SB401 Enrolled LRB9201103RCcd

1 AN ACT to amend certain Acts in relation to mentally

- 2 retarded persons.
- 3 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 4 represented in the General Assembly:
- 5 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 6 changing Sections 2-10.1, 10-2, 10-5, 11-15.1, 11-19.1,
- 7 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-4.3, 12-14, and 12-16 as follows:
- 8 (720 ILCS 5/2-10.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 2-10.1)
- 9 Sec. 2-10.1. "Institutionalized Severely or profoundly
- 10 mentally retarded person" means a person who---is
- institutionalized--in--a--developmental--disability-facility-
- 12 nursing-home-facility,-or-long-term-care-facility-and--either
- 13 (i) whose the-person's intelligence quotient does not exceed
- 14 40 or (ii) whose the-person's intelligence quotient does not
- 15 exceed 55 and who the-person suffers from significant mental
- 16 illness to the extent that the person's ability to exercise
- 17 rational judgment is impaired. In any proceeding in which the
- 18 defendant is charged with committing a violation of Section
- 19 10-2, 10-5, 11-15.1, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 12-4.3,
- 20 12-14, or 12-16 of this Code against a victim who is alleged
- 21 to be <u>a</u> an-institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally
- 22 retarded person, any findings concerning the victim's status
- 23 as \underline{a} an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally
- 24 retarded person, made by a court after a judicial admission
- 25 hearing concerning the victim under Articles V and VI of
- 26 Chapter 4 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
- 27 Code shall be admissible.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 87-1198.)
- 29 (720 ILCS 5/10-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-2)
- 30 Sec. 10-2. Aggravated kidnaping.

- 1 (a) A kidnaper within the definition of paragraph (a) of 2 Section 10-1 is guilty of the offense of aggravated 3 kidnaping when he:
- 4 (1) Kidnaps for the purpose of obtaining ransom
 5 from the person kidnaped or from any other person, or

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (2) Takes as his victim a child under the age of 13 years, or <u>a</u> an-institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person, or
 - (3) Inflicts great bodily harm, other than by the discharge of a firearm, or commits another felony upon his victim, or
 - (4) Wears a hood, robe or mask or conceals his identity, or
 - (5) Commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, as defined in Section 33A-1 of the "Criminal Code of 1961", or
- (6) Commits the offense of kidnaping while armed with a firearm, or
 - (7) During the commission of the offense of kidnaping, personally discharged a firearm, or
 - (8) During the commission of the offense of kidnaping, personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
- As used in this Section, "ransom" includes money, benefit or other valuable thing or concession.
- 28 (b) Sentence. Aggravated kidnaping in violation of 29 paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (a) is a 30 Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(6) is a Class X 31 felony for which 15 years shall be added to the term of 32 imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection 33 (a)(7) is a Class X felony for which 20 years shall be added 34 to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation

- 1 of subsection (a)(8) is a Class X felony for which 25 years
- 2 or up to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of
- imprisonment imposed by the court. 3
- 4 A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent
- offense of aggravated kidnaping shall be sentenced to a term 5
- of natural life imprisonment; provided, however, that a 6
- 7 sentence of natural life imprisonment shall not be imposed
- 8 under this Section unless the second or subsequent offense
- was committed after conviction on the first offense. 9
- (Source: P.A. 91-404, eff. 1-1-00.) 10
- (720 ILCS 5/10-5) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-5) 11
- Sec. 10-5. Child Abduction. 12
- (a) For purposes of this Section, the following terms 13
- 14 shall have the following meanings:
- 15 (1) "Child" means a person under the age of 18 or \underline{a}
- an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally 16
- 17 retarded person at the time the alleged violation
- occurred; and 18
- (2) "Detains" means taking or retaining physical 19
- 20 custody of a child, whether or not the child resists or
- 21 objects; and

- 22 (3) "Lawful custodian" means a person or persons
- granted legal custody of a child or entitled to physical 23
- 24 possession of a child pursuant to a court order.
- presumed that, when the parties have never been married
- to each other, the mother has legal custody of the child 26
- unless a valid court order states otherwise. If an 27
- 28 adjudication of paternity has been completed and the
- 29 father been assigned support obligations or has
- visitation rights, such a paternity order should, for the 30
- purposes of this Section be considered a valid court 31
- order granting custody to the mother. 32
- 33 (b) A person commits child abduction when he or she:

(1) Intentionally violates any terms of a valid court order granting sole or joint custody, care or possession to another, by concealing or detaining the child or removing the child from the jurisdiction of the court; or

- (2) Intentionally violates a court order prohibiting the person from concealing or detaining the child or removing the child from the jurisdiction of the court; or
- (3) Intentionally conceals, detains or removes the child without the consent of the mother or lawful custodian of the child if the person is a putative father and either: (A) the paternity of the child has not been legally established or (B) the paternity of the child has been legally established but no orders relating to custody have been entered. However, notwithstanding the presumption created by paragraph (3) of subsection (a), a mother commits child abduction when she intentionally conceals or removes a child, whom she has abandoned or relinquished custody of, from an unadjudicated father who has provided sole ongoing care and custody of the child in her absence; or
- (4) Intentionally conceals or removes the child from a parent after filing a petition or being served with process in an action affecting marriage or paternity but prior to the issuance of a temporary or final order determining custody; or
- (5) At the expiration of visitation rights outside the State, intentionally fails or refuses to return or impedes the return of the child to the lawful custodian in Illinois; or
- (6) Being a parent of the child, and where the parents of such child are or have been married and there has been no court order of custody, conceals the child

for 15 days, and fails to make reasonable attempts within the 15 day period to notify the other parent as to the specific whereabouts of the child, including a means by which to contact such child, or to arrange reasonable visitation or contact with the child. It is not a violation of this Section for a person fleeing domestic violence to take the child with him or her to housing provided by a domestic violence program; or

- (7) Being a parent of the child, and where the parents of the child are or have been married and there has been no court order of custody, conceals, detains, or removes the child with physical force or threat of physical force; or
- (8) Conceals, detains, or removes the child for payment or promise of payment at the instruction of a person who has no legal right to custody; or
- (9) Retains in this State for 30 days a child removed from another state without the consent of the lawful custodian or in violation of a valid court order of custody; or
- (10) Intentionally lures or attempts to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, housetrailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a lawful purpose.
- For the purposes of this subsection (b), paragraph (10), the luring or attempted luring of a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, housetrailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child shall be prima facie evidence of other than a lawful purpose.
 - (c) It shall be an affirmative defense that:
- 33 (1) The person had custody of the child pursuant to 34 a court order granting legal custody or visitation rights

which existed at the time of the alleged violation; or

- (2) The person had physical custody of the child pursuant to a court order granting legal custody or visitation rights and failed to return the child as a result of circumstances beyond his or her control, and the person notified and disclosed to the other parent or legal custodian the specific whereabouts of the child and a means by which such child can be contacted or made a reasonable attempt to notify the other parent or lawful custodian of the child of such circumstances and make such disclosure within 24 hours after the visitation period had expired and returned the child as soon as possible; or
- (3) The person was fleeing an incidence or pattern of domestic violence; or
- (4) The person lured or attempted to lure a child under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, housetrailer, or dwelling place for a lawful purpose in prosecutions under subsection (b), paragraph (10).
- (d) A person convicted of child abduction under this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of paragraph (10) of subsection (b) of this Section is guilty of a Class 3 felony. It shall be a factor in aggravation for which a court may impose a more severe sentence under Section 5-8-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections, if upon sentencing the court finds evidence of any of the following aggravating factors:
 - (1) that the defendant abused or neglected the child following the concealment, detention or removal of the child; or
- 31 (2) that the defendant inflicted or threatened to 32 inflict physical harm on a parent or lawful custodian of 33 the child or on the child with intent to cause such 34 parent or lawful custodian to discontinue criminal

1 prosecution of the defendant under this Section; or

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (3) that the defendant demanded payment in exchange for return of the child or demanded that he or she be relieved of the financial or legal obligation to support the child in exchange for return of the child; or
- (4) that the defendant has previously been convicted of child abduction; or
- (5) that the defendant committed the abduction while armed with a deadly weapon or the taking of the child resulted in serious bodily injury to another; or
- (6) that the defendant committed the abduction while in a school, regardless of the time of day or time of year; in a playground; on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity; on the real property of a school; or on a public way within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising any school or playground. For purposes of this paragraph "playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by a unit of local government that is designated by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily for children's recreation; and "school" means a public or private elementary or secondary school, community college, college, or university.
- 25 (e) The court may order the child to be returned to the 26 parent or lawful custodian from whom the child was concealed, 27 detained or removed. In addition to any sentence imposed, 28 the court may assess any reasonable expense incurred in 29 searching for or returning the child against any person 30 convicted of violating this Section.
- 31 (f) Nothing contained in this Section shall be construed 32 to limit the court's contempt power.
- 33 (g) Every law enforcement officer investigating an 34 alleged incident of child abduction shall make a written

- 1 police report of any bona fide allegation and the disposition
- 2 of such investigation. Every police report completed
- 3 pursuant to this Section shall be compiled and recorded
- 4 within the meaning of Section 5.1 of "An Act in relation to
- 5 criminal identification and investigation", approved July 2,
- 6 1931, as now or hereafter amended.
- 7 (h) Whenever a law enforcement officer has reasons to
- 8 believe a child abduction has occurred, he shall provide the
- 9 lawful custodian a summary of her or his rights under this
- 10 Act, including the procedures and relief available to her or
- 11 him.
- 12 (i) If during the course of an investigation under this
- 13 Section the child is found in the physical custody of the
- 14 defendant or another, the law enforcement officer shall
- 15 return the child to the parent or lawful custodian from whom
- 16 the child was concealed, detained or removed, unless there is
- 17 good cause for the law enforcement officer or the Department
- 18 of Children and Family Services to retain temporary
- 19 protective custody of the child pursuant to the Abused and
- Neglected Child Reporting Act, as now or hereafter amended.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 90-494, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 22 (720 ILCS 5/11-15.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-15.1)
- 23 Sec. 11-15.1. Soliciting for a Juvenile Prostitute.
- 24 (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of
- 25 Section 11-15(a) of this Act commits soliciting for a
- juvenile prostitute where the prostitute for whom such person
- 27 is soliciting is under 16 years of age or is \underline{a} an
- 28 institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded
- 29 person.
- 30 (b) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of
- 31 soliciting for a juvenile prostitute that the accused
- 32 reasonably believed the person was of the age of 16 years or
- over or was not <u>a</u> an-institutionalized severely or profoundly

- 1 mentally retarded person at the time of the act giving rise
- 2 to the charge.
- 3 (c) Sentence.
- 4 Soliciting for a juvenile prostitute is a Class 1 felony.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 85-1392.)
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/11-19.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-19.1)
- 7 Sec. 11-19.1. Juvenile Pimping.
- 8 (a) Any person who receives any money, property, token,
- 9 object, or article or anything of value from a prostitute
- 10 under 16 years of age or from a prostitute who is \underline{a} an
- 11 institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded
- 12 person, not for a lawful consideration, knowing it was earned
- in whole or in part from the practice of prostitution,
- 14 commits juvenile pimping.
- 15 (b) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of juvenile
- 16 pimping that the accused reasonably believed the person was
- 17 of the age of 16 years or over or was not \underline{a} an
- 18 institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded
- 19 person at the time of the act giving rise to the charge.
- 20 (c) Sentence.
- Juvenile pimping is a Class 1 felony.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 91-696, eff. 4-13-00.)
- 23 (720 ILCS 5/11-19.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-19.2)
- Sec. 11-19.2. Exploitation of a child.
- 25 (A) A person commits exploitation of a child when he or
- 26 she confines a child under the age of 16 or \underline{a} an
- 27 institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded
- 28 person against his or her will by the infliction or threat of
- 29 imminent infliction of great bodily harm, permanent
- 30 disability or disfigurement or by administering to the child
- 31 or an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally
- 32 retarded person without his or her consent or by threat or

- 1 deception and for other than medical purposes, any alcoholic
- 2 intoxicant or a drug as defined in the Illinois Controlled
- 3 Substances Act or the Cannabis Control Act and:

8

9

10

11

12

13

- 4 (1) compels the child or an---institutionalized 5 severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to become 6 a prostitute; or
 - (2) arranges a situation in which the child or an institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person may practice prostitution; or
 - (3) receives any money, property, token, object, or article or anything of value from the child or an institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person knowing it was obtained in whole or in part from the practice of prostitution.
- 15 (B) For purposes of this Section, administering drugs,
 16 as defined in subsection (A), or an alcoholic intoxicant to a
 17 child under the age of 13 or a an-institutionalized severely
 18 or profoundly mentally retarded person shall be deemed to be
 19 without consent if such administering is done without the
 20 consent of the parents or legal guardian.
- 21 (C) Exploitation of a child is a Class X felony.
- 22 (D) Any person convicted under this Section is subject 23 to the forfeiture provisions of Section 11-20.1A of this Act.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-696, eff. 4-13-00.)
- 25 (720 ILCS 5/11-20.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-20.1)
- Sec. 11-20.1. Child pornography.
- 27 (a) A person commits the offense of child pornography 28 who:
- (1) films, videotapes, photographs, or otherwise
 depicts or portrays by means of any similar visual medium
 or reproduction or depicts by computer any child whom he
 knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18
 or any institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally

1	retarded person where such child or institutionalized
2	severely or profoundly mentally retarded person is:
3	(i) actually or by simulation engaged in any
4	act of sexual intercourse with any person or animal;
5	or
6	(ii) actually or by simulation engaged in any
7	act of sexual contact involving the sex organs of
8	the child or institutionalized severely or
9	profoundly mentally retarded person and the mouth,
10	anus, or sex organs of another person or animal; or
11	which involves the mouth, anus or sex organs of the
12	child or institutionalized severely or profoundly
13	mentally retarded person and the sex organs of
14	another person or animal; or
15	(iii) actually or by simulation engaged in any
16	act of masturbation; or
17	(iv) actually or by simulation portrayed as
18	being the object of, or otherwise engaged in, any
19	act of lewd fondling, touching, or caressing
20	involving another person or animal; or
21	(v) actually or by simulation engaged in any
22	act of excretion or urination within a sexual
23	context; or
24	(vi) actually or by simulation portrayed or
25	depicted as bound, fettered, or subject to sadistic,
26	masochistic, or sadomasochistic abuse in any sexual
27	context; or
28	(vii) depicted or portrayed in any pose,
29	posture or setting involving a lewd exhibition of
30	the unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if
31	such person is female, a fully or partially
32	developed breast of the child or other person; or
33	(2) with the knowledge of the nature or content
34	thereof, reproduces, disseminates, offers to disseminate,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

exhibits or possesses with intent to disseminate any film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer of any child or institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or to be a an institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person, engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or

- (3) with knowledge of the subject matter or theme thereof, produces any stage play, live performance, film, videotape or other similar visual portrayal or depiction by computer which includes a child whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (4) solicits, uses, persuades, induces, entices, or coerces any child whom he knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any stage play, live presentation, film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction ordepiction by computer in which the child or profoundly institutionalized severely or mentally retarded person is or will be depicted, actually or by simulation, in any act, pose or setting described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (5) is a parent, step-parent, legal guardian or other person having care or custody of a child whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

of 18 or <u>a</u> an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person and who knowingly permits, induces, promotes, or arranges for such child or institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any stage play, live performance, film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual presentation, portrayal or simulation or depiction computer of any act or activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or

- (6) with knowledge of the nature or content thereof, possesses any film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer of any child or institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or to be a an-institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person, engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (7) solicits, uses, persuades, induces, entices, or coerces a person to provide a child under the age of 18 or a an-institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any videotape, photograph, film, stage play, live presentation, or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which the child or an-institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person will be depicted, actually or by simulation, in any act, pose, or setting described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- 32 (b) (1) It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge 33 of child pornography that the defendant reasonably believed, 34 under all of the circumstances, that the child was 18 years

1 of age or older or that the person was 2 institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person but only where, prior to the act or acts giving rise 3 4 to a prosecution under this Section, he took some affirmative 5 action or made a bonafide inquiry designed to ascertain б whether the child was 18 years of age or older or that the 7 person was not a an-institutionalized severely or profoundly 8 mentally retarded person and his reliance 9 information so obtained was clearly reasonable.

(2) (Blank).

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- (3) The charge of child pornography shall not apply to the performance of official duties by law enforcement or prosecuting officers, court personnel or attorneys, nor to bonafide treatment or professional education programs conducted by licensed physicians, psychologists or social workers.
- (4) Possession by the defendant of more than one of the same film, videotape or visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which child pornography is depicted shall raise a rebuttable presumption that the defendant possessed such materials with the intent to disseminate them.
- (5) The charge of child pornography does not apply to a person who does not voluntarily possess a film, videotape, or visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which child pornography is depicted. Possession is voluntary if the defendant knowingly procures or receives a film, videotape, or visual reproduction or depiction for a sufficient time to be able to terminate his or her possession.
- 31 (c) Violation of paragraph (1), (4), (5), or (7) of 32 subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum 33 fine of \$2,000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of 34 paragraph (3) of subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a

- 1 mandatory minimum fine of \$1500 and a maximum fine of
- 2 \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) is a
- 3 Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum fine of \$1000 and a
- 4 maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (6) of
- 5 subsection (a) is a Class 3 felony with a mandatory minimum
- 6 fine of \$1000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000.
- 7 (d) If a person is convicted of a second or subsequent
- 8 violation of this Section within 10 years of a prior
- 9 conviction, the court shall order a presentence psychiatric
- 10 examination of the person. The examiner shall report to the
- 11 court whether treatment of the person is necessary.
- (e) Any film, videotape, photograph or other similar
- visual reproduction or depiction by computer which includes a
- 14 child under the age of 18 or \underline{a} an-institutionalized severely
- or profoundly mentally retarded person engaged in any
- 16 activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) or
- 17 paragraph 1 of subsection (a), and any material or equipment
- used or intended for use in photographing, filming, printing,
- 19 producing, reproducing, manufacturing, projecting,
- 20 exhibiting, depiction by computer, or disseminating such
- 21 material shall be seized and forfeited in the manner, method
- 22 and procedure provided by Section 36-1 of this Code for the
- 23 seizure and forfeiture of vessels, vehicles and aircraft.
- 24 (e-5) Upon the conclusion of a case brought under this
- 25 Section, the court shall seal all evidence depicting a victim
- or witness that is sexually explicit. The evidence may be
- 27 unsealed and viewed, on a motion of the party seeking to
- unseal and view the evidence, only for good cause shown and
- 29 in the discretion of the court. The motion must expressly
- 30 set forth the purpose for viewing the material. The State's
- 31 attorney and the victim, if possible, shall be provided
- 32 reasonable notice of the hearing on the motion to unseal the
- 33 evidence. Any person entitled to notice of a hearing under
- this subsection (e-5) may object to the motion.

1 (f) Definitions. For the purposes of this Section:

2

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- (1) "Disseminate" means (i) to sell, distribute, exchange or transfer possession, whether with or without 3 4 consideration or (ii) to make a depiction by computer available for distribution or downloading through the facilities of any telecommunications network or through 7 any other means of transferring computer programs or data 8 to a computer;
 - (2) "Produce" means to direct, promote, advertise, publish, manufacture, issue, present or show;
 - (3) "Reproduce" means to make a duplication or copy;
 - (4) "Depict by computer" means to generate or create, or cause to be created or generated, a computer program or data that, after being processed by a computer either alone or in conjunction with one or more computer programs, results in a visual depiction on a computer monitor, screen, or display.
 - (5) "Depiction by computer" means a computer program or data that, after being processed by a computer either alone or in conjunction with one or more computer programs, results in a visual depiction on a computer monitor, screen, or display.
 - (6) "Computer", "computer program", and "data" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 16D-2 of this Code.
 - (7) "Child" includes a film, videotape, photograph, other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer that is, or appears to be, that of a person, either in part, or in total, under the age of 18, regardless of the method by which the videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer is created, adopted, or modified to appear as such. "Child" also

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

includes a film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer that is advertised, promoted, presented, described, or distributed in such a manner that conveys the impression that the film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer is of a person under the age of 18.

- (g) Re-enactment; findings; purposes.
 - (1) The General Assembly finds and declares that:
 - (i) Section 50-5 of Public Act 88-680, effective January 1, 1995, contained provisions amending the child pornography statute, Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. Section 50-5 also contained other provisions.
 - (ii) In addition, Public Act 88-680 was entitled "AN ACT to create a Safe Neighborhoods (A) Article 5 was entitled JUVENILE JUSTICE and amended the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. (B) Article 15 was entitled GANGS and amended various provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Unified Code of Corrections. (C) Article 20 was entitled ALCOHOL ABUSE and amended various provisions of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Article 25 was entitled DRUG ABUSE and amended the Cannabis Control Act and the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. (E) Article 30 was entitled FIREARMS and amended the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. (F) Article 35 amended the Criminal Code of 1961, the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections. (G) Article 40 amended the Criminal Code of 1961 to increase the penalty for compelling organization membership of persons. (H) Article 45 created the Secure Residential Youth Care

Facility Licensing Act and amended the State Finance Act, the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the Unified Code of Corrections, and the Private Correctional Facility Moratorium Act. (I) Article 50 amended the WIC Vendor Management Act, the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the Criminal Code of 1961, the Wrongs to Children Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections.

- (iii) On September 22, 1998, the Third District Appellate Court in People v. Dainty, 701 N.E. 2d 118, ruled that Public Act 88-680 violates the single subject clause of the Illinois Constitution (Article IV, Section 8 (d)) and was unconstitutional in its entirety. As of the time this amendatory Act of 1999 was prepared, People v. Dainty was still subject to appeal.
- (iv) Child pornography is a vital concern to the people of this State and the validity of future prosecutions under the child pornography statute of the Criminal Code of 1961 is in grave doubt.
- (2) It is the purpose of this amendatory Act of 1999 to prevent or minimize any problems relating to prosecutions for child pornography that may result from challenges to the constitutional validity of Public Act 88-680 by re-enacting the Section relating to child pornography that was included in Public Act 88-680.
- (3) This amendatory Act of 1999 re-enacts Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as it has been amended. This re-enactment is intended to remove any question as to the validity or content of that Section; it is not intended to supersede any other Public Act that amends the text of the Section as set forth in this amendatory Act of 1999. The material is shown as existing text (i.e., without underscoring) because, as

- of the time this amendatory Act of 1999 was prepared,
- 2 People v. Dainty was subject to appeal to the Illinois
- 3 Supreme Court.
- 4 (4) The re-enactment by this amendatory Act of 1999
- of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating
- 6 to child pornography that was amended by Public Act
- 7 88-680 is not intended, and shall not be construed, to
- 8 imply that Public Act 88-680 is invalid or to limit or
- 9 impair any legal argument concerning whether those
- 10 provisions were substantially re-enacted by other Public
- 11 Acts.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 90-68, eff. 7-8-97; 90-678, eff. 7-31-98;
- 13 90-786, eff. 1-1-99; 91-54, eff. 6-30-99; 91-229, eff.
- 14 1-1-00; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; revised 8-30-99.)
- 15 (720 ILCS 5/12-4.3) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-4.3)
- Sec. 12-4.3. Aggravated battery of a child.
- 17 (a) Any person of the age 18 years and upwards who
- 18 intentionally or knowingly, and without legal justification
- 19 and by any means, causes great bodily harm or permanent
- 20 disability or disfigurement to any child under the age of 13
- 21 years or to any institutionalized severely or profoundly
- 22 mentally retarded person, commits the offense of aggravated
- 23 battery of a child.
- 24 (b) Aggravated battery of a child is a Class X felony,
- 25 except that:
- 26 (1) if the person committed the offense while armed
- with a firearm, 15 years shall be added to the term of
- imprisonment imposed by the court;
- 29 (2) if, during the commission of the offense, the
- 30 person personally discharged a firearm, 20 years shall be
- added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court;
- 32 (3) if, during the commission of the offense, the
- person personally discharged a firearm that proximately

caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent

- disfigurement, or death to another person, 25 years or up
- 3 to a term of natural life shall be added to the term of
- 4 imprisonment imposed by the court.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-404, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/12-14) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-14)
- 7 Sec. 12-14. Aggravated Criminal Sexual Assault.
- 8 (a) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual
- 9 assault if he or she commits criminal sexual assault and any
- 10 of the following aggravating circumstances existed during, or
- 11 for the purposes of paragraph (7) of this subsection (a) as
- 12 part of the same course of conduct as, the commission of the
- 13 offense:
- 14 (1) the accused displayed, threatened to use, or
- used a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, or any
- object fashioned or utilized in such a manner as to lead
- 17 the victim under the circumstances reasonably to believe
- it to be a dangerous weapon; or
- 19 (2) the accused caused bodily harm, except as
- 20 provided in subsection (a)(10), to the victim; or
- 21 (3) the accused acted in such a manner as to
- threaten or endanger the life of the victim or any other
- 23 person; or
- 24 (4) the criminal sexual assault was perpetrated
- 25 during the course of the commission or attempted
- commission of any other felony by the accused; or
- 27 (5) the victim was 60 years of age or over when the
- 28 offense was committed; or
- 29 (6) the victim was a physically handicapped person;
- 30 or
- 31 (7) the accused delivered (by injection,
- inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any
- other means) to the victim without his or her consent, or

by threat or deception, and for other than medical
purposes, any controlled substance; or

- (8) the accused was armed with a firearm; or
- 4 (9) the accused personally discharged a firearm during the commission of the offense; or
 - (10) the accused, during the commission of the offense, personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
- The accused commits aggravated criminal 10 11 assault if the accused was under 17 years of age and (i) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was 12 under 9 years of age when the act was committed; or (ii) 13 commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was at 14 least 9 years of age but under 13 years of age when the act 15 16 was committed and the accused used force or threat of force to commit the act. 17
 - (c) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if he or she commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was a an--institutionalized severely or profoundly mentally retarded person at the time the act was committed.
 - (d) Sentence.

3

6

7

8

9

18

19

20

21

22

23

(1) Aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation 24 25 of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection (a) is a Class X felony. A violation of 26 subsection (a)(8) is a Class X felony for which 15 years 27 shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the 28 29 court. A violation of subsection (a)(9) is a Class X 30 felony for which 20 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of 31 subsection (a)(10) is a Class X felony for which 25 years 32 33 or up to a term of natural life imprisonment shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. 34

1 (2) A person who is convicted of a second or 2 subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal 3 4 sexual assault after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of 5 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is 6 7 convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual 8 assault after having previously been convicted under 9 of this or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of criminal 10 11 sexual assault, the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual 12 assault of a child, shall be sentenced to a term of 13 natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second 14 15 subsequent offense is required to have been after the 16 initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply. (Source: P.A. 90-396, eff. 1-1-98; 90-735, eff. 8-11-98; 17

19 (720 ILCS 5/12-16) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-16)

91-404, eff. 1-1-00.)

- 20 Sec. 12-16. Aggravated Criminal Sexual Abuse.
- 21 (a) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual abuse 22 if he or she commits criminal sexual abuse as defined in 23 subsection (a) of Section 12-15 of this Code and any of the 24 following aggravating circumstances existed during, or for 25 the purposes of paragraph (7) of this subsection (a) as part 26 of the same course of conduct as, the commission of the 27 offense:
- 28 (1) the accused displayed, threatened to use or
 29 used a dangerous weapon or any object fashioned or
 30 utilized in such a manner as to lead the victim under the
 31 circumstances reasonably to believe it to be a dangerous
 32 weapon; or
- 33 (2) the accused caused bodily harm to the victim;

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

- 2 (3) the victim was 60 years of age or over when the 3 offense was committed; or
- 4 (4) the victim was a physically handicapped person;
 5 or
 - (5) the accused acted in such a manner as to threaten or endanger the life of the victim or any other person; or
 - (6) the criminal sexual abuse was perpetrated during the course of the commission or attempted commission of any other felony by the accused; or
 - (7) the accused delivered (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) to the victim without his or her consent, or by threat or deception, and for other than medical purposes, any controlled substance.
- 17 (b) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual abuse 18 if he or she commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim 19 who was under 18 years of age when the act was committed and 20 the accused was a family member.
- 21 (c) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual abuse 22 if:
 - (1) the accused was 17 years of age or over and (i) commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim who was under 13 years of age when the act was committed; or (ii) commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim who was at least 13 years of age but under 17 years of age when the act was committed and the accused used force or threat of force to commit the act; or
 - (2) the accused was under 17 years of age and (i) commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim who was under 9 years of age when the act was committed; or (ii) commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim who was at least 9 years of age but under 17 years of age when the

- act was committed and the accused used force or threat of
- 2 force to commit the act.
- 3 (d) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual abuse
- 4 if he or she commits an act of sexual penetration or sexual
- 5 conduct with a victim who was at least 13 years of age but
- 6 under 17 years of age and the accused was at least 5 years
- 7 older than the victim.
- 8 (e) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual abuse
- 9 if he or she commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim
- 10 who was <u>a</u> an--institutionalized severely or profoundly
- 11 mentally retarded person at the time the act was committed.
- 12 (f) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual abuse
- if he or she commits an act of sexual conduct with a victim
- 14 who was at least 13 years of age but under 18 years of age
- when the act was committed and the accused was 17 years of
- 16 age or over and held a position of trust, authority or
- 17 supervision in relation to the victim.
- 18 (g) Sentence. Aggravated criminal sexual abuse is a
- 19 Class 2 felony.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 89-586, eff. 7-31-96; 90-735, eff. 8-11-98.)
- 21 Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is
- amended by changing Sections 106B-5 and 115-10 and by adding
- 23 Section 102-23 as follows:
- 24 (725 ILCS 5/102-23 new)
- Sec. 102-23. "Moderately mentally retarded person" means
- 26 <u>a person whose intelligence quotient is between 41 and 55 and</u>
- 27 who does not suffer from significant mental illness to the
- 28 <u>extent that the person's ability to exercise rational</u>
- 29 <u>judgment is impaired.</u>
- 30 (725 ILCS 5/106B-5)
- 31 Sec. 106B-5. Testimony by a victim who is a child or a

1 moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person
2 vietim.

- (a) In a proceeding in the prosecution of an offense of criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, a court may order that the testimony of a victim who is a child vietim under the age of 18 years or a moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person be taken outside the courtroom and shown in the courtroom by means of a closed circuit television if:
- 12 (1) the testimony is taken during the proceeding;
 13 and
 - (2) the judge determines that testimony by the child victim or the moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded victim in the courtroom will result in the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person suffering serious emotional distress such that the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person cannot reasonably communicate or that the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person will suffer severe emotional distress that is likely to cause the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person to suffer severe adverse effects.
 - (b) Only the prosecuting attorney, the attorney for the defendant, and the judge may question the child <u>or moderately</u>, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person.
- 29 (c) The operators of the closed circuit television shall 30 make every effort to be unobtrusive.
- 31 (d) Only the following persons may be in the room with 32 the child <u>or moderately</u>, <u>severely</u>, <u>or profoundly mentally</u> 33 <u>retarded person</u> when the child <u>or moderately</u>, <u>severely</u>, <u>or</u> 34 <u>profoundly mentally retarded person</u> testifies by closed

- 1 circuit television:
- 2 (1) the prosecuting attorney;
- 3 (2) the attorney for the defendant;
- 4 (3) the judge;
- 5 (4) the operators of the closed circuit television 6 equipment; and
- 7 (5) any person or persons whose presence, in the 8 opinion of the court, contributes to the well-being of 9 the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person, including a person who has dealt with 10 11 the child in a therapeutic setting concerning the abuse, 12 a parent or guardian of the child or moderately, severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person, and 13 court security personnel. 14
- 15 (e) During the child's <u>or moderately, severely, or</u>
 16 <u>profoundly mentally retarded person's</u> testimony by closed
 17 circuit television, the defendant shall be in the courtroom
 18 and shall not communicate with the jury if the cause is being
 19 heard before a jury.
- 20 (f) The defendant shall be allowed to communicate with 21 the persons in the room where the child <u>or moderately</u>, 22 <u>severely</u>, <u>or profoundly mentally retarded person</u> is 23 testifying by any appropriate electronic method.
- 24 (g) The provisions of this Section do not apply if the 25 defendant represents himself pro se.
- 26 (h) This Section may not be interpreted to preclude, for 27 purposes of identification of a defendant, the presence of 28 both the victim and the defendant in the courtroom at the 29 same time.
- 30 (i) This Section applies to prosecutions pending on or 31 commenced on or after the effective date of this amendatory 32 Act of 1994.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 88-674, eff. 12-14-94; 89-428, eff. 12-13-95;
- 34 89-462, eff. 5-29-96.)

- 1 (725 ILCS 5/115-10) (from Ch. 38, par. 115-10)
- 2 Sec. 115-10. Certain hearsay exceptions.
- 3 (a) In a prosecution for a physical or sexual act
- 4 perpetrated upon or against a child under the age of 13, or a
- 5 person who was a moderately, an--institutionalized severely,
- 6 or profoundly mentally retarded person as defined in this
- 7 <u>Code and in Section 2-10.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 at</u>
- 8 the time the act was committed, including but not limited to
- 9 prosecutions for violations of Sections 12-13 through 12-16
- 10 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and prosecutions for violations
- of Sections 10-1, 10-2, 10-3, 10-3.1, 10-4, 10-5, 10-6, 10-7,
- 12 11-6, 11-9, 11-11, 11-15.1, 11-17.1, 11-18.1, 11-19.1,
- 13 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.2, 12-4,
- 14 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-4.7, 12-5, 12-6, 12-6.1, 12-7.1,
- 15 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-10, 12-11, 12-21.5, 12-21.6 and 12-32 of
- 16 the Criminal Code of 1961, the following evidence shall be
- 17 admitted as an exception to the hearsay rule:
- 18 (1) testimony by the victim of an out of court
- 19 statement made by the victim that he or she complained of
- such act to another; and
- 21 (2) testimony of an out of court statement made by
- the victim describing any complaint of such act or matter
- or detail pertaining to any act which is an element of an
- offense which is the subject of a prosecution for a
- 25 sexual or physical act against that victim.
- 26 (b) Such testimony shall only be admitted if:
- 27 (1) The court finds in a hearing conducted outside
- 28 the presence of the jury that the time, content, and
- 29 circumstances of the statement provide sufficient
- 30 safeguards of reliability; and
- 31 (2) The child or moderately, institutionalized
- 32 severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person either:
- 33 (A) testifies at the proceeding; or
- 34 (B) is unavailable as a witness and there is

corroborative evidence of the act which is the subject of the statement; and

- (3) In a case involving an offense perpetrated against a child under the age of 13, the out of court statement was made before the victim attained 13 years of age or within 3 months after the commission of the offense, whichever occurs later, but the statement may be admitted regardless of the age of the victim at the time of the proceeding.
- (c) If a statement is admitted pursuant to this Section, 10 11 the court shall instruct the jury that it is for the jury to determine the weight and credibility to be given the 12 statement and that, in making the determination, it shall 13 age and maturity of the child, or the 14 consider the of 15 intellectual capabilities the 16 institutionalized severely, or profoundly mentally retarded person, the nature of the statement, the circumstances under 17 which the statement was made, and any other relevant factor. 18
 - (d) The proponent of the statement shall give the adverse party reasonable notice of his intention to offer the statement and the particulars of the statement.
- 22 (e) Statements described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of 23 subsection (a) shall not be excluded on the basis that they were obtained as a result of interviews conducted pursuant to 24 25 a protocol adopted by a Child Advocacy Advisory Board as set forth in subsections (c), (d), and (e) of Section 3 of the 26 Children's Advocacy Center Act or that an interviewer or 27 witness to the interview was or is an employee, agent, or 28 investigator of a State's Attorney's office. 29
- 30 (Source: P.A. 90-656, eff. 7-30-98; 90-786, eff. 1-1-99;
- 31 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

19

20