



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

**ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL
ASSEMBLY**

2ND LEGISLATIVE DAY

Perfunctory Session

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 2021

10:36 O'CLOCK A.M.

SENATE
Daily Journal Index
2nd Legislative Day

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The Senate met pursuant to the directive of the President.
Pursuant to Senate Rule 2-5(c)2, the Secretary of the Senate conducted the perfunctory session.
Silent prayer was observed.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706
217-782-2728

160 N. LASALLE ST., STE. 720
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601
312-814-2075

January 28, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 2-10, I am scheduling a Perfunctory Session to convene on Friday, January 29, 2021.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader-Designate Dan McConchie

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706
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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60601
312-814-2075

January 15, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 2-4, I appoint the following Senators to serve on Democratic Leadership:

Majority Leader	Senator Kimberly A. Lightford
Assistant Majority Leader and President Pro Tempore	Senator Bill Cunningham
Deputy Majority Leader	Senator Laura Murphy
Deputy Majority Leader	Senator Emil Jones, III

[January 29, 2021]

Assistant Majority Leader	Senator Antonio "Tony" Munoz
Assistant Majority Leader	Senator Linda Holmes
Assistant Majority Leader	Senator Dave Koehler
Assistant Majority Leader	Senator Jacqueline Y. Collins
Majority Caucus Chair	Senator Mattie Hunter
Majority Caucus Whip	Senator Michael E. Hastings
Majority Caucus Whip	Senator Napoleon Harris, III
Majority Caucus Whip	Senator Omar Aquino
Majority Caucus Whip	Senator Julie Morrison

These appointments are effective immediately. If you have any questions regarding these appointments, please contact my Chief of Staff Jake Butcher.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Dan McConchie
Comptroller's Office

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

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January 15, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 3-2(a) and 3-5(a), listed below are the Committees and their respective chairs for the Illinois State Senate for the 102nd General Assembly:

<u>Senate Committee</u>	<u>Chair</u>
Agriculture	Sen. Patrick J. Joyce
Appropriations	Sen. Elgie R. Sims Jr.
Assignments	Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford
Behavioral and Mental Health	Sen. Laura Fine
Commerce	Sen. Suzy Glowiak Hilton
Criminal Law	Sen. John Connor
Education	Sen. Christopher Belt
Energy and Public Utilities	Sen. Michael E. Hastings
Environment and Conservation	Sen. Melinda Bush
Ethics	Sen. Ann Gillespie
Executive Appointments	Sen. Laura Murphy
Executive	Sen. Cristina Castro
Financial Institutions	Sen. Laura Ellman
Health	Sen. Julie Morrison

[January 29, 2021]

Healthcare Access and Availability	Sen. Patricia Van Pelt
Higher Education	Sen. Scott M. Bennett
Human Rights	Sen. Celina Villanueva
Insurance	Sen. Napoleon Harris III
Judiciary	Sen. Rachele Crowe
Labor	Sen. Andy Manar
Licensed Activities	Sen. Emil Jones III
Local Government	Sen. Steve Stadelman
Pensions	Sen. Robert F. Martwick
Public Safety	Sen. Robert Peters
Redistricting	Sen. Omar Aquino
Revenue	Sen. Heather A. Steans
State Government	Sen. Steven M. Landek
Tourism and Hospitality	Sen. Sara Feigenholtz
Transportation	Sen. Ram Villivalam
Veterans Affairs	Sen. Thomas Cullerton

If you have any questions regarding these appointments, please contact my Chief of Staff Jake Butcher.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Dan McConchie
Comptroller's Office

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

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January 21, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 2-10 and SJR 1, Session scheduled for the following days is cancelled:

- Tuesday, January 26th, 2021;
- Wednesday, January 27th, 2021; and
- Thursday, January 28th, 2021.

The Senate will reconvene on Tuesday, February 9th, 2021.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon

[January 29, 2021]

Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Dan McConchie

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

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January 28, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Secretary Anderson:

Pursuant to Senate Rules 3-1(d) and 3-2(a), I hereby appoint Senator Linda Holmes to serve as chair of the Senate Labor Committee to fill the vacancy created by hte resignation of Senator Andy Manar from the Senate. This appointment is effective immediately. If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff Jake Butcher.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Dan McConchie

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

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January 28, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403, State House
Springfield, Illinois 62704

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 3-1(b), detailed below is the number of Democrat and Republican members of the Illinois Senate that may be appointed to each of the Senate Committees of the 102nd General Assembly.

<u>Committee</u>	<u>Democratic Members</u>	<u>Republican Members</u>
Agriculture	9	5

[January 29, 2021]

Assignments	4	2
Behavioral and Mental Health	7	4
Commerce	8	4
Criminal Law	7	3
Education	10	5
Energy and Public Utilities	15	8
Environment and Conservation	7	3
Ethics	8	4
Executive	11	6
Executive Appointments	5	3
Financial Institutions	6	3
Health	10	6
Healthcare Access and Availability	7	3
Higher Education	9	6
Human Rights	6	3
Insurance	10	5
Judiciary	6	3
Labor	13	5
Licensed Activities	6	3
Local Government	6	3
Pensions	6	3
Public Safety	5	3
Revenue	7	4
State Government	6	3
Tourism and Hospitality	6	3
Transportation	13	7
Veterans Affairs	4	2

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff Jake Butcher.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Dan McConchie

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
DON HARMON
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

327 STATE CAPITOL
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January 28, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 403, State House
Springfield, Illinois 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rules 3-2(a) and 3-5(c), I am making the following appointments, to be effective immediately, to the 102nd General Assembly Standing Committees:

[January 29, 2021]

AGRICULTURE

Senator Patrick J. Joyce, Chair
 Senator David Koehler, Vice-Chair
 Senator Scott M. Bennett
 Senator Bill Cunningham
 Senator Laura Ellman
 Senator Linda Holmes
 Senator Patricia Van Pelt
 Senator Karina Villa

ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Kimberly A. Lightford, Chair
 Senator Bill Cunningham, Vice-Chair
 Senator Antonio Muñoz
 Senator Laura M. Murphy

BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Senator Laura Fine, Chair
 Senator Karina Villa, Vice-Chair
 Senator Meg Loughran Cappel
 Senator Sara Feigenholtz
 Senator Mattie Hunter
 Senator Adriane Johnson
 Senator Heather A. Steans

COMMERCE

Senator Suzy Glowiak Hilton, Chair
 Senator Napoleon Harris III, Vice-Chair
 Senator Meg Loughran Cappel
 Senator Cristina Castro
 Senator Ann Gillespie
 Senator Adriane Johnson
 Senator Laura M. Murphy
 Senator Steven Stadelman

CRIMINAL LAW

Senator John Connor, Chair
 Senator Elgie R. Sims Jr., Vice-Chair
 Senator Christopher Belt
 Senator Jacqueline Y. Collins
 Senator Robert F. Martwick
 Senator Robert Peters
 Senator Patricia Van Pelt

EDUCATION

Senator Christopher Belt, Chair
 Senator Meg Loughran Cappel, Vice-Chair
 Senator Omar Aquino
 Senator Melinda Bush
 Senator Michael E. Hastings
 Senator David Koehler
 Senator Kimberly A. Lightford
 Senator Robert F. Martwick
 Senator Cristina H. Pacione-Zayas
 Senator Karina Villa

[January 29, 2021]

ENERGY AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

Senator Michael E. Hastings, Chair
 Senator Laura Ellman, Vice-Chair
 Senator Omar Aquino
 Senator Christopher Belt
 Senator Cristina Castro
 Senator Thomas Cullerton
 Senator Bill Cunningham
 Senator Napoleon Harris, III
 Senator Mattie Hunter
 Senator Emil Jones, III
 Senator Patrick J. Joyce
 Senator David Koehler
 Senator Antonio Muñoz
 Senator Patricia Van Pelt
 Senator Ram Villivalam

ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION

Senator Melinda Bush, Chair
 Senator Adriane Johnson, Vice-Chair
 Senator Laura Fine
 Senator Robert F. Martwick
 Senator Julie A. Morrison
 Senator Laura M. Murphy
 Senator Robert Peters

ETHICS

Senator Ann Gillespie, Chair
 Senator Mattie Hunter, Vice-Chair
 Senator Bill Cunningham
 Senator Suzy Glowiak Hilton
 Senator Adriane Johnson
 Senator Steven M. Landek
 Senator Julie A. Morrison
 Senator Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

EXECUTIVE

Senator Cristina Castro, Chair
 Senator Bill Cunningham, Vice-Chair
 Senator Omar Aquino
 Senator Don Harmon
 Senator Napoleon Harris, III
 Senator Michael E. Hastings
 Senator Linda Holmes
 Senator Mattie Hunter
 Senator Kimberly A. Lightford
 Senator Antonio Muñoz
 Senator Laura M. Murphy

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS

Senator Laura M. Murphy, Chair
 Senator Mattie Hunter, Vice-Chair
 Senator Omar Aquino
 Senator Scott M. Bennett
 Senator Bill Cunningham

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Senator Laura Ellman, Chair
 Senator Jacqueline Y. Collins, Vice-Chair
 Senator John Connor
 Senator Emil Jones, III
 Senator Julie A. Morrison
 Senator Laura M. Murphy

HEALTH

Senator Julie A. Morrison, Chair
 Senator Patrick J. Joyce, Vice-Chair
 Senator Sara Feigenholtz
 Senator Laura Fine
 Senator Ann Gillespie
 Senator Napoleon Harris, III
 Senator David Koehler
 Senator Cristina H. Pacione-Zayas
 Senator Robert Peters
 Senator Karina Villa

HEALTHCARE ACCESS AND AVAILABILITY

Senator Patricia Van Pelt, Chair
 Senator Heather A. Steans, Vice-Chair
 Senator Cristina Castro
 Senator John Connor
 Senator Laura Fine
 Senator Mattie Hunter
 Senator Ram Villivalam

HIGHER EDUCATION

Senator Scott M. Bennett, Chair
 Senator Cristina H. Pacione-Zayas, Vice-Chair
 Senator Omar Aquino
 Senator Bill Cunningham
 Senator Laura Ellman
 Senator Kimberly A. Lightford
 Senator Laura M. Murphy
 Senator Steven Stadelman
 Senator Celina Villanueva

HUMAN RIGHTS

Senator Celina Villanueva, Chair
 Senator Ram Villivalam, Vice-Chair
 Senator Omar Aquino
 Senator John Connor
 Senator Cristina H. Pacione-Zayas
 Senator Robert Peters

INSURANCE

Senator Napoleon Harris III, Chair
 Senator Antonio Muñoz, Vice-Chair
 Senator Christopher Belt
 Senator Cristina Castro
 Senator Thomas Cullerton
 Senator Sara Feigenholtz

[January 29, 2021]

Senator Laura Fine
 Senator Ann Gillespie
 Senator Michael E. Hastings
 Senator Steven M. Landek

JUDICIARY

Senator Rachelle Crowe, Chair
 Senator John Connor, Vice-Chair
 Senator Scott M. Bennett
 Senator Michael E. Hastings
 Senator Robert F. Martwick
 Senator Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

LABOR

Senator Linda Holmes, Chair
 Senator Celina Villanueva, Vice-Chair
 Senator Christopher Belt
 Senator Scott M. Bennett
 Senator Melinda Bush
 Senator Meg Loughran Cappel
 Senator Cristina Castro
 Senator Rachelle Crowe
 Senator Patrick J. Joyce
 Senator David Koehler
 Senator Kimberly A. Lightford
 Senator Laura M. Murphy
 Senator Robert Peters

LICENSED ACTIVITIES

Senator Emil Jones III, Chair
 Senator Suzy Glowiak Hilton, Vice-Chair
 Senator Christopher Belt
 Senator Rachelle Crowe
 Senator Sara Feigenholtz
 Senator Ram Villivalam

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Senator Steven Stadelman, Chair
 Senator Laura M. Murphy, Vice-Chair
 Senator Ann Gillespie
 Senator Linda Holmes
 Senator Patrick J. Joyce
 Senator Steven M. Landek

PENSIONS

Senator Robert F. Martwick, Chair
 Senator Sara Feigenholtz, Vice-Chair
 Senator John Connor
 Senator Napoleon Harris, III
 Senator Karina Villa
 Senator Ram Villivalam

PUBLIC SAFETY

Senator Robert Peters, Chair
 Senator Emil Jones III, Vice-Chair
 Senator Adriane Johnson

Senator Elgie R. Sims Jr.
Senator Celina Villanueva

REVENUE

Senator Heather A. Steans, Chair
Senator Steve Stadelman, Vice-Chair
Senator Melinda Bush
Senator Robert F. Martwick
Senator Cristina H. Pacione-Zayas
Senator Robert Peters
Senator Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

STATE GOVERNMENT

Senator Steven M. Landek, Chair
Senator Scott M. Bennett, Vice-Chair
Senator Meg Loughran Cappel
Senator Thomas Cullerton
Senator Patricia Van Pelt

TOURSIM AND HOSPITALITY

Senator Sara Feigenholtz, Chair
Senator Rachelle Crowe, Vice-Chair
Senator Suzy Glowiak Hilton
Senator Steven Stadelman
Senator Heather A. Steans

TRANSPORTATION

Senator Ram Villivalam, Chair
Senator Melinda Bush, Vice-Chair
Senator Christopher Belt
Senator Jacqueline Y. Collins
Senator Thomas Cullerton
Senator Laura Ellman
Senator Suzy Glowiak Hilton
Senator Mattie Hunter
Senator Adriane Johnson
Senator Emil Jones, III
Senator Steven Stadelman
Senator Celina Villanueva

VETERANS AFFAIRS

Senator Thomas Cullerton, Chair
Senator Rachelle Crowe
Senator Antonio Muñoz

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff Jake Butcher.

Sincerely,
s/Don Harmon
Don Harmon
Senate President

cc: Governor JB Pritzker
Senate Republican Leader Dan McConchie
House Speaker Emanuel "Chris" Welch
House Republican Leader Jim Durkin
Secretary of State-Index Division

[January 29, 2021]

COGFA
Legislative Reference Bureau
Clerk of the House

COMMUNICATION FROM THE MINORITY LEADER

ILLINOIS STATE SENATE

DISTRICT OFFICE:
325 N. Rand Rd, Suite B
Lake Zurich, IL 60047
(224) 662-4544

CAPITOL OFFICE:
309H State Capitol
Springfield, IL 62706
(217) 782-8010

Dan McConchie
STATE SENATOR · 26TH DISTRICT

January 21, 2021

The Honorable Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
403 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Secretary Anderson:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 2-4, I appoint the following Senators to serve on the Republican Leadership:

Deputy Leader	Senator Sue Rezin
Caucus Chair	Senator Jason Barickman
Assistant Republican Leader	Senator Donald DeWitte
Assistant Republican Leader	Senator Steve McClure
Assistant Republican Leader	Senator Jason Plummer
Assistant Republican Leader	Senator Chapin Rose
Republican Caucus Whip	Senator Dave Syverson
Republican Caucus Whip	Senator Jill Tracy

These appointments are effective immediately. If you have any questions regarding these appointments please contact my Chief of Staff Dale Righter.

Sincerely,
s/Dan McConchie
Dan McConchie
Illinois Senate Republican Leader

cc: Senate President Don Harmon
Comptroller's Office

SPRINGFIELD OFFICE:
309G STATE HOUSE
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706
(217) 782-8010

DISTRICT OFFICE:
329 N. RAND ROAD, SUITE B
LAKE ZURICH, ILLINOIS 60047
(224) 662-4544

[January 29, 2021]

**ILLINOIS STATE SENATE
DAN McCONCHIE
SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER
26TH SENATE DISTRICT**

January 27, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 3-2, please be advised that I have made the following **Minority Spokesperson** appointments, to be effective immediately, to the 102nd General Assembly Senate Committees.

AGRICULTURE

Senator Darren Bailey

APPROPRIATIONS

Senator Chapin Rose

ASSIGNMENTS

Senator John Curran

BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Senator Terri Bryant

COMMERCE

Senator Dale Fowler

CRIMINAL LAW

Senator Steve McClure

EDUCATION

Senator Sue Rezin

ENERGY AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

Senator Sue Rezin

ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION

Senator Jil Tracy

ETHICS

Senator John Curran

EXECUTIVE

Senator Jason Barickman

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS

Senator Jason Plummer

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Senator Jason Plummer

[January 29, 2021]

HEALTH

Senator Dave Syverson

HEALTHCARE ACCESS AND AVAILABILITY

Senator Dave Syverson

HIGHER EDUCATION

Senator Dale Fowler

HUMAN RIGHTS

Senator Sue Rezin

INSURANCE

Senator Dave Syverson

JUDICIARY

Senator Jil Tracy

LABOR

Senator Chapin Rose

LICENSED ACTIVITIES

Senator Neil Anderson

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Senator Craig Wilcox

PENSIONS

Senator Brian W. Stewart

PUBLIC SAFETY

Senator Neil Anderson

REDISTRICTING

Senator Jason A. Barickman

REVENUE

Senator Donald P. DeWitte

STATE GOVERNMENT

Senator Win Stoller

TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY

Senator Sally Turner

TRANSPORTATION

Senator Donald DeWitte

VETERANS AFFAIRS

Senator Craig Wilcox

Sincerely,

s/Dan McConchie

Dan McConchie

Illinois Senate Republican Leader

[January 29, 2021]

26th District

Cc: Governor JB Pritzker
Senate President Don Harmon
House Speaker Chris Welch
House Republican Leader Jim Durkin
Secretary of State-Index Division
Legislative Research Unit
Legislative Reference Bureau
Clerk of the House

SPRINGFIELD OFFICE:
309G STATE HOUSE
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706
(217) 782-8010

DISTRICT OFFICE:
329 N. RAND ROAD, SUITE B
LAKE ZURICH, ILLINOIS 60047
(224) 662-4544

**ILLINOIS STATE SENATE
DAN McCONCHIE
SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER
26TH SENATE DISTRICT**

January 27, 2021

Mr. Tim Anderson
401 State House
Springfield, Illinois 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Senate Rule 3-2(a) and 3-5(c), please be advised that I have made the following appointments, to be effective immediately, to the 102nd General Assembly Senate Committees.

AGRICULTURE

Senator Darren Bailey, (MS)
Senator Terri Bryant
Senator Steve McClure
Senator Brian Stewart
Senator Jil Tracy

ASSIGNMENTS

Senator John Curran, (MS)
Senator Jason Barickman

BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH

Senator Terri Bryant
Senator Dave Syverson
Senator Donald DeWitte
Senator Jason Plummer

COMMERCE

Senator Dale Fowler, (MS)
Senator Neil Anderson
Senator Donald DeWitte
Senator Jason Plummer

[January 29, 2021]

CRIMINAL LAW

Senator Steve McClure
Senator Neil Anderson
Senator Jil Tracy

EDUCATION

Senator Sue Rezin, (MS)
Senator Darren Bailey
Senator Terri Bryant
Senator Dale Fowler
Senator Jil Tracy

ENERGY AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

Senator Sue Rezin, (MS)
Senator Neil Anderson
Senator Darren Bailey
Senator Jason Barickman
Senator Dale Fowler
Senator Steve McClure
Senator Brian Stewart
Senator Craig Wilcox

ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION

Senator Jil Tracy, (MS)
Senator Jason Plummer
Senator Win Stoller

ETHICS

Senator John Curran, (MS)
Senator Terri Bryant
Senator Jil Tracy
Senator SallyTurner

EXECUTIVE

Senator Jason A. Barickman, (MS)
Senator Dan McConchie
Senator Don DeWitte
Senator Sue Rezin
Senator Dave Syverson
Senator Jil Tracy

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS

Senator Jason Plummer, (MS)
Senator Terri Bryant
Senator Steve McClure

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Senator Jason Plummer, (MS)
Senator Brian Stewart
Senator Craig Wilcox

HEALTH

Senator Dave Syverson, (MS)
Senator Darren Bailey
Senator Terri Bryant

Senator John Curran
Senator Jason Plummer
Senator Sue Rezin

HEALTHCARE ACCESS AND AVAILABILITY

Senator Dave Syverson, (MS)
Senator John Curran
Senator Brian Stewart

HIGHER EDUCATION

Senator Dale Fowler, (MS)
Senator Darren Bailey
Senator John Curran
Senator Chapin Rose
Senator Win Stoller
Senator Sally Turner

HUMAN RIGHTS

Senator Sue Rezin, (MS)
Senator Sally Turner
Senator Craig Wilcox

INSURANCE

Senator Dave Syverson, (MS)
Senator Jason Barickman
Senator John F. Curran
Senator Sue Rezin
Senator Chapin Rose

JUDICIARY

Senator Jil Tracy, (MS)
Senator Jason Barickman
Senator Brian Stewart

LABOR

Senator Chapin Rose, (MS)
Senator Darren Bailey
Senator Jason Barickman
Senator Jason Plummer
Senator Craig Wilcox

LICENSED ACTIVITIES

Senator Neil Anderson, (MS)
Senator John Curran
Senator Chapin Rose

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Senator Craig Wilcox, (MS)
Senator Don DeWitte
Senator Steve McClure

PENSIONS

Senator Brian Stewart, (MS)
Senator Don DeWitte
Senator Win Stoller

[January 29, 2021]

PUBLIC SAFETY

Senator Neil Anderson, (MS)
Senator Win Stoller
Senator Sally Turner

REVENUE

Senator Don DeWitte, (MS)
Senator Win Stoller
Senator Jil Tracy
Senator Sally Turner

STATE GOVERNMENT

Senator Win Stoller, (MS)
Senator Sally Turner
Senator Craig Wilcox

TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY

Senator Sally Turner, (MS)
Senator Terri Bryant
Senator Dave Syverson

TRANSPORTATION

Senator Don DeWitte, (MS)
Senator Neil Anderson
Senator Dale Fowler
Senator Steve McClure
Senator Chapin Rose
Senator Win Stoller
Senator Craig Wilcox

VETERANS AFFAIRS

Senator Craig Wilcox, (MS)
Senator Brian Stewart

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff, Dale Righter, at 217-782-8184

Sincerely,

s/Dan McConchie

Dan McConchie

Senate Republican Leader

26th District

cc: Governor JB Pritzker
Senate President Don Harmon
House Speaker Chris Welch
House Republican Leader Jim Durkin
Secretary of State-Index Division
Legislative Research Unit
Legislative Reference Bureau
Clerk of the House

COMMUNICATION

ILLINOIS STATE SENATOR
HEATHER A. STEANS
DISTRICT 7

January 19, 2021

Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
State Capitol Building
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Secretary Anderson:

This letter is to inform you of my resignation as state senator of the 7th district of Illinois effective January 31, 2021. I have been my greatest honor to represent the residents of the 7th district.

Sincerely,
s/Heather A. Steans
Heather A. Steans
State Senator - District 7

Cc: Secretary of State Jesse White
Senate President Don Harmon

MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR

**OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
207 STATE HOUSE
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62706**

**JB PRITZKER
GOVERNOR**

January 29, 2021

To the Honorable
Members of the Senate
One-Hundred and Second General Assembly

Mr. President:

On January 24, 2020, appointment message 101-457 nominating Carla Barnes as Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority was delivered to your Honorable Body. As of the date of this letter, it is my understanding that the Senate has not taken action on this nomination.

Please be advised that the Appointment Message, for which concurrence in and confirmation of your Honorable Body was sought, is hereby withdrawn, effective on January 13, 2021.

Sincerely,
s/JB Pritzker
Governor

[January 29, 2021]

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 7

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Jeffrey Connell.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 8

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Mark Cummings.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 9

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of James Edwin "Jim" Falline.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 10

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Robert Logsdon Sr.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 11

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Richard Manasco.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 12

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Wesley Peebler.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 13

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Thomas Schilling.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 14

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Edward P. Short.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 15

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Dannie Shryack.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 16

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Ray Torri.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 17

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Richard Evans.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 18

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Norman Kelly.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 19

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of Charlie D. Jackson.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 20

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:

Mourns the passing of Darcella Leihokualoha "Darcy" (See) Peterson.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 21

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Savino Sierra.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 22

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Duncan Leitch.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 23

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Frank J. Mavetz.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 24

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Rev. Betty Anne Hornback of Pekin.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 25

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of Richard Wayne "Rick" Glass.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 26

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the passing of Gerald Allan Caldwell.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 27

Offered by Senator Koehler and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Joseph William "Bill" Sharpe of Peoria.

By direction of the Secretary, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

Senator McConchie offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 6

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that the Rules of the Senate of the 102nd General Assembly are amended by changing Rules 2-5, 3-4, 3-8, 3-11, 3-12, and 7-9 and by adding Rules 11-3, 11-4, 11-5, 11-6, 11-7, 11-8, and 11-9 as follows:

(Senate Rule 2-5)

2-5. Powers and Duties of the President.

(a) The President shall have those powers conferred upon him or her by the Constitution, the laws of Illinois, and any motions or resolutions adopted by the Senate or jointly by the Senate and House.

(b) Except as provided by law with respect to the Senate Operations Commission, the President is the chief administrative officer of the Senate and shall have those powers necessary to carry out that function. The President may delegate his or her administrative duties as he or she deems appropriate.

(c) The powers and duties of the President shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

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(1) To preside at all sessions of the Senate, although the President may call on any member to preside temporarily.

(2) To open the session at the time at which the Senate is to meet by taking the podium and calling the members to order. The President may call on any member, or the Secretary in case of perfunctory session, to open the session.

(3) To announce the business before the Senate in the order in which it is to be acted upon. At the beginning of each legislative day, the President shall announce the bills the Senate shall consider for final action on that day and the order of their consideration. Once announced, this order is not subject to change except by vote of two-thirds of the members present. No bill not included on the President's Daily Final Action Calendar shall be heard on that day.

(4) To recognize those members entitled to the floor.

(5) To state and put to vote all questions that are regularly moved or that necessarily arise in the course of the proceedings, and to announce the result of the vote.

(6) To preserve order and decorum.

(7) To decide all points of order, subject to appeal, and to speak thereon in preference to other members.

(8) To inform the Senate when necessary, or when any question is raised, on any point of order or practice pertinent to the pending business.

(9) To sign or authenticate all acts, proceedings, or orders of the Senate. All writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the Senate or one of its committees shall be signed by the President and attested by the Secretary.

(10) To sign all bills passed by both chambers of the General Assembly in order to certify that the procedural requirements for passage have been met.

(11) To have general supervision, including the duty to protect the security and safety, of the Senate chamber, galleries, and adjoining and connecting hallways and passages, including the power to clear them when necessary.

(12) To have general supervision of the Secretary and his or her assistants, the Sergeant-at-Arms and his or her assistants, the majority caucus staff, and all employees of the Senate except the minority caucus staff.

(13) To determine the number of majority caucus members and minority caucus members to be appointed to all committees, except the Committee on Assignments created by Rule 3-5.

(14) To appoint or replace all majority caucus members of committees and to designate all Chairpersons, Co-Chairpersons, and Vice-Chairpersons of committees, except as the Senate otherwise orders in accordance with these Senate Rules.

(15) To enforce all constitutional provisions, statutes, rules, and regulations applicable to the Senate.

(16) To guide and direct the proceedings of the Senate subject to the control and will of the members as provided in these Senate Rules.

(17) To direct the Secretary during regular session, veto session, special session, or perfunctory session to read into the Senate record legislative measures and other papers.

(18) To direct the Secretary to correct non-substantive errors in the Journal.

(19) To assign meeting places and meeting times to committees.

(20) To decide, subject to the control and will of the members in accordance with these Senate Rules, all questions relating to the priority of business.

(21) To appoint a parliamentarian to serve at the pleasure of the President.

(22) To promulgate forms for nominees subject to the advice and consent of the Senate, for temporary appointment messages, and for messages designating acting appointees.

(23) To promulgate forms for members of the Senate to disclose conflicts under the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

(d) This Rule may be suspended by a vote of three-fifths of the members elected.

(Source: S.R. 2, 102nd G.A.)

(Senate Rule 3-4)

3-4. Standing Committees. The Standing Committees of the Senate are as follows:

The Committee on AGRICULTURE shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to animals, animal disease, pest control, agriculture, food production, and soil and water.

The Committee on APPROPRIATIONS I shall consider and report upon all bills and matters referred to it relating to general appropriations and disbursement of public money.

The Committee on APPROPRIATIONS II shall consider and report upon all bills and matters referred to it relating to general appropriations and disbursement of public money.

The Committee on COMMERCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to business regulation, consumer protection, commerce, and economic development.

The Committee on CRIMINAL LAW shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to criminal laws, probate, and corrections.

The Committee on EDUCATION shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to kindergarten, elementary, secondary, and vocational education and schools.

The Committee on ENERGY AND PUBLIC UTILITIES shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to energy, energy policy planning and regulation, and public utilities.

The Committee on ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the air, water and other natural resources of the state, conservation, recreation, pollution control, fisheries and game, state parks and forests, and water resources and flood and erosion control.

The Committee on GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY AND ETHICS shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to ethics, good government, and government accountability.

The EXECUTIVE Committee shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to elections, constitutional amendments, gaming, cannabis, and liquor.

The Committee on EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to nominations, appointments by the Governor and all other appointments requiring confirmation.

The Committee on FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to banks and banking, savings and loan associations, stocks, bonds, and other securities, securities dealers, partnerships and corporations, and home mortgage financing.

The Committee on HUMAN SERVICES shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to public assistance, youth services, day care programs, foster care, homelessness, and the promotion and general well-being of youth, families, and the elderly.

The Committee on HIGHER EDUCATION shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to public and independent institutions of higher education, private occupational schools, and post-secondary education.

The Committee on INSURANCE shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to insurance.

The Committee on JUDICIARY shall consider matters pertaining to state and local courts, court clerks and stenographers and other employees of the courts, civil procedures, adoption, divorce, bankruptcy, escheat, law libraries, deeds, mortgages, conveyancing, preservation of land records and other public documents, and other issues directly related to the judicial system.

The Committee on LABOR shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to labor-management relations, industrial safety, unemployment compensation, and workers' compensation.

The Committee on LICENSED ACTIVITIES shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to licensed professions and industries.

The Committee on LOCAL GOVERNMENT shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to local governments.

The Committee on PENSIONS shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to the regulation and administration of public pensions.

The Committee on PUBLIC HEALTH shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to public health, emergency medical services, nursing homes, vaccinations, and like issues.

The Committee on REVENUE shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to levying, increasing, reducing, collecting, enforcing, and administrating taxes and other revenue-producing measures.

The Committee on STATE GOVERNMENT shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to state government and state agencies, except where the subject matter relates more appropriately to another committee, state procurement, statutory revisions, and the management of state facilities and property.

The Committee on TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to technology, telecommunications, and the regulatory and privacy issues involved with technology and telecommunications.

The Committee on TRANSPORTATION shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to motor vehicles; traffic regulation, highways, railways, airports, air transportation, common carriers or other forms of transportation, and ports, harbors, and docks.

The Committee on VETERANS AFFAIRS shall consider and report upon bills and matters referred to it relating to military affairs, the National Guard, Reserve and veterans.

~~AGRICULTURE~~

~~APPROPRIATIONS~~

~~BEHAVIORAL AND MENTAL HEALTH~~

~~COMMERCE~~

~~CRIMINAL LAW~~

~~EDUCATION~~

~~ENERGY AND PUBLIC UTILITIES~~

~~ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION~~

~~ETHICS~~

~~EXECUTIVE~~

~~EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS~~

~~FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS~~

~~HEALTH~~

~~HEALTHCARE ACCESS AND AVAILABILITY~~

~~HUMAN RIGHTS~~

~~HIGHER EDUCATION~~

~~INSURANCE~~

~~JUDICIARY~~

~~LABOR~~

~~LICENSED ACTIVITIES~~

~~LOCAL GOVERNMENT~~

~~PENSIONS~~

~~PUBLIC SAFETY~~

~~REDISTRICTING~~

~~REVENUE~~

~~STATE GOVERNMENT~~

~~TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY~~

[January 29, 2021]

TRANSPORTATIONVETERANS AFFAIRS

(Source: S.R. 2, 102nd G.A.)

(Senate Rule 3-8)

3-8. Referrals to Committees.

(a) All Senate Bills and House Bills shall, after having been initially read by the Secretary, be automatically referred to the Committee on Assignments, which, at its next meeting, shall ~~may~~ thereafter refer any bill before it to the appropriate a committee. The Committee on Assignments shall ~~may~~ refer any resolution before it to the appropriate a committee or approve the resolution for consideration. The Committee on Assignments shall assign all Senate Bills and House Bills to the appropriate subject-matter committee. A committee's subject-matter jurisdiction extends to all matters reasonably comprehended in the name of the committee and pursuant to Rule 3-4. No bill or resolution may be referred to a committee except pursuant to this Rule or Rule 7-17. A standing or special committee may refer a matter pending in that committee to a subcommittee of that committee. When the Committee on Assignments is of the opinion that a legislative measure should be considered by more than one committee, at the time of referring it, the Committee may direct that when the committee to which it is referred completes its consideration thereof and makes a recommendation with respect thereto, the committee's report shall also recommend that it be referred to the additional committee or committees as directed by the Committee on Assignments. When a legislative measure is so reported, it shall automatically be referred as directed. Except for subcommittees created under Rule 3-3(a-5), the Committee on Assignments may not refer a legislative measure to any subcommittee of a standing or special committee.

(b) All floor amendments, joint action motions for final action, and conference committee reports shall, upon filing with the Secretary, be automatically referred to the Committee on Assignments. No such amendment, joint action motion, or conference committee report may be considered by the Senate unless approved for consideration by the Committee on Assignments. The Committee on Assignments may approve for consideration to the Senate any floor amendment, joint action motion for final action, or conference committee report that: (i) consists of language that has previously been favorably reported to the Senate by a committee; (ii) consists of technical or clarifying language; or (iii) consists of language deemed by the Committee on Assignments to be of an emergency nature, of substantial importance to the operation of government, or in the best interests of Illinois. The Committee on Assignments may refer any floor amendment, joint action motion for final action, or conference committee report to a committee for its review and consideration (in those instances, and notwithstanding any other provision of these Senate Rules, the committee may hold a hearing on and consider those legislative measures pursuant to twenty-four hours ~~one hour~~ advance notice, with the exception of amendments to appropriations bills which require seventy-two hour advance notice). Any floor amendment, joint action motion for final action, or conference committee report that is not approved for consideration or referred by the Committee on Assignments, and is attempted to be acted upon by a committee shall be out of order, except as provided for under Rule 8-4.

(b-1) A floor amendment filed by the chief sponsor of a bill shall be automatically referred to the standing committee from which the bill was reported (or to another standing committee as the Committee on Assignments may determine) upon adjournment of the Senate on the third regular session day following the day on which the floor amendment was filed, unless (i) the Committee on Assignments referred the floor amendment to a standing committee or acted on the floor amendment in the first instance and referred it to the Senate for consideration; (ii) the bill is no longer pending before the Senate; (iii) the floor amendment deals with the subject of appropriations or State revenue; or (iv) the Committee on Assignments has determined by a majority vote that the floor amendment substantively alters the nature and scope of the underlying bill. If the Committee on Assignments makes a determination under item (iv) of this subsection, then the Committee on Assignments shall ~~may, in its discretion, (A)~~ refer the floor amendment to the appropriate ~~any~~ standing committee or (B) not refer the floor amendment to any other committee.

(c) All committee amendments shall, upon filing with the Secretary, be automatically referred to the Committee on Assignments. No committee amendment may be considered by a committee unless the

committee amendment is referred to the committee by the Committee on Assignments and the committee amendment has first been made available electronically or otherwise for not less than twenty-four hours, with the exception of amendments to appropriations bills which require seventy-two hour advance notice one hour. Any committee amendment referred by the Committee on Assignments shall be referred to the committee before which the underlying bill or resolution is pending. Any committee amendment that is not referred by the Committee on Assignments to a committee, and is attempted to be acted upon by a committee shall be out of order.

(c-1) A committee amendment filed by the chief sponsor of a bill shall be automatically referred to the standing committee to which the bill was assigned upon adjournment of the Senate on the third regular session day following the day on which the committee amendment was filed, unless (i) the Committee on Assignments referred the committee amendment to the standing committee to which the bill was assigned; (ii) the bill is no longer pending before the committee; (iii) the committee amendment deals with the subject of appropriations or State revenue; or (iv) the Committee on Assignments has determined by a majority vote that the committee amendment substantively alters the nature and scope of the underlying bill. If the Committee on Assignments makes a determination under item (iv) of this subsection, then the Committee on Assignments shall ~~may, in its discretion, (A)~~ refer both the bill and the committee amendment to that appropriate ~~any standing committee or (B) not refer the committee amendment to any other committee.~~

(d) The Committee on Assignments may at any time re-refer a legislative measure from a committee to a Committee of the Whole or to any other appropriate committee. However, the Committee on Assignments may not re-refer a bill from a committee to a Committee of the Whole or any other committee unless the Chair of the committee to which the bill was originally referred consents in writing to the re-referral.

~~(d 5) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Senate Rules, any bill pending before the Committee on Assignments shall be immediately referred to the indicated standing committee if the chief sponsor of the bill files a discharge motion for that bill that is signed by no less than three fifths of the members of both the majority and minority caucus, and each of the members signing the discharge motion is a sponsor of the bill. This subsection does not apply to bills dealing with the subject of appropriations or State revenue.~~

(e) This Rule may be suspended by a vote of three-fifths of the members elected.
(Source: S.R. 2, 102nd G.A.)

(Senate Rule 3-11)
3-11. Committee Procedure.

(a) A committee may consider any legislative measure referred to it and may make with respect to that legislative measure one of the following reports to the Senate or to the parent committee, as appropriate:

- (1) that the bill "do pass";
- (2) that the bill "do not pass";
- (3) that the bill "do pass as amended";
- (4) that the bill "do not pass as amended";
- (5) that the resolution "be adopted";
- (6) that the resolution "be not adopted";
- (7) that the resolution "be adopted as amended";
- (8) that the resolution "be not adopted as amended";

(9) that the floor amendment, joint action motion, or conference committee report "recommend do adopt";

(10) that the floor amendment, joint action motion, or conference committee report "recommend do not adopt";

(11) "without recommendation";

(12) that the legislative measure "be re-referred to the Committee on Assignments";

(13) that the Appointment Message be reported "do recommend consent"; or

(14) that the Appointment Message be reported "do not recommend consent".

No second shall be required to any motion presented in committee. Any of the foregoing reports may only be made upon the concurrence of a majority of those appointed. All legislative measures reported "do pass", "do pass as amended", "be adopted", "be adopted as amended", or "be approved for consideration" shall be deemed favorably reported to the Senate. All Appointment Messages reported "do recommend consent", "do not recommend consent", or "without recommendation" shall be deemed reported to the Senate. Except as otherwise provided by these Senate Rules, any legislative measure referred to a committee and not reported pursuant to this Rule shall remain in that committee. Pursuant to Rules 3-11(g) and 7-10, a committee may report a legislative measure as tabled.

(b) No bill that provides for an appropriation or expenditure of money from the State Treasury may be considered for passage by the Senate unless it has first been reported to the Senate by an Appropriations Committee, unless:

(1) the bill was discharged from an Appropriations Committee in accordance with Rule 7-9;

(2) the bill was exempted from this requirement by a majority of those appointed to the Committee on Assignments; or

(3) this Rule was suspended in accordance with Rule 7-17.

(c) The Chair of each committee shall keep, or cause to be kept, a record in which there shall be entered:

(1) The time and place of each meeting of the committee.

(2) The attendance of committee members at each meeting.

(3) The votes cast by the committee members on all legislative measures acted upon by the committee.

(4) All witness slips that may have been presented to the committee.

(5) Such additional information as may be requested by the Secretary.

(d) The committee Chair shall file with the Secretary, along with every bill or resolution reported upon, a sheet containing such information as is required by the Secretary. The Secretary may adopt forms, policies, and procedures with respect to the preparation, filing, and maintenance of these reports.

(e) Except as provided in Rule 3-5 or 3-8 or unless this Rule is suspended pursuant to Rule 7-17, no committee may consider or conduct a hearing with respect to a legislative measure absent notice first being given as follows:

(1) The Chair of the committee shall, no later than six days before any proposed hearing, post a notice on the Senate bulletin board, or electronically make the notice available, identifying each legislative measure that may be considered during that hearing. The notice shall contain the day, hour, and place of the hearing.

(2) Meetings of the Committee on Assignments may be called pursuant to Rule 3-5; meetings of committees to consider floor amendments, joint action motions, and conference committee reports may be called pursuant to Rule 3-8.

(3) The Chair shall, in advance of a committee hearing, notify all principal sponsors of legislative measures posted for hearing of the date, time, and place of hearing. When practicable, the Secretary shall include a notice of all scheduled hearings, together with all posted bills and resolutions, in the Daily Calendar of the Senate.

Irrespective of whether a legislative measure has been posted for hearing, it shall be in order for a committee during any of its meetings to refer that legislative measure pending before it to a subcommittee of that committee.

(f) Other than the Committee on Assignments and properly convened committees as permitted by Rule 4-1(c), no committee may meet during any session of the Senate, and no commission created by Illinois law that has legislative membership may meet during any session of the Senate. A perfunctory session is not deemed to be a session for the purposes of this provision.

(g) Regardless of whether notice has been previously given, it is always in order for a committee to order any legislative measure pending before it to lie on the table when the principal sponsor so requests. When reported to the Senate, such committee action shall stand as the action of the Senate.

(h) When a committee fails to report a legislative measure pending before it to the Senate, or when a committee fails to hold a public hearing on a legislative measure pending before it, a majority of the committee, by written petition, may require the Chair to schedule a committee hearing to hear the bill or resolution and related subject-matter testimony ~~the exclusive means of bringing that legislative measure directly before the Senate for its consideration is pursuant to Rule 7-9.~~

(i) No legislative measure may be called for a vote in committee in the absence of the principal sponsor, except that, with the approval of the principal sponsor and the consent of the committee, a legislative measure may be called for a vote in committee by a chief cosponsor of the legislative measure or by a member of the committee who is a member of the same caucus as the principal sponsor.

(j) A committee may conduct a legislative investigation with regard to legislative measures pending before the committee.

(Source: S.R. 2, 102nd G.A.)

(Senate Rule 3-12)

3-12. Committee Reports.

(a) All bills favorably reported to the Senate from a committee or directed committees, or with respect to which a committee has been discharged, shall stand on the order of Second Reading unless otherwise ordered by the Senate, and may be amended only on Second Reading. Bills reported to the Senate from committee "do not pass", "do not pass as amended", or "without recommendation" shall lie on the table.

(b) All floor amendments, joint action motions, and conference committee reports favorably reported to the Senate from a committee shall be before the Senate and eligible for consideration by the Senate when it is on an appropriate order of business (floor amendments may be considered by the Senate only when the bill to be amended is on Second Reading). All floor amendments, joint action motions, and conference committee reports that are reported to the Senate from committee "recommend do not adopt" or "without recommendation" shall lie on the table.

(c) All resolutions favorably reported to the Senate from a committee, or with respect to which a committee has been discharged, shall stand on the order of Resolutions. All resolutions that are reported to the Senate from committee "be not adopted", "be not adopted as amended", or "without recommendation" shall lie on the table. Floor amendments to resolutions shall be subject to the same procedure applicable to floor amendments to bills.

(d) All Appointment Messages reported to the Senate from a committee or directed committees, or with respect to which a committee has been discharged, shall stand on the order of Executive Appointments.

(e) The minority of a committee may make a report in writing, signed by at least two members of the committee, setting forth succinctly the reasons for their dissent. The names of those members of the committee who concur with the minority report may be included in the report. Notice of a minority report must be given when the majority report is read and shall be recorded in the Journal of the Senate. A minority report must be filed with the Secretary of the Senate before the Third Reading and consideration of the bill or resolution dissented to and shall also become a part of the official archives of the Senate.
(Source: S.R. 2, 102nd G.A.)

(Senate Rule 7-9)

7-9. Discharge of Committee.

(a) A committee may be discharged from further consideration of a legislative measure by a vote of a majority three fifths of the members elected. Upon concurrence of a majority of those appointed, the Committee on Assignments may advance any legislative measure pending before it to the Senate without referral to another committee; however, the Committee on Assignments shall not so report any bill that has never been before a standing committee of the Senate.

(b) This Rule may be suspended by a vote of three-fifths of the members elected.

(Source: S.R. 2, 102nd G.A.)

(Senate Rule 11-3 new)

11-3. Special Investigating Committee.

(a) Disciplinary proceedings may be commenced by filing with the President and the Minority Leader a petition, signed by 3 or more members of the Senate, for a special investigating committee. The petition shall contain the alleged charge or charges that, if true, may subject the member named in the petition to disciplinary action by the Senate and may include any other factual information that supports the charge or charges.

(b) Upon filing the petition, a special investigating committee consisting of 6 members shall be created. The President shall appoint 3 members from the majority caucus and the Minority Leader shall appoint 3 members from the minority caucus. The President shall appoint the Chairperson from among the 6 members. Members signing the petition may not be appointed to the special investigating committee. If the President is the subject of inquiry of the Special Investigating Committee, the President shall not appoint any members and instead the majority caucus shall appoint 3 members to the committee. If the Minority Leader is the subject of inquiry of the Special Investigating Committee, the Minority Leader shall not appoint any members and instead the minority caucus shall appoint 3 members to the committee. The contents of a petition for a special investigating committee shall be confidential until the appointment of all members except as to the member named, the members signing it, the President, the Minority Leader, and the members of a special investigating committee.

(c) The Chairperson shall give reasonable notice of all meetings to the member named in the petition and to the public. All meetings of the special investigating committee shall be open to the public, unless, pursuant to Article IV, Section 5(c) of the Illinois Constitution, the Senate votes by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members to hold proceedings in executive session. The Secretary shall keep an audio recording and transcript of all meetings.

(d) The member named in the petition has the right to counsel during all meetings of the special investigating committee.

(e) The Chairperson may establish procedural rules (subject to the approval of the President). The Committee may, in the discretion of the Chairperson, administer oaths and compel by subpoena (subject to Rule 2-5(c)(9)) any person to appear and give testimony as a witness or produce papers, documents, or other materials relevant to the charge or charges.

(Senate Rule 11-4 new)

11-4. Investigation.

(a) At the initial meeting of the special investigating committee, the Chairperson shall enter the petition into the record.

(b) The special investigating committee shall conduct a thorough investigation of all charges alleged in the petition. The special investigating committee shall meet as often as necessary and consider any information or testimony it deems relevant to the charges alleged in the petition, regardless of whether such information was contained in the petition or is discovered through subsequent investigation.

(c) The special investigating committee shall give the member named in the petition an opportunity to be present at all meetings and to testify or otherwise present any relevant information.

(d) The special investigating committee shall determine if reasonable grounds exist to authorize charges against the member named in the petition that may result in disciplinary action by the Senate. The special investigating committee shall vote on each charge alleged in the petition by record vote. A motion to authorize a charge requires the affirmative vote of a majority of those appointed.

(Senate Rule 11-5 new)

11-5. Report of the Special Investigating Committee.

(a) The special investigating committee shall file with the Secretary a written report that includes, at a minimum, a summary of each charge alleged in the petition, the vote on each charge alleged in the petition, and the reasons the committee did or did not authorize each charge against the member. Any member of the special investigating committee may include a supplemental statement in the report, either concurring with or dissenting from all or part of the report, or explaining a reason for his or her vote on a charge. The report shall be signed by all of the members of the special investigating committee, regardless of their original vote in the committee proceedings on whether to authorize charges.

(b) If a majority of those appointed determines that reasonable grounds exist to authorize a charge or charges, then for each authorized charge the report shall include a statement of the authorized charge and any factual information supporting that charge. Within the report, the special investigating committee shall appoint 2 members of the Senate, one from the majority caucus and one from the minority caucus, who are not members of the special investigating committee and did not sign the petition, to be managers for the Senate at the hearing on the authorized charge or charges.

(Senate Rule 11-6 new)

11-6. Select Committee on Discipline.

(a) If a special investigating committee authorizes charges against any member of the Senate, the President and the Minority Leader shall appoint a select committee on discipline to hear and determine those charges. The select committee shall consist of 12 members of the Senate, 6 of whom shall be appointed by the President from the majority caucus and 6 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader from the minority caucus. The President shall appoint a Chairperson from among the 12 members. No member who signed the petition or served on the special investigating committee may be appointed to the select committee.

(b) All appointments to a select committee shall be completed and the select committee shall convene within 30 days after the filing of a report issued by the special investigating committee.

(c) The Chairperson shall give reasonable notice of all meetings to the member named in the petition and to the public. All meetings of the select committee shall be open to the public, unless, pursuant to

Article IV, Section 5(c) of the Illinois Constitution, the Senate votes by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members to hold proceedings in executive session. The Secretary shall keep an audio recording and transcript of all meetings.

(d) The Chairperson may establish procedural rules (subject to the approval of the President). The select committee may, at the discretion of the Chairperson, administer oaths and compel by subpoena (subject to Rule 2-5(c)(9)) any person to appear and give testimony as a witness or produce papers, documents, or other materials relevant to the charge or charges.

(Senate Rule 11-7 new)

11-7. Hearings on Disciplinary Charges.

(a) Proceedings before the select committee shall be adversarial in form, with the managers for the Senate presenting the case for disciplinary action. The member subject to charges has the right to counsel during all hearings of the select committee.

(b) Stipulations of fact shall be encouraged by the select committee.

(Senate Rule 11-8 new)

11-8. Report of the Select Committee on Discipline.

(a) The select committee shall vote on each charge by record vote. For each charge the select committee shall vote on the question, "Is the Member at fault on this charge?" If a majority of those appointed vote in the affirmative, the member shall be found at fault on that charge. If less than a majority of those appointed vote in the affirmative, it shall be reported that there is insufficient evidence to find the member at fault on that charge.

(b) If the select committee finds the member at fault on any charge, the committee shall adopt a recommendation for disciplinary action. The committee may recommend a reprimand, a censure, expulsion from the Senate, or that no penalty be invoked. The recommendation on disciplinary action requires an affirmative vote of the majority of those appointed. If a majority of those appointed cannot, by record vote, agree on a penalty, it shall report a recommendation that no penalty be invoked.

(c) The select committee shall file a report of its findings on each charge. The report shall include, at a minimum, the vote of the committee on each charge, the reasons for each conclusion, and any recommendation as to a penalty for a finding of fault on a charge. Any member of the select committee may include a supplemental statement in the report, either concurring with or dissenting from all or part of the report, or explaining a reason for his or her vote on a charge.

(d) If the select committee finds the member at fault on any charge, the select committee shall file a resolution that includes its findings, the charge, and the recommended penalty for that charge. Separate resolutions must be filed for each charge.

(Senate Rule 11-9 new)

11-9. Senate Action on the Report of the Select Committee on Discipline.

(a) The report of a select committee and any accompanying resolution shall be filed with the Secretary and reproduced and distributed as provided in Rule 5-4. The report and any accompanying resolutions shall be placed on the calendar under the heading "Report and Resolutions of Select Committee on Discipline". The report and resolutions shall be carried on the Daily Calendar for 2 legislative days before any action by the Senate.

(b) The Senate shall take action by a record vote on each resolution. The Senate may amend a resolution for disciplinary action to decrease the recommended penalty by a record vote of a majority of the members elected.

(c) A resolution finding a member at fault regarding a charge may be adopted only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members elected, except that a resolution the effect of which is to expel a member may be adopted only by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members elected.

Senator Martwick offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2

WHEREAS, Adjuncts/non-tenure/part-time instructors in institutions of higher education are not treated, respected, nor valued the same as full-time instructors; and

WHEREAS, Adjuncts/non-tenure/part-time instructors in institutions of higher education are not valued the same as full-time instructors but have the same credentials; and

WHEREAS, Adjuncts/non-tenure/part-time instructors in institutions of higher education teach a majority of all courses offered; and

WHEREAS, Adjuncts/non-tenure/part-time instructors in institutions of higher education are expected to teach the same material and are held to the same standards as full-time instructors; and

WHEREAS, Currently, all part-time/contingent/adjunct Illinois public teachers, librarians, counselors, and educational support personnel are not equitably compensated, have no access to health benefits, and lack full and fair pension reporting and accountability; and

WHEREAS, Student learning is directly related to part-time/contingent/adjunct working conditions; it follows that college and university student learning is negatively impacted by the inequities and unfairness embedded in the system of higher education; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that adjuncts/non-tenure/part-time instructors in institutions of higher education deserve to be treated with the same respect, recognition, value, and standards as full-time instructors and no longer be second class citizens within the ranks of higher education professionals as has been the practice within these institutions of higher learning; these professionals have the same credentials as the full-time instructors and are being underpaid to do the same job; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we pledge to seek solutions that include, but are not limited to, legislated salary parity, mandated access to health benefits, and full and fair pension reporting and accountability for all part-time/contingent/adjunct Illinois public teachers, librarians, counselors, and educational support personnel; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be delivered to the Higher Education Council of the Illinois Education Association.

Senator Peters offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 3

WHEREAS, The Illinois State Armory was built in 1936 and designed by State of Illinois architect C. Herrick Hammond; it was designated an official City of Springfield landmark by the Springfield Historic Sites Commission; it was equipped with an auditorium, a gymnasium, and a ground floor that could provide temporary seating for several thousand people; it has been the site of Governors' inaugural addresses, state social and athletic programs, theater performances, artistic exhibits, and music productions, as well as serving as the offices of the State's military and police agencies; and

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WHEREAS, The State of Illinois has included the Illinois State Armory in the Capital Development Bill, with more than \$100 million set aside for renovations to ensure this historic downtown Springfield building can become usable again; and

WHEREAS, The people who have visited the Illinois State Armory, including the Cold War mayor of Berlin Willy Brandt, boxing great Muhammad Ali, and Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., are part of the history of the building; both John F. Kennedy and Richard M. Nixon spoke at the Armory as presidential candidates; former President Harry Truman was a guest speaker at an Armory banquet in the 1960s; and

WHEREAS, Specifically, civil rights leader Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. addressed the Illinois State AFL-CIO at their 8th Annual Convention at the Illinois State Armory on October 7, 1965; he connected labor rights with civil rights, stating, "It is not a coincidence that the Labor Movement and the Civil Rights Movement have the same essential origins. Each is a movement that grew out of burning needs of an oppressed poor for security and equality. Each was denied justice by the dominant forces of society and had to win a place in the sun by its own intense struggle and indescribable self-sacrifice"; and

WHEREAS, That speech was recorded and preserved by the Illinois AFL-CIO, which included Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.'s words, "However difficult our problems may be now, however dark the day and dismal the night, I still have faith in America and in the democratic process. I still believe that working together and through a mighty coalition of conscience we will be able to solve the problems ahead"; and

WHEREAS, Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.'s words at the Illinois State Armory were as heartfelt and inspiring in 1965 as they are today; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that we urge the Illinois State Armory committee to capture the essence of the building's impressive history by placing a bronze plaque at the renovated facility to commemorate the treasured visit of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the plaque be accompanied with quotes including the very words Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. spoke at the Illinois State Armory on October 7, 1965, words that embrace organizational progress, justice, democracy, and a faith in God; and be it further

RESOLVED, That honoring this great man will capture a moment in history that connected Illinois workers with the national civil rights movement; Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. stated on that day, "If our two movements unite their social pioneering initiative, thirty years from now people will look back on this day and honor those who had the vision to see the full possibilities of modern society and the courage to fight for their realization.".

Senator McConchie offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

**SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. 1**

SC0001

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Article XIV of the Illinois Constitution by changing Section 3 as follows:

ARTICLE XIV
CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION

[January 29, 2021]

(ILCON Art. XIV, Sec. 3)

SECTION 3. CITIZEN INITIATIVE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS ~~CONSTITUTIONAL INITIATIVE FOR LEGISLATIVE ARTICLE~~

Amendments to ~~Article IV~~ of this Constitution may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least eight percent of the total votes cast for candidates for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election. ~~The initiative process shall not be used for the proposal, modification, or repeal of any portion of the Bill of Rights of this Constitution or to modify the initiative process for proposing amendments to this Constitution. Amendments shall be limited to structural and procedural subjects contained in Article IV.~~ A petition shall contain the text of the proposed amendment and the date of the general election at which the proposed amendment is to be submitted, shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than twenty-four months preceding that general election and shall be filed with the Secretary of State at least six months before that general election. The procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the proposed amendment shall be submitted to the electors at that general election and shall become effective if approved by either three-fifths of those voting on the amendment or a majority of those voting in the election.

(Source: Illinois Constitution.)

SCHEDULE

This Constitutional Amendment takes effect upon being declared adopted in accordance with Section 7 of the Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act.

Senator McConchie offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

**SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. 2**

SC0002

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Article IV of the Illinois Constitution by adding Section 16 as follows:

**ARTICLE IV
THE LEGISLATURE**

(ILCON Art. IV, Sec. 16 new)

SECTION 16. INITIATIVE TO HOLD A REFERENDUM ON LEGISLATION

(a) A referendum to reject any Public Act, excepting appropriation measures, passed by the General Assembly and enacted into law may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 5% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election. The petition shall be signed by the petitioning electors and filed with the State Board of Elections not more than 90 days after the enactment of the Public Act. A petition shall contain the Public Act number, the date of the general election at which the proposed amendment is to be submitted, and the date, if the Public Act is rejected, that it will cease to be in effect.

(b) The procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the proposed referendum shall be submitted to the electors at the general election specified in the petition. If the voters in the specified election reject the Public Act, it shall cease to be in effect on the date specified in the referendum.

SCHEDULE

This Constitutional Amendment takes effect upon being declared adopted in accordance with Section 7 of the Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act.

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Senator McConchie offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

**SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. 3**

SC0003

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDRED SECOND GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Section 7 of Article III of the Illinois Constitution and to add Sections 9, 10, and 11 of Article III as follows:

**ARTICLE III
SUFFRAGE AND ELECTIONS**

(ILCON Art. III, Sec. 7)

SECTION 7. INITIATIVE TO RECALL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS GOVERNOR

(a) To initiate the recall of any Executive Branch officer named in Section 1 of Article V, a petitioning elector shall file an affidavit with the State Board of Elections providing notice to circulate a petition to recall an Executive Branch officer. The affidavit shall include: (1) a general statement of not more than 200 words enumerating the individual whose recall is sought and providing the grounds for which recall is sought; (2) a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 0.1% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election; and (3) the signature of the petitioning elector. Upon acceptance of the petitioning elector's affidavit by the State Board of Elections, the recall of any Executive Branch officer the Governor may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 12% 15% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election, with at least 100 signatures from each of at least 25 separate counties. A petition shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than 90 150 days after an affidavit has been filed with the State Board of Elections providing notice of intent to circulate a petition to recall an Executive Branch officer the Governor. The affidavit may be filed no sooner than 6 months after the beginning of the Executive Branch officer's Governor's term of office. If the State Board of Elections determines the petition is valid, the Executive Branch officer whose recall is sought may file a response of not more than 200 words with the State Board of Elections. The petitioning elector's general statement and the Executive Branch officer's response shall appear on the recall ballot. The affidavit shall have been signed by the proponent of the recall petition, at least 20 members of the House of Representatives, and at least 10 members of the Senate, with no more than half of the signatures of members of each chamber from the same established political party.

(b) The form of the affidavit, petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition was filed, and the question "Shall (name) be recalled from the office of (office) Governor?" must be submitted to the electors at a special election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 90 100 days after certification of the petition. A recall petition certified by the State Board of Elections may not be withdrawn and another recall petition may not be initiated against the Governor during the remainder of the current term of office. Any recall petition or recall election pending on the date of the next general election at which a candidate for an Executive branch office for which recall is sought Governor is elected is moot.

(c) (Blank). If a petition to recall the Governor has been filed with the State Board of Elections, a person eligible to serve as Governor may propose his or her candidacy by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to the requirement for petitions for an established party candidate for the office of Governor, signed by petitioning electors not more than 50 days after a recall petition has been filed with the State Board of Elections. The form of a successor election petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the successor election petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition to recall the Governor was filed. Names of candidates for nomination to serve as the candidate of an established political party must be submitted to the electors at a special primary election,

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if necessary, called by the State Board of Elections to be held at the same time as the special election on the question of recall established under subsection (b). Names of candidates for the successor election must be submitted to the electors at a special successor election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 60 days after the date of the special primary election or on a date established by law.

(d) The Executive Branch officer Governor is immediately removed upon certification of the recall election results if a three-fifths majority of the electors voting on the question vote to recall the Executive Branch officer Governor. If the Executive Branch officer Governor is removed, the vacancy shall be filled as provided in Article V then (i) an Acting Governor determined under subsection (a) of Section 6 of Article V shall serve until the Governor elected at the special successor election is qualified and (ii) the candidate who receives the highest number of votes in the special successor election is elected Governor for the balance of the term.

(e) An Executive Branch officer recalled under this Section 7 is ineligible to serve again in the office in which he or she was recalled for 10 years following certification of the recall election.

(Source: Amendment adopted at general election November 2, 2010.)

(ILCON Art. III, Sec. 9 new)

SECTION 9. INITIATIVE TO RECALL LEGISLATIVE LEADERS AND AUDITOR GENERAL

(a) To initiate the recall of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General, a petitioning elector shall file an affidavit with the State Board of Elections providing notice to circulate a petition to recall the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General. The affidavit shall include: (1) a general statement of not more than 200 words enumerating the individual whose recall is sought and providing the grounds for which recall is sought; (2) a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 0.1% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election; and (3) the signature of the petitioning elector. Upon acceptance of the petitioning elector's affidavit by the State Board of Elections, the recall of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 12% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election. A petition shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than 90 days after an affidavit has been filed with the State Board of Elections providing notice of intent to circulate a petition to recall the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General. The affidavit may be filed no sooner than 6 months after the beginning of the Speaker's, the President's, or the Auditor General's term of office. If the State Board of Elections determines the petition is valid, the officer whose recall is sought may file a response of not more than 200 words with the State Board of Elections. The petitioning elector's general statement and the officer's response shall appear on the recall ballot.

(b) The form of the affidavit, petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition was filed, and the question "Shall (name) be recalled from the office of (office)?" must be submitted to the electors at a special election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 90 days after certification of the petition. Any recall petition or recall election pending on the date of the next general election at which a candidate for office for which recall is sought is elected is moot.

(c) The Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General is immediately removed upon certification of the recall election results if a three-fifths majority of the electors voting on the question vote to recall the officer. If the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General is removed, the vacancy shall be filled as provided by rule of the appropriate chamber or by law.

(d) A Speaker of the House of Representatives, a President of the Senate, or an Auditor General recalled under this Section 9 is ineligible to serve again in the office in which he or she was recalled for 10 years following certification of the recall election.

(e) The procedure and manner of recalling the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, or the Auditor General shall be in addition to and not excluding any other method of removing an elected official as provided by law.

(ILCON Art. III, Sec. 10 new)

SECTION 10. INITIATIVE TO RECALL MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

[January 29, 2021]

(a) The recall of a member of the General Assembly may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal in number to at least 12% of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election in the Legislative District or Representative District in which the member of the General Assembly represents. A petition shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than 90 days after an affidavit has been filed with the State Board of Elections providing notice of intent to circulate a petition to recall the member. The petition shall include the signature of the petitioning elector and a general statement of not more than 200 words enumerating the individual whose recall is sought and providing the grounds for which recall is sought. The affidavit may be filed no sooner than 6 months after the beginning of the member's term of office. If the State Board of Elections determines the petition is valid, the member whose recall is sought may file a response of not more than 200 words with the State Board of Elections. The petitioning elector's general statement and the member's response shall appear on the recall ballot.

(b) The form of the affidavit, petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition was filed, and the question "Shall (name) be recalled from the office of (office)?" must be submitted to the electors at a special election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 90 days after certification of the petition. Any recall petition or recall election pending on the date of the next general election at which a member of the General Assembly for which recall is sought is elected is moot.

(c) The member of the General Assembly is immediately removed upon certification of the recall election results if a three-fifths majority of the electors voting on the question vote to recall the member. If the member is removed, the vacancy shall be filled as provided by Section 2 of Article IV.

(d) A member of the General Assembly recalled under this Section 10 is ineligible to serve in public office (or specified non-elected office) for 10 years following certification of the recall election.

(e) The procedure and manner of recalling a member of the General Assembly shall be in addition to and not excluding any other method of removing an elected official as provided by law.

(ILCON Art. III, Sec. 11 new)

SECTION 11. INITIATIVE TO RECALL LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS

(a) The recall of a local government official may be proposed by a petition signed by a number of electors equal to a percentage of the total votes cast for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election as determined by the population of the unit of local government in which the local government official represents: for a jurisdiction of not more than 1,000 qualified electors, 30%; for a jurisdiction of more than 1,000 qualified electors but not more than 10,000 qualified electors, 25%; for a jurisdiction of more than 10,000 qualified electors but not more than 50,000 qualified electors, 20%; for a jurisdiction of more than 50,000 qualified electors but not more than 100,000 qualified electors, 15%; for a jurisdiction of more than 100,000 qualified voters, 10%. A petition shall have been signed by the petitioning electors not more than 90 days after an affidavit has been filed with the State Board of Elections providing notice of intent to circulate a petition to recall the local government official. The petition shall include the signature of the petitioning elector and a general statement of not more than 200 words enumerating the individual whose recall is sought and providing the grounds for which recall is sought. The affidavit may be filed no sooner than 6 months after the beginning of the local government official's term of office. If the State Board of Elections determines the petition is valid, the local government official whose recall is sought may file a response of not more than 200 words with the State Board of Elections. The petitioning elector's general statement and the local government official's response shall appear on the recall ballot.

(b) A body of local government officials must be recalled individually.

(c) The form of the affidavit, petition, circulation, and procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of a petition shall be as provided by law. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the State Board of Elections shall certify the petition not more than 100 days after the date the petition was filed, and the following question must be submitted to the electors at a special election called by the State Board of Elections, to occur not more than 90 days after certification of the petition:

"Should (elected official) be recalled from (his or her) position(s) as (title of position)? (YES/NO)

If (elected official) is recalled, who do you support to replace (him or her)?

(Elected official).

(Candidate).

(Candidate)."

Any recall petition or recall election pending on the date of the next general election at which a local government official for which recall is sought is elected is moot.

(d) The local government official is immediately removed upon certification of the recall election results if a three-fifths majority of the electors voting on the question vote to recall the local government official. If the local government official is removed, the vacancy shall be filled as provided by law.

(e) A local government official recalled under this Section 11 is ineligible to serve in public office (or specified non-elected office) for 10 years following certification of the recall election.

(f) The procedure and manner of recalling a local government official shall be in addition to and not excluding any other method of removing an elected official as provided by law.

SCHEDULE

This Constitutional Amendment takes effect upon being declared adopted in accordance with Section 7 of the Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

SENATE BILL NO. 1. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning economic recovery.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 2. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning education affordability.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 3. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning property taxes.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 4. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 5. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 6. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 7. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning government consolidation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 8. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 9. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning economic relief.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 10. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 11. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 12. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning health.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 13. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 14. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 15. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning workforce development.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 16. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 17. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning ethics.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 18. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning energy.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 19. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning environment.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 20. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 21. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 22. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning elections.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 23. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning housing.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 24. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning business.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 25. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning seniors.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 26. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 27. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning health.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 28. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 29. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning schools.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 30. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning economic development.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 31. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning finance.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 32. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 33. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning property taxes.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 34. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 35. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning health care.

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The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 36. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 37. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 38. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 39. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning economic development.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 40. Introduced by Senator Barickman, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 41. Introduced by Senator Glowiak Hilton, a bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 42. Introduced by Senator DeWitte, a bill for AN ACT concerning health.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 43. Introduced by Senator Martwick, a bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 44. Introduced by Senator Martwick, a bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 45. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning appropriations.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 46. Introduced by Senator Barickman, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 47. Introduced by Senator Barickman, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 48. Introduced by Senator DeWitte, a bill for AN ACT concerning safety.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 49. Introduced by Senator Bailey, a bill for AN ACT concerning education.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 50. Introduced by Senator Crowe, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 51. Introduced by Senator Crowe, a bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 52. Introduced by Senator Lightford, a bill for AN ACT concerning gaming.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 53. Introduced by Senator Martwick, a bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 54. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning elections.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 55. Introduced by Senator Bailey, a bill for AN ACT concerning government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 56. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 57. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 58. Introduced by Senator Muñoz, a bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 59. Introduced by Senator T. Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning professional regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 60. Introduced by Senator Connor, a bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 61. Introduced by Senator Cunningham, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 62. Introduced by Senator Martwick, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 63. Introduced by Senator Peters, a bill for AN ACT concerning children.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 64. Introduced by Senator Peters, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 65. Introduced by Senator Peters, a bill for AN ACT concerning courts.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 66. Introduced by Senator Peters, a bill for AN ACT concerning courts.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 67. Introduced by Senator Bush, a bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 68. Introduced by Senator Anderson, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 69. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 70. Introduced by Senator Bryant, a bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 71. Introduced by Senator Koehler, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 72. Introduced by Senator Crowe, a bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 73. Introduced by Senator DeWitte, a bill for AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Hollman, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred with the Senate in the adoption of the following joint resolution, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 1

Concurred in by the House, January 14, 2021.

JOHN W. HOLLMAN, Clerk of the House

At the hour of 10:49 o'clock a.m., pursuant to **Senate Joint Resolution No. 1**, the Chair announced that the Senate stands adjourned until the call of the President.