92\_SB0727 LRB9207996RCcd

- 1 AN ACT in relation to vehicles.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 5 changing Section 11-501 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- 7 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of
- 8 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or
- 9 compounds or any combination thereof.
- 10 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 11 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 12 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood
- or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of
- blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 15 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 16 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating
- 17 compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a
- 18 degree that renders the person incapable of driving
- 19 safely;
- 20 (4) under the influence of any other drug or
- 21 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- incapable of safely driving;
- 23 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other
- 24 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a
- 25 degree that renders the person incapable of safely
- 26 driving; or
- 27 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or
- compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine
- 29 resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of
- 30 cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled
- 31 substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances

- Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- 3 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this 4 Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other 5 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any 6 combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against 7 any charge of violating this Section.
- 8 Except as provided under paragraphs (c-3) and (d) of 9 this Section, every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be 10 11 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, in addition to any other criminal or administrative action, for any second conviction 12 of violating this Section or a similar provision of a law of 13 another state or local ordinance committed within 5 years of 14 a previous violation of this Section or a similar provision 15 16 of a local ordinance shall be mandatorily sentenced to a minimum of 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment or assigned 17 to a minimum of 100 hours of community service as may be 18 determined by the court. Every person convicted of violating 19 this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance 20 21 shall be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and a 22 mandatory 5 days of community service in a program benefiting 23 children if the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) similar provision of a local ordinance while 24 25 transporting a person under age 16. Every person convicted a second time for violating this Section or a similar provision 26 of a local ordinance within 5 years of a previous violation 27 of this Section or a similar provision of a law of another 28 29 state or local ordinance shall be subject to a mandatory 30 minimum fine of \$500 and 10 days of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children if the current 31 offense was committed while transporting a person under age 32 16. The imprisonment or assignment under this subsection 33 34 shall not be subject to suspension nor shall the person be

eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

- (c-1) (1) A person who violates this Section during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (2) A person who violates this Section a third time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (3) A person who violates this Section a fourth or subsequent time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- (c-2) (Blank).

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(c-3) Every person convicted of violating this Section a similar provision of a local ordinance who had a child under age 16 in the vehicle at the time of the offense shall have his or her punishment under this Act enhanced by 2 days of imprisonment for a first offense, 10 days of imprisonment for a second offense, 30 days of imprisonment for a third offense, and 90 days of imprisonment for a fourth or subsequent offense, in addition to the fine and community service required under subsection (c) and the possible imprisonment required under subsection (d). The imprisonment or assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to 2.1

suspension nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
  - (A) the person committed a violation of this Section, or a similar provision of a law of another state or a local ordinance when the cause of action is the same as or substantially similar to this Section, for the third or subsequent time;
  - (B) the person committed a violation of paragraph(a) while driving a school bus with children on board;
  - (C) the person in committing a violation of paragraph (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries; or
  - (D) the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (1).
  - (2) Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is a Class 4 felony for which a person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year and not more than 3 years for a violation of subparagraph (A), (B) or (D) of paragraph

- 1 (1) of this subsection (d) and not less than one year and not
- 2 more than 12 years for a violation of subparagraph (C) of
- paragraph (1) of this subsection (d). For any prosecution 3
- 4 under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving
- 5 abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any
- б prior conviction.

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- 7 (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final
- 8 sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based
- 9 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar
- provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 10
- 11 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an
- alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 12
- 13 and the extent of the problem. Programs conducting these
- evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 14
- Services and if participation in treatment programs 15

recommended by these evaluations is a part of sentencing,

<u>Services</u>. The cost of any professional evaluation <u>and the</u>

- individuals shall complete these treatment programs in
- accordance with rules adopted by the Department of Human
- costs of any treatment programs shall be paid for by the 20
- 21 individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.
- Every person found guilty of violating this Section, 22
- 23 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an 24
- 25 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the
- expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 26
- 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections. 27
- The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 28
- privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 29
- 30 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (h) Every person sentenced under subsection (d) of this 31
- 32 Section and who receives a term of probation or conditional
- discharge shall be required to serve a minimum term of either 33
- 34 30 days community service or, beginning July 1, 1993, 48

- 1 consecutive hours of imprisonment as a condition of the
- 2 probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum
- 3 term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall
- 4 not be suspended and shall not be subject to reduction by the
- 5 court.
- 6 (i) The Secretary of State may use ignition interlock
- 7 device requirements when granting driving relief to
- 8 individuals who have been arrested for a second or subsequent
- 9 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local
- 10 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and
- 11 regulation the procedures for use of the interlock system.
- 12 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities,
- 13 a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating
- 14 this Section, including any person placed on court
- 15 supervision for violating this Section, shall be fined \$100,
- 16 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money
- 17 to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest. In the
- 18 event that more than one agency is responsible for the
- 19 arrest, the \$100 shall be shared equally. Any moneys
- 20 received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection
- 21 (j) shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that
- 22 will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal
- 23 violence throughout the State. This shall include, but is
- 24 not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed
- 25 detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys
- 26 received by the Department of State Police under this
- 27 subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI
- 28 Fund and shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment
- 29 that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related
- 30 criminal violence throughout the State.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-400, eff. 8-15-97;
- 32 90-611, eff. 1-1-99; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-738, eff.
- 33 1-1-99; 90-779, eff. 1-1-99; 91-126, eff. 7-16-99; 91-357,
- eff. 7-29-99; 91-692, eff. 4-13-00; 91-822, eff. 6-13-00.)