

1 AN ACT concerning corrections.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
5 changing Sections 3-6-3 and 5-4-1 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)
7 Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and Regulations for Early Release.

8 (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall
9 prescribe rules and regulations for the early release on
10 account of good conduct of persons committed to the
11 Department which shall be subject to review by the
12 Prisoner Review Board.

13 (2) The rules and regulations on early release
14 shall provide, with respect to offenses committed on or
15 after June 19, 1998, the following:

16 (i) that a prisoner who is serving a term of
17 imprisonment for first degree murder shall receive
18 no good conduct credit and shall serve the entire
19 sentence imposed by the court;

20 (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for
21 attempt to commit first degree murder, solicitation
22 of murder, solicitation of murder for hire,
23 intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory
24 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated
25 criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault,
26 aggravated kidnapping, aggravated battery with a
27 firearm, heinous battery, aggravated battery of a
28 senior citizen, or aggravated battery of a child
29 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct
30 credit for each month of his or her sentence of
31 imprisonment; and

1 (iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for
2 home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular
3 hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or
4 armed violence with a category I weapon or category
5 II weapon, when the court has made and entered a
6 finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section
7 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to
8 conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in
9 great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more
10 than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month
11 of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

12 (2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated
13 in subdivision (a)(2) committed on or after June 19,
14 1998, and other than the offense of reckless homicide as
15 defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal
16 Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, the
17 rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who
18 is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day
19 of good conduct credit for each day of his or her
20 sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section
21 3-3-9. Each day of good conduct credit shall reduce by
22 one day the prisoner's period of imprisonment or
23 recommitment under Section 3-3-9.

24 (2.2) A prisoner serving a term of natural life
25 imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to
26 death shall receive no good conduct credit.

27 (2.3) The rules and regulations on early release
28 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence
29 for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of
30 Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or
31 after January 1, 1999 shall receive no more than 4.5 days
32 of good conduct credit for each month of his or her
33 sentence of imprisonment.

34 (2.4) The rules and regulations on early release

1 shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated
2 battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any
3 device or attachment designed or used for silencing the
4 report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine
5 gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment
6 designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm,
7 committed on or after the effective date of this
8 amendatory Act of 1999, that a prisoner serving a
9 sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more
10 than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of
11 his or her sentence of imprisonment.

12 (2.5) The rules and regulations on early release
13 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence
14 for aggravated arson committed on or after the effective
15 date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly
16 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct
17 credit for each month of his or her sentence of
18 imprisonment.

19 (2.6) The rules and regulations on early release
20 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence
21 for compelling organization membership of persons under
22 Section 12-6.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, if the
23 organization that the person is solicited or caused to
24 join or is deterred from leaving is a gang as defined in
25 Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus
26 Prevention Act and the offense is committed on or after
27 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd
28 General Assembly, shall receive no more than 4.5 days of
29 good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence
30 of imprisonment.

31 (3) The rules and regulations shall also provide
32 that the Director may award up to 180 days additional
33 good conduct credit for meritorious service in specific
34 instances as the Director deems proper; except that no

1 more than 90 days of good conduct credit for meritorious
2 service shall be awarded to any prisoner who is serving a
3 sentence for conviction of first degree murder, reckless
4 homicide while under the influence of alcohol or any
5 other drug, aggravated kidnapping, kidnapping, predatory
6 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal
7 sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, deviate sexual
8 assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated
9 indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties with
10 a child, child pornography, heinous battery, aggravated
11 battery of a spouse, aggravated battery of a spouse with
12 a firearm, stalking, aggravated stalking, aggravated
13 battery of a child, endangering the life or health of a
14 child, cruelty to a child, or narcotic racketeering.
15 Notwithstanding the foregoing, good conduct credit for
16 meritorious service shall not be awarded on a sentence of
17 imprisonment imposed for conviction of: (i) one of the
18 offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2) when the
19 offense is committed on or after June 19, 1998, (ii)
20 reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section
21 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense is
22 committed on or after January 1, 1999, (iii) one of the
23 offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2.4) when the
24 offense is committed on or after the effective date of
25 this amendatory Act of 1999, ~~or~~ (iv) aggravated arson
26 when the offense is committed on or after the effective
27 date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly,
28 or (v) the offense enumerated in subdivision (a)(2.6)
29 when the offense is committed on or after the effective
30 date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly.

31 (4) The rules and regulations shall also provide
32 that the good conduct credit accumulated and retained
33 under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section
34 by any inmate during specific periods of time in which

1 such inmate is engaged full-time in substance abuse
2 programs, correctional industry assignments, or
3 educational programs provided by the Department under
4 this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes the
5 assigned program as determined by the standards of the
6 Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for
7 program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for
8 program participation on or after that date. However, no
9 inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct
10 credit under this paragraph (4) while assigned to a boot
11 camp, mental health unit, or electronic detention, or if
12 convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of
13 this Section that is committed on or after June 19, 1998,
14 or if convicted of reckless homicide as defined in
15 subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of
16 1961 if the offense is committed on or after January 1,
17 1999, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in
18 paragraph (a)(2.4) of this Section that is committed on
19 or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
20 1999, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in
21 paragraph (a)(2.6) of this Section that is committed on
22 or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
23 92nd General Assembly, or first degree murder, a Class X
24 felony, criminal sexual assault, felony criminal sexual
25 abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated
26 battery with a firearm, or any predecessor or successor
27 offenses with the same or substantially the same
28 elements, or any inchoate offenses relating to the
29 foregoing offenses. No inmate shall be eligible for the
30 additional good conduct credit under this paragraph (4)
31 who (i) has previously received increased good conduct
32 credit under this paragraph (4) and has subsequently been
33 convicted of a felony, or (ii) has previously served more
34 than one prior sentence of imprisonment for a felony in

1 an adult correctional facility.

2 Educational, vocational, substance abuse and
3 correctional industry programs under which good conduct
4 credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) shall be
5 evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented
6 standards. The Department shall report the results of
7 these evaluations to the Governor and the General
8 Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports
9 shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among
10 program participants.

11 Availability of these programs shall be subject to
12 the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the
13 General Assembly for these purposes. Eligible inmates
14 who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a
15 waiting list under criteria established by the
16 Department. The inability of any inmate to become engaged
17 in any such programs by reason of insufficient program
18 resources or for any other reason established under the
19 rules and regulations of the Department shall not be
20 deemed a cause of action under which the Department or
21 any employee or agent of the Department shall be liable
22 for damages to the inmate.

23 (5) Whenever the Department is to release any
24 inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant
25 of good conduct credit for meritorious service given at
26 any time during the term, the Department shall give
27 reasonable advance notice of the impending release to the
28 State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of
29 the inmate took place.

30 (b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under
31 several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences
32 shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and
33 forfeiting of good time.

34 (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations

1 for revoking good conduct credit, or suspending or reducing
2 the rate of accumulation of good conduct credit for specific
3 rule violations, during imprisonment. These rules and
4 regulations shall provide that no inmate may be penalized
5 more than one year of good conduct credit for any one
6 infraction.

7 When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce
8 the rate of accumulation of any good conduct credits for an
9 alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges
10 therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of
11 good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as
12 provided in subparagraph (a)(4) of Section 3-3-2 of this
13 Code, if the amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or
14 when during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of
15 credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is
16 committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release.
17 In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up
18 to 30 days of good conduct credit. The Board may subsequently
19 approve the revocation of additional good conduct credit, if
20 the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess
21 of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to
22 review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of
23 30 days of good conduct credit within any calendar year for
24 any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length
25 requested by the Department.

26 The Director of the Department of Corrections, in
27 appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days good conduct
28 credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. Any
29 restoration of good conduct credits in excess of 30 days
30 shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board.
31 However, the Board may not restore good conduct credit in
32 excess of the amount requested by the Director.

33 Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the
34 Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section

1 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of
2 the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to
3 the accumulation of good conduct credit.

4 (d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois
5 or federal court against the State, the Department of
6 Corrections, or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of
7 their officers or employees, and the court makes a specific
8 finding that a pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the
9 prisoner is frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall
10 conduct a hearing to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct
11 credit by bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be
12 deprived of the good conduct credits before the Prisoner
13 Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section
14 3-3-2 of this Code. If the prisoner has not accumulated 180
15 days of good conduct credit at the time of the finding, then
16 the Prisoner Review Board may revoke all good conduct credit
17 accumulated by the prisoner.

18 For purposes of this subsection (d):

19 (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or
20 other filing which purports to be a legal document filed
21 by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of
22 the following criteria:

23 (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law
24 or in fact;

25 (B) it is being presented for any improper
26 purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary
27 delay or needless increase in the cost of
28 litigation;

29 (C) the claims, defenses, and other legal
30 contentions therein are not warranted by existing
31 law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension,
32 modification, or reversal of existing law or the
33 establishment of new law;

34 (D) the allegations and other factual

1 contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if
2 specifically so identified, are not likely to have
3 evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity
4 for further investigation or discovery; or

5 (E) the denials of factual contentions are not
6 warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so
7 identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of
8 information or belief.

9 (2) "Lawsuit" means a petition for post-conviction
10 relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal
11 Procedure of 1963, a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of
12 the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus
13 action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or
14 under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim
15 under the Court of Claims Act or an action under the
16 federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983).

17 (e) Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1998 affects the
18 validity of Public Act 89-404.

19 (Source: P.A. 91-121, eff. 7-15-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99;
20 92-176, eff. 7-27-01.)

21 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)
22 Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing Hearing.

23 (a) Except when the death penalty is sought under
24 hearing procedures otherwise specified, after a determination
25 of guilt, a hearing shall be held to impose the sentence.
26 However, prior to the imposition of sentence on an individual
27 being sentenced for an offense based upon a charge for a
28 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a
29 similar provision of a local ordinance, the individual must
30 undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol
31 or other drug abuse problem exists and the extent of such a
32 problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be
33 licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if

1 the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may,
2 in its discretion, accept an evaluation from a program in the
3 state of such individual's residence. The court may in its
4 sentencing order approve an eligible defendant for placement
5 in a Department of Corrections impact incarceration program
6 as provided in Section 5-8-1.1. At the hearing the court
7 shall:

8 (1) consider the evidence, if any, received upon
9 the trial;

10 (2) consider any presentence reports;

11 (3) consider the financial impact of incarceration
12 based on the financial impact statement filed with the
13 clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;

14 (4) consider evidence and information offered by
15 the parties in aggravation and mitigation;

16 (5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;

17 (6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a
18 statement in his own behalf;

19 (7) afford the victim of a violent crime or a
20 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code,
21 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a
22 qualified individual affected by a violation of Section
23 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the Illinois Controlled
24 Substances Act, committed by the defendant the
25 opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on
26 the victim and to offer evidence in aggravation or
27 mitigation; provided that the statement and evidence
28 offered in aggravation or mitigation must first be
29 prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's
30 Attorney before it may be presented orally at the
31 hearing. Any sworn testimony offered by the victim is
32 subject to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All
33 statements and evidence offered under this paragraph (7)
34 shall become part of the record of the court. For the

1 purpose of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual"
2 means any person who (i) lived or worked within the
3 territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place
4 when the offense took place; and (ii) is familiar with
5 various public places within the territorial jurisdiction
6 where the offense took place when the offense took place.
7 For the purposes of this paragraph (7), "qualified
8 individual" includes any peace officer, or any member of
9 any duly organized State, county, or municipal peace unit
10 assigned to the territorial jurisdiction where the
11 offense took place when the offense took place; and

12 (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the
13 victim's spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate
14 family members an opportunity to make oral statements.

15 (b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based
16 upon his independent assessment of the elements specified
17 above and any agreement as to sentence reached by the
18 parties. The judge who presided at the trial or the judge
19 who accepted the plea of guilty shall impose the sentence
20 unless he is no longer sitting as a judge in that court.
21 Where the judge does not impose sentence at the same time on
22 all defendants who are convicted as a result of being
23 involved in the same offense, the defendant or the State's
24 Attorney may advise the sentencing court of the disposition
25 of any other defendants who have been sentenced.

26 (c) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an
27 offense of operating or being in physical control of a
28 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug
29 or any combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local
30 ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal injury
31 to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall
32 specify on the record the particular evidence, information,
33 factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that
34 led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record

1 of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of
2 the court and shall be a public record.

3 (c-1) In imposing a sentence for the offense of
4 aggravated kidnapping for ransom, home invasion, armed
5 robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge
6 of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or
7 category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as
8 to whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense
9 resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter
10 that finding and the basis for that finding in the record.

11 (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other
12 than when a sentence of natural life imprisonment or a
13 sentence of death is imposed, at the time the sentence is
14 imposed the judge shall state on the record in open court the
15 approximate period of time the defendant will serve in
16 custody according to the then current statutory rules and
17 regulations for early release found in Section 3-6-3 and
18 other related provisions of this Code. This statement is
19 intended solely to inform the public, has no legal effect on
20 the defendant's actual release, and may not be relied on by
21 the defendant on appeal.

22 The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the
23 sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of
24 the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3,
25 shall include the following:

26 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
27 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend
28 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
29 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
30 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
31 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
32 case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good
33 conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ...
34 years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional good

1 conduct credit for meritorious service. If the defendant,
2 because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply
3 with the institutional regulations, does not receive those
4 credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer.
5 The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day
6 good conduct credit for each day of participation in
7 vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational
8 programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

9 When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses
10 enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, other than
11 when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses
12 enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3 committed on
13 or after June 19, 1998, and other than when the sentence is
14 imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of
15 Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was
16 committed on or after January 1, 1999, and other than when
17 the sentence is imposed for the offense enumerated in
18 paragraph (a)(2.6) of Section 3-6-3 committed on or after the
19 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General
20 Assembly, and other than when the sentence is imposed for
21 aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after the
22 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General
23 Assembly, the judge's statement, to be given after
24 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

25 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
26 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend
27 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
28 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
29 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
30 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
31 case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good
32 conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ...
33 years and ... months, less up to 90 days additional good
34 conduct credit for meritorious service. If the defendant,

1 because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply
2 with the institutional regulations, does not receive those
3 credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer.
4 The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day
5 good conduct credit for each day of participation in
6 vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational
7 programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

8 When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses
9 enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3, other than
10 first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or
11 after June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for
12 reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3
13 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was committed on
14 or after January 1, 1999, and when the sentence is imposed
15 for the offense enumerated in paragraph (a)(2.6) of Section
16 3-6-3 committed on or after the effective date of this
17 amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, and when the
18 sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was
19 committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory
20 Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the judge's statement, to
21 be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the
22 following:

23 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
24 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend
25 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
26 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
27 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
28 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
29 case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of
30 good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of
31 imprisonment. Therefore, this defendant will serve at least
32 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives
33 4 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the
34 period of estimated actual custody is ... years and ...

1 months. If the defendant, because of his or her own
2 misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional
3 regulations receives lesser credit, the actual time served in
4 prison will be longer."

5 When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first
6 degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June
7 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after
8 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

9 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of
10 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend
11 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of
12 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois
13 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of
14 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this
15 case, the defendant is not entitled to good conduct credit.
16 Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her
17 sentence."

18 (d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of
19 Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the
20 defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to
21 be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to
22 which the defendant is committed to furnish such department,
23 agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the
24 offense for which the person was committed together with all
25 other factual information accessible to them in regard to the
26 person prior to his commitment relative to his habits,
27 associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts
28 and circumstances which may aid such department, agency or
29 institution during its custody of such person. The clerk
30 shall within 10 days after receiving any such statements
31 transmit a copy to such department, agency or institution and
32 a copy to the other party, provided, however, that this shall
33 not be cause for delay in conveying the person to the
34 department, agency or institution to which he has been

1 committed.

2 (e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the
3 department, agency or institution, if any, to which the
4 defendant is committed, the following:

5 (1) the sentence imposed;

6 (2) any statement by the court of the basis for
7 imposing the sentence;

8 (3) any presentence reports;

9 (4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant
10 has been in custody and for which he is entitled to
11 credit against the sentence, which information shall be
12 provided to the clerk by the sheriff;

13 (4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the
14 court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection
15 (c-1);

16 (5) all statements filed under subsection (d) of
17 this Section;

18 (6) any medical or mental health records or
19 summaries of the defendant;

20 (7) the municipality where the arrest of the
21 offender or the commission of the offense has occurred,
22 where such municipality has a population of more than
23 25,000 persons;

24 (8) all statements made and evidence offered under
25 paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and

26 (9) all additional matters which the court directs
27 the clerk to transmit.

28 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-899, eff. 1-1-01;
29 92-176, eff. 7-27-01.)