

SENATE JOURNAL

STATE OF ILLINOIS

ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

48TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

THURSDAY, MAY 18, 2017

12:10 O'CLOCK P.M.

SENATE Daily Journal Index 48th Legislative Day

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HB 3234		
HB 3251	E	
HB 3536	Second Reading.	
HB 3874	Second Reading.	

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Senator Terry Link, Waukegan, Illinois, presiding.

Prayer by Bishop Jean Claude Robert, Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Bridgewater, Massachusetts.

Senator Cunningham led the Senate in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Senator Koehler moved that reading and approval of the Journal of Wednesday, May 17, 2017, be postponed, pending arrival of the printed Journal.

The motion prevailed.

REPORT RECEIVED

The Secretary placed before the Senate the following report:

Good Samaritan Energy Trust Fund Report, May 2017, submitted by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.

The foregoing report was ordered received and placed on file in the Secretary's Office.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT 327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Don Harmon to temporarily replace Senator Toi Hutchinson as a member of the Senate Commerce and Economic Development Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Commerce and Economic Development Committee.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT

327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Don Harmon to temporarily replace Senator Mattie Hunter as a member of the Senate Energy and Public Utilities Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Energy and Public Utilities Committee.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTION

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 527

Offered by Senator McCann and all Senators: Mourns the death of Madeline H. "Maddie" Finch of Pleasant Plains.

By unanimous consent, the foregoing resolution was referred to the Resolutions Consent Calendar.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Senator Sandoval, Chairperson of the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendments, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 510 Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 991 Senate Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 1687

Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 799 Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2363

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Sandoval, Chairperson of the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 284, 607, 2567 and 3045,** reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

Senator Holmes, Chairperson of the Committee on Commerce and Economic Development, to which was referred the following Senate floor amendment, reported that the Committee recommends do adopt:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1981

Under the rules, the foregoing floor amendment is eligible for consideration on second reading.

Senator Sandoval, Vice-Chairperson of the Committee on Energy and Public Utilities, to which was referred **House Bills Numbered 535 and 3656**, reported the same back with the recommendation that the bills do pass.

Under the rules, the bills were ordered to a second reading.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by Mr. Mapes, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has adopted the following joint resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 43

WHEREAS, It is important that we remember and honor those who gave the ultimate sacrifice in the service of our State and nation; and

WHEREAS, Sgt. Douglas Riney was born at Fort Stewart Army base in Georgia to Dave and Pam Chabotte Riney on July 29, 1990; he married the love of his life, Kylie Eddy in Farmington on December 29, 2012; and

WHEREAS, Sgt. Douglas Riney was a graduate of Spoon River Valley High School; and

WHEREAS, Sgt. Douglas Riney entered active military service in July of 2012 as a petroleum supply specialist and was last assigned to the Support Squadron, Third Calvary Regiment, First Cavalry Division, Fort Hood, Texas, since December of 2012; he had previously deployed in support of Operation Enduring Freedom from July of 2014 to February of 2015, and also deployed from June of 2016 to October of 2016 in support of Operation Freedom's Sentinel; his awards and decorations include the Purple Heart, Bronze Star, Army Commendation Medal, four Army Achievements Medals, Army Good Conduct Medal, National Defense Service Medal, Afghanistan Campaign Medal with three campaign stars, Global War on Terrorism Service Medal, Non-commissioned Officer Professional Development Ribbon, Army Service Ribbon and NATO Medal; and

WHEREAS, Sgt. Douglas Riney was a member of the Vintage Church in Texas, and a proud volunteer firefighter with the Fairview Fire Department; he was an avid Green Bay Packers fan, a BMX bicycle rider with many awards and trophies; he enjoyed riding his motorcycle, hunting, and fishing; and

WHEREAS, Sgt. Douglas Riney is survived by his wife, Kylie; his children, Elea and James Riney; his father, Dave (Kristie) Riney; his mother, Pam (Don) Boland; his siblings, Jeff Budd, and Stacey Budd; his niece, Cailee Budd; his stepbrothers, Bryce and Kole Vaughn; his stepsister, Ashlie Herrin; his paternal grandmother, Nancy Riney; his maternal grandmother, Linda Huntley; several aunts and uncles and many cousins; his father and mother-in-law, Randal and Donna Eddy; and his sisters-in-law, Brandi Eddy, and Janel (Doug) Brown and their children, Kambell, Payton, Avari, and Asher McDermet and Kinsley Brown; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that we designate the section of Illinois Route 78 from Canton to Farmington as the "Sgt. Douglas Riney Memorial Highway"; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Illinois Department of Transportation is requested to erect at suitable locations, consistent with State and federal regulations, appropriate plaques or signs giving notice of the name "Sgt. Douglas Riney Memorial Highway"; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be presented to the family of Sgt. Douglas Riney and the Secretary of the Illinois Department of Transportation.

[May 18, 2017]

Adopted by the House, May 17, 2017.

TIMOTHY D. MAPES, Clerk of the House

The foregoing message from the House of Representatives reporting House Joint Resolution No. 43 was referred to the Committee on Assignments.

READING BILL FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator McGuire, **House Bill No. 3536** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Local Government, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO HOUSE BILL 3536

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend House Bill 3536 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Joliet Regional Port District Act is amended by changing Section 15 as follows: (70 ILCS 1825/15) (from Ch. 19, par. 265)

Sec. 15. Appointment of Board. Within 60 days after this Act becomes effective the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall appoint 3 members of the Board who reside within the District outside the corporate boundaries of the City of Joliet for initial terms expiring June 1st of the years 1959, 1961, and 1963, respectively, and the Mayor, with the advice and consent of the City Council of the City of Joliet, shall appoint 3 members of the Board who reside within the City of Joliet for initial terms expiring June 1st of the years 1958, 1960, and 1962, respectively. Of the 3 members each appointed by the Governor and the Mayor not more than 2 shall be affiliated with the same political party at the time of appointment. Beginning with the first appointment made by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the Governor must appoint members who reside within the District outside the corporate boundaries of the City of Joliet and the Village of Romeoville. Within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the County Executive of Will County, with the advice and consent of the County Board, shall appoint 3 members of the Board for terms expiring June 1st of 2008, 2010, and 2012, respectively. Within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the President of the Village of Romeoville, with the advice and consent of the corporate authorities of the Village of Romeoville, shall appoint one member of the Board who resides within the Village of Romeoville for an initial term expiring June 1st of 2016 : and within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the President of the Village of Romeoville, with the advice and consent of the corporate authorities of the Village of Romeoville, shall appoint one additional member who resides within the Village of Romeoville for an initial term expiring June 1st of 2021.

At the expiration of the term of any member, his or her successor shall be appointed by the Governor, Mayor, President of the Village of Romeoville, or County Executive of Will County in like manner and with like regard to political party affiliation and place of residence of the appointee, as appointments for the initial terms.

All successors shall hold office for the term of 6 years from the first day of June of the year in which the term of office commences, except in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy. In case of vacancy in the office of any member appointed by the Governor during the recess of the Senate, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate when he or she shall nominate some person to fill such office; and any person so nominated, who is confirmed by the Senate, shall hold his or her office during the remainder of the term and until his or her successor shall be appointed and qualified. If the Senate is not in session at the time this Act takes effect, the Governor shall make temporary appointments as in case of vacancies. The Governor, the Mayor, the President of the Village of Romeoville, and the County Executive shall certify their respective appointments to the Secretary of State. Within 30 days after certification of his or her appointment, and before entering upon the duties of his or her office, each member of the Board shall take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office and file it in the office of the Secretary of State.

(Source: P.A. 96-1283, eff. 7-26-10.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

Senator Silverstein asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Democrat caucus.

Senator Syverson asked and obtained unanimous consent to recess for the purpose of a Republican caucus.

At the hour of 12:25 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced that the Senate stand at recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS

At the hour of 1:15 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business. Senator Munóz, presiding, and the Chair announced the Senate stand at ease.

AT EASE

At the hour of 1:27 o'clock p.m., the Senate resumed consideration of business. Senator Munóz, presiding.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE ON ASSIGNMENTS

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 18, 2017 meeting, reported the following Legislative Measure has been assigned to the indicated Standing Committees of the Senate:

State Government: Committee Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 4011.

Transportation: **SENATE BILL 1340**.

Senator Clayborne, Chairperson of the Committee on Assignments, during its May 18, 2017 meeting, reported that the following Legislative Measure has been approved for consideration:

Floor Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 1700

The foregoing floor amendment was placed on the Secretary's Desk.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House by

Mr. Mapes, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 137

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL NO. 138

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

Passed the House, May 18, 2017.

TIMOTHY D. MAPES. Clerk of the House

The foregoing **House Bills Numbered 137 and 138** were taken up, ordered printed and placed on first reading.

A message from the House by

Mr. Mapes, Clerk:

Mr. President -- I am directed to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the Senate, to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 2525

A bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2622

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2624

A bill for AN ACT concerning insurance.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2959

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

Passed the House, May 18, 2017.

TIMOTHY D. MAPES, Clerk of the House

The foregoing **House Bills Numbered 2525, 2622, 2624 and 2959** were taken up, ordered printed and placed on first reading.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A FIRST TIME

House Bill No. 137, sponsored by Senator J. Cullerton, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 138, sponsored by Senator J. Cullerton, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2622, sponsored by Senator Biss, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2624, sponsored by Senator Morrison, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

House Bill No. 2959, sponsored by Senator Biss, was taken up, read by title a first time and referred to the Committee on Assignments.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator E. Jones III, **Senate Bill No. 510** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Floor Amendment No. 1 was postponed in the Committee on Transportation.

Senator E. Jones III offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 510

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 510 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 11-208.6 as follows: (625 ILCS 5/11-208.6)

Sec. 11-208.6. Automated traffic law enforcement system.

(a) As used in this Section, "automated traffic law enforcement system" means a device with one or more motor vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a red light signal to produce recorded images of motor vehicles entering an intersection against a red signal indication in violation of Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

An automated traffic law enforcement system is a system, in a municipality or county operated by a governmental agency, that produces a recorded image of a motor vehicle's violation of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance and is designed to obtain a clear recorded image of the vehicle and the vehicle's license plate. The recorded image must also display the time, date, and location of the violation.

- (b) As used in this Section, "recorded images" means images recorded by an automated traffic law enforcement system on:
 - (1) 2 or more photographs;
 - (2) 2 or more microphotographs;
 - (3) 2 or more electronic images; or
 - (4) a video recording showing the motor vehicle and, on at least one image or portion of the recording, clearly identifying the registration plate number of the motor vehicle.
- (b-5) A municipality or county that produces a recorded image of a motor vehicle's violation of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance must make the recorded images of a violation accessible to the alleged violator by providing the alleged violator with a website address, accessible through the Internet.
- (c) Except as provided under Section 11-208.8 of this Code, a county or municipality, including a home rule county or municipality, may not use an automated traffic law enforcement system to provide recorded images of a motor vehicle for the purpose of recording its speed. Except as provided under Section 11-208.8 of this Code, the regulation of the use of automated traffic law enforcement systems to record vehicle speeds is an exclusive power and function of the State. This subsection (c) is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
- (c-5) A county or municipality, including a home rule county or municipality, may not use an automated traffic law enforcement system to issue violations in instances where the motor vehicle comes to a complete stop and does not enter the intersection, as defined by Section 1-132 of this Code, during the cycle of the red signal indication unless one or more pedestrians or bicyclists are present, even if the motor vehicle stops at a point past a stop line or crosswalk where a driver is required to stop, as specified in subsection (c) of Section 11-306 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (c-6) A county, or a municipality with less than 2,000,000 inhabitants, including a home rule county or municipality, may not use an automated traffic law enforcement system to issue violations in instances where a motorcyclist enters an intersection against a red signal indication when the red signal fails to change to a green signal within a reasonable period of time not less than 120 seconds because of a signal malfunction or because the signal has failed to detect the arrival of the motorcycle due to the motorcycle's size or weight.
- (d) For each violation of a provision of this Code or a local ordinance recorded by an automatic traffic law enforcement system, the county or municipality having jurisdiction shall issue a written notice of the violation to the registered owner of the vehicle as the alleged violator. The notice shall be delivered to the registered owner of the vehicle, by mail, within 30 days after the Secretary of State notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner of the vehicle, but in no event later than 90 days after the violation.

The notice shall include:

- (1) the name and address of the registered owner of the vehicle;
- (2) the registration number of the motor vehicle involved in the violation;
- (3) the violation charged;
- (4) the location where the violation occurred;
- (5) the date and time of the violation;
- (6) a copy of the recorded images;
- (7) the amount of the civil penalty imposed and the requirements of any traffic

education program imposed and the date by which the civil penalty should be paid and the traffic education program should be completed;

- (8) a statement that recorded images are evidence of a violation of a red light signal;
- (9) a warning that failure to pay the civil penalty, to complete a required traffic education program, or to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission of liability and may result in a suspension of the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle;
 - (10) a statement that the person may elect to proceed by:
 - (A) paying the fine, completing a required traffic education program, or both; or
 - (B) challenging the charge in court, by mail, or by administrative hearing; and

- (11) a website address, accessible through the Internet, where the person may view the recorded images of the violation.
- (e) If a person charged with a traffic violation, as a result of an automated traffic law enforcement system, does not pay the fine or complete a required traffic education program, or both, or successfully contest the civil penalty resulting from that violation, the Secretary of State shall suspend the driving privileges of the registered owner of the vehicle under Section 6-306.5 of this Code for failing to complete a required traffic education program or to pay any fine or penalty due and owing, or both, as a result of a combination of 5 violations of the automated traffic law enforcement system under Section 11-208.8 of this Code.
- (f) Based on inspection of recorded images produced by an automated traffic law enforcement system, a notice alleging that the violation occurred shall be evidence of the facts contained in the notice and admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this Section.
- (g) Recorded images made by an automatic traffic law enforcement system are confidential and shall be made available only to the alleged violator and governmental and law enforcement agencies for purposes of adjudicating a violation of this Section, for statistical purposes, or for other governmental purposes. Any recorded image evidencing a violation of this Section, however, may be admissible in any proceeding resulting from the issuance of the citation.
 - (h) The court or hearing officer may consider in defense of a violation:
 - (1) that the motor vehicle or registration plates of the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred and not under the control of or in the possession of the owner at the time of the violation;
 - (2) that the driver of the vehicle passed through the intersection when the light was red either (i) in order to yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle or (ii) as part of a funeral procession; and
 - (3) any other evidence or issues provided by municipal or county ordinance.
- (i) To demonstrate that the motor vehicle or the registration plates were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner at the time of the violation, the owner must submit proof that a report concerning the stolen motor vehicle or registration plates was filed with a law enforcement agency in a timely manner.
- (j) Unless the driver of the motor vehicle received a Uniform Traffic Citation from a police officer at the time of the violation, the motor vehicle owner is subject to a civil penalty not exceeding \$100 or the completion of a traffic education program, or both, plus an additional penalty of not more than \$100 for failure to pay the original penalty or to complete a required traffic education program, or both, in a timely manner, if the motor vehicle is recorded by an automated traffic law enforcement system. A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed under this Section is not a violation of a traffic regulation governing the movement of vehicles and may not be recorded on the driving record of the owner of the vehicle.
- (j-3) A registered owner who is a holder of a valid commercial driver's license is not required to complete a traffic education program.
- (j-5) For purposes of the required traffic education program only, a registered owner may submit an affidavit to the court or hearing officer swearing that at the time of the alleged violation, the vehicle was in the custody and control of another person. The affidavit must identify the person in custody and control of the vehicle, including the person's name and current address. The person in custody and control of the vehicle at the time of the violation is required to complete the required traffic education program. If the person in custody and control of the vehicle at the time of the violation completes the required traffic education program, the registered owner of the vehicle is not required to complete a traffic education program.
- (k) An intersection equipped with an automated traffic law enforcement system must be posted with a sign visible to approaching traffic indicating that the intersection is being monitored by an automated traffic law enforcement system.
- (k-3) A municipality or county that has one or more intersections equipped with an automated traffic law enforcement system must provide notice to drivers by posting the locations of automated traffic law systems on the municipality or county website.
- (k-5) An intersection equipped with an automated traffic law enforcement system must have a yellow change interval that conforms with the Illinois Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (IMUTCD) published by the Illinois Department of Transportation.
- (k-7) A municipality or county operating an automated traffic law enforcement system shall conduct a statistical analysis to assess the safety impact of each automated traffic law enforcement system at an intersection following installation of the system. The statistical analysis shall be based upon the best available crash, traffic, and other data, and shall cover a period of time before and after installation of the

system sufficient to provide a statistically valid comparison of safety impact. The statistical analysis shall be consistent with professional judgment and acceptable industry practice. The statistical analysis also shall be consistent with the data required for valid comparisons of before and after conditions and shall be conducted within a reasonable period following the installation of the automated traffic law enforcement system. The statistical analysis required by this subsection (k-7) shall be made available to the public and shall be published on the website of the municipality or county. If the statistical analysis for the 36 month period following installation of the system indicates that there has been an increase in the rate of accidents at the approach to the intersection monitored by the system, the municipality or county shall undertake additional studies to determine the cause and severity of the accidents, and may take any action that it determines is necessary or appropriate to reduce the number or severity of the accidents at that intersection.

- (k-10) Thirty days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the Department shall conduct a study evaluating automated traffic law enforcement systems in municipalities with 1,000,000 or more inhabitants. On or before December 31, 2017, the Department shall file a report with the General Assembly which shall include input from local law enforcement on the overall operation, usage, permit process, and regulation of automated traffic law enforcement systems and any recommendations the Department deems necessary.
- (l) The compensation paid for an automated traffic law enforcement system must be based on the value of the equipment or the services provided and may not be based on the number of traffic citations issued or the revenue generated by the system.
- (m) This Section applies only to the counties of Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, Madison, McHenry, St. Clair, and Will and to municipalities located within those counties.
 - (n) The fee for participating in a traffic education program under this Section shall not exceed \$25.

A low-income individual required to complete a traffic education program under this Section who provides proof of eligibility for the federal earned income tax credit under Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code or the Illinois earned income tax credit under Section 212 of the Illinois Income Tax Act shall not be required to pay any fee for participating in a required traffic education program.

- (o) A municipality or county shall make a certified report to the Secretary of State pursuant to Section 6-306.5 of this Code whenever a registered owner of a vehicle has failed to pay any fine or penalty due and owing as a result of a combination of 5 offenses for automated traffic law or speed enforcement system violations.
- (p) No person who is the lessor of a motor vehicle pursuant to a written lease agreement shall be liable for an automated speed or traffic law enforcement system violation involving such motor vehicle during the period of the lease; provided that upon the request of the appropriate authority received within 120 days after the violation occurred, the lessor provides within 60 days after such receipt the name and address of the lessee. The drivers license number of a lessee may be subsequently individually requested by the appropriate authority if needed for enforcement of this Section.

Upon the provision of information by the lessor pursuant to this subsection, the county or municipality may issue the violation to the lessee of the vehicle in the same manner as it would issue a violation to a registered owner of a vehicle pursuant to this Section, and the lessee may be held liable for the violation. (Source: P.A. 97-29, eff. 1-1-12; 97-627, eff. 1-1-12; 97-672, eff. 7-1-12; 97-762, eff. 7-6-12; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator E. Jones III, **Senate Bill No. 510** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 51; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Fowler McCann Rooney Anderson Harmon McConchie Rose Aquino Harris McConnaughay Schimpf Bennett Hastings McGuire Silverstein Bertino-Tarrant Hunter Morrison Stadelman Biss Hutchinson Mulroe Steans Jones E Brady Muñoz Syverson Castro Koehler Murphy Tracy Clayborne Landek Nybo Trotter Lightford Collins Oberweis Van Pelt Connelly Link Weaver Radogno Raoul Mr. President Cullerton, T. Manar Cunningham Martinez Righter

The following voted in the negative:

Holmes

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Mulroe, as chief co-sponsor pursuant to Senate Rule 5-1(b)(i), **Senate Bill No. 639** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cunningham	McCann	Rose
Anderson	Fowler	McCarter	Sandoval
Aquino	Harmon	McConchie	Schimpf
Barickman	Harris	McConnaughay	Silverstein
Bennett	Hastings	McGuire	Stadelman
Bertino-Tarrant	Holmes	Morrison	Steans
Biss	Hunter	Mulroe	Syverson
Bivins	Hutchinson	Murphy	Tracy
Brady	Jones, E.	Nybo	Trotter
Castro	Koehler	Oberweis	Van Pelt
Clayborne	Lightford	Radogno	Weaver
Collins	Link	Rezin	Mr. President
Connelly	Manar	Righter	
Cullerton, T.	Martinez	Rooney	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 789** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 57; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Fowler McCarter Rose McConchie. Anderson Harmon Sandoval Harris McConnaughay Schimpf Aquino Barickman Hastings McGuire Silverstein Bennett Holmes Morrison Stadelman Bertino-Tarrant Hunter Mulroe Steans Hutchinson Biss Muñoz Syverson **Bivins** Jones, E. Murphy Tracy Brady Koehler Nybo Trotter Castro Landek Oberweis Van Pelt Clayborne Lightford Radogno Weaver Collins Link Raoul Mr. President Connelly Manar Rezin Cullerton, T. Martinez Righter Cunningham McCann Rooney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, Senate Bill No. 1267 having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53: NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Harmon	McConnaughay	Sandoval
Anderson	Harris	McGuire	Schimpf
Aquino	Hastings	Morrison	Silverstein
Barickman	Holmes	Mulroe	Stadelman
Bennett	Hunter	Muñoz	Steans
Bertino-Tarrant	Hutchinson	Murphy	Syverson
Biss	Jones, E.	Nybo	Tracy
Brady	Koehler	Oberweis	Trotter
Castro	Landek	Radogno	Van Pelt
Clayborne	Lightford	Raoul	Weaver
Collins	Link	Rezin	Mr. President
Cullerton, T.	Manar	Righter	
Cunningham	Martinez	Rooney	
Fowler	McCann	Rose	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 1320** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 53: NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Fowler McConchie Sandoval McConnaughay Anderson Harris Schimpf Aquino Hastings Morrison Silverstein Barickman Holmes Mulroe Stadelman Hunter Muñoz Rennett Steans Bertino-Tarrant Hutchinson Murphy Syverson Biss Jones, E. Nybo Tracy Brady Koehler Oberweis Trotter Castro Landek Radogno Van Pelt Clayborne Lightford Raoul Weaver Collins Mr. President Link Rezin Connelly Manar Righter Cullerton, T. Martinez Rooney Cunningham McCann Rose

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 1429** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 56: NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Harmon	McConchie	Sandoval
Anderson	Harris	McConnaughay	Schimpf
Aquino	Hastings	McGuire	Silverstein
Barickman	Holmes	Morrison	Stadelman
Bennett	Hunter	Mulroe	Steans
Bertino-Tarrant	Hutchinson	Muñoz	Syverson
Biss	Jones, E.	Murphy	Tracy
Brady	Koehler	Nybo	Trotter
Castro	Landek	Oberweis	Van Pelt
Clayborne	Lightford	Radogno	Weaver
Collins	Link	Raoul	Mr. President
Connelly	Manar	Rezin	
Cullerton, T.	Martinez	Righter	
Cunningham	McCann	Rooney	
Fowler	McCarter	Rose	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 1680** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54: NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Cunningham	McCann	Righter
Anderson	Fowler	McCarter	Rooney
Aquino	Harris	McConchie	Rose
Barickman	Hastings	McConnaughay	Schimpf
Bennett	Holmes	McGuire	Silverstein
Bertino-Tarrant	Hunter	Morrison	Stadelman
Biss	Hutchinson	Mulroe	Steans
Bivins	Jones, E.	Muñoz	Syverson
Brady	Koehler	Murphy	Tracy
Castro	Landek	Nybo	Trotter
Clayborne	Lightford	Oberweis	Van Pelt
Collins	Link	Radogno	Weaver
Connelly	Manar	Raoul	
Cullerton, T.	Martinez	Rezin	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator McConnaughay, **Senate Bill No. 1700** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator McConnaughay offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 1700

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend Senate Bill 1700 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. If and only if House Bill 2831 of the 100th General Assembly becomes law as engrossed, then the Property Assessed Clean Energy Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 25 as follows:

(10000HB2831eng, Sec. 5)

Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Alternative energy improvement" means the installation or upgrade of electrical wiring, outlets, or charging stations to charge a motor vehicle that is fully or partially powered by electricity.

"Assessment contract" means a voluntary written contract between the local unit of government and record owner governing the terms and conditions of financing and assessment under a program.

"PACE area" means an area within the jurisdictional boundaries of a local unit of government created by an ordinance or resolution of the local unit of government to provide financing for energy projects under a property assessed clean energy program. A local unit of government may create more than one PACE area under the program, and PACE areas may be separate, overlapping, or coterminous.

"Energy efficiency improvement" means equipment, devices, or materials intended to decrease energy consumption or promote a more efficient use of electricity, natural gas, propane, or other forms of energy on property, including, but not limited to, all of the following:

(1) insulation in walls, roofs, floors, foundations, or heating and cooling distribution systems;

- (2) storm windows and doors, multi-glazed windows and doors, heat-absorbing or heat-reflective glazed and coated window and door systems, and additional glazing, reductions in glass area, and other window and door system modifications that reduce energy consumption;
 - (3) automated energy control systems;
- (4) high efficiency heating, ventilating, or air-conditioning and distribution system modifications or replacements;
 - (5) caulking, weather-stripping, and air sealing;
- (6) replacement or modification of lighting fixtures to reduce the energy use of the lighting system;
 - (7) energy controls or recovery systems;
 - (8) day lighting systems; and
- (9) any other installation or modification of equipment, devices, or materials approved as a utility cost-savings measure by the governing body.

"Energy project" means the installation or modification of an alternative energy improvement, energy efficiency improvement, or water use improvement, or the acquisition, installation, or improvement of a renewable energy system that is <u>or will be</u> affixed to <u>new or a stabilized</u> existing property (not new construction).

"Governing body" means the county board or board of county commissioners of a county, the city council of a city, or the board of trustees of a village.

"Local unit of government" means a county, city, or village.

"Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation, limited liability company, unincorporated joint venture, trust, or any other type of entity that is recognized by law and has the title to or interest in property. "Person" does not include a local unit of government or a homeowner's or condominium association.

"Program administrator" means a for-profit entity or not-for profit entity that will administer a program on behalf of or at the discretion of the local unit of government. It or its affiliates, consultants, or advisors shall have done business as a program administrator or capital provider for a minimum of 18 months and shall be responsible for arranging capital for the acquisition of bonds issued by the local unit of government to finance energy projects.

"Property" means privately-owned commercial, industrial, non-residential agricultural, or multi-family (of 5 or more units) real property located within the local unit of government, but does not include property owned by a local unit of government or a homeowner's or condominium association.

"Property assessed clean energy program" or "program" means a program as described in Section 10.

"Record owner" means the person who is the titleholder or owner of the beneficial interest in property.

"Renewable energy resource" includes energy and its associated renewable energy credit or renewable energy credits from wind energy, solar thermal energy, photovoltaic cells and panels, biodiesel, anaerobic digestion, and hydropower that does not involve new construction or significant expansion of hydropower dams. For purposes of this Act, landfill gas produced in the State is considered a renewable energy resource. The term "renewable energy resources" does not include the incineration or burning of any solid material.

"Renewable energy system" means a fixture, product, device, or interacting group of fixtures, products, or devices on the customer's side of the meter that use one or more renewable energy resources to generate electricity.

"Water use improvement" means any fixture, product, system, device, or interacting group thereof for or serving any property that has the effect of conserving water resources through improved water management or efficiency.

(Source: 10000HB2831eng.) (10000HB2831eng, Sec. 25)

Sec. 25. Contracts with record owners of property.

- (a) After creation of a program and PACE area, a record owner of property within the PACE area may apply with the local unit of government or its program administrator for funding to finance an energy project.
- (b) A local unit of government may impose an assessment under a property assessed clean energy program only pursuant to the terms of a recorded assessment contract with the record owner of the property to be assessed.
- (c) Before entering into an assessment contract with a record owner under a program, the local unit of government shall verify all of the following:
 - (1) that the property is within the PACE area;
 - (2) that there are no delinquent taxes, special assessments, or water or sewer charges

on the property;

- (3) that there are no delinquent assessments on the property under a property assessed clean energy program;
- (4) there are no involuntary liens on the property, including, but not limited to, construction or mechanics liens, lis pendens or judgments against the record owner, environmental proceedings, or eminent domain proceedings;
- (5) that no notices of default or other evidence of property-based debt delinquency have been recorded and not cured;
- (6) that the record owner is current on all mortgage debt on the property, the record owner has not filed for bankruptcy in the last 2 years, and the property is not an asset to a current bankruptcy.
- (7) all work requiring a license under any applicable law to make a qualifying improvement shall be performed by a registered contractor that has agreed to adhere to a set of terms and conditions through a process established by the local unit of government.
- (8) the contractors to be used have signed a written acknowledgement that the local unit of government will not authorize final payment to the contractor until the local unit of government has received written confirmation from the record owner that the improvement was properly installed and is operating as intended; provided, however, that the contractor retains all legal rights and remedies in the event there is a disagreement with the owner;
- (9) that the amount of the assessment in relation to the greater of the assessed value of the property or the appraised value of the property, as determined by a licensed appraiser, does not exceed 25%; and
- (10) a requirement that an assessment of the existing water or energy use or and a modeling of expected monetary savings has have been conducted for any proposed project.
- (d) At least 30 days before entering into an agreement with the local unit of government, the record owner shall provide to the holders or loan servicers of any existing mortgages encumbering or otherwise secured by the property a notice of the record owner's intent to enter into an assessment contract with the local unit of government, together with the maximum principal amount to be financed and the maximum annual assessment necessary to repay that amount, along with a request that the holders or loan servicers of any existing mortgages consent to the record owner subjecting the property to the program. A verified copy or other proof of those notices and the written consent of the existing mortgage holder for the record owner to enter into the assessment contract and acknowledging that the existing mortgage will be subordinate to the financing and assessment agreement and that the local unit of government can foreclose the property if the assessment is not paid shall be provided to the local unit of government.
- (e) A provision in any agreement between a local unit of government and a public or private power or energy provider or other utility provider is not enforceable to limit or prohibit any local unit of government from exercising its authority under this Section.
- (f) The record owner has signed a certification that the local unit of government has complied with the provisions of this Section, which shall be conclusive evidence as to compliance with these provisions, but shall not relieve any contractor, or local unit of government, from any potential liability.
- (g) This Section is additional and supplemental to county and municipal home rule authority and not in derogation of such authority or limitation upon such authority. (Source: 10000HB2831eng.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law or upon the effective date of House Bill 2831 of the 100th General Assembly, whichever occurs later.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator McConnaughay, **Senate Bill No. 1700** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 54; NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Fowler McConchie Rose McConnaughay Anderson Harris Sandoval Aguino Hastings McGuire Schimpf Silverstein Barickman Holmes Morrison Hunter Mulroe Stadelman Bennett Bertino-Tarrant Hutchinson Muñoz Steans Biss Jones, E. Murphy Syverson Koehler Bivins Nybo Tracy Brady Landek Oberweis Trotter Castro Lightford Radogno Van Pelt Clayborne Link Raoul Weaver Collins Manar Rezin Mr. President Cullerton, T. Martinez Righter Cunningham McCann Rooney

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator Lightford, **Senate Bill No. 449** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator Lightford offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SENATE BILL 449

AMENDMENT NO. _1_. Amend Senate Bill 449 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 24A-7 as follows: (105 ILCS 5/24A-7) (from Ch. 122, par. 24A-7)

Sec. 24A-7. Rules. The State Board of Education is authorized to adopt such rules as are deemed necessary to implement and accomplish the purposes and provisions of this Article, including, but not limited to, rules (i) relating to the methods for measuring student growth (including, but not limited to, limitations on the age of useable data; the amount of data needed to reliably and validly measure growth for the purpose of teacher and principal evaluations; and whether and at what time annual State assessments may be used as one of multiple measures of student growth), (ii) defining the term "significant factor" for purposes of including consideration of student growth in performance ratings, (iii) controlling for such factors as student characteristics (including, but not limited to, students receiving special education and English Language Learner services), student attendance, and student mobility so as to best measure the impact that a teacher, principal, school and school district has on students' academic achievement, (iv) establishing minimum requirements for district teacher and principal evaluation instruments and procedures, and (v) establishing a model evaluation plan for use by school districts in which student growth shall comprise 50% of the performance rating. Notwithstanding any provision in this Section, such rules shall not preclude a school district having 500,000 or more inhabitants from using an annual State assessment as the sole measure of student growth for purposes of teacher or principal evaluations.

The State Superintendent of Education shall convene The rules shall be developed through a process involving collaboration with a Performance Evaluation Advisory Council, which shall be convened and staffed by the State Board of Education. Members of the Council shall be selected by the State Superintendent and include, without limitation, representatives of teacher unions and school district management, persons with expertise in performance evaluation processes and systems, as well as other

stakeholders. The Performance Evaluation Advisory Council shall meet at least quarterly , and may also meet at the call of the chairperson of the Council, following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th 96th General Assembly until June 30, 2021 2017. The Council shall advise the State Board of Education on the ongoing implementation of performance evaluations in this State, which may include gathering public feedback, sharing best practices, consulting with the State Board on any proposed rule changes regarding evaluations, and other subjects as determined by the chairperson of the Council.

Prior to the applicable implementation date, these rules shall not apply to teachers assigned to schools identified in an agreement entered into between the board of a school district operating under Article 34 of this Code and the exclusive representative of the district's teachers in accordance with Section 34-85c of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 95-510, eff. 8-28-07; 96-861, eff. 1-15-10; 96-1423, eff. 8-3-10.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator Lightford, **Senate Bill No. 449** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 57: NAYS None.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff	Fowler	McCarter	Rose
Anderson	Harmon	McConchie	Sandoval
Aquino	Harris	McConnaughay	Schimpf
Barickman	Hastings	McGuire	Silverstein
Bennett	Holmes	Morrison	Stadelman
Bertino-Tarrant	Hunter	Mulroe	Steans
Biss	Hutchinson	Muñoz	Syverson
Bivins	Jones, E.	Murphy	Tracy
Brady	Koehler	Nybo	Trotter
Castro	Landek	Oberweis	Van Pelt
Clayborne	Lightford	Radogno	Weaver
Collins	Link	Raoul	Mr. President
Connelly	Manar	Rezin	
Cullerton, T.	Martinez	Righter	
Cunningham	McCann	Rooney	

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

At the hour of 1:51 o'clock p.m., Senator Link, presiding.

READING BILLS OF THE SENATE A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Sandoval, **Senate Bill No. 1687** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time.

Floor Amendment Nos. 1 and 2 were held in the Committee on Assignments.

Senator Sandoval offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 1687

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend Senate Bill 1687 on page 1, line 5, by deleting "and by adding Section 1.5"; and

on page 2, by deleting lines 16 through 22; and

on page 17, line 20, by deleting "or threaten to take"; and

on page 18, by replacing line 1 with the following:

"either electronically or on paper, prior to the sale or lease, and the dealer knew or reasonably should have known of the"; and

on page 18, line 4, by changing "in" to "and titled in"; and

on page 18, by replacing lines 10 through 26 with the following:

"(11) to coerce or require any dealer to construct improvements to his or her facilities or to install new signs or other franchiser image elements that replace or substantially alter those improvements, signs, or franchiser image elements completed within the past 10 years that were required and approved by the manufacturer or one of its affiliates. The 10-year period under this paragraph (11) begins to run for a dealer, including that dealer's successors and assigns, on the date that the manufacturer gives final written approval of the facility improvements or installation of signs or other franchiser image elements or the date that the dealer receives a certificate of occupancy, whichever is later. For the purpose of this paragraph (11), the term "substantially alter" does not include routine maintenance, including, but not limited to, interior painting, that is reasonably necessary to keep a dealer facility in attractive condition; or"; and

on page 19, by deleting lines 1 through 10; and

on page 19, line 12, by changing "improvement" to "improvements"; and

on page 19, by replacing lines 24 through 26 with the following:

"means an amount equal to or greater than the cost savings that would result if the dealer were to utilize a vendor of the dealer's own selection instead of using the vendor identified by the manufacturer. For the purpose of this paragraph (12), the term "goods" does not include movable displays, brochures, and promotional materials containing material subject to the intellectual property rights of a manufacturer. If signs, other than signs containing the manufacturer's brand or logo or free-standing signs that are not directly attached to a building, or other franchiser image or design elements or trade dress are to be leased to the dealer by a vendor selected, identified, or designated by the manufacturer, the dealer has the right to purchase the signs or other franchiser image or design elements or trade dress of substantially similar quality and design from a vendor selected by the dealer if the signs, franchiser image or design elements, or trade dress are approved by the manufacturer. Approval by the manufacturer shall not be unreasonably withheld. This paragraph (12) shall not be construed to allow a dealer or vendor to impair, infringe upon, or eliminate, directly or indirectly, the intellectual property rights of the manufacturer including, but not limited to, the manufacturer's intellectual property rights in any trademarks or trade dress, or other intellectual property interests owned or controlled by the manufacturer. This paragraph (12) shall not be construed to permit a dealer to erect or maintain signs that do not conform to the manufacturer's intellectual property rights or trademark or trade dress usage guidelines."; and

on page 20, by deleting lines 1 through 14; and

on page 35, by replacing lines 3 through 16 with the following:

"(A) notifies the dealer in writing that it intends to exercise its right to acquire the franchise not later than 60 days after the manufacturer's or distributor's receipt of a notice of the proposed transfer from the dealer and all information and documents reasonably and customarily required by the manufacturer or distributor supporting the proposed transfer;"; and

on page 36, by replacing lines 10 through 12 with the following:

"investigating, and negotiating the transfer of the dealership prior to the manufacturer's or distributor's exercise of its right of"; and

on page 36, line 21, by changing "manufacturer" to "manufacturer's"; and

on page 36, line 25 by changing "30" to "90"; and

on page 37, by replacing lines 3 through 9 with the following:

"manufacturer's or distributor's right of first refusal.

Except as provided in this paragraph (14), neither the selling dealer nor the manufacturer or distributor shall have any liability to any person as a result of a manufacturer or distributor exercising its right of first refusal.

For the purpose of this paragraph, "proposed transferee" means the person to whom the franchise would have been transferred to, or was proposed to be transferred to, had the right of first refusal or other right to acquire the franchise not been exercised by the manufacturer or distributor."; and

on page 37, line 13, by deleting "employee,"; and

on page 37, by replacing lines 18 through 22 with the following:

"place of business as a motor vehicle franchisee or motor vehicle financing affiliate, except that, this subsection shall not prohibit:"; and

on page 54, by replacing lines 14 through 24 with the following:

"dealer's market area presented by the dealer impacted the dealer's performance.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Trotter, **Senate Bill No. 1993** having been printed, was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

SENATE BILL RECALLED

On motion of Senator E. Jones III, **Senate Bill No. 312** was recalled from the order of third reading to the order of second reading.

Senator E. Jones III offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO SENATE BILL 312

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 312 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act is amended by adding Section 21.4 as follows:

(410 ILCS 620/21.4 new)

Sec. 21.4. Catfish labeling.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Catfish" means any species within the family Ictaluridae.

"Menu" means any form from which a customer is offered food and beverage, including, but not limited to, traditional printed listings, white boards, chalkboards, and buffet labels.

"Similar fish" means species of fish similar to catfish, but within the families of Siluridae, Clariidae, and Pangasiidae.

(b) A restaurant shall not label a menu item as containing catfish unless the item contains catfish.

(c) An individual may file a complaint alleging a violation of subsection (b) of this Section with the Department of Public Health or a local health department. The complaint must include a copy, electronic copy, or photograph of the menu. After receiving a complaint that meets the requirements of this

subsection, the Department of Public Health or local health department shall notify the restaurant in writing that there has been a complaint alleging a violation of subsection (b). The notice must include information concerning the penalties for violating this Section.

If the Department of Public Health or a local health department receives 2 separate complaints for a restaurant that meet the requirements of this subsection, then the Department of Public Health or local health department shall inspect the menu, books, records, and inventory of the restaurant to determine whether, in the Department of Public Health's or local health department's discretion, the item advertised on the restaurant's menu is consistent with the books, records, and inventory of the restaurant.

(d) If a restaurant is found to be in violation of this Section following an inspection under subsection (c) of this Section for the first time, then the Department of Public Health or local health department shall: (1) notify the restaurant in writing that the restaurant must correct the mislabeling within 14 days after receiving the notice and (2) impose a \$250 fine upon the restaurant.

The Department of Public health or local health department shall impose a \$1,000 fine upon a restaurant found to be in violation of this Section a second time.

For a restaurant found to be in violation of this Section a third or subsequent time, the Department of Public Health or local health department shall (1) impose a \$5,000 fine, (2) suspend the restaurant's license, or (3) both.

(e) A restaurant found to be incorrectly labeling a menu item as containing catfish shall not be held liable for a violation of this Section by reason of the conduct of another if the restaurant relied on the designation provided by the restaurant's supplier, unless the restaurant willfully disregarded information establishing that the designation was false.

If a restaurant's records indicate that it has purchased both catfish and similar fish from its suppliers and the restaurant labels an item on its menu as containing a similar fish, then the restaurant shall not be held liable for a violation of this Section.

(f) The Department of Public Health may adopt any rules necessary to implement this Section.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2018.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

Senator E. Jones III offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SENATE BILL 312

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend Senate Bill 312, AS AMENDED, with reference to the page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 2, on page 1, immediately below line 13, by inserting the following:

""Primarily engaged" means having sales of ready-to-eat food for immediate consumption comprising at least 51% of the total sales, excluding the sale of liquor.

"Restaurant" means any business that is primarily engaged in the sale of ready-to-eat food for immediate consumption.".

The motion prevailed.

And the amendment was adopted and ordered printed.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 2 and 3 were ordered engrossed, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

READING BILL OF THE SENATE A THIRD TIME

On motion of Senator E. Jones III, **Senate Bill No. 312** having been transcribed and typed and all amendments adopted thereto having been printed, was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

YEAS 55; NAY 1.

The following voted in the affirmative:

Althoff Cunningham Martinez Rooney

Anderson Fowler McCann Rose Harmon McConchie Sandoval Aquino Barickman Harris McConnaughay Schimpf Bennett Hastings McGuire Silverstein Bertino-Tarrant Holmes Stadelman Morrison Biss Hunter Mulroe Steans **Bivins** Hutchinson Muñoz Syverson Brady Jones, E. Murphy Tracy Koehler Trotter Castro Nybo Clavborne Landek Oberweis Van Pelt Collins Lightford Radogno Weaver Mr. President Connelly Link Rezin Cullerton, T. Manar Righter

The following voted in the negative:

Raoul

This bill, having received the vote of a constitutional majority of the members elected, was declared passed, and all amendments not adopted were tabled pursuant to Senate Rule No. 5-4(a).

Ordered that the Secretary inform the House of Representatives thereof and ask their concurrence therein.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Steans, **House Bill No. 3110** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Harris, **House Bill No. 3092** having been printed, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Committee Amendment No. 1 was postponed in the Committee on Judiciary.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary, adopted and ordered printed:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO HOUSE BILL 3092

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 3092 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by changing Sections 7A-102 and 7B-102 as follows:

(775 ILCS 5/7A-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 7A-102)

Sec. 7A-102. Procedures.

- (A) Charge.
- (1) Within 180 days after the date that a civil rights violation allegedly has been committed, a charge in writing under oath or affirmation may be filed with the Department by an aggrieved party or issued by the Department itself under the signature of the Director.
- (2) The charge shall be in such detail as to substantially apprise any party properly concerned as to the time, place, and facts surrounding the alleged civil rights violation.
- (3) Charges deemed filed with the Department pursuant to subsection (A-1) of this Section shall be deemed to be in compliance with this subsection.
- (A-1) Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Charges.
- (1) If a charge is filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) within 180 days after the date of the alleged civil rights violation, the charge shall be deemed filed with the Department on the date filed with the EEOC. If the EEOC is the governmental agency designated to investigate the charge first, the Department shall take no action until the EEOC makes a determination on the charge and after the complainant notifies the Department of the EEOC's determination. In such cases, after receiving notice from the EEOC that a charge was filed, the Department shall notify the parties that (i) a charge has been received by the EEOC and has been sent to the Department for dual filing purposes; (ii) the EEOC is the governmental agency responsible for investigating the charge and that the investigation shall be conducted pursuant to the rules and procedures adopted by the EEOC;

- (iii) it will take no action on the charge until the EEOC issues its determination; (iv) the complainant must submit a copy of the EEOC's determination within 30 days after service of the determination by the EEOC on complainant; and (v) that the time period to investigate the charge contained in subsection (G) of this Section is tolled from the date on which the charge is filed with the EEOC until the EEOC issues its determination.
- (2) If the EEOC finds reasonable cause to believe that there has been a violation of federal law and if the Department is timely notified of the EEOC's findings by complainant, the Department shall notify complainant that the Department has adopted the EEOC's determination of reasonable cause and that complainant has the right, within 90 days after receipt of the Department's notice, to either file his or her own complaint with the Illinois Human Rights Commission or commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court or other appropriate court of competent jurisdiction. The Department's notice to complainant that the Department has adopted the EEOC's determination of reasonable cause shall constitute the Department's Report for purposes of subparagraph (D) of this Section.
- (3) For those charges alleging violations within the jurisdiction of both the EEOC and the Department and for which the EEOC either (i) does not issue a determination, but does issue the complainant a notice of a right to sue, including when the right to sue is issued at the request of the complainant, or (ii) determines that it is unable to establish that illegal discrimination has occurred and issues the complainant a right to sue notice, and if the Department is timely notified of the EEOC's determination by complainant, the Department shall notify the parties that the Department will adopt the EEOC's determination as a dismissal for lack of substantial evidence unless the complainant requests in writing within 35 days after receipt of the Department's notice that the Department review the EEOC's determination.
 - (a) If the complainant does not file a written request with the Department to review the EEOC's determination within 35 days after receipt of the Department's notice, the Department shall notify complainant that the decision of the EEOC has been adopted by the Department as a dismissal for lack of substantial evidence and that the complainant has the right, within 90 days after receipt of the Department's notice, to commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court or other appropriate court of competent jurisdiction. The Department's notice to complainant that the Department has adopted the EEOC's determination shall constitute the Department's report for purposes of subparagraph (D) of this Section.
 - (b) If the complainant does file a written request with the Department to review the EEOC's determination, the Department shall review the EEOC's determination and any evidence obtained by the EEOC during its investigation. If, after reviewing the EEOC's determination and any evidence obtained by the EEOC, the Department determines there is no need for further investigation of the charge, the Department shall issue a report and the Director shall determine whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed pursuant to subsection (D) of Section 7A-102. If, after reviewing the EEOC's determination and any evidence obtained by the EEOC, the Department determines there is a need for further investigation of the charge, the Department may conduct any further investigation it deems necessary. After reviewing the EEOC's determination, the evidence obtained by the EEOC, and any additional investigation conducted by the Department, the Department shall issue a report and the Director shall determine whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed pursuant to subsection (D) of Section 7A-102 of this Act.
- (4) Pursuant to this Section, if the EEOC dismisses the charge or a portion of the charge of discrimination because, under federal law, the EEOC lacks jurisdiction over the charge, and if, under this Act, the Department has jurisdiction over the charge of discrimination, the Department shall investigate the charge or portion of the charge dismissed by the EEOC for lack of jurisdiction pursuant to subsections (A), (A-1), (B), (B-1), (C), (D), (E), (F), (G), (H), (I), (J), and (K) of Section 7A-102 of this Act.
- (5) The time limit set out in subsection (G) of this Section is tolled from the date on which the charge is filed with the EEOC to the date on which the EEOC issues its determination.
- (B) Notice and Response to Charge. The Department shall, within 10 days of the date on which the charge was filed, serve a copy of the charge on the respondent. This period shall not be construed to be jurisdictional. The charging party and the respondent may each file a position statement and other materials with the Department regarding the charge of alleged discrimination within 60 days of receipt of the notice of the charge. The position statements and other materials filed shall remain confidential unless otherwise agreed to by the party providing the information and shall not be served on or made available to the other party during pendency of a charge with the Department. The Department <u>may shall</u> require the respondent

to file a verified response to the allegations contained in the charge . Upon the Department's request, the respondent shall file a response to the charge within 60 days and of receipt of the notice of the charge. The respondent shall serve a copy of its response on the complainant or his or her representative. Notwithstanding any request from the Department, the respondent may elect to file a response to the charge within 60 days of receipt of notice of the charge, provided the respondent serves a copy of its response on the complainant or his or her representative. All allegations contained in the charge not timely denied by the respondent within 60 days of the Department's request for a response may shall be deemed admitted, unless the respondent states that it is without sufficient information to form a belief with respect to such allegation. The Department may issue a notice of default directed to any respondent who fails to file a verified response to a charge within 60 days of receipt of the Department's request notice of the charge, unless the respondent can demonstrate good cause as to why such notice should not issue. The term "good cause" shall be defined by rule promulgated by the Department. Within 30 days of receipt of the respondent's response, the complainant may file a reply to said response and shall serve a copy of said reply on the respondent or his or her representative. A party shall have the right to supplement his or her response or reply at any time that the investigation of the charge is pending. The Department shall, within 10 days of the date on which the charge was filed, and again no later than 335 days thereafter, send by certified or registered mail written notice to the complainant and to the respondent informing the complainant of the complainant's right to either file a complaint with the Human Rights Commission or commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (G), including in such notice the dates within which the complainant may exercise this right. In the notice the Department shall notify the complainant that the charge of civil rights violation will be dismissed with prejudice and with no right to further proceed if a written complaint is not timely filed with the Commission or with the appropriate circuit court by the complainant pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph (G) or by the Department pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph (G).

(B-1) Mediation. The complainant and respondent may agree to voluntarily submit the charge to mediation without waiving any rights that are otherwise available to either party pursuant to this Act and without incurring any obligation to accept the result of the mediation process. Nothing occurring in mediation shall be disclosed by the Department or admissible in evidence in any subsequent proceeding unless the complainant and the respondent agree in writing that such disclosure be made.

(C) Investigation.

- (1) The After the respondent has been notified, the Department shall conduct <u>an</u> a full investigation <u>sufficient to determine whether</u> of the allegations set forth in the charge <u>are supported by substantial</u> evidence.
 - (2) The Director or his or her designated representatives shall have authority to request any member of the Commission to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of a witness or the production for examination of any books, records or documents whatsoever.
 - (3) If any witness whose testimony is required for any investigation resides outside the State, or through illness or any other good cause as determined by the Director is unable to be interviewed by the investigator or appear at a fact finding conference, his or her testimony or deposition may be taken, within or without the State, in the same manner as is provided for in the taking of depositions in civil cases in circuit courts.
 - (4) Upon reasonable notice to the complainant and the respondent, the Department shall conduct a fact finding conference, unless prior to 365 days after the date on which the charge was filed the Director has determined whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed, the charge has been dismissed for lack of jurisdiction, or the parties voluntarily and in writing agree to waive the fact finding conference. Any party's failure to attend the conference without good cause shall result in dismissal or default. The term "good cause" shall be defined by rule promulgated by the Department. A notice of dismissal or default shall be issued by the Director. The notice of default issued by the Director shall notify the respondent that a request for review may be filed in writing with the Commission within 30 days of receipt of notice of default. The notice of dismissal issued by the Director shall give the complainant notice of his or her right to seek review of the dismissal before the Human Rights Commission or commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court. If the complainant chooses to have the Human Rights Commission review the dismissal order, he or she shall file a request for review with the Commission within 90 days after receipt of the Director's notice. If the complainant chooses to file a request for review with the Commission, he or she may not later commence a civil action in a circuit court. If the complainant chooses to commence a civil action in a circuit court, he or she must do so within 90 days after receipt of the Director's notice.
 - (1) Each charge shall be the subject of a report to the Director. The report shall be a

confidential document subject to review by the Director, authorized Department employees, the parties, and, where indicated by this Act, members of the Commission or their designated hearing officers.

- (2) Upon review of the report, the Director shall determine whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed. The determination of substantial evidence is limited to determining the need for further consideration of the charge pursuant to this Act and includes, but is not limited to, findings of fact and conclusions, as well as the reasons for the determinations on all material issues. Substantial evidence is evidence which a reasonable mind accepts as sufficient to support a particular conclusion and which consists of more than a mere scintilla but may be somewhat less than a preponderance.
- (3) If the Director determines that there is no substantial evidence, the charge shall be dismissed by order of the Director and the Director shall give the complainant notice of his or her right to seek review of the dismissal order before the Commission or commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court. If the complainant chooses to have the Human Rights Commission review the dismissal order, he or she shall file a request for review with the Commission within 90 days after receipt of the Director's notice. If the complainant chooses to file a request for review with the Commission, he or she may not later commence a civil action in a circuit court. If the complainant chooses to commence a civil action in a circuit court, he or she must do so within 90 days after receipt of the Director's notice.
- (4) If the Director determines that there is substantial evidence, he or she shall notify the complainant and respondent of that determination. The Director shall also notify the parties that the complainant has the right to either commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court or request that the Department of Human Rights file a complaint with the Human Rights Commission on his or her behalf. Any such complaint shall be filed within 90 days after receipt of the Director's notice. If the complainant chooses to have the Department file a complaint with the Human Rights Commission on his or her behalf, the complainant must, within 30 days after receipt of the Director's notice, request in writing that the Department file the complaint. If the complainant timely requests that the Department file the complaint on his or her behalf. If the complainant fails to timely request that the Department file the complaint, the complainant may file his or her complaint with the Commission or commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court. If the complainant files a complaint with the Human Rights Commission, the complainant shall give notice to the Department of the filing of the complaint with the Human Rights Commission.

 (E) Conciliation.
- (1) When there is a finding of substantial evidence, the Department may designate a Department employee who is an attorney licensed to practice in Illinois to endeavor to eliminate the effect of the alleged civil rights violation and to prevent its repetition by means of conference and conciliation.
- (2) When the Department determines that a formal conciliation conference is necessary, the complainant and respondent shall be notified of the time and place of the conference by registered or certified mail at least 10 days prior thereto and either or both parties shall appear at the conference in person or by attorney.
- (3) The place fixed for the conference shall be within 35 miles of the place where the civil rights violation is alleged to have been committed.
- (4) Nothing occurring at the conference shall be disclosed by the Department unless the complainant and respondent agree in writing that such disclosure be made.
- (5) The Department's efforts to conciliate the matter shall not stay or extend the time for filing the complaint with the Commission or the circuit court.
- (F) Complaint.
 (1) When the
- (1) When the complainant requests that the Department file a complaint with the Commission on his or her behalf, the Department shall prepare a written complaint, under oath or affirmation, stating the nature of the civil rights violation substantially as alleged in the charge previously filed and the relief sought on behalf of the aggrieved party. The Department shall file the complaint with the Commission.
- (2) If the complainant chooses to commence a civil action in a circuit court, he or she must do so in the circuit court in the county wherein the civil rights violation was allegedly committed. The form of the complaint in any such civil action shall be in accordance with the Illinois Code of Civil Procedure
- (G) Time Limit.
 - (1) When a charge of a civil rights violation has been properly filed, the Department,

within 365 days thereof or within any extension of that period agreed to in writing by all parties, shall issue its report as required by subparagraph (D). Any such report shall be duly served upon both the complainant and the respondent.

- (2) If the Department has not issued its report within 365 days after the charge is filed, or any such longer period agreed to in writing by all the parties, the complainant shall have 90 days to either file his or her own complaint with the Human Rights Commission or commence a civil action in the appropriate circuit court. If the complainant files a complaint with the Commission, the form of the complaint shall be in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (F)(1). If the complainant commences a civil action in a circuit court, the form of the complaint shall be in accordance with the Illinois Code of Civil Procedure. The aggrieved party shall notify the Department that a complaint has been filed and shall serve a copy of the complaint on the Department on the same date that the complaint is filed with the Commission or in circuit court. If the complainant files a complaint with the Commission, he or she may not later commence a civil action in circuit court.
- (3) If an aggrieved party files a complaint with the Human Rights Commission or commences a civil action in circuit court pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, or if the time period for filing a complaint has expired, the Department shall immediately cease its investigation and dismiss the charge of civil rights violation. Any final order entered by the Commission under this Section is appealable in accordance with paragraph (B)(1) of Section 8-111. Failure to immediately cease an investigation and dismiss the charge of civil rights violation as provided in this paragraph (3) constitutes grounds for entry of an order by the circuit court permanently enjoining the investigation. The Department may also be liable for any costs and other damages incurred by the respondent as a result of the action of the Department.
- (4) The Department shall stay any administrative proceedings under this Section after the filing of a civil action by or on behalf of the aggrieved party under any federal or State law seeking relief with respect to the alleged civil rights violation.
- (H) This amendatory Act of 1995 applies to causes of action filed on or after January 1, 1996.
- (I) This amendatory Act of 1996 applies to causes of action filed on or after January 1, 1996.
- (J) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 95-243 apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those changes.
- (K) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those changes.

(Source: P.A. 96-876, eff. 2-2-10; 97-22, eff. 1-1-12; 97-596, eff. 8-26-11; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

(775 ILCS 5/7B-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 7B-102)

Sec. 7B-102. Procedures.

- (A) Charge.
- (1) Within one year after the date that a civil rights violation allegedly has been committed or terminated, a charge in writing under oath or affirmation may be filed with the Department by an aggrieved party or issued by the Department itself under the signature of the Director.
- (2) The charge shall be in such detail as to substantially apprise any party properly concerned as to the time, place, and facts surrounding the alleged civil rights violation.
- (B) Notice and Response to Charge.
- (1) The Department shall serve notice upon the aggrieved party acknowledging such charge and advising the aggrieved party of the time limits and choice of forums provided under this Act. The Department shall, within 10 days of the date on which the charge was filed or the identification of an additional respondent under paragraph (2) of this subsection, serve on the respondent a copy of the charge along with a notice identifying the alleged civil rights violation and advising the respondent of the procedural rights and obligations of respondents under this Act and may shall require the respondent to file a verified response to the allegations contained in the charge . Upon the Department's request, the respondent shall file a response to the charge within 30 days and . The respondent shall serve a copy of its response on the complainant or his or her representative. Notwithstanding any request from the Department, the respondent may elect to file a response to the charge within 30 days of receipt of notice of the charge, provided the respondent serves a copy of its response on the complainant or his or her representative. All allegations contained in the charge not timely denied by the respondent within 30 days after the Department's request for a response may shall be deemed admitted, unless the respondent states that it is without sufficient information to form a belief with respect to such allegation. The Department may issue a notice of default directed to any respondent who fails to file a verified response to a charge within 30 days of the Department's request date on which the charge was filed, unless the respondent can demonstrate good cause as to why such notice should not issue. The term "good cause" shall be defined by rule promulgated by the Department. Within 10 days of the date he or she receives

the respondent's response, the complainant may file his <u>or her</u> reply to said response. If he <u>or she</u> chooses to file a reply, the complainant shall serve a copy of said reply on the respondent or his <u>or her</u> representative. A party <u>may</u> shall have the right to supplement his <u>or her</u> response or reply at any time that the investigation of the charge is pending.

- (2) A person who is not named as a respondent in a charge, but who is identified as a respondent in the course of investigation, may be joined as an additional or substitute respondent upon written notice, under subsection (B), to such person, from the Department. Such notice, in addition to meeting the requirements of subsections (A) and (B), shall explain the basis for the Department's belief that a person to whom the notice is addressed is properly joined as a respondent.

 (C) Investigation.
- (1) The Department shall conduct a full investigation of the allegations set forth in the charge and complete such investigation within 100 days after the filing of the charge, unless it is impracticable to do so. The Department's failure to complete the investigation within 100 days after the proper filing of the charge does not deprive the Department of jurisdiction over the charge.
- (2) If the Department is unable to complete the investigation within 100 days after the charge is filed, the Department shall notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so.
- (3) The Director or his or her designated representative shall have authority to request any member of the Commission to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of a witness or the production for examination of any books, records or documents whatsoever.
- (4) If any witness whose testimony is required for any investigation resides outside the State, or through illness or any other good cause as determined by the Director is unable to be interviewed by the investigator or appear at a fact finding conference, his or her testimony or deposition may be taken, within or without the State, in the same manner as provided for in the taking of depositions in civil cases in circuit courts.
- (5) Upon reasonable notice to the complainant and the respondent, the Department shall conduct a fact finding conference, unless prior to 100 days from the date on which the charge was filed, the Director has determined whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed or the parties voluntarily and in writing agree to waive the fact finding conference. A party's failure to attend the conference without good cause may result in dismissal or default. A notice of dismissal or default shall be issued by the Director and shall notify the relevant party that a request for review may be filed in writing with the Commission within 30 days of receipt of notice of dismissal or default.
- (D) Report.
- (1) Each investigated charge shall be the subject of a report to the Director. The report shall be a confidential document subject to review by the Director, authorized Department employees, the parties, and, where indicated by this Act, members of the Commission or their designated hearing officers.

The report shall contain:

- (a) the names and dates of contacts with witnesses;
- (b) a summary and the date of correspondence and other contacts with the aggrieved party and the respondent;
 - (c) a summary description of other pertinent records;
 - (d) a summary of witness statements; and
 - (e) answers to questionnaires.
- A final report under this paragraph may be amended if additional evidence is later discovered.
- (2) Upon review of the report and within 100 days of the filing of the charge, unless it is impracticable to do so, the Director shall determine whether there is substantial evidence that the alleged civil rights violation has been committed or is about to be committed. If the Director is unable to make the determination within 100 days after the filing of the charge, the Director shall notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so. The Director's failure to make the determination within 100 days after the proper filing of the charge does not deprive the Department of jurisdiction over the charge.
 - (a) If the Director determines that there is no substantial evidence, the charge shall be dismissed and the aggrieved party notified that he or she may seek review of the dismissal order before the Commission. The aggrieved party shall have 90 days from receipt of notice to file a request for review by the Commission. The Director shall make public disclosure of each such dismissal.

- (b) If the Director determines that there is substantial evidence, he or she shall immediately issue a complaint on behalf of the aggrieved party pursuant to subsection (F).
- (E) Conciliation.
- (1) During the period beginning with the filing of charge and ending with the filing of a complaint or a dismissal by the Department, the Department shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with respect to such charge.

When the Department determines that a formal conciliation conference is feasible, the aggrieved party and respondent shall be notified of the time and place of the conference by registered or certified mail at least 7 days prior thereto and either or both parties shall appear at the conference in person or by attorney.

- (2) The place fixed for the conference shall be within 35 miles of the place where the civil rights violation is alleged to have been committed.
- (3) Nothing occurring at the conference shall be made public or used as evidence in a subsequent proceeding for the purpose of proving a violation under this Act unless the complainant and respondent agree in writing that such disclosure be made.
- (4) A conciliation agreement arising out of such conciliation shall be an agreement between the respondent and the complainant, and shall be subject to approval by the Department and Commission.
- (5) A conciliation agreement may provide for binding arbitration of the dispute arising from the charge. Any such arbitration that results from a conciliation agreement may award appropriate relief, including monetary relief.
- (6) Each conciliation agreement shall be made public unless the complainant and respondent otherwise agree and the Department determines that disclosure is not required to further the purpose of this Act.
- (F) Complaint.
- (1) When there is a failure to settle or adjust any charge through a conciliation conference and the charge is not dismissed, the Department shall prepare a written complaint, under oath or affirmation, stating the nature of the civil rights violation and the relief sought on behalf of the aggrieved party. Such complaint shall be based on the final investigation report and need not be limited to the facts or grounds alleged in the charge filed under subsection (A).
 - (2) The complaint shall be filed with the Commission.
- (3) The Department may not issue a complaint under this Section regarding an alleged civil rights violation after the beginning of the trial of a civil action commenced by the aggrieved party under any State or federal law, seeking relief with respect to that alleged civil rights violation.
- (G) Time Limit.
- (1) When a charge of a civil rights violation has been properly filed, the Department, within 100 days thereof, unless it is impracticable to do so, shall either issue and file a complaint in the manner and form set forth in this Section or shall order that no complaint be issued. Any such order shall be duly served upon both the aggrieved party and the respondent. The Department's failure to either issue and file a complaint or order that no complaint be issued within 100 days after the proper filing of the charge does not deprive the Department of jurisdiction over the charge.
- (2) The Director shall make available to the aggrieved party and the respondent, at any time, upon request following completion of the Department's investigation, information derived from an investigation and any final investigative report relating to that investigation.
- (H) This amendatory Act of 1995 applies to causes of action filed on or after January 1, 1996.
- (I) The changes made to this Section by Public Act 95-243 apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those changes.
- (J) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly apply to charges filed on or after the effective date of those changes.

(Source: P.A. 96-876, eff. 2-2-10; 97-22, eff. 1-1-12.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

There being no further amendments, the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Harris, **House Bill No. 3121** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Harris, **House Bill No. 3130** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 3143** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 3157** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hunter, **House Bill No. 3168** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Fowler, **House Bill No. 3188** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Rezin, **House Bill No. 3189** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Morrison, **House Bill No. 3211** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Trotter, **House Bill No. 3212** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Hutchinson, **House Bill No. 3213** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Clayborne, **House Bill No. 3179** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Althoff, **House Bill No. 3234** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator T. Cullerton, **House Bill No. 3251** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Mulroe, **House Bill No. 3874** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **House Bill No. 3150** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **House Bill No. 3222** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Harmon, **House Bill No. 2801** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

PRESENTATION OF RESOLUTION

Senator Morrison offered the following Senate Resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Assignments:

SENATE RESOLUTION NO. 528

WHEREAS, There are over 384,000 individuals in Illinois who are deaf or have a severe hearing loss; and

WHEREAS, There are over two million individuals in Illinois who have mild to severe hearing loss; and

WHEREAS, In Illinois, there are nearly 500 children who are identified with a hearing loss each year; and

WHEREAS, Hearing loss can happen at any point from birth to late adulthood; and

WHEREAS, About 2.4 million people in the United States are DeafBlind; and

WHEREAS, In Illinois, there are about 655 DeafBlind individuals, but statistics regarding populations with hearing loss may be underreported due to individuals denying or refusing to admit as having any kind of hearing or vision loss; and

WHEREAS, The needs and interests of the deaf, hard of hearing, and DeafBlind community are diverse; and

WHEREAS, In 1995, various leaders in the deaf and hard of hearing community began discussions for the necessity of a governmental body in Illinois to focus on the needs of individuals with hearing loss; and

WHEREAS, The Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission was established in 1997 to be the coordinating and advocating body that acts on behalf of the interests of persons in Illinois who are deaf or hard of hearing, including children, adults, senior citizens, and those with any additional disability; and

WHEREAS, News reports and various citizens, including individuals with hearing loss, have raised concerns that the Commission has been unable to serve the community to the best of its ability; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE ONE HUNDREDTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Office of the Governor to work in collaboration with the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission to develop a report of recommendations to help ensure the Commission is better able to serve the deaf, hard of hearing, and DeafBlind community; and be it further

RESOLVED, That at a minimum, the final report shall include an analysis of and recommendations on the following issues:

- (1) Hiring freezes placed on or at the Commission;
- (2) Any official orders that limit the functions of the Commission, including orders that have come from the Office of the Governor, the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, the Department of Central Management Services, or any other appropriate entities;
- (3) Whether the transfer of the administration of the Interpreter for the Deaf Licensure Act of 2007 to the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation will better benefit interpreters and the deaf, hard of hearing, and DeafBlind community, and any positive and negative effects the transfer would have, including, but not limited to, any change in related fee amounts;
- (4) Whether the Commission should be housed within the Department of Human Services, and the report shall include, at minimum, the following:
- (a) If the move will provide the Commission with more resources and administrative help so that it can focus on providing specialized services for the deaf, hard of hearing, and DeafBlind community; and
- (b) If the move can allow for the Commission to operate as an independent entity and not create conflicts of interest between the Department program staff who currently serve deaf, hard of hearing, and DeafBlind populations, the Commission, and the populations that the Commission serves; and

(5) Identifying groups or populations with hearing loss that have been underserved or are not formally recognized; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Office of the Governor and the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission shall take input and testimony from individuals from the community to be included in the report; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Office of the Governor and the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission shall develop a method to allow for individuals who prefer to remain anonymous to submit their input or testimony anonymously; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Office of the Governor and the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission shall promulgate any developed methods to receive input from the community; and be it further

RESOLVED, That no later than January 1, 2018, the Office of the Governor and the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission shall submit a report of their findings and recommendations to the General Assembly; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Office of the Governor and the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Commission shall make this report available to the public, including, but not limited to, by posting it to the appropriate official agency website.

READING BILLS FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES A SECOND TIME

On motion of Senator Muñoz, **House Bill No. 2878** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Senator Muñoz, **House Bill No. 3095** was taken up, read by title a second time and ordered to a third reading.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES FILED

The following Floor amendments to the House Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 622

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 690

Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 2401

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 2589

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3157

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3656

The following Floor amendments to the Senate Bills listed below have been filed with the Secretary and referred to the Committee on Assignments:

Amendment No. 2 to Senate Bill 643

Amendment No. 4 to Senate Bill 2021

Amendment No. 3 to Senate Bill 2185

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON

327 STATE CAPITOL

SENATE PRESIDENT

SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 403 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to the provisions of Senate Rule 2-10, I hereby extend the committee deadline to May 31, 2017, for the following Senate bills:

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Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Republican Leader Christine Radogno

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT

327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Donne Trotter to temporarily replace Senator William Haine as a member of the Senate Criminal Law Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Criminal Law Committee.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT

327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Bill Cunningham to temporarily replace Senator William Haine as a member of the Senate Licensed Activities and Pensions Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Licensed Activities and Pensions Committee.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT 327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator John Mulroe to temporarily replace Senator Melinda Bush as a member of the Senate Licensed Activities and Pensions Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Licensed Activities and Pensions Committee.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno

OFFICE OF THE SENATE PRESIDENT STATE OF ILLINOIS

JOHN J. CULLERTON SENATE PRESIDENT 327 STATE CAPITOL SPRINGFIELD, IL 62706 217-782-2728

May 18, 2017

Mr. Tim Anderson Secretary of the Senate Room 401 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Pursuant to Rule 3-2(c), I hereby appoint Senator Linda Holmes to temporarily replace Senator James F. Clayborne, Jr. as a member of the Senate Executive Committee. This appointment is effective immediately and will automatically expire upon adjournment of the Senate Executive Committee.

Sincerely, s/John J. Cullerton John J. Cullerton Senate President

cc: Senate Minority Leader Christine Radogno

At the hour of 2:12 o'clock p.m., the Chair announced the Senate stand adjourned until Friday, May 19, 2017, at 9:30 o'clock a.m.