



SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

119TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

THURSDAY, MAY 3, 2018

12:16 O'CLOCK P.M.

SENATE
Daily Journal Index
119th Legislative Day

Action	Page(s)
Communication	31
Introduction of Senate Bill No. 3608.....	28
Introduction of Senate Bills No'd. 3606-3607.....	8
Legislative Measure(s) Filed	3
Message from the President	3
Presentation of Senate Joint Resolution No. 72.....	4
Presentation of Senate Resolutions No'd. 1692-1696.....	4
Report from Assignments Committee	8
Report from Standing Committee(s)	6
Resolutions Consent Calendar.....	28

Bill Number	Legislative Action	Page(s)
SB 0486	Recalled - Amendment(s)	9
SB 0486	Third Reading	13
SB 2675	Recalled - Amendment(s)	22
SB 2675	Third Reading	22
SB 2744	Recalled - Amendment(s)	23
SB 2744	Third Reading	27
SB 2952	Recalled - Amendment(s)	13
SB 2952	Third Reading	20
SB 3114	Recalled - Amendment(s)	21
SB 3114	Third Reading	21
SB 3550	Second Reading	28
SJR 0072	Committee on Assignments.....	4
HB 4364	First Reading	8
HB 5021	First Reading	8
HB 5121	Third Reading	27
HB 5447	First Reading	8
HB 5551	First Reading	8

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.
Senator Terry Link, Waukegan, Illinois, presiding.
Prayer by Pastor Ronald Young, Impact Church St. Louis, Swansea, Illinois.
Senator Cunningham led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Senator Hunter moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Wednesday, May 2, 2018, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.
The motion prevailed.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Committee amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3040
Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 4472
Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 5308
Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 5463
Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 5588
Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 5856

The following Committee amendment to the Senate Resolution listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 2 to Senate Joint Resolution 62

The following Floor amendment to the Senate Resolution listed below has been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 3 to Senate Joint Resolution 54

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 459
Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 2382
Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2952
Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 3126
Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3577

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

**OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT
STATE OF ILLINOIS**

JOHN J. CULLERTON
SENATE PRESIDENT

327 STATE CAPITOL
SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706
217-782-2728

May 3, 2018

Mr. Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Senate
Room 401 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

[May 3, 2018]

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Melinda Bush to temporarily replace Senator Patricia Van Pelt as a member of the Senate Commerce and Economic Development Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Commerce and Economic Development Committee.

Sincerely,
s/John J. Cullerton
John J. Cullerton
Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader William Brady

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1692

Offered by Senator Rose and all Senators:
Mourns the death of John Michael "Mike" Cummins of Homer.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1693

Offered by Senator Manar and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Evelyn Gallo of Gillespie.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1694

Offered by Senator Mulroe and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Mary Ellen Platt.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1695

Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Mark Edward Badasch of Collinsville.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1696

Offered by Senator Connelly and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Patricia Jeanne Fee of Spring, Texas.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolutions were referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

Senator J. Cullerton offered the following Senate Joint Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 72

WHEREAS, The members of the Illinois Senate wish to congratulate the Loyola University Chicago Men's Basketball team for their magnificent season this year; and

WHEREAS, The Ramblers compiled a record of 28 wins and 5 loses during the regular season and advanced to the NCAA Basketball Tournament for the first time since 1985; and

WHEREAS, Led by Head Coach Porter Moser, the Ramblers won the Missouri Valley Conference by defeating Illinois State University in the championship game 65 to 49 on March 4; Loyola ended the regular season on a ten-game winning streak; and

WHEREAS, As a result of Loyola's great regular season, Porter Moser was voted Missouri Valley Conference Coach of the Year; and

[May 3, 2018]

WHEREAS, Loyola University Chicago has been a member of the Missouri Valley Conference since July 1, 2013; prior to that, Loyola was in the Horizon League for 34 years as a charter member; and

WHEREAS, Loyola University Chicago received an invitation to the NCAA Tournament and was the eleventh seed in the South Region; in the first round, on March 15, their opponent, the University of Miami, Florida, was the sixth seed; it was a close game, with the Rambler's Donte Ingram hitting a three-point shot with only three-tenths of a second left, to give Loyola the win, 64 to 62; and

WHEREAS, In the second round (the Round of 32) on March 17, Loyola faced the University of Tennessee, which was the third seed in the South Region; in another close contest, Loyola's Clayton Custer hit a fifteen-foot jumper with 3.6 seconds left in the game to seal the victory for the Ramblers, 63 to 62; this would not be Custer's Last Stand; and

WHEREAS, This has been another great season for Mr. Custer; his honors include being named the Larry Bird Player of the Year in the Missouri Valley Conference and a First Team Scholar-Athlete in the Missouri Valley Conference; other highlights this season for Clayton include: Associated Press Honorable Mention All-America, CoSIDA Academic All-District, and the Lou Henson Award; Clayton and Donte Ingram were named NABC All-District 16; Cameron Krutwig was named MVC Freshman of the Year; Ben Richardson and Clayton Custer were named MVC First Team Scholar-Athlete and Division I-AAA Scholar-Athlete; and

WHEREAS, In the third round (the Sweet Sixteen) of the NCAA Tournament on March 22, Loyola's opponent was the University of Nevada, Las Vegas, ranked as the seventh seed in the South Region; the Ramblers played with great enthusiasm and precision as time and time again they moved the ball to the basket; Marques Townes had an outstanding game, scoring 18 points including a 3-pointer with 6.3 seconds left in the game when Loyola was ahead by one point; with a four-point lead, the Ramblers held on to win 69 to 68; and

WHEREAS, In the fourth round (the Elite Eight) on March 24, the Ramblers played Kansas State University, ranked as the ninth seed in the South Region; teamwork once again was paramount in how Loyola played; like the three previous tournament games, "a star was born"; this time it was Ben Richardson who scored 23 points, including six of seven three-pointers; his superb offensive performance added to his already illustrious reputation; Mr. Richardson had been named the Missouri Valley Conference's Defensive Player of the Year; he was named as a First Team Scholar-Athlete in the Missouri Valley Conference and he was also honored as the South Region's Most Outstanding Player in the NCAA Tournament; by virtue of its victory over Kansas State, 78 to 62, Loyola won the South Region and moved on to the Final Four for the first time since 1963 and extended its winning streak to fourteen, the longest of any team in the tournament; and

WHEREAS, In the fifth round (the Final Four), held on March 31, Loyola's opponent was the University of Michigan, ranked as the third seed in the West Region; the Ramblers played with a lot of heart and led at halftime 29 to 22; this was an incredible effort by Loyola given how powerful Michigan's offense had been all season; however, with about 6 minutes left in the game, Michigan took the lead and ended up with a victory; and

WHEREAS, Throughout Loyola's NCAA Tournament run, Sister Jean Dolores Schmidt was a delight and an inspiration to the team; as Team Chaplain, "Sister Jean" (as she is affectionately known) inspired and motivated the Loyola Ramblers in immeasurable ways; she has been a Sister in the religious order of the Sisters of Charity of the Blessed Virgin (BVM) since 1937 and has been Team Chaplain since 1996; now at the age of 98, she cemented the team ethos with her signature phrase: "Worship, Work and Win"; in addition to her other honors, Sister Jean had bestowed upon her one of the greatest of sports honors, a bobblehead doll from the National Bobblehead Hall of Fame and Museum; pre-orders have already surpassed the 15,000 mark, making her Bobblehead the biggest seller of all time by far; by the end of the tournament it was safe to say that Sister Jean was not just Loyola's treasure, but the nation's as well; and

WHEREAS, Other Loyola University highlights for the season include: a school record 32 wins, finishing the season ranked No. 7 in the USA Today Coaches Poll, first outright regular-season conference championship since 1985, first NCAA Tournament appearance since 1985, first NCAA Final Four appearance since 1963, and only the fourth No. 11 seed in NCAA Tournament history to reach the Final

[May 3, 2018]

Four; during the season they defeated Florida, Miami, Tennessee, and Nevada, all nationally-ranked teams; Loyola Athletics ranked No. 1 in the NCAA for the second straight year with a 99% graduation success rate; and

WHEREAS, Loyola University Chicago has a long and storied history in basketball; in 1963, Loyola broke with college basketball's unwritten rule that no team should have more than two black players on the court at any given time; in so doing, they created a national conversation on race which led to the elimination of the limit on black players' court time; on March 15, 1963, in the NCAA Tournament, Loyola played Mississippi State University; the governor of Mississippi had instructed the all-white Mississippi State team not to play against an integrated team; their coach and players refused to follow the instruction, and the game became known as the Game of Change; Loyola would go on to defeat the two-time defending champion, the University of Cincinnati Bearcats (ranked number one in the nation), to win the national championship; Loyola remains the only Illinois school to ever win the NCAA Basketball Title; and

WHEREAS, Loyola University Chicago is a Jesuit school founded in 1870; its main campus, known as the Lake Shore Campus, is in the Rogers Park neighborhood on the northeast side, while its downtown campus, known as the Water Tower Campus, is next to Chicago's famed Magnificent Mile; Loyola has an enrollment of more than 16,000 students and boasts 150,000 alumni, 85,000 of whom are in the Chicago area; team members volunteer at Misericordia Heart of Mercy; and

WHEREAS, As a Jesuit school, Loyola takes seriously its role in shaping students' lives; this is especially true of student-athletes, many of whom will never play professional sports; the degree they earn at Loyola is meaningful because of the school's commitment to their education, which takes the form of mentoring and tutoring to help guide them through a rigorous academic and athletic schedule; student-athletes at Loyola have a graduation rate of 99%; only five other schools in Division I sports have a graduation rate that high, four of them in the Ivy League; and

WHEREAS, All of Illinois is grateful and honored for the positive national attention brought to Loyola University and the City of Chicago; the Loyola University Men's Basketball team had a thrilling season made noteworthy by its first appearance in the NCAA Tournament since 1985 and by making it to the Final Four for the first time since 1963; Head Coach Porter Moser and the entire group of players: Adarius Avery, Jake Baughman, Dylan Boehm, Clayton Custer, Nick Dinardi, Donte Ingram, Aundre Jackson, Cameron Krutwig, Christian Negron, Ben Richardson, Cameron Satterwhite, Carson Shanks, Bruno Skokna, Marques Townes, Aher Uguak, and Lucas Williamson are rightly proud of their season and accomplishments; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that we congratulate the Loyola University Chicago Men's basketball team for its great season and its tremendous success in the NCAA Tournament; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we declare May 9, 2018 as "Loyola University Chicago Day" in recognition of its accomplishments; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to Coach Porter Moser as a token of our esteem and good wishes.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator E. Jones III, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities and Pensions, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 370

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

[May 3, 2018]

Senator E. Jones III, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities and Pensions, to which was referred **Senate Joint Resolution No. 67**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolution be adopted.

Under the rules, **Senate Joint Resolution No. 67** was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator E. Jones III, Chairperson of the Committee on Licensed Activities and Pensions, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 751 and 3080**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Landek, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 2533**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Landek, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2341

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 3211

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Landek, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **Senate Resolutions numbered 1582, 1592 and 1613**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the resolutions be adopted.

Under the rules, **Senate Resolutions numbered 1582, 1592 and 1613** were placed on the Secretary's Desk.

Senator Landek, Chairperson of the Committee on State Government, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 4135, 4213, 4507, 4645, 4735, 4751, 5242 and 5686**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Harmon, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 3114

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Harmon, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **House Bill No. 5123**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Harmon, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred **House Bill No. 4395**, reported the same back with amendments having been adopted thereto, with the recommendation that the bill, as amended, do pass.

Under the rules, the bill was ordered to a second reading.

Senator Harmon, Chairperson of the Committee on Executive, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Joint Resolution 54

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Hutchinson, Chairperson of the Committee on Revenue, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 486
Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2744

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendments are eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Hutchinson, Chairperson of the Committee on Revenue, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 4853 and 5513**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Holmes, Chairperson of the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 2675

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

SENATE BILL NO. 3606. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL NO. 3607. Introduced by Senator Harmon, a bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 4364, sponsored by Senator Tracy, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 5021, sponsored by Senator Tracy, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 5551, sponsored by Senator Righter, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 5447, sponsored by Senator Haine, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 3, 2018 meeting, reported that the Committee recommends that **House Bill No. 4888** be re-referred from the Committee on Human Services to the Committee on State Government.

[May 3, 2018]

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 3, 2018 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measure has been assigned to the indicated Standing Committee of the Senate:

Transportation: **House Joint Resolution No. 21.**

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 3, 2018 meeting, reported that the following Legislative Measure has been approved for consideration:

Floor Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2952

The foregoing floor amendment was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 486** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Harmon offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 486

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 486 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by adding Division 20 to Article 10 as follows:

(35 ILCS 200/Art. 10 Div. 20 heading new)

Division 20. Commercial solar energy systems

(35 ILCS 200/10-720 new)

Sec. 10-720. Definitions. For the purposes of this Division 20:

"Allowance for physical depreciation" means (i) the actual age in years of the commercial solar energy system on the assessment date divided by 20 years multiplied by (ii) its trended real property cost basis. The physical depreciation, however, may not reduce the value of the commercial solar energy system to less than 30% of its trended real property cost basis.

"Commercial solar energy system" means any device or assembly of devices that (i) is ground installed and (ii) uses solar energy from the sun for generating electricity for the primary purpose of wholesale or retail sale and not primarily for consumption on the property on which the device or devices reside.

"Commercial solar energy system real property cost basis" represents both the freehold estate and the leasehold estate. The leasehold estate shall have a real property cost basis of \$194,000 per megawatt of nameplate capacity. The freehold estate shall have a real property cost basis of \$5,000 per megawatt of nameplate capacity. For the purposes of this Section, "nameplate capacity" has the same definition as found in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act.

"Freehold estate" means the land upon which the commercial solar energy system is installed.

"Ground installed" means the installation of a commercial solar energy system, with the primary purpose of solar energy generation for wholesale or retail sale, on a parcel or tract of land.

"Leasehold estate" means the real property improvements of a commercial solar energy system.

"Trended real property cost basis" means the commercial solar energy system real property cost basis multiplied by the trending factor.

"Trending factor" means a number equal to the Consumer Price Index (U.S. city average all items) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the December immediately preceding the assessment date, divided by the Consumer Price Index (U.S. city average all items) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for December of 2017.

(35 ILCS 200/10-725 new)

Sec. 10-725. Improvement valuation of commercial solar energy systems in counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants. Beginning in assessment year 2018, the fair cash value of commercial solar energy system improvements in counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall be determined by subtracting the allowance for physical depreciation from the trended real property cost basis. Functional obsolescence and external obsolescence of the solar energy device may further reduce the fair cash value of the

[May 3, 2018]

commercial solar energy system improvements, to the extent they are proved by the taxpayer by clear and convincing evidence.

(35 ILCS 200/10-730 new)

Sec. 10-730. Exempt properties. The provisions of this Division do not apply to commercial solar energy systems that are owned by any person or entity that is otherwise exempt from taxation under this Code.

(35 ILCS 200/10-735 new)

Sec. 10-735. Commercial solar energy systems not subject to equalization. Commercial solar energy systems assessable under this Division are not subject to equalization factors applied by the Department or any board of review, assessor, or chief county assessment officer.

(35 ILCS 200/10-740 new)

Sec. 10-740. Survey for ground installed commercial solar energy systems; parcel identification numbers. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the owner of the ground installed commercial solar energy system shall commission a metes and bounds survey description of the area immediately surrounding the commercial solar energy system, including access routes, over which the owner of the commercial solar energy system has exclusive control. The owner of the ground installed commercial solar energy system shall, at his or her own expense, use an Illinois-registered land surveyor to prepare the survey. The owner of the ground installed commercial solar energy system shall deliver a copy of the survey to the chief county assessment officer and to the owner of the land upon which the ground installed commercial solar energy system is constructed. Upon receiving a copy of the survey, the chief county assessment officer shall issue a separate parcel identification number or numbers for the property containing the ground installed commercial solar energy system to be used only for the purposes of property assessment for taxation. A plat prepared under this Section shall not be construed as a violation of the Plat Act.

(35 ILCS 200/10-745 new)

Sec. 10-745. Unpaid taxes and liens. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, despite the combined assessment valuation of the leasehold estate and freehold estate, recourse for unpaid taxes or liens for any commercial solar energy system shall be limited to the leasehold estate with no recourse against the freehold estate. The leasehold estate shall not be responsible for: unpaid taxes or liens on the freehold estate from periods before or after the term of the leasehold estate; or liens on the freehold estate unrelated to the leasehold estate.

(35 ILCS 200/10-750 new)

Sec. 10-750. Farmland. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a portion of the freehold estate that was assessed as farmland in accordance with Section 10-110 of this Act in the assessment year prior to valuation under this Division shall return to being assessed as farmland in accordance with Section 10-110 of this Act in the year following completion of the removal of the commercial solar energy system as long as the property is returned to a farm use as defined in Section 1-60 of this Act, notwithstanding that the land was not used for farming for the 2 preceding years.

(35 ILCS 200/10-755 new)

Sec. 10-755. Incentive agreements. Notwithstanding anything in this Division, the governing body of a municipality or county and the owner of a commercial solar energy system may enter into a voluntary agreement to make payments in lieu of taxes. If such agreement is entered into, the agreement will be in lieu of property taxes otherwise assessed by the municipality or county against the commercial solar energy system as set forth in this Code.

(35 ILCS 200/10-760 new)

Sec. 10-760. Applicability. The provisions of this Division apply for assessment years 2018 through 2033.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Harmon offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 486

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 486, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 10-5 and by adding Division 20 of Article 10 as follows:

[May 3, 2018]

(35 ILCS 200/10-5)

Sec. 10-5. Solar energy systems; definitions. It is the policy of this State that the use of solar energy systems should be encouraged because they conserve nonrenewable resources, reduce pollution and promote the health and well-being of the people of this State, and should be valued in relation to these benefits.

(a) "Solar energy" means radiant energy received from the sun at wave lengths suitable for heat transfer, photosynthetic use, or photovoltaic use.

(b) "Solar collector" means

(1) An assembly, structure, or design, including passive elements, used for gathering, concentrating, or absorbing direct and indirect solar energy, specially designed for holding a substantial amount of useful thermal energy and to transfer that energy to a gas, solid, or liquid or to use that energy directly; or

(2) A mechanism that absorbs solar energy and converts it into electricity; or

(3) A mechanism or process used for gathering solar energy through wind or thermal gradients; or

(4) A component used to transfer thermal energy to a gas, solid, or liquid, or to convert it into electricity.

(c) "Solar storage mechanism" means equipment or elements (such as piping and transfer mechanisms, containers, heat exchangers, or controls thereof, and gases, solids, liquids, or combinations thereof) that are utilized for storing solar energy, gathered by a solar collector, for subsequent use.

(d) "Solar energy system" means

(1)(A) A complete assembly, structure, or design of solar collector, or a solar storage mechanism, which uses solar energy for generating electricity that is primarily consumed on the property on which the solar energy system resides, or for heating or cooling gases, solids, liquids, or other materials for the primary benefit of the property on which the solar energy system resides;

(B) The design, materials, or elements of a system and its maintenance, operation, and labor components, and the necessary components, if any, of supplemental conventional energy systems designed or constructed to interface with a solar energy system; and

(C) Any legal, financial, or institutional orders, certificates, or mechanisms, including easements, leases, and agreements, required to ensure continued access to solar energy, its source, or its use in a solar energy system, and including monitoring and educational elements of a demonstration project.

(2) "Solar energy system" does not include

(A) Distribution equipment that is equally usable in a conventional energy system except for those components of the equipment that are necessary for meeting the requirements of efficient solar energy utilization; ~~and~~

(B) Components of a solar energy system that serve structural, insulating, protective, shading, aesthetic, or other non-solar energy utilization purposes, as defined in the regulations of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity; ~~and -~~

(C) A commercial solar energy system, as defined by this Code, in counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants.

(3) The solar energy system shall conform to the standards for those systems established by regulation of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

(Source: P.A. 94-793, eff. 5-19-06.)

(35 ILCS 200/Art. 10 Div. 20 heading new)

Division 20. Commercial Solar Energy Systems

(35 ILCS 200/10-720 new)

Sec. 10-720. Definitions. For the purpose of this Division 20:

"Allowance for physical depreciation" means (i) the actual age in years of the commercial solar energy system on the assessment date divided by 25 years, multiplied by (ii) its trended real property cost basis. The physical depreciation, however, may not reduce the value of the commercial solar energy system to less than 30% of its trended real property cost basis.

"Commercial solar energy system" means any device or assembly of devices that (i) is ground installed and (ii) uses solar energy from the sun for generating electricity for the primary purpose of wholesale or retail sale and not primarily for consumption on the property on which the device or devices reside.

"Commercial solar energy system real property cost basis" means the owner of a commercial solar energy system's interest in the land within the project boundaries and real property improvements and shall

be calculated at \$199,000 per megawatt of nameplate capacity. For the purposes of this Section, "nameplate capacity" has the same definition as found in Section 1-10 of the Illinois Power Agency Act.

"Ground installed" means the installation of a commercial solar energy system, with the primary purpose of solar energy generation for wholesale or retail sale, on a parcel or tract of land.

"Trended real property cost basis" means the commercial solar energy system real property cost basis multiplied by the trending factor.

"Trending factor" means a number equal to the Consumer Price Index (U.S. city average all items) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the December immediately preceding the assessment date, divided by the Consumer Price Index (U.S. city average all items) published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for December of 2017.

(35 ILCS 200/10-725 new)

Sec. 10-725. Improvement valuation of commercial solar energy systems in counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants. Beginning in assessment year 2018, the fair cash value of commercial solar energy system improvements in counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall be determined by subtracting the allowance for physical depreciation from the trended real property cost basis. Functional obsolescence and external obsolescence of the solar energy device may further reduce the fair cash value of the commercial solar energy system improvements, to the extent they are proved by the taxpayer by clear and convincing evidence.

(35 ILCS 200/10-730 new)

Sec. 10-730. Exempt properties. The provisions of this Division do not apply to commercial solar energy systems that are owned by any person or entity that is otherwise exempt from taxation under this Code.

(35 ILCS 200/10-735 new)

Sec. 10-735. Commercial solar energy systems not subject to equalization. Commercial solar energy systems assessable under this Division are not subject to equalization factors applied by the Department or any board of review, assessor, or chief county assessment officer.

(35 ILCS 200/10-740 new)

Sec. 10-740. Survey for ground installed commercial solar energy systems; parcel identification numbers for property improved with a ground installed commercial solar energy system. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the owner of the ground installed commercial solar energy system shall commission a metes and bounds survey description of the land upon which the commercial solar energy system is installed, including access routes, over which the owner of the commercial solar energy system has exclusive control. The owner of the ground installed commercial solar energy system shall, at his or her own expense, use an Illinois-registered land surveyor to prepare the survey. The owner of the ground installed commercial solar energy system shall deliver a copy of the survey to the chief county assessment officer and to the owner of the land upon which the ground installed commercial solar energy system is constructed. Upon receiving a copy of the survey, the chief county assessment officer shall issue separate parcel identification numbers for the real property improvements and the land containing the ground installed commercial solar energy system to be used only for the purposes of property assessment for taxation. The property records shall contain the legal description of the commercial solar energy system parcel and describe any leasehold interest or other interest of the owner of the commercial solar energy system in the property. A plat prepared under this Section shall not be construed as a violation of the Plat Act.

(35 ILCS 200/10-745 new)

Sec. 10-745. Real estate taxes. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 9-175 of this Code, the owner of the commercial solar energy system shall be liable for the real estate taxes for the land and real property improvements of a ground installed commercial solar energy system. Notwithstanding the forgoing, the owner of the land upon which a commercial solar energy system is installed may pay any unpaid tax of the commercial solar energy system parcel prior to the initiation of any tax sale proceedings.

(35 ILCS 200/10-750 new)

Sec. 10-750. Property assessed as farmland. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, real property assessed as farmland in accordance with Section 10-110 in the assessment year prior to valuation under this Division shall return to being assessed as farmland in accordance with Section 10-110 in the year following completion of the removal of the commercial solar energy system as long as the property is returned to a farm use as defined in Section 1-60 of this Act, notwithstanding that the land was not used for farming for the 2 preceding years.

(35 ILCS 200/10-755 new)

Sec. 10-755. Abatements. Any taxing district, upon a majority vote of its governing authority, may, after the determination of the assessed valuation as set forth in this Code, order the clerk of the appropriate

municipality or county to abate any portion of real property taxes otherwise levied or extended by the taxing district on a commercial solar energy system.

(35 ILCS 200/10-760 new)

Sec. 10-760. Applicability. The provisions of this Division apply for assessment years 2018 through 2033.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Harmon, **Senate Bill No. 486** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cunningham	Link	Righter
Anderson	Curran	Manar	Rooney
Aquino	Fowler	Martinez	Rose
Bennett	Haine	McCann	Sandoval
Bertino-Tarrant	Harmon	McCarter	Schimpf
Biss	Harris	McConchie	Sims
Bivins	Hastings	McGuire	Stadelman
Brady	Holmes	Morrison	Steans
Bush	Hunter	Mulroe	Syverson
Castro	Jones, E.	Muñoz	Tracy
Clayborne	Koehler	Murphy	Weaver
Connelly	Landek	Raoul	Mr. President
Cullerton, T.	Lightford	Rezin	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Bush, **Senate Bill No. 2952** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Bush offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 2952

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend Senate Bill 2952, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2, on page 19, line 6, by replacing "7" with "9"; and

on page 19, line 12, by replacing "2" with "3"; and

on page 19, line 13, by replacing "one pharmacist" with "2 pharmacists".

[May 3, 2018]

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator Bush offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO SENATE BILL 2952

AMENDMENT NO. 4. Amend Senate Bill 2952, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Sections 316, 318, and 320 as follows:

(720 ILCS 570/316)

Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

(a) The Department must provide for a Prescription Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substances that includes the following components and requirements:

(1) The dispenser must transmit to the central repository, in a form and manner specified by the Department, the following information:

(A) The recipient's name and address.

(B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

(C) The national drug code number of the controlled substance dispensed.

(D) The date the controlled substance is dispensed.

(E) The quantity of the controlled substance dispensed and days supply.

(F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement Administration registration number.

(G) The prescriber's United States Drug Enforcement Administration registration number.

(H) The dates the controlled substance prescription is filled.

(I) The payment type used to purchase the controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party insurance).

(J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

(K) Any additional information that may be required by the department by administrative rule, including but not limited to information required for compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or its successor.

(2) The information required to be transmitted under this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of the next business day after the date on which a controlled substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be required by the Department by administrative rule.

(3) A dispenser must transmit the information required under this Section by:

(A) an electronic device compatible with the receiving device of the central repository;

(B) a computer diskette;

(C) a magnetic tape; or

(D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy Inventory Control form;

(4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the number of days from the time the report was required to be made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

(b) The Department, by rule, may include in the Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

(c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372. Long-term care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication profiles to the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or more frequently as established by administrative rule.

(d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program.

(e) (Blank).

(f) Within one year of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the Department shall adopt rules requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all

[May 3, 2018]

providers have access to specific patient records during the treatment of their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the information required under this Section. The Department shall establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic Health Records System does not effectively interface with the Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

(g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy, and who has received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act to consult the Prescription Monitoring Program on their behalf. The rules shall include reasonable parameters concerning a practitioner's authority to authorize a designee, and the eligibility of a person to be selected as a designee.

(Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-564, eff. 1-1-18.)

(720 ILCS 570/318)

Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.

(a) Information received by the central repository under Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.

(a-1) To ensure the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act privacy of an individual's prescription data reported to the Prescription Monitoring Program received from a retail dispenser under this Act, and in order to execute the duties and responsibilities under Section 316 of this Act and rules for disclosure under this Section, the Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or his or her designee shall maintain direct access to all Prescription Monitoring Program data. Any request for Prescription Monitoring Program data from any other department or agency must be approved in writing by the Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or his or her designee unless otherwise permitted by law. Prescription Monitoring Program data shall only be disclosed as permitted by law.

(a-2) As an active step to address the current opioid crisis in this State and to prevent and reduce addiction resulting from a sports injury or an accident, the Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public Health shall coordinate a continuous review of the Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public Health data to determine if a patient may be at risk of opioid addiction. Each patient discharged from any medical facility with an International Classification of Disease, 10th edition code related to a sport or accident injury shall be subject to the data review. If the discharged patient is dispensed a controlled substance, the Prescription Monitoring Program shall alert the patient's prescriber as to the addiction risk and urge each to follow the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines or his or her respective profession's treatment guidelines related to the patient's injury. This subsection (a-2), other than this sentence, is inoperative on or after January 1, 2024.

(b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the confidentiality of the information described in subsection (a). The Department may disclose the information to another person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the information.

(c) The Department may disclose confidential information described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in receiving, processing, or storing the information.

(d) The Department may release confidential information described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

(1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection Division of the office of the Attorney General, a prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the following activities involving controlled substances:

(A) an investigation;

(B) an adjudication; or

(C) a prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(3) A law enforcement officer who is:

(A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or municipal police department of Illinois to receive information of the type requested for the purpose of investigations involving controlled substances; or

(B) approved by the Department to receive information of the type requested for the

purpose of investigations involving controlled substances; and

(C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(4) Select representatives of the Department of Children and Family Services through the indirect online request process. Access shall be established by an intergovernmental agreement between the Department of Children and Family Services and the Department of Human Services.

(e) Before the Department releases confidential information under subsection (d), the applicant must demonstrate in writing to the Department that:

(1) the applicant has reason to believe that a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance has occurred; and

(2) the requested information is reasonably related to the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the violation described in subdivision (1).

(f) The Department may receive and release prescription record information under Section 316 and former Section 321 to:

(1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

(2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection Division of the office of the Attorney General, a prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of the Attorney General;

(3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

(A) authorized to receive the type of information released; and

(B) approved by the Department to receive the type of information released; or

(4) prescription monitoring entities in other states per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h) below;

confidential prescription record information collected under Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by Section 320.

(g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and until that employee has certified that further investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this subsection (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (h).

(h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as evidence in the following:

(1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court that involves a controlled substance.

(i) The Department may compile statistical reports from the information described in subsection (a). The reports must not include information that identifies, by name, license or address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other person administering a controlled substance.

(j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to assist the health care community in its goal of effective clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or abusing medications.

(1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a stand-alone database which shall contain records for the previous 12 months.

(2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the federal HIPAA law.

(3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure link and encrypted software necessary to establish the link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical assistance shall also be provided.

(4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include the fee and the requestor's Drug Enforcement Administration license number and submitted upon the requestor's business stationery.

(5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or patient may be used for clinical studies.

(6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used per administrative rule.

(7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use of this inquiry system.

(8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall be held harmless from any civil liability.

(k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).

(l) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of establishing a patient specific identifier.

(m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their personal prescription history pursuant to the validation process as set forth by administrative rule.

(n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to develop operational push reports to entities with compatible electronic medical records. The process shall be covered within administrative rule established by the Department.

(o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a unique identifier for each shift to utilize the PIL system.

(p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her controlled substance license. The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all enrolled prescribers, dispensers, and designees information regarding the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section 314.5 of this Act.

(q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to consult the inquiry system established by the Department under this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the following conditions are met:

(1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same hospital or health care system; is employed by the same professional practice; or is under contract with such practice, hospital, or health care system;

(2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in the use of the inquiry system;

(3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and

(4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with the prescriber or dispenser.

The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to registered designees information regarding the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log onto the system.

(r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a minimum, the following information:

(1) current clinical guidelines developed by health care professional organizations on the prescribing of opioids or other controlled substances as determined by the Advisory Committee;

(2) accredited continuing education programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

(3) programs or information developed by health care professionals that may be used to assess patients or help ensure compliance with prescriptions;

(4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other public and private organizations which are relevant to prescribing;

(5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

(6) other information regarding the prescription of controlled substances; and

(7) information regarding prescription drug disposal events, including take-back programs or other disposal options or events.

The content of the Internet website shall be periodically reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.

(s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly send electronic updates to the registered users of the Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee shall review any communications sent to registered users and also make recommendations for communications as set forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the following information:

- (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;
- (2) current clinical guidelines developed by health care professional organizations on the prescribing of opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory Committee;
- (3) programs or information developed by health care professionals that may be used to assess patients or help ensure compliance with prescriptions;
- (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other public and private organizations which are relevant to prescribing;
- (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;
- (6) other information regarding prescribing of controlled substances;
- (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal events, including take-back programs or other disposal options or events; and
- (8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program is a useful clinical tool.

(Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-125, eff. 1-1-18.)

(720 ILCS 570/320)

Sec. 320. Advisory committee.

(a) There is created a Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee to assist the Department of Human Services in implementing the Prescription Monitoring Program created by this Article and to advise the Department on the professional performance of prescribers and dispensers and other matters germane to the advisory committee's field of competence.

(b) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee shall consist of 12 members appointed by the Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program. The Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program shall appoint members to serve on the advisory committee. The advisory committee shall be composed of prescribers and dispensers licensed to practice medicine in his or her respective profession as follows: 4 physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches; one advanced practice registered nurse; one physician assistant; one optometrist or ophthalmologist; one dentist; one podiatric physician; and 3 pharmacists. The Advisory Committee members serving on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly shall continue to serve until January 1, 2019. Prescriber and dispenser nominations for membership on the Committee shall be submitted by their respective professional associations. If there are more nominees than membership positions for a prescriber or dispenser category, as provided in this subsection (b), the Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program shall appoint a member or members for each profession as provided in this subsection (b), from the nominations to serve on the advisory committee. At the first meeting of the Committee in 2019 members shall draw lots for initial terms and 4 members shall serve 3 years, 4 members shall serve 2 years, and 4 members shall serve one year. Thereafter, members shall serve 3 year terms. Members may serve more than one term but no more than 3 terms. The Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program may appoint a representative of an organization representing a profession required to be appointed. The Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program shall serve as the Secretary chair of the committee.

(c) The advisory committee may appoint a chairperson and its other officers as it deems appropriate.

(d) The members of the advisory committee shall receive no compensation for their services as members of the advisory committee, unless appropriated by the General Assembly, but may be reimbursed for their actual expenses incurred in serving on the advisory committee.

(e) The advisory committee shall:

- (1) provide a uniform approach to reviewing this Act in order to determine whether changes should be recommended to the General Assembly;
- (2) review current drug schedules in order to manage changes to the administrative rules pertaining to the utilization of this Act;
- (3) review the following: current clinical guidelines developed by health care professional organizations on the prescribing of opioids or other controlled substances; accredited continuing education programs related to prescribing and dispensing; programs or information developed by health care professional organizations that may be used to assess patients or help ensure

compliance with prescriptions; updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other public and private organizations which are relevant to prescribing and dispensing; relevant medical studies; and other publications which involve the prescription of controlled substances;

(4) make recommendations for inclusion of these materials or other studies which may be effective resources for prescribers and dispensers on the Internet website of the inquiry system established under Section 318;

(5) ~~semi-annually on at least a quarterly basis,~~ review the content of the Internet website of the inquiry system established pursuant to Section 318 to ensure this Internet website has the most current available information;

(6) ~~semi-annually on at least a quarterly basis,~~ review opportunities for federal grants and other forms of funding to support

projects which will increase the number of pilot programs which integrate the inquiry system with electronic health records; and

(7) ~~semi-annually on at least a quarterly basis,~~ review communication to be sent to all registered users of the inquiry system

established pursuant to Section 318, including recommendations for relevant accredited continuing education and information regarding prescribing and dispensing.

(f) ~~The Advisory Committee shall select from its members 11 members of the Peer Review Committee composed of: The Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program shall select 5 members, 3 physicians and 2 pharmacists, of the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee to serve as members of the peer review subcommittee.~~

(1) 3 physicians;

(2) 3 pharmacists;

(3) one dentist;

(4) one advanced practice registered nurse;

(4.5) one veterinarian;

(5) one physician assistant; and

(6) one optometrist or ophthalmologist.

~~The purpose of the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee is to advise the Program on matters germane to the advisory committee's field of competence, establish a formal peer review of professional performance of prescribers and dispensers, and develop communications to transmit to prescribers and dispensers. The deliberations, information, and communications of the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee are privileged and confidential and shall not be disclosed in any manner except in accordance with current law.~~

(1) ~~The Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee shall periodically review the data contained within the prescription monitoring~~

~~program to identify those prescribers or dispensers who may be prescribing or dispensing outside the currently accepted standard and practice standards in the course of their profession professional practice.~~

~~The Peer Review Committee member, whose profession is the same as the prescriber or dispenser being reviewed, shall prepare a preliminary report and recommendation for any non-action or action. The Prescription Monitoring Program Clinical Director and staff shall provide the necessary assistance and data as required.~~

(2) ~~The Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee may identify prescribers or dispensers who may be prescribing outside the~~

~~currently accepted medical standards in the course of their professional practice and send the identified prescriber or dispenser a request for information regarding their prescribing or dispensing practices. This request for information shall be sent via certified mail, return receipt requested. A prescriber or dispenser shall have 30 days to respond to the request for information.~~

(3) ~~The Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee shall refer a prescriber or a dispenser to the Department of Financial and~~

~~Professional Regulation in the following situations:~~

~~(i) if a prescriber or dispenser does not respond to three successive requests for information;~~

~~(ii) in the opinion of a majority of members of the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee, the prescriber or dispenser~~

~~does not have a satisfactory explanation for the practices identified by the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee in its request for information; or~~

(iii) following communications with the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee, the prescriber or dispenser does not

sufficiently rectify the practices identified in the request for information in the opinion of a majority of the members of the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee.

(4) The Department of Financial and Professional Regulation may initiate an investigation and discipline in accordance with current laws and rules for any prescriber or dispenser referred by the peer review subcommittee.

(5) The Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee shall prepare an annual report starting on July 1, 2017. This report shall

contain the following information: the number of times the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee was convened; the number of prescribers or dispensers who were reviewed by the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee; the number of requests for information sent out by the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee; and the number of prescribers or dispensers referred to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. The annual report shall be delivered electronically to the Department and to the General Assembly. The report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the Secretary shall direct. The report prepared by the Peer Review Committee peer review subcommittee shall not identify any prescriber, dispenser, or patient.

(Source: P.A. 99-480, eff. 9-9-15; 100-513, eff. 1-1-18.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 3 and 4 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Bush, **Senate Bill No. 2952** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cunningham	Manar	Rose
Anderson	Curran	Martinez	Sandoval
Aquino	Fowler	McCann	Schimpf
Barickman	Haine	McCarter	Sims
Bennett	Harmon	McConchie	Stadelman
Bertino-Tarrant	Harris	McGuire	Steans
Biss	Hastings	Morrison	Syverson
Bivins	Holmes	Mulroe	Tracy
Brady	Hunter	Muñoz	Weaver
Bush	Jones, E.	Murphy	Mr. President
Castro	Koehler	Raoul	
Clayborne	Landek	Rezin	
Connelly	Lightford	Righter	
Cullerton, T.	Link	Rooney	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

[May 3, 2018]

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Hunter, **Senate Bill No. 3114** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Aquino offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 3114

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 3114 on page 72, immediately below line 24, by inserting the following:

"(aaaa) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, nothing in this Section shall prohibit the issuance or renewal of a license authorizing the sale of alcoholic liquor within a restaurant at premises located within a municipality with a population in excess of 1,000,000 inhabitants and within 100 feet of a school if:

(1) the sale of alcoholic liquor is incidental to the sale of food and is not the principal business of the restaurant;

(2) the building in which the restaurant is located was constructed in 1912 and is a 3-story structure;

(3) the restaurant has been in operation since 2015 and its entrance faces North Western Avenue;

(4) the entrance to the school faces West Augusta Boulevard;

(5) the entrance to the restaurant is more than 100 feet from the entrance to the school;

(6) the school is a Catholic school affiliated with the nearby Catholic Parish church;

(7) the building in which the restaurant is located and the building in which the school is located are separated by an alley;

(8) the principal of the school has not indicated his or her opposition to the issuance or renewal of the license in writing; and

(9) the alderman of the ward in which the restaurant is located has expressed his or her support for the issuance or renewal of the license."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Hunter, **Senate Bill No. 3114** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 47; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cullerton, T.	Landek	Rezin
Anderson	Cunningham	Lightford	Righter
Aquino	Curran	Link	Rose
Barickman	Fowler	Manar	Sandoval
Bennett	Haine	McCann	Schimpf
Bertino-Tarrant	Harmon	McConchie	Sims
Biss	Harris	McGuire	Stadelman
Brady	Hastings	Morrison	Steans
Bush	Holmes	Mulroe	Syverson
Castro	Hunter	Muñoz	Weaver
Clayborne	Jones, E.	Murphy	Mr. President
Connelly	Koehler	Raoul	

[May 3, 2018]

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Fowler, **Senate Bill No. 2675** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Fowler offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2675

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2675 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by adding Section 45-95 as follows:
(30 ILCS 500/45-95 new)

Sec. 45-95. HUBZone business contracts.

(a) For the purposes of this Section:

"HUBZone business" means a business that operates and employs people in Historically Underutilized Business Zones (HUBZone) as designated by the federal HUBZone Empowerment Act.

"Qualified HUBZone small business concern" means a business that qualifies under the HUBZone program administered by the United States Small Business Administration.

(b) Each chief procurement officer shall establish rules, in consultation with the procuring agency, related to the eligibility of qualified HUBZone small business concerns to receive preference under this Section, and shall verify the accuracy of any information submitted by a qualified HUBZone small business concern with respect to a contract awarded under this Section.

(c) The provisions of this Section shall not apply to construction procurements and construction-related services procurements."

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Fowler, **Senate Bill No. 2675** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 52; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cunningham	Manar	Rose
Anderson	Curran	Martinez	Sandoval
Aquino	Fowler	McCann	Schimpf
Barickman	Haine	McCarter	Sims
Bennett	Harmon	McConchie	Stadelman
Bertino-Tarrant	Harris	McGuire	Steans
Biss	Hastings	Morrison	Syverson
Bivins	Holmes	Mulroe	Tracy
Brady	Hunter	Muñoz	Weaver
Bush	Jones, E.	Murphy	Mr. President
Castro	Koehler	Raoul	

[May 3, 2018]

Clayborne	Landek	Rezin
Connelly	Lightford	Righter
Cullerton, T.	Link	Rooney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Althoff, **Senate Bill No. 2744** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Althoff offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 2744

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 2744 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Sections 2-45, 3-5, 8-35, 11-25, 11-155, 11-160, 11-165, 17-20, and 17-40 as follows:

(35 ILCS 200/2-45)

Sec. 2-45. Selection and eligibility of township and multi-township assessors.

(a) In all counties under township organization, township or multi-township assessors shall be qualified as required by subsections (b) through (d) of this Section and shall be elected as provided in this Code. Township or multi-township assessors shall enter upon their duties on January 1 following their election, and perform the duties of the office for 4 years.

(b) Beginning December 1, 1996, in any township or multi-township assessment district not subject to the requirements of subsections (c) or (d) of this Section, no person is eligible to file nomination papers or participate as a candidate in any caucus or primary or general election for, or be appointed to fill vacancies in, the office of township or multi-township assessor, unless he or she (i) has successfully completed an introductory course in assessment practices that is approved by the Department; or (ii) possesses at least one of the qualifications listed in paragraphs (1) through (6) of subsection (c) of this Section. The candidate cannot file nominating papers or participate as a candidate unless a copy of the certificate of his or her qualifications from the Department is filed with the township clerk, board of election commissioners, or other appropriate authority as required by the Election Code. The candidate cannot be appointed to fill a vacancy until he or she has filed a copy of the certificate of his or her qualifications from the Department with the appointing authority.

(c) Beginning December 1, 1996, in a township or multi-township assessment district with \$25,000,000 or more of non-farm equalized assessed value or \$1,000,000 or more in commercial and industrial equalized assessed value, no person is eligible to file nomination papers or participate as a candidate in any caucus or primary or general election for, or be appointed to fill vacancies in, the office of township or multi-township assessor, unless he or she possesses at least one of the qualifications listed in paragraphs (1) through (6) of this subsection (c).

(1) a currently active Certified Illinois Assessing Officer designation certificate from the Illinois Property Assessment

~~Institute with current additional 30 class hours as required for additional compensation under Section 4-10;~~

~~(2) (blank); (A) A Certified Illinois Assessing Officer certificate from the Illinois Property Assessment Institute with a minimum of 300 additional hours of successfully completed courses approved by the Department, if at least 150 of the course hours required a written examination; and~~

~~(B) within the 4 years preceding the election, successful completion of at least 15 class hours of additional training in courses that must be approved by the Department, including but not limited to, assessment, appraisal, or computer courses, and that may be offered by accredited universities, colleges, or community colleges;~~

(3) a Certified Assessment Evaluator designation from the International Association of Assessing Officers;

[May 3, 2018]

(4) ~~a currently active MAI, SREA, SRPA, SRA, or RM designation certification as a Member of the Appraisal Institute, Senior Real Estate Analyst, or Senior Real Property Appraiser from the Appraisal Institute or its predecessor organization;~~

(5) a currently active professional designation by any other appraisal or assessing association approved by the Department; or

(6) ~~(blank), if the person has served as a township or multi-township assessor for 12 years or more, a Certified Illinois Assessing Official certificate from the Illinois Property Assessment Institute with a minimum of 360 additional hours of successfully completed courses approved by the Department, if at least 180 of the course hours required a written examination.~~

The candidate cannot file nominating papers or participate as a candidate unless a copy of the certificate of his or her qualifications from the Department is filed with the township clerk, board of election commissioners, or other appropriate authority as required by the Election Code. The candidate cannot be appointed to fill a vacancy until he or she has filed a copy of the certificate of his or her qualifications with the appointing authority.

(d) Beginning December 1, 2000, in a township or multi-township assessment district with more than \$10,000,000 and less than \$25,000,000 of non-farm equalized assessed value and less than \$1,000,000 in commercial and industrial equalized assessed value, no person who has previously been elected as township or multi-township assessor in any such township or multi-township assessment district is eligible to file nomination papers or participate as a candidate in any caucus or primary or general election for the office of township or multi-township assessor, unless he or she possesses at least one of the qualifications listed in paragraphs (1) through (6) of subsection (c) of this Section. The candidate cannot file nominating papers or participate as a candidate unless a copy of the certificate of his or her qualifications from the Department is filed with the township clerk, board of election commissioners, or other appropriate authority as required by the Election Code.

(e) If any person files nominating papers for candidacy for the office of township or multi-township assessor without also filing a copy of the certificate of his or her qualifications from the Department as required by this Section, the clerk of the township, the board of election commissioners, or other appropriate authority as required by the Election Code shall refuse to certify the name of the person as a candidate to the proper election officials.

If no candidate for election meets the above qualifications there shall be no election and the town board of trustees or multi-township board of trustees shall appoint or contract with a person under Section 2-60.

As used in this Section only, "non-farm equalized assessed value" means the total equalized assessed value in the township or multi-township assessment district as reported to the Department under Section 18-225 after removal of homestead exemptions, and after removal of the equalized assessed value reported as farm or minerals to the Department under Section 18-225.

For purposes of this Section only, "file nomination papers" also includes having nomination papers filed on behalf of the candidate by another person.

(Source: P.A. 93-188, eff. 7-11-03.)

(35 ILCS 200/3-5)

Sec. 3-5. Supervisor of assessments. In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants and in which no county assessor has been elected under Section 3-45, there shall be a county supervisor of assessments, either appointed as provided in this Section, or elected.

In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants and not having an elected county assessor or an elected supervisor of assessments, the office of supervisor of assessments shall be filled by appointment by the presiding officer of the county board with the advice and consent of the county board.

To be eligible for appointment or to be eligible to file nomination papers or participate as a candidate in any primary or general election for, or be elected to, the office of supervisor of assessments, or to enter upon the duties of the office, a person must possess one of the following qualifications as certified by the Department individual to the county clerk:

(1) A currently active Certified Illinois Assessing Official designation certificate from the Illinois Property Assessment

~~Institute, plus the additional training required for additional compensation under Section 4-10.~~

(2) A currently active Certified Assessment Evaluator certificate from the International Association of Assessing Officers.

(3) A currently active MAI, SREA, SRPA, SRA, or RM designation Member of the Appraisal Institute (MAI), Residential Member (RM), Senior Real Estate Analyst (SREA), Senior Real Property

Analyst (SRPA) or Senior Residential Analyst (SRA) certificate from the Appraisal Institute or its predecessor organizations.

(4) (Blank). If the person has served as a supervisor of assessments for 12 years or more, a Certified Illinois Assessing Official certificate from the Illinois Property Assessment Institute with a minimum of 360 additional hours of successfully completed courses approved by the Department if at least 180 of the course hours required a written examination.

In addition, a person must have had at least 2 years' experience in the field of property sales, assessments, finance or appraisals and must have passed an examination conducted by the Department to determine his or her competence to hold the office. The examination may be conducted by the Department at a convenient location in the county or region. Notice of the time and place shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the counties and on the Department's official website, at least one week prior to the exam. The Department shall certify to the county board a list of the names and scores of persons who pass the examination. The Department may provide by rule the maximum time that the name of a person who has passed the examination will be included on a list of persons eligible for appointment or election. The term of office shall be 4 years from the date of appointment and until a successor is appointed and qualified.

(Source: P.A. 92-667, eff. 7-16-02.)

(35 ILCS 200/8-35)

Sec. 8-35. Notification requirements; procedure on protest.

(a) Assessments made by the Department. Upon completion of its original assessments, the Department shall publish a complete list of the assessments on the Department's official website and in the State "official newspaper." Any person feeling aggrieved by any such assessment may, within 10 days of the date of publication of the list, apply to the Department for a review and correction of that assessment. Upon review of the assessment, the Department shall make any correction as it considers just.

If review of an assessment has been made and notice has been given of the Department's decision, any party to the proceeding who feels aggrieved by the decision, may file an application for hearing. The application shall be in writing and shall be filed with the Department within 20 days after notice of the decision has been given by certified mail. Petitions for hearing shall state concisely the mistakes alleged to have been made or the new evidence to be presented.

No action for the judicial review of any assessment decision of the Department shall be allowed unless the party commencing such action has filed an application for a hearing and the Department has acted upon the application.

The extension of taxes on an assessment shall not be delayed by any proceeding under this Section. In cases where the assessment is revised, the taxes extended upon the assessment, or that part of the taxes as may be appropriate, shall be abated or, if already paid, refunded.

(b) Exemption decisions made by the Department. Notice of each exemption decision made by the Department under Section 15-25, 16-70, or 16-130 shall be given by certified mail to the applicant for exemption.

If an exemption decision has been made by the Department and notice has been given of the Department's decision, any party to the proceeding who feels aggrieved by the decision may file an application for hearing. The application shall be in writing and shall be filed with the Department within 60 days after notice of the decision has been given by certified mail. Petitions for hearing shall state concisely the mistakes alleged to have been made or the new evidence to be presented.

If a petition for hearing is filed, the Department shall reconsider the exemption decision and shall grant any party to the proceeding a hearing. As soon as practical after the reconsideration and hearing, the Department shall issue a notice of decision by mailing the notice by certified mail. The notice shall set forth the Department's findings of fact and the basis of the decision.

Within 30 days after the mailing of a notice of decision, any party to the proceeding may file with the Director a written request for rehearing in such form as the Department may by rule prescribe, setting forth the grounds on which rehearing is requested. If rehearing or Departmental review is granted, as soon as practical after the rehearing or Departmental review has been held, the Department shall issue a revised decision to the party or the party's legal representative as a result of the rehearing. The action of the Department on a petition for hearing shall become final the later of (i) 30 days after issuance of a notice of decision, if no request for rehearing is made, or (ii) if a timely request for rehearing is made, upon the issuance of the denial of the request or the issuance of a notice of final decision.

No action for the judicial review of any exemption decision of the Department shall be allowed unless the party commencing the action has filed an application for a hearing and the Department has acted upon the application.

The extension of taxes on an assessment shall not be delayed by any proceeding under this Section. In cases when the exemption is granted, in whole or in part, the taxes extended upon the assessment, or that part of the taxes as may be appropriate, shall be abated or, if already paid, refunded.

(Source: P.A. 92-658, eff. 7-16-02.)

(35 ILCS 200/11-25)

Sec. 11-25. Certification procedure. Application for a pollution control facility certificate shall be filed with the Pollution Control Board in a manner and form prescribed in regulations issued by that board. The application shall contain appropriate and available descriptive information concerning anything claimed to be entitled in whole or in part to tax treatment as a pollution control facility. If it is found that the claimed facility or relevant portion thereof is a pollution control facility as defined in Section 11-10, the Pollution Control Board, acting through its Chairman or his or her specifically authorized delegate, shall enter a finding and issue a certificate to that effect. The certificate shall require tax treatment as a pollution control facility, but only for the portion certified if only a portion is certified. The effective date of a certificate shall be the date of recommendation by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency to the Illinois Pollution Control Board ~~application~~ for the certificate or the date of the construction of the facility, whichever is later.

(Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

(35 ILCS 200/11-155)

Sec. 11-155. Certification and assessment authority. For assessment tax purposes, a qualifying water treatment facility shall be certified as such by the ~~Director of Natural Resources and shall be assessed by the Department of Revenue. If an application is approved and a certification is issued following the procedure contained in Section 11-160, the property shall be assessed as a qualifying water treatment facility by the Department of Revenue.~~

(Source: P.A. 92-278, eff. 1-1-02.)

(35 ILCS 200/11-160)

Sec. 11-160. Approval procedure. Application for approval as a qualifying water treatment facility shall be filed with the Department of Revenue ~~Natural Resources~~ in the manner and form prescribed by the ~~Department of Revenue~~ Director of Natural Resources. The application shall contain appropriate and available descriptive information concerning anything claimed to be entitled to assessment tax treatment as defined in this Division 4. If it is found that the facility meets the definition, the Director of Revenue ~~Natural Resources~~, or his or her duly authorized designee, shall enter a finding and issue a certificate that requires assessment tax treatment as a qualifying water treatment facility. The effective date of a certificate shall be on January 1 preceding the date of certification or preceding the date construction or installation of the facility commences, whichever is later.

(Source: P.A. 92-278, eff. 1-1-02.)

(35 ILCS 200/11-165)

Sec. 11-165. Judicial review; qualifying water treatment facilities. Any applicant or holder aggrieved by the issuance, refusal to issue, denial, revocation, modification, or restriction of a qualifying water treatment facility certificate may appeal the finding and order of the Department of Revenue (or the Department of Natural Resources, if applicable) under the Administrative Review Law.

(Source: P.A. 92-278, eff. 1-1-02.)

(35 ILCS 200/17-20)

Sec. 17-20. Hearing on tentative equalization factor. The Department shall, after publishing its tentative equalization factor and giving notice of hearing to the public in a newspaper of general circulation in the county and on the Department's official website, hold a hearing on its estimate not less than 10 days nor more than 30 days from the date of the publication. The notice shall state the date and time of the hearing, which shall be held in either Chicago or Springfield, the basis for the estimate of the Department, and further information as the Department may prescribe. The Department shall, after giving a hearing to all interested parties and opportunity for submitting testimony and evidence in support of or adverse to the estimate as the Department considers requisite, either confirm or revise the estimate so as to correctly represent the considered judgment of the Department respecting the estimated percentage to be added to or deducted from the aggregate assessment of all locally assessed property in the county except property assessed under Sections 10-110 through 10-140 or 10-170 through 10-200. Within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing the Department shall mail to the County Clerk, by certified mail, its determination with respect to such estimated percentage to be added to or deducted from the aggregate assessment.

(Source: P.A. 91-555, eff. 1-1-00.)

(35 ILCS 200/17-40)

Sec. 17-40. Publication of final equalization factor. The Department shall publish in each county and on the Department's official website the percentage and equalization factor certified to each county clerk under Section 17-30. If the percentage differs from the percentage derived from the initial estimate certified under Section 17-15, a statement as to the basis for the final percentage shall also be published. The Department shall provide the statement to any member of the public upon request. (Source: P.A. 79-703; 88-455.)".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Althoff, **Senate Bill No. 2744** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cullerton, T.	Lightford	Righter
Anderson	Cunningham	Link	Rooney
Aquino	Curran	Manar	Rose
Barickman	Fowler	Martinez	Sandoval
Bennett	Haine	McCann	Schimpf
Bertino-Tarrant	Harmon	McConchie	Sims
Biss	Harris	McGuire	Stadelman
Bivins	Hastings	Morrison	Steans
Brady	Holmes	Mulroe	Syverson
Bush	Hunter	Muñoz	Tracy
Castro	Jones, E.	Murphy	Weaver
Clayborne	Koehler	Raoul	Mr. President
Connelly	Landek	Rezin	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Manar, **House Bill No. 5121** having been printed as received from the House of Representatives, together with all Senate Amendments adopted thereto, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 46; NAYS 7.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Anderson	Cunningham	Lightford	Raoul
Aquino	Curran	Link	Rezin
Barickman	Fowler	Manar	Righter

[May 3, 2018]

Bennett	Haine	Martinez	Rooney
Bertino-Tarrant	Harmon	McCann	Sandoval
Biss	Harris	McCarter	Schimpf
Bivins	Hastings	McConchie	Sims
Bush	Holmes	McGuire	Stadelman
Castro	Hunter	Morrison	Steans
Clayborne	Jones, E.	Mulroe	Mr. President
Connelly	Koehler	Muñoz	
Cullerton, T.	Landek	Murphy	

The following voted in the negative:

Althoff	Oberweis	Syverson	Weaver
Brady	Rose	Tracy	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Althoff, **Senate Bill No. 3550** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

INTRODUCTION OF BILL

SENATE BILL NO. 3608. Introduced by Senator T. Cullerton, a bill for AN ACT concerning appropriations.

The bill was taken up, read by title a first time, ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

RESOLUTIONS CONSENT CALENDAR

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1652

Offered by Senator Oberweis and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Harry Paul Linden, Jr., of Yorkville.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1653

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Alvin J. "Al" Traeder of Harvard.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1654

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Everett L. Kuhn of Woodstock.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1655

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Bonita Yerke.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1656

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Walter John "Walt" Ciesla, formerly of Waukegan.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1657

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:

Mourns the death of Preston F. "Pres" Helgren of Gurnee.

[May 3, 2018]

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1658

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Donald Lee Paulsen, Sr., of Beach Park.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1659

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Paul L. Sattler of Waukegan.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1660

Offered by Senator Link and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Susan Claudia Siwula Sykes of Lindenhurst.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1661

Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Clyde J. Jones of Franklin.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1662

Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Ronald E. "Bud" Stull.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1663

Offered by Senator Harmon and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Patrick Dooley of Oak Park.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1664

Offered by Senator Manar and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Arthur "Boody" Young, Sr., of Decatur.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1665

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Wallace "Wallie" Erickson of Moline.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1666

Offered by Senator Bertino-Tarrant and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Lawrence Eugene "Larry" Bertino of Laguna Hills, California.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1667

Offered by Senator Rose and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Nicholas Todd "Nick" Riordan of Peoria.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO.1669

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Roger Allan Whiting of Woodstock.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1670

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Thomas "Tom" Spanos, Jr., of McHenry.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1671

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Charles John "Jack" Wightman of Hebron.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1672

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Joseph "Joe" Saputo of Crystal Lake.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1673

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:

Mourns the death of John David Mason of Crystal Lake.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1674

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Phyllis R. (Joost) McAuliffe of Marengo.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1675

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Marion Reinwall-Hoak.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1676

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Joyce E. Fisher of Wonder Lake.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1677

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Richard S. Anderson.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1678

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Shirley Jane Teetsov of Crystal Lake.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1679

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Dorothy A. Messer of McHenry.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1680

Offered by Senator Althoff and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Paul Leland Cornue of Lake Geneva.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1681

Offered by Senator Bennett and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Edwin Cleveland "Ebbie" Cook of Champaign.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1682

Offered by Senator Manar and all Senators:
Mourns the death of R-Lou Barker of Springfield.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1683

Offered by Senator Manar and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Guy Raymond Schuetz of Bunker Hill.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1684

Offered by Senator Harmon and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Fred J. Paul.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1685

Offered by Senator Harmon and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Paul R. Booth of Washington, D.C.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1686

Offered by Senator Lightford and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Tyler A. Lumar.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1687

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Joseph H. "Joe" Van Hecke of Rock Island.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1688

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Donald A. "Don" Van Acker of Moline.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1689

Offered by Senator Anderson and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Robert "Bob" Cheffer of East Moline.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1690

Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Spencer Keene Bacus of Rosewood Heights.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1691

Offered by Senator McGuire and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Neil L. Wise of Manlius.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1692

Offered by Senator Rose and all Senators:
Mourns the death of John Michael "Mike" Cummins of Homer.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1693

Offered by Senator Manar and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Evelyn Gallo of Gillespie.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1694

Offered by Senator Mulroe and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Mary Ellen Platt.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1695

Offered by Senator Haine and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Mark Edward Badasch of Collinsville.

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 1696

Offered by Senator Connelly and all Senators:
Mourns the death of Patricia Jeanne Fee of Spring, Texas.

The Chair moved the adoption of the Resolutions Consent Calendar.
The motion prevailed, and the resolutions were adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS

**ILLINOIS STATE SENATE
DON HARMON
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE
39TH DISTRICT**

DISCLOSURE TO THE SENATE

Date: 5/3/18

Legislative Measure(s): SB 2954

Venue:

Committee on _____
 Full Senate

Due to a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I abstained from voting (or voted "present") on the above legislative measure(s).

[May 3, 2018]

Notwithstanding a potential conflict of interest (or the potential appearance thereof), I voted in favor of or against the above legislative measure(s) because I believe doing so is in the best interests of the State.

s/Don Harmon
Senator Don Harmon

Illinois House of Representatives
Michael W. Halpin
State Representative · 72nd District

May 2, 2018

Tim Anderson
Secretary of the Illinois Senate
Room 401 State Capitol
Springfield, IL 62706

Notice for Substitute Senate Sponsorship

Pursuant to Senate Rule 5-1(c), I request that the principal Senate sponsorship of House Bill 4081 be substituted.

Please remove Senator Emil Jones III as the primary sponsor and assign primary sponsorship to Senator Scott Bennett.

I certify that the original primary sponsor has been provided with notice of my intent to request a substitute sponsor.

Respectfully,
s/Michael W. Halpin
Representative Michael Halpin

I accept primary sponsorship of House Bill 4081 at the request of the Representative.

s/Scott M. Bennett
Senator Scott Bennett

Under the rules, the foregoing Notice was referred to the Committee on Assignments.

At the hour of 1:12 o'clock p.m., pursuant to **Senate Joint Resolution No. 68**, the Chair announced that the Senate stands adjourned until Tuesday, May 8, 2018, at 12:00 o'clock noon, or until the call of the President.

[May 3, 2018]