

1 AN ACT concerning pharmaceuticals.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,  
3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987 is amended  
5 by changing Section 25 as follows:

6 (225 ILCS 85/25) (from Ch. 111, par. 4145)

7 Sec. 25. No person shall compound, or sell or offer for  
8 sale, or cause to be compounded, sold or offered for sale any  
9 medicine or preparation under or by a name recognized in the  
10 United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary, for internal  
11 or external use, which differs from the standard of strength,  
12 quality or purity as determined by the test laid down in the  
13 United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary official at  
14 the time of such compounding, sale or offering for sale. Nor  
15 shall any person compound, sell or offer for sale, or cause  
16 to be compounded, sold, or offered for sale, any drug,  
17 medicine, poison, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, the  
18 strength or purity of which shall fall below the professed  
19 standard of strength or purity under which it is sold. If  
20 the physician or other authorized prescriber, when  
21 transmitting an oral or written prescription, does not  
22 prohibit drug product selection, a different brand name or  
23 nonbrand name drug product of the same generic name may be  
24 dispensed by the pharmacist, provided that the selected drug  
25 has a unit price less than the drug product specified in the  
26 prescription and provided that the selection is permitted, is  
27 not subject to review at a meeting of a--hearing--by the  
28 Technical Advisory Council, is not subject to a hearing in  
29 accordance with this Section, or is not specifically  
30 prohibited by the current Drug Product Selection Formulary  
31 issued by the Department of Public Health pursuant to Section

1 3.14 of the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act, as  
2 amended. A generic drug determined to be therapeutically  
3 equivalent by the United States Food and Drug Administration  
4 (FDA) shall be available for substitution in Illinois in  
5 accordance with this Act and the Illinois Food, Drug and  
6 Cosmetic Act, provided that each manufacturer submits a  
7 notification containing product technical bioequivalence  
8 information as a prerequisite to product substitution when  
9 they have completed all required testing to support FDA  
10 product approval and, in any event, the information shall be  
11 submitted no later than 60 days prior to product substitution  
12 in the State. If the Technical Advisory Council finds that a  
13 generic drug product may have issues related to the practice  
14 of medicine or the practice of pharmacy, the Technical  
15 Advisory Council shall review the generic drug product held-a  
16 hearing at its next regularly scheduled Technical Advisory  
17 Council meeting. Following the Technical Advisory Council's  
18 review and initial recommendation that a generic drug product  
19 not be included in the Illinois Formulary, a determination  
20 ~~that--an--issue--exists--related--to--the--practice--of--medicine--or~~  
21 ~~the--practice--of--pharmacy,~~ the hearing shall be conducted in  
22 accordance with the rules of the Department of Public Health  
23 and Article 10 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act  
24 if requested by the manufacturer. The Technical Advisory  
25 Council shall make its recommendation to the Department of  
26 Public Health within 20 business days after the public  
27 hearing. If the Department of Public Health, on the  
28 recommendation of the Technical Advisory Council, determines  
29 that, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, the drug is  
30 not bioequivalent, not therapeutically equivalent, or could  
31 cause clinically significant harm to the health or safety of  
32 patients receiving that generic drug, the Department of  
33 Public Health may prohibit the generic drug from substitution  
34 in the State. A decision by the Department of Public Health

1 to prohibit a drug product from substitution shall constitute  
2 a final administrative decision within the meaning of Section  
3 22.2 of the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act and Section  
4 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and shall be subject to  
5 judicial review pursuant to the provisions of Article III of  
6 the Administrative Review Law. A decision to prohibit a  
7 generic drug from substitution must be accompanied by a  
8 written detailed explanation of the basis for the decision.  
9 On the prescription forms of prescribers, shall be placed a  
10 signature line and the words "may substitute" and "may not  
11 substitute". The prescriber, in his or her own handwriting,  
12 shall place a mark beside either the "may substitute" or "may  
13 not substitute" alternatives to guide the pharmacist in the  
14 dispensing of the prescription. A prescriber placing a mark  
15 beside the "may substitute" alternative or failing in his or  
16 her own handwriting to place a mark beside either alternative  
17 authorizes drug product selection in accordance with this  
18 Act. Preprinted or rubber stamped marks, or other deviations  
19 from the above prescription format shall not be permitted.  
20 The prescriber shall sign the form in his or her own  
21 handwriting to authorize the issuance of the prescription.  
22 When a person presents a prescription to be dispensed, the  
23 pharmacist to whom it is presented may inform the person if  
24 the pharmacy has available a different brand name or nonbrand  
25 name of the same generic drug prescribed and the price of the  
26 different brand name or nonbrand name of the drug product.  
27 If the person presenting the prescription is the one to whom  
28 the drug is to be administered, the pharmacist may dispense  
29 the prescription with the brand prescribed or a different  
30 brand name or nonbrand name product of the same generic name  
31 that has been permitted by the Department of Public Health,  
32 if the drug is of lesser unit cost and the patient is  
33 informed and agrees to the selection and the pharmacist shall  
34 enter such information into the pharmacy record. If the

1 person presenting the prescription is someone other than the  
2 one to whom the drug is to be administered the pharmacist  
3 shall not dispense the prescription with a brand other than  
4 the one specified in the prescription unless the pharmacist  
5 has the written or oral authorization to select brands from  
6 the person to whom the drug is to be administered or a  
7 parent, legal guardian or spouse of that person.

8 In every case in which a selection is made as permitted  
9 by the Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, the pharmacist  
10 shall indicate on the pharmacy record of the filled  
11 prescription the name or other identification of the  
12 manufacturer of the drug which has been dispensed.

13 The selection of any drug product by a pharmacist shall  
14 not constitute evidence of negligence if the selected  
15 nonlegend drug product was of the same dosage form and each  
16 of its active ingredients did not vary by more than 1 percent  
17 from the active ingredients of the prescribed, brand name,  
18 nonlegend drug product or if the selected legend drug product  
19 was included in the Illinois Drug Product Selection Formulary  
20 current at the time the prescription was dispensed. Failure  
21 of a prescribing physician to specify that drug product  
22 selection is prohibited does not constitute evidence of  
23 negligence unless that practitioner has reasonable cause to  
24 believe that the health condition of the patient for whom the  
25 physician is prescribing warrants the use of the brand name  
26 drug product and not another.

27 The Department is authorized to employ an analyst or  
28 chemist of recognized or approved standing whose duty it  
29 shall be to examine into any claimed adulteration, illegal  
30 substitution, improper selection, alteration, or other  
31 violation hereof, and report the result of his investigation,  
32 and if such report justify such action the Department shall  
33 cause the offender to be prosecuted.

34 (Source: P.A. 91-766, eff. 9-1-00.)

1 Section 10. The Illinois Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act is  
2 amended by changing Section 3.14 as follows:

3 (410 ILCS 620/3.14) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 503.14)

4 Sec. 3.14. Dispensing or causing to be dispensed a  
5 different drug in place of the drug or brand of drug ordered  
6 or prescribed without the express permission of the person  
7 ordering or prescribing. However, this Section does not  
8 prohibit the interchange of different brands of the same  
9 generically equivalent drug product, when the drug products  
10 are not required to bear the legend "Caution: Federal law  
11 prohibits dispensing without prescription", provided that the  
12 same dosage form is dispensed and there is no greater than 1%  
13 variance in the stated amount of each active ingredient of  
14 the drug products. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the  
15 selection of different brands of the same generic drug, based  
16 upon a drug formulary listing which is developed, maintained,  
17 and issued by the Department of Public Health under which  
18 drug product selection is permitted, is not subject to review  
19 at a meeting of the hearing review process by the Technical  
20 Advisory Council, is not subject to a hearing in accordance  
21 with this Section, or is not specifically prohibited. A  
22 generic drug determined to be therapeutically equivalent by  
23 the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall be  
24 available for substitution in Illinois in accordance with  
25 this Act and the Pharmacy Practice Act of 1987, provided that  
26 each manufacturer submits a notification containing product  
27 technical bioequivalence information as a prerequisite to  
28 product substitution when they have completed all required  
29 testing to support FDA product approval and, in any event,  
30 the information shall be submitted no later than 60 days  
31 prior to product substitution in the State. If the Technical  
32 Advisory Council finds that a generic drug product may have  
33 issues related to the practice of medicine or the practice of

1 pharmacy, the Technical Advisory Council shall review the  
2 generic drug product held-a-hearing at its next regularly  
3 scheduled Technical Advisory Council meeting. Following the  
4 Technical Advisory Council's review and initial  
5 recommendation that a generic drug product not be included in  
6 the Illinois Formulary, a determination-that-an-issue-exists  
7 related-to-the--practice--of--medicine--or--the--practice--of  
8 pharmacy, the hearing shall be conducted in accordance with  
9 the Department's Rules of Practice and Procedure in  
10 Administrative Hearings (77 Ill. Admin. Code 100) and Article  
11 10 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act if requested  
12 by the manufacturer. The Technical Advisory Council shall  
13 make its recommendation to the Department of Public Health  
14 within 20 business days after the public hearing. If the  
15 Department of Public Health, on the recommendation of the  
16 Technical Advisory Council, determines that, based upon a  
17 preponderance of the evidence, the drug is not bioequivalent,  
18 not therapeutically equivalent, or could cause clinically  
19 significant harm to the health or safety of patients  
20 receiving that generic drug, the Department of Public Health  
21 may prohibit the generic drug from substitution in the State.  
22 A decision by the Department to prohibit a drug product from  
23 substitution shall constitute a final administrative decision  
24 within the meaning of Section 22.2 of the Illinois Food, Drug  
25 and Cosmetic Act and Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil  
26 Procedure, and shall be subject to judicial review pursuant  
27 to the provisions of Article III of the Administrative Review  
28 Law. A decision to prohibit a generic drug from substitution  
29 must be accompanied by a written detailed explanation of the  
30 basis for the decision. Determination of products which may  
31 be selected shall be recommended by a Technical Advisory  
32 Council of the Department, selected by the Director of Public  
33 Health, which council shall consist of 7 persons including 2  
34 physicians, 2 pharmacists, 2 pharmacologists and one other

1 prescriber who have special knowledge of generic drugs and  
2 formulary. Technical Advisory Council members shall serve  
3 without pay, and shall be appointed for a 3 year term and  
4 until their successors are appointed and qualified. The  
5 procedures for operation of the Drug Product Selection  
6 Program shall be promulgated by the Director, however the  
7 actual list of products prohibited or approved for drug  
8 product selection need not be promulgated. The Technical  
9 Advisory Council shall take cognizance of federal studies,  
10 the U.S. Pharmacopoeia - National Formulary, or other  
11 recognized authoritative sources, and shall advise the  
12 Director of any necessary modifications. Drug products  
13 previously approved by the Technical Advisory Council for  
14 generic interchange may be substituted in the State of  
15 Illinois without further review subject to the conditions of  
16 approval in the State of Illinois prior to the effective date  
17 of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.

18 Timely notice of revisions to the formulary shall be  
19 furnished at no charge to all pharmacies by the Department.  
20 Single copies of the drug formulary shall be made available  
21 at no charge upon request to licensed prescribers, student  
22 pharmacists, and pharmacists practicing pharmacy in this  
23 State under a reciprocal license. The Department shall offer  
24 subscriptions to the drug formulary and its revisions to  
25 other interested parties at a reasonable charge to be  
26 established by rule. Before the Department makes effective  
27 any additions to or deletions from the procedures for  
28 operation of the Drug Product Selection Program under this  
29 Section, the Department shall file proposed rules to amend  
30 the procedures for operation of the program under Section  
31 5-40 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The  
32 Department shall issue necessary rules and regulations for  
33 the implementation of this Section.

34 (Source: P.A. 91-766, eff. 9-1-00.)

1           Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
2    becoming law.