

1.

Doorkeeper: "All persons not entitled to the House floor, please retire to the gallery. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order, Members please be in their seats. We'll be led in prayer by Reverend Krueger the House Chaplain."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen. Oh Lord, bless this House with Thy service this day. Amen. Someone said, is an able creature but he has made thirty-two million six hundred thousand laws and hasn't yet improved on the Ten Commandments. Let us pray. Almighty God, our heavenly Father, send down upon those who hold office in the State of Illinois, House of Representatives, the spirit of wisdom, charity and justice. That with steadfast purpose they may faithfully serve in their offices to promote the well being of all people. Through Christ, our Lord. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll Call for attendance. Representative Madigan. House Bills, First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 878. Geo-Karis. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to the Circuit Courts. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 879. Geo-Karis. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Uniform Hazardous Substance Act of Illinois. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 1. A Bill for an Act to amend the Horse Racing Act. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 11. A Bill for an Act to revise the law in relation to counties. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 27. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 61. A Bill for an Act to amend the Civil Administrative Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Approval of the Journal."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Journal for the 26th Legislative Day, Tuesday, March 15, 1977..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I move to dispense with the reading of the Journal,



Number 26, of March 15, 1977 and Journal, Number 27, of March 16, 1977. And I also move that they be approved."

Speaker Redmond: "You have heard the Gentleman's motion. Is there any discussion? The question's on the Gentleman's motion to... with respect to the approval of the Journal. Those in favor of his motion say 'aye', 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the motion carries. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, would the record show that Representative Domico, Mugalian and Peggy Martin are excused because of illness. That Representative Brandt is excused because of a death in the family and that Representative Van Duyne and McLendon are excused."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Hearing none, the record will so show. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Representative McAvoy and Anderson, due to illness."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objection? Hearing none, the record will so show. Senate Bills, Third Reading. On Senate Bills, Third Reading appears Senate Bill 178. For which Representative Brummet is recognized."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 178. A Bill for an Act to amend the Coal Mining Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brummet."

Brummet: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this is a Bill that I talked to you about the other day that unless we get passed in the next, well, today to be honest with you, we stand a good chance of losing about three million dollars in Federal funds. And all this does is give them the right to go into abandon mines and stop some of the sinking of this that we have down in our particular territory..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, your phone is ringing."

Brummet: "I would appreciate a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's... Any discussion? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye'..."

Brummet: "Mr. Speaker, somebody is pulling my key out of my desk here."



3.

Would you please put me down 'aye' on this and also 'aye' on the Roll Call?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Brummet, Representative Ryan has requested you take this out of the Calendar right now. Do you have any objection?"

Brummet: "For how long, Mr. Ryan?"

Ryan: "Well, I would hope, Representative Brummet, until we got enough people here to pass it."

Brummet: "Okay."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. Confession is good for the soul. Representative Collins."

Collins: "Mr. Speaker, there's no tomorrow. I am now a Marquette fan."

Speaker Redmond: "How about Representative Dunn? Representative Totten. Committee Reports, with the exception of the Elections Committee."

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Yourell, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and Townships, to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken March 15, 1977, reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass, House Bill 534. Do not pass, House Bill 340, House Bill 431. Do pass as amended, House Bill 497. Do pass and rereferred to the Committee on Assignment, House Bill 36 and House Bill 37. Representative Mann, Chairman of the Committee on Judiciary I, to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken, March 16, 1977. Reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass, House Bill 512, House Bill 512. Representative Jacobs, Chairman of the Committee on Labor and Commerce, to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken March 16, 1977. Reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass House Bill 53. Do not pass, House Bill 19. Representative McLendon, Chairman from the Committee on Personnel and Pensions to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken March 16, 1977. Reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass as amended, House Bill 462. Representative Flinn, Chairman of the Committee on Environment, Energy and Natural Resources



to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken, March 17, 1977. Reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass as amended, House Bill 222. Representative Capparelli, Chairman of the Committee on Executive to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken, March 17, 1977. Reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass, House Bill 114, 296, 540, Senate Bill 22, Senate Bill 78. Do pass as amended, House Bill 187. Do pass as amended, Consent Calendar, House Bill 359. Be adopted, House Resolution 58, House Joint Resolution 1, House Joint Resolution 8, Senate Joint Resolution 15. Tabled in Committee, House Bill 116 and House Bill 373. Do pass and referred to the Committee on Assignment, House Bill 47 and House Bill 48. Be adopted, Consent Calendar, House Resolution 92. Representative Chapman, Chairman of the Committee on Human Resources, to which the following Bills were referred. Action taken, March 17, 1977. Reported the same back with the following recommendation. Do pass as amended, House Bill 308, House Bill 511 and House Bill 616. No further Committee Reports."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Telcser."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, just for the record, I want to be sure that the Committee Report on the Committee for Elections last week was not read. Is that correct?"

Speaker Redmond: "You are correct at the request of the Speaker."

Telcser: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would withdraw my objection to Third Reading on Senate Bill 178, if you want to go ahead and run with it. I understand there's a real emergency there."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bills, Third Reading. On Senate Bills, Third Reading, 178. Representative Brummet."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 178. A Bill for an Act to amend the Coal Mining Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Brummet: "I would appreciate a favorable vote on this Bill. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor,

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vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative Brummet."

Brummet: "Somebody stole my key out of my desk here and I can't vote.

Would you please vote me 'yes' on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Collins, will you give Representative Brummet his key back."

Brummet: "And also put me on the Roll Call."

Collins: "I understand another illustrious Marquette graduate has it, Mr. Speaker, Senator Knuppel."

Speaker Redmond: "Yeah, but he wasn't a basketball player. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 124 'aye' and no 'nay'. The Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. At this time I would like to present to the Members of the House, Donna Schiller, the President of the Illinois League of Women Voters, who has a presentation to make."

Donna Schiller: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Speaker Redmond and Honorable Members of this House, I am indeed delighted to bring to you today the 1977 edition of the Illinois Voter's Handbook. Each of you will receive a copy of this book in your mailbox today. And this is for you, Speaker Redmond. We have been told by Political Scientists and experts in the field of Political Science throughout this state, that this is indeed the most definitive text on Illinois Government that is published. We are extremely proud of it. We are also proud of the fact that by and large it is written and researched by league volunteers. We think it belongs on the desk of every administrator and every government official in Illinois. I hope you will find it as valuable as we think you will. If you want more copies for your staff, I hope you will let us know. In addition, I would like to tell you that we are looking forward to seeing many of you later this afternoon at the League of Women Voter reception. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "In case I haven't done it before, on behalf of Representative Hanahan, we extend an invitation to the Members of the league to purchase tickets to the St. Patrick's Day Dinner, which



is being held tonight. Representative Collins."

Collins: "Mr. Speaker, I got my copy of that manual today when I was in my office and I'd like to compliment the League on a job well done. It's far superior to anything that's ever been put out by our State Board of Elections. As a matter of fact, I think the State Board ought to get that and read it and learn what elections is all about. And I'll bet it was done at a fraction of the cost that it would cost the State Board of Elections."

Speaker Redmond: "We're also sending one out to Calumet City.

Representative Mudd, do you seek recognition? Representative Collins, I think Representative Mudd has something to say of interest."

Mudd: "Yeah, I think, Representative Collins, that that book was put out with some help from the Illinois Arts Council."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Collins, on behalf of the Arts Council."

Collins: "Nobody's perfect."

Speaker Redmond: "Introduction and First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 80. McMasters. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to waterwork systems, sewage systems and combined waterwork and sewage systems in townships. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 881. Totten. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bills, Second Reading. House Bill 15. Has a Fiscal Note been recorded?"

Clerk O'Brien: "The Fiscal Note has not been printed yet."

Speaker Redmond: "I understand, from the Clerk, that none of the Fiscal Notes requested in the first four Bills of the Calendar have been printed. So we'll skip over those. 92. Representative Deuster here? Out of the record. 106. Representative Hart. Has that Fiscal Note been printed? Out of the record. 113. Representative Pierce. Read 113, Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 113. A Bill for an Act to amend the..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. 219. Fiscal Note recorded on that? 235."



Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 235. Sharp."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative... Does that mean out of the record?  
251. Representative Deuster. Out of the record. 286. 286,  
Mr. Clerk."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 286. Stearney. A Bill for an Act in relation  
to obscenity involving a minor. Second Reading of the Bill.  
No Committee Amendments?"

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record at the request of the Sponsor.  
312. Out of the record. There's no Fiscal Report. 377."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 377. Birchler. A Bill for an Act to amend  
Sections of the School Code. Second Reading of the Bill. One  
Committee Amendment. Amends House... Committee Amendment, adopted  
in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Member have any motion, with respect to Amendment  
#1 to House Bill 377? Hearing none, are there any further  
Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 381."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 381. Tipword. A Bill for an Act to  
amend the Vehicle Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Three  
Committee Amendments adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Member have any motion with respect to Amendment  
#1? Any Member have any motion with respect to Amendment #2?  
Any Member have any motion with respect to Amendment #3? Are  
there any further Amendments, Mr. Clerk?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #4. Totten. Amends House Bill 381 on  
page 1, line 2 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten on Amendment #4. Representative  
Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House,  
Amendment #4, I believe just deletes the language in regards to  
the registration card having to go with the owner. And the  
Secretary has agreed to it and the Sponsor has agreed to it and I would



move its adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Mr. Speaker, as Sponsor of the Bill I would like to assure all the Members that this is an agreed Amendment. It is a necessary Amendment and it takes out the requirement to have to have your registration at all times in your vehicle that inadvertently got in the Bill. I would urge the adoption of this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any further discussion? The question's on the Gentleman's motion to adopt Amendment #4. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye'. Representative Totten.... The opposed 'no'. The 'aye's' have it and the Amendment's adopted. Are there any further Amendments?"

Clerk C'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten."

Totten: "I don't know if there's any further Amendments but I have one on my desk that I haven't been able to file yet and I wonder if the Sponsor would just hold it on Second Reading."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "I have no objection to holding it on Second."

Speaker Redmond: "It will be held on Second Reading. Amendments #1, 2, 3, and 4 have been adopted. 383. Representative Richmond."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 383. Richmond. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Municipal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 429."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 429. Miller. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Municipal Code. Second Reading of the Bill. Amendment #1 was adopted in Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Amendment #1 has been adopted in Committee. Does any Member have a motion with respect to Amendment #1? Representative Miller. Are there any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."





Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No Floor Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 509."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 509. Schlickman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Public Library District Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. Introduction and First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 882. Bradley. A Bill for an Act concerning jurors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 883. Bradley. A Bill for an Act in relation to Children and Family Service. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 884. Bradley. A Bill for an Act requiring employees to accept cash from...employers to accept cash from employees instead of payroll deduction. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 885. Tipword. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expenses of a Commission for Economic Development. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 886. Leinenweber. A Bill for an Act increasing the salary of judges. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 887. Robinson - Kolesinski. A Bill for an Act in relation to the licensing of ambulance services. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 888. Skinner. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bills. First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 73. A Bill for an Act to amend the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Getty, do you seek recognition?"

Getty: "Mr... Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I would move, as principal Sponsor of House Bill 105, I would move to table it, having filed another Bill to do the same subject matter."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. And that was House Bill 105. Is that correct? 105 is tabled. Representative Madigan, for a motion, with respect to



the caucus....conference, whatever we call it."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I move that we recess for a Democratic conference and a Republican conference. And then after the conference, return to the floor at...2:30, Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "I think that's about right. Yes, 2:30. Representative Ryan, do you have any comments?"

Ryan: "There's a Republican conference in Room 118, immediately, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Where's the Democratic conference? 114, Democratic conference, 114. The Gentleman's motion that we recess for the purpose of a Republican caucus or conference and a Democratic conference. We will return at 2:30." All in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it, the motion carries. We are now in recess until 2:30."

Speaker Redmond: "The hour of 2:30 having arrived, the House will be back in Session. Introduction and First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 889. D. L. Houlihan. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the State Appellate Defender Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 890. Reed. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to emergency services and disaster operations. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bills. First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "Senate Bill 88. A Bill for an Act to change the name of the Illinois Burial and Sightsaving School, the Illinois School for the Visually Impaired. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bills. Second Reading. On House Bills, Second Reading, House Bill 381. I understand the Amendment... Representative Hanahan, the Chairman of the St. Patrick's Day Dinner, is recognized."

Hanahan: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, with us here on the Floor of the House is our Master of Ceremonies for tonight's evening of festivities for the corned beef and cabbage dinner, which is being prepared right now over at the St. Nick Hotel. And with us is the former Majority Leader of the Illinois House of Representatives, former Majority Whip. A fella that served 18 years down here with the



Membership of the House and Senate and the former Master of Ceremonies of many of the St. Patrick Day Dinners, that has come back to visit us and add a little fun and festivities for tonight's affair. And I'd like to present to the House, for those new Members that don't know him, 'Bingo' Bill Murphy from Antioch, Illinois."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Murphy. He's the author of 'Murphy's Rules'. 381. I understand the Amendment we've been waiting for is now ready. Is that correct?"

Clerk O'Brien: "This Bill has been read a Second time previously. And Amendments 1, 2, 3 and 4 were adopted. Floor Amendment #5. Totten. Amends House Bill 381 on page 3, line 15 through 18 by deleting the sentence beginning with 'The'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Totten."

Totten: "Mr. Speaker, I've talked to the Sponsor on this and we still have some questions that have to be answered. So he's indicated he'll yield...till we get those answers, he'll just hold it here."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. Representative Kempiners - on the floor? Do you want... The House will come to order. On the Calendar there are numerous Senate Bills on First Reading that the Senate Sponsor was Senate Knuppel. Will the House Sponsor of these Bills please identify itself to the Clerk? Representative Chapman. Representative Chapman, are those Senate Bills 95 through 144? Is that the series that you and I were discussing the other day?"

Chapman: "I'm not sure I know the Bill to which you refer, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "I don't identify the subject matter of these Bills."

Chapman: "Oh, yes...yes. Senator Knuppel's Bill's a very good series of Bills. Did they pass in the Senate."

Speaker Redmond: "Yeah and we're looking for a House Sponsor would you know, have any idea who would that be?"

Chapman: "Oh yes, I'm very much interested in those Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "How about a House Sponsor, do you have any idea who that will be?"

Chapman: "I think you're going to get a House Sponsor on that right away,



sir."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Polk."

Polk: "Mr. Speaker, last week, Representative Griesheimer asked you a specific question and I'm sure you had an opportunity to check it out. It's our understanding that the Senate has not acted on any House Bills and they're not accepting any House Bills into the Senate Committee at this time. The question was put to you to verify that fact and were you able to do so over the weekend, sir?"

Speaker Redmond: "I haven't, but I will tomorrow. I'll have an answer tomorrow morning."

Polk: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker."

Madigan: "Representative Bradley. Representative Bradley, would you come up to the podium."

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Madigan in the Chair."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bills, Third Reading. House Bills, Third Reading appears House Bill 14."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 14. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell. Out of the record. 27, Representative Ebbesen, do you want that called? Out of the record. 32, Representative Cunningham. I'll be back...I'll be back. 32, Representative Cunningham. Where are you? Out of the record. 51. Representative Winchester. Out of the record. 110, Representative Johnson. Out of the record. 112, Representative Pierce...Representative Pierce. 112. Out of the record. 127. Representative James Houlihan. James Houlihan. He was here earlier. Out of the record. 212, Representative Totten. That's right, Notre Dame. Out of the record. 241. Representative Darrow."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 241. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act seating to the United States of America, certain jurisdiction over certain land. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow. Please give the Gentleman order."



Darrow: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. House Bill 241 repeals an outdated statute. In 1891, the Illinois General Assembly passed an Act which seated to the United States Government the bridge connecting the City of Rock Island with the Rock Island Arsenal. Shortly after that, this property was sold to the Federal Government and what we're doing here is cleaning up the statutes book and I'd ask for a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Any questions? Any discussion? Representative Peters."

Peters: "Representative Darrow, excuse me, just one question. This bridge was seated to the Government of what? Was it an Indian Treaty you said?"

Darrow: "No, this was an Act that was passed, I believe it was 1891, authorizing the turning of the bridge over to the Federal Government."

Peters: "And we're getting the bridge back now?"

Darrow: "No, the bridge has been turned over to the Federal Government. The statute's no longer needed on the book. It was authorizing the state to turn the property over to the Federal Government."

Peters: "Excellent. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ebbesen."

Ebbesen: "Yes, will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Ebbesen: "As far as the... You know, I've been in a couple of situations like this in my home district. Is there anything financial, about the financial obligations the Federal Government, whatever it costs to maintain that bridge? There's no state dollars involved and... Is that correct?"

Darrow: "No, there's no state dollars. The Federal Government is maintaining the bridge. Repairing it, cleaning it, patrolling it with their securities patrols and the state has no expense involved."

Ebbesen: "Why did you happen to pick this little Section out of the statute? ...Housekeeping."

Darrow: "From going through the various Bills that were being proposed by



Members of the Democratic Leadership."

Ebbesen: "Well, what was their purpose?"

Darrow: "To clean up the statutes."

Ebbesen: "To clean up the statutes. What's it going to remedy in terms of words?"

Darrow: "Probably a page and a half out of the Illinois Revised Statutes."

Ebbesen: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? Representative Darrow to close. Gene Hoffman, are you blinking? Representative Huff. Douglas Huff."

Huff: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Will the Sponsor yield for a small question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Huff: "Representative Darrow, I know you didn't expect to hear from me on this. But I'm just curious. What's the bottom line interpret of this Bill. Would this also give the Government, as I read this, the jurisdiction over certain structures for what alternate purpose. To declare them as national..."

Darrow: "No. Back in 1891 there was what was known as the wagon bridge that went from the City of Rock Island to the Rock Island Arsenal. Then there was another bridge connecting the City...or the Arsenal Rock Island Arsenal to the City of Davenport. What this original Act in 1891 did, it authorized the state to turn this property over to the Federal Government. From the City of Rock Island to the Arsenal, to the mid-line of the Mississippi River. That was done, the property was turned over to the Federal Government, they're maintaining it and there's no need for the statute to remain on the books."

Huff: "I see. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Just a... I wonder if the Sponsor would yield to one question. According to the synopsis in the book, Representative Darrow, it says that the it will authorize and confirm the conveyance of this property by the City of Rock Island. Can you tell me, to whom?"



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Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "It was conveyed to the Federal Government."

Geo-Karis: "And this Act, we feel this Act would... I don't quite follow, you know."

Darrow: "The repeal... It would convey, the property was conveyed to the Federal Government. There's nothing more to be done once the property is conveyed. It was authorizing the state to convey it. Now that it's conveyed, there's no need to take up a page and a half of the statute books and we're trying to clean them up so that they don't take up so much space in your law office, Geo."

Geo-Karis: "Okay, then I will support your..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow, to close."

Darrow: "I would just ask a favorable vote on this legislation."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass. Those in favor will vote 'aye', the opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 137 'aye' and 2 'no' and the Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. House Bills, Second Reading. Representative Deuster, do you want any one called? How about 92? How about... We've got another one on the Death Penalty. Do you want that one called? Okay, House Bills, Third Reading. 242."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 242. Matijevich. A Bill..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record, at the request of the Sponsor. 244."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 244. Ewing. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Revenue Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 259."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 259. Schuneman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Notary Public Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schuneman."

Schuneman: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 259 is a Bill which would make it easier



for a Notary Public to record his Notary Public Commission. It makes it possible for the County Clerk to record the Notary Public Commission either by the Notary appearing in person at the County Clerk's Office, or by the County Clerk recording it by means of mail. I know of no opposition to the Bill and I would move it's passage."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? Representative Wolf?"

Wolf: "Would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Wolf: "As a Notary Public, would I be in conflict of interest if I voted for this Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schuneman."

Schuneman: "Well, Representative, I think you're going to have to decide that serious issue for yourself and vote accordingly."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? Representative John Dunn."

Dunn: "Will the Sponsor... Will the Gentleman yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Dunn: "Will there continue to be some public place where you can check to determine whether a Notary's Commission is valid or not?"

Schuneman: "The same public places as formerly. The Secretary of State's Office and the County Clerk's Office."

Dunn: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further questions? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor will vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question, 133 'aye' and 1 'no'. And the Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 279 at the request of the Sponsor is taken out of the Calendar. 306."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 306. Macdonald. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Macdonald. Out of the record. 310. Representative McAuliffe, do you want that called? Representative McAuliffe."





Speaker Redmond: "Representative McAuliffe on the floor? Out of the record. 321. Representative Dan Houlihan here? Do you want that called? Out of the record. 324. Representative Mudd. 324."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 324. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to create the Legislative Council and prescribe its powers and duties and make an appropriation therefore. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mudd."

Mudd: "Yes, Mr. Chairman and Members of the House, this Bill is a Bill that I introduced so that I might meet my obligations and responsibilities as your Chairman of the Legislative Council. And I believe that is to provide the House and Senate Members with the services that they need to perform their everyday duties. And I would feel very strongly about the responsibilities that you have given me and I want to provide these services and I ask that you support this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 139 'aye' and no 'nay' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 387. Representative Giglio. Out of the record. 388. Representative Dyer, do you want that one called?"

Clerk O'Brien: House Bill 388. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Juvenile Court Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dyer."

Dyer: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'd like permission for House Bills 388 and 389 to be considered together. They're companion Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Lady have leave? Hearing no objections read the Bills together."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 389. A Bill for an Act to provide for the emancipation of miners. Third Reading of the Bill."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dyer."

Dyer: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this pair of Bills comes out of the Commission on Children. It's in response of the need of children who fall in the cracks in our society. These are young people who have been separated from their family from some time. The family circle is irretrievably broken. Many of them have been in foster homes or they have been wards of the State of Illinois. They reach the age of 16 and would like to live independently. And be able to enter into contract to sign leases for an apartment for independent living. This provides a method by which the parents, the guardian or the next friend could come into court with the minor and there could be a court procedure by court order by which the minor could be emancipated and given just a few specific rights. Particularly, the right to enter into contract. It's a small pair of Bills but it does respond to need. I'd be glad to answer any questions."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any questions? Representative Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan: "Will the Sponsor explain the distinction between 388 and 389? How do they relate."

Dyer: "Yes. 388 just simply amends the Juvenile Court Act and describes the procedure by which the minor may be emancipated. 389 is a new Act and defines very clearly what an emancipated minor is."

Houlihan: "You're referring to a petition that can be brought by next friend, is that correct?"

Dyer: "That's right. Parent, guardian or next friend."

Houlihan: "Is that defined, the term 'next friend'? In other words, can next friend also be a minor?"

Dyer: "I would defer the answer to that to one of my cosponsors, Representative Leinenweber. It's a legal definition."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman from South Bend, Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. It's my understanding, Representative Houlihan, that next friend, by definition, is someone who is not a minor



who is a personal representative although not court appointed, of a minor."

Houlihan: "Well then let me pose the next question, is I may. Can this petition be brought by next friend even where there is a parent alive who objects to the petition?"

Leinenweber: "I would say 'yes'. That would be a matter for the courts to determine. Then... Whether or not the minor could be emancipated."

Houlihan: "In... Another question to the Sponsor, or to Mr. Leinenweber, whichever would be preferable. Could you tell me whether or not there's a limitation in either of these Bills referring to the type of contracts that the emancipated minor would be entitled to enter into?"

Leinenweber: "No, there's not. Other than it would merely mean that an emancipated minor, by court order, could enter into any contract that an emancipated minor under the common law could do so. By Amendment very specifically, this Bill does not extend any rights to a minor emancipated by court order that a minor who was emancipated under common law would not have. In other words, any statute that specifies a specific age limit for an activity or a right is specifically excluded."

Houlihan: "Well I understand the Bills correctly to the effect that the consent of the parent is not necessary, under these Bills to have the minor emancipated?"

Leinenweber: "That would be correct."

Houlihan: "I have no further questions of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Darrow."

Darrow: "Will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Darrow: "Representative Leinenweber, how would this fit in with our parental responsibility statute that we just increased. If the child was emancipated prior to his 17th birthday, would his parents still be financially responsible?"

Leinenweber: "No, they would not. Because under the Parental Responsibility Act, the parents are not responsible for a minor emancipated under law."



Darrow: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Huff."

Huff: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Point of information."

Speaker Redmond: "State your point."

Huff: "Now, try as I might, I see... I don't see this Bill on the Calendar, Mr. Speaker and I, as I look at the board we're suppose to be discussing 386."

Speaker Redmond: "The Lady received leave to hear 388 and 389 together. On the board it's 388."

Huff: "Well, may I defer on the response to that answer and say at some time later pick up in this date. I would refer to the conversation as it was going."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay. Representative Hudson."

Hudson: "Would Representative Leinenweber respond to a question for me?"

Speaker Redmond: "He indicates he will."

Hudson: "Harry, I think that there are several things about this that bother me. And that is, I think my first question would be as to whether or not we aren't throwing on to the court an additional burden. I think that the Judges are confused enough as they already are without adding perhaps some more imponderables here. Would it be possible for say a girl of 17 years of age who had a boyfriend let's say 19 years of age..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, your phone is ringing. Proceed."

Hudson: "In any event, this young lady becomes discontented with situations, disciplines or whatever it might be, at home and she wishes to be emancipated, for some reason, from her parents. Now all she needs is an outsider, a friend, to as I understand this, I'm not an attorney but to petition the court. The court then has to sit and decide as to the merits of the case. Now maybe, maybe the reason for her desiring emancipation may be rather subject to serious question and yet the court, the Judge and others are put into a position of trying to decide whether this, this young lady or young man has a real basis of qualification for emancipation. Isn't there a grey area here, Harry, that could be very perplexing for any Judge trying to determine on this? That's one question."



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Leinenweber: "Representative Hudson, I...I don't think so. The reason for the Bill is if a minor, right now under the common law, if a minor leaves home and lives separate and apart then she would be considered to be emancipated. The problem is that this minor who's living separate and apart for perhaps very good reasons, can not enter into common business transactions of daily life because of the fear of the vendor or the contractor contracting with her, that if she isn't emancipated then the contract is voidable. So these two Bills were filed in order to provide a mechanism whereby a person who has a legitimate reason for leaving separate and apart could be able to prove to another individual who he wants to contract with, for example for a lease or to buy a car or furniture or whatever, that he is in fact emancipated so that he does have the power under Illinois law, of entering into a contract."

Hudson: "Well thank you, Harry. One more question and then I'll quit.

But I know that there's a serious problem that has arisen in our society today. And that pertains to young people who are being lured away from their homes by various religious cults and sex. Now I'm thinking of one in particular known as the 'Moonies'. I happen to know a mother who claims that she has literally lost her daughter to one of these sects. Now these can be minors, they can be young people and I'm just wondering what your reaction to this is. As these young people leave home, some of them may, they may join a sect of that kind and I know that some of these sects are very desirous of any money or anything that they can extract from the young people. Now this would put the young people in a perfectly legal position, I suppose, to act independently of their parents for the benefit of something that the parents, in that case, might not like. Now I'm not just trying to throw cold water on your Bill here, but these are concerns that I have about it. And I would ask your reaction to that and that would be my..."

Leinenweber: "Well I would say that the reaction to that, Representative Hudson, was the reason why we provide for the court proceeding. Under the petition, for example, first of all the minor must have been a resident of the State of Illinois for 6 months so that he can not



just run across the state line in order to take advantage of this particular procedure. He must be brought by an adult. It must be verified, under oath, the cause for why he wants the partial or complete emancipation must be set forth in petition. The names of his parents and their addresses or guardians or custodians must be named so that they can receive notices. And then the court must have a hearing to find that the best interest of the minor are served by the emancipation. Now, I don't believe that in the case you cited that the court would find that the best interests of the minor are served in that particular instance. Particularly if the parents appeared and objected strenuously."

Hudson: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Huff."

Huff: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the General Assembly.

I want to commend you, Mr. Speaker, for allowing Huff to follow Hudson, as it's on the board there. But I want to address myself...

May I ask the Sponsor a question? May I ask the Sponsor a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Dyer."

Huff: "Mrs. Dyer, is this the Bill that we heard in Judiciary I?"

Dyer: "That's correct."

Huff: "All right, may I address myself to the Bill, Mr. Sponsor.. Mr.

Speaker? Thank you. I'm going to... If this is going to effect Cook County, this liberation of minors, then I want to ask in all consciousness with my colleagues from the other side of the aisle, Representative Hudson. Because it does have many, many great areas, that in my opinion if we were to pass this Bill, Ladies and Gentlemen it's simply not going to alleviate problems, but simply compound problems that we already are very familiar with. And in my opinion, all that we're really going to do is to liberate all those forces that would take advantage of children so liberated. For example, in my opinion, in Chicago if you would give a child 12 years old the right to contract out for her services, you would liberate every pimp on the west side and south side and north side of Chicago will be waiting for this Bill to pass. Not only that, you'll also be liberating every pornography exploiter



who I think Representative Stearney might have a few words to say on this. To make their industry even more heinous. And last, but not least, these so called liberated minors will finally wind up on the rolls of the public aid assistance to minors as mothers with more mouths to feed. I think this is a terrible Bill, it doesn't solve anything, except hide the fact that we don't want to look at life as it is. Ladies and Gentlemen, I submit that this is a bad Bill. The only kind of liberation you're going to effect is the liberation that I'm saying that's going to be out there to exploit this Bill in its present form. And I would urge every Member in this House that's concerned about our society and fiscal responsibilities to vote against this."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madison."

Madison: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "She indicates she will."

Madison: "Perhaps I... Perhaps the question that I want to raise, Mr.

Speaker, ought to raise with Representative Leinenweber. If that's permissible."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Madison: "Representative Leinenweber, as I understand the impact of this Bill, persons emancipated under this Act would have all the rights and responsibilities as those individuals who had reached majority. Is that correct?"

Leinenweber: "No, that's not true."

Madison: "I mean with the exception of where a Constitutional or prior Statute already existed that had a higher age?"

Leinenweber: "Yes that's... I believe that's correct. Actually what they will have is all the rights of an emancipated minor under the common law. Now, I'm not sure, it's been some time since I dug into that question whether or not it's as broad of, you know, the rights of a person reaching the majority."

Madison: "All right, but it would in fact include contract rights; Representative Leinenweber?"

Leinenweber: "That's correct."

Madison: "Representative Leinenweber, maybe you can give your reaction to



a situation where a person 16 years of age emancipated under this Act, seeks to enter into contract for the purchase of retail goods on installment basis and he is turned down by the vendor solely on the basis of his age and for no other reason. It has nothing to do with his ability to repay, nothing to do with his prior financial record. It's solely on the basis of his or her age. Would that individual have a cause of action in a court of law on the basis that he was discriminated against?"

Leinenweber: "That would depend, I suppose, on how you read the... There would have to be a statutory provision which would bar discrimination based upon age. It's my understanding that unless there is a statutory provision barring discrimination based on age that a vendor or a business person is perfectly free to discriminate."

Madison: "But with a provision in the statutes that prohibited discrimination on the basis of age, that person would have a cause of action in your opinion?"

Leinenweber: "I'd have to see the statutory provision in order to determine that. Whether or not it was meant for the down side or the up side of the age. I really can't answer that, unless I saw the specific statutory provision you're talking about. It's my understanding now that there is nothing in the law that prohibits discrimination based upon age. For example, I believe..."

Madison: "But you are aware of the fact, Representative Leinenweber, that there is legislation pending that has to do with the basis of discrimination on the basis of age. Although it's on the upside dealing more with seniors than with minors, but the effect would still be the same."

Leinenweber: "Well I think, I think you bring up a point that when that legislation is considered that we should consider the impact on an emancipated minor. But I would say this, that under current law, if there was such a law that an emancipated minor under the common law might very well have an objection whether he's emancipated under the common law or under this particular statutory provision. I think you do raise a good point but I think





it's a little premature. I think however it should be addressed at the time we consider discriminatory legislation seeking to bar discrimination based upon age."

Madison: "Well, I agree with you that it is premature, Representative Leinenweber. The problem that I've got is that it forces me to be in a position to determine how I vote on a Bill related to age...discrimination by age based on an emancipation of minors Bill that may have already been passed. And although it may be premature now, it weighs heavily in my mind and perhaps in the minds of others as to how they would vote on a Bill dealing with discrimination on account of age. That's the problem I have with the Bill and I'm inclined, I understand the merits of the Bill. I'm inclined toward voting for this Bill, but I've got some problems with the kind of pressure that would be brought to bear on a vendor who would not wish to enter into contract with an emancipated minor simply because of that individual's age. For that reason, at this point in time, I'm inclined to vote 'present' on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, it's now 4:05 and 10 seconds and I move the previous question."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall the main question be put? Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. Representative Dyer to close... Representative Sandquist, for what purpose do you... Representative Dyer. I can't see Representative Dyer...."

Dyer: "Yes. Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. From some of the questions that have been asked, I have a feeling that some of the people didn't understand the intent of this pair of Bills. I'd like to spell it out very quickly. House Bill 388 simply adds another method of disposition of youngsters who come before the juvenile court. In addition to delinquent, dependent, neglected or in minor...in need of supervision, a youngster may be declared emancipated if this court procedure has been followed.



389 very simply provides a technique whereby young people, age 16 to 18 may simply be given the right, the limited right to sign leases, to enter into contract, as for the purchase of a car. The youngster comes in with either a parent, a guardian, a next friend. The case for, against partial or complete emancipation is presented and then the Judge makes a disposition. Either to grant partial or complete emancipation for these limited rights that a minor may have just so that this minor, who has...whose family circle has already been broken. This is a minor who has been living apart from his parents. And we want this minor to have a way of becoming self-sufficient and not ending up on the Public Aid rolls. The Traveler's Aid Society has called this type of youngster to our attention. It's the kind that Representative Huff was concerned about and I share his concern. This is the youngster that is deceived into going on bus terminals by the people who want to play on young people. This is a way to solve that problem, Representative Huff, not to make it worse. I urge your affirmative vote on this pair of Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Representative Sandquist."

Sandquist: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'd like to urge you to consider closely this Bill and to vote for it. This has nothing to do with liberation of children, whether they're on west side of Chicago or the north side of Chicago, the south side or any other part of the state. This has to do with the emancipation for certain instances under a court provision. And it's for the children's protection. Those 16 and 17 year olds who are already away from home. It's backed by the Commission on Children and it's going to help these children. It's not going to make them worse. So I strongly urge your 'yes' vote on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Representative Holewinski."

Holewinski: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I'm afraid that a lot of people weren't listening during the explanation of this Bill. The Bill was recommended by the Right to



Minors Committee of the Commission on Children. It addresses a problem that was identified during hearings by that Committee and it's of course supported by the Commission. It really addresses a problem and involves really the supervision of the courts and I think a lot of the concerns that were raised are really somewhat of red herrings and not applicable to this Bill. I would urge those who are voting 'no' or not voting to reconsider and vote in the affirmative."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all... Representative Hart."

Hart: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I view this Bill as a problem solving Bill and not as a problem creating Bill. Right now, we have a problem on two sides. Anybody that wants to enter into a contract with a minor has got to do so at the vendor's risk because of the fact that with the extensive contracts where necessary, those contracts are voidable by the minors. So you've got a situation where a minor is no longer living with his family. He's for all virtual purposes emancipated and yet he goes to buy an automobile or something that's not considered as necessary and he can't buy it because of the fact that he's a minor. I think this would tend to eliminate discrimination against minors because of their age, rather than to encourage it. Because it would provide a way, through a court order, under proper circumstances, where a minor could enter into the same kind of contract that you and I enter into after we become emancipated. So I urge another look at this Bill, I believe it's a problem solving Bill and should be supported."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 69 'ayes' and 72 'no', the Bill having failed... Representative Cunningham, for what purpose do you rise? Representative Cunningham desires to be recorded as 'aye', Representative Porter 'aye'. On this question there's 71 'aye' and 72 'nay'. Representative Dyer."

Dyer: "May I put this on Postponed Consideration?"

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Lady have leave? Hearing no objections, leave is granted. Postponed Consideration. On the Speaker's Table."



House Resolution 42. Representative Johnson, for what purpose do you rise? House Resolution 42. Representative Yourell.  
Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. I'd like to take a minute here to introduce a former House Member, Representative Robert Day, who has spent four terms in this chamber. A former Mayor of the City of Peoria. Representative Day is here in the back side. Mr. Speaker, I believe that Representative, former Representative Bill Carrolls on the floor someplace too, or was earlier."

Speaker Redmond: "Where's Representative Carroll? He was here Representative Ewell, 42."

Ewell: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I urge the adoption of House Resolution 42. True to form, we sent this Bill to the Executive Committee where it passed out and we in the Higher Education would just like to take a look at some of the policies, expenditures and planning for the University of Illinois Circle Campus and I would urge a favorable vote on this measure."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of House Resolution 42. Representative Lauer."

Lauer: "Thank you Mr. Speaker. I would like to join with Representative Ewell in urging your favorable support of this Resolution. It creates a subcommittee as the Representative has said, to make sure that the Chicago Circle Campus is being efficiently used for the purpose for which we created the campus. Please give this a favorable vote. I know of no opposition."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of the Resolution. Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it the motion carries and the Resolution is adopted. Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker, under the Rules, that Resolution requires a Roll Call and would require 89 votes."

Speaker Redmond: "The Parliamentarian advised me it did not."

Walsh: "Well I... I would ask the Parliamentarian to check that while I



check the appropriate rule, okay?"

Speaker Redmond: "Committee Reports. We'll go back to it if you can find something, Representative Walsh, but I don't think you can."

Clerk O'Brien: "Representative Laurino, Chairman from the Committee on Elections, to which the following Bill was referred. Action taken March 16, 1977, reported the same back with the following recommendations. Do pass as amended, House Bill 380. I received a communications from the Chairman of the Elections Committee. Dear Jack, I have reported back to you House Bill 254, which was voted on by the Committee yesterday. I have requested that you return the Bill and the Committee Report to the Committee Clerk and not report the Bill to the House so the Committee may have an opportunity to reconsider its actions."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would make the motion to suspend the appropriate rule so that House Bill 254 be committed back to the House Elections Committee and heard tomorrow."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any objections? Hearing none, the Bill will be sent back to the Elections Committee and posting requirements to the effect of posting will be waived and the Bill may be heard tomorrow. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Do I understand that the Bill will be heard tomorrow?"

Speaker Redmond: "It can be heard tomorrow. I didn't say it would be heard, Representative..."

Ryan: "Well I was under the impression that the Sponsor asked for the normal time of posting, is this..."

Speaker Redmond: "If that's what he wants... We will recognize Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "It was under my impression that the Bill, having the necessity ...emergency that warranted should be heard tomorrow."

Ryan: "What happens if the Sponsor's not there, Mr. Laurino?"

Laurino: "There's a cosponsor, isn't there?"

Ryan: "I really don't know? Are you telling me we're going to get the



same action that we just had last week on this Bill if Representative Kempiners is not in Committee?"

Laurino: "Is there any particular reason why Representative Kempiners can't be there?"

Ryan: "He can speaker for himself."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners... Representative Kempiners."

Ryan: "Mr. Speaker.... Mr. Speaker, I don't know why we have to go through this procedure on the House floor to nail Representative Kempiners to have his Bill heard tomorrow. I don't see... That's never happened before. I don't know why it has to happen today on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Collins."

Collins: "Well Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it seems to me that this is the same arbitrary treatment that this Bill and this Gentleman has been given by this Committee Chairman as was given to him in the Committee meeting last week. Never in anybody's experience here has it been a prerogative of a Chairman or any other Member to say to another Member that he must call his Bill at a certain time. Representative Kempiners should be and is in control of his Bill. If he wants it heard tomorrow, that should be his prerogative to move for a suspension of the rules. We went through this kind of treatment in Committee last week and I protest, Mr. Speaker. I thought that you were moving in a sense of fairness to try and straighten out a shoddy situation. And if we're going to be accorded this kind of treatment well let's get it right on the table and start the battle right now."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijeich."

Matijeich: "Well Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, on the House floor last week I said that I would support a motion to recommit to Committee because I plainly heard Representative Kempiners and the Minority Leader and all say that they weren't treated fairly and the Bill ought to be heard. I sensed from all that that it was a matter of urgency, that the Bill ought to have a hearing in Committee and I would support the motion to recommit. But all I get now is that we're pushing the Sponsor of the Bill around."



And now we're tying in men to certain day. Then I say, well the hell with it, leave him wait as long as he wants then. We're trying to have you have a hearing as quickly as possible so that you can have that hearing that you said last week is so urgent, that you're being pushed around, but now you don't want a hearing. What do you want? Nobody knows what you want. You want it in Committee, don't you? That's what we're trying to do and we're trying to give you a quick hearing to have the Bill heard. We don't know what you want. The truth of the matter is, you're playing politics with the Bill and you want to accuse us. No... And you want to accuse us of playing politics with the Bill. And to tell you the truth, I don't think there's a voter in the State of Illinois that gives a damn whether we have a Board of Elections or not. What they're interested in is that all those gas tax increases that Governor Thompson is proposing."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich. Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker, I think what we're trying to do here is correct, something that happened last week and I think anyone that's read the rule book knows that what happened in that Committee last week is a direct violation and a flagrant violation of the rules. I have asked the people on the other side of the aisle that want to be fair about this, let's let...make a motion to move Representative Kempiner's Bill out on Second Reading along with the other Bills so it will get the same kind of treatment it deserves. Now, when they go along with that I think we've got something going. An effort to make up what they did wrong last week."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to clarify something, if I may. Okay. That Bill had an appropriate hearing. Three weeks ago it had an appropriate hearing. It had a time essence of about twenty minutes of testimony from the Sponsor and from his witnesses. It was delayed for a vote for two weeks for innocuous Amendments. One possible being a pay raise for the Director of that particular situation, I don't know what his exact title is and another innocuous Amendment that Representative Kempiners showed me. The vote was delayed



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for one week and when we got to the Session that particular week we had to delay it because of the particular rules that would have taken it from six to eight hours, as I was told, and we would not be able to get to Committee at that time. That was the reason for the delay of vote, not the delay of the hearing. I also renew my motion to suspend the appropriate rule so that Bill may be heard or brought up for a vote in Committee tomorrow. If Representative Kempiners does not want to show up. Fine, we'll hold it for any action until he does show up."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Telcser."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. I wonder if we could have a little order, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "I'm having some trouble with..."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, let me first express to you my thanks and thanks to the Members of this House for your consideration in agreeing to send Representative Kempiner's Bill back to the Elections Committee. I think it's the right thing to do and I think that is the beginning, Mr. Speaker, of the kind of fair treatment every Member of this Assembly would like to have and that few have afforded in the past. I also would like to thank a couple of the Members, one of whom is Representative Matijevich, who did arise last week and say that they would support a motion to recommit the Bill back to the Committee. For that I am personally grateful and very appreciative, as I'm sure all of us are. But there's one more cloud, Mr. Speaker, hanging on this question, which I'd like to clear up now and which I hope that all the Members would listen to what I'm going to ask, Mr. Speaker, so that you can perhaps rule right now so we know where we are. The entire incident, the entire incident put an extraordinary burden upon the Sponsor of this particular piece of legislation to get his Bill passed. And all of us could see ourself in that circumstance at some time or another. And what we ask, Mr. Speaker, when we requested that the Bill be sent back to Committee, is to put us back into the position from the beginning. Put us back into position to when that Committee hearing started. So that the Sponsor of the Bill can go to the





Committee tomorrow or Thursday or a week from Thursday or whenever and start all over again without something hanging over their head, which would cause them to have to do something extraordinary in order to get their legislation passed, had this occurrence not happened. Now, I'm asking you, Mr. Speaker, when the Bill goes back to the Elections Committee, is it back where it began? Or does it still have hanging over it a do not pass motion? Now, that's my question to the Chair and Representative Matijevich, I think this is something you'll be interested in also."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Laurino, the Chairman of the Elections Committee."

Laurino: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, upon adoption of the suspension of the rules so that the Bill may be heard as soon as possible or whenever Representative Kempiners does come to the Committee for the calling of his...the vote for his Bill, we will then reconsider the vote by which the Bill was reported out and at that time he can have it in that posture, so be the Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners. Representative Telcser then."

Telcser: "The Chairman has indicated then that the...the Bill still has hanging over itself a do not pass motion, which has to be, one, someone has to move to reconsider it. Two, the motion to reconsider has to prevail and in the intervening time...and what happens if there's a tie vote? What would happen if there's a...on a do pass motion, what happens on a do pass motion is a tie vote? Or it doesn't lose? Wait a second Zeke. Wait a second, my question is, let me finish it, John. If there is a do pass motion and it's a tie, the do pass motion fails, the Bill is in Committee, does the Gentleman have the right on a discharge motion with 89 votes? Or is he still faced with a do not pass motion that was reported out unfairly? That is the center of my question."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I can not foretell any Bills vote before it comes to the Committee and gets a Roll Call. And if Representative Telcser can, maybe he should go to



the hierarchy of Washington and start running the country."

Telcser: "What did you say about Washington? You going to Washington, Bill? No one's answered my question. Let Representative..."

Laurino: "You got your answer, Representative Telcser."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "I suppose, Mr. Speaker, I could rise on a point of personal privilege, seeing that my name standing about this chamber quite freely this afternoon. I'd just like to respond to what one of the Gentleman on the other side of the aisle asked. And that question was, what do they want? And I'll tell you quite simply what I want. I want the same opportunity that every single Member of this chamber has and that is to pass or have his Bill defeated according to the rules. There is a rule that was violated. If you're asking me to go through a farce of going back in that Committee and accept a vote which was held in contradiction to the rules, you're crazy. You're asking me to approve an action that was taken that was not according to these rules. I'm not fighting for my Bill alone. Yes, I want to see my Bill enacted into law. I think it's a good Bill. I'm not fighting for myself alone, what's happening to me can happen to every single Member of this House. Look at the Membership of that Committee for the past three weeks and you'll find names on that Committee that never match from one week to the next. Now if they don't like your Bill, are they going to replace people at their whim? I'm going to ask you that question. What do I want, Representative? In answer to your question, I just want the same thing that every Member of this House ought to demand and that's the equal opportunity to pass their Bill according to the rules."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Bluthardt."

Bluthardt: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, the pretense a week ago for rushing through the consideration on both the Kempiner's Bill and the Bradley Bill was that the Legislature was under the gun of the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court had mandated this General Assembly to enact a new State Election Board Law. Create a new State Election Board. That pretense no longer exists



The Supreme Court today extended that period for two months. So we're really not under that mandate. We're not under that urgency or emergency that was the so called pretense a week ago. Now I think that the Kempiner's Bill and I also think the Bradley Bill ought to go back to Committee and it ought to go before the regularly appointed Committee that's not stacked, not stacked by six new Members. That's what we've had in the last several weeks. Six new Members from the other side of the aisle who are put on that Committee and who vote up or down the way they're instructed. I think we ought to have the regular Members of that Committee attend. And we ought to know who those regular Members are. And nobody ought to be excused except in the case of illness as provided by the Rules of this House. I think we ought to abide by the rules. I think that the pretense that we're under the gun of the Supreme Court no longer exists. We ought to send both the Kempiner's Bill back and the Bradley Bill back for a consideration by the duly appointed Members of that Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, do you seek recognition?"

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker, I would assume that the action that you're trying to take here today is an attempt to be fair with Representative Kempiner's Bill. Now if we're going to be fair, the Bill ought to go back to Committee without any kind of an Amendment or motion on it at all. It ought to go back like a new Bill that had been introduced and assigned to that Committee without any kind of a motion do not pass attached to it. And if you're sincere about your efforts to cooperate and to be fair Speaker, Mr. Speaker, you will see that that happened and we wouldn't be in this hassle right now. Let's talk about the points that Representative Bluthardt brought up for a minute. And you guaranteed me, Mr. Speaker, and I want you to look me in the eye. You guaranteed me in the Rules Committee that you wouldn't use the substitution thing on Committees, only for sickness and it wouldn't be abused. Well in case you don't know what happened that day, Mr. Speaker, maybe you better find out. There were Democrat Members that didn't vote for the will of your Majority Leader and they

were replaced, Mr. Speaker. And I think you violated your promise to me and the Rules. Now, if you're sincere, put this Bill back where it belongs in Committee without any kind of a motion on it and let's quit fooling around with this thing."

Speaker Redmond: "Well, I would... I would really be less than human if I didn't indicate that I read all about common cause of wanting me to invalidate something the Committee did. And I don't quite understand how any Speaker would have that kind of power. You're asking me to do something within the internal jurisdiction of a Committee. I said that I would take whatever steps are necessary to see that this Bill is back in Committee and that I have done. You have the jurisdiction over the parliamentary ways to do what you want and if you have the authority to vote you're going to accomplish it. But don't ask me to reach out into the Election Committee or the Education Committee or any other Committee and try impose my will in there because I am not going to do it. Now, Representative Telcser and then I think we'll get right to the vote of Mr. Laurino's motion on the suspension of the rules. Representative Telcser... We have Committees and we have 2:00 Committee and a 3:30 Committee and I understand the Chairman wanted to meet on that. Representative Telcser."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, if Representative Kempiner's Bill goes to Committee and I'd like to get an answer to this now... and it's a tie vote and he files a motion to discharge, how many votes would it take to discharge the Committee?"

Speaker Redmond: "I'm not going to pass judgement on..."

Telcser: "Why don't you... Bill... Bill, cut it out..."

Speaker Redmond: "Something that may happen or may not happen..."

Telcser: "You can answer that question now. Will it take 89? That's all we want to know."

Speaker Redmond: "Nevertheless that's a mute question, when the matter comes up..."

Telcser: "It's not mute, it's a pertinent question... Mr. Speaker, it's a pertinent question and a sincere one. Why can't you answer it now?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi."



Giorgi: "Mr. Speaker, Representative Telcser's out of order. And I'd like to remind the Members of the House that when Blair had problems like this, he delegate Ryan and Telcser to do his knife work on Committees. But the question that Telcser asked can only be answered by Committee action. If you pose a question in Committee and it's a tie vote, the motion loses because there's no majority. You should know that. It would take 108 votes to discharge, if you read your rules."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on Representative Laurino's motion for suspension of the Rules which requires a six and a half... All those in favor of the motion vote 'aye' and opposed vote 'no'. It takes 107 votes. Representative Telcser... Telcser."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, I'm reluctantly going to vote for this motion. And it's reluctant because you will not tell us what your ruling is going to be in a specific set of circumstances. Mr. Speaker, that isn't fair to us. It's not fair of Members of the House to encumber a Members Bill when they were not in a Committee to have their Bill heard. Now the rules provide for 89 votes to discharge in certain circumstances and yet you refuse to indicate what your ruling might be under those circumstances."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. Representative Kempiners."

Kempiners: "To explain my vote, Mr. Speaker. As I indicated in my point of personal privilege that I expect my Bill, for me to have the opportunity to have my Bill heard under the rules afforded to any other Member. And I just want the Membership to know right here that if I don't feel I've got the votes to pass that Bill, I'm going to do what every single Member would do in a like circumstance and that is not call my Bill to be voted upon. And I further expect that the Committee will have learned it's lesson and not take a vote in my absence, which is contrary to the Rules of this House."

Speaker Redmond: "What rules is that? Could you tell me, Mr. Kempiners?"

Kempiners: "Try 24, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "The Clerk will take the record. On this question



there's 161 'aye' and 1 'no'. Representative Peters."

Peters: "Mr. Speaker, more on a point of personal privilege."

Speaker Redmond: "You've been mentioned in debate, so proceed."

Peters: "Since I've been here this year, I must have heard the name of Bob Blair mentioned about 45 times. And what's strange to me is that when Bob Blair was the Speaker, the people who constantly use his name were the ones who benefited the most from his actions. It seems very, very strange to me, Mr. Speaker, that Bob Blair, all of a sudden when he's not here, when he is not here is the one, is the one who is constantly being referred to as some ogre who did such great and bad things for this House. We all..."

Speaker Redmond: "Bring your remarks to a close, please."

Peters: "And I think it's an affront to Representative Blair or any other former Speaker to engage in that kind of action."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman's motion prevails. Representative Laurino."

Laurino: "Mr. Speaker, again I'd like to reiterate the vote by which that Bill failed or lost had no deference toward Mr. Kempiners. He was not a Member of the Committee. He already gave his testimony. He presented the Bill. It was postponed for a week for a vote, not for any more testimony. So, I'm sorry the Committee has not learned any lesson this, quote, unquote, from you, Mr. Kempiners. We suspended the vote on it for one week. That was all we did. So we did anything that... You knew the Bill was coming up for a vote."

Speaker Redmond: "On the Supplemental Calendar #2 appears House Bill 380. Supplemental Calendar #2. Second Reading. First Legislative Day. Any Committee Re.... Any announcements by Committees? Representative Bluthardt. I know there's been a motion and it will be called in proper time."

Bluthardt: "Thank you."

Speaker-Redmond: "Representative Garmisa."

Garmisa: "For the purposes of an announcement, Mr. Speaker. The



Republican spokesman in the Transportation Committee has asked me, as Chairman of the Transportation Committee, to postpone our meeting of this afternoon till next week. And we talked to the Sponsors of the Bills that are in Committee. They are amenable to that. So the Transportation Committee will not meet this week, but we will meet next week."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schneider."

Schneider: "The Education Committee will meet immediately after adjournment. Mr. Speaker, a number of Bills have been postponed so that reduces the load."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Taylor."

Taylor: "Mr. Speaker, the Committee on Cities and Villages will meet immediately after adjournment in Room D-1, State Office Building."

Speaker Redmond: "Any other Committees? Representative Katz."

Katz: "The Judiciary II Committee will meet in Room 114 immediately upon adjournment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "The House Revenue Committee will meet immediately upon adjournment. If the Sponsors don't want their Bills called they should let us know. But as of now, we're meeting upon adjournment."

Speaker Redmond: "Any other announcements? Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Mr. Speaker, have you made any arrangement in particular about 2:00 and 4:00 Committees this afternoon?"

Speaker Redmond: "Well last week we postponed them until 3:00, I thought it was and 4:30. That's what the, we're calling on the Chairman for the announcements now. What is your pleasure?"

Tipsword: "Well it's a little difficult. We want to know... There are Committees that were scheduled, you know, regularly for 2:00 and for 4:00. And we can't meet when some of the Members of other Committees are meeting someplace."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any Committee Meeting in Room 122-B?"

Tipsword: "No, but what I'm wondering is about getting our Committee there. There's two Committees this afternoon that meet at different times, Mr. Speaker. And I was wondering if..."



Speaker Redmond: "Well... In about an hour. Representative Garmisa has announced the cancellation of Transportation."

Tipsword: "What I'm asking you for is a time schedule for these."

Speaker Redmond: "The 2:00 now and the 4:00 an hour later. It's kind of tight but... Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I think the Gentleman of the General Assembly might like to know those that don't have Committees this afternoon that starting at 5:00 this afternoon and going to 7:00 at the St. Nick. The same place we're having our St. Pat's and St. Joe's Day Dinner, there will be a free cocktail party sponsored by the League of Women Voters. As opposed to the cash bar at the St. Pat's Day Dinner."

Speaker Redmond: "Where will you be, Cal? Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "The Republican Members of Appropriations I had a meeting scheduled for 6:30 with the C.D.B. Director, Glickman. This is being cancelled so we'll not offend various ethnic groups that are having a meeting tonight. Our regular meeting of our cram session of the Republican Appropriations I will be held tomorrow morning, 8:00 at the Pixie Pantry."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to ask leave of the House to have House Bill 114 tabled. I'm the Sponsor of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "What was it?"

DiPrima: "House Bill 114. I'd like to have leave of the House to have it tabled."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objections, leave is granted. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Your telephone's ringing, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Touche. Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Mr. Speaker, since the time that you gave us is so impossible the Insurance Committee's going to meet immediately after adjournment. If we can get a quorum."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further announcements? Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "I move for adjournment until 10:30 tomorrow morning, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Five minutes. Representative Bluthardt."





Bluthardt: "Mr. Speaker, lying on your desk is a written motion to recommit House Bill 380 to the Elections Committee. And I would ask that that be called before everybody leaves for their Committee Hearings."

Speaker Redmond: "We're not at that order of business today, but probably will be tomorrow. Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "The Republicans would like to have a conference tomorrow morning, Mr. Speaker, right after we convene. Could you tell me what time would be convenient for you?"

Speaker Redmond: "10:30."

Ryan: "We're going to convene and then we'll have a conference after that."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on Representative Madigan's motion. All in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no'. We'll be in Perfunctory Session for five minutes and then we'll adjourn till 10:30 tomorrow morning."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 891. Wikoff. A Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 892. Mulcahey - Giorgi. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 893. Deuster. A Bill for an Act to revise the law in relation to counties. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 894. Matijevich. A Bill for an Act to amend the Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 895. Matijevich - McClain. A Bill for an Act to enact the State Expenditures Limitation Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 896. Huskey - Geo-Karis. A Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 897. Schisler. A Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 898. Richmond - Harris. A Bill for an Act to amend the Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 899. Yourell. A Bill for an Act to amend the law in relation to private employment agencies. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 900. Porter. A Bill for an Act relating to safeguards and restrictions upon the use and transfer of personal data used in governmental automated personal data systems. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 901. C. M. Stiehl. A Bill for



an Act relating to fire protection districts. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 902. Kent. A Bill for an Act authorizing the Department of Conservation to sell certain state owned land in Peoria County. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 903. Lynn Martin. A Bill for an Act in relation to county zoning. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 904. Schneider - Sharp. A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 905. Kucharski. A Bill for an Act concerning the right of medical personnel, medical facilities and persons receiving medical care to be free to act in accord with their conscience. First Reading of the Bill. Introduction and First Reading of Constitutional Amendments. House Joint Resolution, Constitutional Amendment #25. Byers - Daniels. Resolved that the House of Representatives of the 80th General Assembly, the Senate concurring herein; there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution, a proposition to Amend Sections 1 and 8 of Article IV and add Section 16 of Article IV of the Constitution to read as follows. Section I, Legislature, power and structure. The legislative power is vested in the General Assembly consisting of a Senate and a House of Representatives, elected by the electors from the 59 Legislative Districts. That the people reserve for themselves the power to propose laws and to enact or reject the same at a general or primary election, independent of the general election as specified in Section 16 of this Article. Section 8, Passage of Bills. A) The enacting clause is the law of this state enacted by the General Assembly shall be enacted by the people of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. B) The General Assembly shall enact laws only by Bills. Bills may originate in either House and may be amended or rejected by the other. C) No Bill shall be a law without the concurrence of a majority of the Members elected to each House. Final passage of a Bill shall be by record vote. In the Senate, at the request of two Members and in the House at the request of five Members, the record vote may be taken on any other occasion.



The record vote is a vote by 'yeas' and 'nays' entered on the Journal.

D) A Bill shall be read by title on three different days in each House. A Bill and each Amendment thereto shall be reproduced and placed on the desk of each Member before final passage. Bills... Except Bills for appropriations and for the codification revision and rearrangement of law, it shall be confined to one subject. Appropriation Bills shall be limited to subjects of appropriations. A Bill expressly amended...amending a law shall set forth completely the Sections amended. The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate shall sign each Bill that passes both Houses to certify that a procedural requirement for passage had been met. Section 16, Initiative. Laws including Amendments to existing laws or the repeal thereof and including laws relating to all subjects within a legislative power vested in the General Assembly under this Constitution, except the subjects of appropriation and branch banking, may be proposed by a petition signed by a Member of electors equal to the number of at least 8 percent of the total votes cast for candidates for Governor in the preceding gubernatorial election. A petition shall be confined to one subject. It shall contain the text of the proposed law and of any laws sought to be amended or repealed. And the date of the election at which the proposed law is to be submitted. It shall have been signed by the petitioners elected not more than 12 months preceding the election and shall be filed with the State Board of Elections at least 78 days before the election. Not more than 3 propositions shall be submitted at the same election and such propositions shall be submitted in order of filing. The procedure for determining the validity and sufficiency of the petitions shall be the same as for a candidate petition. If the petition is valid and sufficient, the proposed law will be submitted to the electors at that election and it shall be law if approved by a majority of those voting on the proposed law. The General Assembly may amend or repeal any law enacted under this Section only by law approved by not less than two-thirds of the Members elected to each House. A law enacted under this Section takes effect 30 days



following the date of the election at which it was approved. Unless by its own terms the law provides for a later effective date. If the provisions of two or more laws enacted under this Section at the same election conflict, the provisions of the law reflecting the greatest number of votes shall prevail. First Reading of the Constitutional Amendment. Senate Bills, First Reading. Senate Bill 117. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. No further business. The House now stands adjourned."



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
1	1:00	Speaker Redmond	House to order
		Rev. Krueger	Prayer
		Speaker Redmond	Roll Call for attendance
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. First Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	S.B. First Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Jouse Journal, March 15, 1977
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	Dispense reading Journal
		Speaker Redmond	Motion carries
		Madigan	Absences
		2	1:05
Ryan	Absences		
Speaker Redmond	Senate Bills - Third Reading		
Clerk O'Brien	Senate Bill 178		
Speaker Redmond			
Brummet	Explains Senate Bill 178		
Speaker Redmond			
Brummet			
Speaker Redmond			
Brummet	No key		
Speaker Redmond	Out of the record		
Brummet			
Ryan			
3		Brummet	
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record - S.B. 178



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
3		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	Committee Reports
		Clerk O'Brien	Reads Committee Reports
4		Speaker Redmond	
		Telcser	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Telcser	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Withdraws objection on S.B. 178
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Reads S.B. 178 - Third Reading
		Brummet	Asks favorable vote
	1:10	Speaker Redmond	
5		Brummet	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Brummet	
		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	S.B. 178 - passed
		Donna Schiller	League of Women Voters
		Speaker Redmond	
6		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mudd	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Collins	
		Speaker Redmond	Introduction and First Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. First Reading



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
6		Speaker Redmond	House Bills - Second Reading H.B. 15
	1:16	Clerk O'Brien	Fiscal Note not printed
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 113
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
7		Clerk O'Brien	House Bill 235
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
		Clerk O'Brien	House Bill 286
		Speaker Redmond	Any Amendments?
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
		Clerk O'Brien	House Bill 377
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	No further Amendments
		Speaker Redmond	Advanced to Third Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	House Bill 381
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #4
	1:20	Speaker Redmond	
		Totten	Explains Amendment #4
8		Speaker Redmond	
		Tipword	Sponsor of Bill
		Speaker Redmond	Amendment #4 - H.B. 381 adopted
		Clerk O'Brien	No further Amendments
		Speaker Redmond	
		Totten	Hold on Second



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
8		Speaker Redmond	
		Tipsword	No objections
		Speaker Redmond	H.B. 381 held on Second
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 383
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 429
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	
9		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 509
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	
		Speaker Redmond	Introduction and First Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	First Reading - House Bills
		Speaker Redmond	Senate Bills - First Reading
		Clerk O'Brien	Reads Senate Bills
		Speaker Redmond	
		Getty	Moves to table H.B. 105
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
10		Madigan	Moves to recess till 2:30
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	Republican Conference
		Speaker Redmond	Recess till 2:30





<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
10		Speaker Redmond	House to Order
		Clerk O'Brien	Introduction and First Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brien	First Reading - Senate Bills
		Speaker Redmond	House Bills - Second Reading
		Hanahan	Introduction
11		Speaker Redmond	
		Clerk O'Brein	H.B. 381 - Amendment #5
		Speaker Redmond	
		Totten	
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
		Chapman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Chapman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Chapman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Chapman	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Chapman	
12		Speaker Redmond	
		Polk	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Polk	
		Madigan	
		Clerk O'Brien	Madigan in Chair
	Speaker Redmond	House Bills - Third Reading	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
12		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 14 - Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 241 - Third Reading
		Speaker Redmond	
13		Darrow	Explains H.B. 241
		Speaker Redmond	
		Peters }	Questions Sponsor
		Darrow }	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ebbesen }	Questions Sponsor
	Darrow }		
14		Speaker Redmond	
		Huff	Sponsor yield?
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huff	
		Darrow }	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Geo-Karis	Sponsor yield?
15		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow )	
		Geo-Karis	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	To close debate
		Speaker Redmond	H.B. 241 passed
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 242
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 244



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
15		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
		Clerk O'Brien	House Bill 259
		Speaker Redmond	
		Schuneman	Explains H.B. 259
16		Speaker Redmond	
		Wolf )	Sponsor yield
		Schuneman )	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Dunn )	Sponsor yield
		Schuneman )	
		Speaker Redmond	H.B. 259 passed.
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 306
		Speaker Redmond	Out of the record
	17		Clerk O'Brien
		Speaker Redmond	
		Mudd	Explains H.B. 324
		Speaker Redmond	H.B. 324 passed
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 388
		Speaker Redmond	
		Dyer	Asks leave for companion Bill
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 389
18			Speaker Redmond
		Dyer	Explains H.B. 388 and 389
		Speaker Redmond	
		Houlihan )	Questions Sponsor
		Dyer )	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
18		Speaker Redmond	
		Leinenweber	Cosponsor
19		Houlihan )	Questions - Discussion
		Leinenweber )	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Darrow	Sponsor yield?
		Leinenweber	
20		Darrow	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huff	Point of Information
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huff	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Huff	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hudson	Question
		Speaker Redmond	
		Hudson	
21		Leinenweber )	
		Hudson )	
22		Speaker Redmond	
		Huff	Questions Sponsor
		Speaker Redmond	
		Dyer	
		Huff	Speaks on Bill
23		Speaker Redmond	
		Madison	Sponsor yield?



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
23		Speaker Redmond	
		Madison	Questions Sponsor
		Leinenweber }	
25		Speaker Redmond	
		Kosinski	Moves previous question
		Speaker Redmond	
		Dyer	To close debate
26		Speaker Redmond	
		Sandquist	Speaks in favor of Bill
		Speaker Redmond	
		Holewinski	
27		Speaker Redmond	
		Hart	Speaks in favor of Bill
		Speaker Redmond	Asks for vote on Bill
		Dyer	Requests Postponed Consideration
		Speaker Redmond	H.B. 388 - 389 P.P.C.
28		Ryan	Introduction
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ewell	House Resolution 42
		Speaker Redmond	
		Lauer	
		Speaker Redmond	House Resolution 42 adopted
		Walsh	Questions Roll Call
		Speaker Redmond	
		Walsh	
29		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>	
29		Clerk O'Brien	Committee Reports	
		Speaker Redmond		
		Laurino	Motion to suspend rule on H.B. 254	
		Speaker Redmond	Suspends rule	
		Ryan	Objection	
		Speaker Redmond		
		Ryan		
		Speaker Redmond		
		Laurino		
		Ryan		
		Laurino		
		Ryan		
	30		Laurino	
			Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond		
		Ryan		
		Speaker Redmond		
		Collins		
		Speaker Redmond		
		Matijevich		
31			Speaker Redmond	
			Fredrich	
		Speaker Redmond		
		Laurino		
32		Speaker Redmond		
		Telcser		



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
32		Speaker Redmond Telcser	
33		Speaker Redmond Laurino Speaker Redmond Telcser Speaker Redmond Laurino	
34		Telcser Laurino Speaker Redmond Kempiners Speaker Redmond Bluthardt	Point of personal privilege
35		Speaker Redmond Ryan	
36		Speaker Redmond Telcser Speaker Redmond ) Telcser )	Questions Speaker
37		Giorgi Speaker Redmond Telcser Speaker Redmond Kempiners Speaker Redmond	Vote on motion to suspend rules.



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
37		Kempiners	
		Speaker Redmond	
38		Peters	Point of personal privilege
		Speaker Redmond	
		Peters	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Peters	
		Speaker Redmond	Motion prevails on suspension of rule
		Laurino	
		Speaker Redmond	Supplemental Calendar #2 H.B. 380 Second Reading.
		Bluthardt	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Carmisa	Announcement
39		Speaker Redmond	
		Schneider	Announcement
		Speaker Redmond	
		Taylor	Announcement
		Speaker Redmond	
		Katz	Announcement
		Speaker Redmond	
		Pierce	Announcement
		Speaker Redmond	
		Tipsword	} Question
		Speaker Redmond	
40		Speaker Redmond	
		Skinner	Announcement





<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
40		Speaker Redmond	
		Cunningham	Announcement
		Speaker Redmond	
		DiPrima	Asks leave for H.B. 114 to be tabled
		Speaker Redmond	Leave granted
		Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond	
		Tipsword	Announcement
		Speaker Redmond	
		Madigan	Moves House adjourn until 10:30 March 23, 1977.
		Speaker Redmond	
41		Bluthardt	Asks motion be called
		Speaker Redmond	Not right order of business
		Ryan	Question on Conference time
		Speaker Redmond	
		Ryan	
		Speaker Redmond	House adjournment motion Perfunctory for five minutes.
41-42-43		Clerk O'Brien	First Reading of House Bills and HJRCA 25. House adjourns

