HB2296 Enrolled LRB9205092ARsb

- 1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 1. Findings; validation.
- 5 (a) Public Act 90-456, effective January 1, 1998, was
- 6 entitled "An Act in relation to criminal law.". It contained
- 7 provisions amending the Criminal Code of 1961, the Code of
- 8 Criminal Procedure of 1963, and the Emergency Telephone
- 9 System Act, all pertaining to the subject of criminal law.
- 10 It also contained a provision amending subsection (b) of
- 11 Section 2-14 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, relating to
- 12 the commencement of civil adjudicatory hearings in abuse,
- 13 neglect, and dependency cases.
- 14 (b) The Illinois Supreme Court, in People v. Sypien,
- 15 Docket No. 89265, has ruled that the inclusion of the
- 16 amendment to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 violated the
- 17 single subject clause of the Illinois Constitution (Article
- 18 IV, Section 8(d)), and that Public Act 90-456 is therefore
- 19 unconstitutional in its entirety.
- 20 (c) This Act re-enacts Section 15.2 of the Emergency
- 21 Telephone System Act, Section 26-1 of the Criminal Code of
- 22 1961, and Section 108-8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
- 23 1963. The text of those Sections includes both the changes
- 24 made by Public Act 90-456 and, where applicable, changes made
- 25 by subsequent amendments. In order to avoid confusion with
- 26 the changes made by subsequent amendments, the Sections that
- 27 are re-enacted in this Act are shown as existing text (i.e.,
- without striking and underscoring). This Act is not intended
- 29 to supersede any other Public Act that amends the text of any
- 30 of the re-enacted Sections as set forth in this Act. This Act
- 31 also amends Section 12-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 32 (d) All otherwise lawful actions taken before the

- 1 effective date of this Act in reliance on or pursuant to
- 2 Section 108-8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, as
- 3 set forth in Public Act 90-456, by any officer, employee, or
- 4 agency of State or local government or by any other person or
- 5 entity, are hereby validated.
- 6 (e) The re-enactment by this Act of Section 108-8 of the
- 7 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 applies to warrants issued
- 8 or executed on or after the effective date of Public Act
- 9 90-456 (January 1, 1998), as well as warrants issued or
- 10 executed on or after the effective date of this Act.
- 11 Section 5. The Emergency Telephone System Act is amended
- 12 by re-enacting Section 15.2 as follows:
- 13 (50 ILCS 750/15.2) (from Ch. 134, par. 45.2)
- 14 Sec. 15.2. Any person calling the number "911" for the
- 15 purpose of making a false alarm or complaint and reporting
- 16 false information is subject to the provisions of Section
- 17 26-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 90-456, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 19 Section 10. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 20 re-enacting Section 26-1 and amending Section 12-14 as
- 21 follows:
- 22 (720 ILCS 5/12-14) (from Ch. 38, par. 12-14)
- Sec. 12-14. Aggravated Criminal Sexual Assault.
- 24 (a) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual
- 25 assault if he or she commits criminal sexual assault and any
- of the following aggravating circumstances existed during, or
- for the purposes of paragraph (7) of this subsection (a) as
- 28 part of the same course of conduct as, the commission of the
- 29 offense:
- 30 (1) the accused displayed, threatened to use, or

used a dangerous weapon, other than a firearm, or any object fashioned or utilized in such a manner as to lead the victim under the circumstances reasonably to believe it to be a dangerous weapon; or

- (2) the accused caused bodily harm, except as provided in subsection (a)(10), to the victim; or
- (3) the accused acted in such a manner as to threaten or endanger the life of the victim or any other person; or
- (4) the criminal sexual assault was perpetrated during the course of the commission or attempted commission of any other felony by the accused; or
- (5) the victim was 60 years of age or over when the offense was committed; or
- (6) the victim was a physically handicapped person;
 or
 - (7) the accused delivered (by injection, inhalation, ingestion, transfer of possession, or any other means) to the victim without his or her consent, or by threat or deception, and for other than medical purposes, any controlled substance; or
 - (8) the accused was armed with a firearm; or
 - (9) the accused personally discharged a firearm during the commission of the offense; or
 - (10) the accused, during the commission of the offense, personally discharged a firearm that proximately caused great bodily harm, permanent disability, permanent disfigurement, or death to another person.
- (b) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if the accused was under 17 years of age and (i) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was under 9 years of age when the act was committed; or (ii) commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was at least 9 years of age but under 13 years of age when the act

- was committed and the accused used force or threat of force to commit the act.
 - (c) The accused commits aggravated criminal sexual assault if he or she commits an act of sexual penetration with a victim who was a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person at the time the act was committed.

(d) Sentence.

- (1) Aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of subsection (a) or in violation of subsection (b) or (c) is a Class X felony. A violation of subsection (a)(8) is a Class X felony for which 15 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(9) is a Class X felony for which 20 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court. A violation of subsection (a)(10) is a Class X felony for which 25 years or up to a term of natural life imprisonment shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court.
- (2) A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault after having previously been convicted of the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, or who is convicted of the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault after having previously been convicted under the laws of this or any other state of an offense that is substantially equivalent to the offense of criminal sexual assault or the offense of aggravated criminal sexual assault or the offense of predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, shall be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment. The commission of the second or subsequent offense is required to have been after the

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initial conviction for this paragraph (2) to apply.
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- 2 (Source: P.A. 91-404, eff. 1-1-00; 92-434, eff. 1-1-02.)
- 3 (720 ILCS 5/26-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 26-1)
- 4 Sec. 26-1. Elements of the Offense.
- 5 (a) A person commits disorderly conduct when he
- 6 knowingly:

2.4

- 7 (1) Does any act in such unreasonable manner as to 8 alarm or disturb another and to provoke a breach of the 9 peace; or
 - (2) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to the fire department of any city, town, village or fire protection district a false alarm of fire, knowing at the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such fire exists; or
 - manner to another a false alarm to the effect that a bomb or other explosive of any nature or a container holding poison gas, a deadly biological or chemical contaminant, or radioactive substance is concealed in such place that its explosion or release would endanger human life, knowing at the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such bomb, explosive or a container holding poison gas, a deadly biological or chemical contaminant, or radioactive substance is concealed in such place; or
 - (4) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to any peace officer, public officer or public employee a report to the effect that an offense will be committed, is being committed, or has been committed, knowing at the time of such transmission that there is no reasonable ground for believing that such an offense will be committed, is being committed, or has been committed; or

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2	lewd or	unlawful	purpose	delibera	tely	looks	into	a
3	dwelling	on the	property	through	any	window	or oth	ıer
4	opening in it; or							

- (6) While acting as a collection agency as defined in the "Collection Agency Act" or as an employee of such collection agency, and while attempting to collect an alleged debt, makes a telephone call to the alleged debtor which is designed to harass, annoy or intimidate the alleged debtor; or
- (7) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false report to the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 4 of the "Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act"; or
- (8) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false report to the Department of Public Health under the Nursing Home Care Act; or
- (9) Transmits or causes to be transmitted in any manner to the police department or fire department of any municipality or fire protection district, or any privately owned and operated ambulance service, a false request for an ambulance, emergency medical technician-ambulance emergency or technician-paramedic knowing at the time there is no reasonable ground for believing that such assistance is required; or
- (10) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false report under Article II of "An Act in relation to victims of violence and abuse", approved September 16, 1984, as amended; or
- (11) Transmits or causes to be transmitted a false report to any public safety agency without the reasonable grounds necessary to believe that transmitting such a report is necessary for the safety and welfare of the

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1 public; or

(12) Calls the number "911" for the purpose of making or transmitting a false alarm or complaint and reporting information when, at the time the call or transmission is made, the person knows there is no reasonable ground for making the call or transmission and further knows that the call or transmission could result in the emergency response of any public safety agency.

(b) Sentence. A violation of subsection (a)(1) of this Section is a Class C misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(5), (a)(7), (a)(11), or (a)(12) of this Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(8) or (a)(10) of this Section is a Class B misdemeanor. A violation of subsection (a)(2), (a)(4), or (a)(9) of this Section is a Class 4 felony. A violation of subsection (a)(3) of this Section is a Class 3 felony, for which a fine of not less than \$3,000 and no more than \$10,000 shall be assessed in addition to any other penalty imposed.

A violation of subsection (a)(6) of this Section is a Business Offense and shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$3,000. A second or subsequent violation of subsection (a)(7), (a)(11), or (a)(12) of this Section is a Class 4 felony. A third or subsequent violation of subsection (a)(5) of this Section is a Class 4 felony.

(c) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, a court shall order any person convicted of disorderly conduct to perform community service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the county board of the county where the offense was committed. In addition, whenever any person is placed on supervision for an alleged offense under this Section, the supervision shall be conditioned upon the performance of the community service.

- 1 This subsection does not apply when the court imposes a
- 2 sentence of incarceration.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 90-456, eff. 1-1-98; 91-115, eff. 1-1-00;
- 4 91-121, eff. 7-15-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)
- 5 Section 15. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is
- 6 amended by re-enacting Section 108-8 as follows:
- 7 (725 ILCS 5/108-8) (from Ch. 38, par. 108-8)
- 8 Sec. 108-8. Use of force in execution of search warrant.
- 9 (a) All necessary and reasonable force may be used to
- 10 effect an entry into any building or property or part thereof
- 11 to execute a search warrant.
- 12 (b) The court issuing a warrant may authorize the
- officer executing the warrant to make entry without first
- 14 knocking and announcing his or her office if it finds, based
- 15 upon a showing of specific facts, the existence of the
- 16 following exigent circumstances:
- 17 (1) That the officer reasonably believes that if
- notice were given a weapon would be used:
- 19 (i) against the officer executing the search
- 20 warrant; or
- 21 (ii) against another person.
- 22 (2) That if notice were given there is an imminent
- "danger" that evidence will be destroyed.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 90-456, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 26 becoming law.