92_HB1806 LRB9207223MWcd

- 1 AN ACT in relation to elections.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 1-3, 2A-1.1, 2A-1.2, 4-22, 5-29, 6-66, 7-8, 7-11,
- 6 7-14, 7-60, 7-61, 7-63, 8-4, 8-5, 10-14, 13-1, 13-2, 14-3.1,
- 7 and 16-5.01 and by adding Section 2A-1.1b as follows:
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/1-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 1-3)
- 9 Sec. 1-3. As used in this Act, unless the context
- 10 otherwise requires:
- 11 1. "Election" includes the submission of all questions
- of public policy, propositions, and all measures submitted to
- 13 popular vote, and includes primary elections when so
- 14 indicated by the context.
- 15 2. "Regular election" means the general, general
- primary, presidential primary, consolidated, and consolidated
- 17 primary elections regularly scheduled in Article 2A. The even
- 18 numbered year municipal primary established in Article 2A is
- 19 a regular election only with respect to those municipalities
- in which a primary is required to be held on such date.
- 3. "Special election" means an election not regularly
- 22 recurring at fixed intervals, irrespective of whether it is
- $23\,$ $\,$ held at the same time and place $\,$ and $\,$ by $\,$ the $\,$ same $\,$ election $\,$
- officers as a regular election.
- 4. "General election" means the biennial election at
- 26 which members of the General Assembly are elected. "General
- 27 primary election", "consolidated election" and "consolidated
- 28 primary election" mean the respective elections or the
- 29 election dates designated and established in Article 2A of
- 30 this Code.
- 31 5. "Municipal election" means an election or primary,

- 1 either regular or special, in cities, villages, and
- 2 incorporated towns; and "municipality" means any such city,
- 3 village or incorporated town.
- 6. "Political or governmental subdivision" means any
- 5 unit of local government, or school district in which
- 6 elections are or may be held. "Political or governmental
- 7 subdivision" also includes, for election purposes, Regional
- 8 Boards of School Trustees, and Township Boards of School
- 9 Trustees.
- 7. The word "township" and the word "town" shall apply
- 11 interchangeably to the type of governmental organization
- 12 established in accordance with the provisions of the Township
- 13 Code. The term "incorporated town" shall mean a municipality
- 14 referred to as an incorporated town in the Illinois Municipal
- 15 Code, as now or hereafter amended.
- 16 8. "Election authority" means a county clerk or a Board
- of Election Commissioners.
- 9. "Election Jurisdiction" means (a) an entire county,
- 19 in the case of a county in which no city board of election
- 20 commissioners is located or which is under the jurisdiction
- of a county board of election commissioners; (b) the
- 22 territorial jurisdiction of a city board of election
- commissioners; and (c) the territory in a county outside of
- 24 the jurisdiction of a city board of election commissioners.
- 25 In each instance election jurisdiction shall be determined
- 26 according to which election authority maintains the permanent
- 27 registration records of qualified electors.
- 28 10. "Local election official" means the clerk or
- 29 secretary of a unit of local government or school district,
- 30 as the case may be, the treasurer of a township board of
- 31 school trustees, and the regional superintendent of schools
- 32 with respect to the various school officer elections and
- 33 school referenda for which the regional superintendent is
- 34 assigned election duties by The School Code, as now or

- 1 hereafter amended.
- 2 11. "Judges of election", "primary judges" and similar
- 3 terms, as applied to cases where there are 2 sets of judges,
- 4 when used in connection with duties at an election during the
- 5 hours the polls are open, refer to the team of judges of
- 6 election on duty during such hours; and, when used with
- 7 reference to duties after the closing of the polls, refer to
- 8 the team of tally judges designated to count the vote after
- 9 the closing of the polls and the holdover judges designated
- 10 pursuant to Section 13-6.2 or 14-5.2. In such case, where,
- 11 after the closing of the polls, any act is required to be
- 12 performed by each of the judges of election, it shall be
- 13 performed by each of the tally judges and by each of the
- 14 holdover judges.
- 15 12. "Petition" of candidacy as used in Sections 7-10 and
- 7-10.1 shall consist of a statement of candidacy, candidate's
- 17 statement containing oath, and sheets containing signatures
- of qualified primary electors bound together.
- 19 13. "Election district" and "precinct", when used with
- 20 reference to a 30-day residence requirement, means the
- 21 smallest constituent territory in which electors vote as a
- 22 unit at the same polling place in any election governed by
- this Act.
- 24 14. "District" means any area which votes as a unit for
- 25 the election of any officer, other than the State or a unit
- of local government or school district, and includes, but is
- 27 not limited to, legislative, congressional and judicial
- 28 districts, judicial circuits, county board districts,
- 29 municipal and sanitary district wards, school board
- 30 districts, and precincts.
- 31 15. "Question of public policy" or "public question"
- 32 means any question, proposition or measure submitted to the
- 33 voters at an election dealing with subject matter other than
- 34 the nomination or election of candidates and shall include,

- 1 but is not limited to, any bond or tax referendum, and
- 2 questions relating to the Constitution.
- 3 16. "Ordinance providing the form of government of a
- 4 municipality or county pursuant to Article VII of the
- 5 Constitution" includes ordinances, resolutions and petitions
- 6 adopted by referendum which provide for the form of
- 7 government, the officers or the manner of selection or terms
- 8 of office of officers of such municipality or county,
- 9 pursuant to the provisions of Sections 4, 6 or 7 of Article
- 10 VII of the Constitution.
- 11 17. "List" as used in Sections 4-11, 4-22, 5-14, 5-29,
- 12 6-60, and 6-66 shall include a computer tape or computer disc
- or other electronic data processing information containing
- 14 voter information.
- 15 18. "Accessible" means accessible to handicapped and
- 16 elderly individuals for the purpose of voting or
- 17 registration, as determined by rule of the State Board of
- 18 Elections.
- 19. "Elderly" means 65 years of age or older.
- 20 20. "Handicapped" means having a temporary or permanent
- 21 physical disability.
- 22 21. "Leading political party" means one of the two
- 23 political parties whose candidates for governor at the most
- 24 recent three gubernatorial elections received either the
- 25 highest or second highest average number of votes. The
- 26 political party whose candidates for governor received the
- 27 highest average number of votes shall be known as the first
- 28 leading political party and the political party whose
- 29 candidates for governor received the second highest average
- 30 number of votes shall be known as the second leading
- 31 political party.
- 32 22. "Business day" means any day in which the office of
- 33 an election authority, local election official or the State
- 34 Board of Elections is open to the public for a minimum of 7

- 1 hours.
- 2 23. "Homeless individual" means any person who has a
- 3 nontraditional residence, including but not limited to, a
- 4 shelter, day shelter, park bench, street corner, or space
- 5 under a bridge.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 90-358, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/2A-1.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 2A-1.1)
- 8 Sec. 2A-1.1. All Elections Consolidated Schedule. (a)
- 9 In even-numbered years, the general election shall be held on
- 10 the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November; and an
- 11 election to be known as the general primary election shall be
- 12 held on the <u>second</u> third Tuesday in <u>September; and in</u>
- 13 presidential election years, an election known as the
- 14 presidential primary election shall be held on the third
- 15 <u>Tuesday in</u> March;
- 16 (b) In odd-numbered years, an election to be known as
- 17 the consolidated election shall be held on the first Tuesday
- in April except as provided in Section 2A-1.1a of this Act;
- 19 and an election to be known as the consolidated primary
- 20 election shall be held on the last Tuesday in February.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 90-358, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 22 (10 ILCS 5/2A-1.1b new)
- Sec. 2A-1.1b. General primary election; Rosh Hashanah
- 24 and Yom Kippur. Whenever the date designated in paragraph
- 25 (a) of Section 2A-1.1 for the general primary election
- 26 <u>conflicts with the celebration of either Rosh Hashanah or Yom</u>
- 27 <u>Kippur, that election shall be held on the first Tuesday</u>
- 28 <u>before the date on which Rosh Hashanah or Yom Kippur begins.</u>
- 29 (10 ILCS 5/2A-1.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 2A-1.2)
- 30 Sec. 2A-1.2. Consolidated Schedule of Elections -
- 31 Offices Designated.

1	(a) At the general election in the appropriate
2	even-numbered years, the following offices shall be filled or
3	shall be on the ballot as otherwise required by this Code:
4	(1) Elector of President and Vice President of the
5	United States;
6	(2) United States Senator and United States

- (2) United States Senator and United States
 Representative;
 - (3) State Executive Branch elected officers;
 - (4) State Senator and State Representative;
- (5) County elected officers, including State's Attorney, County Board member, County Commissioners, and elected President of the County Board or County Chief Executive;
 - (6) Circuit Court Clerk;
- (7) Regional Superintendent of Schools, except in counties or educational service regions in which that office has been abolished;
 - (8) Judges of the Supreme, Appellate and Circuit Courts, on the question of retention, to fill vacancies and newly created judicial offices;
 - (9) (Blank);

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- (10) Trustee of the Metropolitan Sanitary District of Chicago, and elected Trustee of other Sanitary Districts;
- (11) Special District elected officers, not otherwise designated in this Section, where the statute creating or authorizing the creation of the district requires an annual election and permits or requires election of candidates of political parties.
- (b) At the general primary election:
- 31 (1) in each even-numbered year candidates of 32 political parties shall be nominated for those offices to 33 be filled at the general election in that year, except 34 where pursuant to law nomination of candidates of

political parties is made by caucus.

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- (2) in the appropriate even-numbered years the political party offices of State central committeeman, township committeeman, ward committeeman, and precinct committeeman shall be filled and-delegates-and-alternate delegates-to-the-National-nominating-conventions-shall-be elected-as-may-be-required-pursuant-to-this-Code:--In-the even-numbered-years-in-which-a-Presidential--election--is to-be-held;--candidates--in-the-Presidential-preference primary-shall-also-be-on-the-ballot.
- (3) in each even-numbered year, where t.he municipality has provided for annual elections to elect municipal officers pursuant to Section 6(f) or Section 7 of Article VII of the Constitution, pursuant to Illinois Municipal Code or pursuant to the municipal charter, the offices of such municipal officers shall be filled at an election held on the date of the general primary election, provided that the municipal election shall be a nonpartisan election where required by the Illinois Municipal Code. For partisan municipal elections in even-numbered years, a primary to nominate candidates for municipal office to be elected at the general primary election shall be held on the Tuesday 6 weeks preceding that election.
- (4) in each school district which has adopted the provisions of Article 33 of the School Code, successors to the members of the board of education whose terms expire in the year in which the general primary is held shall be elected.
- 30 (b-5) At the presidential primary election in
 31 appropriate even-numbered years, delegates and alternate
 32 delegates to the National nominating convention shall be
 33 elected as may be required under this Code. In the
 34 even-numbered years in which a Presidential election is to be

- held, candidates in the Presidential preference primary shall
 also be on the ballot.
 - (c) At the consolidated election in the appropriate odd-numbered years, the following offices shall be filled:
 - (1) Municipal officers, provided that in municipalities in which candidates for alderman or other municipal office are not permitted by law to be candidates of political parties, the runoff election where required by law, or the nonpartisan election where required by law, shall be held on the date of the consolidated election; and provided further, in the case of municipal officers provided for by an ordinance providing the form of government of the municipality pursuant to Section 7 of Article VII of the Constitution, such offices shall be filled by election or by runoff election as may be provided by such ordinance;
 - (2) Village and incorporated town library directors;
 - (3) City boards of stadium commissioners;
 - (4) Commissioners of park districts;
 - (5) Trustees of public library districts;
 - (6) Special District elected officers, not otherwise designated in this section, where the statute creating or authorizing the creation of the district permits or requires election of candidates of political parties;
 - (7) Township officers, including township park commissioners, township library directors, and boards of managers of community buildings, and Multi-Township Assessors;
 - (8) Highway commissioners and road district clerks;
 - (9) Members of school boards in school districts which adopt Article 33 of the School Code;
- 34 (10) The directors and chairman of the Chain O

1 Lakes - Fox River Waterway Management Agency;

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- 2 (11) Forest preserve district commissioners elected 3 under Section 3.5 of the Downstate Forest Preserve 4 District Act;
 - (12) Elected members of school boards, school trustees, directors of boards of school directors, trustees of county boards of school trustees (except in counties or educational service regions having a population of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants) and members of boards of school inspectors, except school boards in school districts that adopt Article 33 of the School Code;
 - (13) Members of Community College district boards;
 - (14) Trustees of Fire Protection Districts;
- 15 (15) Commissioners of the Springfield Metropolitan 16 Exposition and Auditorium Authority;
 - (16) Elected Trustees of Tuberculosis Sanitarium Districts;
 - (17) Elected Officers of special districts not otherwise designated in this Section for which the law governing those districts does not permit candidates of political parties.
- 23 At the consolidated primary election odd-numbered year, candidates of political parties shall be 24 25 nominated for those offices to be filled at the consolidated 26 election in that year, except where pursuant to law nomination of candidates of political parties 27 is made by caucus, and except those offices listed in paragraphs (12) 28 29 through (17) of subsection (c).
- At the consolidated primary election in the appropriate odd-numbered years, the mayor, clerk, treasurer, and aldermen shall be elected in municipalities in which candidates for mayor, clerk, treasurer, or alderman are not permitted by law to be candidates of political parties, subject to runoff

- 1 elections to be held at the consolidated election as may be
- 2 required by law, and municipal officers shall be nominated in
- 3 a nonpartisan election in municipalities in which pursuant to
- 4 law candidates for such office are not permitted to be
- 5 candidates of political parties.
- 6 At the consolidated primary election in the appropriate
- 7 odd-numbered years, municipal officers shall be nominated or
- 8 elected, or elected subject to a runoff, as may be provided
- 9 by an ordinance providing a form of government of the
- 10 municipality pursuant to Section 7 of Article VII of the
- 11 Constitution.
- 12 (e) (Blank).
- 13 (f) At any election established in Section 2A-1.1,
- 14 public questions may be submitted to voters pursuant to this
- 15 Code and any special election otherwise required or
- 16 authorized by law or by court order may be conducted pursuant
- 17 to this Code.
- 18 Notwithstanding the regular dates for election of
- 19 officers established in this Article, whenever a referendum
- 20 is held for the establishment of a political subdivision
- 21 whose officers are to be elected, the initial officers shall
- 22 be elected at the election at which such referendum is held
- 23 if otherwise so provided by law. In such cases, the election
- of the initial officers shall be subject to the referendum.
- Notwithstanding the regular dates for election of
- officials established in this Article, any community college
- 27 district which becomes effective by operation of law pursuant
- 28 to Section 6-6.1 of the Public Community College Act, as now
- or hereafter amended, shall elect the initial district board
- 30 members at the next regularly scheduled election following
- 31 the effective date of the new district.
- 32 (g) At any election established in Section 2A-1.1, if in
- 33 any precinct there are no offices or public questions
- 34 required to be on the ballot under this Code then no election

- 1 shall be held in the precinct on that date.
- 2 (h) There may be conducted a referendum in accordance
- 3 with the provisions of Division 6-4 of the Counties Code.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 89-5, eff. 1-1-96; 89-95, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626,
- 5 eff. 8-9-96; 90-358, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/4-22) (from Ch. 46, par. 4-22)
- 7 Sec. 4-22. Except as otherwise provided in this Section
- 8 upon application to vote each registered elector shall sign
- 9 his name or make his mark as the case may be, on a
- 10 certificate substantially as follows:
- 11 CERTIFICATE OF REGISTERED VOTER
- 12 City of Ward Precinct
- 13 Election (Date) (Month) (Year)
- 14 Registration Record
- 15 Checked by
- Voter's number
- 17 INSTRUCTION TO VOTERS
- 18 Sign this certificate and hand it to the election officer
- 19 in charge. After the registration record has been checked,
- 20 the officer will hand it back to you. Whereupon you shall
- 21 present it to the officer in charge of the ballots.
- I hereby certify that I am registered from the address
- 23 below and am qualified to vote.
- 24 Signature of voter
- 25 residence address
- 26 An individual shall not be required to provide his social
- 27 security number when applying for a ballot. He shall not be
- denied a ballot, nor shall his ballot be challenged, solely
- 29 because of his refusal to provide his social security number.
- 30 Nothing in this Act prevents an individual from being
- 31 requested to provide his social security number when the
- 32 individual applies for a ballot. If, however, the certificate
- 33 contains a space for the individual's social security number,

- 1 the following notice shall appear on the certificate,
- 2 immediately above such space, in bold-face capital letters,
- 3 in type the size of which equals the largest type on the
- 4 certificate:
- 5 "THE INDIVIDUAL APPLYING FOR A BALLOT WITH THIS DOCUMENT
- 6 IS NOT REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE HIS OR HER SOCIAL SECURITY
- 7 NUMBER. HE OR SHE MAY NOT BE DENIED A BALLOT, NOR SHALL HIS
- 8 OR HER BALLOT BE CHALLENGED, SOLELY BECAUSE OF HIS OR HER
- 9 REFUSAL TO PROVIDE HIS OR HER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER."
- 10 The certificates of each State-wide political party at a
- 11 general primary election shall be separately printed upon
- 12 paper of uniform quality, texture and size, but the
- certificates of no 2 State-wide political parties shall be of
- 14 the same color or tint. However, if the election authority
- 15 provides computer generated applications with the precinct,
- 16 ballot style and voter's name and address preprinted on the
- 17 application, a single application may be used for State-wide
- 18 political parties if it contains spaces or check-off boxes to
- 19 indicate the political party. Such application shall not
- 20 entitle the voter to vote in the primary of more than one
- 21 political party at the same election.
- 22 At the consolidated primary, such certificates may
- 23 contain spaces or checkoff boxes permitting the voter to
- 24 request a primary ballot of any other political party which
- 25 is established only within a political subdivision and for
- 26 which a primary is conducted on the same election day. Such
- 27 application shall not entitle the voter to vote in both the
- 28 primary of the State-wide political party and the primary of
- 29 the local political party with respect to the offices of the
- 30 same political subdivision. In no event may a voter vote in
- 31 more than one State-wide primary on the same day.
- The judges in charge of the precinct registration files
- 33 shall compare the signature upon such certificate with the
- 34 signature on the registration record card as a means of

1 identifying the voter. Unless satisfied by such comparison 2 that the applicant to vote is the identical person who is registered under the same name, the judges shall ask such 3 4 applicant the questions for identification which appear 5 the registration card, and if the applicant does not prove to 6 the satisfaction of a majority of the judges of the election 7 precinct that he is the identical person registered under the name in question then the vote of such applicant shall 8 9 challenged by a judge of election, and the same procedure followed as provided by law for challenged voters. 10

In case the elector is unable to sign his name, a judge of election shall check the data on the registration card and shall check the address given, with the registered address, in order to determine whether he is entitled to vote.

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One of the judges of election shall check the certificate of each applicant for a ballot after the registration record has been examined, and shall sign his initials on the certificate in the space provided therefor, and shall enter upon such certificate the number of the voter in the place provided therefor, and make an entry in the voting record space on the registration record, to indicate whether or not the applicant voted. Such judge shall then hand such certificate back to the applicant in case he is permitted to vote, and such applicant shall hand it to the judge of election in charge of the ballots. The certificates of the voters shall be filed in the order in which they are received and shall constitute an official poll record. The term "poll lists" and "poll books", where used in this Article, shall be construed to apply to such official poll record.

After each general primary election the county clerk shall indicate by color code or other means next to the name of each registrant on the list of registered voters in each precinct the primary ballot of a political party that the registrant requested at that general primary election. The

1 county clerk, within 30 60 days after the general primary

2 election, shall provide a copy of this coded list to the

chairman of the county central committee of each established

4 political party or to the chairman's duly authorized

5 representative.

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6 Within 60 days after the effective date of this 7 amendatory Act of 1983, the county clerk shall provide to the chairman of the county central committee of each established 8 9 political party or to the chairman's duly authorized representative the list of registered voters in each precinct 10 11 at the time of the general primary election of 1982 and shall indicate on such list by color code or other means next to 12 the name of a registrant the primary ballot of a political 13 party that the registrant requested at the general primary 14 15 election of 1982.

The county clerk may charge a fee to reimburse the actual cost of duplicating each copy of a list provided under either of the 2 preceding paragraphs.

Where an elector makes application to vote by signing and presenting the certificate provided by this Section, and his registration record card is not found in the precinct registry of voters, but his name appears as that of registered voter in such precinct upon the printed precinct register as corrected or revised by the supplemental list, or upon the consolidated list, if any, and whose name has not been erased or withdrawn from such register, the printed precinct register as corrected or revised by the supplemental list, or consolidated list, if any, shall be prima facie evidence of the elector's right to vote upon compliance with the provisions hereinafter set forth in this Section. such event one of the judges of election shall require an affidavit by such person and one voter residing in precinct before the judges of election, substantially in the form prescribed in Section 17-10 of this Act, and upon the

- 1 presentation of such affidavits, a certificate shall be
- 2 issued to such elector, and upon the presentation of such
- 3 certificate and affidavits, he shall be entitled to vote.
- 4 Provided, however, that applications for ballots made by
- 5 registered voters under the provisions of Article 19 of this
- 6 Act shall be accepted by the Judges of Election in lieu of
- 7 the "Certificate of Registered Voter" provided for in this
- 8 Section.
- 9 When the county clerk delivers to the judges of election
- 10 for use at the polls a supplemental or consolidated list of
- 11 the printed precinct register, he shall give a copy of the
- 12 supplemental or consolidated list to the chairman of a county
- central committee of an established political party or to the
- 14 chairman's duly authorized representative.
- Whenever 2 or more elections occur simultaneously, the
- 16 election authority charged with the duty of providing
- 17 application certificates may prescribe the form thereof so
- 18 that a voter is required to execute only one, indicating in
- 19 which of the elections he desires to vote.
- 20 After the signature has been verified, the judges shall
- 21 determine in which political subdivisions the voter resides
- 22 by use of the information contained on the voter registration
- 23 cards or the separate registration lists or other means
- 24 approved by the State Board of Elections and prepared and
- 25 supplied by the election authority. The voter's certificate
- shall be so marked by the judges as to show the respective
- 27 ballots which the voter is given.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 84-809.)
- 29 (10 ILCS 5/5-29) (from Ch. 46, par. 5-29)
- 30 Sec. 5-29. Upon application to vote, except as
- 31 hereinafter provided for absent electors, each registered
- 32 elector shall sign his name or make his mark as the case may
- 33 be, on a certificate substantially as follows:

1	"Certificate of Registered Voter
2	Town ofDistrict or Precinct Number;
3	City of
4	Village of
5	Election
6	(date) (month) (year)
7	Registration record
8	Checked by
9	Voter's number
10	Instruction to voters
11	Sign this certificate and hand it to the election officer
12	in charge. After the registration record has been checked,
13	the officer will hand it back to you. Whereupon you shall
14	present it to the officer in charge of the ballots.
15	I hereby certify that I am registered from the address
16	below and am qualified to vote.
17	Signature of voter
18	Residence address"
19	An individual shall not be required to provide his social
20	security number when applying for a ballot. He shall not be
21	denied a ballot, nor shall his ballot be challenged, solely
22	because of his refusal to provide his social security number.
23	Nothing in this Act prevents an individual from being
24	requested to provide his social security number when the
25	individual applies for a ballot. If, however, the certificate
26	contains a space for the individual's social security number,
27	the following notice shall appear on the certificate,
28	immediately above such space, in bold-face capital letters,
29	in type the size of which equals the largest type on the
30	certificate:
31	"THE INDIVIDUAL APPLYING FOR A BALLOT WITH THIS DOCUMENT
32	IS NOT REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE HIS OR HER SOCIAL SECURITY
33	NUMBER. HE OR SHE MAY NOT BE DENIED A BALLOT, NOR SHALL HIS
34	OR HER BALLOT BE CHALLENGED, SOLELY BECAUSE OF HIS OR HER

1 REFUSAL TO PROVIDE HIS OR HER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER."

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2 Certificates as above prescribed shall be furnished by 3 the county clerk for all elections.

The Judges in charge of the precinct registration files shall compare the signature upon such certificate with the signature on the registration record card as a means of identifying the voter. Unless satisfied by such comparison that the applicant to vote is the identical person who is registered under the same name, the Judges shall ask such applicant the questions for identification which appear on the registration card and if the applicant does not prove to the satisfaction of a majority of the judges of the election precinct that he is the identical person registered under the name in question then the vote for such applicant shall be challenged by a Judge of Election, and the same procedure followed as provided by law for challenged voters.

In case the elector is unable to sign his name, a Judge of Election shall check the data on the registration card and shall check the address given, with the registered address, in order to determine whether he is entitled to vote.

One of the Judges of election shall check the certificate of each applicant for a ballot after the registration record has been examined and shall sign his initials on the certificate in the space provided therefor, and shall enter upon such certificate the number of the voter in the place provided therefor, and make an entry in the voting record space on the registration record, to indicate whether or not the applicant voted. Such judge shall then hand such certificate back to the applicant in case he is permitted to vote, and such applicant shall hand it to the judge of election in charge of the ballots. The certificates of the voters shall be filed in the order in which they are received and shall constitute an official poll record. The term "Poll Lists" and "Poll Books" where used in this article 5 shall be

1 construed to apply to such official poll records.

After each general primary election the county clerk shall indicate by color code or other means next to the name of each registrant on the list of registered voters in each precinct the primary ballot of a political party that the registrant requested at that general primary election. county clerk, within 30 60 days after the general primary election, shall provide a copy of this coded list to chairman of the county central committee of each established political party or to the chairman's duly authorized representative.

Within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1983, the county clerk shall provide to the chairman of the county central committee of each established political party or to the chairman's duly authorized representative the list of registered voters in each precinct at the time of the general primary election of 1982 and shall indicate on such list by color code or other means next to the name of a registrant the primary ballot of a political party that the registrant requested at the general primary election of 1982.

The county clerk may charge a fee to reimburse the actual cost of duplicating each copy of a list provided under either of the 2 preceding paragraphs.

Where an elector makes application to vote by signing and presenting the certificate provided by this Section, and his registration record card is not found in the precinct registry of voters, but his name appears as that of a registered voter in such precinct upon the printed precinct list of voters and whose name has not been erased or withdrawn from such register, it shall be the duty of one of the Judges of Election to require an affidavit by such person and two voters residing in the precinct before the judges of election that he is the same person whose name appears upon

1 the precinct register and that he resides in the precinct 2 stating the street number of his residence. Forms for such affidavit shall be supplied by the county clerk 3 for 4 elections. Upon the making of such affidavit and t.he 5 presentation of his certificate such elector shall be 6 entitled to vote. All affidavits made under this paragraph 7 shall be preserved and returned to the county clerk 8 It shall be the duty of the county clerk within 30 9 days after such election to take steps provided by Section 5-27 of this article 5 for the execution of new registration 10 11 affidavits by electors who have voted under the provisions of

Provided, however, that the applications for ballots made by registered voters and under the provisions of Article 19 of this Act shall be accepted by the Judges of Election in lieu of the "certificate of registered voter" provided for in this section.

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this paragraph.

When the county clerk delivers to the judges of election for use at the polls a supplemental or consolidated list of the printed precinct register, he shall give a copy of the supplemental or consolidated list to the chairman of a county central committee of an established political party or to the chairman's duly authorized representative.

Whenever two or more elections occur simultaneously, the election authority charged with the duty of providing application certificates may prescribe the form thereof so that a voter is required to execute only one, indicating in which of the elections he desires to vote.

After the signature has been verified, the judges shall determine in which political subdivisions the voter resides by use of the information contained on the voter registration cards or the separate registration lists or other means approved by the State Board of Elections and prepared and supplied by the election authority. The voter's certificate

- shall be so marked by the judges as to show the respective
- 2 ballots which the voter is given.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 84-809; 84-832.)
- 4 (10 ILCS 5/6-66) (from Ch. 46, par. 6-66)
- 5 Sec. 6-66. Upon application to vote each registered
- 6 elector shall sign his name or make his mark as the case may
- 7 be, on a certificate substantially as follows:
- 8 "CERTIFICATE OF REGISTERED VOTER
- 9 City of Ward Precinct
- 10 Election(Date).....(Month).....(Year)
- 11 Registration Record Checked by
- 12 Voter's number
- 13 INSTRUCTION TO VOTERS
- 14 Sign this certificate and hand it to the election
- 15 officers in charge. After the registration record has been
- 16 checked, the officer will hand it back to you. Whereupon you
- shall present it to the officer in charge of the ballots.
- I hereby certify that I am registered from the address
- 19 below and am qualified to vote.
- 20 Signature of voter
- 21 Residence address"
- 22 An individual shall not be required to provide his social
- 23 security number when applying for a ballot. He shall not be
- 24 denied a ballot, nor shall his ballot be challenged, solely
- 25 because of his refusal to provide his social security number.
- 26 Nothing in this Act prevents an individual from being
- 27 requested to provide his social security number when the
- individual applies for a ballot. If, however, the certificate
- 29 contains a space for the individual's social security number,
- 30 the following notice shall appear on the certificate,
- immediately above such space, in bold-face capital letters,
- 32 in type the size of which equals the largest type on the
- 33 certificate:

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"THE INDIVIDUAL APPLYING FOR A BALLOT WITH THIS DOCUMENT
IS NOT REQUIRED TO DISCLOSE HIS OR HER SOCIAL SECURITY
NUMBER. HE OR SHE MAY NOT BE DENIED A BALLOT, NOR SHALL HIS
OR HER BALLOT BE CHALLENGED, SOLELY BECAUSE OF HIS OR HER
REFUSAL TO PROVIDE HIS OR HER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER."

The applications of each State-wide political party at a primary election shall be separately printed upon paper of uniform quality, texture and size, but the applications of no 2 State-wide political parties shall be of the same color or If the election authority provides computer generated applications with the precinct, ballot style, and voter's name and address preprinted on the application, a single application may be used for State-wide political parties if it contains spaces or check-off boxes to indicate the political party. Such applications may contain spaces or check-off boxes permitting the voter to also request a primary ballot of any political party which is established only within a political subdivision and for which a primary is conducted on the same election day. Such applications shall not entitle the voter to vote in both the primary of a State-wide political party and the primary of a local political party with respect to the offices of the same political subdivision or to vote in the primary of more than one State-wide political party on the same day.

The judges in charge of the precinct registration files shall compare the signature upon such certificate with the signature on the registration record card as a means of identifying the voter. Unless satisfied by such comparison that the applicant to vote is the identical person who is registered under the same name, the judges shall ask such applicant the questions for identification which appear on the registration card, and if the applicant does not prove to the satisfaction of a majority of the judges of the election precinct that he is the identical person registered under the

- 1 name in question then the vote of such applicant shall be
- 2 challenged by a judge of election, and the same procedure
- 3 followed as provided in this Article and Act for challenged
- 4 voters.
- In case the elector is unable to sign his name, a judge
- of election shall check the data on the registration card and
- 7 shall check the address given, with the registered address,
- 8 in order to determine whether he is entitled to vote.
- 9 One of the judges of election shall check the certificate 10 of such applicant for a ballot after the registration record
- 11 has been examined, and shall sign his initials on the
- 12 certificate in the space provided therefor, and shall enter
- 13 upon such certificate the number of the voter in the place
- 14 provided therefor, and make an entry in the voting record
- 15 space on the registration record, to indicate whether or not
- 16 the applicant voted. Such judge shall then hand such
- 17 certificate back to the applicant in case he is permitted to
- 18 vote, and such applicant shall hand it to the judge of
- 19 election in charge of the ballots. The certificates of the
- voters shall be filed in the order in which they are received
- 21 and shall constitute an official poll record. The terms "poll
- lists" and "poll books", where used in this Article and Act,
- 23 shall be construed to apply to such official poll record.
- 24 After each general primary election the board of election
- 25 commissioners shall indicate by color code or other means
- 26 next to the name of each registrant on the list of registered
- voters in each precinct the primary ballot of a political
- 28 party that the registrant requested at the general primary
- 29 election. The board of election commissioners, within 30 60
- 30 days after that general primary election, shall provide a
- 31 copy of this coded list to the chairman of the county central
- 32 committee of each established political party or to the
- 33 chairman's duly authorized representative.
- 34 Within 60 days after the effective date of this

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1 amendatory Act of 1983, the board of election commissioners 2 shall provide to the chairman of the county central committee of each established political party or to the chairman's duly 3 4 authorized representative the list of registered voters in each precinct at the time of the general primary election of 5 6 1982 and shall indicate on such list by color code or other 7 means next to the name of a registrant the primary ballot of 8 a political party that the registrant requested at the 9 general primary election of 1982.

The board of election commissioners may charge a fee to reimburse the actual cost of duplicating each copy of a list provided under either of the 2 preceding paragraphs.

Where an elector makes application to vote by signing and presenting the certificate provided by this Section, and his registration card is not found in the precinct registry of voters, but his name appears as that of a registered voter in such precinct upon the printed precinct register as corrected or revised by the supplemental list, or upon the consolidated list, if any provided by this Article and whose name has not been erased or withdrawn from such register, the printed precinct register as corrected or revised by the supplemental list, or consolidated list, if any, shall be prima facie evidence of the elector's right to vote upon compliance with the provisions hereinafter set forth in this Section. In such event it shall be the duty of one of the judges of election to require an affidavit by such person and 2 voters residing in the precinct before the judges of election that he is same person whose name appears upon the printed precinct register as corrected or revised by the supplemental list, or consolidated list, if any, and that he resides in the precinct, stating the street and number of his residence, and upon the presentation of such affidavits, a certificate shall be issued to such elector, and upon the presentation of such certificate and affidavits, he shall be entitled to vote. Any

1 elector whose name does not appear as a registered voter on 2 the printed precinct register or supplemental list but who has a certificate issued by the 3 board of 4 commissioners as provided in Section 6-43 of this Article, 5 shall be entitled to vote upon the presentation of such 6 certificate accompanied by the affidavits of 2 voters 7 residing in the precinct that the elector is the same person 8 described in such certificate and that he resides in the 9 precinct, stating the street and number of his residence. Forms for all affidavits required hereunder shall be supplied 10 11 by the board of election commissioners. All affidavits made 12 under this paragraph shall be preserved and returned to the board of election commissioners in the manner provided by 13 this Article and Article 18 of this Act. It shall be the duty 14 15 of the board of election commissioners, within 30 days after 16 such election, to take the steps provided by Section 6-64 of this Article for the execution of new registration affidavits 17 by electors who have voted under the provisions of this 18 19 paragraph. 20

When the board of election commissioners delivers to the judges of election for use at the polls a supplemental or consolidated list of the printed precinct register, it shall give a copy of the supplemental or consolidated list to the chairman of a county central committee of an established political party or to the chairman's duly authorized representative.

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Whenever 2 or more elections occur simultaneously, the election official or officials charged with the duty of providing application certificates may prescribe the form thereof so that a voter is required to execute only one, indicating in which of the elections he desires to vote.

After the signature has been verified, the judges shall determine in which political subdivisions the voter resides by use of the information contained on the voter registration

- 1 cards or the separate registration lists or other means
- 2 approved by the State Board of Elections and prepared and
- 3 supplied by the election authority. The voter's certificate
- 4 shall be so marked by the judges as to show the respective
- 5 ballots which the voter is given.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 84-809.)
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/7-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-8)
- 8 Sec. 7-8. The State central committee shall be composed
- 9 of one or two members from each congressional district in the
- 10 State and shall be elected as follows:
- 11 State Central Committee
- 12 (a) Within 30 days after the effective date of this
- 13 amendatory Act of 1983 the State central committee of each
- 14 political party shall certify to the State Board of Elections
- which of the following alternatives it wishes to apply to the
- 16 State central committee of that party.
- 17 Alternative A. At the <u>general</u> primary held-on-the--third
- 18 Tuesday in March 1970, and at-the-primary-held every 4 years
- 19 thereafter, each primary elector may vote for one candidate
- 20 of his party for member of the State central committee for
- 21 the congressional district in which he resides. The
- 22 candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be
- 23 declared elected State central committeeman from the
- 24 district. A political party may, in lieu of the foregoing, by
- 25 a majority vote of delegates at any State convention of such
- 26 party, determine to thereafter elect the State central
- 27 committeemen in the manner following:
- 28 At the county convention held by such political party
- 29 State central committeemen shall be elected in the same
- 30 manner as provided in this Article for the election of
- 31 officers of the county central committee, and such election
- 32 shall follow the election of officers of the county central
- 33 committee. Each elected ward, township or precinct

1 committeeman shall cast as his vote one vote for each ballot 2 voted in his ward, township, part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of his political 3 4 In the case of a county lying partially within one party. 5 partially within congressional district and another б congressional district, each ward, township or precinct 7 committeeman shall vote only with respect congressional district in which his ward, township, part of a 8 9 township or precinct is located. In the case of congressional district which encompasses more than 10 one 11 county, each ward, township or precinct committeeman residing within the congressional district shall cast as his vote one 12 vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of 13 township or precinct in the last preceding primary election 14 of his political party for one candidate of his party for 15 16 member of the State central committee for the congressional district in which he resides and the Chairman of the county 17 central committee shall report the results of the election to 18 19 the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall certify the candidate receiving the highest number of 20 21 votes elected State central committeeman for that 22 congressional district.

23 The State central committee shall adopt rules to provide 24 for and govern the procedures to be followed in the election 25 of members of the State central committee.

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After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of Chairman of a State central committee, or at the end of the term of office of Chairman, the State central committee of each political party that has selected Alternative A shall elect a Chairman who shall not be required to be a member of the State Central Committee. The Chairman shall be a registered voter in this State and of the same political party as the State central committee.

1 Alternative B. Each congressional committee shall, 2 within 30 days after the adoption of this alternative, appoint a person of the sex opposite that of the incumbent 3 4 member for that congressional district to serve as an 5 additional member of the State central committee until his or 6 her successor is elected at the general primary election in 7 Each congressional committee shall make appointment by voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) 8 9 of this Section. In each congressional district at the general primary election held in 1986 and every 4 years 10 11 thereafter, the male candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's male candidates for State central 12 committeeman, and the female candidate receiving the highest 13 number of votes of the party's female candidates for State 14 15 central committeewoman, shall be declared elected State 16 central committeeman and State central committeewoman from the district. At the general primary election held in 1986 17 18 and every 4 years thereafter, if all a party's candidates for 19 State central committeemen or State central committeewomen from a congressional district are of the same sex, the 20 21 candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected a State central committeeman or State 22 23 central committeewoman from the district, and, because failure to elect one male and one female to the committee, a 24 25 vacancy shall be declared to exist in the office of t.he second member of the State central committee from the 26 This vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the 27 district. congressional committee of the political party, and the 28 person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident 29 30 the congressional district and of the sex opposite that of the committeeman or committeewoman elected at the general 31 32 primary election. Each congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting on the basis set forth in 33 34 paragraph (e) of this Section.

The Chairman of a State central committee composed as provided in this Alternative B must be selected from the committee's members.

4 Except as provided for in Alternative A with respect 5 the selection of the Chairman of the State central committee, 6 under both of the foregoing alternatives, the State central 7 committee of each political party shall be composed of 8 members elected or appointed from the several congressional 9 districts of the State, and of no other person or persons The members of the State central committee 10 whomsoever. 11 shall, within 30 days after each quadrennial election of the full committee, meet in the city of Springfield and organize 12 13 by electing a chairman, and may at such time elect such officers from among their own number (or otherwise), as they 14 15 may deem necessary or expedient. The outgoing chairman of the 16 State central committee of the party shall, 10 days before meeting, notify each member of the State central 17 committee elected at the primary of the time and place of 18 19 such meeting. In the organization and proceedings of the State central committee, each State central committeeman and 20 State central committeewoman shall have one vote for each 21 22 ballot voted in his or her congressional district by the 23 primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of 24 the State central 25 committee. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the State central 26 committee of any political party, the vacancy shall be filled 27 appointment of the chairmen of the county central committees of the political party of the counties located 28 within the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs 29 30 and, if applicable, the ward and township committeemen of the political party in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants 31 the 32 located within congressional district. Ιf t.he congressional district in which the vacancy occurs lies 33 wholly within a county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the 34

1 ward and township committeemen of the political party in that 2 congressional district shall vote to fill the vacancy. voting to fill the vacancy, each chairman of a county central 3 4 committee and each ward and township committeeman in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants shall have one vote for each 5 б ballot voted in each precinct of the congressional district 7 in which the vacancy exists of his or her county, township, 8 or ward cast by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting to 9 fill the vacancy in the State central committee. The person 10 11 appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the 12 congressional district in which the vacancy occurs, shall be 13 a qualified voter, and, in a committee composed as provided in Alternative B, shall be of the same sex as his or her 14 15 predecessor. A political party may, by a majority vote of the 16 delegates of any State convention of such party, determine to return to the election of State central committeeman and 17 State central committeewoman by the vote of primary electors. 18 Any action taken by a political party at a State convention 19 20 in accordance with this Section shall be reported to the 21 State Board of Elections by the chairman and secretary of 22 such convention within 10 days after such action.

Ward, Township and Precinct Committeemen

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(b) At the <u>general</u> primary held-on-the-third-Tuesday in March, 1972, and every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in cities having a population of 200,000 or over may vote for one candidate of his party in his ward for ward committeeman. Each candidate for ward committeeman must be a resident of and in the ward where he seeks to be elected ward committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such ward committeeman of such party for such ward. At the <u>general</u> primary election held on-the-third-Tuesday in March, 1970, and every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or

1 more, outside of cities containing a population of 200,000 or 2 more, may vote for one candidate of his party for township committeeman. Each candidate for township committeeman must 3 4 be a resident of and in the township or part of a township (which lies outside of a city having a population of 200,000 5 or more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or 6 7 more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks 8 to be elected township committeeman. The one having the 9 highest number of votes shall be such township committeeman of such party for such township or part of a township. At the 10 11 general primary election held on-the-third-Tuesday in March, 1970 and every 2 years thereafter, each primary elector, 12 except in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or over, 13 may vote for one candidate of his party in his precinct for 14 15 committeeman. Each candidate for committeeman must be a bona fide resident of the precinct 16 where he seeks to be elected precinct committeeman. The one 17 having the highest number of votes shall be such precinct 18 19 committeeman of such party for such precinct. The official of 20 returns of the primary shall show the name the 21 committeeman of each political party. 22

Terms of Committeemen. All precinct committeemen elected under the provisions of this Article shall continue as committeemen until the date of the primary to be held in the second year after their election. Except as otherwise provided in this Section for certain State central have 2 year terms, committeemen who all State central committeemen, township committeemen and ward committeemen shall continue as such committeemen until the date of primary to be held in the fourth year after their election. However, a vacancy exists in the office of precinct committeeman when a precinct committeeman ceases to reside in the precinct in which he was elected and such precinct committeeman shall thereafter neither have nor exercise any rights, powers or

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- duties as committeeman in that precinct, even if a successor has not been elected or appointed.
- (c) The Multi-Township Central Committee shall consist 3 4 the precinct committeemen of such party, in t.he multi-township assessing district formed pursuant to Section 5 б 2-10 of the Property Tax Code and shall be organized for the 7 purposes set forth in Section 45-25 of the Township Code. In the organization and proceedings of the 8 Multi-Township 9 Central Committee each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary 10 11 electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected.

12 County Central Committee

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- The county central committee of each political party (d) each county shall consist of the various township committeemen, precinct committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of such party in the county. In the organization and proceedings of the county central committee, each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected; each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the county central committee; and in the organization and proceedings of the county central committee, each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his ward by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the county central committee.
- 32 Congressional Committee
- 33 (e) The congressional committee of each party in each 34 congressional district shall be composed of the chairmen of

1 the county central committees of the counties composing the that in congressional 2 congressional district, except districts wholly within the territorial limits of one county, 3 4 or partly within 2 or more counties, but not coterminous with the county lines of all of such counties, the precinct 5 б committeemen, township committeemen and ward committeemen, if 7 any, of the party representing the precincts within the 8 limits of the congressional district, shall compose the 9 congressional committee. A State central committeeman in each district shall be a member and the chairman or, when a 10 11 district has 2 State central committeemen, a co-chairman of the congressional committee, but shall not have the right to 12 13 vote except in case of a tie.

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In the organization and proceedings of congressional committees composed of precinct committeemen or township committeemen or ward committeemen, or any combination thereof, each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting congressional committee, and each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each precinct of his ward located in such congressional district by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional committee; and in the organization and proceedings of congressional committees composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the

- 1 congressional committee.
- 2 Judicial District Committee
- 3 (f) The judicial district committee of each political
- 4 party in each judicial district shall be composed of the
- 5 chairman of the county central committees of the counties
- 6 composing the judicial district.
- 7 In the organization and proceedings of judicial district
- 8 committees composed of the chairmen of the county central
- 9 committees of the counties within such district, each
- 10 chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote
- 11 for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors
- of his party at the primary election immediately preceding
- 13 the meeting of the judicial district committee.
- 14 Circuit Court Committee
- 15 (g) The circuit court committee of each political party
- 16 in each judicial circuit outside Cook County shall be
- 17 composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of
- 18 the counties composing the judicial circuit.
- 19 In the organization and proceedings of circuit court
- 20 committees, each chairman of a county central committee shall
- 21 have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the
- 22 primary electors of his party at the primary election
- 23 immediately preceding the meeting of the circuit court
- 24 committee.
- 25 Judicial Subcircuit Committee
- 26 (g-1) The judicial subcircuit committee of each
- 27 political party in each judicial subcircuit in Cook County
- 28 shall be composed of the ward and township committeemen of
- 29 the townships and wards composing the judicial subcircuit.
- In the organization and proceedings of each judicial
- 31 subcircuit committee, each township committeeman shall have
- one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a
- 33 township, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by
- 34 the primary electors of his party at the primary election

- 1 immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit
- 2 committee; and each ward committeeman shall have one vote for
- 3 each ballot voted in his ward or part of a ward, as the case
- 4 may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of
- 5 his party at the primary election immediately preceding the
- 6 meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee.
- 7 Municipal Central Committee
- 8 (h) The municipal central committee of each political
- 9 party shall be composed of the precinct, township or ward
- 10 committeemen, as the case may be, of such party representing
- 11 the precincts or wards, embraced in such city, incorporated
- 12 town or village. The voting strength of each precinct,
- 13 township or ward committeeman on the municipal central
- 14 committee shall be the same as his voting strength on the
- 15 county central committee.
- 16 For political parties, other than a statewide political
- 17 party, established only within a municipality or township,
- 18 the municipal or township managing committee shall be
- 19 composed of the party officers of the local established
- 20 party. The party officers of a local established party shall
- 21 be as follows: the chairman and secretary of the caucus for
- 22 those municipalities and townships authorized by statute to
- 23 nominate candidates by caucus shall serve as party officers
- 24 for the purpose of filling vacancies in nomination under
- 25 Section 7-61; for municipalities and townships authorized by
- 26 statute or ordinance to nominate candidates by petition and
- 27 primary election, the party officers shall be the party's
- 28 candidates who are nominated at the primary. If no party
- 29 primary was held because of the provisions of Section 7-5,
- 30 vacancies in nomination shall be filled by the party's
- 31 remaining candidates who shall serve as the party's officers.
- 32 Powers
- 33 (i) Each committee and its officers shall have the
- 34 powers usually exercised by such committees and by the

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officers thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article. The several committees herein provided for shall not have power to delegate any of their powers, or functions to any other person, officer or committee, but this shall not be construed to prevent a committee from appointing

from its own membership proper and necessary subcommittees.

7 (j) The State central committee of a political party
8 which elects it members by Alternative B under paragraph (a)
9 of this Section shall adopt a plan to give effect to the
10 delegate selection rules of the national political party and
11 file a copy of such plan with the State Board of Elections

when approved by a national political party.

For the purpose of the designation of a proxy by a 13 Congressional Committee to vote in place of an absent State 14 15 central committeeman or committeewoman at meetings of the 16 State central committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section, 17 the proxy shall be appointed by the vote of the ward and 18 19 township committeemen, if any, of the wards and townships 20 which lie entirely or partially within the Congressional 21 District from which the absent State central committeeman or 22 committeewoman was elected and the vote of the chairmen of 23 the county central committees of those counties which entirely or partially within that Congressional District and 24 25 in which there are no ward or township committeemen. When voting for such proxy the county chairman, ward committeeman 26 27 or township committeeman, as the case may be shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county, ward or township, 28 29 or portion thereof within the Congressional District, by 30 primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was 31 elected. However, the absent State central committeeman or committeewoman may designate a proxy when permitted by the 32 rules of a political party which elects its members by 33 34 Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section.

1 (Source: P.A. 90-627, eff. 7-10-98; 91-426, eff. 8-6-99.)

2 (10 ILCS 5/7-11) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-11)

3 Sec. 7-11. Any candidate for President of the United States may have his name printed upon the primary ballot of 4 5 his political party by filing in the office of the State 6 Board of Elections not more than 99 and not less than 92 days prior to the date of the presidential general primary 7 election, in any year in which a Presidential election is to 8 be held, a petition signed by not less than 3000 or more than 9 5000 primary electors, members of and affiliated with the 10 party of which he is a candidate, and no candidate for 11 President of the United States, who fails to comply with the 12 provisions of this Article shall have his name printed upon 13 any primary ballot: Provided, however, that if the rules or 14 15 policies of a national political party conflict with such requirements for filing petitions for President of the United 16 17 States in a presidential preference primary, the Chairman of 18 the State central committee of such national political party shall notify the State Board of Elections in writing, citing 19 20 by reference the rules or policies of the national political 21 party in conflict, and in such case the Board shall direct 22 such petitions to be filed not more than 69 and not less than 62 days prior to the date of the presidential general primary 23 24 election, in any year in which a Presidential election is to be held. Provided, further, unless rules or policies of a 25 national political party otherwise provide, the 26 vote for President of the United States, as herein provided for, shall 27 28 be for the sole purpose of securing an expression of the sentiment and will of the party voters with respect to 29 candidates for nomination for said office, and the vote of 30 the state at large shall be taken and considered as advisory 31 to the delegates and alternates at large to the national 32 33 conventions of respective political parties; and the vote of

- 1 the respective congressional districts shall be taken and
- 2 considered as advisory to the delegates and alternates of
- 3 said congressional districts to the national conventions of
- 4 the respective political parties.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 86-873; 86-1089.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/7-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-14)
- 7 Sec. 7-14. Not less than 61 days before the date of the
- 8 general primary and the presidential primary election the
- 9 State Board of Elections shall meet and shall examine all
- 10 petitions filed under this Article 7, in the office of the
- 11 State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall
- 12 then certify to the county clerk of each county, the names of
- 13 all candidates whose nomination papers or certificates of
- 14 nomination have been filed with the Board and direct the
- 15 county clerk to place upon the official ballot for the
- 16 general primary election or the presidential primary election
- 17 the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the
- 18 same order as shown upon the certification.
- 19 The State Board of Elections shall, in its certificate to
- 20 the county clerk, certify the names of the offices, and the
- 21 names of the candidates in the order in which the offices and
- 22 names shall appear upon the primary ballot; such names to
- 23 appear in the order in which petitions have been filed in the
- 24 office of the State Board of Elections except as otherwise
- 25 provided in this Article.
- Not less than 55 days before the date of the general
- 27 primary and the presidential primary election, each county
- 28 clerk shall certify the names of all candidates whose
- 29 nomination papers have been filed with such clerk and declare
- 30 that the names of such candidates for the respective offices
- 31 shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general or
- 32 <u>presidential</u> primary in the order in which such nomination
- 33 papers were filed with the clerk, or as determined by lot, or

- 1 as otherwise specified by statute. Each county clerk shall
- 2 place a copy of the certification on file in his or her
- 3 office and at the same time issue to the board of election
- 4 commissioners a copy of the certification that has been filed
- 5 in the county clerk's office, together with a copy of the
- 6 certification that has been issued to the clerk by the State
- 7 Board of Elections, with directions to the board of election
- 8 commissioners to place upon the official ballot for the
- 9 general or presidential primary in that election jurisdiction
- 10 the names of all candidates that are listed on such
- 11 certification in the same manner and in the same order as
- 12 shown upon such certifications.
- 13 The certification shall indicate, where applicable, the
- 14 following:
- 15 (1) The political party affiliation of the candidates
- 16 for the respective offices;
- 17 (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected or
- 18 nominated to an office from the State, political subdivision
- 19 or district;
- 20 (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one
- 21 candidate for an office;
- 22 (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for
- 23 less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a
- 24 political subdivision or district are for different terms.
- 25 The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the
- 26 case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it
- is discovered that the original certification is in error.
- 28 Subject to appeal, the names of candidates whose
- 29 nomination papers have been held invalid by the appropriate
- 30 electoral board provided in Section 10-9 of this Code shall
- 31 not be certified.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 86-867.)
- 33 (10 ILCS 5/7-60) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-60)

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Sec. 7-60. Not less than 35 67 days before the date of the general election, the State Board of Elections shall certify to the county clerks the names of each of the candidates who have been nominated as shown by the proclamation of the State Board of Elections as a canvassing board or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot for the general election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

Not less than 30 61 days before the date of the general election, each county clerk shall certify the names of of the candidates for county offices who have been nominated as shown by the proclamation of the county canvassing board or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and declare that the names of such candidates for the respective offices shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general election in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification, except as otherwise provided by this Section. Each county clerk shall place a copy of the certification on file in his or her office and at the same time issue to the State Board of Elections a copy of such certification. In addition, each county clerk in whose county there is a board of election commissioners shall, not less than 30 61 days before the date of the general election, issue to such board a copy of the certification that has been filed in the county clerk's office, together with a copy of the certification that has been issued to the clerk by the State Board of Elections, with directions to the board of election commissioners to place upon the official ballot for the general election in that election jurisdiction the names of all candidates that are listed on such certifications, in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon such

certifications, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

Whenever there are two or more persons nominated by the same political party for multiple offices for any board, the name of the candidate of such party receiving the highest number of votes in the primary election as a candidate for such office, as shown by the official election returns of the primary, shall be certified first under the name of such offices, and the names of the remaining candidates of such party for such offices shall follow in the order of the number of votes received by them respectively at the primary election as shown by the official election results.

No person who is shown by the canvassing board's proclamation to have been nominated at the primary as a write-in candidate shall have his or her name certified unless such person shall have filed with the certifying office or board within 5 10 days after the canvassing board's proclamation a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 and a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1.

Each county clerk and board of election commissioners shall determine by a fair and impartial method of random selection the order of placement of established political party candidates for the general election ballot. determination shall be made within $\underline{15}$ 30 days following the canvass and proclamation of the results of the general primary in the office of the county clerk or board of election commissioners and shall be open to the public. Seven days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given, by each such election authority, to the County Chairman of each established political party, and to each organization of citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. Each election authority shall post in a conspicuous, open and public place, at the

- 1 entrance of the election authority office, notice of the time
- 2 and place of such lottery. However, a board of election
- 3 commissioners may elect to place established political party
- 4 candidates on the general election ballot in the same order
- 5 determined by the county clerk of the county in which the
- 6 city under the jurisdiction of such board is located.
- 7 Each certification shall indicate, where applicable, the
- 8 following:
- 9 (1) The political party affiliation of the candidates
- 10 for the respective offices;
- 11 (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected to
- 12 an office from the State, political subdivision or district;
- 13 (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one
- 14 candidate for an office;
- 15 (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for
- less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a
- 17 political subdivision are for different terms.
- 18 The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the
- 19 case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it
- is discovered that the original certification is in error.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 86-867; 86-875; 86-1028.)
- 22 (10 ILCS 5/7-61) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-61)
- Sec. 7-61. Whenever a special election is necessary the
- 24 provisions of this Article are applicable to the nomination
- of candidates to be voted for at such special election.
- In cases where a primary election is required the officer
- or board or commission whose duty it is under the provisions
- 28 of this Act relating to general elections to call an
- 29 election, shall fix a date for the primary for the nomination
- 30 of candidates to be voted for at such special election.
- 31 Notice of such primary shall be given at least 15 days prior
- 32 to the maximum time provided for the filing of petitions for
- 33 such a primary as provided in Section 7-12.

1 Any vacancy in nomination under the provisions of this 2 Article 7 occurring on or after the primary and prior to certification of candidates by the certifying board or 3 4 officer, must be filled prior to the date of certification. Any vacancy in nomination occurring after certification but 5 prior to 15 days before the general election shall be filled 6 7 within 8 days after the event creating the vacancy. The 8 resolution filling the vacancy shall be sent by U. S. mail or 9 personal delivery to the certifying officer or board within 3 days of the action by which the vacancy was filled; provided, 10 11 if such resolution is sent by mail and the U. S. postmark on the envelope containing such resolution is dated prior to the 12 expiration of such 3 day limit, the resolution shall be 13 deemed filed within such 3 day limit. Failure to so transmit 14 15 the resolution within the time specified in this Section 16 shall authorize the certifying officer or board to certify the original candidate. Vacancies shall be filled by the 17 officers of a local municipal or township political party as 18 19 specified in subsection (h) of Section 7-8, other than a statewide political party, that is established only within a 20 municipality or township and the managing committee (or 21 22 legislative committee in case of a candidate for State 23 Senator or representative committee in the case of candidate for State Representative in the General Assembly) 24 25 of the respective political party for the territorial area in 26 which such vacancy occurs.

The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgements of deeds and shall include, upon its face, the following information:

- 31 (a) the name of the original nominee and the office 32 vacated;
- 33 (b) the date on which the vacancy occurred;
- 34 (c) the name and address of the nominee selected to fill

1 the vacancy and the date of selection.

Ethics Act.

The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be accompanied by a Statement of Candidacy, as prescribed in Section 7-10, completed by the selected nominee and a receipt indicating that such nominee has filed a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental

The provisions of Section 10-8 through 10-10.1 relating to objections to certificates of nomination and nomination papers, hearings on objections, and judicial review, shall apply to and govern objections to resolutions for filling a vacancy in nomination.

Any vacancy in nomination occurring 15 days or less before the consolidated election or the general election shall not be filled. In this event, the certification of the original candidate shall stand and his name shall appear on the official ballot to be voted at the general election.

A vacancy in nomination occurs when a candidate who has been nominated under the provisions of this Article 7 dies before the election (whether death occurs prior to, on or after the day of the primary), or declines the nomination; provided that nominations may become vacant for other reasons.

If the name of no established political party candidate was printed on the consolidated primary ballot for a particular office and if no person was nominated as a write-in candidate for such office, a vacancy in nomination shall be created which may be filled in accordance with the requirements of this Section. If the name of no established political party candidate was printed on the general primary ballot for a particular office and if no person was nominated as a write-in candidate for such office, a vacancy in nomination shall be created, but no candidate of the party for the office shall be listed on the ballot at the general

1 election unless such vacancy is filled in accordance with the

2 requirements of this Section within 20 60 days after the date

3 of the general primary.

4 A candidate for whom a nomination paper has been filed as

a partisan candidate at a primary election, and who is

defeated for his or her nomination at such primary election,

7 is ineligible to be listed on the ballot at that general or

8 consolidated election as a candidate of another political

9 party.

A candidate seeking election to an office for which candidates of political parties are nominated by caucus who is a participant in the caucus and who is defeated for his or her nomination at such caucus, is ineligible to be listed on the ballot at that general or consolidated election as a

candidate of another political party.

In the proceedings to nominate a candidate to fill a vacancy or to fill a vacancy in the nomination, each precinct, township, ward, county or congressional district, as the case may be, shall through its representative on such central or managing committee, be entitled to one vote for each ballot voted in such precinct, township, ward, county or congressional district, as the case may be, by the primary electors of its party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting at which such vacancy is to be filled.

For purposes of this Section, the words "certify" and "certification" shall refer to the act of officially declaring the names of candidates entitled to be printed upon the official ballot at an election and directing election authorities to place the names of such candidates upon the official ballot. "Certifying officers or board" shall refer to the local election official, election authority or the State Board of Elections, as the case may be, with whom nomination papers, including certificates of nomination and resolutions to fill vacancies in nomination, are filed and

- whose duty it is to "certify" candidates.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 86-867; 86-1348; 87-1052.)

of the pendency of the contest.

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- 3 (10 ILCS 5/7-63) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-63)
- Sec. 7-63. Any candidate whose name appears upon the 4 5 primary ballot of any political party may contest the 6 election of the candidate or candidates nominated for the office for which he or she was a candidate by his or 7 political party, upon the face of the returns, by filing with 8 the clerk of the circuit court a petition in writing, setting 9 10 forth the grounds of contest, which petition shall be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner or other person, 11 and which petition shall be filed within 5 10 days after the 12 completion of the canvass of the returns by the canvassing 13 14 board making the final canvass of returns. The contestant 15 shall also file with that canvassing board (and if for the nomination for an office, certified tabulated statements of 16 17 the returns of which are to be filed with the State Board of Elections, also with the county canvassing board), a notice 18
- 20 If the contest relates to an office involving more than 21 one county, the venue of the contest is (a) in the county in 22 which the alleged grounds of the contest exist or (b) if 23 grounds for the contest are alleged to exist in more than one 24 county, then in any of those counties or in the county in 25 which any defendant resides.
- Authority and jurisdiction are hereby vested 26 circuit court, to hear and determine primary contests. When a 27 petition to contest a primary is filed in the office of 28 29 clerk of the court, the petition shall forthwith be presented to a judge thereof, who shall note thereon the date of 30 31 presentation, and shall note thereon the day when the petition will be heard, which shall not be more than 5 1032 33 days thereafter.

Summons shall forthwith issue to each defendant named in the petition and shall be served for the same manner as is provided for other civil cases. Summons may be issued and served in any county in the State. The case may be heard and determined by the circuit court at any time not less than 5 б days after service of process, and shall have preference in the order of hearing to all other cases. The petitioner shall give security for all costs.

In any contest involving the selection of nominees for the office of State representative, each candidate of the party and district involved, who is not a petitioner or a named defendant in the contest, shall be given notice of the contest at the same time summons is issued to the defendants, and any other candidate may, upon application to the court within 5 days after receiving such notice, be made a party to the contest.

Any defendant may, within 5 days after service of process upon him or her, file a counterclaim and shall give security for all costs relating to such counterclaim.

Any party to such proceeding may have a substitution of judge from the judge to whom such contest is assigned for hearing, where he or she fears or has cause to believe such judge is prejudiced against, or is related to any of the parties either by blood or by marriage. Notice of the application for such substitution of judge must be served upon the opposite party and filed with such judge not later than one day after such contest is assigned to such judge, Sundays and legal holidays excepted. No party shall be entitled to more than one substitution of judge in such proceeding.

If, in the opinion of the court, in which the petition is filed, the grounds for contest alleged are insufficient in law the petition shall be dismissed. If the grounds alleged are sufficient in law, the court shall proceed in a summary

1 manner and may hear evidence, examine the returns, recount 2 the ballots and make such orders and enter such judgment as justice may require. In the case of a contest relating to 3 4 nomination for the office of Representative in the General 5 Assembly where the contestant received votes equal in number 6 to at least 95% of the number of votes cast for any 7 apparently successful candidate for nomination for that office by the same political party, the court may order 8 9 recount for the entire district and may order the cost of such recount to be borne by the respective counties. 10 11 court shall ascertain and declare by a judgment to be entered of record, the result of such election in the territorial 12 area for which the contest is made. The judgment of the court 13 shall be appealable as in other civil cases. A certified copy 14 15 of the judgment shall forthwith be made by the clerk of 16 court and transmitted to the board canvassing the returns for such office, and in case of contest, if for nomination for an 17 office, tabulated statements of returns for which are filed 18 19 with the State Board of Elections, also in the office of the 20 county clerk in the proper county. The proper canvassing 21 board, or boards, as the case may be, shall correct the 22 returns or the tabulated statement of returns in accordance 23 with the judgment.

- 24 (Source: P.A. 84-1308.)
- 25 (10 ILCS 5/8-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-4)
- Sec. 8-4. A primary shall be held on the second third
- Tuesday in <u>September</u> March of each even-numbered year for the
- 28 nomination of candidates for legislative offices.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 82-750.)
- 30 (10 ILCS 5/8-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-5)
- 31 Sec. 8-5. There shall be constituted one legislative
- 32 committee for each political party in each legislative

1 district and one representative committee for each political

2 party in each representative district. Legislative and

3 representative committees shall be composed as follows:

In legislative or representative districts within or including a portion of any county containing 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the legislative or representative committee of a political party shall consist of the committeemen of such party representing each township or ward of such county any portion of which township or ward is included within such legislative or representative district and the chairman of each county central committee of such party of any county containing less than 2,000,000 inhabitants any portion of which county is included within such legislative or representative district.

In the remainder of the State, the legislative or representative committee of a political party shall consist of the chairman of each county central committee of such party, any portion of which county is included within such legislative or representative district; but if a legislative or representative district comprises only one county, or part of a county, its legislative or representative committee shall consist of the chairman of the county central committee and 2 members of the county central committee who reside in the legislative or representative district, as the case may be, elected by the county central committee.

Within 180 days after the primary of the even-numbered year immediately following the decennial redistricting required by Section 3 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution of 1970, the ward committeemen, township committeemen or chairmen of county central committees within each of the redistricted legislative and representative districts shall meet and proceed to organize by electing from among their own number a chairman and, either from among their own number or otherwise, such other officers as they

- 1 may deem necessary or expedient. The ward committeemen,
- 2 township committeemen or chairmen of county central
- 3 committees shall determine the time and place (which shall be
- 4 in the limits of such district) of such meeting. Immediately
- 5 upon completion of organization, the chairman shall forward
- 6 to the State Board of Elections the names and addresses of
- 7 the chairman and secretary of the committee. A vacancy shall
- 8 occur when a member dies, resigns or ceases to reside in the
- 9 county, township or ward which he represented.
- 10 Within 15 180 days after the primary of each other
- 11 even-numbered year, each legislative committee and
- 12 representative committee shall meet and proceed to organize
- 13 by electing from among its own number a chairman, and either
- 14 from its own number or otherwise, such other officers as each
- 15 committee may deem necessary or expedient. Immediately upon
- 16 completion of organization, the chairman shall forward to the
- 17 State Board of Elections, the names and addresses of the
- 18 chairman and secretary of the committee. The outgoing
- 19 chairman of such committee shall notify the members of the
- 20 time and place (which shall be in the limits of such
- 21 district) of such meeting. A vacancy shall occur when a
- 22 member dies, resigns, or ceases to reside in the county,
- township or ward, which he represented.
- If any change is made in the boundaries of any precinct,
- 25 township or ward, the committeeman previously elected
- therefrom shall continue to serve, as if no boundary change
- 27 had occurred, for the purpose of acting as a member of a
- 28 legislative or representative committee until his successor
- is elected or appointed.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 84-352.)
- 31 (10 ILCS 5/10-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-14)
- 32 Sec. 10-14. Not less than 35 61 days before the date of
- 33 the general election the State Board of Elections shall

1 certify to the county clerk of each county the name of each 2 candidate whose nomination papers, certificate of nomination or resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination has been filed 3 4 with the State Board of Elections and direct the county clerk to place upon the official ballot for the general election 5 6 the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the 7 same order as shown upon the certification. The name of no candidate for an office to be filled by the electors of the 8 entire state shall be placed upon the official ballot unless 9 his name is duly certified to the county clerk upon a 10 11 certificate signed by the members of the State Board of 12 Elections. The names of group candidates on petitions shall be certified to the several county clerks in the order 13 which such names appear on such petitions filed with the 14 15 State Board of Elections.

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Not less than 30 55 days before the date of the general each county clerk shall certify the names of each of the candidates for county offices whose nomination papers, certificates of nomination or resolutions to fill a vacancy in nomination have been filed with such clerk and declare that the names of such candidates for the respective offices shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general election in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification. Each county clerk shall place a copy of the certification on file in his or her office and at the same time issue to the State Board of Elections a copy of such certification. In addition, each county clerk in whose county there is a board of election commissioners shall, not less than 30 55 days before the election, certify to the board of election commissioners the name of the person or persons nominated for such office as shown by the certificate of the State Board of Elections, together with the names of all other candidates as shown by the certification of county officers on file in the clerk's office, and in the order so

- 1 certified. The county clerk or board of election
- 2 commissioners shall print the names of the nominees on the
- 3 ballot for each office in the order in which they are
- 4 certified to or filed with the county clerk; provided, that
- 5 in printing the name of nominees for any office, if any of
- 6 such nominees have also been nominated by one or more
- 7 political parties pursuant to this Act, the location of the
- 8 name of such candidate on the ballot for nominations made
- 9 under this Article shall be precisely in the same order in
- 10 which it appears on the certification of the State Board of
- 11 Elections to the county clerk.
- 12 For the general election, the candidates of new political
- 13 parties shall be placed on the ballot for said election after
- 14 the established political party candidates and in the order
- of new political party petition filings.
- 16 Each certification shall indicate, where applicable, the
- 17 following:
- 18 (1) The political party affiliation if any, of the
- 19 candidates for the respective offices;
- 20 (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected to
- 21 an office from the State, political subdivision or district;
- 22 (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one
- 23 candidate for an office;
- 24 (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for
- 25 less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a
- 26 political subdivision are for different terms.
- 27 The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the
- 28 case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it
- is discovered that the original certification is in error.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 86-867.)
- 31 (10 ILCS 5/13-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 13-1)
- 32 Sec. 13-1. In counties not under township organization,
- 33 the county board of commissioners shall at its meeting in May

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in each even-numbered year appoint in each election precinct 5 capable and discreet persons meeting the qualifications of Section 13-4 to be judges of election. Where neither voting nor electronic, mechanical or electric voting machines systems are used, the county board may, for any precinct with respect to which the board considers such action necessary or desirable in view of the number of voters, and shall for general elections for any precinct containing more than 600 registered voters, appoint in addition to the 5 judges of election a team of 5 tally judges. In such precincts the judges of election shall preside over the election during the hours the polls are open, and the tally judges, with the assistance of the holdover judges designated pursuant to Section 13-6.2, shall count the vote after the closing of the polls. However, the County Board of Commissioners may appoint 3 judges of election to serve in lieu of the 5 judges of election otherwise required by this Section to serve in any presidential primary election, any emergency referendum, in any odd-year regular election or in any special primary or special election called for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of representative in the United States Congress or to nominate candidates for such purpose. The tally judges shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for judges of election.

In addition to such precinct judges, the county board of commissioners shall appoint special panels of 3 judges each, who shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for other judges of election. The number of such panels of judges required shall be determined by regulations of the State Board of Elections which shall base the required numbers of special panels on the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction or the

number of absentee ballots voted at recent elections, or any combination of such factors.

Such appointment shall be confirmed by the court 3 4 provided in Section 13-3 of this Article. No more than 3 persons of the same political party shall be appointed judges 5 6 of the same election precinct or election judge panel. 7 appointment shall be made in the following manner: The county 8 board of commissioners shall select and approve 3 persons as 9 judges of election in each election precinct from a certified list, furnished by the chairman of the County Central 10 11 Committee of the first leading political party in such precinct; and the county board of commissioners shall also 12 select and approve 2 persons as judges of election 13 in election precinct from a certified list, furnished by the 14 15 chairman of the County Central Committee of the second 16 leading political party. However, if only 3 judges of election serve in each election precinct, no more than 2 17 persons of the same political party shall be 18 judges of 19 election in the same election precinct; and which political party is entitled to 2 judges of election and which political 20 21 party is entitled to one judge of election shall be 22 determined in the same manner as set forth in the next two 23 preceding sentences with regard to 5 election judges in each precinct. Such certified list shall be filed with the county 24 25 clerk not less than 10 days before the annual meeting of the county board of commissioners. Such list shall be arranged 26 according to precincts. The chairman of each county central 27 committee shall, insofar as possible, list persons who reside 28 29 within the precinct in which they are to serve as 30 However, he may, in his sole discretion, submit the names of persons who reside outside the precinct but within the county 31 32 embracing the precinct in which they are to serve. He must, however, submit the names of at least 2 residents of the 33 34 precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 3

1 judges and must submit the name of at least one resident of 2 the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 2 judges. The county board of commissioners shall acknowledge 3 4 in writing to each county chairman the names of all persons 5 submitted on such certified list and the total number of 6 persons listed thereon. If no such list is filed or such list 7 is incomplete (that is, no names or an insufficient number of 8 names are furnished for certain election precincts), the 9 county board of commissioners shall make or complete such list from the names contained in the supplemental list 10 11 provided for in Section 13-1.1. The election judges shall hold their office for 2 years from their appointment, and 12 13 until their successors are duly appointed in the manner provided in this Act. The county board of commissioners shall 14 fill all vacancies in the office of judge of election at any 15 16 time in the manner provided in this Act. (Source: P.A. 91-352, eff. 1-1-00.)

18 (10 ILCS 5/13-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 13-2)

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Sec. 13-2. In counties under the township organization the county board shall at its meeting in May in each even-numbered year except in counties containing a population of 3,000,000 inhabitants or over and except when such judges are appointed by election commissioners, select in each election precinct in the county, 5 capable and discreet persons to be judges of election who shall possess the qualifications required by this Act for such judges. Where machines nor electronic, mechanical neither voting electric voting systems are used, the county board may, any precinct with respect to which the board considers such action necessary or desirable in view of the number of voters, and shall for general elections for any precinct containing more than 600 registered voters, appoint in addition to the 5 judges of election a team of 5 tally 1 judges. In such precincts the judges of election shall

2 preside over the election during the hours the polls are

3 open, and the tally judges, with the assistance of the

4 holdover judges designated pursuant to Section 13-6.2, shall

5 count the vote after the closing of the polls. The tally

6 judges shall possess the same qualifications and shall be

appointed in the same manner and with the same division

8 between political parties as is provided for judges of

9 election.

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However, the county board may appoint 3 judges of election to serve in lieu of the 5 judges of election otherwise required by this Section to serve in any presidential primary elecection, any emergency referendum, or in any odd-year regular election or in any special primary or special election called for the purpose of filling a vacancy in the office of representative in the United States Congress or to nominate candidates for such purpose.

In addition to such precinct judges, the county board shall appoint special panels of 3 judges each, who shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same division between political parties as is provided for other judges of election. The number of such panels of judges required shall be determined by regulations of the State Board of Elections, which shall base the required number of special panels on the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction or the number of absentee ballots voted at recent elections or any combination of such factors.

No more than 3 persons of the same political party shall be appointed judges in the same election district or undivided precinct. The election of the judges of election in the various election precincts shall be made in the following manner: The county board shall select and approve 3 of the election judges in each precinct from a certified list

furnished by the chairman of the County Central Committee of 2 the first leading political party in such election precinct and shall also select and approve 2 judges of election in 3 4 each election precinct from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the County Central Committee of the second 5 leading political party in such election precinct. However, 6 7 if only 3 judges of election serve in each election precinct, 8 no more than 2 persons of the same political party shall be 9 judges of election in the same election precinct; and which political party is entitled to 2 judges of election and which 10 11 political party is entitled to one judge of election shall be determined in the same manner as set forth in the next two 12 preceding sentences with regard to 5 election judges in each 13 The respective County Central Committee chairman 14 precinct. 15 shall notify the county board by June 1 of each odd-numbered 16 immediately preceding the annual meeting of the county board whether or not such certified list will be filed by 17 such chairman. Such list shall be arranged according to 18 precincts. The chairman of each county central committee 19 20 shall, insofar as possible, list persons who reside within 21 the precinct in which they are to serve as judges. However, 22 he may, in his sole discretion, submit the names of persons 23 who reside outside the precinct but within the county embracing the precinct in which they are to serve. He must, 24 25 however, submit the names of at least 2 residents of the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 3 26 judges and must submit the name of at least one resident of 27 the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 28 judges. Such certified list, if filed, shall be filed with 29 30 the county clerk not less than 20 days before the annual 31 meeting of the county board. The county board shall 32 acknowledge in writing to each county chairman the names of all persons submitted on such certified list and the total 33 number of persons listed thereon. If no such list is filed or 34

1 the list is incomplete (that is, no names or an insufficient 2 number of are furnished for certain election names precincts), the county board shall make or complete such list 3 4 from the names contained in the supplemental list provided for in Section 13-1.1. Provided, further, that in any case 5 where a township has been or shall be redistricted, in whole 6 7 in part, subsequent to one general election for Governor, 8 and prior to the next, the judges of election to be selected 9 for all new or altered precincts shall be selected in that one of the methods above detailed, which shall be applicable 10 11 according to the facts and circumstances of the particular case, but the majority of such judges for each such precinct 12 shall be selected from the first leading political party, and 13 the minority judges from the second leading political party. 14 15 Provided, further, that in counties having a population of 16 1,000,000 inhabitants or over the selection of judges of election shall be made in the same manner in all respects as 17 in other counties, except that the provisions relating to 18 tally judges are inapplicable to such counties and except 19 20 that the county board shall meet during the month of January 21 for the purpose of making such selection and the chairman of 22 each county central committee shall notify the county board 23 by the preceding October 1 whether or not the certified list will be filed. Such judges of election shall hold their 24 25 office for 2 years from their appointment and until their successors are duly appointed in the manner provided in this 26 Act. The county board shall fill all vacancies in the office 27 judges of elections at any time in the manner herein 28 29 provided. 30 Such selections under this Section shall be confirmed by

30 Such selections under this Section shall be confirmed by
31 the circuit court as provided in Section 13-3 of this
32 Article.

33 (Source: P.A. 91-352, eff. 1-1-00.)

Sec. 14-3.1. The board of election commissioners shall,

1 (10 ILCS 5/14-3.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 14-3.1)

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during the month of May of each even-numbered year, select 3 4 for each election precinct within the jurisdiction of 5 board 5 persons to be judges of election who shall possess 6 the qualifications required by this Act for such judges. 7 selection shall be made by a county board of election commissioners in the following manner: the county board of 8 9 election commissioners shall select and approve 3 persons as judges of election in each election precinct from a certified 10 11 list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the first leading political party in that 12 precinct; the county board of election commissioners also 13 shall select and approve 2 persons as judges of election in 14 each election precinct from a certified list furnished by the 15 16 chairman of the county central committee of the second leading political party in that precinct. The selection by a 17 municipal board of election commissioners shall be made in 18 19 the following manner: for each precinct, 3 judges shall be selected from one of the 2 leading political parties and the 20 21 other 2 judges shall be selected from the other leading 22 political party; the parties entitled to 3 and 2 judges, 23 respectively, in the several precincts shall be determined as provided in Section 14-4. However, a Board of 24 Election 25 Commissioners may appoint three judges of election to serve in lieu of the 5 judges of election otherwise required by 26 this Section to serve in any emergency referendum, or in any 27 odd-year regular election or in any presidential primary 28 29 election, any special primary or special election called for 30 the purpose of filling a vacancy in the representative in the United States Congress or to nominate 31 32 candidates for such purpose. If only 3 judges of election serve in each election 33 34 precinct, no more than 2 persons of the same political party

shall be judges of election in the same election precinct, 2 and which political party is entitled to 2 judges of election and which political party is entitled to one judge of 3 4 election shall be determined as set forth in this Section for a county board of election commissioners' selection of 5 election judges in each precinct or in Section 14-4 for a 6 7 municipal board of election commissioners' selection of 8 election judges in each precinct, whichever is appropriate. 9 In addition to such precinct judges, the board of election commissioners shall appoint special panels of 3 judges each, 10 11 who shall possess the same qualifications and shall be appointed in the same manner and with the same 12 division between political parties as is provided for other judges of 13 election. The number of such panels of judges required shall 14 15 be determined by regulation of the State Board of Elections, 16 which shall base the required number of special panels on the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction or the number 17 of absentee ballots voted at recent elections 18 19 combination of such factors. A municipal board of election commissioners shall make the selections of persons qualified 20 21 under Section 14-1 from certified lists furnished by the 22 chairman of the respective county central committees of the 2 23 leading political parties. Lists furnished by chairmen central committees under this Section shall 24 county 25 arranged according to precincts. The chairman of each county central committee shall, insofar as possible, list persons 26 27 who reside within the precinct in which they are to serve judges. However, he may, in his sole discretion, submit the 28 29 names of persons who reside outside the precinct but within 30 the county embracing the precinct in which they are to serve. He must, however, submit the names of at least 2 residents of 31 the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have 32 3 judges and must submit the name of at least one resident of 33 34 the precinct for each precinct in which his party is to have

1 2 judges. The board of election commissioners shall no later 2 than March 1 of each even-numbered year notify the chairmen respective county central committees of 3 4 responsibility to furnish such lists, and each such chairman 5 shall furnish the board of election commissioners with the б list for his party on or before May 1 of each even-numbered 7 year. The board of election commissioners shall acknowledge in writing to each county chairman the names of all persons 8 9 submitted on such certified list and the total number of persons listed thereon. If no such list is furnished or if no 10 11 names or an insufficient number of names are furnished for certain precincts, the board of election commissioners shall 12 make or complete such list from the names contained in the 13 supplemental list provided for in Section 14-3.2. Judges of 14 election shall hold their office for 2 years from their 15 16 appointment and until their successors are duly appointed in the manner herein provided. 17 The board of commissioners shall, subject to the provisions of Section 18 19 14-3.2, fill all vacancies in the office of judges of election at any time in the manner herein provided. 20

- 21 Such selections under this Section shall be confirmed by 22 the court as provided in Section 14-5.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 89-471, eff. 6-13-96.)
- 24 (10 ILCS 5/16-5.01) (from Ch. 46, par. 16-5.01)
- Sec. 16-5.01. (a) The election authority shall, at least 25 $\underline{30}$ 60 days prior to the date of any general election at which 26 27 federal officers are elected and 30 45 days prior to any 28 other regular election, have a sufficient number of ballots 29 printed so that such ballots will be available for mailing 30 6θ days prior to the date of the election to persons who have 30 31 filed application for a ballot under the provisions of Article 20 of this Act. 32
- 33 (b) If at any general election at which federal offices

1 are elected the election authority is unable to comply with

- 2 the provisions of subsection (a), the election authority
- 3 shall mail to each such person, in lieu of the ballot, a
- 4 Special Write-in Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot. The Special
- 5 Write-in Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot shall be used only at
- 6 general elections at which federal officers are elected and
- 7 shall be prepared by the election authority in substantially
- 8 the following form:
- 9 Special Write-in Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot
- 10 (To vote for a person, write the title of the office and
- 11 his or her name on the lines provided. Place to the left of
- 12 and opposite the title of office a square and place a cross
- 13 (X) in the square.)
- 14 Title of Office Name of Candidate
- 15 ()
- 16 ()
- 17 ()
- 18 ()
- 19 ()
- 20 ()
- 21 The election authority shall send with the Special
- 22 Write-in Absentee Voter's Blank Ballot a list of all
- 23 referenda for which the voter is qualified to vote and all
- 24 candidates for whom nomination papers have been filed and for
- 25 whom the voter is qualified to vote. The voter shall be
- 26 entitled to write in the name of any candidate seeking
- 27 election and any referenda for which he or she is entitled to
- vote.
- On the back or outside of the ballot, so as to appear
- 30 when folded, shall be printed the words "Official Ballot",
- 31 the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of
- 32 the election authority who has caused the ballot to be
- 33 printed.
- 34 The provisions of Article 20, insofar as they may be

- 1 applicable to the Special Write-in Absentee Voter's Blank
- 2 Ballot, shall be applicable herein.
- 3 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)
- 4 Section 10. The School Code is amended by changing
- 5 Section 33-1 as follows:

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- 6 (105 ILCS 5/33-1) (from Ch. 122, par. 33-1)
- 7 Sec. 33-1. Board of Education Election Terms. In
- 8 all school districts, including special charter districts
- 9 having a population of 100,000 and not more than 500,000,
- 10 which adopt this Article, as hereinafter provided, there
- 11 shall be maintained a system of free schools in charge of a
- 12 board of education, which shall be a body politic and
- 13 corporate by the name of "Board of Education of the City
- of....". The board shall consist of 7 members elected by the
- voters of the district. Except as provided in Section 33-1b
- of this Act, the regular election for members of the board
- 17 shall be held on the first Tuesday of April in odd numbered

years and on the second third Tuesday of September March in

voters for the primary election shall apply to the regular

- 19 even numbered years. The law governing the registration of
- 21 election. At the first regular election 7 persons shall be
- 22 elected as members of the board. The person who receives the
- 23 greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 5
- 24 years. The 2 persons who receive the second and third
- 25 greatest number of votes shall be elected for a term of 4
- 26 years. The person who receives the fourth greatest number of
- votes shall be elected for a term of 3 years. The 2 persons
- 28 who receive the fifth and sixth greatest number of votes
- 29 shall be elected for a term of 2 years. The person who
- 30 receives the seventh greatest number of votes shall be
- 31 elected for a term of 1 year. Thereafter, at each regular
- 32 election for members of the board, the successors of the

1 members whose terms expire in the year of election shall be

2 elected for a term of 5 years. All terms shall commence on

3 July 1 next succeeding the elections. Any vacancy occurring

4 in the membership of the board shall be filled by appointment

5 until the next regular election for members of the board.

In any school district which has adopted this Article, a

7 proposition for the election of board members by school board

8 district rather than at large may be submitted to the voters

9 of the district at the regular school election of any year in

the manner provided in Section 9-22. If the proposition is

11 approved by a majority of those voting on the propositions,

12 the board shall divide the school district into 7 school

board districts as provided in Section 9-22. At the regular

school election in the year following the adoption of such

15 proposition, one member shall be elected from each school

16 board district, and the 7 members so elected shall, by lot,

determine one to serve for one year, 2 for 2 years, one for 3

18 years, 2 for 4 years, and one for 5 years. Thereafter their

19 respective successors shall be elected for terms of 5 years.

20 The terms of all incumbent members expire July 1 of the year

21 following the adoption of such a proposition.

22 Any school district which has adopted this Article may,

23 by referendum in accordance with Section 33-1a, adopt the

method of electing members of the board of education provided

25 in that Section.

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26 Reapportionment of the voting districts provided for in

27 this Article or created pursuant to a court order, shall be

completed pursuant to Section 33-1c.

29 (Source: P.A. 82-1014; 86-1331.)