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Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to order. The Members will please be in their seats. We will be led in prayer by the Reverend Krueger, the House Chaplain."

Father Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost Amen. Oh Lord, Bless this House to Thy service this day. Amen. In the Book of the Prophet Ezekiel, the 36th Chapter the 26th verse, it is written; a new heart also will I give you and a new spirit will I put within you. Let us pray. Our Father, who art in heaven, we come to Thee this day, as we serve as Members of this House of Representatives. Obedient to Thy call to be servants to the people of the State of Illinois. Our daily duties call for us to ponder and consider the mighty issues which confront our society. We pray that Thy Holy Spirit will come to each one of us, enabling us to use sound judgement and Godlike courage as we make our decisions. May Thy Spirit quicken us each day as we become more dedicated to Thy will. Through Christ, our Lord. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll call for attendance. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, will the record show that Representative Mugalian is excused for illness. That Representative Mann is excused because of illness in his family and that Representative Eugene Barnes is excused."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any objections to the Gentleman requesting these excused absences? Hearing none, the Journal will so show. Approval of the Journal."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Journal..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I move that we dispense with the reading of the Journal #19, of February the 24th. Journal #20 of February 1, Journal #21, of February 2 and Journal #22 of March 3. That should have been Journal 20 of March 1, Journal 21 of March 2 and Journal 22 of March 3 and that they be approved. I so move, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the motion carries."



Madigan: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Would you remove all unauthorized personnel from the floor?  
Mr. Speaker?"

Speaker Redmond: "Unauthorized personnel, would you leave the floor  
please? Unauthorized personnel, leave the Floor. Will the  
Doorkeepers please examine the passes of the people entering  
the Chamber and deny access to those that are not duly authorized.  
Representative Ryan, do you have any excused?"

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Representative McAvoy and Anderson  
are absent because of illness. Representative Steele and Wikoff  
are absent due...for legislative business."

Speaker Redmond: "Are there any objections to the record so showing?  
Hearing no objections, the record will so show. Introduction  
and First Reading."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 581, Matejek. A Bill for an Act in relation  
to Public Information concerning opinions, orders, records and  
proceedings of the four state agencies. First Reading of the Bill.  
House Bill 582, Keats. A Bill for an Act permitting schools  
to conduct classes four days a week. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, I think you, phone is ringing.  
Representative Ryan, do you seek recognition?"

Ryan: "After I answered my phone, Mr. Speaker, I seek recognition. I  
just wanted to announce that Representative McAvoy is in Passavant  
Hospital, recovering from hip surgery. He's in Room 538 and those  
of you that would like to send him a card, I'm sure he'd appreciate  
it. Especially since it's so close to St. Patrick's Day."

Speaker Redmond: "St. Joseph's Day, also. House Bills, Second Reading.  
On House Bills, Second Reading appears House Bill 10. I understand  
there's an Amendment, not printed. House Bill 13. Representative  
Capparelli here? Take that out of the record. House Bill 65.  
Representative Greiman here? Take that out of the record."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 65. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections  
of the Fair Employment Practices Act. Second Reading of the  
Bill. One Committee Amendment. Amends House Bill 65 by deleting



everything after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof, the following and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Greiman."

Greiman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House.

The Amendment merely, I shouldn't say merely. The Amendment exempts from the operation of the Bill trained...management training programs and union apprentice programs. It also gives a three year leave time for those companies that have pension plans that still have to make Amendments to their pension plans. It was adopted by the Committee and I would ask for it's adoption by the House."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "Yes."

Schlickman: "This is the Bill that would prohibit...."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, I wonder if the Sponsor would take this out of

the record, this is what I wanted to talk to you about...."

Greiman: "Okay. I would take it out of the record...."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record. 74, House Bill 74."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 74, a Bill for an Act to make the Death Penalty and establish procedures, therefore. Second Reading of the Bill, no Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 106."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 106, a Bill for an Act to provide grants Family Residency Programs through and Council for Family Practice Residency Programs. Second Reading of the Bill, no Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "None."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 235.... 235."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 235...."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Hart, for what purpose do you rise?"

Hart: "I'm the Sponsor of 106, I didn't want that moved. Can we take it



back to Second...."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections to taking it back to the Order of Second Reading? Hearing no objections, it will return to the Order of Second Reading."

Hart: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "235."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 235, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Public Aid Code. Second Reading of the Bill, 1 Committee Amendment. Amends House Bill 235, on page 1, line 1, by deleting and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Who is the Sponsor of the Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Skinner."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Skinner. Representative Sharp, this is your Bill 235, there is an Amendment and evidently, Representative Skinner isn't here. What is your pleasure? Representative Sharp."

Sharp: "Mr. Speaker, there was a request for a fiscal note and the information that I have, it hasn't been received or filed as yet so, I don't think we should move the Bill. Can't move the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "I understand there has been a fiscal note requested, what happened to the Amendment? Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "To the best of my knowledge it was adopted."

Speaker Redmond: "Is that right, Mr. Clerk?"

Sharp: "Yeah, it was adopted."

Speaker Redmond: "The Amendment was adopted?"

Sharp: "It was adopted."

Speaker Redmond: "And it's being held here for the fiscal note, is that correct?"

Sharp: "Correct. Yes, Sir."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, take that one out of the record. 244.... fiscal note has been requested on this one, there was a mistake when this Bill was called last week, the Clerk advises me that the Roll Call for the adoption of the Amendment was 79, 78 and the Journal reflects that it was 78 - 78, so the motion did not carry, it has been arranged with one of the Members who voted on the prevailing side to move to reconsider the vote by which it was announced that that



Amendment carried, so we can put it back where it belongs. Representative Lechowicz, Sponsor of the Amendment has requested that we don't take that action today.... is there any objection to taking this out of the record now and we'll hold this until tomorrow? We'll take it out of the record. 251."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 251, a Bill for an Act to create the death penalty and establish procedures therefore. Second Reading of the Bill, no Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1..."

Speaker Redmond: "Who is the Sponsor of the Amendment?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1, Deuster, amends House Bill 251, on page 1, line 1 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Amendment #1, is my own Amendment to my own Bill, it was actually adopted in Committee but because of the procedures by which the death penalty Bills were discharged from Committee, they come out with the Amendments and so it is necessary to offer this Amendment on the floor. Amendment #1, clarifies my death penalty Bill so that the rights that the defendant has to defer the date of his execution, five years runs from the time that the date was set for the execution by the Illinois Supreme Court, that's one substantive change in the Amendment, the other is, it adds some aggravating circumstances that were left out inadvertently on my part when the Bill was drafted, so I would urge the adoption of Amendment #1, to House Bill 251."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is on the Gentlemans motion to adopt Amendment #1, to House Bill 251. Representative Ellis Levin. Representative Levin. Will all authorized persons leave the floor, we're going to start inviting them in person if they don't leave."

Levin: "Mr. Speaker, I did not receive a copy of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Has the Amendment been distributed? Would you give him a copy of it. Mr. Doorkeeper, there are unauthorized people on the floor, would you please escort them off the floor? Right in this



aisle there is one. Mr. Doorkeeper, there is an unauthorized person in this aisle, would you please escort him off the floor? Do you have a copy of that Amendment, Mr. Levin? Representative Levin... take this out of the record temporarily until Representative Levin gets a copy of the Amendment. Representative Collins, do you have something to gloat about today? Leinenweber, 'unintelligible'... do you all want to stand at the same time?"

Collins: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I think... a moment ago, you asked all authorized people to leave the floor, that would be all right with me too and that is just exactly what we did to some people in San Francisco on Saturday. Unfortunately, from the Gentleman from Ann Arbor did the same thing to Al McQuire and his troops the following day. I would just like to comment further, Mr. Speaker, that there is one heretic in this Body, last week an Irishman, I'll have you know, named Mulcahey, gave me seven points on San Francisco game and I just have to say, shame on him."

Speaker Redmond: "I will take seven points on Norte Dame, Marquet in the NCAA."

Collins: "If we both get that far, I think we can negotiate."

Speaker Redmond: "283."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 283, Anderson, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. Second Reading of the Bill, no Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1, Anderson, amends House Bill 283, on page 1, line 32, by deleting the word 'such' and inserting in lieu thereof, the word 'a'."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Anderson. Representative Lucco, for what purpose do you rise?"

Lucco: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'm submitting the Amendment for Representative Anderson, who is not here at the present time. The Amendment to House Bill 283, merely deletes the word, 'such' and substitutes the 'a' and it is merely a clean up Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Anderson, here?"



Lucco: "No."

Speaker Redmond: "Oh, Representative Ryan, for what purpose do you rise?"

Ryan: "Well, Representative Anderson has been excused for sickness, Mr.

Speaker. If there is no objections to the Amendment, I think you can go ahead and adopt it, if it is all right with Representative Lucco."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentlemans motion for the adoption of Amendment #1. Those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'no', the 'ayes' have it and the Amendment is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. 251, Amendments have been received, Representative Levin, okay. Do you have any comment in respect to the Amendment? The Gentleman has moved for the adoption of Amendment #1, to House Bill 251. Representative Dan Houlihan."

Houlihan: "I have a question of the Sponsor if he will yield. The Sponsor of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Houlihan: "Representative Deuster, directing your attention to page 3, of your Amendment. At line 7, where it states in sub paragraph 11, 'the murder individual was killed in the course of an escape or attempted escape from lawful police custody or correctional custody.' I presume in reading that, that it is intended to refer to an escape by the defendant, is that correct?"

Deuster: "In answer to your question, I think that is the intent, yes."

Houlihan: "Wouldn't it be better to make that exclusive as far as the language that you are inserting by means of this Amendment?"

Deuster: "I think that is a good suggestion, I think the language is the same that was in or going in the other death penalty Bills. I may be mistaken and your observation may be appropriate to all of the Bills. Maybe I will.... I think it is a question of clarification, maybe it can be clarified by further Amendment.... however, for the time being if we put this on I could amend the Bill as amended. I think it is just a question of clarification, I think it is a fine point and a good point and I thank you for it."

Houlihan: "Well, my concern is, on a Bill of this nature.... it be clear as possible to what is a ground for imposition of the death penalty."



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I think the language is confusing and that a clarification should be placed in the Amendment."

Deuster: "I would be happy to do that, I'm not sure what procedure you think would be best. We could redraft another Amendment. Hold this on Second Reading. Would you think that would make sense?"

Houlihan: "I do."

Deuster: "I'll be happy....I appreciate your contribution. Unfortunately all of the Death Penalty Bills never got a thorough going over in Committee and that maybe is my excuse for not being in perfect form. I would like, Mr. Speaker, to hold this on Second Reading and I would withdraw my motion to adopt Amendment #1."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record.....Take it out of the record. House Bills, Third Reading. House Bills Third Reading appears House Bill 27. Representative Ebbesen....Representative Ebbesen....Out of the record. 31.....Representative Cunningham. Representative Cunningham. 31..."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 31, a Bill for an Act relating to certain investment of public funds by public agencies, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Cunningham."

Cunningham: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, you'll remember that House Bill 31 authorizes public bodies to invest funds in interest bearing certificates.....and in savings accounts. It was called to our attention that the present state of the statutes that it was impossible,.... under certain circumstances, for fire districts to invest funds in savings accounts. Patently this is wrong. It should be aw....."

Speaker Redmond: "Give the Gentleman order."

Cunningham: "...what we seek by this Bill is to legislate common sense in the right of public body to invest the funds they hold, for the benefit of the public, in savings accounts and in other interest bearing accounts of similar nature. You'll note that it had no opposition anywhere along the line. Overwhelmingly approved in the Committee. The Amendments that were made here on the floor were for the purpose of clarifying the language of the statute. I urge ....this is a Bill you can all vote for in good conscience."





Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye'. Opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Clerk....Who? Representative Conti..... 'Aye'. Katz 'aye'. The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 138 'aye' and one 'no', and this Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. We are honored with the presence of a former Member who is standing right along the podium here. Representative Joe Sevcik. What have you got? ....54...."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 54, a Bill for an Act to amend the Workmen's Compensation or Occupational Diseases Insurance for Rejected Employers Act, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Yourell.....Out of the Record. 133... Out of the Record, request of the Sponsor. 163.."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 163, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in regard to limitations, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Schlickman. Schlickman.."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Bill 163 amends the Civil Practice Act to provide that a claim for loss of consortium will be subject to a two year limitation just as a claim for a personal injury. The Bill was considered by Judiciary I. It was reported out with recommendations 'do pass' by a vote of 16 to none. I know of no opposition and I solicit your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there is 134 'aye', and one 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 171."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 171, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Code, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kelly.....Unauthorized persons are entering the Chamber. Representative Kelly."

Kelly: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. During the last Session I sponsored a Bill dealing with the subject matter of special



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assessments and I found that there was an irregularity which existed in our State Statutes, wherein two particular Sections of our State Statutes we permitted the special assessment fund to be transferred to this, to the fund, after a four year waiting period and in the Section which I am trying to correct it indicated an eight year waiting period. I have received the approval of the Illinois Municipal League and I don't know of any...any opposition. This is strictly a technical change which I am trying to make in our State Statutes."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Schlickman: "This Bill is an Amendment to an existing Act. Is that correct?"

Kelly: "Yes."

Schlickman: "Oh, I see, it's on line 27 of page 1 that you make the change. Thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. Doesn't his machine work there? Representative Lotten, 'aye'. His machine isn't working. On this question there's 138 'aye' and no 'nays'. This Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority, is hereby declared passed. 182."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 182."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Clerk O'Brien: "A Bill for an Act..."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. 189. Representative Mahar."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 189. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Northeastern Illinois Planning Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mahar."

Mahar: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House."

House Bill 189 provides a method by which the assembly of mayors can



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fill a vacancy created among their group on N.I.P.C. This Bill passed out of Committee 15 to 1. It was part of a Bill that passed both Houses in the last Session; but since another Section of the Bill was amendatorily vetoed by the Governor, this Bill was left in waiting. I know of no opposition and I urge your support."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Representative Marovitz, 'aye'. Okay, Representative Marovitz, the board is still open. Have all voted who wished. The Clerk will take the record. On this question 128 'aye', 7 'no'. This Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 236. I don't know whether we can. They're locked in."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 236. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Unemployment Insurance Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kane."

Kane: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 236 has been introduced at the request of the State Treasurer's Office on the recommendation of the Auditor General and the outside auditors of Price Waterhouse. What the Bill does is transfer the custodian responsibility of the Unemployment Trust Fund Clearing Account from the State Treasurer to the Director of Labor. At the present time the Treasurer's Office has no control over disbursement from this fund but is involved in the mechanics of bookkeeping adjustments after the fact and this results in a large volume of unnecessary paperwork. And there is no opposition to this Bill and I would urge the favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Schlickman: "Do you know of any other codepartment director that serves as the custodian of funds?"



Kane: "No."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', the opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Representative Jones, are you seeking recognition? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 135 'aye' and 2 'no' and the Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 269."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 269. A Bill for an Act in relation to the control and maintenance of and the purchase of land, construction of necessary building for public graveyards. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lucco."

Lucco: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Bill, I feel is a very badly needed Bill. It's a permissive Bill. It permits townships to increase the taxation from 5 percent or 5 cents to 15 cents by means of a referendum and this is to clean up, maintain orderly, many of the small time graveyards, cemeteries that are in existence throughout the State of Illinois, particularly down in Southern Illinois, where you have small cemetery plots. Where there...maybe no one has been buried there for the last ten years or so. No one is assigned to take care of them. The townships say they do not have the money to do the job properly. This will authorize the township, by referendum, to increase the tax from 5 percent to 15 percent. I solicit your 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, will the Gentlemen yield for a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Leinenweber: "Representative Lucco, you've explained that they can raise the tax provided that the people vote in a referendum to do so. Was that added by an Amendment after the Bill was first filed? So now it does definitely provide for...it's not a back



door referendum, is it?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lucco."

Lucco: "Yes, I had prepared one Amendment, which did so and then it was incorrectly filed. If you recall, we filed a substitute Amendment #2, which does exactly as I said and which I think meets with your approval. I hope."

Leinenweber: "Is it a back door or front door referendum?"

Lucco: "Front door."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? The question is, shall this Bill pass? Those in favor vote 'aye', opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there's 139...140 'aye', and 1 'no'. The Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 276, we'll pass at the request of the Sponsor. 299."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 299. A Bill for an Act concerning jurors and repeals certain Acts therein named. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative VanDuyne. House Bill 299."

Van Duyne: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House. This Bill simply amends the procedure of notifying jurors to come and sit on a jury. As it is now, we have to send these out by law, under registered mail to the addressee only. Wherein this simply changes it where anybody in the household can sign for this. And the intent of the Bill is to save the county some money. As of now, we pay somewhere around a dollar fifty or twenty cents for each one of these summonses to be delivered and this will lower the cost of this sixty-five cent per summons. So, if you send out four thousand summons notices like we do in Will County, it will save you in the neighborhood of two thousand or twenty-two hundred and fifty dollars. As I understand it, it is not encompassing of Cook County, as yet single district counties are not included. But it will help out all the other counties in the State of Illinois other than Cook and DuPage Counties, which are a single member district. If there are any questions, I'll



be glad to answer it.... answer them, but it is a very simple piece of legislation, but nevertheless; important to the county. And I ask for a favorable vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Would the Sponsor yield for a question, please?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will. Please come to order."

Van Duynes: "I might add.... I might add, Ladies and Gentlemen, that this passed out of the House last year by an overwhelming vote and it was stalled in the Senate. And I'd like to try it again this year."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Friedrich: "What would be the effect of this if the person says, 'Well, someone in my house might have gotten it, but they didn't give it to me.' What's the legal effect of his not appearing in for duty?"

Van Duynes: "Well, we went through that last time and it... it really is a logical position that we take. This doesn't happen usually. And... well, the sheriff still has recourse to go out and reserve these people. Now that was what Senator Nudelman brought up two years ago in the Judiciary Committee in the Senate. He said that it would give the unscrupulous judges the right for unlawful seizure and detention. And we argued this and most of the lawyers.... and I would appreciate any help from any of the lawyers in the Body could give me on this, seem to agree that that was an unjustifiable position."

Friedrich: "Well, I appreciate what you're trying to do here and I favor. I just couldn't.... didn't know what the implications were if it weren't delivered. If there's nothing... if a person can't get in trouble here for someone losing his mail.... why I think it might be all right."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further..... any further discussion?"



The question is shall this Bill.... Representative Madison."

Madison: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker.. Would the Sponsor yield?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Madison: "Representative Van Duyne, does this Bill reduce the requirement that the.... that the notice be sent by certified mail or simply reduces the requirement that it be sent to addressee only?"

Van Duyne: "That's right. It just removes the addressee designate only."

Madison: "But it still must be sent by certified mail?"

Van Duyne: "Certified mail, yes."

Madison: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Anything further? Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Would the Gentleman yield for a question, please?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Tipsword: "Is there anything in this that gives any protection to the....the someone, the juror, who may have a notice by mail delivered to his usual place of abode and someone receives it but never delivers it over to him. What does he do when that irate judge has him hauled in by the sheriff from his place of work or his place of business. He hasn't had an opportunity to make arrangements for someone to operate his business."

Van Duyne: "Well, Representative Tipsword, let's just create a little scenario. I take your summonses...summons and I sign for it and then I just forget or else I do it specifically to get you in trouble. As far as I'm concerned, it's no different than you signing for it or me signing your name and...you know, forging your name or you signing it and then you forget to come and you go to the judge and you say, 'Hey, Judge, I'm sorry but I didn't sign for it. I didn't even have it.' Now, I'm of the belief that you have to have a little belief in human nature. If you are an honest person and you are just simply ordered to come for jury duty and you can give some plausible reason to the judge why you



are late or why you didn't show up... Because, as I understand the procedure, when a person doesn't show up then the sheriff is notified and he goes out to pick you up. Right. But when you're brought down, you know, I don't really believe that all these judges are... even though I have some...a lot of misgivings about judges in a lot of cases, I don't really think that every judge is out to throw you in jail unnecessarily. Now, that's the same analogy of a kid coming home and saying, 'Why is the teacher picking on me?' I don't really believe that any teacher just picks out any kid and says, 'Well, okay, this is the one I'm going to get today, even though he hasn't done anything.' So, if you will allow me that little simple analogy, I think it applies. And I don't think that we can legislate everything in this world to, you know, just outlaw anybody getting into any minor little infraction. So, that's all I can tell you. And Harry Leinenweber probably would be a little bit better qualified to explain the legal ramifications of this. But I don't...I really think you're making a big mountain out of a very small mound hil...ant hill."

Tipsword: "I'm not worried about the contempt that the judge would hold them in. I think you could explain that all right, once you're hauled into court. The thing I'm asking about is this person who doesn't... hasn't really received a notice and he has a business or he has a job, he has someone that depends on him and suddenly the sheriff goes and just jerks him out of there and takes him into court. Which is what happens right now, if you don't show up. And he hasn't had an opportunity to have someone to cover his business or to cover his obligations. That's the point I was wondering about."





Van Duynes: "Well... But I really don't think it applies, in this case. Now, I'll give you the simple analogy again where if I sign for you, you really aren't notified, they will come and get you. Or, the person could say, 'Well judge, I wasn't notified.' Even though he signed it and said somebody forged his signature. I'm just saying that it may happen and it probably will not. I... The thing comes in certified mail to the average house in Illinois. When you get... a Postman makes you sign for a letter... excuse me... it's important enough really in the average household, where somebody will notify the person that is there. You know, I can't really go any further to assure you, you know, of anything better."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I think this is a good Bill. I think it eliminates a substantial expenditure in the counties with jury commissions, that this isn't needed. The fact of the matter is, you're going to find a lot more jurors contacted by virtue of the fact that you permit anybody in the household to sign for a certified letter. Now, if the individual isn't home, the letter goes down to the... back to the Post Office and they leave a note telling the person to come and get it. Which, if they know what it is, they probably won't do it. Currently, under existing laws you're going to be sued in court and you're going to be served with a subpoena, or not a subpoena, with a summons, it can be given to a person above the age of a 14 year old in the household and the same argument can be made that you're not going to find out about that. But I think it's a very unlikely possibility that the summons would not be turned over to the person to whom it's directed. It is so unlikely and the savings is so great that I think that this is really a good Bill. The type of Bill



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that the people back home will like because it will cut costs. So, I certainly urge an 'aye' vote."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Boucek."

Boucek: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Redmond: "He will."

Boucek: "Representative Van Duyne, you indicate here that this will be a saving of 40 to 50 cents or so per summons?"

Van Duyne: "65 cents."

Boucek: "65?"

Boucek: "How would this work in Cook County? It would add to the cost because now in Cook County it's sent out by straight mail."

Van Duyne: "Well, as I understand it, and maybe I don't understand it. But, in this case, Cook County is not even considered. In single Member districts, which Cook and DuPage are the only two in the state, the Bill has nothing to do with them whatsoever. But I will tell you, just off the cuff, that they are probably doing it illegal."

Boucek: "Well, they do mail them in Cook County."

Van Duyne: "Yes, I know."

Boucek: "Thank you."

Van Duyne: "Some of the other counties do too. I was going around a poll and I called a little county by the name of Grundy, which is very, very small then they send them out regular mail too. But they're not legally entitled to do that. And not only that, I talked to some of the Members of our illustrious Body here in maybe... with the thought in mind to, you know, include single member districts, which would have included Cook. But I was told that they would just rather not be included. And so rather than jeopardize the Bill, I just left them out."



Boucek: "I think you're right in sending it by certified mail and then we'd be sure they got there because straight mail, they could say, 'I never did get it.' Thank you."

Van Duyne: "Ordinarily, in Will County, that sends out about four thousand of these a year, it will save the Circuit Clerk's Office in the end result..... the County Board and the people of Will County twenty-six hundred dollars, ordinarily. And you know, it's important that you understand that these counties are growing, especially Will County, and with the growth you have more court cases. And so you know, the cost..... will escalate. I really don't think that we should hang on dollars and cents so much, even though they're important as it is just plain waste of money. You know, how can you justify that you waste fifty dollars? Or a hundred dollars? Why does it always have to be twenty-five hundred dollars or four hundred thousand dollars before we become upset? This is a normal everyday housekeeping cost and therefore they shouldn't be any higher than what really is necessary. So I think that it's important in that light."

Boucek: "I'll vote for your Bill."

Van Duyne: "God bless you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Van Duyne to close."

Van Duyne: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Really I believe I just did. And I would simply ask the Membership to make it unanimous so that when we get it over in the Senate.... you know, we'll have a little bit less trouble."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall this Bill pass. Those in favor vote 'aye' and those opposed 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 148 'aye' and 5 'no' and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. 317, Representative Ewing. 317."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 317. A Bill for an Act to amend



Sections of the Probate Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ewing."

Ewing: "Take that out of the record, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. 321."

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 321...."

Speaker Redmond: "Out of the record at the request of the Sponsor. House Bills, Second Reading appears House Bill 10. Are the Amendments now printed and distributed, Mr. Clerk? Representative Madison, for what purpose do you rise?"

Madison: "Mr. Speaker, I'm wondering if the Sponsor of House Bill 10 would be willing to hold this Bill on Second Reading for the purposes of an Amendment which I have.... which at the present time is still hung up in the Legislative Reference Bureau?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, we have been holding House Bill 10 on Second Reading for five Amendments which are now on the floor. I'm not sure who spoke.... who spoke?"

Speaker Redmond: "Madison."

Kosinski: "However, I think the Sponsor of this Amendment should it come to the floor, and I can agree to move House Bill 10 from Third to Second Reading for consideration of the Amendment, rather than hold up the process. Is that okay with you, Jessie?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madison."

Madison: "Mr. Speaker, is it my understanding that... that that movement from Third to Second will be automatic or will it depend on the Sponsor's feeling about the Amendment?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "No, I will move it to Second Reading if you so request for consideration of your Amendment period."

Madison: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "All right, are there any Amendments on



House Bill 10?"

Clerk O'Brien: "House Bill 10. A Bill for an Act to authorize imposition of the Death Penalty for certain... Commission of certain crimes involving murders. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #1. Johnson. Amends House Bill 10 on page 2, line 16 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Johnson."

Johnson: "Mr. Speaker, I would ask to table Amendment #1 to House Bill 10."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave to table House Bill 1? Hearing no objections, House Bill... Amendment #1 is tabled."

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #2. Johnson. Amends House Bill 10 on page 2, line 15, by inserting immediately after 'killed', the following and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Johnson."

Johnson: "Mr. Speaker, I would also ask leave to amend...or to table Amendment 2 to House Bill 10."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Hearing none, Amendment #2 is tabled. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #3. Kosinski. Amends House Bill 10 on page 1, by deleting line 21 and 22 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, Amendment #3 is essentially...

In part, the Amendment that was adopted in Committee but never hit the Clerk's desk. In which we have deleted 'prosecutors' and 'judges' from one of the aggravating circumstances. It had a political overtone. In addition, Amendment #3 incorporates several very expert recommendations of Mr. Huskey, in his House Bill 74. By accepting these recommendations, which we think will strengthen the Bill, Mr. Huskey will then table House Bill 74 and become a hyphenated Cosponsor of



House Bill 10. I therefore ask for the...for expenses of Amendment #3 to House Bill 10."

Speaker Redmond: "Is there any discussion? The question's on the Gentleman's... Representative Huskey...Huskey. Please come to order."

Huskey: "Mr. Speaker, this Amendment #3 pretty well encompasses the extra clauses in the Death Penalty Bill that Representative Kosinski's...House Bill 10, did not include. This makes House Bill 10 a very excellent Bill and in hoping that, to expedite this Bill so both sides of the aisle will hurriedly pass House Bill 10, I wish to have House Bill #74 tabled and become a hyphenated Sponsor of House Bill 10."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #3. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', the opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment's adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #4. Johnson. Amends House Bill 10 as amended in Section 1 of the Bill, by deleting subparagraph 6 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Johnson."

Johnson: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Amendment 4 has been approved by Representative Kosinski, the Chief Sponsor of the Bill. I talked to Representative Cunningham and Daniels and two or three of the other Cosponsors of the Bill and all of them have indicated that this Amendment's in proper form and is agreeable to them. Basically what Amendment #4 does is to require either...specifically under the Felony Murder Provisions of House Bill 10 to require either the intent to kill or acts that created the strong probability of death as a result of those acts. It also specifies the elements of a felony murder and those crimes that are included under



it and it also includes a provision in (a), that requires that the murdered individual was killed by the defendant rather than another party to the crime. All of those things have been approved by the Sponsors and I would move for the adoption of Amendment #4."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for adoption. Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I have no objection to this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's... Representative Gene Hoffman."

Hoffman: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, a question of the Sponsor of the 2nd Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Hoffman: "Representative Johnson, just looking at these very quickly, are we sure there is no conflict between Amendment #3, which was adopted and Amendment #4, which we are attempting to adopt now? Do they... Does it fit in properly? It looks to me like we're striking some of the same material."

Johnson: "Representative Hoffman, we've...I've cleared that with the Sponsor and also with the staff and they've indicated that it is consistent. That was my reason for tabling Amendment #2, because it's in possible conflict. As far as I can see, it's completely consistent with one another."

Hoffman: "All right, thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "All right, the questions on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #4. Those in favor say 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment #4 is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Amendment #5. Deuster. Amends House Bill 10 as amended by inserting between Section 1 and 2 of the Bill, the following and so forth."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'm offering this Amendment to Representative Kosinski's Bill because... Although I personally, like many of you, are a strong advocate of the death penalty, I believe the death penalty deters crime and saves innocent lives. I also think that the death penalty in an appropriate punishment for some particularly aggravated and brutal murders. On the other hand, although I'm personally a strong advocate of the death penalty, I know, as all of you know, that our judges and our juries are just human. As we are. And as we can make mistakes on this House floor and vote for Legislation we later regret, we know that in our criminal justice system as hard as we try, there's a possibility of error. Now, when we send a man to prison for life and three or four years later some other criminal in another state confesses that he really committed that crime and we discover that we've got an innocent man sitting in prison, we can then free him. But if we have executed him, if we put him to death, if we strapped him in the chair and snuffed out his life and we subsequently find that in this one or two instances we made a mistake, we can feel sorry. But we can not bring that man back to life. As results I offer Amendment #5, which does this. It gives every convicted murderer the optional right, if he wishes, if at his option he chooses to defer the date of his execution five years from the date set by the Illinois Supreme Court. Sometimes a criminal defendant has the resources to hire the best legal minds, the best defense lawyers in the country. And either evidence exists or his lawyers are smart enough to establish grounds for appeal and he'll be appealing his case all the way to the U.S. Supreme Court. And many times that takes four or five years."



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But for the poor man that can't hire the rich lawyer or for the poor man or woman who's a victim of circumstance and the passions of the moment, he doesn't have that opportunity to appeal. So, this optional right to defer the date of his execution five years, in my mind, is the reasonable compromise for those of us who want the death penalty, want it to deter in effect and want to put to death those who are truly guilty. But on the other hand, provides us with a procedural safeguard so that a man who is really innocent can say, 'I elect to put off the date of my death five years.' I do not believe this is cruel and unusual punishment, because it's not mandatory. He can choose it if he wants. If he wants to sit there on death row, let him sit there. But I offer this Amendment, conscientiously as an advocate of the death penalty, who none the less recognizes we could make a mistake and we can't bring that innocent life back. I'd be happy to answer any questions and I would urge the adoption of Amendment #5."

Speaker Redmond: "There's a former House Member and a former Chairman of the Judiciary Committee here, Mr. Dixon. Former House Member, presently, the Secretary of State. D. L. Houlihan."

Houlihan: "I have a question of the Sponsor, Mr. Speaker, if he'll yield."

Speaker Redmond: "He'll yield."

Houlihan: "Representative Deuster, is this five year provision, is this based on, or a model after some other statute?"

Deuster: "No, it is not. It is not copied. It's not a copy of anything that I know of that exists in other states. It's a novel proposal. A creative proposal. I've considered it carefully, I don't see anything, any Constitutional problem with it. But, the answer to your question directly, I know of no other state that has



done this but I don't see any reason why we in Illinois have to wait for other states to think up good ideas or humane ideas."

Houlihan: "Isn't...Representative Deuster, the net effect of this Amendment to delay the imposition of the death penalty for an indefinite period of time subsequent to it's imposition?"

Deuster: "No, Representative Houlihan, it's not indefinite. It's five exact years. If they choose to exercise this option, it's just five years. It's not indefinite and the death is certain. The execution is certain. It just provides reasonable delay so we can not be accused of being a lynch mob, rushing in there, trying to put somebody to death. But I would say, Representative Houlihan, there's nothing magic about five years. It could be four or three or some other figure. But I think five is a reasonable figure and it is definite, it's not indefinite."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I never was an advocate of the death penalty until the last four years. There have been instances of cases that were actually...that actually went to trial, where evidence was mishandled and which was fraudulently made, in murder cases. I think in order to guarantee it as much as possible, not to execute who is innocent, it seems to me a five year period from the date the Supreme Court set as the date of the final decision, is most humane and fair. I do not think it's cruel and inhuman punishment. After all, if he's innocent, he will have five years, he or she, will have five years to try and rectify the situation. And I feel that it's a good Amendment and it is a step towards a more humane treatment. It's not that murderers are entitled to humane treatment but they might have been



innocent and that's why I'm supporting this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker... Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House and the 100 Cosponsors of House Bill 10 I strongly, most vigorously oppose this Amendment. Mr. Deuster's Amendment could invoke a mockery of justice as experienced in the Utah...in Utah recently, in the 'Gilmore Case'. While Representative Deuster indicates this Amendment permits the defendant to determine whether he wishes the five year moratorium on his execution. This same clause could be used by organizations opposing death penalties, as it was in Utah. Gilmore elected immediate execution. But these organizations over his decision got continuance after continuance till Utah was in a turmoil. To have a Capital Punishment Bill law abused in Illinois, as it was in Utah, would be in total defiance of the people's legislative intent in supporting this measure. House Bill 10, as it stands, would assure a waiting period of several years through the normal appeal process. Which is adequate time for new evidence to be presented. Mr. Deuster's Amendment would add a five year moratorium on top of that, which could total as much as seven or eight years before justice is done. To be on death row for this length of time, especially by intervention of anti-death penalty organizations, is actually cruel and unusual punishment. Even Gilmore thought so. It forced him to do two attempted suicides. I recommend we kill this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of... Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "Just briefly, to close. If you read the Amendment, the Amendment says, 'If the person sentenced to death.' It doesn't say any liberal or conservative organization, it says the person. If the person sentenced to death elects, the execution shall be postponed for five years from



the date set by the Illinois Supreme Court. There's no legal way that outside groups can intervene. The right of the option here is only for the person. I might say that of all of our death penalty proposals, this Bill provides for a quick taking up on the case from the Trial Court to the Supreme Courts. That will happen very quickly and the five years begins running from the date set by the Supreme Court. Under the body of House Bill 10, every case, every case goes to the Illinois Supreme Court and this Amendment would simply allow the person to elect to defer the execution for five years. I thank you for your consideration of this Amendment and urge it's adoption."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of... Representative Deuster."

Deuster: "And I request a Roll Call."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion for the adoption of Amendment #5. Those in favor vote 'aye', the opposed vote 'no'. Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 27 'aye', 96 'no' and the Gentleman's motion fails and the Amendment is not adopted. Any further Amendments?"

Clerk O'Brien: "No further Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "What is your... Leave this on Second or move it to Third with the understanding that you have with Representative Madison. Third Reading. Representative Huskey, in respect to House Bill 74. Do you seek recognition?"

Huskey: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to have House Bill 74 tabled because it has been covered and joined with House Bill 10, on Amendment #3. So..."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave to table House Bill 74? Hearing no objections, leave is granted."



Representative Hudson, do you seek recognition?"

Hudson: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, yes. I rise to request leave of the House to have my name withdrawn as a Cosponsor of House Bill 65."

Speaker Redmond: "Does the Gentleman have leave? Hearing no objection, leave is granted. Representative Ryan, do you seek recognition? Representative Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I would like to request a Republican Conference at this time. To be held in Room 118. And would request that all Republican Members come. It has to do with the Mental Health package and I would certainly hope that everybody would be there. In 118, immediately after we get out of here."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Ryan, if you have any idea how long it will be, we have Committee meeting scheduled for 2:00. I assume they would automatically go over whenever your conference is over."

Ryan: "Well, I would hope we could do it in thirty minutes, Mr. Speaker. I was under the impression that you're going to have a conference too, is that correct?"

Speaker Redmond: "The Committees will meet at 2:30."

Ryan: "Well, give me... Why don't you make it 2:45."

Speaker Redmond: "2:45. I know you and when you say 2:30, you mean 2:30."

Ryan: "Well, you're only giving me 15 minutes. I asked for a half an hour."

Speaker Redmond: "They don't call you ramrod for nothing."

Ryan: "Right."

Speaker Redmond: "The Committees...the Committees will meet at 2:45. Representative James Houlihan."

Houlihan: "Mr. Speaker, is it appropriate for an announcement?"

Speaker Redmond: "Proceed."

Houlihan: "Members of Appropriations II. We will not meet tomorrow. The one Bill before the Committee has been



canceled and we will not ... either in the morning for the Democratic Members or in the afternoon. That meeting will be put over until next week."

Speaker Redmond: "We will...we will come in tomorrow at 10:30 and we will proceed to amend the Rules. So, that will be one of the very first order of business. Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr..."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Giorgi. Why don't we do those tomorrow and let the Republicans..."

Representative Madigan, do you seek recognition?"

Madigan: "For purposes of an announcement, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Okay."

Madigan: "The House Doorkeeper, Emery Kohler, suffered a heart attack last Friday and is in Intensive Care Unit at St. Johns Hospital. He is expected to be moved out of that unit within the next day or so. In his absence Stan Pepperin, the Assistant Doorkeeper, will be assuming the duties of the Doorkeeper. If it's appropriate I would move to adjourn until 10:30 tomorrow morning. And the Clerk can announce his program for the day."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Clerk, what is your request here?"

Clerk O'Brien: "Move into Perfunctory Session for five minutes to introduce Bills and then adjourn."

Speaker Redmond: "The Gentleman's motion is...Representative Taylor, James Taylor. Please give the Gentleman order."

Taylor: "Mr. Speaker, for the purposes of announcement, the Committee on Cities and Villages will meet promptly after adjournment in Room D-1, State Office Building."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Taylor, I think that the Republicans are having a conference and they won't be out of that until 2:45. So we requested that the Committees meet at 2:45."

Taylor: "We will meet at 2:45, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "The question's on the Gentleman's motion th



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we stand in Perfunctory Session for about five minutes and then adjourn. All those in favor vote 'aye', 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The motion carries."

Clerk O'Brien: "Introduction and First Reading. House Bill 583. Catania. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to Unified Code of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 584. Rigney - Schlickman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Civil Administrative Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 585. Hart. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Election Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 586. Mautino. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Medical Malpractice Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 587. Bowman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Emergency Services and Disaster Agency Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 588. Hart. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Civil Practice Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 589. Hart. A Bill for an Act to repeal Sections of an Act in regard to evidence and disposition. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 590. Terzich. A Bill for an Act in relation to insurance coverage of a dependant following death of subscribers to medical and hospital insurance plans. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 591. Lucco. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 592. Geo-Karis. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 593. Hart. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to an Act relating to Replevin. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 594. Schlickman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 595. Sandquist. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act



relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 596. Sandquist. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to alcoholic liquors. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 597. Jaffe - Greiman. A Bill for an Act relating to transfer of interests in real estate by trustees of schools. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 598. Pechous. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to prevent and punish wrong to children. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 599. Pechous. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 600. McLendon. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to waste deductions for the benefit of creditors and regulating the issuance of deduction orders. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 601. Yourell. A Bill for an Act relating library media services in Elementary and Secondary Schools. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 602. Yourell. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 603. Yourell. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 604. Yourell. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Local Library Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 605. Yourell. A Bill for an Act in relation to the Library Tax Rate. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 606. Geo-Karis. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act relating to investigation and prevention of fire. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 607. Friedrich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 608. Holewenski - Peters. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning the Cities, Villages and incorporated





towns. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 609.

Totten. A Bill for an Act relating to the election of Township Officers. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 610. Kent. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to private employment agencies. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 611. Darrow. A Bill for an Act concerning discharge from the custody of the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities of persons found not guilty of a felony by reason of insanity. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 612. Lechowicz. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 613. VonBoeckman. A Bill for an Act to make an appropriation for the cost of living increases and compensation of certain state employees. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 614. VonBoeckman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill.

No further business. The House now stands adjourned."



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
1	1:00	Speaker Redmond	House to order
1		Reverend Krueger	Prayer
1		Speaker Redmond	Roll Call
1		Madigan	Excused absences
1		Speaker Redmond	
1		Clerk O'Brien	
1		Speaker Redmond	Reading of Journal
1		Madigan	Move to dispense reading
1		Speaker Redmond	Motion carries
2		Madigan	
2		Speaker Redmond	
2		Ryan	Excused absence
2		Speaker Redmond	
2	1:05	Clerk O'Brien	Introduction & First Reading
2		Speaker Redmond	
2		Ryan	McAvoy's illness
2		Speaker Redmond	
2		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 65-2nd-1 Com. Amend.
3		Speaker Redmond	
3	1:12	Greiman	H.B. 65
3		Speaker Redmond	
3		Schlickman	Yield?
3		Speaker Redmond	
3		Madigan	Ask to take out of record
3		Greiman	Okay
3		Speaker Redmond	
3		Clerk O'Brien	H.B. 74-2nd-No Com. Amend.



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
3		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
3		Clerk O'Brien	HB 106-2nd R-No Com. Amen
3		Speaker Redmond	Third Reading
3		Clerk O'Brien	
3		Speaker Redmond	
4		Hart	Return 106 to 2nd
4		Speaker Redmond	Okay
4		Clerk O'Brien	HB 235-2nd-1 Com Amend
4		Speaker Redmond	
4	1:15	Sharp	
4		Speaker Redmond	
4		Skinner	
4		Speaker Redmond	
4		Sharp	
5		Speaker Redmond	Out of record
5	1:13	Clerk O'Brien	HB 251-2nd-No Com Amend
5		Speaker Redmond	
5	1:18	Clerk O'Brien	Floor Amendment #1
5		Speaker Redmond	
5		Deuster	Amendment #1
5		Speaker Redmond	
5		Levin	No copy
6		Speaker Redmond	Out of record
6		Collins	
6		Speaker Redmond	
6	1:22	Clerk O'Brien	HB 283-2nd-No Com Amen
6		Speaker Redmond	



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<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
6		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #1
6		Speaker Redmond	
7		Lucco	Submitting Amend for Anderson
7		Speaker Redmond	
7		Ryan	Anderson excused
7		Speaker Redmond	Amend adopted-3rd Reading
7		Clerk O'Brien	
7		Speaker Redmond	HB-251
7		Houlihan )	
		)	
8	1:25	Deuster )	
8		Speaker Redmond	Out of record
8		Clerk O'Brien	HB 31-Third Reading
8		Speaker Redmond	
8		Cunningham	
8		Speaker Redmond	Passed
9	1:25	Clerk O'Brien	Continues
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		McGrew	Record me as 'aye'
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		Clerk O'Brien	
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		Gaines	Change to 'aye'
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		Clerk O'Brien	Continues
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		Ewing	Questions Affirmative Roll Call
9		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
9	1:29	Birchler	Change to 'yes'
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		Ewing )	
9		Speaker Redmond)	
9		Martin	Change to 'no'
9		Clerk O'Brien	<del>HB-54-3rd-Reading</del>
9		Speaker Redmond	Out of record
9		Clerk O'Brien	HB 163-Third Reading
9		Speaker Redmond	
9		Schlickman	
9	1:32	Speaker Redmond	Passed
9		Clerk O'Brien	HB 171-Third Reading
9		Speaker Redmond	
10		Kelly	
10		Speaker Redmond	
10		Schlickman )	
10		Kelly )	
10		Speaker Redmond	Passed
10		Clerk O'Brien	HB 189-Third Reading
10		Speaker Redmond	
11		Mahar	
11		Speaker Redmond	Passed
11	1:37	Clerk O'Brien	HB 236-Third Reading
11		Speaker Redmond	
11		Kane	
11		Speaker Redmond	
13		Schlickman )	
		Kane )	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>
13		Speaker Redmond	Passed
13		Clerk O'Brien	HB 299-Third Reading
13		Speaker Redmond	
14		Van Duyne	
14		Speaker Redmond	
14		Freidrich )	
		)	
14	1:44	Van Duyne )	
14		Speaker Redmond	
15		Madison )	
		)	
15		Van Duyne)	
15		Speaker Redmond	
15		Tipsword )	
		)	
16	1:46	Van Duyne)	
16		Speaker Redmond	
17		Leinenweber	Good Bill
18		Speaker Redmond	
19		Boucek )	
		)	
19		Van Duyne)	
19		Speaker Redmond	
19	1:54	Van Duyne	To close
19		Speaker Redmond	Passed
20	1:55	Clerk O'Brien	HB-317-Third-Reading
20		Speaker Redmond	
20		Ewing	Out of record
20		Speaker Redmond	
20		Madison	Question to Kosinski
20		Speaker Redmond	



<u>Page</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Speaker</u>	<u>Information</u>	6.
20		Kosinski	Will move it back	
20		Speaker Redmond		
20		Madison )		
		)		
21		Kosinski )		
21		Clerk O'Brien	HB 10-2nd-No Com Amend.	
21		Speaker Redmond		
21		Clerk O'Brien	Floor Amendment #1	
21		Speaker Redmond		
21		Johnson	Asks to table #1	
21		Speaker Redmond	Tabled	
21		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #2	
21		Speaker Redmond		
21		Johnson	Leave to table #2	
21		Speaker Redmond	Tabled	
21		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #3	
21		Speaker Redmond		
21	1:56	Kosinski		
22		Speaker Redmond		
22		Huskey		
22		Speaker Redmond	Amendment adopted	
22		Clerk O'Brien	Amendment #4	
22		Speaker Redmond		
22		Johnson		
23		Speaker Redmond		
23		Kosinski	No objections	
23		Speaker Redmond		
23		Hoffman )		
		Johnson )		

