

Doorkeeper: "Attention Members of the House of Representatives, the House will convene in five minutes. All persons not entitled to the House floor please retire to the gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order, Members please be in their seats. Will be led in prayer by the Reverend Krueger, the House chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen. O bless this House to Thy service this day. Amen. St. Thomas a Kempis wrote: For a small reward, a man will hurry away on a long journey, while for eternal life, many will hardly take a single step. Let us pray. Eternal God, we bow before Thee this day, grateful for the many blessings of this life and the responsibilities that Thou hast laid upon us. Grant, O Father, that as we discharge our duties as Members of this House of Representatives, we become not impatient or imprudent; that we seek justifiable remedy for the needs of this state; and that all our efforts and doings will be without personal gain, rather have only that reward of service well done for Thee and Thy creation. Through Jesus Christ we pray. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll Call for attendance. Mr. Clerk...will ya. Introductions, First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 350, Representative Stearney. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 351, Huskey. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 352, Dyer. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to require the teaching of the general practice of medicine and all medical schools established and maintained by the State of Illinois. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 353, Dyer. A Bill for an Act to prohibit hunting in state parks. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill



354, Huskey. A Bill for an Act in relation to immunity from civil damages in connection with the removal of snow and ice from sidewalks. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 355, Winchester. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Equipment Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 356, Ryan. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to certain Commissions. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 357, McClain. A Bill for an Act to provide for supplemental appropriation for the Office of State Appellate Defender. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 358, Friedrich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 359, Friedrich. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Lottery Law. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Approval of the Journal."

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Lechowicz has got it."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz..."

Clerk O'Brien: "Wednesday, January 31, 1979, the House met pursuant to adjournment...."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I move that we dispense with the reading of the Journal. In the Journal #5 of January 31st and Journal #6 of February 1, 1979, be approved as read."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Hearing none, the question is on the Gentleman's motion. Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried. The Journal is approved."

Lechowicz: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Would you also have the record indicate that Representative Capparelli and Nardulli are excused because of illness."

Speaker Redmond: "Let the records so show. Representative Ryan,



do you have excused absences?"

Ryan: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I have Representative Dyer, Neff and Epton to be excused today. And I would like to take this opportunity to thank you, Mr. Speaker, for this...package that you dropped off on my desk with this award and I will reserve any comment on your letter."

Speaker Redmond: "You're very welcome, Sir. Is there any objection to the record indicating the excused absences that the Gentleman referred to? Hearing none the record will so show. Message from the Senate."

Clerk O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives the Senate has passed a Bill with the following title. The passage which I am instructed to ask concurrence of the House of Representatives to wit; Senate Bill #16, passed by the Senate February 7, 1979. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution, the adoption of which I am instructed to ask concurrence of the House of Representatives to wit; Senate Joint Resolution #10 adopted by the Senate February 7, 1979. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz on the adoption of the Adjournment Resolution."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Joint Resolution #10, resolved by the Senate of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois. The House of Representatives concurring herein, that when the Senate adjourns on Wednesday, February 7, 1979, it stands adjourned until Wednesday, February 14, 1979 at 12:00 noon. And when the House of Representatives adjourns on Thursday, February 8, 1979, it stands adjourned until Wednesday, February 14, 1979 at 1:00 P.M."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I move the adoption of the



Adjournment Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of the Adjournment Resolution. Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the adopt...the motion is adopted. Will you make sure that Representative Hudson is recorded as voting 'aye'. Representative Stuffle. On the Order of Motions, appears House Bill 260. Representative Younger is recognized. Out of the record. House Bill 345, Representative Bullock. On the Order of Motions. Representative Bullock, do you desire to have that motion put. It requires 107 affirmative votes."

Bullock: "I would like to wait on Representative Chapman, she is off the floor."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, take it out of the record. House Bill 346, Representative Bullock. Same request? Out of the record. House Bill 355, Representative Winchester. Representative Winchester. Representative Winchester."

Winchester: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. My motion would be to suspend the appropriate rule to advance to Second Reading, Second Legislative Day without reference to Committee. I have discussed it with....that is....on House Bill 355. I discussed it with Representative Ryan, I have not had a chance to discuss it with Representative Madigan. I don't feel that it's a controversial Bill, I consider it an emergency piece of legislation and what it would do would allow rural school districts to use studded tires on their school buses. I've had several telephone calls from superintendent of schools and bus drivers and so on in the rural districts of southern Illinois. And we found that with the use of chains they just can't get out into the....to the rural part of the school districts to pick-up the kids when they can still have school but they can't because they pick up the kids in the rural districts. And the chains just aren't doing the job. So I would ask



that, a favorable vote, Mr. Speaker, to move this Bill to Second Reading, Second Legislative Day without reference to Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion that House Bill 355 be advanced to the Order of Second Reading, without reference to Committee. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to the Gentleman's motion. Certainly at this early stage of the Session I don't feel that there is any need for us to be bypassing Committees and to the moving Bills on to the Calendar without the proper amount of Committee consideration. I might add that just a week ago on a similar motion by Representative Jaffe, one of the Members who rose in great opposition to that motion was none other than the current mover of this motion, Mr. Winchester. He spoke with great eloquence in opposition to Mr. Jaffe's motion and I think that we ought to follow his arguments of a week ago and vote 'no' on his motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Winchester."

Winchester: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. My objection to Representative Jaffe's motion was not the motion to bypass Committee, it was the fact that the legislation was not beneficial to..it was only beneficial to one area of the state. It was not beneficial to the entire state. I've since talked with friends of Representative Jaffe, he had some suggestions and I think that we will probably be supporting this. But let me remind you, Mr. Madigan, that this is an emergency piece of legislation. We have had another snow and another ice in the southern part of the state. We are losing school days simply because we can't get our kids to the school...the ones that live on the bus route. Chains will not do the job. It's going to take studded tires and this legislation would allow only school buses in rural districts of the state to use studded tires between the period of November 1st and April 1st



of each year. I submit, Mr...Mr. Minority Leader, that this is a very important Bill to all rural areas in the State of Illinois and I would now ask your support. It is an emergency piece of legislation. We really can't wait until next year, Mr. Minority Speaker....Minority Leader, we've got to do it now."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Winchester: "Yes."

Darrow: "Representative Winchester, I would assume that you would consider child abuse funding an emergency situation that pertains to the entire state and yet a Bill sponsored by Representative Chapman was placed in a similar position with a similar motion and you voted against that motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, for what purpose do you arise?"

Ryan: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I don't know what all this rhetoric is. I think we ought to put this to a vote, I don't think we have to go through all the reasons who was for whose Bill and who wasn't. If the Gentleman doesn't want to vote for Representative Winchester's Bill that is certainly his privilege. The Majority Leader and the Representative from Rock Island are getting carried away with this, Mr. Speaker. I think we ought to move on with the business."

Speaker Redmond: "The point is well taken. Any further discussion? Representative Winchester to close."

Winchester: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to yield to Representative Stuffle to close please."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Stuffle."

Stuffle: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. Representative Winchester brought this Bill across the aisle the other day to me and said, 'would you be a principal cosponsor with me,' and I said, 'yes I would.' We, right now in my district, have school buses sitting in the snow, we have school buses sitting in the snow in Representative Winchester's district and throughout



the State of Illinois and southern and northern and central Illinois. This is essential now, it is essential now that we could pass this thing in a week if we need to push up the timetable, put the studs on the buses, if the Federal Government wants to argue let them argue. Let's get the buses back moving again, get them out of the snow and let's vote for this motion."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion that House Bill 355 be advanced to the...Representative Getty."

Getty: "Mr...Mr. Speaker, a point of parliamentary inquiry."

Speaker Redmond: "107."

Getty: "No...no. May a Member properly file a motion regarding a Bill which has not yet reached the stage of First Reading? Which I think is the situation before the House at this time. Although it is on the Calendar, it's on the Calendar because a motion was filed but as I understand it, the Bill was not read until today."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Clerk, has 355 been introduced and read a first time? It has been introduced and read a first time, the Clerk advises me."

Getty: "What? Mr. Speaker, the question is, as to that having been done today, it was read a first time as I understand it, today and yet prior to its having been read this motion appeared on our Calendar...regarding a Bill which was not even yet introduced and read a first time."

Speaker Redmond: "The Parliamentarian advises me at this time, it is proper because the Bill has been introduced and read a first time. Probably would have been improper to have done it prior to the Introduction and First Reading but now all of those requirements have been met."

Getty: "Mr. Speaker, I'm looking at 31(b) and would ask that the Parliamentarian would relate that to 31(b) because it really wasn't....it was on the Calendar before it was ever introduced and read."



Speaker Redmond: "It was pre-filed. The Parliamentarian advises me that in his judgement the requirements of that rule have been met and that the motion is proper. The question is on the Gentleman's motion to advance House Bill 355 to the Order of Second Reading without reference. It requires 107 votes. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative Winchester for what purpose do you arise?"

Winchester: "Well to explain my vote, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Winchester: "I'm sorry that I had to get caught in some harangue here with the other side of the aisle, particularly the... the Minority...the distinguished Minority Leader. This is an emergency piece of legislation...."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Winchester, it seems to me that the results of the election indicated that Mr. Madigan is the Majority Leader."

Winchester: "I'm sorry, I'm thinking in the future, Mr. Speaker. Forgive me. Anyway this is...."

Speaker Redmond: "You should live so long."

Winchester: "This is an emergency piece of legislation, it would allow the school buses to get into the rural areas. We have had another snow and another ice in the southern part of the state where we have most of our rural school districts. By being able to bypass Committee and moving to Second Reading, Second Legislative Day, we would be able to save a tremendous amount of time. And that's what it is all about, Mr. Speaker. I just wish that the distinguished Leader from Chicago would change his position and ask his supporters to....to go ahead and vote green on this piece of Bill. It is very, very important to the southern part of the state."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wish? Will take the record. On this question 71 'aye' and 54 'no', the Gentleman's motion fails. Representative Stuffle. Turn the Chair over to Representative Stuffle. Representative Edgar,





Campbell, is that the other one?"

Stuffle: "Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it is my pleasure to have the opportunity today to present.....we got turned off. It's my pleasure today to present to you a constituent of mine and of Representative Campbell, Representative Edgar and Senator Coffey, our former colleague here in the House from the 53th District. This young lady, Sandra Booth from Marshall, Illinois has been selected as Miss Illinois County Fair Queen for 1979. We're all very happy to know that once again that we have the best looking girl in the state in the 53th District and I would like to present to you for a few words, Sandra Booth of Marshall, representing Clark County."

Booth, Sandra: "Thank you. Not more than sixteen days ago was I elected Miss Illinois County Fair Queen and it was a surprise to me and I'm really honored to be here. And I want to invite you all to come to the State Fair, August 9 through 19th. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "I would like to remind you that Representative Stuffle decided that that district had the best looking girls, didn't say anything about men. Representative Stuffle is recognized."

Stuffle: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, at this time I would move for suspension of the rules for immediate consideration in adoption of House Resolution 33, congratulatory Resolution with regard to Miss Booth."

Speaker Redmond: "Has the Resolution been introduced and read? Will you read it, Mr. Clerk."

Clerk Hall: "House Resolution 33, Stuffle-Campbell-Edgar. Whereas, the House welcomes the opportunity to congratulate a fair citizen of the State of Illinois, Miss Sandra Lea Booth upon being named Miss Illinois County Fair Queen 1979; and whereas, she was named Miss Clark County and proudly represents Marshall, Illinois where she has her home; and where she graduated from Marshall High School



in 1978 and is presently attending Lakeland College where she is studying elementary education; and whereas, while a student at Marshall High School Sandra Booth was an energetic participant in school activities which included being a member of the Student Action for Education, the Secretarial Club, Treasurer of the Spanish Club and homecoming attendant. And whereas, Sandra Booth was a cheerleader and a member of the Marshallettes, a drill and dance team. And Whereas, Miss Booth was chosen for this honor because she best exemplifies the qualities of charm, intelligence and beauty. Whereas, the State of Illinois is proud to recognize those achievers among its young people who will continue to grow into positions of increasing leadership and responsibility; therefore, be it Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, that we wish Miss Sandra Booth a successful and happy reign as Miss Illinois County Fair Queen; and that we wish her success in the fulfillment of her future goals; and be it further Resolved, that a suitable copy of this preamble and Resolution be presented to Miss Sandra Lea Booth with the regards of the people of the State of Illinois and the Members of the General Assembly."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion for suspension of the rules to permit immediate consideration of House Resolution 33. Is there any objection? Hearing none, the motion is carried. Now the question is on the adoption of the motion. Those in favor of adoption of House Resolution 33 indicate by saying 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it the motion carried and the Resolution is adopted. Introduction, First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 360, Representative Ronan. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 361, Mautino. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to create the



Illinois Educational Facilities Authority. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 362, Mautino. A Bill for an Act in relation to immunity from civil damages in connection with snow and ice removal. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 363, Mautino. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to license and regulate grain dealers engaged in the business of purchasing grain from the producers thereof. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 364, Kelly. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 365, Kelly. A Bill for an Act regulating..... a Bill for an Act relating to the right of teachers and other educational workers to join unions. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 366, McCourt. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 367, Yourell. A Bill for an Act reducing the state real estate transfer tax and authorizing of counties to impose the real estate transfer tax. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 368, Yourell-Kornowicz. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of Bingo License and Tax Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 369, Flinn-Giorgi. A Bill for an Act relating to participation of public water districts in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 370, Taylor-Pouncey. A Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Department of Local Government Affairs. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 371, Domico. A Bill for an Act in relation to immunity from civil damages in connection with snow and ice removal. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 372, Lechowicz. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 373, Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in regard to limitations. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 374, Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Environmental



Protection Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 375, Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 376, Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend various Acts to make certain administrative decisions subject to judicial review under the Administrative Review Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 377, Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in regard to judgements in the matters of enforcing the same by extention, execution and to provide for the redemption of real estate sold under execution of judgement for the release of liens on real estate by satisfactions of money judgement by the court. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 378, Borchers. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 379, Polk. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 380, Terzich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act creating the law revision Commission to finding its powers and duties. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Introduction....wait a minute. Representative Chapman for what purpose do you arise?"

Chapman: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I move to suspend Rule 18, which is the posting rule, in order to hear House Bill 345 which has been referred to our Committee to hear it this afternoon. Rather than bypassing Committee it really doesn't seem necessary to make this request when our Committee....the Human Resources Committee will be meeting this afternoon. This is a simple Bill but an important one that Representative Bullock has before us. And I believe that since we only have one Bill posted for hearing in the Human Resources Committee this afternoon, it makes a lot of sense to move the business of the House along by having a hearing on this particular proposal."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners. Will the Gentleman standing between Representative Kempiners and the chair, sit down. Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. As Minority spokesman on the House Human Resources Committee, I would object to this motion. I think that we are being misled if we're trying to believe this is a simple Bill. Because it actually reverses the process that we went to in the Department of Public Aid about four years ago. I think that there is a lot of interest in this Bill throughout the state and by suspending the posting rule and hearing it today there may be people who are knowledgeable in this area who would want to testify and I would object for that reason for suspension of the rule."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any further discussion? Representative Bullock."

Bullock: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. As Sponsor of the legislation I think that if perhaps, Representative Kempiners should know that efforts have been made to inform the Department of Public Aid as well as Governor Thompson and other interested parties of the severity and the emergency nature of this request. The Gentleman alluded to the 1975 change, which was in fact ruled unconstitutional in a suit by the Legal Aid Foundation. What we attempt to do, with this simple piece of legislation, is to grant the kind of human service relief to those individuals who have not been granted relief during the severe weather and blizzard of '79. We have granted relief to business and commerce and units of local government and the precedent is there and, Mr. Speaker, I would respectfully request that we vote 'yes' on Representative Chapman's motion to suspend Rule 18 so that we can grant the type of relief necessary to the blind, the 'ailable' and the poor of our state who need some due to the severe weather condition."



Speaker Redmond: "Are you ready for the question? No, postponing. 345. 345 and 346, was it, Representative Chapman? Representative Chapman."

Chapman: "Only...only 345."

Speaker Redmond: "345. Representative Collins."

Collins: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I rise to oppose this motion and not out of any opposition to the Bill because I...I think that it is obviously a laudable cause. However, there are so many answers that have to be satisfied, that I do... I think that a full Committee hearing is...is indicated and to have one on this short notice, I think you will agree is impossible. I know the Department of Public Aid has indicated that they want to provide some input, the Governor's Office has, there...there...there's just a widespread scope of questions that need to be answered here in a full Committee hearing. I don't think that one more week would impose that...any greater burden upon these people who are looking for assistance. And I would urge at this time that we defer action for a week and have a full hearing on this subject of...at the earliest possible convenience. There are a lot of people who want to be heard on these Bills, I think if all of these people who want to be heard will indicate support. But they are...there is answers as to how money is to be allocated, how people are to be determined eligible for aid and what funds will be transferred. So at this time I urge just a little caution, one more week I don't believe will hurt anything and I think we are rushing into something hastily which we may live to regret. As I say, there will be widespread report.... support for these Bills, all I'm asking you is, wait until the next Committee hearing so that these various agencies can provide the input and ask the questions and get the answers to their satisfaction, so that everyone can work in a cooperative effort to provide



assistance for these people who have suffered because of the weather."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Catania."

Catania: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. I rise in support of the motion and I would like to respond to the points raised by the speaker who just addressed the issue. He said that we shouldn't have a Committee hearing this afternoon because the Department of Public Aid and the Governor's Office wants to have a chance to testify. Well obviously the Governor's Office and the Department of Public Aid know all about it and they are all set to come and testify so I don't think that they are part of the problem. He also said, we need to have a full Committee hearing, well we're going to have a full Committee hearing. It's posted and the principal Sponsor, Representative Bullock, did notify everyone he could think of as well as having a press conference yesterday morning and I know it is covered in this morning papers. So that I think most of the people who needed to know about have been informed. I am amazed that there is opposition to addressing this issue this afternoon. We also heard that there is some question about where the funds are going to come from. It's very clear if you look at the Bill. All it is is a transfer into a special fund so there can be one time emergency payment for victims of natural disaster and I think we're all very sure what that means. I don't see why there should be a delay, we're talking about an emergency situation and I ask for your support of the motion."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Oblinger."

Oblinger: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. In answer to Representative Catania, I promised when I ran for this Body that I would vote as an informed Member. I have never seen the Bill and I think it is ridiculous for me have to sit in and listen to people testify about something



I don't even know."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? The question is on the Lady's motion for the suspension of the rule, the publication rule to permit the hearing of House Bill 345 at the meeting this afternoon. Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. All voted who wish? All voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 73 'aye' and 63 'no' and the Lady's motion fails. Representative Chapman, do you seek recognition with respect to House Bill 346? Okay. Representative Webber Borchers on a matter of personal privilege. Use Epton's phone there...Webber. Why don't you use Epton's...it's closer. Representative Borchers on a matter of personal privilege."

Borchers: "Mr. Speaker and fellow Members of the House, I want to take up a matter for a few minutes to bring everybody up-to-date and...because I think you have a right to know what can happen to a Legislator. I'll make this as brief as possible. I understand that about half of the Membership here are new. In 1969 and 1970 when all the radical activity was going on, I was very deeply committed in fighting the radical groups, such as the Weathermen, the Black Panthers, Students for Democratic Society and there ilk. Now....'unintelligible'....I had thrown at my house as a result of my activities, a fire bomb, five men came down from Chicago to kill me, threatened to kill my family, my children...my grandchildren rather, my daughter and a neighbor woman. Now I'm telling you this so you will understand this was a serious matter and a serious time. I put in Bills and Resolutions in relation to these matters, some of which passed and some caused quite a deal of influence in the State of Illinois. Now I hired a young colored man, who I sent to the Black Panthers, Weathermen, etc. Now this is no funny thing. His life could have been in danger. I worked with the French Underground in World War II, part of the time. And I





know that when you're responsible for the lives and health of men that your responsibility to protect them to the very best of your ability. If you remember, at that time there were a lot of leaks in government. Now I was forced to protect him to...I asked a secretary to put in the two vouchers involved that caused four years later, a lot of trouble...for me. Now under the rules, you had to have the social security number of the person on the voucher. To me with my experience in France and with the underground, I knew this was a dead giveaway and could possible cause death or injury to the man I had sent into these dangerous positions. Now the social security number was all put on two vouchers, one for...fifteen hundred dollars, for two years of work in the campus...on the campuses. The other, one hundred and fifty dollars, was for the Kickapoo Creek up there where many of you who were there...here at that time, remember I showed the movies of the nakedness and the selling of drugs and many of you, I'm sure remember of going to my new...movies in Executive Committee on that particular Bill in relation to mass assemblies Bill. Now I would like to just tell you that....to...that a voucher number would betray anyone at that time who might have been active in anti-radical activities. Now four years went by, four whole years and all of a sudden I was indicated for misusing this one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars. The Federal trial....the jury acquitted me in the Federal trial and the jury came up afterwards and said I should have been given a medal for what I was doing. Then Sangamon County charged me again with misuse of the same one thousand and six hundred and fifty dollars. Now I lost that trial, however, we went to the Supreme Court and the Supreme Court said that it was double jeopardy, which of course it was. Now, I just want to tell you one other thing in relation to that Sangamon County trial. The Judge involved was a fellow



by the name of Richard Mills, he was running for the Appellate Court from my district. When four years before he had run for the Appellate Court, I had opposed him. My attorney before the trial, during the trial and after the trial requested that he remove himself because of possible political prejudice. He did not do so. And then afterwards, as many of you recollect, he put a five-year gag rule on me that I couldn't even talk about my own case to anybody. Never has this happened according to the American Civil Liberties Union anywhere in the United States or any Court of Justice. But this was the first time this kind of attempt was made. Now the last, now I'm sure none of....very few of you know about this. After both trials were over and finished we found out that a young man by the name of Dan Koffman, had become the foreman of the Federal Grand Jury that originally started all this indictment. Now, Dan Foreman, in 1969 and '70 was one of the campus radical leaders and organizing marchers on the campuses in Illinois. He.... we found it out, the Decatur Herald Review reporter heard about it and they checked it out...the Decatur Tribune checked it out, he first lied to them, said he wasn't on the Grand Jury. When they checked it out, they found that he had lied, that he was on the Grand Jury. Not only that....the foreman thereof, they went to the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the...of the....of the Federal Court of that Judicial District and found that in 1974, there were exactly one million, eighty-five thousand six hundred and eighty-seven possible Federal Grand Jurors and yet he out of that number became the foreman. And in addition, they found...we found, the papers, the Decatur Herald Review and the Tribune found that he had written twenty letters to the editor in 1969 and '70 and in three of those letters he had named me by name, saying he and his friends were going to get me thrown out of the Legislature



Well, they succeeded for a short time but you see it didn't last because here I am. So that's what I want you to know happened. And beware yourselves.....beware yourselves, you might fall in the same trap but you've got to do your duty to your country first. Thank you."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz. This is a very important announcement, will you please pay attention. Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as you know due to the extremely cold weather, not only do we have a serious snow situation in many portions of the state, not only where the schools closed for a good amount of time, but that the snow has also driven in some rodents into the State Capital. I just want to point out the fact that the bags that are located under certain desks are for rodent control and I would hope that the Members would leave the bags there for its purpose. And I would also ask that the Membership inspect your own respective desks, its contents and kindly remove all food particles that may be left in your desks or in the drawer file. Hopefully the House chambers have been reviewed by the Doorkeeper and his staff and they removed quite a few of the food particles that were left behind by the Membership...candy bars, salt and etc. But kindly inspect your own premises, tidy it up so we can get the job done. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any announcements? Representative Van Duyne."

Van Duyne: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I just wanted to make sure that you and all the other Members here on the floor know who that fellow is up there with the sort of dark glasses...our reluctant exoccupant of this seat, Representative Tipsword."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Katz."

Katz: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I want to remind everyone that tomorrow morning at 9:30 here on the House floor all Members of the House are invited to be present and to present any suggestions with regard to changes in the House Rules. A testimony of the Members are very welcome by the Rules Committee and all Members are urged to have no reluctance to come and share their thoughts on how the conduct of the House can be more



efficaciously handled. The second announcement, Mr. Speaker is, that immediately after adjournment here today there will be a meeting of the House Rules Committee in the Speakers Office, it will be very quick. That is only for the Members of the Rules Committee, a meeting immediately upon adjournment today in the Speakers Office."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Mr. Speaker, now that we're not invited to the House Rules Committee today, the Members of the House Revenue Committee will be meeting at 2 P.M., very important meeting in 118. Not only does Representative Skinner has some earth shaking legislation but we're going to hear from the new Director of Revenue, James Able, and his crew who will be working with us this year and appoint Subcommittees so, the Revenue Committee will meet today at 2 P.M. in room 118 to get underway."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "Thank you. Mr. Speaker, I just want to remind Members, since there are a lot of new Members, that in my procedure for Elementary and Secondary is that if you have a Bill which you want to be heard, we will not post it until you tell us to post it. It does not automatically get posted when it comes to my Committee. We will be holding hearings tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. We have a heavy work load."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Yes, Mr. Speaker. The Elections Committee will meet promptly at 2 o'clock and I urge all the Membership to be there."

Speaker Redmond: "Any other announcements? Anything further? Agreed Resolutions."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 35, McPike. 36, Ralph Dunn. 37, Yourell. 38, Yourell. 39, Hoxsey and 40, Lechowicz."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "Mr. Clerk, did you read Resolution 33 or was that adopted



earlier?"

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion?"

Giorgi: "33."

Clerk O'Brien: "35 is the first."

Giorgi: "How about Stuffle's 33 on Sandra Lee Booth."

Speaker Redmond: "That's been adopted."

Giorgi: "Adopted. Alright... 35...."

Clerk O'Brien: "We adopted it."

Giorgi: "McPike tells about the wedding anniversary of Garcia. 36 by Dunn-Margalus as a 100th birthday of Louise Burke. Yourell, 37, Oak Lawn Lions Club. Yourell, 38 credit to Bernie Lynch. Hoxsey, 39, marks eagle scout award and 40 reconizes another 100th birthday. I move for the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Agreed Resolutions. Those in favor say 'aye', 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the motion carried and the Agreed Resolutions are adopted. Death Resolution of a former Member. Death Resolution of a former Member."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Resolution 34, Representative Rae. Whereas, the House has learned with great sorrow and sadness of the passing of the Honorable Herbert L. Upchurch; and Whereas, Herbert Upchurch served as a Member of this Body for three terms from 1940 through 1946. Whereas, he also served as Doorkeeper for a period of time and whereas, Mr. Upchurch was a respected educator for over 35 years and whereas, he served as President of the Franklin County Teachers' Association and as Assistant County Superintendent of Schools in Franklin County. And whereas, he also served his community as an officer...Office Deputy in the Sheriff's Office of Franklin County. And whereas, he was known as a man of great energy and many interests who was very active in the nondenominational church in Benton; and Whereas, his passing is a severe loss, not



only to the members of his immediate family but also to his community and the state he served so well; therefore, be it resolved by the House of Representatives of 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, that we express our profound sorrow and deep sense of loss upon the death of our former colleague, the Honorable Herbert L. Upchurch and that to his bereaved family we extend our heartfelt sympathy and be it further resolved that a suitable copy of this preamble and Resolution be presented to Mrs. Lucille Upchurch as an expression of our condolences."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Rea."

Rea: "Congratulation."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of the Death Resolution for a former Member. Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carries and the Resolution is adopted. Madigan. It's time to adjourn now until three tomorrow but we will stand in Perfunctory Session for introduction of Bills and Constitutional Amendments."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I so move that we adjourn until 3 A.M..... 3 P.M. tomorrow."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion, that we stand in Perfunctory Session and then stand adjourned until 3 P.M. tomorrow. Those in favor indicate by saying 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carried. The House stands adjourned until 3 o'clock tomorrow."

#### Perfunctory Session

Clerk O'Brien: "Introduction and First Reading of Bills. House Bill 381, Griesheimer. A Bill for an Act in relation to licensing of motor vehicle repairmen, establishing the Board of Motor Vehicle Services and Repair, define it duties. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 382, Kozubowski. A Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation. First Reading of the



Bill. House Bill 383, Winchester. A Bill for an Act authorizing the Department of Mental Health and Development Disabilities to convey certain real property to the City of Anna. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 384, Macdonald. A Bill for an Act in relation to immunity from civil damages in connection with snow and ice removal. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 385, Wolf-Marovitz. A Bill for an Act in relation to the commercial relocation or removal of transferring vehicles from private property. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 386, Tuerk. A Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Department of Local Government Affairs. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 387, Mahar. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the National Guard Scholarship Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 388, Harris-Winchester. A Bill for an Act to establish a voluntary program whereby private forest land owners may earn sufficient monies to assure by agreement the perpetuation and scientific resource management of their forest lands. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 389, Harris-Winchester. A Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Illinois Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 390, Christensen. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 391, Younge. A Bill for an Act creating the East St. Louis Depressed Areas Land Use and Community Development Authority. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 392, Younge. A Bill for an Act making appropriation to the East St. Louis Depressed Area Land Use and Community Development Authority. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 393, Younge. A Bill for an Act to promote the economic development of depressed areas by creating Depressed Areas Land Use Community Development Fund. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 394, Younge. A Bill for an Act to create the Regional Capital Development Authority.





First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 395, Younge. A Bill for an Act to create the Drepessed Area Land Use and Community Development Authority. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 396, no Sponsor.....House Bill 396, Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 397, Representative Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 398, Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 399, Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 400, Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 401, Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 402, Huff. A Bill for an Act to establish the Illinois Insurance Regulatory Board. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 403, Huff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 404, Huff. A Bill for an Act to establish the Family Catastrophe Reinsurance Facility. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 405, Huff. A Bill for an Act to require the use of understandable language in insurance policies. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 40....406, Huff. A Bill for an Act relating to compulsory no fault motor vehicle insurance. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 407, Edgar. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill.

Introduction and First Reading of Constitutional Amendments.  
House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment #13, Totten. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein. There shall be submitted to the electors



of the state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution. A proposition to amend Section 11 of Article IX of the Constitution to read as follows: Article IX. Section 11. Limitations on total of state taxes, on the share committed to local governments and on ad valorem personal...on ad valorem property taxes - prohibition of mandate of local programs without state funding - provisions for the transfer of programs. (a) There is hereby established a limit on the taxes imposed by the General Assembly for any fiscal year. The state shall not impose taxes of any kind which, together with all other revenues of the state, except revenues received from the Federal Government, revenues received by the state revolving fund, receipts from the sale of general obligation bonds, the contributions to and earnings of trust funds in the custody of the State Treasurer, shall exceed 8% of the average annual personal income of Illinois of the next to last full calendar year preceding the year in which the fiscal year begins and the prior two calendar years. 'Personal income of Illinois' is the total income received by persons in Illinois from all sources, including transfer payments, as defined and officially reported by the United States Department of Commerce or its successor agency. No expenses of state government shall be incurred for any fiscal year which exceed in amount the revenue limit established by this Section. (b) For any fiscal year in the event that total revenues of the state exceed the revenue limit established in subsection (a) of this Section by 2% or less, this excess shall be transferred, as determined by the General Assembly, to a Budget Stabilization Fund in the State Treasury. The total amount maintained in the Budget Stabilization Fund shall exceed...shall not exceed 2% of the revenue limit established in subsection (a) of this



Section. Revenues allocated to the Budget Stabilization Fund in excess of the limit shall be available for redistribution as provided in subsection (c) of this Section. Expenditures from the Budget Stabilization Fund may be made only if all the following conditions are met: 1. The Governor requests the General Assembly to declare an emergency; 2. The request is specific as to the nature of the emergency and the dollar amount of the emergency; and 3. The General Assembly thereafter declares an emergency in accordance with the Governor's request by a Joint Resolution adopted by a three-fifths vote of the Members elected to each House. The Bills providing for the appropriation of funds for the emergency must be passed by a three-fifths vote of the Members elected to each House. Total revenues of the state means all public funds received by the state but does not include revenues received from the Federal Government, revenues received by the state's revolving funds, receipts from the sale of general obligation bonds, nor the contributions to and earnings of trust funds in custody of the State Treasurer. If it is determined that the amount of the Budget Stabilization Fund is less than the amount needed to meet an emergency situation, taxes in excess of the limit established in subsection (a) of this Sections may be imposed and collected only if all of the following conditions are met: 1. The Governor requests the General Assembly to declare an emergency. 2. The request is specific as to the nature of the emergency, the dollar amount of the emergency and the method by which the emergency will be funded; and 3. Upon receiving the request the General Assembly declares an emergency in accordance with the specifications of the Governor's request by a Joint Resoluituion adopted by a two-thirds vote of the Members elected to each House. The Bills provided for the appropriation of funds for the emergency must be passed by a two-thirds vote of the



Members elected to each House. The emergency must be declared in accordance with these procedures prior to incurring any of the expense which constitutes the specific emergency request. The revenue limitation may be exceeded only for the fiscal year in which the emergency is declared; in subsequent fiscal years the revenue limit of subsection (a) of this Section shall again take effect. An emergency shall not be declared in two successive fiscal years without the approval of a majority of the qualified electors of the state voting thereon. Income earned from the funds maintained in the Budget Stabilization Fund shall accrue to the fund. At the end of the....at the end of each fiscal year any balance in the Budget Stabilization Fund in excess of the 2% required by this subsection for the Budget Stabilization Fund for the succeeding fiscal year shall be available for redistribution as provided in subsection (c) of this Section. (c) For any fiscal year in the event that total revenues of the state exceed the revenue limit established in subsection (a) of this Section by more than 2% of the amount in the Budget Stabilization Fund exceeds the level established by Section (b) of this Section, or both, the General Assembly shall provide for redistribution of the excess revenues in any of the following three methods: 1. Distribution to the various state pension funds established by law in proportion to the respective actuarial reserve deficiencies of the several funds based on the benefits in effect at the time of the effective date of this Section. Funds distributed under this message....method shall be used only to reduce the actuarial reserve deficiencies of the various state pension funds: 2 Distribution for the retirement of outstanding general obligation bonds of the state. Funds distributed under this method shall not be used to pay current principal and interest charges but shall only be used to retire outstanding general obligation bonds; and



3. In the form of the reducing of the rebating...of the reducing or the rebating of state taxes. (d) There is hereby established a limit on the ad valorem taxes levied on personal property by units of local government and school districts. The total yield resulting from the application of the tax rate for any tax year to the assessed valuation of real property as finally equalized for that year, including the value of new construction and improvements and property added by annexation, shall not be increased over the yield in the previous year in excess of 75% of the increase s in the Consumer Price Index, all items for the United. ~~For~~ all items for the United States as defined and reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, or successor agency, for the last full calendar year prior to the date the unit of local government or school district levies such taxes. If the total yield exceeds this limit the tax rate applied to equalized assessed valuation shall be reduced to produce a yield which reflects no more than the limit established by this subsection. The revised tax rate shall then be applied to the equalized assessed valuation of new construction and improvements and property added by annexation. The limitation of this subsection shall not apply to taxes imposed for the payment of principal and interest on bonds or other evidence of indebtedness or for the payments of assessments on contract obligations in anticipation of which bonds are issued which were authorized prior to the effective date of this Section. If the definition of the tax base is broadened, the tax rate of the new base in each unit of local government and school district shall be reduced to provide the same total yield as the prior base. The limitations of this subsection shall apply to home rule units; however, the home rules unit may, by a majority vote of the qualified electors of the home rule unit voting thereon, determine that the



provisions of this subsection shall not apply to their home rule unit. The home rule unit may subsequently determine that the provisions of this subsection shall apply by a majority of the qualified electors of the home rule unit voting thereon. The tax rate of a unit of local government or school district may be increased to yield revenue exceeding the limits established by this subsection only with the approval of the majority of the qualified electors of the unit of local government or school district voting thereon. If such an increase is approved, then the total yield incurring the next tax rate shall be used to determine the limitation in the succeeding year. (e) Whenever a law or by court order the responsibility for defraying the cost of a program is transferred from one unit of government to another unit of government, the total yield established by this Section for the unit of Government to which such responsibility was transferred shall be commensurately increased and the total yield established by this Section for the unit of government from which such responsibility was transferred shall be commensurately decreased. The Gen... (f) The General Assembly shall by law prescribe the manner by which any unit of local government or school district created after the effective date of this Section shall determine the limits established in subsection (d) of this Section during the first year of its existence. No new unit of local government or school district shall be created after the effective date of this Section, except by the approval of the majority of the qualified electors of the proposed unit of local government or school district voting thereon.

(g) For any fiscal year that proposition of the state expend... that proportion of the state expenditures paid to all units of local government and school districts shall not be reduced below the proportion paid to all units of local government and school districts in fiscal year 1980.



(h) The state shall appropriate funds for each unit of local government and school district to reimburse it for the full costs for mandates enacted after the effective date of this Section. However, where the General Assembly is required to enact legislation to comply with a federal mandate, the state shall be exempt from the requirement of reimbursing a unit of local government or school district for the cost of the mandate. State mandates for which funds are not appropriated to reimburse units of local government and school districts are void until such time as the required funds are appropriated. No unit of local government or school district shall be required to implement any mandate enacted after the effective date of this Section unless the mandate is the result of a federal or court mandate or funds are appropriated for the unit of local government or school district for the cost of the mandate, as determined by the General Assembly. The limits established by subsection (d) of this Section shall not apply to new or expanded federal or court mandates. (i) Any taxes imposed to replace the revenue lost due to the abolishment of personal property taxes under subsection (c) of Section 5 of Article IX shall not be state taxes for the purpose of this Section and the proceeds of such taxes shall not be included in the computation under subsection (g) of this Section of the proportion of state expenditures distributed to units of local government and school districts. (j) The General Assembly shall provide by law for the implementation of the provisions of this Section. Schedule If approved by the electors, this Amendment takes effect July 1 next occurring after its adoption. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment."

Clerk Hall: "Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 14. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate



concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution reads as follows: Article IV. The Legislature. Section 5. Sessions. (a) The General Assembly shall convene each year on the second Monday....second Wednesday of January. Regular Sessions convening in even-numbered years shall be budgetary Session and the General Assembly at such regular Sessions shall consider or enact only emergency Bill or Bills making appropriations or relating to state revenue. An emergency Bill must receive the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of the Members elected to each House in order to pass, and the emergency shall be expressed in the preamble or body of the Bill. Standing Committees of either House may meet and hold hearing at any time. The General Assembly shall be a continuous Body during the term for which Members of the House of Representatives are elected. The Governor may convene the General Assembly or the Senate alone in special Sessions by a proclamation stating the purpose of the Session, and only business encompassed by such purpose, together with any impeachments or confirmation of appointments shall be transacted. Special Sessions of the General Assembly may also be convened by joint proclamation of the presiding officers of both Houses, issued as provided by law. Sessions of each House of the General Assembly and meetings of Committees, Joint Committees and Legislative Commissions shall be open to the public. Sessions and Committee meetings of a House may be closed to the public if two-thirds of the Members elected to that House determine that the public interest so requires; and meetings of Joint Committees and Legislative Commissions may be so closed if two-thirds of the Members elected to each House so determine.





Schedule. This Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution takes effects January 1 next occurring after its approval by the electors of the state. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment. Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 15. Friedland. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Sections 1, 2 and 3 of Article IV and Section 1 of Article XIV of the Illinois Constitution to read as follows: Article IV. The Legislature. Section 1. Legislature-Power and Structure. The legislative power is vested in the General Assembly consisting of a Senate of 59 Members and a House of Representatives of 118 Members elected by the electors from 59 Senatorial and 118 Representative Districts. Section 2. Legislative Composition. One Senator shall be elected from each Senatorial District. Immediately following each decennial redistricting, the General Assembly by law shall divide the Senatorial Districts as equally as possible into three groups. Senators from one group shall be elected for terms of four years, four years and two years; Senators from the second group, for terms of four years, two years and four years. The Senators from the third group, for terms of two years, four years and four years. The Senatorial Districts in each group shall be distributed substantially equally over the state. (b) Each Senatorial District shall be divided into two Representative Districts and one Representative shall be elected from each Representative District for a term of two years. (c) To be eligible to serve as a Members of the General Assembly, a person must be a United States citizen, at least 21 years old, and for



the two years preceding his election or appointment a resident of the district which he is to represent. In the general election following a redistricting, a candidate for the General Assembly may be elected from any district which contains a part of the district in which he resided at the time of the redistricting and reelected if a resident of the new district he represents for 18 months prior to that reelection. (d) Within thirty days after vacancy occurs, it shall be filled by appointment as provided by law. If the vacancy is in a Senatorial office with more than twenty-eight months remaining in the term, the appointed Senator shall serve until the next general election, at which time a Senator shall be elected to serve for the remainder of the term. If the vacancy is in a Representative office or in any other Senatorial office, the appointment shall be for the remainder of the term. An appointee to fill a vacancy shall be a Member of the same political party as the person he succeeds. (e) No Member of the General Assembly shall receive compensation as a public officer or employee from any other governmental entity for time during which he is in attendance as a Member of the General Assembly. No Member of the General Assembly during the term for which he is elected or appointed shall be appointed to a public office which shall have been created or compensation for which shall have been increased by the General Assembly during that term.

Section 3. Legislative Redistricting. Senatorial and Representative Districts shall be compact, contiguous and substantially equal in population. In the year following each Federal decennial census year, the General Assembly by law shall redistrict the House and Senate. If no redistricting plan becomes effective by June 30 of that year, the Legislative Redistricting Commission shall be constituted no later than July 10. The Commission shall consist of eight Members, no more than four of whom shall



be Members of the same political party. The Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives shall each appoint to the Commission one Representative and one person who is not a Member of the General Assembly. The President and Minority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint to that Commission, one Senator and one person who is not a Member of the General Assembly. The Members shall be certified to the Secretary of State by the appointing authorities. A Vacancy on the Commission shall be filled within five days by the authority that made the original appointment. A Chairman and Vice Chairman shall be chosen by a majority of all Members of the Commission. Not later than August 10, the Commission shall file with the Secretary of State a redistricting plan approved at least five Members. If the Commission fails to file an approved redistricting plan, the Supreme Court shall submit the names of two persons, not of the same political party, to the Secretary of State not later than September 1. Not later than September 5, the Secretary of State publicly shall draw by random selection the name of one of the two persons to serve as the ninth Member of the Commission. Not later than October 5, the Commission shall file with the Secretary of State a redistricting plan approved by at least five Members. An approved redistricting plan filed with the Secretary of State shall be presumed valid, shall have the force and effect of law and shall be published promptly by the Secretary of State. The Supreme Court shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction over actions concerning redistricting the House and Senate, which shall be initiated in the name of the people of the state by the Attorney General. Article XIV. Constitutional Revision. Section 1. Constitutional Convention. Whenever three-fifths of the Members elected to each House of the General Assembly so direct, the question of whether a Constitutional Convention should be called shall be



submitted to the electors at the general election next occurring at least six months after such legislative direction. (b) If the question of whether a Convention should be called is not submitted during the twenty-one... year per...twenty year period, the Secretary of State shall submit such question at the general election in the twentieth year following the last submission. The vote on whether to call a Convention shall be on a separate ballot. The Convention shall be called if approved by three-fifths of those voting on the question or a majority of those voting in the election. The General Assembly, at the Session following approval by the electors by law shall provide for the Convention and for the election of one delegate from each Representative District; designated the time and place of the Convention's first meeting which shall be within three months after the election of delegates; fix and provide for the pay of delegates and officers; and provide for expenses necessarily incurred by the Convention. To be eligible to be a delegate a person must meet the same eligibility requirements as a Member of the General Assembly. Vacancies shall be filled as provided by law. This Convention shall prepare such revision of or Amendments to the Constitution as it deems necessary. Any proposed revision or Amendments approved by the majority of the delegates elected shall be submitted to the electors in such manner as the Convention determines, at an election designated or called by the Convention during not less than two nor more than six months after the Convention's adjournment. Any Resolutions or Amendments proposed by the Convention shall be published and with explanation, as the Convention provides at least one month preceding the election. The vote on the proposed revision or Amendments shall be on separate ballot. Any proposed revision or Amendments shall be...become effective as the Convention provides, if approved by the majority of those



voting on the question. Schedule. This Amendment, if adopted at the general election in November, 1980, shall apply to and govern the decennial redistricting of 1981 and subsequent redistricting and the nomination and election of Senators and Representative in 1982 and thereafter.

First Reading of this Constitutional Amendment.

Clerk Hall: "Chalkie."

Clerk Aikman: "Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 16.

Alexander, et al. Whereas, the Ninety-fifth Congress of the United States of America, at its Second Session in both Houses by a Constitutional majority of two-thirds thereof, adopted the following proposition to amend the Constitution of the United States of America. House Joint Resolution. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of America in Congress Assembled (two-thirds of each House concurring therein), that the following article is proposed as an Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress. Article. Section 1. For purposes of representation in the Congress, election of the President and Vice President, and Article V of this Constitution, the district constituting the seat of government of the United States shall be treated as though it were a state.

Section 2. The exercise of the rights and powers conferred under this article shall be by the people of the district constituting the seat of government, and as shall be provided by the Congress. Section 3. The twenty-third Article of Amendment to the Constitution of the United States is hereby repealed. Section 4. This Article shall be inoperative, unless it shall have been ratified as an Amendment to the Constitution by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the



date of its submission. Therefore, be it Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that such proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States be and the same is hereby ratified; and be it further Resolved, that a certified copy of this Resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of State of Illinois to the Administrator of General Services of the United States, to the President pro tem for the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representative of the Congress of the United States and to each Senator and Representative from Illinois in the Congress of the United States. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment."

Clerk Hall: "Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 17, Griesheimer. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Section 5 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution to read as follows; Article IV. The Legislature. Session. The General Assembly shall convene each year on the Wednesday following the second Monday of January. The General Assembly shall be a continuous Body during the term for which Members of the House of Representative are elected. The Governor may convene the General Assembly or the Senate alone in special Session by a proclamation stating the purpose of the Session; and only business encompassed by such purpose, together with any impeachments or confirmation of appointments shall be transacted. Special Sessions of the General Assembly may also be convened by joint proclamation of the presiding officers of both Houses, issued as provided by law. Sessions of each House of the General Assembly and meetings of committees,



Joint Committees and Legislative Commissions shall be open to the public. Sessions and Committee meetings of any House may be closed to public if two-thirds of the Members elected to that House determine that the public interest so requires; and meetings of Joint Committees and Legislative Commissions may be so closed if two-thirds of the Members elected to each House so determine. Schedule. This Amendment takes effect immediately upon its approval by the electors. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment."

Clerk Leon: "Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 18, Hudson. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Section 11 of Article IV of the Constitution to read as follows: Article IV. Section 11. Compensation and Allowances. A Member shall receive a salary and allowances as provided by law, but changes in the salary of a Member shall not take effect during the term for which he has been elected. Legislation increasing the salary or allowances of a Members may be enacted only during the first year of the term for which Members of the House of Representatives are elected. Schedule. This Amendment to Section 11 of Article IV of the Constitution of the United States....State of Illinois takes effect upon its approval by the electors of this state. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment. Resolution Constitutional Amendment 19, Yourell. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring



at least 6 months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Section 11 of Article IV of the Constitution to read as follows: Article IV. Section 11. Compensation and Allowances. A Member shall receive a salary and allowances as provided by law. The statutorily established salary shall increase or decrease, beginning on the second Wednesday of January of each year, at the same rate as the increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers compiled by the United States Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics for the period from January 1 to December 31 of the preceding year. Changes in the salary of a Member other than the changes authorized by this Section corresponding to changes in the Consumer Price Index, shall not take effect during the term for which he has been elected. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment."

Clerk Hall: "Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 20, Deuster. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Section 4 of Article XIV of the Constitution to read as follows: Article XIV. Constitutional Revision. Section 4. Amendments to the Constitution of the United States. The affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members elected to each House of the General Assembly shall be required to request Congress to call a Federal Constitutional Convention, or to call a State Convention to ratify a proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The affirmative vote of a majority of the Members elected to each House of the General Assembly is required to ratify a proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The General Assembly shall not take





action on any proposed Amendment to the Constitution of the United States submitted for ratification by legislatures unless a majority of the Members of the General Assembly shall have been elected after the proposed Amendment has been submitted for ratification. The requirements of this Section shall govern to the extent that they are not inconsistent with requirements established by the United States. Schedule. This Amendment to Section 4 of Article XIV of the Constitution takes effect upon its approval by the electors of this state. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment. Joint Resolution Constitutional Amedment 21. Resolved by the House of Representatives of the 81st General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein, that there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to amend Sections 1, 2 and 3 of Article IV, from Section 1 of Article XIV of the Illinois Constitution to read as follows: Article IV. The Legislature. Section 1, Legislature-Power and Structure. The legislative power is vested in the General Assembly consisting of a Senate of 59 Members and the House of Representatives of 118 Members elected...electors from 59 Senatorial and 118 Representative Districts. Legislative Composition. One Senator shall be elected from each Senatorial District. Immediately following each decennial redistricting, the General Assembly by law shall divide the Senatorial Districts as equally as possible into three groups. Senators from one group shall be elected for terms of four year, four year and two years; Senators from the second group, for terms of four years, two years and four years. The Senators from the third group, for group, for terms of two years, four years and four years. The Senatorial Districts in each group shall be distributed



substantially equally over the state. Each Senatorial District shall be divided into two Representative Districts and one Representative shall be elected from each Representative District for a term of two years. To be eligible to serve as a Member of the General Assembly, a person must be United States citizen, at least 21 years old and for the two years preceding his election or appointment a resident of the district which he is to represent. In the general election following a redistricting, a candidate for the General Assembly may be elected from any district which contains a part of the district in which he resided at the time of the redistricting if reelected if a resident of a new district he represents for 18 months prior to reelection. Within thirty days after a vacancy occurs, it shall be filled by appointment as provided by law. If the vacancy is in a Senatorial office with more than twenty-eight months remaining in the term, the appointed Senator shall serve until the next general election, at which time a Senator shall be elected to serve for the remainder of the term. If the vacancy is in a Representative office or in any other Senatorial office, the appointment shall be for the remainder of the term. An appointee to fill a vacancy shall be a Member of the same political party as the person he succeeds. No Member of the General Assembly shall receive compensation as a public officer or employee from any other governmental entity for time which he is in attendance as a Member of the General Assembly. No Member of the General Assembly during the term for which he was elected or appointed shall be appointed to a public office which shall have been created or the compensation for which shall have been increased by the General Assembly during that term. Redistricting. Senatorial and Representative Districts shall be compact, contiguous and substantially equal in population. In the year following each federal



decennial census year, the General Assembly by law shall redistrict the House and Senate. If no redistricting plan becomes effective by June 30 of that year, the Legislative Redistricting Commission shall be constituted not later than July 10. The Commission shall consist of eight Members, no more than four of whom shall be Members of the same political part. The Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives shall each appoint to the Commission one Representative and one person who is not a Member of the General Assembly. The President and Minority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint to the Commission one Senator and one person who is not a Member of the General Assembly. The Members shall be certified to the Secretary of State by the appointing authorities. On a vacancy on the Commission shall be filled within five days by the authority that made the original appointment. A Chairman and Vice Chairman shall be chosen by a majority of all Members of the Commission. Not later than August 10, the Commission shall file with the Secretary of State a redistricting plan provided by at least five Members. If the Commission fails to file an approved redistricting plan, the Supreme Court shall submit the names of two persons, not of the same political party, to the Secretary of State not later than September 1st. Not later than September 5, the Secretary of State publicly shall draw by random of selection the name of one of the two persons to serve as the ninth Member of the Commission. Not later than October 5, the Commission shall file with the Secretary of State a redistricting plan provided by... approved by at least five Members. An approved redistricting plan filed with the Secretary of State shall be presumed valid, shall have the force and effect of law and shall be published promptly by the Secretary of State. The Supreme Court shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction over actions concerning redistricting in the House and



Senate, which shall be initiated in the name of the people of the state of the Attorney General. Article XIV. Constitutional Revision. Constitutional Convention. Whenever three-fifths of the Members elected to each House of the General Assembly so direct, the question of whether a Constitutional Convention should be called shall be submitted to the electors at the general election next occurring at least six months after such legislative direction. If the question of whether a Convention should be called is not submitted during any twenty-year period, the Secretary of State shall submit such question at the general election in the twentieth year following the last submission. The vote on whether to call a convention shall be on a separate ballot. A convention shall be called if approved by three-fifths of those voting on the question or a majority of those voting in the election. The General Assembly, at the Session following approval by the electors, by law shall provide for the convention and for the election of one delegate from each Representative District; designate the time and place of the convention's first meeting which shall be within three months after the election of delegates; fix and provide for the pay of delegates and officers; and provide for expenses necessarily incurred by the convention. To be eligible to be a delegate a person must meet the same eligibility requirements as a Member of the General Assembly. Vacancies shall be filled as provided by law. The convention shall prepare such revision of our Amendments to the Constitution as it deems necessary. Any proposed revision or Amendments approved by a majority of the delegates elected shall be submitted to the electors in such manner as the convention determines, at an election designated or called by the convention occurring not less than two nor more than six months after the convention's adjournment. Any revision or Amendments proposed by the Convention shall be published



with explanations as the convention provides, at least one month preceding the election. The vote on the proposed revision or Amendments shall be on a separate ballot. Any proposed revision or Amendments shall become effective, as the convention provides, if approved by a majority of those voting on the question. Schedule. This Amendment, if adopted at the general election in November, 1980, shall apply to and govern the decennial redistricting of 1891 and subsequent redistricting and the nomination and election of Senators and Representative in 1982 and thereafter. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment. Introduction and First Reading of House Bills. House Bill 408, Younge. A Bill for an Act to promote economic development of depressed areas by creating the Depressed Land Use and Community Development Fund. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 409, Hallock. A Bill for an Act to amend the Public Aid Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Clerk O'Brien: "Committee Report. Representative Redmond, Chairman of the Committee on Rules to which the following Resolution was assigned reports on February 7, 1979, House Resolution #21 do adopt. Further business, the House now stands adjourned until February 8 at 3 P.M."



| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>            |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 1           | 1:00        | Speaker Redmond | House to order                |
|             |             | Rev. Krueger    | Prayer                        |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Roll call for attendance      |
| 2           |             | Clerk O'Brien   |                               |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Journal                       |
|             |             | Lechowicz       | Dispense reading journal      |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Journal approved              |
|             |             | Lechowicz       | Absences                      |
| 3           |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
|             |             | Ryan            | Absences                      |
|             | 1:05        | Speaker Redmond |                               |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Messages from Senate          |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | SJR 10 adjournment Resolution |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
| 4           |             | Lechowicz       | Moves adoption                |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | SJR 10 adopted                |
|             |             | Boucek          | HB-345                        |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
| 5           |             | Winchester      | HB 355                        |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
|             |             | Madigan         | Opposes motion                |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
| 6           | 1:11        | Winchester      |                               |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |
|             |             | Darrow          | Yield?                        |



| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>           |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Ryan            |                              |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Winchester      | To close                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
| 7           |             | Stuffle         | To close                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
| 8           |             | Getty           | Parliamentary inquiry HB 355 |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Motion's proper              |
|             |             | Winchester      | Explains vote                |
| 10          |             | Speaker Redmond | Motion fails                 |
|             |             | Stuffle         | Sandra Booth                 |
|             |             | Sandra Booth    |                              |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Stuffle         | Moves susp. rule on HR 33    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
| 11          |             | Clerk Hall      | Reads HR 33                  |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             | 1:24        | Clerk O'Brien   | Introduction, First Reading  |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Chapman         | Moves susp. rule 18 on H8345 |
| 13          |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Kempiners       | Objects                      |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Bullock         |                              |
| 14          |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |
|             |             | Chapman         |                              |



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>  |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
| 15          |             | Collins         | Oppose motion       |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Catania         | Support motion      |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
| 16          |             | Oblinger        |                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Motion fails        |
| 17-18-19    |             | Borchers        | Personal privilege  |
| 20          |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Lechowicz       | Announcement        |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Van Duyne       | Introduce Tipsword  |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
| 21          |             | Katz            |                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Pierce          | Announcement        |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Schneider       |                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Laurino         |                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Agreed Resolutions  |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
| 22          |             | Giorgi          |                     |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |
|             |             | Giorgi          | Moves adoption      |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Resolutions adopted |





| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>          | 4. |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----|
| 23          |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Death Resolution HR 34      |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                             |    |
|             |             | Rea             |                             |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Resolution adopted          |    |
|             |             | Madigan         | Moves adjourn               |    |
|             | 1:55        | Speaker Redmond | House adjourn. Perfunct     |    |
| 24-25-26    |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Introduction, First Reading |    |
| 27-28-29    |             |                 |                             |    |
| 30-31       |             |                 |                             |    |
| 32-33-34    |             | Clerk Hall      |                             |    |
| 35-36-37    |             |                 |                             |    |
| 38          |             | Clerk Aikman    |                             |    |
| 39-40-41    |             | Clerk Hall      |                             |    |
| 42-43-44    |             |                 |                             |    |
| 45          |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Adjourn                     |    |



GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>            | 1. |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|----|
| 1           | 1:00        | Speaker Redmond | House to order                |    |
|             |             | Rev. Krueger    | Prayer                        |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Roll call for attendance      |    |
| 2           |             | Clerk O'Brien   |                               |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Journal                       |    |
|             |             | Lechowicz       | Dispense reading journal      |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Journal approved              |    |
|             |             | Lechowicz       | Absences                      |    |
| 3           |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
|             |             | Ryan            | Absences                      |    |
|             | 1:05        | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Messages from Senate          |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | SJR 10 adjournment Resolution |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
| 4           |             | Lechowicz       | Moves adoption                |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | SJR 10 adopted                |    |
|             |             | Boucek          | HB-345                        |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
| 5           |             | Winchester      | HB 355                        |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
|             |             | Madigan         | Opposes motion                |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
| 6           | 1:11        | Winchester      |                               |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                               |    |
|             |             | Darrow          | Yield?                        |    |



| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>           | 2. |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------|----|
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Ryan            |                              |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Winchester      | To close                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
| 7           |             | Stuffle         | To close                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
| 8           |             | Getty           | Parliamentary inquiry HB 355 |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Motion's proper              |    |
|             |             | Winchester      | Explains vote                |    |
| 10          |             | Speaker Redmond | Motion fails                 |    |
|             |             | Stuffle         | Sandra Booth                 |    |
|             |             | Sandra Booth    |                              |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Stuffle         | Moves susp. rule on HR 33    |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
| 11          |             | Clerk Hall      | Reads HR 33                  |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             | 1:24        | Clerk O'Brien   | Introduction, First Reading  |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Chapman         | Moves susp. rule 18 on HB345 |    |
| 13          |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Kempiners       | Objects                      |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Bullock         |                              |    |
| 14          |             | Speaker Redmond |                              |    |
|             |             | Chapman         |                              |    |



| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>  | 3. |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----|
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
| 15          |             | Collins         | Oppose motion       |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Catania         | Support motion      |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
| 16          |             | Oblinger        |                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Motion fails        |    |
| 17-18-19    |             | Borchers        | Personal privilege  |    |
| 20          |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Lechowicz       | Announcement        |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Van Duyne       | Introduce Tipsword  |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
| 21          |             | Katz            |                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Pierce          | Announcement        |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Schneider       |                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Laurino         |                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Agreed Resolutions  |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
| 22          |             | Giorgi          |                     |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                     |    |
|             |             | Giorgi          | Moves adoption      |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Resolutions adopted |    |



| <u>Page</u> | <u>Time</u> | <u>Speaker</u>  | <u>Information</u>          | 4. |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----|
| 23          |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Death Resolution HR 34      |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond |                             |    |
|             |             | Rea             |                             |    |
|             |             | Speaker Redmond | Resolution adopted          |    |
|             |             | Madigan         | Moves adjourn               |    |
|             | 1:55        | Speaker Redmond | House adjourn.Perfunct      |    |
| 24-25-26    |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Introduction, First Reading |    |
| 27-28-29    |             |                 |                             |    |
| 30-31       |             |                 |                             |    |
| 32-33-34    |             | Clerk Hall      |                             |    |
| 35-36-37    |             |                 |                             |    |
| 38          |             | Clerk Aikman    |                             |    |
| 39-40-41    |             | Clerk Hall      |                             |    |
| 42-43-44    |             |                 |                             |    |
| 45          |             | Clerk O'Brien   | Adjourn                     |    |

