



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

98TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 2006

11:07 O'CLOCK A.M.

SENATE
Daily Journal Index
98th Legislative Day

Action	Page(s)
Committee Meeting Announcement	72, 73
Introduction of Senate Bill No. 3182	5
Joint Action Motions Filed	5, 62
Legislative Measure(s) Filed	4
Presentation of Senate Resolutions No'd 711-713	6

Bill Number	Legislative Action	Page(s)
SB 0385	Concur in House Amendment(s)	12
SB 0509	Concur in House Amendment(s)	12
SB 0585	Third Reading	31
SB 0585	Recalled - Amendment(s)	28
SB 0627	Third Reading	37
SB 0627	Recalled - Amendment(s)	31
SB 0668	Third Reading	68
SB 0668	Recalled - Amendment(s)	66
SB 0702	Concur in House Amendment(s)	13
SB 0858	Third Reading	40
SB 0858	Recalled - Amendment(s)	38
SB 0859	Third Reading	42
SB 0859	Recalled - Amendment(s)	40
SB 0895	Third Reading	45
SB 0895	Recalled - Amendment(s)	43
SB 0931	Third Reading	50
SB 0931	Recalled - Amendment(s)	45
SB 0951	Concur in House Amendment(s)	13
SB 1705	Concur in House Amendment(s)	14
SB 2137	Concur in House Amendment(s)	15
SB 2159	Concur in House Amendment(s)	15
SB 2195	Concur in House Amendment(s)	16
SB 2235	Concur in House Amendment(s)	16
SB 2254	Concur in House Amendment(s)	17
SB 2272	Concur in House Amendment(s)	17
SB 2290	Concur in House Amendment(s)	18
SB 2302	Concur in House Amendment(s)	18
SB 2356	Concur in House Amendment(s)	19
SB 2360	Concur in House Amendment(s)	20
SB 2391	Concur in House Amendment(s)	20
SB 2456	Concur in House Amendment(s)	21
SB 2554	Refuse Concur in House Amendment(s)	21
SB 2579	Refuse Concur in House Amendment(s)	21
SB 2631	Concur in House Amendment(s)	22
SB 2650	Concur in House Amendment(s)	22
SB 2680	Concur in House Amendment(s)	23
SB 2732	Concur in House Amendment(s)	23
SB 2798	Concur in House Amendment(s)	24
SB 2865	Concur in House Amendment(s)	24
SB 2873	Concur in House Amendment(s)	25
SB 2878	Concur in House Amendment(s)	25
SB 2931	Concur in House Amendment(s)	26
SB 2962	Concur in House Amendment(s)	27
SB 3010	Concur in House Amendment(s)	27

[April 6, 2006]

SB 3046	Concur in House Amendment(s).....	28
SB 3053	Third Reading.....	72
SB 3053	Recalled - Amendment(s).....	68
SJR 0087	Adopted, as amended.....	63
SJR 0088	Adopted, as amended.....	63
SR 0631	Adopted.....	64
SR 0675	Adopted.....	65
SR 0686	Adopted.....	65
HB 1732	First Reading.....	62
HB 4532	Other proceedings.....	66
HB 4715	Recalled – Amendment(s).....	9
HB 4715	Third Reading.....	11
HJR 0024	Adopted, as amended.....	62

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
 Senator Miguel del Valle, Chicago, Illinois, presiding.
 Prayer by Reverend Keith Anderson, Chatham United Methodist Church, Chatham, Illinois.
 Senator del Valle led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

The Journal of Monday, March 27, 2006, was being read when on motion of Senator Hunter, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Tuesday, March 28, 2006, was being read when on motion of Senator Hunter, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

The Journal of Wednesday, March 29, 2006, was being read when on motion of Senator Hunter, further reading of same was dispensed with, and unless some Senator had corrections to offer, the Journal would stand approved. No corrections being offered, the Journal was ordered to stand approved.

Senator Hunter moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Wednesday, April 5, 2006, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.

The motion prevailed.

REPORTS RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following report:

School Finance Authority Annual Report & Plan, submitted by the Round Lake Area Schools District 116.

The foregoing report was ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Resolutions listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Resolution No. 687
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Resolution No. 692
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Joint Resolution No. 82

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 668
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 668
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1216
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2123
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3053
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 3053

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 4676
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 4676
 Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 4752

[April 6, 2006]

JOINT ACTION MOTIONS FILED

The following Joint Action Motions to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2204
 Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2985

EXCUSED FROM ATTENDANCE

On motion of Senator Burzynski, Senator Rauschenberger was excused from attendance due to legislative business.

REPORTS FROM RULES COMMITTEE

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 668** on July 1, 2005, pursuant to Rule 3-9(b), reported that the Committee recommends that the bill be approved for consideration and returned to the calendar in its former position.

The report of the Committee was concurred in.

And **Senate Bill No. 668** was returned to the order of third reading.

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its April 6, 2006 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

Executive: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 668; Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3053.**

COMMITTEE MEETING ANNOUNCEMENT

The Chair announced that the Executive Committee will meet today in Room 212, at 12:20 o'clock p.m.

At the hour of 11:20 o'clock a.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 2:35 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.
 Senator del Valle, presiding.

REPORT FROM STANDING COMMITTEE

Senator Silverstein, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends that they be adopted:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 668
 Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3053

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

[April 6, 2006]

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

SENATE BILL NO. 3182. Introduced by Senator Shadid, a bill for AN ACT concerning appropriations.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Rules.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 711

Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Edgar Newton Davison of Godfrey.

SENATE RESOLUTION 712

Offered by Senator Clayborne and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Bishop Eddie A. Morgan

SENATE RESOLUTION 713

Offered by Senator E. Jones and all Senators:

Mourns the death of L. C. Calmese.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has refused to concur with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4161

A bill for AN ACT concerning land.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4161

Non-concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

Under the rules, the foregoing **House Bill No. 4161**, with Senate Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has refused to concur with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4195

A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4195

Non-concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

[April 6, 2006]

Under the rules, the foregoing **House Bill No. 4195**, with Senate Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 874

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 874

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 1299

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

Which amendments are as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 4 to HOUSE BILL NO. 1299

Senate Amendment No. 5 to HOUSE BILL NO. 1299

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 2067

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Which amendments are as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2067

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2067

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4147

A bill for AN ACT in relation to economic development.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4147

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by
Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4222

[April 6, 2006]

A bill for AN ACT concerning sex offenders.

Which amendments are as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4222

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4222

Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4222

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4300

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4300

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4406

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4406

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4461

A bill for AN ACT concerning state government.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4461

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4606

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4606

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

[April 6, 2006]

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 4719

A bill for AN ACT concerning business.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 4719

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 5260

A bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

Which amendment is as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 5260

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 5348

A bill for AN ACT concerning burn injury reporting.

Which amendments are as follows:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 5348

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 5348

Concurred in by the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

HOUSE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 4715** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Raoul offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 4715

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 4715, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Safe Homes Act.

Section 5. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to promote the State's interest in reducing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking by enabling victims of domestic or sexual violence and their families to flee existing dangerous housing in order to leave violent or abusive situations, achieve safety, and minimize the physical and emotional injuries from domestic or sexual violence, and to reduce the devastating economic consequences thereof.

Section 10. Definitions. For purposes of this Act:

"Domestic violence" means "abuse" as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 by a "family or household member" as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

"Landlord" means the owner of a building or the owner's agent with regard to matters concerning

[April 6, 2006]

landlord's leasing of a dwelling.

"Sexual violence" means any act of sexual assault, sexual abuse, or stalking of an adult or minor child, including but not limited to non-consensual sexual conduct or non-consensual sexual penetration as defined in the Civil No Contact Order Act and the offenses of stalking, aggravated stalking, criminal sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, and aggravated criminal sexual abuse as those offenses are described in the Criminal Code of 1961.

"Tenant" means a person who has entered into an oral or written lease with a landlord whereby the person is the lessee under the lease.

Section 15. Affirmative defense.

(a) In any action brought by a landlord against a tenant to recover rent for breach of lease, a tenant shall have an affirmative defense and not be liable for rent for the period after which a tenant vacates the premises owned by the landlord, if by preponderance of the evidence, the court finds that:

(1) at the time that the tenant vacated the premises, the tenant or a member of tenant's household was under a credible imminent threat of domestic or sexual violence at the premises; and

(2) the tenant gave written notice to the landlord prior to or within 3 days of vacating the premises that the reason for vacating the premises was because of a credible imminent threat of domestic or sexual violence against the tenant or a member of the tenant's household.

(b) In any action brought by a landlord against a tenant to recover rent for breach of lease, a tenant shall have an affirmative defense and not be liable for rent for the period after which the tenant vacates the premises owned by the landlord, if by preponderance of the evidence, the court finds that:

(1) a tenant or a member of tenant's household was a victim of sexual violence on the premises that is owned or controlled by a landlord and the tenant has vacated the premises as a result of the sexual violence; and

(2) the tenant gave written notice to the landlord prior to or within 3 days of vacating the premises that the reason for vacating the premises was because of the sexual violence against the tenant or member of the tenant's household, the date of the sexual violence, and that the tenant provided at least one form of the following types of evidence to the landlord supporting the claim of the sexual violence: medical, court or police evidence of sexual violence; or statement from an employee of a victim services or rape crisis organization from which the tenant or a member of the tenant's household sought services; and

(3) the sexual violence occurred not more than 60 days prior to the date of giving the written notice to the landlord, or if the circumstances are such that the tenant cannot reasonably give notice because of reasons related to the sexual violence, such as hospitalization or seeking assistance for shelter or counseling, then as soon thereafter as practicable. Nothing in this subsection (b) shall be construed to be a defense against an action in forcible entry and detainer for failure to pay rent before the tenant provided notice and vacated the premises.

(c) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to be a defense against an action for rent for a period of time before the tenant vacated the landlord's premises and gave notice to the landlord as required in subsection (b).

Section 20. Change of locks.

(a) Upon written notice from all tenants who have signed as lessees under a written lease, the tenants may request that a landlord change the locks of the dwelling unit in which they live if one or more of the tenants reasonably believes that one of the tenants or a member of tenant's household is under a credible imminent threat of domestic or sexual violence at the premises from a person who is not a lessee under the lease. Notice to the landlord requesting a change of locks shall be accompanied by at least one form of the following types of evidence to support a claim of domestic or sexual violence: medical, court or police evidence of domestic or sexual violence; or a statement from an employee of a victim services, domestic violence, or rape crisis organization from which the tenant or a member of the tenant's household sought services.

(b) Once a landlord has received notice of a request for change of locks and has received one form of evidence referred to in Section (a) above, the landlord shall, within 48 hours, change the locks or give the tenant the permission to change the locks.

(1) The landlord may charge a fee for the expense of changing the locks. That fee must not exceed the reasonable price customarily charged for changing a lock.

[April 6, 2006]

(2) If a landlord fails to change the locks within 48 hours after being provided with the notice and evidence referred to in (a) above, the tenant may change the locks without the landlord's permission. If the tenant changes the locks, the tenant shall give a key to the new locks to the landlord within 48 hours of the locks being changed. In the case where a tenant changes the locks without the landlord's permission, the tenant shall do so in a workmanlike manner with locks of similar or better quality than the original lock.

(c) The landlord who changes locks or allows the change of locks under this Act shall not be liable to any third party for damages resulting from a person being unable to access the dwelling.

Section 25. Penalty for violation.

(a) If a landlord takes action to prevent the tenant who has complied with Section 20 of this Act from changing his or her locks, the tenant may seek a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or permanent injunction ordering the landlord to refrain from preventing the tenant from changing the locks. A tenant who successfully brings an action pursuant to this Section may be awarded reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

(b) A tenant who changes locks and does not provide a copy of a key to the landlord within 48 hours of the tenant changing the locks, shall be liable for any damages to the dwelling or the building in which the dwelling is located that could have been prevented had landlord been able to access the dwelling unit in the event of an emergency.

(c) The remedies provided to landlord and tenant under this Section 25 shall be sole and exclusive.

Section 30. Prohibition of waiver or modification. The provisions of this Act may not be waived or modified in any lease or separate agreement.

Section 35. Public housing excluded. This Act does not apply to public housing, assisted under the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq., and its implementing regulations, with the exception of the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher program. Public housing includes dwelling units in mixed-finance projects that are assisted through a public housing authority's capital, operating, or other funds."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Floor Amendment No. 3 was held in the Committee on Rules.

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Raoul, **House Bill No. 4715**, having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Martinez	Shadid
Axley	Garrett	Meeks	Sieben
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Millner	Silverstein
Brady	Haine	Munoz	Sullivan
Burzynski	Halvorson	Pankau	Syverson
Clayborne	Harmon	Peterson	Trotter
Collins	Hendon	Petka	Viverito
Cronin	Hunter	Radogno	Watson
Crotty	Jacobs	Raoul	Wilhelmi
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Righter	Winkel

[April 6, 2006]

Dahl	Jones, W.	Risinger	Mr. President
del Valle	Lightford	Ronen	
DeLeo	Link	Roskam	
Demuzio	Luechtefeld	Sandoval	
Dillard	Maloney	Schoenberg	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendments adopted thereto.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS ON SECRETARY'S DESK

On motion of Senator Link, **Senate Bill No. 385**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Link moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Garrett	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Haine	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Halvorson	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Harmon	Peterson	Syverson
Collins	Hendon	Petka	Trotter
Cronin	Hunter	Radogno	Viverito
Crotty	Jacobs	Raoul	Watson
Cullerton	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Dahl	Laufen	Risinger	Winkel
del Valle	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Link	Roskam	
Demuzio	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Dillard	Maloney	Sandoval	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to **Senate Bill No. 385**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Maloney, **Senate Bill No. 509**, with House Amendment No. 2 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Maloney moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Schoenberg
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Shadid

[April 6, 2006]

Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Sieben
Brady	Haine	Millner	Silverstein
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Sullivan
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Syverson
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Trotter
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Viverito
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Watson
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Dahl	Jones, W.	Risinger	Winkel
del Valle	Lauzen	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Lightford	Roskam	
Demuzio	Link	Rutherford	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Sandoval	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 2 to **Senate Bill No. 509**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Link, **Senate Bill No. 702**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Link moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 55; Nays 2.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Luechtefeld	Rutherford
Axley	Garrett	Maloney	Sandoval
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Martinez	Schoenberg
Brady	Haine	Meeks	Shadid
Burzynski	Halvorson	Millner	Sieben
Clayborne	Harmon	Munoz	Silverstein
Collins	Hendon	Pankau	Sullivan
Cronin	Hunter	Peterson	Syverson
Crotty	Jacobs	Petka	Trotter
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Radogno	Viverito
Dahl	Jones, W.	Raoul	Watson
del Valle	Lauzen	Righter	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Dillard	Link	Roskam	

The following voted in the negative:

Demuzio
Wilhelmi

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 702**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Schoenberg, **Senate Bill No. 951**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

[April 6, 2006]

Senator Schoenberg moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 951**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 1705**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 3 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Harmon moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to **Senate Bill No. 1705**.

[April 6, 2006]

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Halvorson, **Senate Bill No. 2137**, with House Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Halvorson moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 to **Senate Bill No. 2137**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 2159**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Sandoval moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Schoenberg
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Shadid
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Sieben
Brady	Haine	Millner	Silverstein
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Sullivan
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Syverson
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Trotter
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Viverito
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Watson
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Dahl	Jones, W.	Risinger	Winkel
del Valle	Lauzen	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Lightford	Roskam	

Demuzio	Link	Rutherford
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Sandoval

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2159**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Ronen, **Senate Bill No. 2195**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Ronen moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2195**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Martinez, **Senate Bill No. 2235**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Martinez moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter

[April 6, 2006]

Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2235**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 2254**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Sandoval moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2254**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **Senate Bill No. 2272**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Cullerton moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid

Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2272**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Martinez, **Senate Bill No. 2290**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Martinez moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 41; Nays 16.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Shadid
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Silverstein
Brady	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Sullivan
Clayborne	Haine	Millner	Trotter
Collins	Halvorson	Munoz	Viverito
Crotty	Harmon	Pankau	Wilhelmi
Cullerton	Hendon	Peterson	Winkel
del Valle	Hunter	Raoul	Mr. President
DeLeo	Jacobs	Ronen	
Demuzio	Lightford	Sandoval	
Dillard	Link	Schoenberg	

The following voted in the negative:

Bomke	Jones, W.	Righter	Watson
Burzynski	Lauzen	Risinger	
Cronin	Luechtefeld	Roskam	
Dahl	Petka	Rutherford	
Jones, J.	Radogno	Sieben	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2290**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Haine, **Senate Bill No. 2302**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Haine moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

[April 6, 2006]

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 46; Nays 11; Present 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Meeks	Shadid
Axley	Geo-Karis	Millner	Sieben
Bomke	Haine	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Halvorson	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Harmon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hendon	Radogno	Trotter
Crotty	Hunter	Raoul	Viverito
Cullerton	Jacobs	Risinger	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lightford	Ronen	Winkel
DeLeo	Link	Roskam	Mr. President
Demuzio	Maloney	Sandoval	
Forby	Martinez	Schoenberg	

The following voted in the negative:

Brady	Jones, J.	Luechtefeld	Rutherford
Burzynski	Jones, W.	Petka	Watson
Dahl	Lauzen	Righter	

The following voted present:

Dillard

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2302**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **Senate Bill No. 2356**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Hunter moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President

Demuzio	Link	Roskam
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2356**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Clayborne, **Senate Bill No. 2360**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Clayborne moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2360**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Haine, **Senate Bill No. 2391**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Haine moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter

[April 6, 2006]

Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2391**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Althoff, **Senate Bill No. 2456**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Althoff moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2456**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Silverstein, **Senate Bill No. 2554**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Silverstein moved that the Senate nonconcur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate nonconcurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2554**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Collins, **Senate Bill No. 2579**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Collins moved that the Senate nonconcur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate nonconcurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2579**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Wilhelmi, **Senate Bill No. 2631**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Wilhelmi moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2631**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 2650**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Harmon moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter

[April 6, 2006]

Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to **Senate Bill No. 2650**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Munoz, **Senate Bill No. 2680**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Munoz moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to **Senate Bill No. 2680**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Viverito, **Senate Bill No. 2732**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Viverito moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid

Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2732**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Bomke, **Senate Bill No. 2798**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Bomke moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Schoenberg
Axley	Garrett	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Haine	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Halvorson	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Harmon	Peterson	Syverson
Collins	Hendon	Petka	Trotter
Cronin	Hunter	Radogno	Viverito
Crotty	Jacobs	Raoul	Watson
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Dahl	Jones, W.	Risinger	Winkel
del Valle	Lauzen	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Lightford	Roskam	
Demuzio	Link	Rutherford	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Sandoval	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2798**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 2865**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Harmon moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

[April 6, 2006]

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2865**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 2873**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Harmon moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2873**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 2878**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

[April 6, 2006]

Senator Sandoval moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2878**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 2931**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Harmon moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2931**.

[April 6, 2006]

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Petka, **Senate Bill No. 2962**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Petka moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 2962**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **Senate Bill No. 3010**, with House Amendment No. 1 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Cullerton moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President

Demuzio	Link	Roskam
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendment No. 1 to **Senate Bill No. 3010**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

On motion of Senator Crotty, **Senate Bill No. 3046**, with House Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 on the Secretary's Desk, was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Crotty moved that the Senate concur with the House in the adoption of their amendments to said bill.

And on that motion, a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 55; Nays 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Rutherford
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Sandoval
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Schoenberg
Brady	Haine	Millner	Shadid
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Sieben
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Silverstein
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Sullivan
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Syverson
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Trotter
Cullerton	Jones, W.	Raoul	Viverito
del Valle	Lauzen	Righter	Wilhelmi
DeLeo	Lightford	Risinger	Winkel
Demuzio	Link	Ronen	Mr. President
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Roskam	

The following voted in the negative:

Dahl

The motion prevailed.

And the Senate concurred with the House in the adoption of their Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 to **Senate Bill No. 3046**.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **Senate Bill No. 585** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Cullerton offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 585

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 585 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing Sections 1.02, 2.01, 2.05, and 2.06 and by adding Section 7 as follows:

(5 ILCS 120/1.02) (from Ch. 102, par. 41.02)

Sec. 1.02. For the purposes of this Act:

"Meeting" means any gathering, whether in person or by video or audio conference, telephone call,

[April 6, 2006]

electronic means (such as, without limitation, electronic mail, electronic chat, and instant messaging), or other means of contemporaneous interactive communication, of a majority of a quorum of the members of a public body held for the purpose of discussing public business.

"Public body" includes all legislative, executive, administrative or advisory bodies of the State, counties, townships, cities, villages, incorporated towns, school districts and all other municipal corporations, boards, bureaus, committees or commissions of this State, and any subsidiary bodies of any of the foregoing including but not limited to committees and subcommittees which are supported in whole or in part by tax revenue, or which expend tax revenue, except the General Assembly and committees or commissions thereof. "Public body" includes tourism boards and convention or civic center boards located in counties that are contiguous to the Mississippi River with populations of more than 250,000 but less than 300,000. "Public body" includes the Health Facilities Planning Board. "Public body" does not include a child death review team or the Illinois Child Death Review Teams Executive Council established under the Child Death Review Team Act or an ethics commission acting under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act.

(Source: P.A. 92-468, eff. 8-22-01; 93-617, eff. 12-9-03.)

(5 ILCS 120/2.01) (from Ch. 102, par. 42.01)

Sec. 2.01. All meetings required by this Act to be public shall be held at specified times and places which are convenient and open to the public. No meeting required by this Act to be public shall be held on a legal holiday unless the regular meeting day falls on that holiday.

A quorum of members of a public body must be physically present at the location of an open meeting. If, however, an open meeting of a public body with statewide jurisdiction is held simultaneously in Chicago and Springfield through an interactive video conference and the public body provides public notice and public access as required under this Act for both locations, then members physically present in Chicago or Springfield all count towards determining a quorum. Other members who are not physically present at the open meeting may participate in the meeting and vote on all matters, if they are voting members, by means of a video or audio conference. The requirement that a quorum be physically present at the location of an open meeting shall not apply, however, to State advisory boards or bodies that do not have authority to make binding recommendations or determinations or to take any other substantive action.

A quorum of members of a public body that is not a public body with statewide jurisdiction must be physically present at the location of a closed meeting. Other members who are not physically present at a closed meeting of such a public body may participate in the meeting and vote on all matters, if they are voting members, by means of a video or audio conference.

(Source: P.A. 88-621, eff. 1-1-95.)

(5 ILCS 120/2.05) (from Ch. 102, par. 42.05)

Sec. 2.05. Recording meetings. Subject to the provisions of Section 8-701 of the Code of Civil Procedure "An Act in relation to the rights of witnesses at proceedings conducted by a court, commission, administrative agency or other tribunal in this State which are televised or broadcast or at which motion pictures are taken", approved July 14, 1953, as amended, any person may record the proceedings at meetings required to be open by this Act by tape, film or other means. The authority holding the meeting shall prescribe reasonable rules to govern the right to make such recordings.

If a witness at any meeting required to be open by this Act which is conducted by a commission, administrative agency or other tribunal, refuses to testify on the grounds that he may not be compelled to testify if any portion of his testimony is to be broadcast or televised or if motion pictures are to be taken of him while he is testifying, the authority holding the meeting shall prohibit such recording during the testimony of the witness. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to extend the right to testify at any meeting not subject to the provisions of Section 8-701 of the Code of Civil Procedure "An Act in relation to the rights of witnesses at proceedings conducted by a court, commission, administrative agency or other tribunal in this State which are televised or broadcast or at which motion pictures are taken", approved July 14, 1953, as amended.

(Source: P.A. 82-378.)

(5 ILCS 120/2.06) (from Ch. 102, par. 42.06)

Sec. 2.06. Minutes.

(a) All public bodies shall keep written minutes of all their meetings, whether open or closed, and a verbatim record of all their closed meetings in the form of an audio or video recording. Minutes shall include, but need not be limited to:

(1) the date, time and place of the meeting;

(2) the members of the public body recorded as either present or absent and whether the members were physically present or present by means of video or audio conference; and

(3) a summary of discussion on all matters proposed, deliberated, or decided, and a record of any votes taken.

(b) The minutes of meetings open to the public shall be available for public inspection within 7 days of the approval of such minutes by the public body. Beginning July 1, 2006, at the time it complies with the other requirements of this subsection, a public body that has a website that the full-time staff of the public body maintains shall post the minutes of a regular meeting of its governing body open to the public on the public body's website within 7 days of the approval of the minutes by the public body. Beginning July 1, 2006, any minutes of meetings open to the public posted on the public body's website shall remain posted on the website for at least 60 days after their initial posting.

(c) The verbatim record may be destroyed without notification to or the approval of a records commission or the State Archivist under the Local Records Act or the State Records Act no less than 18 months after the completion of the meeting recorded but only after:

- (1) the public body approves the destruction of a particular recording; and
- (2) the public body approves minutes of the closed meeting that meet the written minutes requirements of subsection (a) of this Section.

(d) Each public body shall periodically, but no less than semi-annually, meet to review minutes of all closed meetings. At such meetings a determination shall be made, and reported in an open session that (1) the need for confidentiality still exists as to all or part of those minutes or (2) that the minutes or portions thereof no longer require confidential treatment and are available for public inspection. The failure of a public body to strictly comply with the semi-annual review of closed session written minutes, whether before or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, shall not cause the written minutes or related verbatim record to become public or available for inspection in any judicial proceeding, other than a proceeding involving an alleged violation of this Act, if the public body, within 60 days of discovering its failure to strictly comply with the technical requirements of this subsection, reviews the closed session minutes and determines and thereafter reports in open session that either (1) the need for confidentiality still exists as to all or part of the minutes or verbatim record, or (2) that the minutes or recordings or portions thereof no longer require confidential treatment and are available for public inspection.

(e) Unless the public body has made a determination that the verbatim recording no longer requires confidential treatment or otherwise consents to disclosure, the verbatim record of a meeting closed to the public shall not be open for public inspection or subject to discovery in any administrative or judicial proceeding other than one brought to enforce this Act. In the case of a civil action brought to enforce this Act, the court, if the judge believes such an examination is necessary, must conduct such in camera examination of the verbatim record as it finds appropriate in order to determine whether there has been a violation of this Act. In the case of a criminal proceeding, the court may conduct an examination in order to determine what portions, if any, must be made available to the parties for use as evidence in the prosecution. Any such initial inspection must be held in camera. If the court determines that a complaint or suit brought for noncompliance under this Act is valid it may, for the purposes of discovery, redact from the minutes of the meeting closed to the public any information deemed to qualify under the attorney-client privilege. The provisions of this subsection do not supersede the privacy or confidentiality provisions of State or federal law.

(f) Minutes of meetings closed to the public shall be available only after the public body determines that it is no longer necessary to protect the public interest or the privacy of an individual by keeping them confidential.

(Source: P.A. 93-523, eff. 1-1-04; 93-974, eff. 1-1-05; 94-28, eff. 1-1-06; 94-542, eff. 8-10-05; revised 8-19-05.)

(5 ILCS 120/7 new)

Sec. 7. Attendance by a means other than physical presence.

(a) If a quorum of the members of the public body is physically present as required by Section 2.01, a majority of the public body may allow a member of that body to attend the meeting by other means if the member is prevented from physically attending because of: (i) personal illness or disability; (ii) employment purposes or the business of the public body; or (iii) a family or other emergency. "Other means" is by video or audio conference.

(b) If a member wishes to attend a meeting by other means, the member must notify the recording secretary or clerk of the public body before the meeting unless advance notice is impractical.

(c) A majority of the public body may allow a member to attend a meeting by other means only in accordance with and to the extent allowed by rules adopted by the public body. The rules must conform to the requirements and restrictions of this Section, may further limit the extent to which attendance by other means is allowed, and may provide for the giving of additional notice to the public or further

[April 6, 2006]

facilitate public access to meetings.

(d) The limitations of this Section shall not apply to (i) closed meetings of public bodies with statewide jurisdiction or (ii) open or closed meetings of State advisory boards or bodies that do not have authority to make binding recommendations or determinations or to take any other substantive action. State advisory boards or bodies and public bodies with statewide jurisdiction, however, may permit members to attend meetings by other means only in accordance with and to the extent allowed by specific procedural rules adopted by the body."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Cullerton, **Senate Bill No. 585**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Axley	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Bomke	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Brady	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Burzynski	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Clayborne	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Collins	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Crotty	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Cullerton	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
Dahl	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
del Valle	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Link	Roskam	
Demuzio	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Dillard	Maloney	Sandoval	
Forby	Martinez	Schoenberg	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Halvorson, **Senate Bill No. 627** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Halvorson offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 627

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 627 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act.

[April 6, 2006]

Section 3. Legislative intent. The General Assembly finds that those who have served their country honorably in military service and who are residing in this State deserve access to affordable, comprehensive health insurance. Many veterans are uninsured, unable to afford healthcare, and reside far from a medical facility of the United States Veterans' Health Administration (VHA), leaving them without access to health care. This lack of healthcare, including preventative care, often exacerbates health conditions. The effects of lack of insurance negatively impact those residents of the State who are insured because the cost of paying for care to the uninsured is often shifted to those who have insurance in the form of higher health insurance premiums. It is, therefore, the intent of this legislation to provide access to affordable health insurance for veterans residing in Illinois who are unable to afford such coverage.

Section 5. Definitions. The following words have the following meanings:

"Department" means the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, or any successor agency.

"Director" means the Director of Healthcare and Family Services, or any successor agency.

"Medical assistance" means health care benefits provided under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

"Program" means the Veterans' Health Insurance Program.

"Resident" means an individual who has an Illinois residence, as provided in Section 5-3 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.

"Veteran" means any person who has served in a branch of the United States military for greater than 180 consecutive days after initial training.

"Veterans' Affairs" or "VA" means the United States Department of Veterans' Affairs.

Section 10. Operation of the Program. The Veterans' Health Insurance Program is created. As soon as practical after the effective date of this Act, coverage for this Program shall begin. The Program shall be administered by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services in collaboration with the Department of Veterans' Affairs. The Department shall have the same powers and authority to administer the Program as are provided to the Department in connection with the Department's administration of the Illinois Public Aid Code. The Department shall coordinate the Program with other health programs operated by the Department and other State and federal agencies.

Section 15. Eligibility.

(a) To be eligible for the Program, a person must:

(1) be a veteran who is not on active duty and who has not been dishonorably discharged from service;

(2) be a resident of the State of Illinois;

(3) be at least 19 years of age and no older than 64 years of age;

(4) be uninsured, as defined by the Department by rule, for a period of time established by the Department by rule, which shall be no less than 6 months;

(5) not be eligible for medical assistance under the Illinois Public Aid Code;

(6) reside too far from a medical facility of the VHA to have reasonable access, as defined by the Department by rule, to VHA healthcare; and

(7) have an income no greater than 100% of the federal poverty level, unless the Department establishes a higher or lower income threshold by rule, depending on available funding for the Program.

(b) A veteran who is determined to be eligible for the Program shall remain eligible for 12 months, provided the veteran remains a resident of the State and is not excluded under subsection (c) of this Section.

(c) A veteran is not eligible for coverage under the Program if:

(1) the premium required under Section 35 of this Act has not been timely paid; if the required premiums are not paid, the liability of the Program shall be limited to benefits incurred under the Program for the time period for which premiums have been paid and for grace periods as established under subsection (d) below; if the required monthly premium is not paid, the veteran is ineligible for re-enrollment for a minimum period of 3 months; or

(2) the veteran is a resident of a nursing facility or an inmate of a public institution, as defined by 42 CFR 435.1009.

(d) The Department shall adopt rules for the Program, including, but not limited to, rules relating to eligibility, re-enrollment, grace periods, notice requirements, hearing procedures, what constitutes reasonable access to healthcare, cost-sharing, covered services, provider requirements, and

[April 6, 2006]

rates of payment.

Section 20. Notice of decisions to terminate eligibility. Whenever the Department decides to either deny or terminate eligibility under this Act, the veteran shall have a right to notice and a hearing, as provided by the Department by rule.

Section 25. Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs. The Department shall coordinate with the Illinois Department of Veterans' Affairs to allow State Veterans' Affairs service officers to assist veterans to apply for the Program.

Section 30. Health care benefits.

(a) The Department shall purchase or provide health care benefits for eligible veterans that are identical to the benefits provided to adults under the State's approved plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, except for nursing facility services and non-emergency transportation.

(b) Providers shall be subject to approval by the Department to provide health care under the Illinois Public Aid Code and shall be reimbursed at the same rates as providers reimbursed under the State's approved plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.

(c) As an alternative to the benefits set forth in subsection (a) of this Section, and when cost-effective, the Department may offer veterans subsidies toward the cost of privately sponsored health insurance, including employer-sponsored health insurance.

Section 35. Cost-sharing. The Department, by rule, shall set forth requirements concerning co-payments and monthly premiums for health care services. This cost-sharing shall be based on income, as defined by the Department by rule, and excluding federal veterans cash benefits.

Section 40. Charge upon claims and causes of action; right of subrogation; recoveries. Sections 11-22, 11-22a, 11-22b, and 11-22c of the Illinois Public Aid Code apply to health benefits provided to veterans under this Act, as provided in those Sections.

Section 45. Emergency rulemaking. The Department may adopt rules necessary to establish and implement this Act through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedures Act. For the purposes of that Act, the General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to implement this Act is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.

Section 50. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 11-22, 11-22a, 11-22b, and 11-22c as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/11-22) (from Ch. 23, par. 11-22)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 94-693)

Sec. 11-22. Charge upon claims and causes of action for injuries. The Illinois Department shall have a charge upon all claims, demands and causes of action for injuries to an applicant for or recipient of (i) financial aid under Articles III, IV, and V, ~~or~~ (ii) health care benefits provided under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, or (iii) health care benefits provided under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act for the total amount of medical assistance provided the recipient from the time of injury to the date of recovery upon such claim, demand or cause of action. In addition, if the applicant or recipient was employable, as defined by the Department, at the time of the injury, the Department shall also have a charge upon any such claims, demands and causes of action for the total amount of aid provided to the recipient and his dependents, including all cash assistance and medical assistance only to the extent includable in the claimant's action, from the time of injury to the date of recovery upon such claim, demand or cause of action. Any definition of "employable" adopted by the Department shall apply only to persons above the age of compulsory school attendance.

If the injured person was employable at the time of the injury and is provided aid under Articles III, IV, or V and any dependent or member of his family is provided aid under Article VI, or vice versa, both the Illinois Department and the local governmental unit shall have a charge upon such claims, demands and causes of action for the aid provided to the injured person and any dependent member of his family, including all cash assistance, medical assistance and food stamps, from the time of the injury to the date of recovery.

"Recipient", as used herein, means (i) in the case of financial aid provided under this Code, the

[April 6, 2006]

grantee of record and any persons whose needs are included in the financial aid provided to the grantee of record or otherwise met by grants under the appropriate Article of this Code for which such person is eligible, ~~and~~ (ii) in the case of health care benefits provided under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, the child to whom those benefits are provided, ~~and~~ (iii) in the case of health care benefits provided under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act, the veteran to whom benefits are provided.

In each case, the notice shall be served by certified mail or registered mail, upon the party or parties against whom the applicant or recipient has a claim, demand or cause of action. The notice shall claim the charge and describe the interest the Illinois Department, the local governmental unit, or the county, has in the claim, demand, or cause of action. The charge shall attach to any verdict or judgment entered and to any money or property which may be recovered on account of such claim, demand, cause of action or suit from and after the time of the service of the notice.

On petition filed by the Illinois Department, or by the local governmental unit or county if either is claiming a charge, or by the recipient, or by the defendant, the court, on written notice to all interested parties, may adjudicate the rights of the parties and enforce the charge. The court may approve the settlement of any claim, demand or cause of action either before or after a verdict, and nothing in this Section shall be construed as requiring the actual trial or final adjudication of any claim, demand or cause of action upon which the Illinois Department, the local governmental unit or county has charge. The court may determine what portion of the recovery shall be paid to the injured person and what portion shall be paid to the Illinois Department, the local governmental unit or county having a charge against the recovery. In making this determination, the court shall conduct an evidentiary hearing and shall consider competent evidence pertaining to the following matters:

(1) the amount of the charge sought to be enforced against the recovery when expressed as a percentage of the gross amount of the recovery; the amount of the charge sought to be enforced against the recovery when expressed as a percentage of the amount obtained by subtracting from the gross amount of the recovery the total attorney's fees and other costs incurred by the recipient incident to the recovery; and whether the Department, unit of local government or county seeking to enforce the charge against the recovery should as a matter of fairness and equity bear its proportionate share of the fees and costs incurred to generate the recovery from which the charge is sought to be satisfied;

(2) the amount, if any, of the attorney's fees and other costs incurred by the recipient incident to the recovery and paid by the recipient up to the time of recovery, and the amount of such fees and costs remaining unpaid at the time of recovery;

(3) the total hospital, doctor and other medical expenses incurred for care and treatment of the injury to the date of recovery therefor, the portion of such expenses theretofore paid by the recipient, by insurance provided by the recipient, and by the Department, unit of local government and county seeking to enforce a charge against the recovery, and the amount of such previously incurred expenses which remain unpaid at the time of recovery and by whom such incurred, unpaid expenses are to be paid;

(4) whether the recovery represents less than substantially full recompense for the injury and the hospital, doctor and other medical expenses incurred to the date of recovery for the care and treatment of the injury, so that reduction of the charge sought to be enforced against the recovery would not likely result in a double recovery or unjust enrichment to the recipient;

(5) the age of the recipient and of persons dependent for support upon the recipient, the nature and permanency of the recipient's injuries as they affect not only the future employability and education of the recipient but also the reasonably necessary and foreseeable future material, maintenance, medical, rehabilitative and training needs of the recipient, the cost of such reasonably necessary and foreseeable future needs, and the resources available to meet such needs and pay such costs;

(6) the realistic ability of the recipient to repay in whole or in part the charge sought to be enforced against the recovery when judged in light of the factors enumerated above.

The burden of producing evidence sufficient to support the exercise by the court of its discretion to reduce the amount of a proven charge sought to be enforced against the recovery shall rest with the party seeking such reduction.

The court may reduce and apportion the Illinois Department's lien proportionate to the recovery of the claimant. The court may consider the nature and extent of the injury, economic and noneconomic loss, settlement offers, comparative negligence as it applies to the case at hand, hospital costs, physician costs, and all other appropriate costs. The Illinois Department shall pay its pro rata share of the attorney fees based on the Illinois Department's lien as it compares to the total settlement agreed upon. This Section shall not affect the priority of an attorney's lien under the Attorneys Lien Act. The charges of the Illinois Department described in this Section, however, shall take priority over all other liens and charges

existing under the laws of the State of Illinois with the exception of the attorney's lien under said statute.

Whenever the Department or any unit of local government has a statutory charge under this Section against a recovery for damages incurred by a recipient because of its advancement of any assistance, such charge shall not be satisfied out of any recovery until the attorney's claim for fees is satisfied, irrespective of whether or not an action based on recipient's claim has been filed in court.

This Section shall be inapplicable to any claim, demand or cause of action arising under (a) the Workers' Compensation Act or the predecessor Workers' Compensation Act of June 28, 1913, (b) the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act or the predecessor Workers' Occupational Diseases Act of March 16, 1936; and (c) the Wrongful Death Act.

(Source: P.A. 94-693, eff. 7-1-06.)

(305 ILCS 5/11-22a) (from Ch. 23, par. 11-22a)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 94-693)

Sec. 11-22a. Right of Subrogation. To the extent of the amount of (i) medical assistance provided by the Department to or on behalf of a recipient under Article V or VI, ~~or~~ (ii) health care benefits provided for a child under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or~~ (iii) health care benefits provided to a veteran under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act, the Department shall be subrogated to any right of recovery such recipient may have under the terms of any private or public health care coverage or casualty coverage, including coverage under the "Workers' Compensation Act", approved July 9, 1951, as amended, or the "Workers' Occupational Diseases Act", approved July 9, 1951, as amended, without the necessity of assignment of claim or other authorization to secure the right of recovery to the Department. To enforce its subrogation right, the Department may (i) intervene or join in an action or proceeding brought by the recipient, his or her guardian, personal representative, estate, dependents, or survivors against any person or public or private entity that may be liable; (ii) institute and prosecute legal proceedings against any person or public or private entity that may be liable for the cost of such services; or (iii) institute and prosecute legal proceedings, to the extent necessary to reimburse the Illinois Department for its costs, against any noncustodial parent who (A) is required by court or administrative order to provide insurance or other coverage of the cost of health care services for a child eligible for medical assistance under this Code and (B) has received payment from a third party for the costs of those services but has not used the payments to reimburse either the other parent or the guardian of the child or the provider of the services.

(Source: P.A. 94-693, eff. 7-1-06.)

(305 ILCS 5/11-22b) (from Ch. 23, par. 11-22b)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 94-693)

Sec. 11-22b. Recoveries.

(a) As used in this Section:

(1) "Carrier" means any insurer, including any private company, corporation, mutual association, trust fund, reciprocal or interinsurance exchange authorized under the laws of this State to insure persons against liability or injuries caused to another and any insurer providing benefits under a policy of bodily injury liability insurance covering liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle which provides uninsured motorist endorsement or coverage.

(2) "Beneficiary" means any person or their dependents who has received benefits or will be provided benefits under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or~~ under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act because of an injury for which another person may be liable. It includes such beneficiary's guardian, conservator or other personal representative, his estate or survivors.

(b) (1) When benefits are provided or will be provided to a beneficiary under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or~~ under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act because of an injury for which another person is liable, or for which a carrier is liable in accordance with the provisions of any policy of insurance issued pursuant to the Illinois Insurance Code, the Illinois Department shall have a right to recover from such person or carrier the reasonable value of benefits so provided. The Attorney General may, to enforce such right, institute and prosecute legal proceedings against the third person or carrier who may be liable for the injury in an appropriate court, either in the name of the Illinois Department or in the name of the injured person, his guardian, personal representative, estate, or survivors.

(2) The Department may:

(A) compromise or settle and release any such claim for benefits provided under this Code, or

(B) waive any such claims for benefits provided under this Code, in whole or in part, for the convenience of the Department or if the Department determines that collection would result in undue hardship upon the person who suffered the injury or, in a wrongful death action,

upon the heirs of the deceased.

(3) No action taken on behalf of the Department pursuant to this Section or any judgment rendered in such action shall be a bar to any action upon the claim or cause of action of the beneficiary, his guardian, conservator, personal representative, estate, dependents or survivors against the third person who may be liable for the injury, or shall operate to deny to the beneficiary the recovery for that portion of any damages not covered hereunder.

(c) (1) When an action is brought by the Department pursuant to subsection (b), it shall be commenced within the period prescribed by Article XIII of the Code of Civil Procedure.

However, the Department may not commence the action prior to 5 months before the end of the applicable period prescribed by Article XIII of the Code of Civil Procedure. Thirty days prior to commencing an action, the Department shall notify the beneficiary of the Department's intent to commence such an action.

(2) The death of the beneficiary does not abate any right of action established by subsection (b).

(3) When an action or claim is brought by persons entitled to bring such actions or assert such claims against a third person who may be liable for causing the death of a beneficiary, any settlement, judgment or award obtained is subject to the Department's claim for reimbursement of the benefits provided to the beneficiary under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act.

(4) When the action or claim is brought by the beneficiary alone and the beneficiary incurs a personal liability to pay attorney's fees and costs of litigation, the Department's claim for reimbursement of the benefits provided to the beneficiary shall be the full amount of benefits paid on behalf of the beneficiary under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act less a pro rata share which represents the Department's reasonable share of attorney's fees paid by the beneficiary and that portion of the cost of litigation expenses determined by multiplying by the ratio of the full amount of the expenditures of the full amount of the judgment, award or settlement.

(d) (1) If either the beneficiary or the Department brings an action or claim against such third party or carrier, the beneficiary or the Department shall within 30 days of filing the action give to the other written notice by personal service or registered mail of the action or claim and of the name of the court in which the action or claim is brought. Proof of such notice shall be filed in such action or claim. If an action or claim is brought by either the Department or the beneficiary, the other may, at any time before trial on the facts, become a party to such action or claim or shall consolidate his action or claim with the other if brought independently.

(2) If an action or claim is brought by the Department pursuant to subsection (b)(1), written notice to the beneficiary, guardian, personal representative, estate or survivor given pursuant to this Section shall advise him of his right to intervene in the proceeding, his right to obtain a private attorney of his choice and the Department's right to recover the reasonable value of the benefits provided.

(e) In the event of judgment or award in a suit or claim against such third person or carrier:

(1) If the action or claim is prosecuted by the beneficiary alone, the court shall first order paid from any judgment or award the reasonable litigation expenses incurred in preparation and prosecution of such action or claim, together with reasonable attorney's fees, when an attorney has been retained. After payment of such expenses and attorney's fees the court shall, on the application of the Department, allow as a first lien against the amount of such judgment or award the amount of the Department's expenditures for the benefit of the beneficiary under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act, as provided in subsection (c)(4).

(2) If the action or claim is prosecuted both by the beneficiary and the Department, the court shall first order paid from any judgment or award the reasonable litigation expenses incurred in preparation and prosecution of such action or claim, together with reasonable attorney's fees for plaintiffs attorneys based solely on the services rendered for the benefit of the beneficiary. After payment of such expenses and attorney's fees, the court shall apply out of the balance of such judgment or award an amount sufficient to reimburse the Department the full amount of benefits paid on behalf of the beneficiary under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act.

(f) The court shall, upon further application at any time before the judgment or award is satisfied, allow as a further lien the amount of any expenditures of the Department in payment of additional benefits arising out of the same cause of action or claim provided on behalf of the beneficiary under this

Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act~~, when such benefits were provided or became payable subsequent to the original order.

(g) No judgment, award, or settlement in any action or claim by a beneficiary to recover damages for injuries, when the Department has an interest, shall be satisfied without first giving the Department notice and a reasonable opportunity to perfect and satisfy its lien.

(h) When the Department has perfected a lien upon a judgment or award in favor of a beneficiary against any third party for an injury for which the beneficiary has received benefits under this Code, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act~~, the Department shall be entitled to a writ of execution as lien claimant to enforce payment of said lien against such third party with interest and other accruing costs as in the case of other executions. In the event the amount of such judgment or award so recovered has been paid to the beneficiary, the Department shall be entitled to a writ of execution against such beneficiary to the extent of the Department's lien, with interest and other accruing costs as in the case of other executions.

(i) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the entire amount of any settlement of the injured beneficiary's action or claim, with or without suit, is subject to the Department's claim for reimbursement of the benefits provided and any lien filed pursuant thereto to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as in Section 11-22 of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 94-693, eff. 7-1-06.)

(305 ILCS 5/11-22c) (from Ch. 23, par. 11-22c)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 94-693)

Sec. 11-22c. (a) As used in this Section, "recipient" means any person receiving financial assistance under Article IV or Article VI of this Code, ~~or~~ receiving health care benefits under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or receiving health care benefits under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act~~.

(b) If a recipient maintains any suit, charge or other court or administrative action against an employer seeking back pay for a period during which the recipient received financial assistance under Article IV or Article VI of this Code, ~~or~~ health care benefits under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or health care benefits under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act~~, the recipient shall report such fact to the Department. To the extent of the amount of assistance provided to or on behalf of the recipient under Article IV or Article VI, ~~or~~ health care benefits provided under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or health care benefits provided under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act~~, the Department may by intervention or otherwise without the necessity of assignment of claim, attach a lien on the recovery of back wages equal to the amount of assistance provided by the Department to the recipient under Article IV or Article VI, ~~or~~ under the Covering ALL KIDS Health Insurance Act, ~~or under the Veterans' Health Insurance Program Act~~.

(Source: P.A. 94-693, eff. 7-1-06.)

Section 97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect September 1, 2006."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Halvorson, **Senate Bill No. 627**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

[April 6, 2006]

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Collins, **Senate Bill No. 858** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was held in the Committee on Education.

Senator Collins offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 858

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 858 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 2-3.25o as follows:
(105 ILCS 5/2-3.25o)

Sec. 2-3.25o. Registration and recognition of non-public elementary and secondary schools.

(a) Findings. The General Assembly finds and declares (i) that the Constitution of the State of Illinois provides that a "fundamental goal of the People of the State is the educational development of all persons to the limits of their capacities" and (ii) that the educational development of every school student serves the public purposes of the State. In order to ensure that all Illinois students and teachers have the opportunity to enroll and work in State-approved educational institutions and programs, the State Board of Education shall provide for the voluntary registration and recognition of non-public elementary and secondary schools.

(b) Registration. All non-public elementary and secondary schools in the State of Illinois may voluntarily register with the State Board of Education on an annual basis. Registration shall be completed in conformance with procedures prescribed by the State Board of Education. Information required for registration shall include assurances of compliance (i) with federal and State laws regarding health examination and immunization, attendance, length of term, and nondiscrimination and (ii) with applicable fire and health safety requirements.

(c) Recognition. All non-public elementary and secondary schools in the State of Illinois may voluntarily seek the status of "Non-public School Recognition" from the State Board of Education. This status may be obtained by compliance with administrative guidelines and review procedures as prescribed by the State Board of Education. The guidelines and procedures must recognize that some of the aims and the financial bases of non-public schools are different from public schools and will not be identical to those for public schools, nor will they be more burdensome. The guidelines and procedures must also recognize the diversity of non-public schools and shall not impinge upon the noneducational relationships between those schools and their clientele.

(c-5) A non-public elementary or secondary school may not obtain "Non-public School Recognition" status unless the school requires all certified and non-certified applicants for employment with the

school, except school bus driver applicants, to authorize a fingerprint-based criminal history records check as a condition of employment to determine if such applicants have been convicted of any of the enumerated criminal or drug offenses set forth in this subsection (c-5) or have been convicted, within 7 years of the application for employment, of any other felony under the laws of this State or of any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as a felony under the laws of this State.

Authorization for the check shall be furnished by the applicant to the school, except that if the applicant is a substitute teacher seeking employment in more than one non-public school, a teacher seeking concurrent part time employment positions with more than one non-public school (as a reading specialist, special education teacher or otherwise), or an educational support personnel employee seeking employment positions with more than one non-public school, only one of the non-public schools employing the individual shall request the authorization. Upon receipt of this authorization, the non-public school shall submit the applicant's name, sex, race, date of birth, social security number, fingerprint images, and other identifiers, as prescribed by the Department of State Police, to the Department of State Police.

The Department of State Police shall furnish, pursuant to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check, records of convictions, until expunged, to the president or principal of the non-public school that requested the check. The Department of State Police shall charge that school a fee for conducting such check, which fee shall be deposited in the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the cost of the inquiry. Subject to appropriations for these purposes, the State Superintendent of Education shall reimburse nonpublic schools for fees paid to obtain criminal history records checks under this Section.

A non-public school may not obtain recognition status unless the school also performs a check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, as authorized by the Sex Offender and Child Murderer Community Notification Law, for each applicant for employment to determine whether the applicant has been adjudicated a sex offender.

Any information concerning the record of convictions obtained by a non-public school's president or principal under this Section shall be confidential and may be transmitted only to the governing body of the non-public school or any other person necessary to the decision of hiring the applicant for employment. A copy of the record of convictions obtained from the Department of State Police shall be provided to the applicant for employment. Upon the check of the Statewide Sex Offender Database, the non-public school shall notify an applicant as to whether or not the applicant has been identified in the Sex Offender Database as a sex offender. Any information concerning the records of convictions obtained by the non-public school's president or principal under this Section for a substitute teacher seeking employment in more than one non-public school, a teacher seeking concurrent part time employment positions with more than one non-public school (as a reading specialist, special education teacher, or otherwise), or an educational support personnel employee seeking employment positions with more than one non-public school may be shared with the other non-public schools to which the applicant seeks employment. Any person who releases any confidential information concerning any criminal convictions of an applicant for employment shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, unless the release of such information is authorized by this Section.

No non-public school may obtain recognition status that knowingly employs a person for whom a criminal history records check and a Statewide Sex Offender Database check has not been initiated or a person who has been convicted for committing attempted first degree murder or for committing or attempting to commit first degree murder or a Class X felony or any one or more of the following offenses: (i) those defined in Sections 11-6, 11-9, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, and 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961; (ii) those defined in the Cannabis Control Act, except those defined in Sections 4(a), 4(b), and 5(a) of that Act; (iii) those defined in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; and (iv) any offense committed or attempted in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed or attempted in this State, would have been punishable as one or more of the foregoing offenses. No non-public school may obtain recognition status that knowingly employs a person who has been found to be the perpetrator of sexual or physical abuse of any minor under 18 years of age pursuant to proceedings under Article II of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

In order to obtain recognition status, a non-public school must require compliance with the provisions of this subsection (c-5) from all employees of persons or firms holding contracts with the school, including, but not limited to, food service workers, school bus drivers, and other transportation employees, who have direct, daily contact with the pupils. Any information concerning the record of conviction and identification as a sex offender of any such employee obtained by the non-public school

principal or president must be promptly reported to the school's governing body.

(d) Public purposes. The provisions of this Section are in the public interest, for the public benefit, and serve secular public purposes.

(e) Definition. For purposes of this Section, a non-public school means any non-profit, non-home-based, and non-public elementary or secondary school that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 93-661, eff. 2-10-04.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Collins, **Senate Bill No. 858**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Maloney, **Senate Bill No. 859** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Maloney offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 859

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 859 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 21-23 as follows:

[April 6, 2006]

(105 ILCS 5/21-23) (from Ch. 122, par. 21-23)

Sec. 21-23. Suspension or revocation of certificate.

(a) Any certificate issued pursuant to this Article, including but not limited to any administrative certificate or endorsement, may be suspended for a period not to exceed one calendar year by the regional superintendent or for a period not to exceed 5 calendar years by the State Superintendent of Education upon evidence of immorality, a condition of health detrimental to the welfare of pupils, incompetency, unprofessional conduct (which includes the failure to disclose on an employment application any previous conviction for a sex offense, as defined in Section 21-23a of this Code, or any other offense committed in any other state or against the laws of the United States that, if committed in this State, would be punishable as a sex offense, as defined in Section 21-23a of this Code), the neglect of any professional duty, willful failure to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, failure to establish satisfactory repayment on an educational loan guaranteed by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission, or other just cause. Unprofessional conduct shall include refusal to attend or participate in, institutes, teachers' meetings, professional readings, or to meet other reasonable requirements of the regional superintendent or State Superintendent of Education. Unprofessional conduct also includes conduct that violates the standards, ethics, or rules applicable to the security, administration, monitoring, or scoring of, or the reporting of scores from, any assessment test or the Prairie State Achievement Examination administered under Section 2-3.64 or that is known or intended to produce or report manipulated or artificial, rather than actual, assessment or achievement results or gains from the administration of those tests or examinations. It shall also include neglect or unnecessary delay in making of statistical and other reports required by school officers. The regional superintendent or State Superintendent of Education shall upon receipt of evidence of immorality, a condition of health detrimental to the welfare of pupils, incompetency, unprofessional conduct, the neglect of any professional duty or other just cause serve written notice to the individual and afford the individual opportunity for a hearing prior to suspension. Prior to the hearing, however, the individual may be suspended from his or her duties if it is deemed necessary for the safety of students. If a hearing is requested within 10 days of notice of opportunity for hearing it shall act as a stay of proceedings not to exceed 30 days, unless the individual requests a delay. In such an instance, the stay of proceedings must be continued for another 30 days. No certificate shall be suspended until the teacher has an opportunity for a hearing at the educational service region. When a certificate is suspended, the right of appeal shall lie to the State Teacher Certification Board. When an appeal is taken within 10 days after notice of suspension it shall act as a stay of proceedings not to exceed 120 days. If a certificate is suspended for a period greater than one year, the State Superintendent of Education shall review the suspension prior to the expiration of that period to determine whether the cause for the suspension has been remedied or continues to exist. Upon determining that the cause for suspension has not abated, the State Superintendent of Education may order that the suspension be continued for an appropriate period. Nothing in this Section prohibits the continuance of such a suspension for an indefinite period if the State Superintendent determines that the cause for the suspension remains unabated. Any certificate may be revoked for the same reasons as for suspension by the State Superintendent of Education. No certificate shall be revoked until the teacher has an opportunity for a hearing before the State Teacher Certification Board, which hearing must be held within 120 days from the date the appeal is taken, unless the State Teacher Certification Board requests a delay. In such an instance, the stay of the revocation proceedings must be continued until the completion of the proceedings.

The State Board may refuse to issue or may suspend the certificate of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

(b) Any certificate issued pursuant to this Article may be suspended for an appropriate length of time as determined by either the regional superintendent or State Superintendent of Education upon evidence that the holder of the certificate has been named as a perpetrator in an indicated report filed pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, approved June 26, 1975, as amended, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

The regional superintendent or State Superintendent of Education shall, upon receipt of evidence that the certificate holder has been named a perpetrator in any indicated report, serve written notice to the individual and afford the individual opportunity for a hearing prior to suspension. If a hearing is requested within 10 days of notice of opportunity for hearing, it shall act as a stay of proceedings not to exceed 30 days, unless the individual requests a delay. In such an instance, the stay of proceedings must

be continued for another 30 days. No certificate shall be suspended until the teacher has an opportunity for a hearing at the educational service region. When a certificate is suspended, the right of appeal shall lie to the State Teacher Certification Board. When an appeal is taken within 10 days after notice of suspension it shall act as a stay of proceedings not to exceed 120 days. The State Superintendent may revoke any certificate upon proof at hearing by clear and convincing evidence that the certificate holder has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. No certificate shall be revoked until the teacher has an opportunity for a hearing before the State Teacher Certification Board, which hearing must be held within 120 days from the date the appeal is taken, unless the teacher or the hearing officer appointed by the State Teacher Certification Board requests a delay. In such an instance, the stay of the revocation proceedings must be continued until the completion of the proceedings.

(c) The State Superintendent of Education or a person designated by him shall have the power to administer oaths to witnesses at any hearing conducted before the State Teacher Certification Board pursuant to this Section. The State Superintendent of Education or a person designated by him is authorized to subpoena and bring before the State Teacher Certification Board any person in this State and to take testimony either orally or by deposition or by exhibit, with the same fees and mileage and in the same manner as prescribed by law in judicial proceedings in the civil cases in circuit courts of this State.

Any circuit court, upon the application of the State Superintendent of Education, may, by order duly entered, require the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers at any hearing the State Superintendent of Education is authorized to conduct pursuant to this Section, and the court may compel obedience to its orders by proceedings for contempt.

(d) As used in this Section, "teacher" means any school district employee regularly required to be certified, as provided in this Article, in order to teach or supervise in the public schools. (Source: P.A. 93-679, eff. 6-30-04.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Maloney, **Senate Bill No. 859**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 58; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Laufen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

[April 6, 2006]

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 895** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Sandoval offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 895

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 895 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Residential Real Property Disclosure Act is amended by changing Section 70 as follows:

(765 ILCS 77/70)

Sec. 70. Predatory lending database pilot program.

(a) As used in this Article:

"Borrower" means a person seeking a mortgage loan.

"Broker" means a "broker" or "loan broker", as defined in subsection (p) of Section 1-4 of the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987.

"Closing agent" means an individual assigned by a title insurance company or a broker or originator to ensure that the execution of documents related to the closing of a real estate sale or the refinancing of a real estate loan and the disbursement of closing funds are in conformity with the instructions of the entity financing the transaction.

"Department" means the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

"Exempt person" means that term as it is defined in subsections (d)(1) and (d)(1.5) of Section 1-4 of the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987.

"Lender" means that term as it is defined in subsection (g) of Section 1-4 of the Residential Mortgage License Act.

"Licensee" means that term as it is defined in subsection (e) of Section 1-4 of the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987.

"Mortgage loan" means that term as it is defined in subsection (f) of Section 1-4 of the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987.

"Originator" means a "loan originator" as defined in subsection (hh) of Section 1-4 of the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987, except an exempt person.

"Pilot program area" means all areas within Cook County designated as such by the Department due to the high rate of foreclosure on residential home mortgages that is primarily the result of predatory lending practices. The Department shall designate the pilot program area within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

"Title insurance company" means any domestic company organized under the laws of this State for the purpose of conducting the business of guaranteeing or insuring titles to real estate and any title insurance company organized under the laws of another State, the District of Columbia, or a foreign government and authorized to transact the business of guaranteeing or insuring titles to real estate in this State.

(a-5) Inception date. The Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation shall declare in writing the date of inception of the pilot program. The inception date shall be at least 30 days after the date the Secretary issues a declaration establishing that date. The Secretary's declaration shall be posted on the Department's website, and the Department shall communicate the declaration to affected licensees of the Department. Until the inception date, none of the duties, obligations, contingencies, or consequences of or from the pilot program shall be imposed. The pilot program shall apply to all mortgage applications made or taken on or after the inception of the pilot program.

(b) A predatory lending database pilot program is established within the pilot program area, effective upon the inception date established by the Secretary of the Department. The pilot program shall be in effect and operational continue for a total of 4 years after its creation and shall be administered in accordance with Article 3 of this Act. The database created under this program shall be maintained and

[April 6, 2006]

administered by the Department. The database shall be designed to allow brokers, originators, credit counselors, title insurance companies, and closing agents to submit information to the database online. The database shall not be designed to allow those entities to retrieve information from the database, except as otherwise provided in this Article. Information submitted by the broker or originator to the Department may be used to populate the online form submitted by a credit counselor, title insurance company, or closing agent.

(c) Within 10 days after taking a mortgage application, the broker or originator for any mortgage on residential property within the pilot program area must submit to the predatory lending database all of the information required under Section 72 and any other information required by the Department by rule. Within 7 days after receipt of the information, the Department shall compare that information to credit counseling standards developed by the Department by rule and issue to the borrower and the broker or originator a determination of whether credit counseling is recommended for the borrower. The borrower may not waive credit counseling. If at any time after submitting the information required under Section 72 the broker or originator (i) changes the terms of the loan or (ii) issues a new commitment to the borrower, then, within 5 days thereafter, the broker or originator shall re-submit all of the information required under Section 72 and, within 4 days after receipt of the information re-submitted by the broker or originator, the Department shall compare that information to credit counseling standards developed by the Department by rule and shall issue to the borrower and the broker or originator a new determination of whether credit counseling is recommended for the borrower based on the information re-submitted by the broker or originator.

(d) If the Department recommends credit counseling for the borrower under subsection (c), then the Department shall notify the borrower of all HUD-certified counseling agencies located within the State and direct the borrower to interview with a counselor associated with one of those agencies. Within 10 days after receipt of the notice of HUD-certified counseling agencies, the borrower shall select one of those agencies and shall engage in an interview with a counselor associated with that agency. Within 7 days after interviewing the borrower, the credit counselor must submit to the predatory lending database all of the information required under Section 74 and any other information required by the Department by rule. Any costs associated with credit counseling provided under the pilot program shall be paid by the broker or originator.

(e) The broker or originator and the borrower may not take any legally binding action concerning the loan transaction until the later of the following:

(1) the Department issues a determination not to recommend credit counseling for the borrower in accordance with subsection (c); or

(2) the Department issues a determination that credit counseling is recommended for the borrower and the credit counselor submits all required information to the database in accordance with subsection (d).

(f) Within 10 days after closing, the title insurance company or closing agent must submit to the predatory lending database all of the information required under Section 76 and any other information required by the Department by rule.

(g) ~~Upon recording the mortgage, the~~ title insurance company or closing agent shall attach to the mortgage ~~must simultaneously file with the recorder~~ a certificate of its compliance with the requirements of this Article, as generated by the database. If the title insurance company or closing agent fails to attach ~~file~~ the certificate of compliance, then the mortgage is not recordable. In addition, if any lis pendens for a residential mortgage foreclosure is recorded on the property within the pilot program area, a certificate of service must be simultaneously recorded that affirms that a copy of the lis pendens was filed with the Department. If the certificate of service is not recorded, then the lis pendens pertaining to the residential mortgage foreclosure in question is not recordable and is of no force and effect.

(h) All information provided to the predatory lending database under the program is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, except as otherwise provided in this Article. Any borrower may authorize in writing the release of database information. The Department may use the information in the database without the consent of the borrower: (i) for the purposes of administering and enforcing the pilot program; (ii) to provide relevant information to a credit counselor providing credit counseling to a borrower under the pilot program; or (iii) to the appropriate law enforcement agency or the applicable administrative agency if the database information demonstrates criminal, fraudulent, or otherwise illegal activity.

(i) Nothing in this Article is intended to prevent a borrower from making his or her own decision as to whether to proceed with a transaction.

(j) Any person who violates any provision of this Article commits an unlawful practice within the meaning of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.

[April 6, 2006]

(k) Not later than one year after the Department designates the pilot program area and annually thereafter during the existence of the pilot program, the Department shall report to the Governor and to the General Assembly concerning its administration and the effectiveness of the pilot program. (Source: P.A. 94-280, eff. 1-1-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 895**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Axley	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Bomke	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Burzynski	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Clayborne	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Collins	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Cronin	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Crotty	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	
Forby	Maloney	Sandoval	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Crotty, **Senate Bill No. 931** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Crotty offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 931

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 931 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 5-5. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Nurse Educator Assistance Act.

[April 6, 2006]

Section 5-10. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to attract capable and promising students to the nursing educator profession, increase employment and retention of individuals who are working towards or who have received a master's or doctoral degree in nursing, and provide opportunities for persons making mid-career decisions to enter the nurse educator profession.

Section 5-15. Definitions. In this Act:

"Approved program of professional nursing education" and "approved program of practical nursing education" mean programs of professional or practical nursing, respectively, approved by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation under the provisions of the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act.

"Commission" means the Illinois Student Assistance Commission.

Section 5-20. Rulemaking. The Commission shall adopt all rules necessary for the administration of this Act.

ARTICLE 10. NURSE EDUCATOR LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM.

Section 10-5. Nurse Educator Loan Repayment Program. There is created, beginning July 1, 2007, the Nurse Educator Loan Repayment Program to be administered by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. The program shall provide assistance, subject to appropriation, to eligible nurse educators.

Section 10-10. Award; maximum time period; maximum amount. Subject to appropriation, the Commission shall award a grant to each qualified applicant for a maximum of 4 years. The amount of this grant shall not exceed \$5,000 per year. The Commission shall encourage the recipient of a grant awarded under the program to use the grant award for payment of the recipient's educational loan.

Section 10-15. Application. All applications for grant assistance under the program shall be made to the Commission in a form and manner prescribed by the Commission. Applicants shall also submit any supporting documents deemed necessary by the Commission at the time of application.

Section 10-20. Eligibility.

(a) The Commission shall, on an annual basis, receive and consider applications for grant assistance under the program. An applicant is eligible for a grant under the program if the Commission finds that the applicant:

- (1) is a United States citizen or permanent resident;
- (2) is a resident of Illinois;
- (3) has worked for at least 12 consecutive months as a nurse educator in an approved program of professional or practical nursing education in Illinois;
- (4) is a borrower with an outstanding balance due on an educational loan; and
- (5) has not defaulted on an educational loan.

(b) Preference may be given to previous recipients of a grant under the program, provided that the recipient continues to meet the eligibility requirements set forth in this Section.

(c) A recipient of a grant under the program must fulfill a separate 12-month period as a nurse educator in an approved program of professional or practical nursing education in Illinois for each grant that he or she is awarded.

ARTICLE 15. NURSE EDUCATOR SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

Section 15-5. Nurse Educator Scholarship Program. There is created, beginning July 1, 2006, the Nurse Educator Scholarship Program to be administered by the Illinois Student Assistance Commission. The program shall provide scholarship assistance, subject to appropriation, to eligible students for nursing-related graduate study.

Section 15-10. Scholarship award; maximum time period; maximum amount.

(a) Subject to appropriation, the Commission shall award a nurse educator scholarship to each qualified applicant in an amount sufficient to pay the tuition and fees of the Illinois institution of higher learning at which the recipient is enrolled, up to the current maximum amount of tuition and fees charged to students enrolled in an approved program of professional or practical nursing education at a

[April 6, 2006]

public university.

(b) Scholarship recipients shall also receive a stipend, the amount of which shall not exceed \$10,000, to cover other costs of attendance, including, but not limited to, living expenses. Stipend amounts for recipients enrolled on less than a full-time basis shall be prorated by credit hour.

(c) A recipient may receive scholarship assistance under the program for the equivalent of 8 semesters or 16 quarters of full-time enrollment.

(d) The total amount of scholarship assistance awarded by the Commission under the program to an individual in any given fiscal year, when added to other financial assistance awarded to that individual for that year, may not exceed the cost of attendance at the institution of higher learning at which the student is enrolled.

Section 15-15. Application. All applications for a scholarship under the program shall be made to the Commission in a form and manner prescribed by the Commission. Applicants shall also submit any supporting documents deemed necessary by the Commission at the time of application.

Section 15-20. Eligibility.

(a) The Commission shall, on an annual basis, receive and consider applications for scholarship assistance under the program. An applicant is eligible for a scholarship under the program if the Commission finds that the applicant:

(1) is a United States citizen or permanent resident;

(2) is a resident of Illinois;

(3) is enrolled or accepted for enrollment on at least a half-time basis in an approved program of professional or practical nursing education at the graduate level at an Illinois institution of higher learning.

(b) Scholarship recipients shall be selected from among eligible applicants based on a combination of academic excellence and financial need, as determined by the Commission.

(c) Preference may be given to previous recipients of a scholarship under the program, provided that the recipient continues to meet the eligibility requirements set forth in this Section and maintains satisfactory academic progress as determined by the institution of higher education at which he or she is enrolled.

(d) Prior to receiving scholarship assistance for any academic year, each recipient of a scholarship awarded under the program must sign an agreement pledging that, within the one-year period following the termination of the academic program for which the recipient was awarded a scholarship, the recipient shall (i) begin working as an educator in an approved program of professional nursing education or an approved program of practical nursing education in Illinois for a period of not less than 5 years and (ii) upon request of the Commission, provide the Commission with evidence that he or she is fulfilling or has fulfilled the terms of the work agreement required under this subsection (d).

Section 15-25. Payment to institution. All scholarship funds distributed under the program shall be paid to the institution on behalf of the scholarship recipient.

Section 15-30. Repayment upon default; exception.

(a) If a recipient of a scholarship awarded under this Section fails to fulfill the work agreement required under the program, the Commission shall require the recipient to repay the amount of the scholarship or scholarships received, prorated according to the fraction of the work agreement not completed, plus interest at a rate of 5% and, if applicable, reasonable collection fees.

(b) Payments received by the Commission under this Section shall be remitted to the State Comptroller for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, except that that portion of a recipient's repayment that equals the amount in expenses that the Commission has reasonably incurred in attempting collection from that recipient shall be remitted to the State Comptroller for deposit into the Commission's Accounts Receivable Fund.

(c) A recipient of a scholarship awarded by the Commission under the program shall not be in violation of the agreement entered into pursuant to this Article if the recipient is (i) serving as a member of the armed services of the United States, (ii) temporarily totally disabled, as established by a sworn affidavit of a qualified physician, (iii) seeking and unable to find full-time employment as a nursing educator and is able to provide evidence of that fact, or (iv) taking additional courses, on at least a half-time basis, related to nursing education. Any extension of the period during which the work requirement must be fulfilled shall be subject to limitations of duration established by the Commission.

ARTICLE 90. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS.

Section 90-5. The Board of Higher Education Act is amended by adding Sections 9.31 and 9.32 as follows:

(110 ILCS 205/9.31 new)

Sec. 9.31. Competitive grants to nursing schools. In order to increase the number of nurses graduating from Illinois institutions of higher learning, the Board shall establish and administer a competitive grant program for institutions of higher learning that award degrees in nursing. The grants may be awarded on the basis of performance criteria that shall include, but not be limited to, degree production, student retention, and passage rates on professional licensure examinations.

The Board shall adopt those rules that are necessary for the implementation and administration of the grants established under this Section.

(110 ILCS 205/9.32 new)

Sec. 9.32. Nurse educator fellowship program. In order to ensure the retention of well-qualified nursing faculty, the Board shall establish and administer a nurse educator fellowship program that supplements nursing faculty salaries at institutions of higher learning that award degrees in nursing. Fellowships awarded under the program may be awarded on a competitive basis.

The Board shall adopt those rules that are necessary for the implementation and administration of the fellowship program established under this Section.

Section 90-10. The Nursing Education Scholarship Law is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:
(110 ILCS 975/5) (from Ch. 144, par. 2755)

Sec. 5. Nursing education scholarships. Beginning with the fall term of the 2004-2005 academic year, the Department, in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by it for this program, shall provide scholarships to individuals selected from among those applicants who qualify for consideration by showing:

(1) that he or she has been a resident of this State for at least one year prior to application, and is a citizen or a lawful permanent resident alien of the United States;

(2) that he or she is enrolled in or accepted for admission to an associate degree in nursing program, hospital-based diploma in nursing program, baccalaureate degree in nursing program, graduate degree in nursing program, or practical nursing program at an approved institution; and

(3) that he or she agrees to meet the nursing employment obligation.

If in any year the number of qualified applicants exceeds the number of scholarships to be awarded, the Department shall, in consultation with the Center for Nursing Advisory Board, consider the following factors in granting give priority in awarding scholarships:

(A) ~~Financial~~ To students in the greatest financial need, as shown on a standardized financial needs assessment form used by an

approved institution, of students who will pursue their education on a full-time or ~~close~~ closest to full-time basis and who already have a certificate in practical nursing, a diploma in nursing, or an associate degree in nursing and are pursuing a higher degree.

(B) A student's status as a ~~To~~ registered nurse who ~~is~~ nurses pursuing a graduate degree in nursing to pursue employment in an

approved institution that educates licensed practical nurses and that educates registered nurses in undergraduate and graduate nursing programs.

(C) A student's merit, as shown through his or her grade point average, class rank, and other academic and extracurricular activities. The Department may add to and further define these merit criteria by rule.

Unless otherwise indicated, scholarships shall be awarded to recipients at approved institutions for a period of up to 2 years if the recipient is enrolled in an associate degree in nursing program, up to 3 years if the recipient is enrolled in a hospital-based diploma in nursing program, up to 4 years if the recipient is enrolled in a baccalaureate degree in nursing program, up to 5 years if the recipient is enrolled in a graduate degree in nursing program, and up to one year if the recipient is enrolled in a certificate in practical nursing program. At least 40% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing baccalaureate degrees in nursing, 30% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing associate degrees in nursing or a diploma in nursing, 10% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing a certificate in practical nursing, and 20% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing a graduate degree in nursing.

(Source: P.A. 92-43, eff. 1-1-02; 93-879, eff. 1-1-05.)

[April 6, 2006]

Section 90-15. The Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act is amended by changing Section 10-10 and by adding Title 17 as follows:

(225 ILCS 65/10-10)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

Sec. 10-10. Department powers and duties.

(a) The Department shall exercise the powers and duties prescribed by the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois for administration of licensing acts and shall exercise other powers and duties necessary for effectuating the purpose of this Act. None of the functions, powers, or duties of the Department with respect to licensure and examination shall be exercised by the Department except upon review by the Board. The Department shall adopt rules to implement, interpret, or make specific the provisions and purposes of this Act; however no such rules shall be adopted by the Department except upon review by the Board.

(b) The Department shall:

(1) prepare and maintain a list of approved programs of professional nursing education and programs of practical nursing education in this State, whose graduates, if they have the other necessary qualifications provided in this Act, shall be eligible to apply for a license to practice nursing in this State;

(2) promulgate rules defining what constitutes an approved program of professional nursing education and what constitutes an approved program of practical nursing education; and

(3) adopt rules for examination of candidates for licenses and for issuance of licenses authorizing candidates upon passing an examination to practice under this Act.

(c) The Department may act upon the recommendations of the Center for Nursing Advisory Board.

(Source: P.A. 90-742, eff. 8-13-98.)

(225 ILCS 65/Tit. 17 heading new)

(Title heading scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

TITLE 17. ILLINOIS CENTER FOR NURSING

(225 ILCS 65/17-5 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

Sec. 17-5. Definitions. In this Title:

"Board" means the Center for Nursing Advisory Board.

"Center" means the Illinois Center for Nursing.

(225 ILCS 65/17-10 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

Sec. 17-10. Illinois Center for Nursing. There is created the Illinois Center for Nursing to address issues of supply and demand in the nursing profession, including issues of recruitment, retention, and utilization of nurse manpower resources. The General Assembly finds that the Center will enhance the delivery of quality health care services by providing an ongoing strategy for the allocation of the State's resources directed towards nursing. Each of the following objectives shall serve as the primary goals for the Center:

(1) To develop a strategic plan for nursing manpower in Illinois by selecting priorities that must be addressed.

(2) To convene various groups of representatives of nurses, other healthcare providers, businesses and industries, consumers, legislators, and educators to:

(A) review and comment on data analysis prepared for the Center;

(B) recommend systemic changes, including strategies for implementation of recommended changes; and

(C) evaluate and report the results of the Board's efforts to the General Assembly and others.

(3) To enhance and promote recognition, reward, and renewal activities for nurses in Illinois by:

(A) proposing and creating reward, recognition, and renewal activities for nursing; and

(B) promoting media and positive image-building efforts for nursing.

(225 ILCS 65/17-15 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

Sec. 17-15. Center for Nursing Advisory Board.

(a) There is created the Center for Nursing Advisory Board, which shall consist of 11 members appointed by the Governor, with 6 members of the Board being nurses representative of various nursing specialty areas. The other 5 members may include representatives of associations, health care providers, nursing educators, and consumers. The Board shall be chaired by the Nursing Act Coordinator, who

shall be a voting member of the Board.

(b) The membership of the Board shall reasonably reflect representation from the geographic areas in this State.

(c) Members of the Board appointed by the Governor shall serve for terms of 4 years, with no member serving more than 10 successive years, except that, initially, 4 members shall be appointed to the Board for terms that expire on June 30, 2009, 4 members shall be appointed to the Board for terms that expire on June 30, 2008, and 3 members shall be appointed to the Board for terms that expire on June 30, 2007. A member shall serve until his or her successor is appointed and has qualified. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments, and any member so appointed shall serve during the remainder of the term for which the vacancy occurred.

(d) A quorum of the Board shall consist of a majority of Board members currently serving. A majority vote of the quorum is required for Board decisions. A vacancy in the membership of the Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all of the rights and perform all of the duties of the Board.

(e) The Governor may remove any appointed member of the Board for misconduct, incapacity, or neglect of duty and shall be the sole judge of the sufficiency of the cause for removal.

(f) Members of the Board are immune from suit in any action based upon any activities performed in good faith as members of the Board.

(g) Members of the Board shall not receive compensation, but shall be reimbursed for actual traveling, incidentals, and expenses necessarily incurred in carrying out their duties as members of the Board, as approved by the Department.

(225 ILCS 65/17-20 new)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2008)

Sec. 17-20. Powers and duties of the Board.

(a) The Board shall be advisory to the Department and shall possess and perform each of the following powers and duties:

(1) determine operational policy;

(2) administer grants, scholarships, internships, and other programs, as defined by rule, including the administration of programs, as determined by law, that further those goals set forth in Section 17-10 of this Title, in consultation with other State agencies, as provided by law;

(3) establish committees of the Board as needed;

(4) recommend the adoption and, from time to time, the revision of those rules that may be adopted and necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act;

(5) implement the major functions of the Center, as established in the goals set forth in Section 17-10 of this Title; and

(6) seek and accept non-State funds for carrying out the policy of the Center.

(b) The Center shall work in consultation with other State agencies as necessary.

ARTICLE 99. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 99-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Crotty, **Senate Bill No. 931**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Yeas 52; Nays 4.

The following voted in the affirmative:

[April 6, 2006]

Althoff	Geo-Karis	Millner	Shadid
Axley	Haine	Munoz	Sieben
Brady	Halvorson	Pankau	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Peterson	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Petka	Syverson
Crotty	Hunter	Radogno	Trotter
Cullerton	Jacobs	Raoul	Viverito
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lightford	Risinger	Winkel
DeLeo	Link	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Luechtefeld	Roskam	
Dillard	Maloney	Rutherford	
Forby	Martinez	Sandoval	
Garrett	Meeks	Schoenberg	

The following voted in the negative:

Burzynski	Lauzen
Jones, J.	Watson

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Burzynski asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Republican caucus.

At the hour of 4:41 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 5:54 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business.

Senator del Valle, presiding.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed a bill of the following title, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1732

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

Passed the House, April 5, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

The foregoing **House Bill No. 1732** was taken up, ordered printed and placed on first reading.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

[April 6, 2006]

SENATE BILL NO. 2348

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

Together with the following amendment which is attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2348

Passed the House, as amended, April 6, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2348

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2348 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Section 11-74.4-4 as follows:

(65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-4) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-4)

Sec. 11-74.4-4. Municipal powers and duties; redevelopment project areas. A municipality may:

(a) The changes made by this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly do not apply to a municipality that, (i) before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, has adopted an ordinance or resolution fixing a time and place for a public hearing under Section 11-74.4-5 or (ii) before July 1, 1999, has adopted an ordinance or resolution providing for a feasibility study under Section 11-74.4-4.1, but has not yet adopted an ordinance approving redevelopment plans and redevelopment projects or designating redevelopment project areas under this Section, until after that municipality adopts an ordinance approving redevelopment plans and redevelopment projects or designating redevelopment project areas under this Section; thereafter the changes made by this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly apply to the same extent that they apply to redevelopment plans and redevelopment projects that were approved and redevelopment projects that were designated before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.

By ordinance introduced in the governing body of the municipality within 14 to 90 days from the completion of the hearing specified in Section 11-74.4-5 approve redevelopment plans and redevelopment projects, and designate redevelopment project areas pursuant to notice and hearing required by this Act. No redevelopment project area shall be designated unless a plan and project are approved prior to the designation of such area and such area shall include only those contiguous parcels of real property and improvements thereon substantially benefited by the proposed redevelopment project improvements. Upon adoption of the ordinances, the municipality shall forthwith transmit to the county clerk of the county or counties within which the redevelopment project area is located a certified copy of the ordinances, a legal description of the redevelopment project area, a map of the redevelopment project area, identification of the year that the county clerk shall use for determining the total initial equalized assessed value of the redevelopment project area consistent with subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-9, and a list of the parcel or tax identification number of each parcel of property included in the redevelopment project area.

(b) Make and enter into all contracts with property owners, developers, tenants, overlapping taxing bodies, and others necessary or incidental to the implementation and furtherance of its redevelopment plan and project. Contract provisions concerning loan repayment obligations in contracts entered into on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall terminate no later than the last to occur of the estimated dates of completion of the redevelopment project and retirement of the obligations issued to finance redevelopment project costs as required by item (3) of subsection (n) of Section 11-74.4-3. Payments received under contracts entered into by the municipality prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly that are received after the redevelopment project area has been terminated by municipal ordinance shall be deposited into a special fund of the municipality to be used for other community redevelopment needs within the redevelopment project area.

(c) Within a redevelopment project area, acquire by purchase, donation, lease or eminent domain; own, convey, lease, mortgage or dispose of land and other property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein, and grant or acquire licenses, easements and options with respect thereto, all in the manner and at such price the municipality determines is reasonably necessary to achieve the objectives of the redevelopment plan and project. No conveyance, lease, mortgage, disposition of land or other property owned by a municipality, or agreement relating to the development of such municipal property shall be made except upon the adoption of an ordinance by the corporate authorities of the municipality. Furthermore, no conveyance, lease, mortgage, or other disposition of land owned by a municipality or

[April 6, 2006]

agreement relating to the development of such municipal property shall be made without making public disclosure of the terms of the disposition and all bids and proposals made in response to the municipality's request. The procedures for obtaining such bids and proposals shall provide reasonable opportunity for any person to submit alternative proposals or bids.

(d) Within a redevelopment project area, clear any area by demolition or removal of any existing buildings and structures.

(e) Within a redevelopment project area, renovate or rehabilitate or construct any structure or building, as permitted under this Act.

(f) Install, repair, construct, reconstruct or relocate streets, utilities and site improvements essential to the preparation of the redevelopment area for use in accordance with a redevelopment plan.

(g) Within a redevelopment project area, fix, charge and collect fees, rents and charges for the use of any building or property owned or leased by it or any part thereof, or facility therein.

(h) Accept grants, guarantees and donations of property, labor, or other things of value from a public or private source for use within a project redevelopment area.

(i) Acquire and construct public facilities within a redevelopment project area, as permitted under this Act.

(j) Incur project redevelopment costs and reimburse developers who incur redevelopment project costs authorized by a redevelopment agreement; provided, however, that on and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, no municipality shall incur redevelopment project costs (except for planning costs and any other eligible costs authorized by municipal ordinance or resolution that are subsequently included in the redevelopment plan for the area and are incurred by the municipality after the ordinance or resolution is adopted) that are not consistent with the program for accomplishing the objectives of the redevelopment plan as included in that plan and approved by the municipality until the municipality has amended the redevelopment plan as provided elsewhere in this Act.

(k) Create a commission of not less than 5 or more than 15 persons to be appointed by the mayor or president of the municipality with the consent of the majority of the governing board of the municipality. Members of a commission appointed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987 shall be appointed for initial terms of 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years, respectively, in such numbers as to provide that the terms of not more than 1/3 of all such members shall expire in any one year. Their successors shall be appointed for a term of 5 years. The commission, subject to approval of the corporate authorities may exercise the powers enumerated in this Section. The commission shall also have the power to hold the public hearings required by this division and make recommendations to the corporate authorities concerning the adoption of redevelopment plans, redevelopment projects and designation of redevelopment project areas.

(l) Make payment in lieu of taxes or a portion thereof to taxing districts. If payments in lieu of taxes or a portion thereof are made to taxing districts, those payments shall be made to all districts within a project redevelopment area on a basis which is proportional to the current collections of revenue which each taxing district receives from real property in the redevelopment project area.

(m) Exercise any and all other powers necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

(n) If any member of the corporate authority, a member of a commission established pursuant to Section 11-74.4-4(k) of this Act, or an employee or consultant of the municipality involved in the planning and preparation of a redevelopment plan, or project for a redevelopment project area or proposed redevelopment project area, as defined in Sections 11-74.4-3(i) through (k) of this Act, owns or controls an interest, direct or indirect, in any property included in any redevelopment area, or proposed redevelopment area, he or she shall disclose the same in writing to the clerk of the municipality, and shall also so disclose the dates and terms and conditions of any disposition of any such interest, which disclosures shall be acknowledged by the corporate authorities and entered upon the minute books of the corporate authorities. If an individual holds such an interest then that individual shall refrain from any further official involvement in regard to such redevelopment plan, project or area, from voting on any matter pertaining to such redevelopment plan, project or area, or communicating with other members concerning corporate authorities, commission or employees concerning any matter pertaining to said redevelopment plan, project or area. Furthermore, no such member or employee shall acquire of any interest direct, or indirect, in any property in a redevelopment area or proposed redevelopment area after either (a) such individual obtains knowledge of such plan, project or area or (b) first public notice of such plan, project or area pursuant to Section 11-74.4-6 of this Division, whichever occurs first. For the purposes of this subsection, a property interest acquired in a single parcel of property by a member of the corporate authority, which property is used exclusively as the member's primary residence, shall not be deemed to constitute an interest in any property included in a redevelopment area or proposed

redevelopment area that was established before December 31, 1989, but the member must disclose the acquisition to the municipal clerk under the provisions of this subsection. A single property interest acquired within one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly by a member of the corporate authority does not constitute an interest in any property included in any redevelopment area or proposed redevelopment area, regardless of when the redevelopment area was established, if (i) the property is used exclusively as the member's primary residence, (ii) the member discloses the acquisition to the municipal clerk under the provisions of this subsection, (iii) the acquisition is for fair market value, (iv) the member acquires the property as a result of the property being publicly advertised for sale, and (v) the member refrains from voting on, and communicating with other members concerning, any matter when the benefits to the redevelopment project or area would be significantly greater than the benefits to the municipality as a whole. For the purposes of this subsection, a month-to-month leasehold interest in a single parcel of property by a member of the corporate authority shall not be deemed to constitute an interest in any property included in any redevelopment area or proposed redevelopment area, but the member must disclose the interest to the municipal clerk under the provisions of this subsection.

(o) Create a Tax Increment Economic Development Advisory Committee to be appointed by the Mayor or President of the municipality with the consent of the majority of the governing board of the municipality, the members of which Committee shall be appointed for initial terms of 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years respectively, in such numbers as to provide that the terms of not more than 1/3 of all such members shall expire in any one year. Their successors shall be appointed for a term of 5 years. The Committee shall have none of the powers enumerated in this Section. The Committee shall serve in an advisory capacity only. The Committee may advise the governing Board of the municipality and other municipal officials regarding development issues and opportunities within the redevelopment project area or the area within the State Sales Tax Boundary. The Committee may also promote and publicize development opportunities in the redevelopment project area or the area within the State Sales Tax Boundary.

(p) Municipalities may jointly undertake and perform redevelopment plans and projects and utilize the provisions of the Act wherever they have contiguous redevelopment project areas or they determine to adopt tax increment financing with respect to a redevelopment project area which includes contiguous real property within the boundaries of the municipalities, and in doing so, they may, by agreement between municipalities, issue obligations, separately or jointly, and expend revenues received under the Act for eligible expenses anywhere within contiguous redevelopment project areas or as otherwise permitted in the Act.

(q) Utilize revenues, other than State sales tax increment revenues, received under this Act from one redevelopment project area for eligible costs in another redevelopment project area that is:

- (i) contiguous to the redevelopment project area from which the revenues are received;
- (ii) separated only by a public right of way from the redevelopment project area from which the revenues are received; or

(iii) separated only by forest preserve property from the redevelopment project area from which the revenues are received if the closest boundaries of the redevelopment project areas that are separated by the forest preserve property are less than one mile apart.

Utilize tax increment revenues for eligible costs that are received from a redevelopment project area created under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law that is either contiguous to, or is separated only by a public right of way from, the redevelopment project area created under this Act which initially receives these revenues. Utilize revenues, other than State sales tax increment revenues, by transferring or loaning such revenues to a redevelopment project area created under the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law that is either contiguous to, or separated only by a public right of way from the redevelopment project area that initially produced and received those revenues; and, if the redevelopment project area (i) was established before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly and (ii) is located within a municipality with a population of more than 100,000, utilize revenues or proceeds of obligations authorized by Section 11-74.4-7 of this Act, other than use or occupation tax revenues, to pay for any redevelopment project costs as defined by subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 to the extent that the redevelopment project costs involve public property that is either contiguous to, or separated only by a public right of way from, a redevelopment project area whether or not redevelopment project costs or the source of payment for the costs are specifically set forth in the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment project area.

(r) If no redevelopment project has been initiated in a redevelopment project area within 7 years after the area was designated by ordinance under subsection (a), the municipality shall adopt an ordinance repealing the area's designation as a redevelopment project area; provided, however, that if an area received its designation more than 3 years before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1994 and

no redevelopment project has been initiated within 4 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1994, the municipality shall adopt an ordinance repealing its designation as a redevelopment project area. Initiation of a redevelopment project shall be evidenced by either a signed redevelopment agreement or expenditures on eligible redevelopment project costs associated with a redevelopment project.

(Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 93-298, eff. 7-23-03; 93-961, eff. 1-1-05; 93-1098, eff. 1-1-06.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2007."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 2348**, with House Amendment No. 1, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mahoney, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the passage of a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2349

A bill for AN ACT concerning mortgages.

Together with the following amendments which are attached, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2349

House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 2349

Passed the House, as amended, April 6, 2006.

MARK MAHONEY, Clerk of the House

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2349

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2349 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Mortgage Rescue Fraud Act.

Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Distressed property" means residential real property consisting of one to 6 family dwelling units that is in foreclosure or at risk of loss due to nonpayment of taxes, or whose owner is more than 90 days delinquent on any loan that is secured by the property.

"Distressed property consultant" means any person who, directly or indirectly, for compensation from the owner, makes any solicitation, representation, or offer to perform or who, for compensation from the owner, performs any service that the person represents will in any manner do any of the following:

- (1) stop or postpone the foreclosure sale or the loss of the home due to nonpayment of taxes;
- (2) obtain any forbearance from any beneficiary or mortgagee, or relief with respect to a tax sale of the property;
- (3) assist the owner to exercise any right of reinstatement or right of redemption;
- (4) obtain any extension of the period within which the owner may reinstate the owner's rights with respect to the property;
- (5) obtain any waiver of an acceleration clause contained in any promissory note or contract secured by a mortgage on a distressed property or contained in the mortgage;
- (6) assist the owner in foreclosure, loan default, or post-tax sale redemption period to obtain a loan or advance of funds;
- (7) avoid or ameliorate the impairment of the owner's credit resulting from the recording of a notice of default or the conduct of a foreclosure sale or tax sale; or
- (8) save the owner's residence from foreclosure or loss of home due to nonpayment of taxes.

A "distressed property consultant" does not include any of the following:

- (1) a person or the person's authorized agent acting under the express authority or written approval of the Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- (2) a person who holds or is owed an obligation secured by a lien on any distressed

[April 6, 2006]

property, or a person acting under the express authorization or written approval of such person, when the person performs services in connection with the obligation or lien, if the obligation or lien did not arise as the result of or as part of a proposed distressed property conveyance;

(3) banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, and insurance companies organized, chartered, or holding a certificate of authority to do business under the laws of this State or any other state or under the laws of the United States;

(4) licensed attorneys engaged in the practice of law;

(5) a Department of Housing and Urban Development approved mortgagee and any subsidiary or affiliate of these persons or entities, and any agent or employee of these persons or entities, while engaged in the business of these persons or entities;

(6) a 501(c)(3) nonprofit agency or organization, doing business for no less than 5 years, that offers counseling or advice to an owner of a distressed property, if they do not contract for services with for-profit lenders or distressed property purchasers, or any person who structures or plans such a transaction;

(7) licensees of the Residential Mortgage License Act of 1987;

(8) licensees of the Consumer Installment Loan Act who are authorized to make loans secured by real property; or

(9) licensees of the Real Estate License Act of 2000 when providing licensed activities.

"Distressed property purchaser" means any person who acquires any interest in fee in a distressed property while allowing the owner to possess, occupy, or retain any present or future interest in fee in the property, or any person who participates in a joint venture or joint enterprise involving a distressed property conveyance.

"Distressed property conveyance" means a transaction in which an owner of a distressed property transfers an interest in fee in the distressed property; the acquirer of the property allows the owner of the distressed property to occupy the property; and the acquirer of the property or a person acting in participation with the acquirer of the property conveys or promises to convey an interest in fee back to the owner or gives the owner an option to purchase the property at a later date.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other group or entity, however organized.

"Service" means, without limitation, any of the following:

(1) debt, budget, or financial counseling of any type;

(2) receiving money for the purpose of distributing it to creditors in payment or partial payment of any obligation secured by a lien on a distressed property;

(3) contacting creditors on behalf of an owner of a residence that is distressed property;

(4) arranging or attempting to arrange for an extension of the period within which the owner of a distressed property may cure the owner's default and reinstate his or her obligation;

(5) arranging or attempting to arrange for any delay or postponement of the time of sale of the distressed property;

(6) advising the filing of any document or assisting in any manner in the preparation of any document for filing with any court; or

(7) giving any advice, explanation, or instruction to an owner of a distressed property

that in any manner relates to the cure of a default or forfeiture or to the postponement or avoidance of sale of the distressed property.

Section 10. Distressed property consultant contract terms.

(a) A distressed property consultant contract must be in writing and must fully disclose the exact nature of the distressed property consultant's services and the total amount and terms of compensation.

(b) The following notice, printed in at least 12-point boldface type and completed with the name of the distressed property consultant, must be printed immediately above the statement required by subsection (c) of this Section:

"NOTICE REQUIRED BY ILLINOIS LAW

.....(name) or anyone working for him or her CANNOT:

(1) Take any money from you or ask you for money until

..... (Name) has completely finished doing everything he or she said he or she would do; or

(2) Ask you to sign or have you sign any lien, mortgage, or deed."

(c) A distressed property consultant contract must be written in the same language as

principally used by the distressed property consultant to describe his or her services or to negotiate the contract, must be dated and signed by the owner, and must contain in immediate proximity to the space reserved for the owner's signature a conspicuous statement in a size equal to at least 12-point boldface type, as follows:

"You, the owner, may cancel this transaction at any time until after the distressed property consultant has fully performed each and every service the distressed property consultant contracted to perform or represented he or she would perform. See the attached notice of cancellation form for an explanation of this right."

(d) A distressed property contract must contain on the first page, in a type size no smaller than that generally used in the body of the document, each of the following:

(1) the name and address of the distressed property consultant to which the notice of cancellation is to be mailed; and

(2) the date the owner signed the contract.

(e) A distressed property consultant contract must be accompanied by a completed form in duplicate, captioned "NOTICE OF CANCELLATION," which must be attached to the contract, must be easily detachable, and must contain, in at least 12-point boldface type, the following statement written in the same language as used in the contract:

"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION

.....

(Enter date of transaction)

You may cancel this transaction, without any penalty or obligation, at any time until after the distressed property consultant has fully performed each and every service the distressed property consultant contracted to perform or represented he or she would perform.

To cancel this transaction, mail or deliver a signed and dated copy of this cancellation notice, or any other written notice to:

.....(Name of distressed property consultant) at

.....(Address of distressed property consultant's place of business)

I hereby cancel this transaction on(Date)

.....(Owner's signature)".

(f) The distressed property consultant shall provide the owner with a copy of a distressed property consultant contract and the attached notice of cancellation immediately upon execution of the contract.

Section 15. Rescission of distressed property consultant contract.

(a) In addition to any other legal right to rescind a contract, an owner has the right to cancel a distressed property consultant contract at any time until after the distressed property consultant has fully performed each service the distressed property consultant contracted to perform or represented he or she would perform.

(b) Cancellation occurs when the owner gives written notice of cancellation to the distressed property consultant at the address specified in the distressed property consultant contract.

(c) Notice of cancellation, if given by mail, is effective when deposited in the mail properly addressed with postage prepaid. Notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the address specified in the distressed property consultant contract, shall be conclusive proof of notice of service.

(d) Notice of cancellation given by the owner need not take the particular form as provided with the distressed property consultant contract and, however expressed, is effective if it indicates the intention of the owner not to be bound by the contract.

Section 20. Waiver of a distressed property consultant contract.

(a) Any waiver by an owner of the provisions of Section 10 or 15 is void and unenforceable as contrary to public policy.

(b) Any attempt by a distressed property consultant to induce an owner to waive the owner's rights is a violation of the Act.

Section 25. Distressed property conveyance contract. A distressed property purchaser shall enter into every distressed property conveyance in the form of a written contract. Every distressed property conveyance contract must be written in letters of a size equal to at least 12-point boldface type, in the same language principally used by the owner of the distressed property to negotiate the sale of the distressed property, must be fully completed, signed, and dated by the owner of the distressed property

and the distressed property purchaser, and must be witnessed and acknowledged by a notary public, before the execution of any instrument of conveyance of the distressed property.

Section 30. Distressed property conveyance contract terms.

Every contract required by Section 25 must contain the entire agreement of the parties, be fully assignable, and survive delivery of any instrument of conveyance of the distressed property. Every lease entered into pursuant to a contract required by Section 25 is terminable at will by the distressed property owner, without liability. Every contract required by Section 25 must include the following terms:

- (1) the name, business address, and the telephone number of the distressed property purchaser;
- (2) the address of the distressed property;
- (3) the total consideration to be given by the distressed property purchaser or tax lien payor in connection with or incident to the sale;
- (4) a complete description of the terms of payment or other consideration including, but not limited to, any services of any nature that the distressed property purchaser represents he or she will perform for the owner of the distressed property before or after the sale;
- (5) a complete description of the terms of any related agreement designed to allow the owner of the distressed property to remain in the home such as a rental agreement, repurchase agreement, contract for deed, or lease with option to buy;
- (6) a notice of cancellation as provided in this Section;
- (7) the following notice in at least 12-point boldface type, if the contract is printed, or in capital letters, if the contract is typed, and completed with the name of the distressed property purchaser, immediately above the statement required by this Section:

"NOTICE REQUIRED BY ILLINOIS LAW

Until your right to cancel this contract has ended,(Name) or anyone working for(Name) CANNOT ask you to sign or have you sign any deed or any other document. You are urged to have this contract reviewed by an attorney of your choice within 5 business days of signing it."; and

- (8) if title to the distressed property will be transferred in the conveyance transaction, the following notice in at least 14-point boldface type if the contract is printed, or in capital letters if the contract is typed, and completed with the name of the distressed property purchaser, immediately above the statement required by this Section:

"NOTICE REQUIRED BY ILLINOIS LAW

As part of this transaction, you are giving up title to your home."

Section 35. Cancellation of a distressed property conveyance contract.

(a) In addition to any other right of rescission, the owner of the distressed property has the right to cancel any contract with a distressed property purchaser until midnight of the fifth business day following the day on which the owner of the distressed property signs a contract that complies with Sections 25 and 30 or until 8:00 a.m. on the last day of the period during which the owner of the distressed property has a right of redemption under the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law or the Property Tax Code, whichever occurs first.

(b) Cancellation occurs when the owner of the distressed property delivers, by any means, written notice of cancellation to the address specified in the distressed property conveyance contract.

(c) A notice of cancellation given by the owner of the distressed property need not take the particular form as provided with the distressed property conveyance contract.

(d) Within 10 days following receipt of a notice of cancellation given in accordance with this Section, the distressed property purchaser shall return, without condition, any original contract and any other documents signed by the owner of the distressed property.

Section 40. Notice of cancellation of a distressed property conveyance contract.

(a) The contract must contain in immediate proximity to the space reserved for the owner of the distressed property's signature a conspicuous statement in a size equal to at least 12-point boldface type, if the contract is printed, or in capital letters, if the contract is typed, as follows:

"You may cancel this contract for the sale of your house, without any penalty or obligation, at any time before(Date and time of day). See the attached notice of cancellation form for an explanation of this right."

The distressed property purchaser shall accurately enter the date and time of day on

which the cancellation right ends.

(b) The contract must be accompanied by a completed form in duplicate, captioned "NOTICE OF CANCELLATION" in a size equal to a 12-point boldface type, if the contract is printed, or in capital letters, if the contract is typed, followed by a space in which the distressed property purchaser shall enter the date on which the owner of the distressed property executes any contract. This form must be attached to the contract, must be easily detachable, and must contain in at least 12-point type, if the contract is printed, or in capital letters, if the contract is typed, the following statement written in the same language as used in the contract:

"NOTICE OF CANCELLATION

.....

(Enter date contract signed)

You may cancel this contract for the sale of your home, without any penalty or obligation, at any time before(enter date and time of day). To cancel this transaction, mail or deliver a signed and dated copy of this cancellation notice to(Name of purchaser) at (Street address of purchaser's place of business) NOT LATER THAN (Enter date and time of day).

I hereby cancel this transaction on (Date)

..... (Seller's signature)".

(c) The distressed property purchaser shall provide the owner of the distressed property with a copy of the contract and the attached notice of cancellation immediately at the time the contract is executed by all parties.

(d) The distressed property purchaser shall record the contract with the recorder of deeds in the county where the distressed property is located within 10 days of its execution, provided the contract has not been canceled.

(e) The 5 business days during which the owner of the distressed property may cancel the contract shall not begin to run until all parties to the contract have executed the contract and the distressed property purchaser has complied with all the requirements of this Section.

Section 45. Waiver of a distressed property conveyance contract. Any waiver of the provisions of Sections 35 and 40 are void and unenforceable as contrary to public policy, except that a consumer may waive the 5-day right to cancel provided in Section 35 if the property is subject to a foreclosure sale within the 5 business days and the owner of the distressed property agrees to waive his or her right to cancel in a handwritten statement that is signed by all parties holding title to the distressed property.

Section 50. Violations.

(a) It is a violation for a distressed property consultant to:

(1) claim, demand, charge, collect, or receive any compensation until after the distressed property consultant has fully performed each service the distressed property consultant contracted to perform or represented he or she would perform;

(2) claim, demand, charge, collect, or receive any fee, interest, or any other compensation for any reason that exceeds 2 monthly mortgage payments of principal and interest or the most recent tax installment on the distressed property, whichever is less;

(3) take a wage assignment, a lien of any type on real or personal property, or other security to secure the payment of compensation. Any such security is void and unenforceable;

(4) receive any consideration from any third party in connection with services rendered to an owner unless the consideration is first fully disclosed to the owner;

(5) acquire any interest, directly or indirectly, or by means of a subsidiary or affiliate in a distressed property from an owner with whom the distressed property consultant has contracted;

(6) take any power of attorney from an owner for any purpose, except to inspect documents as provided by law; or

(7) induce or attempt to induce an owner to enter a contract that does not comply in all respects with Sections 10 and 15 of this Act.

(b) A distressed property purchaser, in the course of a distressed property conveyance, shall not:

(1) enter into, or attempt to enter into, a distressed property conveyance unless the distressed property purchaser verifies and can demonstrate that the owner of the distressed property has a reasonable ability to pay for the subsequent conveyance of an interest back to the owner of the distressed property and to make monthly or any other required payments due prior to that time;

(2) fail to make a payment to the owner of the distressed property at the time the title is conveyed so that the owner of the distressed property has received consideration in an amount of at least 82% of the fair market value of the property;

(3) enter into repurchase or lease terms as part of the subsequent conveyance that are unfair or commercially unreasonable, or engage in any other unfair conduct;

(4) represent, directly or indirectly, that the distressed property purchaser is acting as an advisor or a consultant, or in any other manner represent that the distressed property purchaser is acting on behalf of the homeowner, or the distressed property purchaser is assisting the owner of the distressed property to "save the house", "buy time", or do anything couched in substantially similar language;

(5) misrepresent the distressed property purchaser's status as to licensure or certification;

(6) do any of the following until after the time during which the owner of a distressed property may cancel the transaction:

(A) accept from the owner of the distressed property an execution of any instrument of conveyance of any interest in the distressed property;

(B) induce the owner of the distressed property to execute an instrument of conveyance of any interest in the distressed property; or

(C) record with the county recorder of deeds any document signed by the owner of the distressed property, including but not limited to any instrument of conveyance;

(7) fail to reconvey title to the distressed property when the terms of the conveyance contract have been fulfilled;

(8) induce the owner of the distressed property to execute a quit claim deed when entering into a distressed property conveyance;

(9) enter into a distressed property conveyance where any party to the transaction is represented by power of attorney;

(10) fail to extinguish all liens encumbering the distressed property, immediately following the conveyance of the distressed property, or fail to assume all liability with respect to the lien in foreclosure and prior liens that will not be extinguished by such foreclosure, which assumption shall be accomplished without violations of the terms and conditions of the lien being assumed. Nothing herein shall preclude a lender from enforcing any provision in a contract that is not otherwise prohibited by law;

(11) fail to complete a distressed property conveyance before a notary in the offices of a title company licensed by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, before an agent of such a title company, a notary in the office of a bank, or a licensed attorney where the notary is employed; or

(12) cause the property to be conveyed or encumbered without the knowledge or permission of the distressed property owner, or in any way frustrate the ability of the distressed property owner to complete the conveyance back to the distressed property owner.

(c) There is a rebuttable presumption that an appraisal by a person licensed or certified by an agency of this State or the federal government is an accurate determination of the fair market value of the property.

(d) "Consideration" in item (2) of subsection (b) means any payment or thing of value provided to the owner of the distressed property, including reasonable costs paid to independent third parties necessary to complete the distressed property conveyance or payment of money to satisfy a debt or legal obligation of the owner of the distressed property.

"Consideration" shall not include amounts imputed as a downpayment or fee to the distressed property purchaser, or a person acting in participation with the distressed property purchaser.

(e) An evaluation of "reasonable ability to pay" under subsection (b)(1) of this Section 50 shall include debt to income ratio, fair market value of the distressed property, and the distressed property owner's payment history. There is a rebuttable presumption that the distressed property purchaser has not verified reasonable payment ability if the distressed property purchaser has not obtained documents of assets, liabilities, and income, other than a statement by the owner of the distressed property.

Section 55. Civil remedies.

(a) A violation of any of the provisions of this Act constitutes an unlawful practice under the

[April 6, 2006]

Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. All remedies, penalties, and authority granted to the Attorney General or State's Attorney by the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act shall be available to him or her for the enforcement of this Act.

(b) A consumer who suffers loss by reason of any violation of any provision of this Act may bring a civil action in accordance with the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act to enforce that provision. All remedies and rights granted to a consumer by the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act shall be available to the consumer bringing such an action. The remedies and rights provided for in this Act are not exclusive, but cumulative, and all other applicable claims, including, but not limited to, those brought under the doctrine of equitable mortgage, are specifically preserved.

Section 60. Criminal mortgage rescue fraud. A person commits the offense of criminal mortgage rescue fraud when he or she intentionally violates any provision enumerated in Section 50 of this Act.

Section 65. Criminal penalties. A person who commits the offense of criminal mortgage rescue fraud is guilty of a Class 2 felony.

Section 300. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act is amended by changing Section 2Z as follows:

(815 ILCS 505/2Z) (from Ch. 121 1/2, par. 262Z)

Sec. 2Z. Violations of other Acts. Any person who knowingly violates the Automotive Repair Act, the Automotive Collision Repair Act, the Home Repair and Remodeling Act, the Dance Studio Act, the Physical Fitness Services Act, the Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act, the Illinois Union Label Act, the Job Referral and Job Listing Services Consumer Protection Act, the Travel Promotion Consumer Protection Act, the Credit Services Organizations Act, the Automatic Telephone Dialers Act, the Pay-Per-Call Services Consumer Protection Act, the Telephone Solicitations Act, the Illinois Funeral or Burial Funds Act, the Cemetery Care Act, the Safe and Hygienic Bed Act, the Pre-Need Cemetery Sales Act, the High Risk Home Loan Act, the Payday Loan Reform Act, the Mortgage Rescue Fraud Act, subsection (a) or (b) of Section 3-10 of the Cigarette Tax Act, the Payday Loan Reform Act, subsection (a) or (b) of Section 3-10 of the Cigarette Use Tax Act, the Electronic Mail Act, paragraph (6) of subsection (k) of Section 6-305 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, the Automatic Contract Renewal Act, or the Personal Information Protection Act commits an unlawful practice within the meaning of this Act. (Source: P.A. 93-561, eff. 1-1-04; 93-950, eff. 1-1-05; 94-13, eff. 12-6-05; 94-36, eff. 1-1-06; 94-280, eff. 1-1-06; 94-292, eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-19-05.)

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2007."

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 2349

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 2349, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 3, line 21, after "conveyance.", by inserting the following:

"Distressed property purchaser" does not mean any person who acquires distressed property at a short sale or any person acting in participation with any person who acquires distressed property at a short sale, if that person does not promise to convey an interest in fee back to the owner or does not give the owner an option to purchase the property at a later date."; and

on page 13, by replacing lines 4 through 8 with the following:

"(2) fail to make a payment to the owner of the distressed property at the time the title is conveyed so that the owner of the distressed property has received consideration in an amount of at least 82% of the property's fair market value, or, in the alternative, fail to pay the owner of the distressed property no more than the costs necessary to extinguish all of the existing obligations on the distressed property, as set forth in subdivision (b)(10) of Section 45, provided that the owner's costs to repurchase the distressed property pursuant to the terms of the distressed property conveyance contract do not exceed 125% of the distressed property purchaser's costs to purchase the property. If an owner is unable to repurchase the property pursuant to the terms of the distressed property conveyance contract, the distressed property purchaser shall not fail to make a payment to the owner of the distressed property so that the owner of the distressed property has received consideration in an amount of at least 82% of the property's fair market value at the time of conveyance or at the

expiration of the owner's option to repurchase."

Under the rules, the foregoing **Senate Bill No. 2349**, with House Amendments numbered 1 and 2, was referred to the Secretary's Desk.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 1732, sponsored by Senator Link, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Rules.

JOINT ACTION MOTIONS FILED

The following Joint Action Motions to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Rules:

Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2348
 Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 2349

CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS ON SECRETARY'S DESK

Senator Collins moved that **House Joint Resolution No. 24**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on State Government, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 24

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Joint Resolution 24 on page 2, line 32, by replacing "2005" with "2006".

Senator Collins moved that House Joint Resolution No. 24, as amended, be adopted.
 And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Luechtefeld	Rutherford
Axley	Garrett	Maloney	Sandoval
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Martinez	Schoenberg
Brady	Haine	Meeks	Shadid
Burzynski	Halvorson	Millner	Sieben
Clayborne	Harmon	Munoz	Silverstein
Collins	Hendon	Pankau	Sullivan
Cronin	Hunter	Peterson	Syverson
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Trotter
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Viverito
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Watson
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Wilhelmi
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Dillard	Link	Roskam	

The motion prevailed.
 And the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

[April 6, 2006]

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence in the Senate Amendment adopted thereto.

Senator Hunter moved that **Senate Joint Resolution No. 87**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on State Government, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 87

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Joint Resolution 87 on page 2, line 26, by replacing "(v)" with "(vii)"; and

on page 2, line 28, by replacing "(vi)" with "(viii)"; and

on page 2, line 29, by replacing "(vii)" with "(ix)"; and

on page 2, line 31, by replacing "(viii)" with "(x)".

Senator Hunter moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 87, as amended, be adopted. And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 46; Nays 6.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Sandoval
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Schoenberg
Brady	Haine	Millner	Shadid
Clayborne	Halvorson	Munoz	Sieben
Collins	Harmon	Pankau	Silverstein
Crotty	Hendon	Peterson	Sullivan
Cullerton	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Dahl	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
del Valle	Jones, W.	Raoul	Wilhelmi
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Dillard	Link	Roskam	
Forby	Maloney	Rutherford	

The following voted in the negative:

Cronin	Lauzen	Righter
Jones, J.	Luechtefeld	Risinger

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Sullivan moved that **Senate Joint Resolution No. 88**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on State Government, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 88

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Joint Resolution 88 on page 1, line 5, by replacing "12" with "9"; and

on page 1, by replacing lines 6 and 7 with the following:

"public universities on 12 campuses, 48 community colleges, 94 independent, not-for-profit colleges and universities, and 30 independent, for-profit institutions, which".

Senator Sullivan moved that Senate Joint Resolution No. 88, as amended, be adopted.
And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 57; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Sandoval
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Schoenberg
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Shadid
Brady	Haine	Millner	Sieben
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Silverstein
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Sullivan
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Syverson
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Trotter
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Viverito
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Watson
Dahl	Jones, W.	Righter	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Lauzen	Risinger	Mr. President
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Rutherford	

The motion prevailed.

And the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

Senator Martinez moved that **Senate Resolution No. 631**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.

Senator Martinez moved that Senate Resolution No. 631 be adopted.

And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 55; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Dillard	Maloney	Rutherford
Axley	Forby	Martinez	Sandoval
Bomke	Garrett	Meeks	Schoenberg
Brady	Geo-Karis	Millner	Shadid
Burzynski	Haine	Munoz	Sieben
Clayborne	Halvorson	Pankau	Silverstein
Collins	Harmon	Peterson	Sullivan
Cronin	Hendon	Petka	Syverson
Crotty	Hunter	Radogno	Trotter
Cullerton	Jacobs	Raoul	Viverito
Dahl	Jones, J.	Righter	Watson

[April 6, 2006]

del Valle	Jones, W.	Risinger	Wilhelmi
DeLeo	Lightford	Ronen	Mr. President
Demuzio	Link	Roskam	

The motion prevailed.
And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Millner moved that **Senate Resolution No. 675**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.
Senator Millner moved that Senate Resolution No. 675 be adopted.
The motion prevailed.
And the resolution was adopted.

Senator Trotter moved that **Senate Resolution No. 686**, on the Secretary's Desk, be taken up for immediate consideration.

The motion prevailed.
Senator Trotter moved that Senate Resolution No. 686 be adopted.
And on that motion a call of the roll was had resulting as follows:

Yeas 56; Nays None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Forby	Maloney	Schoenberg
Axley	Garrett	Martinez	Shadid
Bomke	Geo-Karis	Meeks	Sieben
Brady	Haine	Millner	Silverstein
Burzynski	Halvorson	Munoz	Sullivan
Clayborne	Harmon	Pankau	Trotter
Collins	Hendon	Peterson	Viverito
Cronin	Hunter	Petka	Watson
Crotty	Jacobs	Radogno	Wilhelmi
Cullerton	Jones, J.	Raoul	Winkel
Dahl	Jones, W.	Risinger	Mr. President
del Valle	Laufen	Ronen	
DeLeo	Lightford	Roskam	
Demuzio	Link	Rutherford	
Dillard	Luechtefeld	Sandoval	

The motion prevailed.
And the resolution was adopted.

At the hour of 6:20 o'clock p.m., Senator Halvorson presiding.

REPORT FROM RULES COMMITTEE

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its April 6, 2006 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measures have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Education: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Joint Resolution No. 82**

Executive: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 4752**

[April 6, 2006]

Health & Human Services: **Senate Floor Amendments Numbered 1 and 2 to House Bill 4676**

Judiciary: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 1216**

State Government: **Senate Floor Amendment No. 1 to Senate Resolution No. 687; Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Resolution No. 692**

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, during its April 6, 2006 meeting, reported the following Joint Action Motions have been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

Financial Institutions: **Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 2349**

Health & Human Services: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2483, Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2898**

Judiciary: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2197, Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2985**

Licensed Activities: **Motion to Concur in House Amendments 1 and 2 to Senate Bill 2469**

Local Government: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2348**

State Government: **Motion to Concur in House Amendment 1 to Senate Bill 2204**

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, reported that the following Legislative Measures have been approved for consideration:

Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 668
Senate Floor Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 3053

The foregoing floor amendments were placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Viverito, Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 1279** on July 1, 2005, pursuant to Rule 3-9(b), reported that the Committee recommends that the bill be approved for consideration and returned to the calendar in its former position.

The report of the Committee was concurred in.

And **Senate Bill No. 1279** was returned to the order of third reading.

MOTION IN WRITING TABLED

Senator Righter moved that his Motion in Writing on **House Bill No. 4532** filed on March 27, 2006, be ordered to lie on the table.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Schoenberg, **Senate Bill No. 668** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Schoenberg offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 668

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 668

By replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

[April 6, 2006]

"Article 1.

Section 5. The General Obligation Bond Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:
(30 ILCS 330/5) (from Ch. 127, par. 655)

Sec. 5. School Construction.

(a) The amount of \$58,450,000 is authorized to make grants to local school districts for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, financing, architectural planning and installation of capital facilities, including but not limited to those required for special education building projects provided for in Article 14 of The School Code, consisting of buildings, structures, and durable equipment, and for the acquisition and improvement of real property and interests in real property required, or expected to be required, in connection therewith.

(b) \$22,550,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for grants to school districts for the making of principal and interest payments, required to be made, on bonds issued by such school districts after January 1, 1969, pursuant to any indenture, ordinance, resolution, agreement or contract to provide funds for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, architectural planning and installation of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment and land for educational purposes or for lease payments required to be made by a school district for principal and interest payments on bonds issued by a Public Building Commission after January 1, 1969.

(c) \$10,000,000 for grants to school districts for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, architectural planning and installation of capital facilities consisting of buildings structures, durable equipment and land for special education building projects.

(d) \$9,000,000 for grants to school districts for the reconstruction, rehabilitation, improvement, financing and architectural planning of capital facilities, including construction at another location to replace such capital facilities, consisting of those public school buildings and temporary school facilities which, prior to January 1, 1984, were condemned by the regional superintendent under Section 3-14.22 of The School Code or by any State official having jurisdiction over building safety.

(e) ~~\$4,050,000,000~~ ~~\$3,050,000,000~~ for grants to school districts for school improvement projects authorized by the School Construction Law. The bonds shall be sold in amounts not to exceed the following schedule, except any bonds not sold during one year shall be added to the bonds to be sold during the remainder of the schedule:

First year.....	\$200,000,000
Second year.....	\$450,000,000
Third year.....	\$500,000,000
Fourth year.....	\$500,000,000
Fifth year.....	\$800,000,000
Sixth year and thereafter	\$600,000,000
Seventh year and thereafter	\$1,000,000,000

(Source: P.A. 91-39, eff. 6-15-99; 92-598, eff. 6-28-02.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Schoenberg offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 668

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 668, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 1, on page 1, by replacing line 7 with the following:
"changing Sections 2 and 5 as follows:

(30 ILCS 330/2) (from Ch. 127, par. 652)

Sec. 2. Authorization for Bonds. The State of Illinois is authorized to issue, sell and provide for the retirement of General Obligation Bonds of the State of Illinois for the categories and specific purposes expressed in Sections 2 through 8 of this Act, in the total amount of ~~\$28,658,149,369~~ ~~\$27,658,149,369~~.

The bonds authorized in this Section 2 and in Section 16 of this Act are herein called "Bonds".

Of the total amount of Bonds authorized in this Act, up to \$2,200,000,000 in aggregate original principal amount may be issued and sold in accordance with the Baccalaureate Savings Act in the form of General Obligation College Savings Bonds.

Of the total amount of Bonds authorized in this Act, up to \$300,000,000 in aggregate original principal amount may be issued and sold in accordance with the Retirement Savings Act in the form of

[April 6, 2006]

General Obligation Retirement Savings Bonds.

Of the total amount of Bonds authorized in this Act, the additional \$10,000,000,000 authorized by this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall be used solely as provided in Section 7.2.

The issuance and sale of Bonds pursuant to the General Obligation Bond Act is an economical and efficient method of financing the long-term capital needs of the State. This Act will permit the issuance of a multi-purpose General Obligation Bond with uniform terms and features. This will not only lower the cost of registration but also reduce the overall cost of issuing debt by improving the marketability of Illinois General Obligation Bonds.

(Source: P.A. 92-13, eff. 6-22-01; 92-596, eff. 6-28-02; 92-598, eff. 6-28-02; 93-2, eff. 4-7-03; 93-839, eff. 7-30-04)."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Schoenberg, **Senate Bill No. 668**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the negative by the following vote:

Yeas 32; Nays 26.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Clayborne	Haine	Martinez	Sullivan
Collins	Halvorson	Meeks	Trotter
Crotty	Harmon	Munoz	Viverito
Cullerton	Hendon	Raoul	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Hunter	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Jacobs	Sandoval	
Demuzio	Lightford	Schoenberg	
Forby	Link	Shadid	
Garrett	Maloney	Silverstein	

The following voted in the negative:

Althoff	Dillard	Pankau	Rutherford
Axley	Geo-Karis	Peterson	Sieben
Bomke	Jones, J.	Petka	Syverson
Brady	Jones, W.	Radogno	Watson
Burzynski	Lauzen	Righter	Winkel
Cronin	Luechtefeld	Risinger	
Dahl	Millner	Roskam	

This bill, having failed to receive the vote of three-fifths of the members elected, was declared lost, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Trotter, **Senate Bill No. 3053** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Trotter offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

[April 6, 2006]

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 3053

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 3053 as follows:

by deleting line 26 on page 3 through line 8 on page 5; and

on page 1, line 6, after "2," by inserting "3," and deleting "5"; and

on page 1, line 12, by changing "\$30,958,149,369" to "\$31,514,441,299"; and

on page 2, immediately below line 6, by inserting the following:

"(30 ILCS 330/3) (from Ch. 127, par. 653)

Sec. 3. Capital Facilities. The amount of ~~\$7,876,527,299~~ ~~\$7,320,235,369~~ is authorized to be used for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, improvement, financing, architectural planning and installation of capital facilities within the State, consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment, land, and interests in land for the following specific purposes:

(a) ~~\$2,767,519,930~~ ~~\$2,211,228,000~~ for educational purposes by State universities and colleges, the Illinois

Community College Board created by the Public Community College Act and for grants to public community colleges as authorized by Sections 5-11 and 5-12 of the Public Community College Act;

(b) \$1,607,420,000 for correctional purposes at State prison and correctional centers;

(c) \$531,175,000 for open spaces, recreational and conservation purposes and the protection of land;

(d) \$589,917,000 for child care facilities, mental and public health facilities, and facilities for the care of disabled veterans and their spouses;

(e) \$1,455,990,000 for use by the State, its departments, authorities, public corporations, commissions and agencies;

(f) \$818,100 for cargo handling facilities at port districts and for breakwaters, including harbor entrances, at port districts in conjunction with facilities for small boats and pleasure crafts;

(g) \$204,657,000 for water resource management projects;

(h) \$16,940,269 for the provision of facilities for food production research and related instructional and public service activities at the State universities and public community colleges;

(i) \$36,000,000 for grants by the Secretary of State, as State Librarian, for central library facilities authorized by Section 8 of the Illinois Library System Act and for grants by the Capital Development Board to units of local government for public library facilities;

(j) \$25,000,000 for the acquisition, development, construction, reconstruction, improvement, financing, architectural planning and installation of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment and land for grants to counties, municipalities or public building commissions with correctional facilities that do not comply with the minimum standards of the Department of Corrections under Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections;

(k) \$5,000,000 for grants in fiscal year 1988 by the Department of Conservation for improvement or expansion of aquarium facilities located on property owned by a park district;

(l) \$432,590,000 to State agencies for grants to local governments for the acquisition, financing, architectural planning, development, alteration, installation, and construction of capital facilities consisting of buildings, structures, durable equipment, and land; and

(m) \$203,500,000 for the Illinois Open Land Trust Program as defined by the Illinois Open Land Trust Act.

The amounts authorized above for capital facilities may be used for the acquisition, installation, alteration, construction, or reconstruction of capital facilities and for the purchase of equipment for the purpose of major capital improvements which will reduce energy consumption in State buildings or facilities.

(Source: P.A. 91-39, 6-15-99; 91-53, eff. 6-30-99; 91-710, eff. 5-17-00; 92-13, eff. 6-22-01; 92-598, eff. 6-28-02.); and

on page 5, immediately below line 8, by inserting the following:

"Section 10. The Build Illinois Bond Act is amended by changing Sections 2 and 4 as follows: (30 ILCS 425/2) (from Ch. 127, par. 2802)

[April 6, 2006]

Sec. 2. Authorization for Bonds. The State of Illinois is authorized to issue, sell and provide for the retirement of limited obligation bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness of the State of Illinois in the total principal amount of ~~\$3,855,509,000~~ ~~\$3,805,509,000~~ herein called "Bonds". Such authorized amount of Bonds shall be reduced from time to time by amounts, if any, which are equal to the moneys received by the Department of Revenue in any fiscal year pursuant to Section 3-1001 of the "Illinois Vehicle Code", as amended, in excess of the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the "Retailers' Occupation Tax Act", as amended) and transferred at the end of such fiscal year from the General Revenue Fund to the Build Illinois Purposes Fund (now abolished) as provided in Section 3-1001 of said Code; provided, however, that no such reduction shall affect the validity or enforceability of any Bonds issued prior to such reduction. Such amount of authorized Bonds shall be exclusive of any refunding Bonds issued pursuant to Section 15 of this Act and exclusive of any Bonds issued pursuant to this Section which are redeemed, purchased, advance refunded, or defeased in accordance with paragraph (f) of Section 4 of this Act. Bonds shall be issued for the categories and specific purposes expressed in Section 4 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 94-91, eff. 7-1-05.)

(30 ILCS 425/4) (from Ch. 127, par. 2804)

Sec. 4. Purposes of Bonds. Bonds shall be issued for the following purposes and in the approximate amounts as set forth below:

(a) \$2,417,000,000 for the expenses of issuance and sale of Bonds, including bond discounts, and for planning, engineering, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, development, improvement and extension of the public infrastructure in the State of Illinois, including: the making of loans or grants to local governments for waste disposal systems, water and sewer line extensions and water distribution and purification facilities, rail or air or water port improvements, gas and electric utility extensions, publicly owned industrial and commercial sites, buildings used for public administration purposes and other public infrastructure capital improvements; the making of loans or grants to units of local government for financing and construction of wastewater facilities; refinancing or retiring bonds issued between January 1, 1987 and January 1, 1990 by home rule municipalities, debt service on which is provided from a tax imposed by home rule municipalities prior to January 1, 1990 on the sale of food and drugs pursuant to Section 8-11-1 of the Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or Section 8-11-5 of the Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act; the making of deposits not to exceed \$70,000,000 in the aggregate into the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund to provide assistance in accordance with the provisions of Title IV-A of the Environmental Protection Act; the planning, engineering, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, expansion, extension and improvement of highways, bridges, structures separating highways and railroads, rest areas, interchanges, access roads to and from any State or local highway and other transportation improvement projects which are related to economic development activities; the making of loans or grants for planning, engineering, rehabilitation, improvement or construction of rail and transit facilities; the planning, engineering, acquisition, construction, reconstruction and improvement of watershed, drainage, flood control, recreation and related improvements and facilities, including expenses related to land and easement acquisition, relocation, control structures, channel work and clearing and appurtenant work; the making of grants for improvement and development of zoos and park district field houses and related structures; and the making of grants for improvement and development of Navy Pier and related structures.

(b) \$186,000,000 for fostering economic development and increased employment and the well being of the citizens of Illinois, including: the making of grants for improvement and development of McCormick Place and related structures; the planning and construction of a microelectronics research center, including the planning, engineering, construction, improvement, renovation and acquisition of buildings, equipment and related utility support systems; the making of loans to businesses and investments in small businesses; acquiring real properties for industrial or commercial site development; acquiring, rehabilitating and reconveying industrial and commercial properties for the purpose of expanding employment and encouraging private and other public sector investment in the economy of Illinois; the payment of expenses associated with siting the Superconducting Super Collider Particle Accelerator in Illinois and with its acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, promotion and support; the making of loans for the planning, engineering, acquisition, construction, improvement and conversion of facilities and equipment which will foster the use of Illinois coal; the payment of expenses associated with the promotion, establishment, acquisition and operation of small business incubator facilities and agribusiness research facilities, including the lease, purchase, renovation, planning, engineering, construction and maintenance of buildings, utility support systems and equipment designated for such purposes and the establishment and maintenance of centralized support services

[April 6, 2006]

within such facilities; and the making of grants or loans to units of local government for Urban Development Action Grant and Housing Partnership programs.

(c) ~~\$1,102,358,100~~ ~~\$1,052,358,100~~ for the development and improvement of educational, scientific, technical and vocational programs and facilities and the expansion of health and human services for all citizens of Illinois, including: the making of construction and improvement grants and loans to public libraries and library systems; the making of grants and loans for planning, engineering, acquisition and construction of a new State central library in Springfield; the planning, engineering, acquisition and construction of an animal and dairy sciences facility; the planning, engineering, acquisition and construction of a campus and all related buildings, facilities, equipment and materials for Richland Community College; the acquisition, rehabilitation and installation of equipment and materials for scientific and historical surveys; the making of grants or loans for distribution to eligible vocational education instructional programs for the upgrading of vocational education programs, school shops and laboratories, including the acquisition, rehabilitation and installation of technical equipment and materials; the making of grants or loans for distribution to eligible local educational agencies for the upgrading of math and science instructional programs, including the acquisition of instructional equipment and materials; miscellaneous capital improvements for universities and community colleges including the planning, engineering, construction, reconstruction, remodeling, improvement, repair and installation of capital facilities and costs of planning, supplies, equipment, materials, services, and all other required expenses; the making of grants or loans for repair, renovation and miscellaneous capital improvements for privately operated colleges and universities and community colleges, including the planning, engineering, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, remodeling, improvement, repair and installation of capital facilities and costs of planning, supplies, equipment, materials, services, and all other required expenses; and the making of grants or loans for distribution to local governments for hospital and other health care facilities including the planning, engineering, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, remodeling, improvement, repair and installation of capital facilities and costs of planning, supplies, equipment, materials, services and all other required expenses.

(d) \$150,150,900 for protection, preservation, restoration and conservation of environmental and natural resources, including: the making of grants to soil and water conservation districts for the planning and implementation of conservation practices and for funding contracts with the Soil Conservation Service for watershed planning; the making of grants to units of local government for the capital development and improvement of recreation areas, including planning and engineering costs, sewer projects, including planning and engineering costs and water projects, including planning and engineering costs, and for the acquisition of open space lands, including the acquisition of easements and other property interests of less than fee simple ownership; the acquisition and related costs and development and management of natural heritage lands, including natural areas and areas providing habitat for endangered species and nongame wildlife, and buffer area lands; the acquisition and related costs and development and management of habitat lands, including forest, wildlife habitat and wetlands; and the removal and disposition of hazardous substances, including the cost of project management, equipment, laboratory analysis, and contractual services necessary for preventative and corrective actions related to the preservation, restoration and conservation of the environment, including deposits not to exceed \$60,000,000 in the aggregate into the Hazardous Waste Fund and the Brownfields Redevelopment Fund for improvements in accordance with the provisions of Titles V and XVII of the Environmental Protection Act.

(e) The amount specified in paragraph (a) above shall include an amount necessary to pay reasonable expenses of each issuance and sale of the Bonds, as specified in the related Bond Sale Order (hereinafter defined).

(f) Any unexpended proceeds from any sale of Bonds which are held in the Build Illinois Bond Fund may be used to redeem, purchase, advance refund, or defease any Bonds outstanding.

(Source: P.A. 91-39, eff. 6-15-99; 91-53, eff. 6-30-99; 91-709, eff. 5-17-00; 92-9, eff. 6-11-01; 92-598, eff. 6-28-02.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Trotter offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3053

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 3053, AS AMENDED, in Section 5, in Sec. 2, in the first paragraph, by replacing "\$31,514,441,299 ~~\$27,658,149,369~~" with "\$31,014,441,200 ~~\$27,658,149,369~~".

[April 6, 2006]

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING OF BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Trotter, **Senate Bill No. 3053**, having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the negative by the following vote:

Yeas 32; Nays 26.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Clayborne	Haine	Martinez	Sullivan
Collins	Halvorson	Meeks	Trotter
Crotty	Harmon	Munoz	Viverito
Cullerton	Hendon	Raoul	Wilhelmi
del Valle	Hunter	Ronen	Mr. President
DeLeo	Jacobs	Sandoval	
Demuzio	Lightford	Schoenberg	
Forby	Link	Shadid	
Garrett	Maloney	Silverstein	

The following voted in the negative:

Althoff	Dillard	Pankau	Rutherford
Axley	Geo-Karis	Peterson	Sieben
Bomke	Jones, J.	Petka	Syverson
Brady	Jones, W.	Radogno	Watson
Burzynski	Lauzen	Righter	Winkel
Cronin	Luechtefeld	Risinger	
Dahl	Millner	Roskam	

This bill, having failed to receive the vote of three-fifths of the members elected, was declared lost, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

COMMITTEE MEETING ANNOUNCEMENTS

Senator Crotty, Chairperson of the Committee on Local Government, announced that the Local Government Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 9:00 o'clock a.m.

Senator Collins, Chairperson of the Committee on Financial Institutions, announced that the Financial Institutions Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room 400, at 11:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Harmon, Vice-Chairperson of the Committee on Judiciary, announced that the Judiciary Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room 212, at 9:30 o'clock a.m.

Senator Demuzio, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities, announced that the Licensed Activities Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 11:00 o'clock a.m.

[April 6, 2006]

Senator Ronen, Chairperson of the Committee on Health & Human Services, announced that the Health & Human Services Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room 400, at 10:00 o'clock a.m.

Senator Lightford, Chairperson of the Committee on Education, announced that the Education Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room 212, at 9:00 o'clock a.m.

Senator Hunter, Member of the Committee on State Government, announced that the State Government Committee will meet Friday, April 7, 2006, in Room A-1 Stratton Building, at 10:30 o'clock a.m.

COMMUNICATION

Illinois State Senate
DON HARMON
Senator
39th District

April 6, 2006

The Honorable Linda Hawker
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403 Capitol Building
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Ms. Hawker:

This afternoon, I voted "yes" on Senate Bill 2290, relating to housing bonds. Among the many proponents of the bill was the Illinois Housing Development Authority. While I do not believe that my vote raises a conflict of interest, I would ask that the record reflect that the law firm that employees me does represent the Illinois Housing Development Authority from time to time in particular bond transactions. Please let the record so reflect.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon

At the hour of 8:40 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand adjourned until Friday, April 7, 2006, at 12:00 o'clock noon

[April 6, 2006]