer tangible personal property within the territory. The tax rate shall be 1/4% of the selling price of tangible personal property so transferred within the territory. The tax imposed under this paragraph and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof shall be collected and enforced by the State Department of Revenue. The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this paragraph; to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1a-1, 2 (except that the reference to State in the definition of supplier maintaining a place of business in this State shall mean the territory of the commission), 2a, 3 through 3-50 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax except that food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, shall not be subject to tax hereunder), 4 (except that the reference to the State shall be to the territory of the commission), 5, 7, 8 (except that the jurisdiction to which the tax shall be a debt to the extent indicated in that Section 8 shall be the commission), 9 (except as to the disposition of taxes and penalties collected and except that the returned merchandise credit for this tax may not be taken against any State tax), 10, 11, 12 (except the reference therein to Section 2b of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), 13 (except that any reference to the State shall mean the territory of the commission), the first paragraph of Section 15, 15.5, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Service Occupation Tax Act as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Persons subject to any tax imposed under the authority granted in this paragraph may reimburse themselves for their serviceman's tax liability hereunder by separately stating the tax as an additional charge, which charge may be stated in combination, in a single amount, with State tax that servicemen are authorized to collect under the Service Use Tax Act, and any tax for which servicemen may be liable under subsection (f) of Sec. 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, in accordance with such bracket schedules as the Department may prescribe.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the warrant to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of a county water commission tax fund established under paragraph (g) of this Section.

Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize a county water commission to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by the State.

(d) If a tax has been imposed under subsection (b), a tax shall also imposed upon the privilege of using, in the territory of the commission, any item of tangible personal property that is purchased outside the territory at retail from a retailer, and that is titled or registered with an agency of this State's government, at a rate of 1/4% of the selling price of the tangible personal property within the territory, as "selling price" is defined in the Use Tax Act. The tax shall be collected from persons whose Illinois address for titling or registration purposes is given as being in the territory. The tax shall be collected by the Department of Revenue for a county water commission. The tax must be paid to the State, or an exemption determination must be obtained from the Department of Revenue, before the title or certificate of registration for the property may be issued. The tax or proof of exemption may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or the State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered if the Department and the State agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this paragraph; to collect all taxes, penalties and interest due hereunder; to dispose of taxes, penalties and interest so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and to determine all rights to credit memoranda or refunds arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax, penalty or interest hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with this paragraph, the Department and persons who are subject to this paragraph shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, penalties, exclusions, exemptions and definitions of terms and employ the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 2 (except the definition of "retailer maintaining a place of business in this State"), 3 through 3-80 (except provisions pertaining to the State rate of tax, and except provisions concerning collection or refunding of the tax by retailers, and except that food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, shall not be subject to tax hereunder), 4, 11, 12, 12a, 14, 15, 19 (except the portions pertaining to claims by retailers and except the last paragraph concerning refunds), 20, 21 and 22 of the Use Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act that are not inconsistent with this paragraph, as fully as if those provisions were set forth herein.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund should be made under this paragraph to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of a county water commission tax fund established under paragraph (g) of this Section.

(e) A certificate of registration issued by the State Department of Revenue to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or under the Service Occupation Tax Act shall permit the registrant to

engage in a business that is taxed under the tax imposed under paragraphs (b), (c) or (d) of this Section and no additional registration shall be required under the tax. A certificate issued under the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act shall be applicable with regard to any tax imposed under paragraph (c) of this Section

- (f) Any ordinance imposing or discontinuing any tax under this Section shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before June 1, whereupon the Department of Revenue shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section on behalf of the county water commission as of September 1 next following the adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1992, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of July, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of October next following such adoption and filing. Beginning January 1, 1993, an ordinance or resolution imposing or discontinuing the tax hereunder shall be adopted and a certified copy thereof filed with the Department on or before the first day of October, whereupon the Department shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section as of the first day of January next following such adoption and filing.
- (g) The State Department of Revenue shall, upon collecting any taxes as provided in this Section, pay the taxes over to the State Treasurer as trustee for the commission. The taxes shall be held in a trust fund outside the State Treasury. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the State Department of Revenue shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller of the State of Illinois the amount to be paid to the commission, which shall be the then balance in the fund, less any amount determined by the Department to be necessary for the payment of refunds. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the certification of the amount to be paid to the commission, the Comptroller shall cause an order to be drawn for the payment for the amount in accordance with the direction in the certification.
- (h) Beginning June 1, 2016 any tax imposed pursuant to this Section may no longer be imposed or collected, unless a continuation of the tax is approved by the voters at a referendum as set forth in this Section.

(Source: P.A. 92-221, eff. 8-2-01; 93-1068, eff. 1-15-05.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 580**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 851

A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 851

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 851

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 851 on page 1, by inserting after line 3 the following:

"Section 3. The Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code is amended by changing Section 1-122 as follows:

(405 ILCS 5/1-122) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 1-122)

Sec. 1-122. Qualified examiner. "Qualified examiner" means a person who is:

- (a) a Clinical social worker as defined in this Act.
- (b) a registered nurse with a master's degree in psychiatric nursing who has 3 years of clinical training and experience in the evaluation and treatment of mental illness which has been acquired subsequent to any training and experience which constituted a part of the degree program, or
- (c) a licensed clinical professional counselor with a master's or doctoral degree in counseling or psychology or a similar master's or doctorate program from a regionally accredited institution who has at

least 3 years of supervised postmaster's clinical professional counseling experience that includes the provision of mental health services for the evaluation, treatment, and prevention of mental and emotional disorders, or -

(d) a licensed marriage and family therapist with a master's or doctoral degree in marriage and family therapy from a regionally accredited educational institution or a similar master's program or from a program accredited by either the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy or the Commission on Accreditation for Counseling Related Educational Programs, who has at least 3 years of supervised post-master's experience as a marriage and family therapist that includes the provision of mental health services for the evaluation, treatment, and prevention of mental and emotional disorders.

A social worker who is a qualified examiner shall be a licensed clinical social worker under the Clinical Social Work and Social Work Practice Act.

(Source: P.A. 91-536, eff. 1-1-00.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 851**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2554

A bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2554

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY. Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2554

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2554 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Section 7-173 as follows:

(40 ILCS 5/7-173) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 7-173)

Sec. 7-173. Contributions by employees.

- (a) Each participating employee shall make contributions to the fund as follows:
 - 1. For retirement annuity purposes, normal contributions of 3 3/4% of earnings.
- 2. Additional contributions of such percentages of each payment of earnings, as shall be elected by the employee for retirement annuity purposes, but not in excess of 10%. The selected state shall be applicable to all cornings and beginning on the first day of the second month following

rate shall be applicable to all earnings <u>paid</u> beginning on the first day of the second month following receipt by the Board of written notice of election to make such contributions. Additional contributions at the selected rate shall be made concurrently with normal contributions.

- 3. Survivor contributions, by each participating employee, of 3/4% of each payment of earnings.
- (b) Each employee shall make contributions to the fund for Federal Social Security taxes, for periods during which he is a covered employee, as required by the Social Security Enabling Act. For participating employees, such contributions shall be in addition to those required under paragraph (a) of this Section.
- (c) Contributions shall be deducted from each corresponding payment of earnings paid to each employee and shall be remitted to the board by the participating municipality or participating instrumentality making such payment. The remittance, together with a report of the earnings and contributions shall be made as directed by the board. For township treasurers and employees of township treasurers qualifying as employees hereunder, the contributions herein required as deductions from salary shall be withheld by the school township trustees from funds available for the payment of the compensation of such treasurers and employees as provided in the School Code and remitted to the board.
- (d) An employee who has made additional contributions under paragraph (a)2 of this Section may upon retirement or at any time prior thereto, elect to withdraw the total of such additional contributions

including interest credited thereon to the end of the preceding calendar year.

- (e) Failure to make the deductions for employee contributions provided in paragraph (c) of this Section shall not relieve the employee from liability for such contributions. The amount of such liability may be deducted, with interest charged under Section 7-209, from any annuities or benefits payable hereunder to the employee or any other person receiving an annuity or benefit by reason of such employee's participation.
- (f) A participating employee who has at least 40 years of creditable service in the Fund may elect to cease making the contributions required under this Section. The status of the employee under this Article shall be unaffected by this election, except that the employee shall not receive any additional creditable service for the periods of employment following the election. An election under this subsection relieves the employer from making additional employer contributions in relation to that employee.

(Source: P.A. 87-1265.)

Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.34 as follows:

(30 ILCS 805/8.34 new)

Sec. 8.34. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 2554**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2819

A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2819

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 2819

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2819

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 2819 as follows:

on page 1, line 5, by replacing "Section" with "Sections 224 and"; and

on page 1, immediately below line 5, by inserting the following:

"(215 ILCS 5/224) (from Ch. 73, par. 836)

Sec. 224. Standard provisions for life policies.

- (1) After the first day of July, 1937, no policy of life insurance other than industrial, group or annuities and pure endowments with or without return of premiums or of premiums and interest, may be issued or delivered in this State, unless such policy contains in substance the following provisions:
 - (a) A provision that all premiums after the first shall be payable in advance either at the home office of the company or to an agent of the company, upon delivery of a receipt signed by one or more of the officers who shall be designated in the policy, when such receipt is requested by the policyholder.
 - (b) A provision that the insured is entitled to a grace period either of 30 days or of one month within which the payment of any premium after the first may be made, subject at the option of the company to an interest charge not in excess of 6% per annum for the number of days of grace elapsing before the payment of the premium, during which period of grace the policy shall

grace elapsing before the payment of the premium, during which period of grace the policy shall continue in force, but in case the policy becomes a claim during the grace period before the overdue premium is paid, or the deferred premiums of the current policy year, if any, are paid, the amount of

such premium or premiums with interest thereon may be deducted in any settlement under the policy.

- (c) A provision that the policy, together with the application therefor, a copy of which shall be endorsed upon or attached to the policy and made a part thereof, shall constitute the entire contract between the parties and that after it has been in force during the lifetime of the insured a specified time, not later than 2 years from its date, it shall be incontestable except for nonpayment of premiums and except at the option of the company, with respect to provisions relative to benefits in the event of total and permanent disability, and provisions which grant additional insurance specifically against death by accident and except for violations of the conditions of the policy relating to naval or military service in time of war or for violation of an express condition, if any, relating to aviation, (except riding as a fare-paying passenger of a commercial air line flying on regularly scheduled routes between definitely established airports) in which case the liability of the company shall be fixed at a definitely determined amount not less than the full reserve for the policy and any dividend additions; provided that the application therefor need not be attached to or made a part of any policy containing a clause making the policy incontestable from date of issue.
- (d) A provision that if it is found at any time before final settlement under the policy that the age of the insured (or the age of the beneficiary, if considered in determining the premium) has been misstated, the amount payable under the policy shall be such as the premium would have purchased at the correct age or ages, according to the company's published rate at date of issue.
- (e) A provision that the policy shall participate annually in the surplus of the company beginning not later than the end of the third policy year; and any policy containing provision for annual participation beginning at the end of the first policy year, may also provide that each dividend be paid subject to the payment of the premiums for the next ensuing year; and the insured under any annual dividend policy shall have the right each year to have the dividend arising from such participation either paid in cash, or applied in reduction of premiums, or applied to the purchase of paid-up additional insurance, or be left to accumulate to the credit of the policy, with interest at such rate as may be determined from time to time by the company, but not less than a guaranteed minimum rate specified in the policy, and payable at the maturity of the policy, but withdrawable on any anniversary date, subject to such further provisions as the policy may provide regarding the application of dividends toward the payment of any premiums unpaid at the end of the grace period; and if the insured fails to notify the company in writing of his election within the period of grace allowed for the payment of premium, the policy shall further provide which of such options are effective
- (f) A provision that after the policy has been in force 3 full years the company at any time, while the policy is in force, will advance, on proper assignment or pledge of the policy and on the sole security thereof, at a specified maximum fixed or adjusted rate of interest in accordance with Section 229.5, a sum equal to, or at the option of the insured less than the amount required by Section 229.3 under the conditions specified thereby and with notification as required by Section 229.5; and that the company will deduct from such loan value any indebtedness not already deducted in determining such value and any unpaid balance of the premium for the current policy year, and may collect interest in advance on the loan to the end of the current policy year; and any policy may also provide that if the interest on the loan is not paid when due it shall be added to the existing loan and shall bear interest at the same rate. No condition other than as provided herein or in Sections 229.3 and 229.5 shall be exacted as a prerequisite to any such loan. This clause shall not apply to term insurance.
- (g) A provision for nonforfeiture benefits and cash surrender values in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (1) of Section 229.1 or, Section 229.2.
- (h) A table showing in figures the loan values and the options available under the policy each year, upon default in premium payments, during at least the first 20 years of the policy; the policy to contain a provision that the company will furnish upon request an extension of such table beyond the years shown in the policy.
- (i) A provision that in event of default in premium payments the value of the policy is applied to the purchase of other insurance as provided in this Section, and if such insurance is in force and the original policy is not surrendered to the company and cancelled, the policy may be reinstated within 3 years from such default, upon evidence of insurability satisfactory to the company and payment of arrears of premiums and the payment or reinstatement of any other indebtedness to the company upon the policy, with interest on the premiums at a rate not exceeding 6% per annum payable annually and with interest on the indebtedness at a rate not exceeding the rate prescribed by Section 229.5.
 - (j) A provision that when a policy is a claim by the death of the insured settlement

shall be made upon receipt of due proof of death.

An insurer may require a beneficiary to provide (1) a certified copy of the insured's final death certificate and the death certificate of any beneficiary who predeceased the insured; (2) a statement signed by the beneficiary, stating the name, address, and date of birth of the beneficiary, stating the beneficiary's relationship to the insured, and stating the method of payment; (3) a statement signed by the beneficiary identifying co-beneficiaries, if any; (4) government-issued photographic identification; (5) an authorization signed by the beneficiary to permit the insurer to investigate the claim; and (6) any tax reporting information necessary to allow the insurer to comply with any tax law or regulation.

If an individual is acting on behalf of the beneficiary, then the insurer may require the individual to provide documentation showing the legal authority of that individual to so act.

The insurer may obtain any additional information or documents necessary to determine the extent of its liability, to identify the proper beneficiary, or to comply with the law; but the insurer may not require a beneficiary to provide information or documents otherwise available to the insurer. Settlement shall be made and not later than 2 months after the receipt of such proof.

- (k) If the policy provides for payment of its proceeds in installments, a table showing the amount and period of such installments shall be included in the policy.
- (1) Interest shall accrue on the proceeds payable because of the death of the insured,

from date of death, at the rate of 9% on the total amount payable or the face amount if payments are to be made in installments until the total payment or first installment is paid, unless payment is made within fifteen (15) days from the date of receipt by the company of due proof of loss. This provision need not appear in the policy, however, the company shall notify the beneficiary at the time of claim of this provision. The payment of interest shall apply to all policies now in force, as well as those written after the effective date of this amendment.

Due proof of loss shall consist of information and documents necessary for the insurer to determine its liability, pay the proceeds, and be discharged from liability. An insurer may include a provision in the policy describing proof of loss, provided that such provision is not inconsistent with this subsection.

- (m) Title on the face and on the back of the policy briefly describing its form.
- (n) A provision, or a notice attached to the policy, to the effect that during a period
- of ten days from the date the policy is delivered to the policy owner, it may be surrendered to the insurer together with a written request for cancellation of the policy and in such event, the insurer will refund any premium paid therefor, including any policy fees or other charges. The Director may by rule exempt specific types of policies from the requirements of this subsection.
- (2) In the case of the replacement of life insurance, as defined in the rule promulgated by the Director, the replacing insurer shall either (1) delay the issuance of its policy for not less than 20 days from the date it has transmitted a policy summary to the existing insurer, or (2) provide in a form titled "Notice Regarding Replacement of Life Insurance", as well as in its policy, or in a separate notice delivered with the policy, that the insured has the right to an unconditional refund of all premiums paid, and that such right may be exercised within a period of 20 days commencing from the date of delivery of such policy. Where option (2) is exercised, the replacing insurer shall also transmit a policy summary to the existing insurer within 3 working days after the date the replacement policy is issued.
- (3) Any of the foregoing provisions or portions thereof not applicable to single premium or nonparticipating or term policies shall to that extent not be incorporated therein. This Section shall not apply to policies of reinsurance nor to policies issued or granted pursuant to the nonforfeiture provisions prescribed in subparagraph (g) of paragraph (1) of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 92-139, eff. 7-24-01.)".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 2819

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 2819, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, as follows:

by replacing line 11 on page 6 through line 6 on page 7 with the following:

"Such proof shall be in writing and establish (1) the fact and date of the insured's death, (2) the claimant's identity, and (3) the claimant's interest and the extent thereof. Such proof includes information and documents necessary for the insurer to determine its liability, pay the claim in compliance with all laws and regulations, and be discharged from liability. A claimant shall not be required to provide documents otherwise available to"; and

on page 7, by replacing lines 20 through 23 with the following:

"the beneficiary at the time of claim of this provision. The payment of interest shall apply

to all policies now in force, as well as those written after the effective date of this amendment.".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 2819**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3118

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3118

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3118

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 3118 on page 15, by replacing lines 20 through 22 with the following:

"General must be conducted in accordance with the rights"; and

on page 16, by inserting below line 3 the following:

"(o) Nothing in this Section shall diminish the rights, privileges, or remedies of a State employee under any other federal or State law, rule, or regulation or under any collective bargaining agreement."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3118**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3295

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3295

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3295

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{1}$. Amend Senate Bill 3295 on page 20, line 22, by inserting "as required by law or" after "only"; and

on page 24, by replacing lines 8 through 11 with the following:

"(a) The Department of State Police shall retain records sealed under subsection (c) or (e) of Section 5.2 or impounded under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (9) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2 and shall release them only as authorized by this Act. Felony records sealed under subsection (c) or (e) of Section 5.2 or impounded under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (9) of subsection (d) of Section 5.2 shall be used"; and

on page 24, line 22, by inserting "or impounded" after "sealed"; and

on page 25, line 1, by inserting "or impounded" after "sealed".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3295**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3320

A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3320

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3320

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 3320 on page 24, immediately below line 19, by inserting the following:

- "(4) The disposal of soil that does not exceed industrial/commercial property remediation objectives, but that does exceed residential property remediation objectives, if industrial/commercial property remediation objectives were used pursuant to subdivision (c)(3)(A)(ii) of Section 57.7 of this Act and the owner or operator demonstrates that (i) the contamination is the result of the release for which the owner or operator is eligible to seek payment from the Fund and (ii) disposal of the soil is necessary as a result of construction activities conducted after the issuance of a No Further Remediation Letter on the site where the release occurred, including, but not limited to, the following: tank, line, or canopy repair, replacement, or removal; building upgrades; sign installation; and water or sewer line replacement.
- (5) The disposal of water exceeding groundwater remediation objectives that is removed from an excavation on the site where the release occurred if a groundwater ordinance is used as an institutional control pursuant to subdivision (c)(3)(A)(iii) of Section 57.7 of this Act, or if an on-site groundwater use restriction is used as an institutional control pursuant to subdivision (c)(3)(A)(iv) of Section 57.7, and the owner or operator demonstrates that (i) the excavation is located within the measured or modeled extent of groundwater contamination resulting from the release for which the owner or operator is eligible to seek payment from the Fund and (ii) disposal of the groundwater is necessary as a result of construction activities conducted after the issuance of a No Further Remediation Letter on the site where the release occurred, including, but not limited to, the following: tank, line, or canopy repair, replacement, or removal; building upgrades; sign installation; and water or sewer line replacement."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3320**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3359

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3359

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 3359

House Amendment No. 3 to SENATE BILL NO. 3359

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3359

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend Senate Bill 3359 on page 1, by replacing lines 4 and 5 with the

following:

"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 12-7.5 and by adding Section 12-10.3 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/12-7.5)

Sec. 12-7.5. Cyberstalking.

- (a) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she engages in a course of conduct using electronic communication directed at a specific person, and he or she knows or should know that would cause a reasonable person to:
 - (1) fear for his or her safety or the safety of a third person; or
 - (2) suffer other emotional distress.
- (a-3) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she, knowingly and without lawful justification, on at least 2 separate occasions, harasses another person through the use of electronic communication and:
 - (1) at any time transmits a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint and the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person; or
 - (2) places that person or a family member of that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint; or
 - (3) at any time knowingly solicits the commission of an act by any person which would be a violation of this Code directed towards that person or a family member of that person.
 - (a-5) A person commits cyberstalking when he or she, knowingly and without lawful justification, creates and maintains an Internet website or webpage which is accessible to one or more third parties for a period of at least 24 hours, and which contains statements harassing another person and:
 - (1) which communicates a threat of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint, where the threat is directed towards that person or a family member of that person, or
 - (2) which places that person or a family member of that person in reasonable apprehension of immediate or future bodily harm, sexual assault, confinement, or restraint, or
 - (3) which knowingly solicits the commission of an act by any person which would be a violation of this Code directed towards that person or a family member of that person.
- (b) Sentence. Cyberstalking is a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent conviction for cyberstalking is a Class 3 felony.
 - (c) For purposes of this Section:
 - (1) "Course of conduct" means 2 or more acts, including but not limited to acts in which a defendant directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, engages in other non-consensual contact, or interferes with or damages a person's property or pet. The incarceration in a penal institution of a person who commits the course of conduct is not a bar to prosecution under this Section.
 - (2) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writings, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric, or photo-optical system. "Electronic communication" includes transmissions through an electronic device including, but not limited to, a telephone, cellular phone, computer, or pager, which communication includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, instant message, text message, or voice mail by a computer through the Internet to another computer.
 - (3) "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering, anxiety or alarm.
 - (4) "Harass" means to engage in a knowing and willful course of conduct directed at a specific person that alarms, torments, or terrorizes that person.
 - (5) "Non-consensual contact" means any contact with the victim that is initiated or continued without the victim's consent, including but not limited to being in the physical presence of the victim; appearing within the sight of the victim; approaching or confronting the victim in a public place or on private property; appearing at the workplace or residence of the victim; entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim; or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by the victim.
 - (6) "Reasonable person" means a person in the victim's circumstances, with the victim's knowledge of the defendant and the defendant's prior acts.
 - (7) "Third party" means any person other than the person violating these provisions and the person or persons towards whom the violator's actions are directed.

(d) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or information services used by others in violation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 95-849, eff. 1-1-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-686, eff. 1-1-10; revised 10-20-09.)"; and

on page 1, by inserting immediately below line 21 the following:

"Section 10. The Harassing and Obscene Communications Act is amended by changing Section 1-2 as follows:

(720 ILCS 135/1-2)

Sec. 1-2. Harassment through electronic communications.

- (a) Harassment through electronic communications is the use of electronic communication for any of the following purposes:
 - (1) Making any comment, request, suggestion or proposal which is obscene with an intent to offend;
- (1.5) Transmitting an electronic communication which is obscene with an intent to offend that is motivated by the actual or perceived race, color, creed, religion, ancestry, gender, sexual orientation, physical or mental disability, or national origin of another individual or group of individuals, or other distinguishing personal characteristics;
 - (2) Interrupting, with the intent to harass, the telephone service or the electronic communication service of any person;
 - (3) Transmitting to any person, with the intent to harass and regardless of whether the communication is read in its entirety or at all, any file, document, or other communication which prevents that person from using his or her telephone service or electronic communications device;
 - (3.1) Transmitting an electronic communication or knowingly inducing a person to transmit an electronic communication for the purpose of harassing another person who is under 13 years of age, regardless of whether the person under 13 years of age consents to the harassment, if the defendant is at least 16 years of age at the time of the commission of the offense;
 - (4) Threatening injury to the person or to the property of the person to whom an electronic communication is directed or to any of his or her family or household members; or
 - (5) Knowingly permitting any electronic communications device to be used for any of the purposes mentioned in this subsection (a).
 - (b) As used in this Act:
 - (1) "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectric or photo-optical system. "Electronic communication" includes transmissions through an electronic device including, but not limited to, a telephone, cellular phone, computer, or pager, which communication includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, instant message, text message, or voice mail by a computer through the Internet to another computer.
 - (2) "Family or household member" includes spouses, former spouses, parents, children, stepchildren and other persons related by blood or by present or prior marriage, persons who share or formerly shared a common dwelling, persons who have or allegedly share a blood relationship through a child, persons who have or have had a dating or engagement relationship, and persons with disabilities and their personal assistants. For purposes of this Act, neither a casual acquaintanceship nor ordinary fraternization between 2 individuals in business or social contexts shall be deemed to constitute a dating relationship.
- (c) Telecommunications carriers, commercial mobile service providers, and providers of information services, including, but not limited to, Internet service providers and hosting service providers, are not liable under this Section, except for willful and wanton misconduct, by virtue of the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of others or by virtue of the provision of other related telecommunications, commercial mobile services, or information services used by others in violation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 95-849, eff. 1-1-09; 95-984, eff. 6-1-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.)".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3359

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend Senate Bill 3359, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and

line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 5, by replacing lines 20 and 21 with the following:

"(1.5) Transmitting an electronic communication with an intent to abuse, threaten, offend, or harass that is motivated by".

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 3359

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend Senate Bill 3359, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 2, on page 1, line 6, by deleting "offend,".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3359**, with House Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3509

A bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3509

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 3509

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3509

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 3509 on page 3, line 12, by deleting "and"; and

on page 3, line 19, by replacing "." with "; and"; and

on page 4, by deleting lines 1 through 7; and

on page 4, immediately below line 11, by inserting the following:

"(d) Under this Section, a health care professional who is a student or resident and does not have a state license shall only be required to wear a name tag that clearly identifies himself or herself by name and as a student or resident, as authorized by the professional licensing Act.".

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3509

AMENDMENT NO. 2_. Amend Senate Bill 3509 on page 2, line 24, after "Act", by inserting "or examination designations required for licensure under his or her licensing Act"; and

on page 3, line 22, immediately after "Act", by inserting ", examination designations required for licensure under his or her licensing Act, or the titles".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3509**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3628

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3628

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3628

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 3628 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act is amended by changing Section 4 as follows:

(20 ILCS 3930/4) (from Ch. 38, par. 210-4)

Sec. 4. Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority; creation, membership, and meetings. There is created an Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority consisting of 23 24 members. The membership of the Authority shall consist of the Illinois Attorney General, or his or her designee, the Director of the Illinois Department of Corrections, the Director of the Illinois Department of State Police, the Sheriff of Cook County, the State's Attorney of Cook County, the clerk of the circuit court of Cook County, the President of the Cook County Board of Commissioners, the Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department, the Director of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor, the Executive Director of the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board, the State Appellate Defender, the Public Defender of Cook County, and the following additional members, each of whom shall be appointed by the Governor: a circuit court clerk, a sheriff, and a State's Attorney of a county other than Cook, a Public Defender of a county other than Cook, a chief of police, and 6 members of the general public.

The Governor from time to time shall designate a Chairman of the Authority from the membership. All members of the Authority appointed by the Governor shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor for a term not to exceed 4 years. The initial appointed members of the Authority shall serve from January, 1983 until the third Monday in January, 1987 or until their successors are appointed.

The Authority shall meet at least quarterly, and all meetings of the Authority shall be called by the Chairman

(Source: P.A. 92-21, eff. 7-1-01; 93-830, eff. 1-1-05.)".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3628**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3635

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3635

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3635

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 3635 on page 1, by replacing line 18 with the following:

"transitional bilingual education funding received from the State must be used for the instructional costs of transitional bilingual education."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3635**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3661

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 3661

Passed the House, as amended, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3661

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend Senate Bill 3661 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Lottery Law is amended by adding Section 10.8 as follows:

(20 ILCS 1605/10.8 new)

Sec. 10.8. Specialty retailers license.

(a) "Veterans service organization" means an organization that:

- (1) is formed by and for United States military veterans;
- (2) is chartered by the United States Congress and incorporated in the State of Illinois;
- (3) maintains a state headquarters office in the State of Illinois; and
- (4) is not funded by the State of Illinois or by any county in this State.
- (b) The Division shall establish a special classification of retailer license to facilitate the year-round sale of the instant scratch-off lottery game established by the General Assembly in Section 21.6. The fees set forth in Section 10.2 do not apply to a specialty retailer license.

The holder of a specialty retailer license (i) shall be a veterans service organization, (ii) may sell only specialty lottery tickets established for the benefit of the Veterans Assistance Fund in the State Treasury, (iii) is required to purchase those tickets up front at face value from the Illinois Lottery, and (iv) must sell those tickets at face value. Specialty retailers may obtain a refund from the Division for any unsold specialty tickets that they have purchased for resale, as set forth in the specialty retailer agreement.

Specialty retailers shall receive a sales commission equal to 2% of the face value of specialty game tickets purchased from the Department, less adjustments for unsold tickets returned to the Illinois Lottery for credit. Specialty retailers may not cash winning tickets, but are entitled to a 1% bonus in connection with the sale of a winning specialty game ticket having a price value of \$1,000 or more.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 3661**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of bills of the following titles, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 3346

A bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

SENATE BILL NO. 3446

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

SENATE BILL NO. 3781

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

Passed the House, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Committee amendment to the Senate Resolution listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Senate Committee Amendment No. 1 to Senate Resolution 802

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1075 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 5191

JOINT ACTION MOTIONS FILED

The following Joint Action Motions to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2573 Motion to Concur in House Amendment 2 to Senate Bill 3070 Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 3249 Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 3540 Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 3630

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR

Message for the Governor by Sean Vinck Chief Legislative Counsel to the Governor

November 3, 2009

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of these appointments by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

COMMERCE COMMISSION, ILLINOIS

To be a member of the Illinois Commerce Commission for a term commencing November 16, 2009 and ending January 18, 2010:

John T. Colgan Salaried

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ADVISORY BOARD

To be a Member of the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board for a term commencing November 3, 2009 and ending January 17, 2011:

Frank R. Cavarretta Non-Salaried

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ADVISORY BOARD

To be a Member of the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board for a term commencing November 3, 2009 and ending January 17, 2011:

Gerald J. Roper Non-Salaried

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

To be a member of the Pollution Control Board for a term commencing November 16, 2009 and ending July 1, 2012:

Carrie K. Zalewski Salaried

LIQUOR CONTROL COMMISSION, ILLINOIS

To be a member of the Illinois Liquor Control Commission for a term commencing November 3, 2009 and ending February 1, 2010:

Martin G. Mulcahey Salaried

Message for the Governor by Sean Vinck Chief Legislative Counsel to the Governor

November 4, 2009

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

RE: CORRECTION

Dear President Cullerton:

Below, you will find a corrected copy of the Senate Message submitted to your Honorable Body November 3, 2009. Please accept this Senate Message for your consideration.

Sincerely, s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

Cc: Honorable Christine Radogno, Senate Republican Leader Secretary of the Senate

COMMERCE COMMISSION, ILLINOIS

To be a member of the Illinois Commerce Commission for a term commencing November 15, 2009 and ending January 18, 2010:

John T. Colgan Salaried

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ADVISORY BOARD

To be a Member of the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board for a term commencing November 3, 2009 and ending January 17, 2011:

Frank R. Cavarretta Non-Salaried

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ADVISORY BOARD

To be a Member of the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board for a term commencing November 3, 2009 and ending January 17, 2011:

Gerald J. Roper Non-Salaried

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

To be a member of the Pollution Control Board for a term commencing November 16, 2009 and ending July 1, 2012:

Carrie K. Zalewski Salaried

LIQUOR CONTROL COMMISSION, ILLINOIS

To be a member of the Illinois Liquor Control Commission for a term commencing November 3, 2009 and ending February 1, 2010:

Martin G. Mulcahey Salaried

Message for the Governor by Sean Vinck Chief Legislative Counsel to the Governor

November 4, 2009

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of these appointments by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

MEDICAL DISCIPLINARY BOARD, ILLINOIS STATE

To be a member of the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Board for a term commencing November 4, 2009 and ending January 1, 2011:

Dr. Rodey Wassef Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Hansen Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

February 26, 2010

Mr. President.

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

HEALTH FACILITIES AND SERVICES REVIEW BOARD

To be a Member and Chair of the Health Facilities and Services Review Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending July 1, 2013:

Dale Galassie Non-Salaried

HEALTH FACILITIES AND SERVICES REVIEW BOARD

To be a Member of the Health Facilities and Services Review Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending July 1, 2013:

John W. Hayes Non-Salaried

HEALTH FACILITIES AND SERVICES REVIEW BOARD

To be a Member of the Health Facilities and Services Review Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending July 1, 2013:

Alan Greiman Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Hansen Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 1, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR & PUBLIC GUARDIAN OF WINNEBAGO AND BOONE COUNTIES

To be the Public Administrator and Public Guardian of Winnebago and Boone Counties for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending December 17, 2013:

Sharon R. Rudy Non-Salaried

HIGHER EDUCATION, BOARD OF

To be a Member of the Board of Higher Education for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 1, 2011:

Heba Hamouda Non-Salaried

HIGHER EDUCATION, BOARD OF

To be a Member of the Board of Higher Education for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 31, 2015:

Santos Rivera Non-Salaried

MUSEUM BOARD, ILLINOIS STATE

To be a Member of the Illinois State Museum Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 15, 2011:

Lorin Nevling Non-Salaried

MUSEUM BOARD, ILLINOIS STATE

To be a Member of the Illinois State Museum Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 15, 2011:

Rosemary Winters Non-Salaried [April 30, 2010]

MEDICAL DISCIPLINARY BOARD, ILLINOIS STATE

To be a Member of the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 1, 2012:

Dr. Sarita Massey Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Hansen Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 5, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

WEATHERIZATION INITIATIVE BOARD

To be a Member of the Weatherization Initiative Board for a term commencing March 5, 2010 and ending February 19, 2014:

Deborah Harrington Non-Salaried

WEATHERIZATION INITIATIVE BOARD

To be a Member of the Weatherization Initiative Board for a term commencing March 5, 2010 and ending February 19, 2011:

Percy Harris Non- Salaried

WEATHERIZATION INITIATIVE BOARD

To be a Member of the Weatherization Initiative Board for a term commencing March 5, 2010 and ending February 19, 2013:

Camille Lilly Non-Salaried

WEATHERIZATION INITIATIVE BOARD

To be a Member of the Weatherization Initiative Board for a term commencing March 5, 2010 and ending February 19, 2015:

Lester McKeever Jr. Non-Salaried

WEATHERIZATION INITIATIVE BOARD

To be a Member of the Weatherization Initiative Board for a term commencing March 5, 2010 and ending February 19, 2012:

Kurt Summers Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Hansen Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 8, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

STATE MINING BOARD

To be a Member of the State Mining Board for a term commencing March 8, 2010 and ending January 19, 2011:

Donald Stewart Salaried

STATE MINING BOARD

To be a Member of the State Mining Board for a term commencing March 8, 2010 and ending January 19, 2011:

Timothy I. Kirkpatrick Salaried

STATE MINING BOARD

To be a Member of the State Mining Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 19, 2011:

William H. McClusky [April 30, 2010]

Salaried

STATE MINING BOARD

To be a Member of the State Mining Board for a term commencing March 8, 2010 and ending January 19, 2011:

Jerry R. Cross Salaried

STATE MINING BOARD

To be a Member of the State Mining Board for a term commencing March 8, 2010 and ending January 19, 2011:

George Teegarden Salaried

STATE MINING BOARD

To be a Member of the State Mining Board for a term commencing March 1, 2010 and ending January 12, 2011:

David Webb Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 22, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

LABOR ADVISORY BOARD

To be a Member Labor Advisory Board for a term commencing March 22, 2010 and ending January 16, 2012:

Thomas J. Wronski Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson

Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 22, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

To be a Member and Chair of the Workers' Compensation Commission for a term commencing March 22, 2010 and ending January 21, 2013:

Mitchell Russell Weisz Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 26, 2010

Mr. President.

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

CARNIVAL SAFETY AMUSEMENT BOARD

To be a Member of the Carnival Safety Amusement Board for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending January 17, 2013:

Daniel Kirschner

Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 26, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending July 16, 2010:

Ronald DeNard Non-Salaried

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing July 16, 2010 and ending July 16, 2013:

Ronald DeNard Non-Salaried

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending July 16, 2010:

Dr. Roger Herrin Non-Salaried

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing July 16, 2010 and ending July 16, 2013:

Dr. Roger Herrin Non-Salaried

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending July 21, 2011:

Terrence O'Brien Non-Salaried

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending July 17, 2012:

Edward Leonard, Sr. Non-Salaried

FINANCE AUTHORITY, ILLINOIS

To be a Member of the Illinois Finance Authority for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending July 17, 2012:

Bradley A. Zeller Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

March 26, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

HISTORIC PRESERVATION AGENCY, BOARD OF TRUSTEES

To be a Member of the Historic Preservation Agency, Board of Trustees for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending January 16, 2012:

Julia S. Bachrach Non-Salaried

HISTORIC PRESERVATION AGENCY, BOARD OF TRUSTEES

To be a Member of the Historic Preservation Agency, Board of Trustees for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending January 17, 2011:

Anthony J. Leone, Jr.

Non-Salaried

HISTORIC PRESERVATION AGENCY, BOARD OF TRUSTEES

To be a Member of the Historic Preservation Agency, Board of Trustees for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending January 17, 2011:

Shirley Portwood Non-Salaried

HISTORIC PRESERVATION AGENCY, BOARD OF TRUSTEES

To be a Member and Chair of the Historic Preservation Agency, Board of Trustees for a term commencing March 26, 2010 and ending January 16, 2012:

Sonia "Sunny" Fischer Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 16, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTHCARE AND FAMILY SERVICES

To be Director of the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services for a term commencing April 16, 2010 and ending January 17, 2011:

Julie Hamos Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 16, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

ILLINOIS LABOR RELATIONS BOARD – STATE PANEL

To be a member of the Illinois Labor Relations Board (State Panel) for a term commencing April 16, 2010 and ending January 24, 2011.

Jessica Kimbrough Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 16, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of these appointments by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

MEDICAL DISCIPLINARY BOARD, ILLINOIS STATE

To be a Public Member of the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Board for a term commencing April 16, 2010 and ending January 1, 2014:

Judy L. Cates Non-Salaried

MEDICAL DISCIPLINARY BOARD, ILLINOIS STATE

To be a Public Member of the Illinois State Medical Disciplinary Board for a term commencing April 16, 2010 and ending January 1, 2012:

Grace Allen Newton Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 16, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

ILLINOIS STATE POLICE MERIT BOARD

To be a member of the Illinois State Police Merit Board for a term commencing April 16, 2010 and ending March 19, 2012:

James V. Riley Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 26, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY BOARD OF REVIEW

To be a member of the Employment Security Board of Review for a term commencing April 26, 2010 and ending January 17, 2011.

David A. Bonoma Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 26, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individuals to the offices enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of these appointments by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR & PUBLIC GUARDIAN OF KNOX COUNTY

To be the Public Administrator and Public Guardian of Knox County for a term commencing April 26, 2010 and ending December 2, 2013:

Dawn A. Conolly Non-Salaried

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR & PUBLIC GUARDIAN OF WARREN COUNTY

To be the Public Administrator and Public Guardian of Warren County for a term commencing April 26, 2010 and ending December 1, 2014:

Dawn A. Conolly Non-Salaried

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR & PUBLIC GUARDIAN OF LAKE COUNTY

To be the Public Administrator and Public Guardian of Lake County for a term commencing April 26, 2010 and ending December 2, 2013:

Keith Louis West Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 26, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

ILLINOIS HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

To be a member of the Illinois Housing Development Authority for a term commencing April 26, 2010 and ending January 10, 2011.

Deborah Telman Non-Salaried

Message for the Governor by Lindsay Anderson Legislative Director for Governor Pat Quinn

April 26, 2010

Mr. President,

The Governor directs me to lay before the Senate the following Message:

STATE OF ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

To the Honorable Members of the Senate Ninety-Sixth General Assembly

I have nominated and appointed the following named individual to the office enumerated below and respectfully ask concurrence in and confirmation of this appointment by your Honorable Body.

s/Pat Quinn GOVERNOR

LIQUOR CONTROL COMMISSION, ILLINOIS

To be a member of the Illinois Liquor Control Commission for a term commencing April 26, 2010 and ending February 1, 2016:

Amy C. Kurson Salaried

MESSAGE FROM THE TREASURER

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS STATE TREASURER ALEXI GIANNOULIAS

March 25, 2010

Senate President and Honorable Members Illinois State Senate 96th General Assembly Springfield, Illinois 62706

Dear Senate President Cullerton and Members:

I am nominating Tamara L. Howard for reappointment to the Treasurer's Personnel Review Board.

I respectfully ask for concurrence in and confirmation of this reappointment by your Honorable Body:

TREASURER'S PERSONNEL REVIEW BOARD MEMBER

To be a member of the Treasurer's Personnel Review Board for a term ending May 24, 2016.

Tamara L. Howard (Non-Salaried)

If you have any questions please contact Colleen Daley, Director of Legislative Affairs. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely, s/Alexi Giannoulias Illinois State Treasurer

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Haine, **Senate Bill No. 2485** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Haine offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 2485

AMENDMENT NO. $\underline{2}$. Amend Senate Bill 2485, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing Sections 8-406, 8-509, and 8-510 and by adding Section 8-406.1 as follows:

(220 ILCS 5/8-406) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-406)

Sec. 8-406. Certificate of public convenience and necessity.

- (a) No public utility not owning any city or village franchise nor engaged in performing any public service or in furnishing any product or commodity within this State as of July 1, 1921 and not possessing a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Illinois Commerce Commission, the State Public Utilities Commission or the Public Utilities Commission, at the time this amendatory Act of 1985 goes into effect, shall transact any business in this State until it shall have obtained a certificate from the Commission that public convenience and necessity require the transaction of such business.
- (b) No public utility shall begin the construction of any new plant, equipment, property or facility which is not in substitution of any existing plant, equipment, property or facility or any extension or alteration thereof or in addition thereto, unless and until it shall have obtained from the Commission a certificate that public convenience and necessity require such construction. Whenever after a hearing the Commission determines that any new construction or the transaction of any business by a public utility

will promote the public convenience and is necessary thereto, it shall have the power to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity. The Commission shall determine that proposed construction will promote the public convenience and necessity only if the utility demonstrates: (1) that the proposed construction is necessary to provide adequate, reliable, and efficient service to its customers and is the least-cost means of satisfying the service needs of its customers or that the proposed construction will promote the development of an effectively competitive electricity market that operates efficiently, is equitable to all customers, and is the least cost means of satisfying those objectives; (2) that the utility is capable of efficiently managing and supervising the construction process and has taken sufficient action to ensure adequate and efficient construction and supervision thereof; and (3) that the utility is capable of financing the proposed construction without significant adverse financial consequences for the utility or its customers.

(c) After the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987, no construction shall commence on any new nuclear power plant to be located within this State, and no certificate of public convenience and necessity or other authorization shall be issued therefor by the Commission, until the Director of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency finds that the United States Government, through its authorized agency, has identified and approved a demonstrable technology or means for the disposal of high level nuclear waste, or until such construction has been specifically approved by a statute enacted by the General Assembly.

As used in this Section, "high level nuclear waste" means those aqueous wastes resulting from the operation of the first cycle of the solvent extraction system or equivalent and the concentrated wastes of the subsequent extraction cycles or equivalent in a facility for reprocessing irradiated reactor fuel and shall include spent fuel assemblies prior to fuel reprocessing.

- (d) In making its determination, the Commission shall attach primary weight to the cost or cost savings to the customers of the utility. The Commission may consider any or all factors which will or may affect such cost or cost savings, including the public utility's engineering judgment regarding the materials used for construction.
- (e) The Commission may issue a temporary certificate which shall remain in force not to exceed one year in cases of emergency, to assure maintenance of adequate service or to serve particular customers, without notice or hearing, pending the determination of an application for a certificate, and may by regulation exempt from the requirements of this Section temporary acts or operations for which the issuance of a certificate will not be required in the public interest.

A public utility shall not be required to obtain but may apply for and obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to this Section with respect to any matter as to which it has received the authorization or order of the Commission under the Electric Supplier Act, and any such authorization or order granted a public utility by the Commission under that Act shall as between public utilities be deemed to be, and shall have except as provided in that Act the same force and effect as, a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued pursuant to this Section.

No electric cooperative shall be made or shall become a party to or shall be entitled to be heard or to otherwise appear or participate in any proceeding initiated under this Section for authorization of power plant construction and as to matters as to which a remedy is available under The Electric Supplier Act.

(f) Such certificates may be altered or modified by the Commission, upon its own motion or upon application by the person or corporation affected. Unless exercised within a period of 2 years from the grant thereof authority conferred by a certificate of convenience and necessity issued by the Commission shall be null and void.

No certificate of public convenience and necessity shall be construed as granting a monopoly or an exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise.

- (g) A public utility that undertakes any of the actions described in items (1) through (3) of this subsection (g) or that has obtained approval pursuant to Section 8-406.1 of this Act shall not be required to comply with the requirements of this Section to the extent such requirements otherwise would apply. For purposes of this Section and Section 8-406.1 of this Act, "high voltage electric service line" means an electric line having a design voltage of 100,000 or more. For purposes of this subsection (g), a public utility may do any of the following:
- (1) replace or upgrade any existing high voltage electric service line and related facilities, notwithstanding its length;
- (2) relocate any existing high voltage electric service line and related facilities, notwithstanding its length, to accommodate construction or expansion of a roadway or other transportation infrastructure; or
- (3) construct a high voltage electric service line and related facilities that is constructed solely to serve a single customer's premises or to provide a generator interconnection to the public utility's transmission system and that will pass under or over the premises owned by the customer or generator to

be served or under or over premises for which the customer or generator has secured the necessary right of way.

(Source: P.A. 95-700, eff. 11-9-07.)

(220 ILCS 5/8-406.1 new)

Sec. 8-406.1. Certificate of public convenience and necessity; expedited procedure.

(a) A public utility may apply for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to this Section for the construction of any new high voltage electric service line and related facilities (Project). To facilitate the expedited review process of an application filed pursuant to this Section, an application shall include all of the following:

(1) Information in support of the application that shall include the following:

(A) A detailed description of the Project, including location maps and plot plans to scale showing all major components.

(B) The following engineering data:

(i) a detailed Project description including:

(I) name and destination of the Project;

(II) design voltage rating (kV);

(III) operating voltage rating (kV); and

(IV) normal peak operating current rating;

(ii) a conductor, structures, and substations description including:

(I) conductor size and type;

(II) type of structures;

(III) height of typical structures;

(IV) an explanation why these structures were selected;

(V) dimensional drawings of the typical structures to be used in the Project; and

(VI) a list of the names of all new (and existing if applicable) substations or switching stations that will be associated with the proposed new high voltage electric service line;

(iii) the location of the site and right-of-way including:

(I) miles of right-of-way;

(II) miles of circuit;

(III) width of the right-of-way; and

(IV) a brief description of the area traversed by the proposed high voltage electric service line, including a description of the general land uses in the area and the type of terrain crossed by the proposed line:

(iv) assumptions, bases, formulae, and methods used in the development and preparation of the diagrams and accompanying data, and a technical description providing the following information:

(I) number of circuits, with identification as to whether the circuit is overhead or underground;

(II) the operating voltage and frequency; and

(III) conductor size and type and number of conductors per phase;

(y) if the proposed interconnection is an overhead line, the following additional information also must be provided:

(I) the wind and ice loading design parameters;

(II) a full description and drawing of a typical supporting structure, including strength specifications;

(III) structure spacing with typical ruling and maximum spans;

(IV) conductor (phase) spacing; and

(V) the designed line-to-ground and conductor-side clearances;

(vi) if an underground or underwater interconnection is proposed, the following additional information also must be provided:

(I) burial depth;

(II) type of cable and a description of any required supporting equipment, such as insulation medium pressurizing or forced cooling;

(III) cathodic protection scheme; and

(IV) type of dielectric fluid and safeguards used to limit potential spills in waterways;

(vii) technical diagrams that provide clarification of any item under this item (1) should be included; and

(viii) applicant shall provide and identify a primary right-of-way and one or more alternate rights-of-way for the Project as part of the filing. To the extent applicable, for each right-of-way, applicant shall provide the information described is this subsection (a). Upon a showing of good cause in

its filing, an applicant may be excused from providing and identifying alternate rights-of-way.

- (2) An application fee of \$100,000, which shall be paid into the Public Utility Fund at the time the Chief Clerk of the Commission deems it complete and accepts the filing.
- (3) Information showing that the utility has held a minimum of 3 pre-filing public meetings to receive public comment concerning the Project in each county where the Project is to be located, no earlier than 6 months prior to the filing of the application. Notice of the public meeting shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the affected county once a week for 3 consecutive weeks, beginning no earlier than one month prior to the first public meeting. If the Project traverses 2 contiguous counties and where in one county the transmission line mileage and number of landowners over whose property the proposed route traverses is 1/5 or less of the transmission line mileage and number of such landowners of the other county, then the utility may combine the 3 pre-filing meetings in the county with the greater transmission line mileage and affected landowners. All other requirements regarding pre-filing meetings shall apply in both counties. Notice of the public meeting, including a description of the Project, must be provided in writing to the clerk of each county where the Project is to be located. A representative of the Commission shall be invited to each pre-filing public meeting.
- (b) At the first status hearing the administrative law judge shall set a schedule for discovery that shall take into consideration the expedited nature of the proceeding.
- (c) Nothing in this Section prohibits a utility from requesting, or the Commission from approving, protection of confidential or proprietary information under applicable law. The public utility may seek confidential protection of any of the information provided pursuant to this Section, subject to Commission approval.
- (d) The public utility shall publish notice of its application in the official State newspaper within 10 days following the date of the application's filing.
- (e) The public utility shall establish a dedicated website for the Project 3 weeks prior to the first public meeting and maintain the website until construction of the Project is complete. The website address shall be included in all public notices.
- (f) The Commission shall, after notice and hearing, grant a certificate of public convenience and necessity filed in accordance with the requirements of this Section if, based upon the application filed with the Commission and the evidentiary record, it finds the Project will promote the public convenience and necessity and that all of the following criteria are satisfied:
- (1) That the Project is necessary to provide adequate, reliable, and efficient service to the public utility's customers and is the least-cost means of satisfying the service needs of the public utility's customers or that the Project will promote the development of an effectively competitive electricity market that operates efficiently, is equitable to all customers, and is the least cost means of satisfying those objectives.
- (2) That the public utility is capable of efficiently managing and supervising the construction process and has taken sufficient action to ensure adequate and efficient construction and supervision of the construction.
- (3) That the public utility is capable of financing the proposed construction without significant adverse financial consequences for the utility or its customers.
- (g) The Commission shall issue its decision with findings of fact and conclusions of law granting or denying the application no later than 150 days after the application is filed. The Commission may extend the 150-day deadline upon notice by an additional 75 days if, on or before the 30th day after the filing of the application, the Commission finds that good cause exists to extend the 150-day period.
- (h) In the event the Commission grants a public utility's application for a certificate pursuant to this Section, the public utility shall pay a one-time construction fee to each county in which the Project is constructed within 30 days after the completion of construction. The construction fee shall be \$20,000 per mile of high voltage electric service line constructed in that county, or a proportionate fraction of that fee. The fee shall be in lieu of any permitting fees that otherwise would be imposed by a county. Counties receiving a payment under this subsection (h) may distribute all or portions of the fee to local taxing districts in that county.
- (i) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, a decision granting a certificate under this Section shall include an order pursuant to Section 8-503 of this Act authorizing or directing the construction of the high voltage electric service line and related facilities as approved by the Commission, in the manner and within the time specified in said order.
 - (220 ILCS 5/8-509) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-509)
- Sec. 8-509. When necessary for the construction of any alterations, additions, extensions or improvements ordered or authorized under Section <u>8-406.1</u>, 8-503, or 12-218 of this Act, any public utility may enter upon, take or damage private property in the manner provided for by the law of eminent

domain. If a public utility seeks relief under this Section in the same proceeding in which it seeks a certificate of public convenience and necessity under Section 8-406.1 of this Act, the Commission shall enter its order under this Section either as part of the Section 8-406.1 order or at the same time it enters the Section 8-406.1 order. If a public utility seeks relief under this Section after the Commission enters its order in the Section 8-406.1 proceeding, the Commission shall issue its order under this Section within 45 days after the utility files its petition under this Section.

This Section applies to the exercise of eminent domain powers by telephone companies or telecommunications carriers only when the facilities to be constructed are intended to be used in whole or in part for providing one or more intrastate telecommunications services classified as "noncompetitive" under Section 13-502 in a tariff filed by the condemnor. The exercise of eminent domain powers by telephone companies or telecommunications carriers in all other cases shall be governed solely by "An Act relating to the powers, duties and property of telephone companies", approved May 16, 1903, as now or hereafter amended.

(Source: P.A. 86-221.)

(220 ILCS 5/8-510) (from Ch. 111 2/3, par. 8-510)

Sec. 8-510. Land surveys <u>and land use studies</u>. For the purpose of making land surveys <u>and land use studies</u>, any public utility that has been granted a certificate of public convenience and necessity by, or received an order under Section 8-503 <u>or 8-406.1</u> of this Act from, the Commission may, 30 days after providing written notice to the owner thereof by registered mail, enter upon the property of any owner who has refused permission for entrance upon that property, but subject to responsibility for all damages which may be inflicted thereby.

(Source: P.A. 90-561, eff. 12-16-97.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Haine, **Senate Bill No. 2485**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Link	Risinger
Bivins	Haine	Luechtefeld	Sandoval
Bomke	Harmon	Maloney	Schoenberg
Burzynski	Hendon	Martinez	Silverstein
Clayborne	Holmes	McCarter	Steans
Collins	Hultgren	Meeks	Sullivan
Crotty	Hunter	Millner	Syverson
Dahl	Hutchinson	Muñoz	Trotter
Delgado	Jones, E.	Murphy	Viverito
Demuzio	Jones, J.	Noland	Wilhelmi
Dillard	Koehler	Pankau	Mr. President
Duffy	Kotowski	Radogno	
Forby	Lauzen	Raoul	
Frerichs	Lightford	Righter	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Haine, **Senate Bill No. 2650** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Haine offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2650

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend Senate Bill 2650 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 17-11, 17-43, 18-5, 18-40, 19A-35, 24-1, 24A-16, 24B-16, and 24B-20 as follows:

(10 ILCS 5/17-11) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-11)

Sec. 17-11. On receipt of his ballot the voter shall forthwith, and without leaving the inclosed space, retire alone, or accompanied by children as provided in Section 17-8, to one of the voting booths so provided and shall prepare his ballot by making in the appropriate margin or place a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate of his choice for each office to be filled, or by writing in the name of the candidate of his choice in a blank space on said ticket, making a cross (X) opposite thereto; and in case of a question submitted to the vote of the people, by making in the appropriate margin or place a cross (X) against the answer he desires to give. A cross (X) in the square in front of the bracket enclosing the names of a team of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor counts as one vote for each of such candidates. Before leaving the voting booth the voter shall fold his ballot in such manner as to conceal the marks thereon. He shall then vote forthwith in the manner herein provided, except that the number corresponding to the number of the voter on the poll books shall not be indorsed on the back of his ballot. He shall mark and deliver his ballot without undue delay, and shall guit said inclosed space as soon as he has voted; except that immediately after voting, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment, if used, accepted or rejected the ballot or identified the ballot as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing that voting equipment. The voting equipment shall indicate only to the voter if the voter under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. If the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement. All election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election.

No voter shall be allowed to occupy a voting booth already occupied by another, nor remain within said inclosed space more than ten minutes, nor to occupy a voting booth more than five minutes in case all of said voting booths are in use and other voters waiting to occupy the same. No voter not an election officer, shall, after having voted, be allowed to re-enter said inclosed space during said election. No person shall take or remove any ballot from the polling place before the close of the poll. No voter shall vote or offer to vote any ballot except such as he has received from the judges of election in charge of the ballots. Any voter who shall, by accident or mistake, spoil his ballot, may, on returning said spoiled ballot, receive another in place thereof only after the word "spoiled" has been written in ink diagonally across the entire face of the ballot returned by the voter.

Where voting machines or electronic voting systems are used, the provisions of this section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24, 24A, 24B, or 24C, whichever is applicable, except that the requirements of this Section that (i) the voter must be notified of the voting equipment's acceptance or rejection of the voter's ballot or identification of an under-vote for a statewide constitutional office and (ii) the voter shall have the opportunity to correct an under-vote or surrender the ballot that was not accepted and vote another ballot shall not be modified.

(Source: P.A. 94-288, eff. 1-1-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/17-43)

Sec. 17-43. Voting.

(a) If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology

voting equipment pursuant to Article 24B of this Code, and the provisions of the Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 17, the provisions of Article 24B shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the provisions of Article 24B, the election authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either Article 24B or the administrative rules of the State Board of Elections.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), when voting equipment governed by any Article of this Code is used, the requirements of Section 7-11 that (i) the voter must be notified of the voting equipment's acceptance or rejection of the ballot or identification of an under-vote for a statewide constitutional office and (ii) the voter shall have the opportunity to correct an under-vote for a statewide constitutional office or surrender the ballot that was not accepted and vote another ballot shall not be modified. The voting equipment shall indicate only to the voter if the voter under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. If the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement. All election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election.

(Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)

Sec. 18-5. Any person desiring to vote and whose name is found upon the register of voters by the person having charge thereof, shall then be questioned by one of the judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and he shall be asked to state his residence when last previously registered and the date of the election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, absentee, and early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot. If such person so registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall then be received accordingly. But if his vote be rejected by such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the person's current residence address, provided that such identification may include a lease or contract for a residence and not more than one piece of mail addressed to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, or the person shall procure a witness personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who shall take the oath following, viz:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State, 30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a

registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. For purposes of this Section, the submission of a photo identification issued by a college or university, accompanied by either (i) a copy of the applicant's contract or lease for a residence or (ii) one piece of mail addressed to the person at his or her current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, shall be sufficient to establish proof of residence. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the commissioners of election. Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any other officer than such judge of election, shall not be received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the voter by the judge.

Immediately after voting, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment, if used, accepted or rejected the ballot or identified the ballot as under-voted. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing that voting equipment. The voting equipment shall indicate only to the voter if the voter under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. If the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement. All election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement the judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again quit the booth with all of the ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in this Section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain view of the public. The judges having charge of such registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V".

No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than the full number of ballots received by such voter without first advising the voter in the manner above provided of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this Section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.) (10 ILCS 5/18-40)

Sec. 18-40. Voting equipment.

- (a) If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant to Article 24B of this Code, and the provisions of the Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 18, the provisions of Article 24B shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the provisions of Article 24B, the election authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either Article 24B or the administrative rules of the State Board of Elections.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), when voting equipment governed by any Article of this Code is used, the requirements of Section 18-5 that (i) the voter must be notified of the voting equipment's acceptance or rejection of the ballot or identification of an under-vote for a statewide constitutional office and (ii) the voter shall have the opportunity to correct an under-vote for a statewide constitutional office or surrender the ballot that was not accepted and vote another ballot shall not be modified. The voting equipment shall indicate only to the voter if the voter under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. If the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement. All election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election.

(Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/19A-35)

Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.

- (a) Not more than 23 days before the start of the election, the county clerk shall make available to the election official conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election official shall receipt for all ballots received and shall return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election official must include early ballots for each precinct in the election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum at that election.
- (b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the election judge or official is required to verify the signature of the early voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration card, and the judge or official must verify (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) that the applicant is a registered voter, (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iv) the proper ballots of the political subdivision in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the applicant. The applicant's identity must be verified by the applicant's presentation of an Illinois driver's license, a non-driver identification card issued by the Illinois Secretary of State, a photo identification card issued by a university or college, or another government-issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. The election judge or official must verify the applicant's registration from the most recent poll list provided by the election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.
- (b-5) A person requesting an early voting ballot to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote early if the person submits that absentee ballot to the judges of election or official conducting early voting for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or official (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or official specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot.
- (b-10) Within one day after a voter casts an early voting ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees.
- (b-15) Immediately after voting an early ballot, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment accepted or rejected the ballot or identified that ballot as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose early voting ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another early voting ballot. The voting

equipment shall indicate only to the voter if the voter under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. If the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement. All election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge or official conducting the early voting and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing the voting equipment used.

(c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the election authority to the central ballot counting location before the close of the polls on the day of the election. (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07; 96-317, eff. 1-1-10.)

(10 ILCS 5/24-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 24-1)

Sec. 24-1. The election authority in all jurisdictions when voting machines are used shall, except as otherwise provided in this Code, provide a voting machine or voting machines for any or all of the election precincts or election districts, as the case may be, for which the election authority is by law charged with the duty of conducting an election or elections. A voting machine or machines sufficient in number to provide a machine for each 400 voters or fraction thereof shall be supplied for use at all elections. However, no such voting machine shall be used, purchased, or adopted, and no person or entity may have a written contract, including a contract contingent upon certification of the voting machines, to sell, lease, or loan voting machines to an election authority, until the board of voting machine commissioners hereinafter provided for, or a majority thereof, shall have made and filed a report certifying that they have examined such machine; that it affords each elector an opportunity to vote in absolute secrecy; that it enables each elector to vote a ticket selected in part from the nominees of one party, and in part from the nominees of any or all other parties, and in part from independent nominees printed in the columns of candidates for public office, and in part of persons not in nomination by any party or upon any independent ticket; that it enables each elector to vote a written or printed ballot of his own selection, for any person for any office for whom he may desire to vote; that it enables each elector to vote for all candidates for whom he is entitled to vote, and prevents him from voting for any candidate for any office more than once, unless he is lawfully entitled to cast more than one vote for one candidate, and in that event permits him to cast only as many votes for that candidate as he is by law entitled, and no more; that it prevents the elector from voting for more than one person for the same office, unless he is lawfully entitled to vote for more than one person therefor, and in that event permits him to vote for as many persons for that office as he is by law entitled, and no more; that it identifies when an elector has not voted for all statewide constitutional offices by indicating only to the voter which office the voter under-voted (if the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement; all election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election); and that such machine will register correctly by means of exact counters every vote cast for the regular tickets thereon; and has the capacity to contain the tickets of at least 5 political parties with the names of all the candidates thereon, together with all propositions in the form provided by law, where such form is prescribed, and where no such provision is made for the form thereof, then in brief form, not to exceed 75 words; that all votes cast on the machine on a regular ballot or ballots shall be registered; that voters may, by means of irregular ballots or otherwise vote for any person for any office, although such person may not have been nominated by any party and his name may not appear on such machine; that when a vote is cast for any person for any such office, when his name does not appear on the machine, the elector cannot vote for any other name on the machine for the same office; that each elector can, understandingly and within the period of 4 minutes cast his vote for all candidates of his choice; that the machine is so constructed that the candidates for presidential electors of any party can be voted for only by voting for the ballot label containing a bracket within which are the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President of the party or group; that the machine is provided with a lock or locks by the use of which any movement of the voting or registering mechanism is absolutely prevented so that it cannot be tampered with or manipulated for any purpose; that the machine is susceptible of being closed during the progress of the voting so that no person can see or know the number of votes registered for any candidate; that each elector is permitted to vote for or against any question, proposition or amendment upon which he is entitled to vote, and is prevented from voting for or against any question, proposition or amendment upon which he is not entitled to vote; that the machine is capable of adjustment by the election authority, so as to permit the elector, at a party primary election, to vote only for the candidates seeking nomination by the political party in which primary he is entitled to vote: Provided, also that no such machine or machines shall be purchased, unless the party or parties making the sale shall guarantee in writing to keep the machine or machines in good working order for 5 years without additional cost and shall give a sufficient bond conditioned to that effect.

(Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/24A-16) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-16)

Sec. 24A-16. The State Board of Elections shall approve all voting systems provided by this Article. No voting system shall be approved unless it fulfills the following requirements:

- (1) It enables a voter to vote in absolute secrecy;
- (2) (Blank);
- (3) It enables a voter to vote a ticket selected in part from the nominees of one party, and in part from the nominees of any or all parties, and in part from independent candidates and in part of candidates whose names are written in by the voter;
 - (4) It enables a voter to vote a written or printed ticket of his own selection for any

person for any office for whom he may desire to vote;

- (5) It will reject all votes for an office or upon a proposition when the voter has cast more votes for such office or upon such proposition than he is entitled to cast;
- (5.5) It will identify when a voter has not voted for all statewide constitutional offices by indicating only to the voter which office the voter under-voted (if the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement; all election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election);
- (6) It will accommodate all propositions to be submitted to the voters in the form provided by law or, where no such form is provided, then in brief form, not to exceed 75 words.

The State Board of Elections shall not approve any voting equipment or system that includes an external Infrared Data Association (IrDA) communications port.

The State Board of Elections is authorized to withdraw its approval of a voting system if the system fails to fulfill the above requirements.

The vendor, person, or other private entity shall be solely responsible for the production and cost of: all application fees; all ballots; additional temporary workers; and other equipment or facilities needed and used in the testing of the vendor's, person's, or other private entity's respective equipment and software.

Any voting system vendor, person, or other private entity seeking the State Board of Elections' approval of a voting system shall, as part of the approval application, submit to the State Board a non-refundable fee. The State Board of Elections by rule shall establish an appropriate fee structure, taking into account the type of voting system approval that is requested (such as approval of a new system, a modification of an existing system, the size of the modification, etc.). No voting system or modification of a voting system shall be approved unless the fee is paid.

No vendor, person, or other entity may sell, lease, or loan, or have a written contract, including a contract contingent upon State Board approval of the voting system or voting system component, to sell, lease, or loan, a voting system or voting system component to any election jurisdiction unless the voting system or voting system component is first approved by the State Board of Elections pursuant to this Section.

(Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/24B-16)

Sec. 24B-16. Approval of Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology Voting Systems; Requisites. The State Board of Elections shall approve all Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting systems provided by this Article.

No Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system shall be approved unless it fulfills the following requirements:

- (a) It enables a voter to vote in absolute secrecy;
- (b) (Blank);
- (c) It enables a voter to vote a ticket selected in part from the nominees of one party, and in part from the nominees of any or all parties, and in part from independent candidates, and in part of candidates whose names are written in by the voter;
- (d) It enables a voter to vote a written or printed ticket of his or her own selection for any person for any office for whom he or she may desire to vote;
- (e) It will reject all votes for an office or upon a proposition when the voter has cast more votes for the office or upon the proposition than he or she is entitled to cast;
 - (e-5) It will identify when a voter has not voted for all statewide constitutional

offices by indicating only to the voter which office the voter under-voted (if the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement; all election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election); and

(f) It will accommodate all propositions to be submitted to the voters in the form provided by law or, where no form is provided, then in brief form, not to exceed 75 words.

The State Board of Elections shall not approve any voting equipment or system that includes an external Infrared Data Association (IrDA) communications port.

The State Board of Elections is authorized to withdraw its approval of a Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system if the system fails to fulfill the above requirements.

The vendor, person, or other private entity shall be solely responsible for the production and cost of: all application fees; all ballots; additional temporary workers; and other equipment or facilities needed and used in the testing of the vendor's, person's, or other private entity's respective equipment and software

Any voting system vendor, person, or other private entity seeking the State Board of Elections' approval of a voting system shall, as part of the approval application, submit to the State Board a non-refundable fee. The State Board of Elections by rule shall establish an appropriate fee structure, taking into account the type of voting system approval that is requested (such as approval of a new system, a modification of an existing system, the size of the modification, etc.). No voting system or modification of a voting system shall be approved unless the fee is paid.

No vendor, person, or other entity may sell, lease, or loan, or have a written contract, including a contract contingent upon State Board approval of the voting system or voting system component, to sell, lease, or loan, a voting system or Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system component to any election jurisdiction unless the voting system or voting system component is first approved by the State Board of Elections pursuant to this Section.

(Source: P.A. 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/24B-20)

Sec. 24B-20. Voting Defect Identification Capabilities. An election authority is required to use the Voting Defect Identification capabilities of the automatic tabulating equipment when used in-precinct, including both the capability of identifying an under-vote (by indicating only to the voter which office the voter under-voted) and the capability of identifying an over-vote. If the existing voting equipment cannot meet that under-vote notification requirement, the election authority may petition the State Board of Elections for an exemption from the under-vote notification requirement. All election authorities shall have voting systems compatible with the under-vote notification requirement by the 2014 general primary election.

(Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Haine, **Senate Bill No. 2650**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53: NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Garrett Link Risinger
Bivins Haine Luechtefeld Sandoval

Bomke	Harmon	Maloney	Schoenberg
Burzynski	Hendon	Martinez	Silverstein
Clayborne	Holmes	McCarter	Steans
Collins	Hultgren	Meeks	Sullivan
Crotty	Hunter	Millner	Syverson
Dahl	Hutchinson	Muñoz	Trotter
Delgado	Jones, E.	Murphy	Viverito
Demuzio	Jones, J.	Noland	Wilhelmi
Dillard	Koehler	Pankau	Mr. President
Duffy	Kotowski	Radogno	
Forby	Lauzen	Raoul	
Frerichs	Lightford	Righter	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Millner, **Senate Bill No. 2850** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senate Floor Amendment Nos. 1 and 2 were postponed in the Committee on Judiciary.

Senator Millner offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 2850

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend Senate Bill 2850 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Sections 1-4-8 and 11-1-2.1 as follows:

(65 ILCS 5/1-4-8) (from Ch. 24, par. 1-4-8)

Sec. 1-4-8. <u>Police assistance from other municipalities; liability.</u> In addition to the powers of the police of any municipality under Section 7-4-8 of this Act, the corporate authorities of any municipality under 500,000 population may request of any other such municipality or municipalities its police and police department equipment, and any such requested municipality may furnish its policemen and police department equipment, to aid the requesting municipality in suppressing or attempting to suppress, any mob action, riot or civil disturbance occurring within the requesting municipality, to preserve the peace, and to protect the lives, rights and property of citizens, regardless of whether any mutual assistance agreement exists under Section 11-1-2.1 of this Act.

If a mutual assistance agreement between the municipalities exists, then the provisions of that agreement in relation to any liability shall apply, including any liability to indemnify under Sections 1-4-5 or 1-4-6. If the mutual assistance agreement is silent as to liability, then this Section shall apply. If there is no mutual assistance agreement between the municipalities, then the provisions of this Section apply.

Any municipality requesting and receiving such assistance from another jurisdiction shall be liable or obligated to indemnify the furnishing police department for any of its equipment damaged or destroyed, and the individual policemen so furnished for any material damage to property, injury to his <u>or her</u> person or on account of his <u>or her</u> death, resulting from the unlawful activities performed or caused by the mob action, riot or civil disturbance, being or attempted to be suppressed by the requesting municipality.

Municipalities requesting police assistance under this Section shall also be liable for any liability or obligation to indemnify the furnished policeman, their legal representatives in case of death, or the furnishing municipality or police department, as the case may be, for any liability or obligation to indemnify created by Section 1-4-5 and 1-4-6 which may occur as a result of any police assistance furnished under this Section.

Policemen furnished to other municipalities under this Section have all the powers of the police officers of the requesting municipality and are subject to the direction of the chief of police of the

requesting municipality; however, they shall retain all their pension and disability rights while so furnished and working outside of their police district or territory.

The corporate authorities of any municipality included in this Section may contract to procure necessary liability insurance to cover any liability created or imposed by this Section. (Source: Laws 1968, p. 26.)

(65 ILCS 5/11-1-2.1) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-1-2.1)

Sec. 11-1-2.1. Mutual assistance agreements. In addition to the powers of the police of any municipality under Section 7-4-8 of this Act, the corporate authorities of each municipality having a population of less than 500,000 may enter into agreements with any other such municipality or municipalities to furnish police assistance on request. Such agreements shall contain provisions in relation to any liability, including any liability or obligation to indemnify created by Sections 1-4-5, 1-4-6, or 1-4-8 Section 1 4 5 or Section 1 4 6, which may occur as a result of any police assistance furnished under such agreements.

Police officers furnishing assistance under such agreements have all of the powers of police officers of any requesting municipality and are subject to the direction of the chief of police of a requesting municipality.

(Source: Laws 1967, p. 3284.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Millner, Senate Bill No. 2850, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Frerichs	Link	Risinger
Bivins	Garrett	Luechtefeld	Sandoval
Bomke	Haine	Maloney	Schoenberg
Burzynski	Harmon	Martinez	Silverstein
Clayborne	Hendon	McCarter	Steans
Collins	Holmes	Meeks	Sullivan
Cronin	Hultgren	Millner	Syverson
Crotty	Hunter	Muñoz	Trotter
Dahl	Hutchinson	Murphy	Viverito
Delgado	Jones, E.	Noland	Wilhelmi
Demuzio	Jones, J.	Pankau	
Dillard	Koehler	Radogno	
Duffy	Kotowski	Raoul	
Forby	Lightford	Righter	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Wilhelmi, **Senate Bill No. 3775** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Wilhelmi offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3775

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 3775 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 1-129.1, 6-206.1, and 6-208.1 as follows:

(625 ILCS 5/1-129.1)

Sec. 1-129.1. Ignition interlock device, <u>breath alcohol ignition interlock device (BAIID)</u>. A device installed in a motor vehicle that prevents the vehicle from starting until the device has determined by an analysis of the driver's breath that the driver's <u>breath blood</u> alcohol is below a certain preset level. (Source: P.A. 91-127, eff. 1-1-00.)

(625 ILCS 5/6-206.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1)

Sec. 6-206.1. Monitoring Device Driving Permit. Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared a policy of the State of Illinois that the driver who is impaired by alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds is a threat to the public safety and welfare. Therefore, to provide a deterrent to such practice, a statutory summary driver's license suspension is appropriate. It is also recognized that driving is a privilege and therefore, that the granting of driving privileges, in a manner consistent with public safety, is warranted during the period of suspension in the form of a monitoring device driving permit. A person who drives and fails to comply with the requirements of the monitoring device driving permit commits a violation of Section 6-303 of this Code.

The following procedures shall apply whenever a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance and is subject to the provisions of Section 11-501.1:

(a) Upon mailing of the notice of suspension of driving privileges as provided in subsection (h) of Section 11-501.1 of this Code, the Secretary shall also send written notice informing the person that he or she will be issued a monitoring device driving permit (MDDP). The notice shall include, at minimum, information summarizing the procedure to be followed for issuance of the MDDP, installation of the breath alcohol ignition installation device (BAIID), as provided in this Section, exemption from BAIID installation requirements, and procedures to be followed by those seeking indigent status, as provided in this Section. The notice shall also include information summarizing the procedure to be followed if the person wishes to decline issuance of the MDDP. A copy of the notice shall also be sent to the court of venue together with the notice of suspension of driving privileges, as provided in subsection (h) of Section 11-501. However, a MPPD shall not be issued if the Secretary finds that: Subsequent to a notification of a statutory summary suspension of driving privileges as provided in Section 11 501.1, the court, after informing the first offender, as defined in Section 11-500, of his or her right to a monitoring device driving permit, hereinafter referred to as a MDDP, and of the obligations of the MDDP, shall enter an order directing the Secretary of State (hereinafter referred to as the Secretary) to issue a MDDP to the offender, unless the offender has opted, in writing, not to have a MDDP issued. After opting out of having a MDDP issued, at any time during the summary suspension, the offender may petition the court for an order directing the Secretary to issue a MDDP. However, the court shall not enter the order directing the Secretary to issue the MDDP, in any instance, if the court finds:

- (1) The offender's driver's license is otherwise invalid;
- (2) Death or great bodily harm resulted from the arrest for Section 11-501;
- (3) The That the offender has been previously convicted of reckless homicide or aggravated driving under the influence involving death; or
- (4) The That the offender is less than 18 years of age.

Any offender participating in the MDDP program must Any court order for a MDDP shall order the person to pay the Secretary a MDDP Administration Fee in an amount not to exceed \$30 per month, to

be deposited into the Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration Fee Fund. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. The The order shall further specify that the offender must have an ignition interlock device installed within 14 days of the date the Secretary issues the MDDP. The ignition interlock device provider must notify the Secretary, in a manner and form prescribed by the Secretary, of the installation. If the Secretary does not receive notice of installation, the Secretary shall cancel the MDDP.

A MDDP shall not become effective prior to the 31st day of the original statutory summary suspension.

Upon receipt of the notice, as provided in paragraph (a) of this Section, the person may file a petition to decline issuance of the MDDP with the court of venue. The court shall admonish the offender of all consequences of declining issuance of the MPPD including, but not limited to, the enhanced penalties for driving while suspended. After being so admonished, the offender shall be permitted, in writing, to execute a notice declining issuance of the MDDP. This notice shall be filed with the court and forwarded by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The offender may, at any time thereafter, apply to the Secretary of issuance of a MDDP.

- (a-1) A person issued a MDDP may drive for any purpose and at any time, subject to the rules adopted by the Secretary under subsection (g). The person must, at his or her own expense, drive only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1, but in no event shall such person drive a commercial motor vehicle.
- (a-2) Persons who are issued a MDDP and must drive employer-owned vehicles in the course of their employment duties may seek permission to drive an employer-owned vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device. The employer shall provide to the Secretary a form, as prescribed by the Secretary, completed by the employer verifying that the employee must drive an employer-owned vehicle in the course of employment. If approved by the Secretary, the form must be in the driver's possession while operating an employer-owner vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device. No person may use this exemption to drive a school bus, school vehicle, or a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned motor vehicle that is owned by an entity that is wholly or partially owned by the person holding the MDDP, or by a family member of the person holding the MDDP. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned vehicle that is made available to the employee for personal use. No person may drive the exempted vehicle more than 12 hours per day, 6 days per week.
- (a-3) Persons who are issued a MDDP and who must drive a farm tractor to and from a farm, within 50 air miles from the originating farm are exempt from installation of a BAIID on the farm tractor, so long as the farm tractor is being used for the exclusive purpose of conducting farm operations.
 - (b) (Blank).
 - (c) (Blank).
- (c-1) If the holder of the MDDP is convicted of or receives court supervision for a violation of Section 6-206.2, 6-303, 11-204, 11-204.1, 11-401, 11-501, 11-503, 11-506 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or is convicted of or receives court supervision for any offense for which alcohol or drugs is an element of the offense and in which a motor vehicle was involved (for an arrest other than the one for which the MDDP is issued), or de-installs the BAIID without prior authorization from the Secretary, the MDDP shall be cancelled.
- (c-5) If the Secretary court determines that the person seeking the MDDP is indigent, the Secretary court shall provide the person with a written document, in a form prescribed by the Secretary, as evidence of that determination, and the person shall provide that written document to an ignition interlock device provider. The provider shall install an ignition interlock device on that person's vehicle without charge to the person, and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund. If the Secretary court has deemed an offender indigent, the BAIID provider shall also provide the normal monthly monitoring services and the de-installation without charge to the offender and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund. Any other monetary charges, such as a lockout fee or reset fee, shall be the responsibility of the MDDP holder. A BAIID provider may not seek a security deposit from the Indigent BAIID Fund. The court shall also forward a copy of the indigent determination to the Secretary, in a manner and form as prescribed by the Secretary.
- (d) MDDP The Secretary shall, upon receiving a court order, issue a MDDP to a person who applies for a MDDP under this Section. Such court order shall contain the name, driver's license number, and legal address of the applicant. This information shall be available only to the courts, police officers, and the Secretary, except during the actual period the MDDP is valid, during which time it shall be a public record. The Secretary shall design and furnish to the courts an official court order form to be used by the courts when directing the Secretary to issue a MDDP.

Any submitted court order that contains insufficient data or fails to comply with this Code shall not be utilized for MDDP issuance or entered to the driver record but shall be returned to the issuing court indicating why the MDDP cannot be so entered. A notice of this action shall also be sent to the MDDP applicant by the Secretary.

- (e) (Blank).
- (f) (Blank).

- (g) The Secretary shall adopt rules for implementing this Section. The rules adopted shall address issues including, but not limited to: compliance with the requirements of the MDDP; methods for determining compliance with those requirements; the consequences of noncompliance with those requirements; what constitutes a violation of the MDDP; methods for determining indigency; and the duties of a person or entity that supplies the ignition interlock device.
- (h) The rules adopted under subsection (g) shall provide, at a minimum, that the person is not in compliance with the requirements of the MDDP if he or she:
 - (1) tampers or attempts to tamper with or circumvent the proper operation of the ignition interlock device;
 - (2) provides valid breath samples that register blood alcohol levels in excess of the number of times allowed under the rules;
 - (3) fails to provide evidence sufficient to satisfy the Secretary that the ignition interlock device has been installed in the designated vehicle or vehicles; or
 - (4) fails to follow any other applicable rules adopted by the Secretary.
 - (i) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition interlock device as provided under this Section shall, in addition to supplying only those devices which fully comply with all the rules adopted under subsection (g), provide the Secretary, within 7 days of inspection, all monitoring reports of each person who has had an ignition interlock device installed. These reports shall be furnished in a manner or form as prescribed by the Secretary.
 - (j) Upon making a determination that a violation of the requirements of the MDDP has occurred, the Secretary shall extend the summary suspension period for an additional 3 months beyond the originally imposed summary suspension period, during which time the person shall only be allowed to drive vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device; provided further there are no limitations on the total number of times the summary suspension may be extended. The Secretary may, however, limit the number of extensions imposed for violations occurring during any one monitoring period, as set forth by rule. Any person whose summary suspension is extended pursuant to this Section shall have the right to contest the extension through a hearing with the Secretary, pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. If the summary suspension has already terminated prior to the Secretary receiving the monitoring report that shows a violation, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving privileges for 3 months, provided that the Secretary may, by rule, limit the number of suspensions to be entered pursuant to this paragraph for violations occurring during any one monitoring period. Any person whose license is suspended pursuant to this paragraph, after the summary suspension had already terminated, shall have the right to contest the suspension through a hearing with the Secretary, pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. The only permit the person shall be eligible for during this new suspension period is a MDDP.
 - (k) A person who has had his or her summary suspension extended for the third time, or has any combination of 3 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle impounded for a period of 30 days, at the person's own expense. A person who has his or her summary suspension extended for the fourth time, or has any combination of 4 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle subject to seizure and forfeiture. The Secretary shall notify the prosecuting authority of any third or fourth extensions or new suspension entered as a result of a violation that occurred while the person held a MDDP. Upon receipt of the notification, the prosecuting authority shall impound or forfeit the vehicle.
 - (I) A person whose driving privileges have been suspended under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and who had a MDDP that was cancelled, or would have been cancelled had notification of a violation been received prior to expiration of the MDDP, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of this Section, shall not be eligible for reinstatement when the summary suspension is scheduled to terminate. Instead, the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for a period of not less than twice the original summary suspension period, or for the length of any extensions entered under subsection (j), whichever is longer. During the period of suspension, the person shall be eligible only to apply for a restricted driving permit. If a restricted driving permit is granted, the offender may only operate vehicles equipped with a BAIID in accordance with this Section.
 - (m) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition interlock device under this Section shall, for each ignition interlock device installed, pay 5% of the total gross revenue received for the device, including monthly monitoring fees, into the Indigent BAIID Fund. This 5% shall be clearly indicated as a separate surcharge on each invoice that is issued. The Secretary shall conduct an annual

review of the fund to determine whether the surcharge is sufficient to provide for indigent users. The Secretary may increase or decrease this surcharge requirement as needed.

- (n) Any person or entity that supplies an ignition interlock device under this Section that
- is requested to provide an ignition interlock device to a person who presents written documentation of indigency from the <u>Secretary eourt</u>, as provided in subsection (c-5) of this Section, shall install the device on the person's vehicle without charge to the person and shall seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund.
- (o) The Indigent BAIID Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The
- Secretary shall, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, use all money in the Indigent BAIID Fund to reimburse ignition interlock device providers who have installed devices in vehicles of indigent persons pursuant to court orders issued under this Section. The Secretary shall make payments to such providers every 3 months. If the amount of money in the fund at the time payments are made is not sufficient to pay all requests for reimbursement submitted during that 3 month period, the Secretary shall make payments on a pro-rata basis, and those payments shall be considered payment in full for the requests submitted.
- (p) The Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration Fee Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. The Secretary shall, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, use the money paid into this fund to offset its administrative costs for administering MDDPs.
- (q) The Secretary is authorized to prescribe such forms as it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (Source: P.A. 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-578, eff. 1-1-09; 95-855, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-184, eff. 8-10-09.)

(625 ILCS 5/6-208.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1)

- Sec. 6-208.1. Period of statutory summary alcohol, other drug, or intoxicating compound related suspension.
- (a) Unless the statutory summary suspension has been rescinded, any person whose privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways has been summarily suspended, pursuant to Section 11-501.1, shall not be eligible for restoration of the privilege until the expiration of:
 - 1. Twelve months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for a refusal or failure to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
 - 2. Six months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension imposed following the person's submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
 - 3. Three years from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
 - 4. One year from the effective date of the summary suspension imposed for any person other than a first offender following submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or any amount of a drug, substance or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
- (b) Following a statutory summary suspension of the privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.1, driving privileges shall be restored unless the person is otherwise suspended, revoked, or cancelled by this Code. If the court has reason to believe that the person's driving privilege should not be restored, the court shall notify the Secretary of State prior to the expiration of the statutory summary suspension so appropriate action may be taken pursuant to this Code.
- (c) Driving privileges may not be restored until all applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code, have been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate entry made to the driver's record.
- (d) Where a driving privilege has been summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 and the person is subsequently convicted of violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same incident, any period served on statutory summary suspension shall be credited toward the minimum period of revocation of driving privileges imposed pursuant to Section 6-205.

- (e) (Blank). Following a statutory summary suspension of driving privileges pursuant to Section 11 501.1, for a first offender, the circuit court shall, unless the offender has opted in writing not to have a monitoring device driving permit issued, order the Secretary of State to issue a monitoring device driving permit as provided in Section 6 206.1. A monitoring device driving permit shall not be effective prior to the 31st day of the statutory summary suspension.
 - (f) (Blank)
- (g) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1 where the person was not a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit.
 - (h) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 95-355, eff. 1-1-08; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2011.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Wilhelmi offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 3775

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend Senate Bill 3775, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2, on page 3, line 8, by replacing "MPPD" with "MDDP"; and

on page 4, line 26, by replacing "MPPD" with "MDDP"; and

on page 5, line 6, by replacing "of issuance" with "for issuance".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 2 and 3 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Wilhelmi, **Senate Bill No. 3775**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Link	Risinger
Bivins	Haine	Luechtefeld	Sandoval
Bomke	Harmon	Maloney	Schoenberg
Burzynski	Hendon	Martinez	Silverstein
Clayborne	Holmes	McCarter	Steans
Collins	Hultgren	Meeks	Sullivan
Crotty	Hunter	Millner	Syverson
Dahl	Hutchinson	Muñoz	Trotter
Delgado	Jones, E.	Murphy	Viverito
Demuzio	Jones, J.	Noland	Wilhelmi
Dillard	Koehler	Pankau	Mr. President
Duffy	Kotowski	Radogno	
Forby	Lauzen	Raoul	
Frerichs	Lightford	Righter	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 807

Offered by Senator Demuzio and all Senators: Mourns the death of Joan D. Carmody of Carlinville.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 809

Offered by Senator Bomke and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Scott Anthony Miller of Little Rock, Arkansas, formerly of Rochester.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 810

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Marian Dockery of North Chicago.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 811

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Susan H. Kenar of Lake Bluff.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar

Senator Frerichs offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 808

WHEREAS, The American Lung Association recognizes that motor vehicles, especially older vehicles and equipment, are contributing to adverse air quality; an enlarging body of research indicates that exposure to traffic-related air pollution adversely affects the health of all citizens, particularly children; and

WHEREAS, B20 Biodiesel fuel can reduce particulate emissions by up to 20% and reduce life-cycle carbon dioxide emissions by up to 19%; and

WHEREAS, Because biodiesel fuel is made in the United States from renewable resources, such as soybeans, its use decreases our dependence on foreign oil and contributes to the growth of our economy; and

WHEREAS, Biodiesel fuel is better for the environment than petroleum diesel because biodiesel generates fewer emissions than petroleum diesel; and

WHEREAS, Over 170 companies have invested millions of dollars in the development of biodiesel manufacturing plants in the United States and are actively marketing biodiesel; and

WHEREAS, The production capacity of these plants is approximately 2.7 billion gallons of biodiesel per year; and

WHEREAS, The federal government has offered biodiesel tax incentives, including an income tax credit, a blenders' excise tax credit, and a small producers' tax credit; and

WHEREAS, The federal Energy Improvement and Extension Act of 2008 (Public Law 110-343)

extended certain biodiesel tax incentives for one year; and

WHEREAS, These federal biodiesel tax incentives expired on December 31, 2009 but should be extended in order to continue to promote the development, production, and use of biodiesel fuel; and

WHEREAS, Only about 15% of the nation's biodiesel plants were in operation during the first week of 2010, primarily due to concerns about the availability of a \$1 per gallon biodiesel fuel blenders credit; and

WHEREAS, A December 2009 study warned that eliminating the credit would have a substantial negative impact on biodiesel production and the consequent economic and environmental benefits made by the biodiesel industry; and

WHEREAS, Efforts are underway in Washington to extend the credit retroactively to January 1, 2010 in order to spur biodiesel purchases; and

WHEREAS, The elimination of the credit would result in a loss of regional jobs and income, an increased demand for diesel from foreign oil, and degradation of energy security; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the United States Congress to quickly enact legislation to extend the tax incentives for domestic biodiesel production; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to the President of the United States and each member of the Illinois congressional delegation.

Senator Noland offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 812

WHEREAS, Many Vietnam War Veterans' service has gone unnoticed for decades and deserves honorable recognition; and

WHEREAS, In 1965, United States Armed Forces ground combat units were deployed to Vietnam with peak involvement of around 500,000 troops in 1969; and

WHEREAS, In March 30, 1973, the United States had withdrawn all of its troops from Vietnam, but not before the United States Armed Forces lost more than 58,000 soldiers and had more than 300,000 wounded soldiers; and

WHEREAS, Approximately 3,000 Illinoisans were killed or listed as missing in action during the Vietnam War; and

WHEREAS, Soldiers of the United States Armed Forces served not only loyally but courageously and deserve honorable acknowledgment on this and all Memorial Days; and

WHEREAS, The Patriot Committee of Dundee Township in Carpentersville, has organized, "Welcome Home Tribute for our Vietnam Veterans" for all members of the United States Armed Forces who served during the Vietnam War; and

WHEREAS, This tribute will include a Healing Field dedicated to honoring service men and women declared Prisoners of War or Missing in Action during the Vietnam War; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we proclaim May 27 through May 31, 2010, as the "Welcome Home tribute for our Vietnam Veterans" weekend in Carpentersville; and be it further

RESOLVED, We recognize the Patriot Committee of Dundee Township, their volunteers, and sponsors for all of their hard work and dedication to organizing this tribute to Vietnam War Veterans; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to the Patriot Committee of Dundee Township.

Senator Schoenberg offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 126

WHEREAS, The Illinois General Assembly has found that human service providers in the State of Illinois are experiencing serious and sustained financial problems, in part due to the State's failure to make timely payments on contracts to service providers; and

WHEREAS, These problems will be exacerbated by the failure of the State to provide adequate notice of changes to State contracts because the service providers are bound by both best practice and personnel policies to give clients and staff adequate notice to termination of services and employment; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that the State shall provide a minimum of 21 days (3 weeks) notice of any change to a State contract or a change between a FY10 contract and a FY11 contract.

Senator Murphy offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 127

WHEREAS, The Tenth Amendment to the United States Constitution states that, "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people"; and

WHEREAS, The U.S. Congress has recently passed and the President has signed into law federal legislation that imposes mandates on all states with regards to healthcare and insurance; and requires the expenditure of state funds to sustain these mandates; and

WHEREAS, The federal healthcare mandates expand Medicaid eligibility to include all adults under age 65 up to 133% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) beginning in 2014; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services estimates 600,000 to 650,000 people will be newly eligible under these federal mandates, requiring the expenditure of State funds increasing yearly to an estimated annual State expenditure of \$195 million beginning in FY 2020; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services asserts that under the federal legislation Medicaid rates paid to doctors will be increased to the level of payment received for Medicare services, requiring after FY 2014, if the increased rates are to be maintained by the states, the cost to the State of Illinois to be an additional \$500 to \$600 million annually; and

WHEREAS, The federal healthcare initiative recently signed into law requires maintenance of effort

from every state, including, but not limited to, maintaining current eligibility requirements for adults until the Health Care Exchange is fully operational, and current income eligibility levels for children in Medicaid and CHIP until 2019; and

WHEREAS, The creation of a new federal system of regulation for health insurance will be inefficient, unnecessary, not cost-effective, and an additional burden on the health care delivery system in Illinois; and

WHEREAS, Free and open markets for healthcare can improve quality, benefits, and customer service to a level that government-sponsored health plans cannot match; and

WHEREAS, The mandatory insurance measures recently enacted by Congress and signed into law by the President create a federally mandated health insurance exchange to compel the purchase of health insurance by individuals and small employers; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that we urge Congress to immediately initiate and enact legislation authorizing individual states, by positive action of their duly elected state legislatures and assemblies, the right and ability to decidedly remove their citizens and residents from any and all provisions instituting new federal review, oversight, or preemption of state health insurance laws; creation of any federally mandated health insurance exchange or connector; or mandated expenditure of state funds to maintain a federal healthcare initiative; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be distributed to all Members of the U.S. Senate and U.S. House of Representatives elected by the people of the State of Illinois.

At the hour of 12:36 o'clock p.m., Senator Clayborne, presiding.

At the hour of 12:41 o'clock p.m., Senator Schoenberg, presiding.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Chair announced that session has been cancelled for Saturday, May 1 and Sunday, May 2, 2010.

Senator Muñoz announced a Democrat caucus to begin immediately upon adjournment

Senator Syverson announced a Republican caucus to begin immediately upon adjournment.

RESOLUTIONS CONSENT CALENDAR

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 790

Offered by Senator Duffy and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Teresa R. Spoto of Arlington Heights.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 791

Offered by Senator Brady and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Edward "Vince" Ambrose of Bloomington.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 793

Offered by Senator Viverito and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Louis F. Cainkar of Evergreen Park.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 795

Offered by Senator Cronin and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Tara Feldman.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 796

Offered by Senator Forby and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Lucille Tate Tucker of Ewing.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 797

Offered by Senator Clayborne and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Deacon John Edward Coates.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 798

Offered by Senator Duffy and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Nello M. DiGenova of Wauconda.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 799

Offered by Senator Duffy and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Consorica V. Irizari.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 800

Offered by Senator Dillard and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Christine A. Rock of Downers Grove.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 803

Offered by Senator McCarter and all Senators:

Mourns the death of James E. "Jim" Plocher of Highland.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 804

Offered by Senator McCarter and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Howard W. Robertson of Highland.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 805

Offered by Senator Wilhelmi and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Alice M. Walsh (nee Hess) of Elwood.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 807

Offered by Senator Demuzio and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Joan D. Carmody of Carlinville.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 809

Offered by Senator Bomke and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Scott Anthony Miller of Little Rock, Arkansas, formerly of Rochester.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 810

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Marian Dockery of North Chicago.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 811

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Susan H. Kenar of Lake Bluff.

The Chair moved the adoption of the Resolutions Consent Calendar. The motion prevailed, and the resolutions were adopted.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has adopted the following joint resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 118

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that when the two Houses adjourn on Friday, April 30, 2010, the House of Representatives stands adjourned until Monday, May 3, 2010 at 12:00 o'clock noon, or until the call of the Speaker; and the Senate stands adjourned until Monday, May 3, 2010, at 12:00 o'clock noon, or until the call of the President.

Adopted by the House, April 30, 2010.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

By unanimous consent, on motion of Senator Harmon, the foregoing message reporting House Joint Resolution No. 118 was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Harmon moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of the resolution.

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of the resolution.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT 327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706

April 30, 2010

Ms. Jillayne Rock Secretary of the Senate Room 403 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 2-10, I am canceling Session scheduled Saturday, May 1, 2010 and Sunday, May 2, 2010. Session will reconvene on Monday, May 3, 2010 at 12:00 pm.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno Democrat Caucus Members Tim Mapes

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT 327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706

April 30, 2010

Ms. Jillayne Rock Secretary of the Senate Room 403 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

Pursuant to the provisions of Senate Rule 2-10, I hereby establish May 7, 2010 as the Committee deadline for HB 5772 and HB 5424.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Christine Radogno

COMMUNICATION

ILLINOIS STATE SENATE
CHRIS LAUZEN
STATE SENATOR
25TH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT

April 30, 2010

Jillayne Rock Secretary of the Senate c/o Scott Kaiser Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Madam Secretary:

I would like the record to reflect my intention to vote "No" on SB3544 that was considered on March 18, 2010.

Thank you for your help on this matter.

Very sincerely, s/Chris Lauzen 25th District

At the hour of 12:45 o'clock p.m., pursuant to **House Joint Resolution No. 118**, the Chair announced the Senate stand adjourned until Monday, May 3, 2010, at 12:00 o'clock noon, or until the call of the President.