92_SB1853 LRB9215615SMdv

- 1 AN ACT concerning taxes.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act.
- 6 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 7 "Automobile" means any motor vehicle of the first
- 8 division, a motor vehicle of the second division which is a
- 9 self-contained motor vehicle designed or permanently
- 10 converted to provide living quarters for recreational,
- 11 camping or travel use, with direct walk through access to the
- 12 living quarters from the driver's seat, or a motor vehicle of
- 13 the second division which is of the van configuration
- 14 designed for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more
- 15 than 16 passengers, as defined in Section 1-146 of the
- 16 Illinois Vehicle Code.
- "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- "Person" means any natural individual, firm, partnership,
- 19 association, joint stock company, joint venture, public or
- 20 private corporation, or a receiver, executor, trustee,
- 21 conservator, or other representatives appointed by order of
- any court.
- "Leasing" means any transfer of the possession or right
- 24 to possession of an automobile to a user for a valuable
- consideration for a period of more than 1 year.
- 26 "Lessor" means any person, firm, corporation, or
- 27 association engaged in the business of leasing automobiles to
- 28 users. For this purpose, the objective of making a profit is
- 29 not necessary to make the leasing activity a business.
- 30 "Lessee" means any user to whom the possession, or the
- 31 right to possession, of an automobile is transferred for a

1 valuable consideration for a period more than one year which

2 is paid by such lessee or by someone else.

3 "Gross receipts" means the total leasing price for the

lease of an automobile. In the case of lease transactions in

which the consideration is paid to the lessor on an

installment basis, the amounts of such payments shall be

included by the lessor in gross receipts only as and when

8 payments are received by the lessor.

"Leasing price" means the consideration for leasing an automobile valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including cash, credits, property and services, and shall be determined without any deduction on account of the cost of the property leased, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost or any other expense whatsoever, but does not include charges that are added by lessors on account of the lessor's tax liability under this Act, or on account of the lessor's duty to collect, from the lessee, the tax that is imposed by Section 20 of this Act. The phrase "leasing price" does not include the residual value of the automobile or any separately stated charge on the lessee's bill for insurance.

"Maintaining a place of business in this State" means having or maintaining within this State, directly or by a subsidiary, an office, repair facilities, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, or other place of business, or any agent, or other representative, operating within this State, irrespective of whether the place of business or agent or other representative is located here permanently or temporarily.

"Residual value" means the estimated value of the vehicle at the end of the scheduled lease term, used by the lessor in determining the base lease payment, as established by the lessor at the time the lessor and lessee enter into the lease.

1 Section 10. Imposition of occupation tax. A tax is 2 imposed upon persons engaged in this State in the business of leasing automobiles in Illinois at the rate of 5% of the 3 4 gross receipts received from such business. The tax herein 5 imposed does not apply to the leasing of automobiles to any 6 governmental body, nor to any corporation, society, 7 association, foundation or institution organized and operated 8 exclusively for charitable, religious or educational 9 purposes, nor to any not for profit corporation, society, association, foundation, institution or organization which 10 11 has no compensated officers or employees and which is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of 12 persons 55 years of age or older. Beginning July 1, 2002 13 through June 30, 2003, each month the Department shall pay 14 15 into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund 3% of the 16 revenue realized from the tax imposed by this Section, the remaining such revenue shall be paid as provided for in 17 Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. 18 Beginning 19 July 1, 2003 and each month thereafter, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund 1% of the 20 2.1 revenue realized from the tax imposed by this Section, and 22 the remaining such revenue shall be paid as provided for in 23 Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. 24

The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section, to collect all taxes and penalties due hereunder, to dispose of taxes and penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda, arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. In the administration of, and compliance with, this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitation, penalties and definitions of terms, and employ

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1 the same modes of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 1, 2 1a, 2 through 2-65 (in respect to all provisions therein other than the State rate of tax), 2a, 2b, 2c, 3 (except 3 4 provisions relating to transaction returns and quarter monthly payments), 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5 б 6a, 6b, 6c, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11a, 12 and 13 of the 7 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act as fully as if those provisions were 8 9 set forth herein. For purposes of this Section, references in such incorporated Sections of the Retailers' Occupation 10 11 Tax Act to retailers, sellers or persons engaged in the 12 business of selling tangible personal property means persons engaged in the leasing of automobiles under leases subject to 13 this Act. 14

15 Registration. Every person engaged in this State in the business of leasing automobiles shall apply to 16 17 the Department (upon a form prescribed and furnished by the Department) for a certificate of registration under this Act. 18 The certificate of registration that is issued by the 19 20 Department to a retailer under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 21 Act shall permit such lessor to engage in a business that is 22 taxable under this Section without registering separately with the Department. 23

24 Section 20. Imposition of use tax. A tax is imposed upon 25 the privilege of using in this State, an automobile which is leased from a lessor. Such tax is at the rate of 5% of 26 27 leasing price of such automobile paid to the lessor under any 28 lease agreement. The tax herein imposed shall not apply to any governmental body, nor to any corporation, society, 29 30 association, foundation or institution, organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious or educational 31 purposes, nor to any not for profit corporation, society, 32

1 association, foundation, institution or organization which 2 has no compensated officers or employees and which is organized and operated primarily for the recreation of 3 4 persons 55 years of age or older, when using tangible 5 personal property as a lessee. Beginning July 1, 2002 6 through June 30, 2003, each month the Department shall 7 into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund 3% of the revenue realized from the tax imposed by this Section, 8 9 the remaining such revenue shall be paid as provided for in Section 9 of the Use Tax Act. Beginning July 1, 2003 and 10 11 each month thereafter, the Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund 1% of the revenue realized 12 from the tax imposed by this Section, and the remaining such 13 revenue shall be paid as provided for in Section 9 of the Use 14 15 Tax Act. 16 The Department shall have full power to administer and enforce this Section; to collect all taxes, penalties and 17 interest due hereunder; to dispose of taxes, penalties and 18 19 interest so collected in the manner hereinafter provided, and to determine all rights to credit memoranda or refunds 20 21 arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax, penalty 22 interest hereunder.

In the administration of, 23 compliance with, this Section, the Department and persons who are subject to this Section shall have the same rights, 24 25 remedies, privileges, immunities, powers and duties, and be subject to the same conditions, restrictions, limitations, 26 penalties and definitions of terms, and employ the same modes 27 of procedure, as are prescribed in Sections 2, 3 through 28 6, 7, 8, 29 3-80, 9 (except provisions relating to 30 transaction returns and quarter monthly payments), 12, 12a, 12b, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 21 and 22 of the Use Tax 31 Act, and are not inconsistent with this Section, as fully as 32 if those provisions were set forth herein. For purposes of 33 34 this Section, references in such incorporated Sections of the 1 Use Tax Act to users or purchasers means lessees of

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- 2 automobiles under leases subject to this Act.
- 3 Section 25. Use tax collected. The use tax imposed by
- 4 Section 20 shall be collected from the lessee and remitted to
- 5 the Department by a lessor maintaining a place of business in
- 6 this State or who titles or registers an automobile with an
- 7 agency of this State's government that is used for leasing in
- 8 this State.
- 9 The use tax imposed by Section 20 and not paid to a
- 10 lessor pursuant to the preceding paragraph of this Section
- 11 shall be paid to the Department directly by any person using
- 12 such automobile within this State.
- 13 Lessors shall collect the tax from lessees by adding the
- 14 tax to the leasing price of the automobile, when leased for
- 15 use, in the manner prescribed by the Department. The
- 16 Department shall have the power to adopt and promulgate
- 17 reasonable rules and regulations for the adding of such tax
- 18 by lessors to leasing prices by prescribing bracket systems
- 19 for the purpose of enabling such lessors to add and collect,
- as far as practicable, the amount of such tax.
- 21 The tax imposed by this Section shall, when collected, be
- 22 stated as a distinct item on the customer's bill, separate
- and apart from the leasing price of the automobile.
- Section 30. Severability clause. If any clause,
- 25 sentence, Section, provision or part thereof of this Act or
- 26 the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall
- 27 be adjudged to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act
- or its application to persons or circumstances other than
- 29 those to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected
- 30 thereby. In particular, if any provision which exempts or
- 31 has the effect of exempting some class of users or some kind
- 32 of use from the tax imposed by this Act should be held to

- 1 constitute or to result in an invalid classification or to be
- 2 unconstitutional for some other reason, such provision shall
- 3 be deemed to be severable with the remainder of this Act
- 4 without said provision being held constitutional.
- 5 Section 80. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
- 6 Sections 6z-18 and 6z-20 as follows:
- 7 (30 ILCS 105/6z-18) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18)
- 8 Sec. 6z-18. A portion of the money paid into the Local
- 9 Government Tax Fund from sales of food for human consumption
- 10 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold
- 11 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which
- has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription
- and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and
- 14 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used
- 15 by diabetics, which occurred in municipalities, shall be
- 16 distributed to each municipality based upon the sales which
- 17 occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be
- 18 distributed to each county based upon the sales which
- 19 occurred in the unincorporated area of that county.
- 20 A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax
- 21 Fund from the 6.25% general use tax rate on the selling price
- 22 of tangible personal property which is purchased outside
- 23 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or
- 24 registered by any agency of this State's government shall be
- 25 distributed to municipalities as provided in this paragraph.
- 26 Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to
- 27 sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or
- 28 registration purposes are given as being in such
- 29 municipality. The remainder of the money paid into the Local
- 30 Government Tax Fund from such sales shall be distributed to
- 31 counties. Each county shall receive the amount attributable
- 32 to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or

registration purposes are given as being located in the unincorporated area of such county.

3 A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 4 Fund from the 1.25% rate imposed under the Use Tax Act upon the selling price of any motor vehicle that is purchased 5 outside of Illinois at retail by a lessor for purposes of 6 leasing under a lease subject to the Automobile Leasing 7 8 Occupation and Use Tax Act which is titled or registered by 9 any agency of this State's government shall be distributed as 10 provided in this paragraph, less 3% for the first 12 monthly distributions and 1% for each monthly distribution 11 thereafter, which sum shall be paid into the Tax Compliance 12 13 and Administration Fund. Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois addresses for 14 15 titling or registration purposes are given as being in such municipality. The remainder of the money paid into the Local 16 17 Government Tax Fund from such sales shall be distributed to counties. Each county shall receive the amount attributable 18 to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or 19 registration purposes are given as being located in the 20 21 unincorporated area of such county.

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from the 6.25% general rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol) on sales subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, which occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality, based upon the sales which occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be distributed to each county, based upon the sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of such county.

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A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax

Fund from the 1.25% rate imposed by the Retailers' Occupation

Tax Act upon the sale of any motor vehicle that is sold at

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1 retail to a lessor for purposes of leasing under a lease

2 <u>subject</u> to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act

shall be distributed as provided in this paragraph, less 3%

4 for the first 12 monthly distributions and 1% for each

monthly distribution thereafter, which sum shall be paid into

the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The funds shall

be distributed to each municipality, based upon the sales

which occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be

distributed to each county, based upon the sales which

occurred in the unincorporated area of such county.

For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund should be made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Local Government Tax Fund.

On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities and counties, the municipalities and counties to be those entitled to distribution of taxes or penalties paid to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each municipality or county shall be the

1 amount (not including credit memoranda) collected during the 2 second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into the Local Government Tax Fund, plus an amount 3 4 Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts 5 which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, 6 not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made 7 during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, 8 and not including any amount which the Department determines 9 is necessary to offset any amounts which are payable to a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the 10 11 municipality or county. Within 10 days after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the 12 municipalities and counties, provided for in this Section to 13 be given to the Comptroller by Department, 14 the 15 Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the 16 respective amounts in accordance with the contained in such certification. 17 18

When certifying the amount of monthly disbursement to a municipality or county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered.

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The provisions directing the distributions from the special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions as provided in this Section.

In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or

- 1 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such
- 2 description or reference shall be deemed to include the
- 3 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed
- 4 from the Local Government Tax Fund.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99;
- 6 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)
- 7 (30 ILCS 105/6z-20) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-20)
- 8 Sec. 6z-20. Of the money received from the 6.25% general
- 9 rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31,
- 10 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol) on sales
- 11 subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act
- 12 and Service Occupation Tax Act and paid into the County and
- 13 Mass Transit District Fund, distribution to the Regional
- 14 Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant to
- 15 Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act,
- 16 for deposit therein shall be made based upon the retail sales
- occurring in a county having more than 3,000,000 inhabitants.
- 18 The remainder shall be distributed to each county having
- 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants based upon the retail sales
- 20 occurring in each such county.
- 21 Of the money received from the 1.25% rate imposed by the
- 22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act upon the sale of any motor
- 23 <u>vehicle that is sold at retail to a lessor for purposes of</u>
- 24 <u>leasing under a lease subject to the Automobile Leasing</u>
- Occupation and Use Tax Act, and paid into the County and Mass
- 26 <u>Transit District Fund shall be distributed as provided in</u>
- 27 this paragraph, less 3% for the first 12 monthly
- 28 <u>distributions</u> and 1% for each monthly distribution
- 29 <u>thereafter, which sum shall be paid into the Tax Compliance</u>
- 30 <u>and Administration Fund.</u> <u>Distribution to the Regional</u>
- 31 <u>Transportation Authority Tax Fund, created pursuant to</u>
- 32 <u>Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act,</u>
- for deposit therein shall be made based upon the retail sales

- 1 occurring in a county having more than 3,000,000 inhabitants.
- 2 The remainder shall be distributed to each county having
- 3 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants based upon the retail sales
- 4 <u>occurring in each such county.</u>
- 5 For the purpose of determining allocation to the local
- 6 government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other
- 7 mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place
- 8 where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is
- 9 extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to
- 10 coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the
- 11 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that
- 12 the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a
- 13 sale in interstate or foreign commerce.
- Of the money received from the 6.25% general use tax rate
- on tangible personal property which is purchased outside
- 16 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or
- 17 registered by any agency of this State's government and paid
- into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the amount
- 19 for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration
- 20 purposes are given as being in each county having more than
- 3,000,000 inhabitants shall be distributed into the Regional
- 22 Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant to
- 23 Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act.
- 24 The remainder of the money paid from such sales shall be
- 25 distributed to each county based on sales for which Illinois
- 26 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as
- 27 being located in the county. Any money paid into the
- 28 Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax
- 29 Replacement Fund from the County and Mass Transit District
- 30 Fund prior to January 14, 1991, which has not been paid to
- 31 the Authority prior to that date, shall be transferred to the
- 32 Regional Transportation Authority tax fund.
- 33 Of the money received from the 1.25% rate imposed under
- 34 the Use Tax Act upon the selling price of any motor vehicle

1 that is purchased outside of Illinois at retail by a lessor 2 for purposes of leasing under a lease subject to the 3 Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act which is titled 4 or registered by any agency of this State's government and is 5 paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, shall be distributed as provided in this paragraph, less 3% for the 6 first 12 monthly distributions and 1% for each monthly 7 8 distribution thereafter, which sum shall be paid into the Tax 9 Compliance and Administration Fund. The amount for which 10 Illinois addresses for titling or registration purposes are 11 given as being in each county having more than 3,000,000 12 inhabitants shall be distributed into the Regional 13 Transportation Authority Tax Fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act. 14 15 The remainder of the moneys paid from such sales shall be 16 distributed to each county based on sales for which Illinois 17 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as being located in that county. 18 19 Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund should be 20 21 made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall 22 23 cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in such notification from the Department. 24 25 Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the County and Mass Transit District Fund. 26 On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, 27 the 28

On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the
Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the
disbursement of stated sums of money to the Regional
Transportation Authority and to named counties, the counties
to be those entitled to distribution, as hereinabove
provided, of taxes or penalties paid to the Department during
the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid
to the Regional Transportation Authority and each county

1 having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants shall be the amount 2 (not including credit memoranda) collected during the second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into the 3 4 County and Mass Transit District Fund, plus an amount 5 Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts 6 which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, 7 not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made 8 during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, 9 and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a 10 11 different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the Regional Transportation Authority or county. Within 10 days 12 after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement 13 certification to the Regional Transportation Authority and 14 counties, provided for in this Section to be given to the 15 16 Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in 17 18 accordance with the directions contained in such 19 certification. 20

When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to the Regional Transportation Authority or to a county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered.

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The provisions directing the distributions from the special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section and from the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund created by Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions as provided in this Section.

- In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation,
- 2 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to
- 3 September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from
- 4 a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or
- 5 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such
- 6 description or reference shall be deemed to include the
- 7 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed
- 8 from the County and Mass Transit District Fund or Local
- 9 Government Distributive Fund, as the case may be.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)
- 11 Section 85. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
- 12 Sections 1a, 3-10, and 9 as follows:

- 13 (35 ILCS 105/1a) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.1a)
- 14 Sec. 1a. A person who is engaged in the business of
- 15 leasing or renting motor vehicles to others and who, in
- 16 connection with such business sells any used motor vehicle to
- 17 a purchaser for his use and not for the purpose of resale, is
- 18 a retailer engaged in the business of selling tangible
- 19 personal property at retail under this Act to the extent of
- 21 <u>Section, "motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle of the first</u>

the value of the vehicle sold. For the purpose of this

- 22 <u>division</u>, a motor vehicle of the second division which is a
- 23 <u>self-contained motor vehicle designed or permanently</u>
- 24 <u>converted</u> to provide living quarters for recreational,
- 25 <u>camping or travel use, with direct walk through access to the</u>
- 26 <u>living quarters from the driver's seat, or a motor vehicle of</u>
- 27 <u>a second division which is of the van configuration designed</u>
- 28 for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more than 16
- 29 <u>passengers</u>, as defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois
- 30 <u>Vehicle Code.</u> For-the-purpose--of--this--Section,---motor
- 31 vehicle"--has--the-meaning-prescribed-in-Section-1-157-of-The
- 32 Illinois-Vehicle-Code, as now or hereafter amended. -- (Nothing

- 1 provided-herein-shall-affect-liability--incurred--under--this
- 2 Act-because-of-the-use-of-such-motor-vehicles-as-a-lessor.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 80-598.)

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- 4 (35 ILCS 105/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-10)
- 5 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in
- 6 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of
- 7 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value,
- 8 if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases
- 9 where property functionally used or consumed is the same as
- 10 the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is
- 11 imposed on the selling price of the property. In all cases
- 12 where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product
- or waste product that has been refined, manufactured, or
- 14 produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is
- imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the
- 16 specific property so used in this State or on the selling
- 17 price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of
- 18 this Section "fair market value" means the price at which
- 19 property would change hands between a willing buyer and a
- 20 willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or

sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant

facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois

- 23 sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that
- functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales
- 25 by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of
- 26 property of like kind and character in Illinois.
- Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
- 28 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
- 29 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40
- of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.
- 31 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
- 32 applies to 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after
- 33 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the

1 proceeds of sales made thereafter.

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2 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 3 4 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 5 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 6 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 7 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 8 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 9 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes 10 11 of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 12 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 13 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 14 15 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 16 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. 17 "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated 18 19 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 20 21 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice. 22

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

With respect to any motor vehicle (as the term "motor vehicle" is defined in Section 1a of this Act) that is purchased by a lessor for purposes of leasing under a lease subject to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to any motor vehicle (as the term "motor vehicle" is defined in Section 1a of this Act) that has been

- 1 leased by a lessor to a lessee under a lease that is subject
- 2 to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act, and is
- subsequently purchased by the lessee of such vehicle, the tax 3
- 4 is imposed at the rate of 5%.
- 5 If the property that is purchased at retail from a
- 6 retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside
- 7 Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is
- 8 taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax
- 9 is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a
- reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior 10
- 11 out-of-state use.

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- (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 12
- 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.) 13
- (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9) 14
- 15 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles,
- aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered 16
- 17 with an agency of this State, each retailer required or
- 18 authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay
- to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise 19
- 2.0 provided) at the time when he is required to file his return
- discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and

for the period during which such tax was collected, less a

- after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 23
- 24 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for
- expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 25
- preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 26
- 27 data to the Department on request. In the case of retailers
- 28 who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction
- 29 basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be
- taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such 30
- 31 retailer files his periodic return. A retailer need not
- remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent 32
- that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed 33

by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the
sale of the same property.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

1. The name of the seller;

received during such tax return period.

- 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
- 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time

- 1 sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 2 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of
- this Act; 3

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- 4 5. The amount of tax due;
- 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and 5
- 6. Such other reasonable information the 6 as
- Department may require. 7
- If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 8
- 9 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
- the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to 10
- 11 be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.
- Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 12
- monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 13
- payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 14
- funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has 15
- 16 an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall
- make all payments required by rules of the Department by 17
- electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 18
- 19 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000
- or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 20
- 21 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1,
- 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 22
- Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual

or more shall make all payments required by rules of the

this Act, and under all other State and local

- tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities
- occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, 27
- the immediately preceding calendar year. The term 28
- 29 "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of
- 30 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other
- State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by 31
- 32 the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
- divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who 33
- has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) 34

- of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall
- 2 make all payments required by rules of the Department by
- 3 electronic funds transfer.
- 4 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
- 5 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make
- 6 payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required
- 7 to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make
- 8 those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October
- 9 1.
- 10 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
- 11 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
- 12 with the permission of the Department.
- 13 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic
- 14 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily
- make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- 16 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.
- 17 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
- 18 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
- 19 requirements of this Section.
- Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly
- 21 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the
- 22 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
- 23 Act, the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the
- 24 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a
- 25 return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the
- $26\,$ month next following the month during which such tax
- 27 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the
- Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of
- 29 the month during which such liability is incurred. On and
- 30 after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax
- 31 liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers'
- 32 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the
- 33 Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the preceding
- 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the

Department each month by the 20th day of the month next 2 following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or 3 4 before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during 5 which such liability is incurred. If the month during which 6 such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 7 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by 8 9 the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 10 11 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter 12 period). If the month during which such tax liability is 13 incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985, and prior to 14 January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal 15 16 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month 17 of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax 18 19 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount 20 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 2.1 22 month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 23 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 24 25 January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount 26 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for 27 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 28 calendar month of the preceding year. If 29 the month during 30 which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment 31 32 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability 33 for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of 34

1 the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly 2 reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of 3 4 the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 5 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of 6 quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue 7 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 8 9 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until 10 such 11 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding 12 complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. 13 However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that 14 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 15 16 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 17 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 18 19 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, 20 21 once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such 22 23 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding 24 25 month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly 26 liability to the Department as computed for each calendar 27 quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period 28 29 less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the 30 Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate 31 32 that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold 33 34 stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department

1 for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. 2 Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and 3 4 not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly 5 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by 6 this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties 7 and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due 8 and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and 9 timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of 10 11 the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and 12 regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and 13 quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other 14 15 than a calendar monthly basis. 16

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If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, the Department shall issue to the taxpayer а memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act in accordance with reasonable or the Service Use Tax Act, rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act,

- 1 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax
- 2 Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable
- 3 rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the
- 4 Department subsequently determines that all or any part of
- 5 the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the
- 6 taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced
- 7 by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken
- 8 and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be liable for
- 9 penalties and interest on such difference.
- 10 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
- 11 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
- 12 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
- authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
- 14 with the return for January, February, and March of a given
- 15 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for
- 16 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of
- 17 such year; with the return for July, August and September of
- 18 a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with
- 19 the return for October, November and December of a given year
- 20 being due by January 20 of the following year.
- 21 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
- or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
- 23 liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the
- 24 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
- 25 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January
- 26 20 of the following year.
- 27 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- 28 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as
- 29 monthly returns.
- 30 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act
- 31 concerning the time within which a retailer may file his
- 32 return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a
- 33 kind of business which makes him responsible for filing
- 34 returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final

return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 3 4 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this 5 6 kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the 7 Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible 8 9 personal property which the retailer sells, except that the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, 10 11 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another 12 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for 13 the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, 14 15 watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than 16 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided 17 in Section 3-55 of this Act, then that seller may report the 18 19 transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on 20 21 the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. 22 For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, 23 Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, 24 25 or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

The transaction reporting return in the case of motor 26 27 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the 28 29 Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois 30 Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of 31 the selling price including the amount allowed by the 32 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 33 34 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property,

1 if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows 2 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the 3 4 total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 5 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 6 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 7 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the 8 9 place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in 10 11 Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other 12 information as the Department may reasonably require.

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The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of

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exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible that personal property is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the

1 Department being satisfied of the truth of such 2 certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or 3 4 proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his 5 tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the 6 transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax 7 payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to 8 the proper retailer's account with the Department, 9 without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly 10 11 to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax 12 13 had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

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Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not

- 1 collected from the retailer filing such return, and such
- 2 retailer shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department
- 3 when filing such return.
- 4 If experience indicates such action to be practicable,
- 5 the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or
- 6 joint return which will enable retailers, who are required to
- 7 file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers'
- 8 Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information
- 9 required by both Acts on the one form.
- Where the retailer has more than one business registered
- 11 with the Department under separate registration under this
- 12 Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a
- 13 single return covering all such registered businesses, but
- 14 shall file separate returns for each such registered
- 15 business.
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department
- 17 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a
- 18 special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created,
- 19 the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1%
- 20 tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be
- 21 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
- 22 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been
- 23 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and
- 24 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and
- 25 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used
- 26 by diabetics.
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department
- 28 shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4%
- of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the
- 30 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal
- 31 property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a
- 32 retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of
- 33 this State's government.
- 34 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department

- 1 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a
- 2 special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue
- 3 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate
- 4 on the selling price of tangible personal property, other
- 5 than tangible personal property which is purchased outside
- 6 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or
- 7 registered by an agency of this State's government.
- 8 Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
- 9 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of
- 10 the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the
- 11 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.
- 12 <u>Each month the Department shall pay into the County and</u>
- 13 Mass Transit District Fund 20% the net revenue realized for
- 14 the preceding month from the 1.25% rate imposed upon the
- 15 <u>selling price of any motor vehicle that is purchased outside</u>
- 16 <u>Illinois at retail by a lessor for purposes of leasing under</u>
- 17 <u>a lease subject to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use</u>
- 18 Tax Act and which is titled or registered by an agency of
- 19 <u>this State's government.</u>
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department
- 21 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net
- 22 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
- 23 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal
- 24 property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a
- 25 retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of
- this State's government.
- Each month the Department shall pay into the Local
- 28 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the
- 29 preceding month from the 1.25% rate imposed upon the selling
- 30 <u>price of any motor vehicle that is purchased outside Illinois</u>
- 31 <u>at retail by a lessor for purposes of leasing under a lease</u>
- 32 <u>subject to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act</u>
- 33 and which is titled or registered by an agency of this
- 34 <u>State's government.</u>

1 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 2 pursuant to this Act, and including all moneys received by the Department under Section 20 of the Automobile Leasing 3 4 Occupation and Use Tax Act and including all of the moneys received pursuant to the 5% rate imposed upon the selling 5 price of any motor vehicle that is purchased from lessors by 6 7 lessees of such vehicles in connection with a lease that was 8 subject to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund 9 and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 10 11 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum 12 of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of 13 the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid 14 15 into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of 16 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of 17 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter 18 19 called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax 20 21 Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 22 23 shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount 24 25 equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the 26 27 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) 28 29 the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build 30 Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the 31 32 Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified 33 34 Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be

1 immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 2 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments 3 4 required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate 5 payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause 6 (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) 7 Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable 8 9 into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on 10 11 deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 12 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 13 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 14 15 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 16 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees 17 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by 18 19 the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 20 21 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the 22 23 Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than amount required to be transferred in such month from the 24 25 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 26 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 27 immediately paid from other moneys received by the 28 29 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build 30 Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 31 32 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount 33 34 otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b)

of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the
Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited
into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim
and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond
Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois
Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any
amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified
monthly installment of the amount requested in the
certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the
State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated
as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from
collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of
the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation
Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act
into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the
specified fiscal years.

19	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
20	1993	\$0
21	1994	53,000,000
22	1995	58,000,000
23	1996	61,000,000
24	1997	64,000,000
25	1998	68,000,000
26	1999	71,000,000
27	2000	75,000,000
28	2001	80,000,000
29	2002	93,000,000
30	2003	99,000,000
31	2004	103,000,000
32	2005	108,000,000
33	2006	113,000,000
34	2007	119,000,000

1	2008	126,000,000
2	2009	132,000,000
3	2010	139,000,000
4	2011	146,000,000
5	2012	153,000,000
6	2013	161,000,000
7	2014	170,000,000
8	2015	179,000,000
9	2016	189,000,000
10	2017	199,000,000
11	2018	210,000,000
12	2019	221,000,000
13	2020	233,000,000
14	2021	246,000,000
15	2022	260,000,000
16	2023 and	275,000,000
17	each fiscal wear	

- 17 each fiscal year
- 18 thereafter that bonds
- 19 are outstanding under
- 20 Section 13.2 of the
- 21 Metropolitan Pier and
- 22 Exposition Authority
- 23 Act, but not after fiscal year 2042.

24 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 25 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 26 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 27 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 28 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 29 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 30 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 31 required under this Section for previous months and years, 32 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 33 34 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year,

1 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total

2 Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois
Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant
to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto
hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into
the Local Government Distributive Fund .4% of the net revenue
realized for the preceding month from the 5% general rate, or
.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding
month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may be, on the
selling price of tangible personal property which amount
shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as provided
in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No payments or
distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made if the
tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing products is
declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds from such tax
are unavailable for distribution because of litigation.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the

- 1 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined
- 2 coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of
- 3 this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new
- 4 electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section
- 5 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs
- 6 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 7 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department
- 8 pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the
- 9 State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account
- 10 and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as
- 11 part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in
- 12 accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.
- 13 As soon as possible after the first day of each month,
- 14 upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the
- 15 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall
- 16 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax
- 17 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue
- 18 realized under this Act for the second preceding month.
- 19 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required
- and shall not be made.
- 21 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
- 22 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- 23 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
- 24 overpayment of liability.
- 25 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
- 26 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail
- in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
- 28 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
- 29 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to
- 30 such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make
- 31 written objection to the Department to this arrangement.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99;
- 33 91-101, eff. 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff.
- 34 7-1-00; 91-901, eff. 1-1-01; 92-12, eff. 7-1-01; 92-16, eff.

- 1 6-28-01; 92-208, eff. 8-2-01; 92-492, eff. 1-1-02; revised
- 2 9-14-01.)
- 3 Section 90. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
- 4 by changing Sections 1c, 2-10, and 3 as follows:
- 5 (35 ILCS 120/1c) (from Ch. 120, par. 440c)
- 6 Sec. 1c. A person who is engaged in the business of
- 7 leasing or renting motor vehicles to others and who, in
- 8 connection with such business sells any used motor vehicle to
- 9 a purchaser for his use and not for the purpose of resale, is
- 10 a retailer engaged in the business of selling tangible
- 11 personal property at retail under this Act to the extent of
- 12 the value of the vehicle sold. For the purpose of this
- 13 <u>Section</u>, "motor vehicle" means any motor vehicle of the first
- 14 division, a motor vehicle of the second division which is a
- 15 <u>self-contained motor vehicle designed or permanently</u>
- 16 <u>converted to provide living quarters for recreational</u>,
- 17 <u>camping or travel use, with direct walk through access to the</u>
- 18 <u>living quarters from the driver's seat, or a motor vehicle of</u>
- 19 <u>a second division which is of the van configuration designed</u>
- 20 <u>for the transportation of not less than 7 nor more than 16</u>
- 21 passengers, as defined in Section 1-146 of the Illinois
- 22 <u>Vehicle Code.</u> For-the-purpose-of-this-Section-"motor-vehicle"
- 23 has-the-meaning-prescribed-in-Section-1-157-of--The--Illinois
- Vehicle-Code, -as-now-or-hereafter-amended. -- (Nothing-provided
- 25 herein-shall-affect-liability-incurred-under-this-Act-because
- 26 of-the-sale-at-retail-of-such-motor-vehicles-to-a-lessor.
- 27 (Source: P.A. 80-598.)
- 28 (35 ILCS 120/2-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 441-10)
- 29 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in
- 30 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of
- 31 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal

1 property made in the course of business.

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Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete,

- 1 finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether
- 2 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water,
- 3 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all
- 4 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever
- 5 kind or description that are contained in any closed or
- 6 sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size.
- 7 "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated
- 8 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in
- 9 the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks
- 10 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.
- 11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food
- 12 for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises
- 13 where it is sold includes all food sold through a vending
- 14 machine, except soft drinks and food products that are
- 15 dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the
- 16 location of the vending machine.
- With respect to any motor vehicle (as the term "motor
- 18 <u>vehicle</u>" is defined in Section 1c of this Act) that is sold
- 19 <u>to a lessor for purposes of leasing under a lease subject to</u>
- 20 <u>the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act, the tax is</u>
- 21 <u>imposed at the rate of 1.25%.</u>
- 22 <u>With respect to any motor vehicle (as the term "motor</u>
- 23 <u>vehicle" is defined in Section 1c of this Act) that has been</u>
- 24 <u>leased</u> by a lessor to a lessee under a lease that is subject
- 25 to the Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act, and is
- 26 <u>subsequently sold to the lessee of such vehicle, the tax is</u>
- imposed at the rate of 5%.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98;
- 29 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)
- 30 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)
- 31 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
- 32 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person
- 33 engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property

- at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a return with the Department, stating:
 - 1. The name of the seller;

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- 2. His residence address and the address of his principal place of business and the address of the principal place of business (if that is a different address) from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
 - 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be, from sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or quarter;
 - 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed;
 - 5. Deductions allowed by law;
- 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed;
- 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this Act;
 - 8. The amount of tax due;
 - 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 27 10. Such other reasonable information as the 28 Department may require.
- If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.
- Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is

1 claimed.

A retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted by a retailer as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the

receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
 - 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this Act;
- 31 5. The amount of tax due; and
- 32 6. Such other reasonable information as the 33 Department may require.
- If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable

or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less

2 than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents

3 or more.

4 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 5 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all б payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 7 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more 8 9 shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 10 11 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 12 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 13 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of 14 \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of 15 16 the Department by electronic funds transfer. "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's 17 liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and 18 19 local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 20 21 term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 22 23 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 24 25 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) 26 of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall 27 make all payments required by rules of the Department by 28 electronic funds transfer. 29 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, 30

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make
payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers
required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall
make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on

- 1 October 1.
- 2 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
- 3 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
- 4 with the permission of the Department.
- 5 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic
- 6 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily
- 7 make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those
- 8 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.
- 9 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
- 10 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
- 11 requirements of this Section.
- 12 Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on
- any return or other document under this Act shall, if such
- 14 amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the
- 15 nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional
- 16 part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the
- 17 nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a
- dollar is less than 50 cents.
- 19 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
- 20 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to
- 21 the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may
- 22 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis,
- 23 with the return for January, February and March of a given
- 24 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for
- 25 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of
- such year; with the return for July, August and September of
- 27 a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with
- 28 the return for October, November and December of a given year
- 29 being due by January 20 of the following year.
- 30 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly
- 31 or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
- 32 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the
- 33 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual
- 34 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January

- 1 20 of the following year.
- 2 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 3
- 4 monthly returns.
- 5 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act
- 6 concerning the time within which a retailer may file his
- 7 return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a
- 8 kind of business which makes him responsible for filing
- 9 returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final
- return under this Act with the Department not more than one 10
- 11 month after discontinuing such business.
- Where the same person has more than one business 12
- registered with the Department under separate registrations 13
- under this Act, such person may not file each return that is 14
- 15 due as a single return covering all such registered
- 16 businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such
- 17 registered business.

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- In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 18
- 19 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered
- with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this 20
- 2.1 kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the
- 22 Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the
- personal property which the retailer sells, except that

Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible

- 25 the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft,
- watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than 26
- one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another 27
- aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer 28
- 29 retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of
- 30 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers
- more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer 31
- 32 to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as
- provided in Section 2-5 of this Act, then that seller may 33
- report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor 34

1 vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the

2 Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting

3 return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft"

4 means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in

Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a

personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard

7 motor.

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Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file

monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall

be required to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in 1 Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other

2 information as the Department may reasonably require.

The transaction reporting return in 3 the case of 4 watercraft or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount 5 6 the selling price including the amount allowed by the 7 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 8 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, 9 if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 10 11 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 12 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 13 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 14 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due 15 16 particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of 17 property sold, and such other information as the 18 19 Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) if the Department and such agency or State officer determine that this procedure will expedite the processing of applications for title or registration.

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With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is

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1 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon 2 Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 3 4 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 5 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State 6 officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible 7 personal property that is involved (if titling 8 registration is required) in support of such purchaser's 9 application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property. 10

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer and (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly 1 to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount

2 and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax

- 3 had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.
- 4 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return
- 5 period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal
- 6 property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a
- 7 deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly
- 8 return, as the case may be, in case the seller had
- 9 theretofore included the receipts from the sale of such
- 10 tangible personal property in a return filed by him and had
- 11 paid the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such
- 12 receipts.
- Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on
- 14 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president,
- vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly
- 16 accredited agent of such corporation.
- 17 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the
- 18 return filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall
- 19 be signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent
- of the limited liability company.
- 21 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing
- 22 the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing
- 23 such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed
- by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990
- and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar
- year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the
- 27 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records,
- 28 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
- 29 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made
- 30 pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the
- amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In
- 32 the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a
- 33 transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this
- 34 Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax

remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 3 4 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 5 6 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 7 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, 8 \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar 9 quarters, he shall file a return with the Department month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 10 11 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd 12 and last day of the month during which such liability is 13 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 14 15 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this 16 Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid 17 sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of 18 19 this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department 20 2.1 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 22 23 make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is 24 25 incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall 26 be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual 27 liability for the month or an amount set by the Department 28 29 not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the 30 taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability 31 32 and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax liability is incurred 33 begins on or after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 34

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1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of 2 the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 3 4 preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability 5 is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987 and prior to 6 January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 7 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar 8 9 month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, 10 11 and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of 12 the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the 13 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 14 15 preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability 16 is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 17 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% 18 19 the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability 20 21 for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final 22 23 tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 24 25 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 26 more as determined in the manner provided above shall 27 continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 28 the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 29 30 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 31 32 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of 33 the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. 34

1 However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a 2 substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 3 4 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 5 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such б taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such 7 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 8 9 monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or 10 more as 11 determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department 12 during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding 13 the month of highest liability and the month of 14 liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 15 16 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 17 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer 18 19 can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to 20 21 anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 22 23 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. 24 25 The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and 26 27 not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by 28 29 this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties 30 and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such quarter monthly payment 31 32 actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has 33 previously made payments for that month to the Department in 34 excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in

this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

5 The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 6 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to 7 make quarter monthly payments as specified above, taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect 8 9 and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 10 11 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments 12 to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last 13 day of the month during which such liability is incurred. 14 the month during which such tax liability is incurred began 15 16 prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the 17 18 taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. Ιf the month 19 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in 20 an amount 21 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 22 23 calendar month of the preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or 24 25 after January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 26 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 27 month or calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of 28 29 quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final 30 tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once 31 32 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly 33 payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall 34 continue until such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax

collections during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such

difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously

6 made payments for that month in excess of the minimum

7 payments previously due.

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8 The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after 9 October 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is 1, required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, 10 11 any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to 12 collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in excess of \$20,000 per month during 13 preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return 14 with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make 15 16 payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which the liability is 17 incurred. Each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% 18 19 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 20 21 preceding year. The amount of the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the 22 23 taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the 24 25 requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until 26 the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during 27 the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding 28 month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) 29 30 is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar 31 32 quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly payment is not 33 34 paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously

3 made payments for that month in excess of the minimum

4 payments previously due.

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If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the the Service Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer be liable for penalties and interest on such shall difference.

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund

- 1 in the State treasury which is hereby created, the net
- 2 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on
- 3 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed
- 4 off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic
- 5 beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for
- 6 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
- 7 medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine
- 8 testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics.
- 9 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department
- 10 shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a
- 11 special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created,
- 12 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from
- the 6.25% general rate.
- Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
- pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
- net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
- 17 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.
- 18 <u>Each month the Department shall pay into the County and</u>
- 19 <u>Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized</u>
- 20 for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate imposed upon the
- 21 <u>sale of any motor vehicle that is sold at retail to a lessor</u>
- 22 for purposes of leasing under a lease subject to the
- 23 <u>Automobile Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act.</u>
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department
- 25 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net
- 26 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25%
- 27 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal
- 28 property.
- Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
- 30 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
- 31 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
- 32 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.
- 33 <u>Each month the Department shall pay into the Local</u>
- 34 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the

\$76,650,000

1 preceding month from the 1.25% rate imposed upon the sale of any motor vehicle that is sold at retail to a lessor for 2 3 purposes of leasing under a lease subject to the Automobile 4 Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act. 5 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department б pursuant to this Act, and including all moneys received by the Department pursuant to Section 10 of the Automobile 7 8 Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act, and including all of the 9 moneys received pursuant to the 5% rate imposed upon sales of 10 motor vehicles by lessors to the lessees of such vehicles in connection with a lease that was subject to the Automobile 11 Leasing Occupation and Use Tax Act (a) 1.75% thereof shall be 12 paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 13 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall 14 be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that 15 16 if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the 17 Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois 18 Fund pursuant to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, 19 Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the 20 Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter 21 22 called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as 23 the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build 24 25 Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as 26 hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall 27 be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 28 29 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified 30 below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993: 31 Fiscal Year Annual Specified Amount 32 \$54,800,000 33 1986

1987

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1	1988	\$80,480,000
2	1989	\$88,510,000
3	1990	\$115,330,000
4	1991	\$145,470,000
5	1992	\$182,730,000
6	1993	\$206,520,000;

7 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or 8 9 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, 10 11 if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build 12 Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such 13 month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 14 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall 15 16 have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into 17 18 the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the 19 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the 20 21 preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year 22 23 in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. 24 25 amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph shall be payable only 26 until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each 27 trust indenture securing Bonds issued 28 and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking 29 30 into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or 31 32 the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any 33 Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs 34

payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the

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2 Director of the Bureau of the Budget. If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 3 4 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of 5 moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the б Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 7 amount required to be transferred in such month from the 8 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 9 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 10 11 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois 12 13 Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 14 15 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 16 of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to 17 18 that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department 19 pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and 20 21 charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 22 Act. 23 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or 24 25 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified of installment 26 monthly the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier 27 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the 28 State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as 29 30 "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 31 32 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation

Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act

into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the

1	specified fiscal years.		
2	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit	
3	1993	\$0	
4	1994	53,000,000	
5	1995	58,000,000	
6	1996	61,000,000	
7	1997	64,000,000	
8	1998	68,000,000	
9	1999	71,000,000	
10	2000	75,000,000	
11	2001	80,000,000	
12	2002	93,000,000	
13	2003	99,000,000	
14	2004	103,000,000	
15	2005	108,000,000	
16	2006	113,000,000	
17	2007	119,000,000	
18	2008	126,000,000	
19	2009	132,000,000	
20	2010	139,000,000	
21	2011	146,000,000	
22	2012	153,000,000	
23	2013	161,000,000	
24	2014	170,000,000	
25	2015	179,000,000	
26	2016	189,000,000	
27	2017	199,000,000	
28	2018	210,000,000	
29	2019	221,000,000	
30	2020	233,000,000	
31	2021	246,000,000	
32	2022	260,000,000	
33	2023 and	275,000,000	
34	34 each fiscal year		

- 1 thereafter that bonds
- 2 are outstanding under
- 3 Section 13.2 of the
- 4 Metropolitan Pier and
- 5 Exposition Authority
- 6 Act, but not after fiscal year 2042.
- 7 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
- 8 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the
- 9 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and
- 10 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount
- 11 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by
- 12 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection
- 13 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition
- 14 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits
- 15 required under this Section for previous months and years,
- shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project
- 17 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year,
- 18 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total
- 19 Deposit", has been deposited.
- 20 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois
- 21 Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant
- 22 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto
- 23 hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into
- 24 the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net
- revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general
- 26 rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the
- 27 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may
- 28 be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which
- 29 amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as
- 30 provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No
- 31 payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be
- 32 made if the tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing
- 33 products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds
- 34 from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of

1 litigation.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois
Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the
Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding
paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted,
beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid
by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period,
the Department shall each month pay into the Energy
Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the
6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined
coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of
this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new
electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section
605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs
Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual

1 information return for the tax year specified in the notice.

2 Such annual return to the Department shall include a

statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last

Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the

business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not

agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of

Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his

8 annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2

amounts and the reasons for the difference. The retailer's

annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost

of goods sold by the retailer during the year covered by such

return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for

such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock

and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll

information of the retailer's business during such year and

16 any additional reasonable information which the Department

17 deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the

monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer

19 as provided for in this Section.

20 If the annual information return required by this Section

21 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be

22 liable as follows:

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- 23 (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be
 24 liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due
 25 from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be
 26 covered by the annual return for each month or fraction
 27 of a month until such return is filed as required, the
 28 penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner
- as any other penalty provided for in this Act.
- 30 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer 31 shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 32 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.
- The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the

- 1 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person
- 2 who willfully signs the annual return containing false or
- 3 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and
- 4 punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by
- 5 the Department shall include a warning that the person
- 6 signing the return may be liable for perjury.
- 7 The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of
- 8 an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who
- 9 is not required to file an income tax return with the United
- 10 States Government.
- 11 As soon as possible after the first day of each month,
- 12 upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the
- 13 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall
- 14 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax
- 15 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue
- 16 realized under this Act for the second preceding month.
- 17 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required
- 18 and shall not be made.
- 19 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
- 20 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- 21 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
- 22 overpayment of liability.
- For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers,
- 24 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail
- in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
- 26 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
- 27 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to
- 28 such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make
- 29 written objection to the Department to this arrangement.
- 30 Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail
- 31 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers
- 32 at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs,
- 33 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions
- or events, including any transient merchant as defined by

1 Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required 2 to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons 3 4 engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and 5 Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of 6 merchant, the dates and location of the event and other 7 reasonable information that the Department may require. report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month 8 9 next following the month during which the event with retail sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report 10 11 required by this Section commits a business offense and is 12 subject to a fine not to exceed \$250.

13 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 14 15 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art 16 shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 17 18 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report 19 of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department 20 21 shall impose this requirement when it finds that there is a 22 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 23 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or 24 25 other sellers who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the business of selling tangible personal 26 27 property at retail at the exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of loss of revenue to the 28 State. The Department shall notify concessionaires and other 29 30 sellers affected by the imposition of this requirement. the absence of notification by the Department, 31 the concessionaires and other sellers shall file their returns as 32 otherwise required in this Section. 33

34 (Source: P.A. 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99;

- 1 91-101, eff. 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff.
- 2 7-1-00; 91-901, eff. 1-1-01; 92-12, eff. 7-1-01; 92-16, eff.
- 3 6-28-01; 92-208, eff. 8-2-01; 92-484, eff. 8-23-01; 92-492,
- 4 eff. 1-1-02; revised 9-14-01.)
- 5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on
- 6 July 1, 2002.