

Doorkeeper: "All those not entitled to the Floor, please go to the Gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will come to Order. Mr. Doorkeeper, will you...."

Doorkeeper: "All those not entitled to the Floor, please go to the Gallery."

Speaker Redmond: "The House will be led in prayer by Reverend Krueger."

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen. Bless this House today. When ye shall have done all those things that which are commended of you, say we are unprofitable servants. We have done that which was our duty to do. Let us pray. Almighty God, we come before thee to ask thy blessing upon us this morning. We thank thee for the care which has washed the words from the hours of darkness. We now beseech thee to go forth with us to do our daily work. Keep us pure and holy by letting in-dwelling holy spirit. Make us strong and of good courage. Let us remember that thou will never fail to forsake us. Let neither the cares nor the business of the day disturb our trust in thee. May we never murmur under any trial, but raise our affection to things above, that we may even now behold thy presence and righteousness. We ask every blessing in the name and for the sake of Jesus Christ, our Lord and Savior. Amen."

Speaker Redmond: "Roll call for attendance. Introduction, First Reading of the Bills."

O'Brien: "House Bill 1262. Hirschfeld. A Bill for an Act to regulate the practice, speech and language. First Reading of the Bill. House bill 1263. Jaffe. Bill for an Act to make an appropriation of the violent crime study commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1264. Jaffe. A Bill for an Act to create the Violent Crime Study Commission."

Speaker Redmond: "Senate Bills, First Reading. The Journal will record that Representative Walsh has joined his colleagues. Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, in addition to that, Mr. Speaker, I wanted the Record to show that Representative Epton is absent because of illness and so is Representative Waddell."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Would the Journal indicate that Representative Nardulli is absent because of a death in his family, and Representative Garmisa is absent because of illness."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? The Journal will so show. Senate Bills, First Reading."

O'Brien: "Senate Bill 182. Lukeo. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of a Public Community College Act. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bills, First Reading."

O'Brien: "House Bill 1265. Matijevich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1266. Matijevich. A Bill for an Act to create Health Service Boards. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1267. Washburn. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Comptroller. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1268. Reed. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Municipal Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Consent Calendar, Second Reading."

O'Brien: "House Bill 147. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Department of Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Act. Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 531. A Bill for an Act to direct Department of Conservation to convey certain lands in Kane County. Second Reading of the Bill. Senate Bill 123. A Bill for an Act to amend the State Finance Act. Second Reading of the Bill."

- Speaker Redmond: "Third Reading. House Bills. Second Reading. Is Representative Hanahan in the hall? Representative Deuster. Emil Jones. Hart. House Bill 114, Second Reading. Take that out. Porter. Grieman. Schraeder."
- O'Brien: "House Bill 204. Schraeder. A Bill for an Act relating to vacancies in the Office of the Judge. Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment. Amendment to House Bill 204 by deleting lines 10 through 17 and so forth."
- Schraeder: "Am I on? O'kay, thank you. Mr. Speaker, Members of the House. This amendment is at the suggestion of the Committee, and it was adopted unanimously. It technically allows the one seeking retention only to be knocked off as appointive, and I would move its adoption."
- Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The question's on the adoption of Amendment Number 1 to House Bill 204. All in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment is adopted. Third Reading." Merlo. Representative Griesheimer. Sangmeister. House Bill 333. Any Amendments from the Floor."
- O'Brien: "House Bill 333. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Public Library District Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."
- Speaker Redmond: "Any amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. Representative Hirschfeld."
- Hirschfeld: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Your humor just outdoes you. Ah... as the principal sponsor of House Bill 384, I would ask leave of the House, to table House Bill 384."
- Speaker Redmond: "Maragos or Hudson. Matijevich. House Bill 389. Do we have leave to Table House Bill 384 for Representative Hirschfeld. 384. Tabled. Representative Matijevich."
- O'Brien: "House Bill 389. Matijevich. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment. Amends House Bill 389, on page 1, line 25 by inserting the words 'and non public' and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, there's a few people that have some Amendments being drafted, so I request that we just hold this."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Duff. Lundy. Giorgi and Hanahan. Maragos. Griesheimer. Geo-Karis, do you want to call House Bill 581."

Geo-Karis: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 581 is an Act to amend the Illinois Act on the Aging by making it mandatory to have a resident agent of the Department of Aging in counties of 200,000 or more. The Amendment proposed by Representative Ben Polk is to make it 150,000 or more, and I move the adoption of Amendment 1."

O'Brien: "House Bill 581. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Act of the Aging. Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment. Amends House Bill 581, on page 1, line 14, by deleting 200,000, and inserting in lieu thereof, 150,000."

Geo-Karis: "I move the adoption of this Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The Lady has moved the adoption of Amendment Number 1 to House Bill 581. All in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment's adopted. Third Reading. Lundy. Terzich. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cook, Representative Collins."

Collins: "Ah..... Mr. Speaker, ah..... would the Journal show that Representative Bluthardt is excused because of a death in the Family?"

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? The Record will so show." The Chair recognizes Representative Stiehl."

Stiehl: "Mr. Speaker, I rise for the privilege of calling to the attention of the House a very distinguished delegation which is visiting us today. A group of Ladies and Gentlemen from the County of Madison, the home of a former Speaker of the

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House and our late United States Senator, Ralph Tyler Smith. They're a very fine group. They are sitting in the Gallery immediately above the podium. I'd like to ask if they might stand, that we might recognize them, see where they are and proudly recognize them. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Committee Reports."

O'Brien: "Mr. Mann from the Committee on Higher Education, to which House Bill 458 was referred, reported sending back with the recommendation the Bills do pass. Mr. Mann from the Committee on Higher Education, to which Senate Bill 141 was referred, reported sending back with the recommendation the Bill do pass and be re-referred to Committee on Assignment of Bills."

Speaker Redmond: "Introduction. First Reading."

O'Brien: "House Bill 1269. Friedland. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Municipal Budget Law. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1270. Lucco. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning fees and salaries. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1271. Lucco. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Facilities for the Handicap Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1272. Simms. A Bill for an Act to restore rights to easements in Winnebago County. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1273. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections to revise the law in relation to divorce. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1274. Younge. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Department of Finance. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1275. Stubblefield. A Bill for an Act to regulate the employment of minors and sales for other distributors and service occupations. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1276. Stubblefield. A Bill for an Act to vacate easement in Winnebago County. First Reading of the Bill. House

Bill 1277. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1278. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to make appropriation to the Department of Transportation. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1279. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to State Revenue Sharing with local governmental entities. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1280. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act in relation to uniformity of sales within each sales establishment. First Reading of the Bill.

House bill 1281. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1282. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1283. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1284. Tipword. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the State Property Control Act. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1285. Hart. A Bill for an Act authorizing Department of Transportation to make engineering surveys, in Hamilton, White, Gallatin, Saline, Williamson, Franklin and Hardin Counties. First Reading of the Bill.

House Bill 1286. Pierce. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill.

Representative Schraeder, for what purpose do you rise?"

Schraeder: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like leave of the House to Table House Bill 405 and 411."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? 405 and"

Schraeder: "205 and 411."

Speaker Redmond: "205, 411. Tabled. I have a very important announcement. It isn't very often that the Chambers are graced by so distinguished of a personality as the former Member of the House and presently a Judge of the Circuit

Court of Cook County, the Honorable Kenneth West. Representative Merlo. Representative Hanahan in the Chambers? Representative Merlo. House Bill..... The Order of business is House Bills, Second Readings. House Bill 300."

O'Brien: "House Bill 300. Merlo. A Bill for an Act authorizing the Secretary of State to issue identification cards. Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment. Amend House Bill 300 on page 3 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Mr. Merlo."

Merlo: "Mr. Chairman, Mr. Speaker, the Amendment Number 1 merely increases the rates to the cost of the identification cards that meets the economic status of today's economy, and it also, Mr. Speaker, does away with charging of fee for Senior Citizens, and I move the adoption of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Gentleman has moved the adoption of Amendment Number 1 to House Bill 300. All in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The Amendment is adopted. Third Reading. Representative Maragos. 357. 536. Mr. Maragos. 536. House Bill 536."

O'Brien: "House Bill 536. Maragos. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Civil Defense Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. 611."

O'Brien: "House Bill 611. Maragos. A Bill for an Act to amend the Act relating to retention of x-ray films by hospitals. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. House Bill 999, Committee on Revenue. Chairman of the Revenue Committee. 990. Representative Maragos."

O'Brien: "House Bill 990. A Bill for an Act to amend certain Sections of the Revenue Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. House Bill 357, Representative Maragos.....Passed?"

O'Brien: "No, ...took that out of the record."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Porter. Representative Griesheimer, on 323. Representative Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Mr. Speaker, will you hold this on Second Reading, please?"

Speaker Redmond: "Okay, ...hold it. Representative Polk..... House Bill 202. Representative Polk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 202, Polk, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Unemployment Compensation Act, Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. Representative Lundy,435. House Bill 435."

O'Brien: "House Bill 435, Lundy, a Bill for an Act to amend the General Assembly Compensation Act, Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Redmond: "Any Amendments from the Floor?"

O'Brien: "Amendment #1, Berman, amends House Bill 435 on page 1, by deleting line 21 through 32 and inserting thereof the following, and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Berman to explain the Amendment."

Berman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Amendment #1 to House Bill 435..."

Speaker Redmond: "...I would suggest that we pay strict attention.This has to do with the compensation to the General Assembly."

Berman: "...proposes to amend the Bill to allow theeach Member of the General Assembly to hire a Legislative Aide or Aides at a compensation not to exceed \$12,000 a year, which amount would include fringe benefits such as; pension, insurance,ah...and withholding...ah...and I think that this is an Amendment....it has been received favorably by the principal Sponsor of the Bill and ...ah..I think that it is an important step forward to.....

allowing us to improve our services to our constituents back home. I would move the adoption of Amendment Number 1."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lundy."

Lundy: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. I hope we have the attention of the Members on this Amendment, because it is an issue which affects each Member ah.... contingent expense allowance and how he is authorized to spend it, and the important question of how the local district employees that are utilized by Members will be paid and otherwise compensated including fringe benefits. Ah.... my Colleague from the 11th District, Representative Berman, is correct when he says that I do not oppose his Amendment. However, I do believe that the issue which is raised by the Amendment is one which the House and its Members ought to consider carefully and I'm perfectly willing to let the House and its Members decide the issue. As I see it, the issue is basically this, the Bill proposes to permit each Member to designate an administrative aide, who would then be considered a State employee, if he or she worked at least 20 hours a week for the Member, and would be entitled to State fringe benefits. Now in accordance with an Amendment which was adopted by this House to the Legislative payraise Bill last year, I modeled the original Bill in such a way that the costs of the fringe benefits and the salary of the administrative aide would come out of the existing contingent expense allowance with a small increase in that allowance to cover the cost of the fringe benefits. What Representative Berman is proposing in Amendment 1 is that the salary and fringe benefits for that Administrative Aide, up to a maximum of \$12,000 per year be in addition to, in addition to, the existing \$12,000 per year contingent expense allowance.

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Now that's quite a different matter. It is acceptable to me. I am not sure it is acceptable to a majority of the Members of the House, and I would hate to see the original concept of the Bill go down because we adopt an Amendment here, which on Third Reading, a majority of the Members will not find acceptable, so I would encourage debate and questioning on this issue. Let the House resolve it and then let us take the matter up on Third Reading, but there is an important issue here and that is, will the designation of an Administrative Aide and the cost of the fringe benefits for that Aide come out of the existing contingent expense allowance, slightly increased, or will it be wholly in addition to the existing contingent expense allowance? That, I think, is the issue raised by the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? Representative Bradley."

Bradley: "Yes, Mr. Speaker, I have a question for the Sponsor of the Amendment, and I'd just like to have it clarified. Ah.... the point regarding, is this in addition to what we presently have and then if we have \$10,000 now, your Amendment increases it \$12,000 or raises it to \$12,000. Would we end up with \$12,000 or would we end up with \$22,000?"

Lundy: "In response, right now we have \$12,000. The Bill as proposed raises that to \$15,000. With the Amendment, you would have, in House Bill 435, \$15,000 plus another \$12,000 for administrative aides and fringe benefits."

Bradley: "Fine, thank you very much."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion? The question is on the adoption of Amendment Number 1 to House Bill 435. All in favor, indicate by saying 'aye', opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment's adopted."

O'Brien: "Amendment Number 2. Lundy. Amends House Bill 435 on page 1, line 19 and so forth."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lundy."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment Number 2 is a technical Amendment to correct an error in the original draft of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Again, General Assembly Compensation Statute."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ah.... As originally drafted, the Bill erroneously shows the current amount of contingent expense allowance as \$10,000 to a Member per year. In fact, that amount was raised in the Bill which the Governor signed in January to \$12,000 and all this Amendment does is to show the proper amount in the existing Statute."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Gentleman has moved the adoption of Amendment Number 2, to House Bill 435. All in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The Adoption of the Amendment. Third Reading."

O'Brien: "Amendment Number 3. Berman. Amends House Bill 435 on page 1 by deleting lines 21 through 32 and inserting in lieu thereof the following and so forth."

Speaker Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Berman."

Berman: "I'm sorry, Amendment 3 is the same as Amendment Number 1, Mr. Speaker. Amendment 3 was the same as 1, with just one word changed. It allowed the hiring of more than one ah... Legislative Aide. I think procedurally, I don't know if you just want to change Amendment 1 to make the one word change or move to Table Amendment 1 and move to adopt Amendment Number 3. Having voted on the prevailing side by which Amendment Number 1 was adopted, I move that the vote by which that was adopted be reconsidered."

Shea: "The gentleman's Motion is to consider the vote by which Amendment Number 1 was adopted. All those in favor, say 'aye'. The opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the vote

is reconsidered. The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Berman now moves to Table Amendment Number 1. All in favor, say 'aye'. All those opposed, say 'nay'. Amendment Number 1 is tabled. Back to the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Berman, with regard to Amendment Number 3."

Berman: "Amendment Number 3 is the same as 1. The explanation that I gave for 1 applies to 3. It allows for the hiring of one or more legislative aides. I move for the adoption of Amendment Number 3."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Berman, moves the adoption of Amendment Number 3. All in favor, say 'aye'. The opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment Number 3 is adopted. Are there further Amendments? This House Bill has Amendments Numbers 2 and 3 adopted. Amendment Number 1 has been Tabled. There being no further Amendments, Third Reading. House Bill Number 1. Mr. Hanahan on the Floor? House Bill 77. Mr. Deuster. You've got an amendment that's not here? Mr. Lundy, do you have the Amendment to 77?"

Lundy: "No, I'm sorry, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I have requested that Amendment from the Reference Bureau, but I have not received it yet."

Shea: "Take it out of the Record. House Bill 114. Hart."

O'Brien: "House Bill 114. Hart. A Bill for an Act to Amend the En....."

Shea: "Take it out of the Record. House Bill 121. Mr. Porter. Take it out of the Record. House Bill 128. Mr. Grieman, is he here today? House Bill 149. Mr. Porter. House Bill 323. Mr. Griesheimer. You want to hold that Bill?"

Griesheimer: "Yeow, please."

Shea: "House Bill 333. Mr. Sangmeister. You move that? House Bill 357. Mr. Maragos. House Bill 389. Mr. Matijevich. Take that one out of the Record. House Bill 422. Mr. Duff."

O'Brien: "House Bill 422. Duff. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure. Second Reading of the Bill. Eight Committee Amendments. Amendment Number 1. Amends House Bill 422 on page 1 by deleting line 16 and so forth."

Shea: "Mr. Duff to explain Committee Amendment Number 1."

Duff: "Ah.... Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment Number 1, adopted by the Committee, primarily changes the ah..... conditions of bail and makes it where the alleged offenses are forcible felonies, as distinct from where it would read ah..... ah..... prior to this, would not be a forcible felony, but an offense. I move the Adoption of Amendment Number 1, Committee Amendment Number 1."

Shea: "Is there any discussion with regard to Committee Amendment Number 1? Mr. Duff moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment Number. All in favor, say 'aye'. All those opposed, say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment Number 1 is adopted."

O'Brien: "Committee Amendment Number 2. Amends House Bill 422, on Page 1, line 12 by deleting the period and inserting and so forth."

Shea: "Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff, to explain Committee Amendment Number 2."

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Committee Amendment Number 2 ah.... allows for five procedural days that were not previously in the Bill, so that the intent of the Lewis decision may be more properly applied in the procedure within the Bill. I move the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 2."

Shea: "Is there any discussion? The gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 2. All those in favor say 'aye'. All those opposed say 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Amendment is adopted."

O'Brien: "Committee Amendment Number 3. Amends House Bill 422 on Page 1, line 31, by inserting and so forth."

Shea: "Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff, on Committee Amendment Number 3. Ladies and Gentlemen, we can hardly hear Mr. Duff, so if you'd please, so we can understand what the Amendments are."

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, there are seven Amendments offered, so if the gentleman on the Board would just leave the light, it would be easier to proceed. Committee Amendment Number 3 changes the wording related to Committee Amendment Number 1 on the forcible felony. I move the adoption of the Committee Amendment Number 3."

Shea: "Ladies and Gentlemen, the light is on, indicating that they are now shooting television shots in the Chambers, so I will just tell you there will be some pictures taken. Mr. Duff, to explain number 3. Are you through?"

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, I just moved the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 3."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 3. All in favor, say 'aye'. The opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. Committee Amendment Number 3 is adopted. Any further Amendments?"

O'Brien: "Committee Amendment Number 4 was evidently Tabled in Committee. Committee Amendment Number 5. Amends House Bill 422 on Page 2, Line 12 and 13 and so forth."

Duff: "Mr. Speaker, this is a substantial Amendment ah.... to the Bill, which I do not agree. Ah.... so I would like the attention of the House."

Shea: "I'm sorry, Mr. Duff, you're saying that Committee Amendment Number 5....."

Duff: "Committee Amendment Number 5 is a substantial Amendment of which I, as the Sponsor, do not agree, and so I will explain it, but others might want the opportunity to address themselves to it."

Shea: "Who offered the Amendment in Committee?"

Duff: "Representative Lundy."

Shea: "Thank you. You want Mr. Lundy to offer the Amendment?"

Duff: "Well, I will move to Table it, so let's give Mr. Lundy a chance to move it."

Shea: "Well, why don't we let Mr. Lundy move Amendment Number 5, if you want to move to Table it, or whatever the procedural part is. The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy, to explain Committee Amendment Number 5. There seems to be controversy about this Amendment, so I ask the Members of the House, please."

Lundy: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Committee Amendment Number 5, and I emphasize that this is a Committee Amendment and it was adopted in the Committee and the Sponsor now wants to Table it, take it off of the Bill. What Amendment Number 5 would do is to change the standard of proof by which a judge would have to make a finding in which to revoke the bail of a person who is subject of the Bill. Now, I would not agree with the Sponsor of the Bill that this is a controversial Amendment. What is controversial, is his Bill, because his Bill proposes to ah..... make quite a radical change....."

Shea: "Mr. Lundy, please, for what purpose do you rise, Mr. Duff?"

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, ah..... I.... on a point of parliamentary procedure, I have said that this is a Committee Amendment and I have said that I oppose it. Now Representative Lundy is addressing himself to the Bill. I have told everybody here, given him the opportunity to stand up on it and mention it...."

Shea: "Well, Mr. Duff....."

Duff: "I'd like him to confine his remarks to the Amendment."

Shea: "Mr. Duff, we'll take care of it. Mr. Lundy, if you please, to the Amendment."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I will, of course, address myself to the Amendment as I had begun to do before the Sponsor of the Bill had interrupted me, but as with many Amendments, considered by the House on Second Reading, it's not possible to make sense out of the Amendment without knowing what the Bill does. I was not about to make an argument on the Bill. I was simply about to explain that what House Bill 422 attempts to do is to provide an authorization for a Judge to revoke the bail of a defendant who is out on bail, even though that defendant has not been convicted of an offense, even though no trial is held, even though the Judge is the only person who hears the evidence and under the original version of the Bill, if the judge made a finding by a preponderance of the evidence, which is the standard of proof required in civil cases, where nobody is talking about anybody going to jail. If a Judge makes a finding by a preponderance of the evidence, that a defendant has committed an offense while he was out on bail, the Judge can revoke his bail. Keep him in the slammer, during preparation for trial. What my amendment would do, would simply raise that standard of evidence to clear and convincing. It seems to me ah.... ah.... relatively small change. It seems to me in this area, where we are in effect breaking new ground under the eighth amendment to the U.S. Constitution and to our own State Constitution, that we ought to tread very lightly, and that a clear and convincing evidence standard is the very least that we should require. For some reason the Sponsor of the Bill attaches great importance to this standard. I don't profess to understand why. Perhaps he can explain it to the House."

Shea: "Any further discussion, Mr. Lundy? Mr. Lundy offers Committee Amendment Number 5. Is there any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff."

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, ah..... this Amendment goes beyond ah... the Hemingway vs. decision, which the Bill is attempting to respond to. Hemingway vs. Elrod came down in Illinois just ah.... about six or eight weeks ago and the principle of it as the sponsor of the Amendment in Committee, has said, is that the Court.... the Supreme Court of Illinois has said that when a Judge gives bail and now as amended under a forcible felony, and only under a forcible felony, that they're giving granting of bail includes and can include the condition that while the person is on bail, they will not commit a forcible felony. The Bill provides, in the words that the Sponsor of the Amendment is trying to change, the Bill provides that there must be a hearing before that revocation of bail takes place. The Bill provides that that can be done under ah... excuse me just a minute.....The Bill provides that it should be done under the preponderance of the evidence, and that's a fairly weighty degree, it seems to me, of requirement. Clear and convincing is a set of words a great deal more harsh, going far beyond in my opinion, the intentions of the Hemingway decision. It is almost like proving guilt instead of a probable cause hearing. It's almost two trails. I would move to Table Amendment Number 5."

Shea: "The gentleman moves to Table Amendment Number 5. Is there any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy, to close."

Lundy: "Thank you Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This Amendment would insure that in attempting to adjust the rights of ah... society to be protected against dangerous defendants and in protecting the rights of every citizen to be free prior to trial, which is what bail is all about, that bail is not denied to any defendant unless the Judge has made a very ah.... certain finding, unless the Judge sees that the evidence is in the words of the Amendment 'clear and convincing', that the defendant has committed

an offense while on bail. Under the original bill, all is required is a preponderance of the evidence, and the standard way that that standard of proof is described to a jury in a civil case is, if you find from the evidence that the fact is more likely or not, that's a preponderance of the evidence. Well, for me, that isn't a high enough standard to deny a defendant's right to be free prior to trial to assist in the preparation of his defense, perhaps to maintain his job so that his family doesn't have to go on Public Aid. We're talking about very important and very substantial constitutional rights. The Sponsor of the Bill would permit a Court to deny those rights, based on a finding made by a preponderance of the evidence. I believe the Standard of Proof to be higher, that it should be clear and convincing evidence, and I urge those who agree with me, to cast an 'aye' vote on this Amendment."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy, has offered Committee Amendment Number 1. Mr. Duff.... Committee Amendment Number 5. Mr. Duff, the principal sponsor of the Bill, has moved that that lie on the Table. All those in favor of the Bill lying on the Table.... or the Amendment lying on the Table will say 'aye'. Those opposed, say 'nay'. All in favor of Mr. Duff's Motion, say 'aye'. Those in favor of Mr. Lundy's Motion say 'nay'. In the opinion of the Chair, we will take a roll call vote. The Motion to Table, those who are in favor of Mr. Duff's Motion to Table will vote 'aye'. Those in favor of Mr. Lundy's Motion will vote 'nay'. The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy."

Lundy: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, to explain my vote briefly. I was not aware that the sponsor of the Bill had moved to Table the Amendment when I asked for an 'aye' vote, so I would ask those who agree with me to vote 'no', and I would say further in explaining my vote that these issues which may seem like splitting hairs

to many Members were fully considered in the Judiciary Committee, and the Judiciary Committee agreed with me in the adoption of this Amendment, and I would ask the House to vote 'no' on this Amendment.... this Motion to Table, so that the Amendment will stay on the Bill as the Committee decided it ought to."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Kosinski, to explain his vote."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as a Member of Judiciary II, it's obvious to me that the function of that Committee is to put Bills in such shape as to be palatable to the House. It was the decision of the Committee to sustain this Amendment and in the interest of committee function it pleases me to vote 'no'."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Palmer, to explain his vote."

Palmer: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I think a careful reading of the Hemingway decision would probably tell you that this Legislature has no power to interfere or intervene or interject what would be the powers and to use the words, the inherent powers of the Court, so I don't think it makes a lot of difference what we do here, insofar as this Amendment is concerned or the Bill. I think it's Hemingway itself, set forth, enunciated the principal, that the conditions of revocation, including the proof that is to be required is something that has to do with the Courts and what the Legislature again does, does not make that much difference. I'm voting 'yes' on this for Mr. Duff, because I don't really think it makes that much difference."

Shea: "Is there any further explanation of votes." The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff to explain his vote."

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it is a fact that the Court does have the right to revoke bail and this Bill without the Amendment is attempting to codify

the Hemingway vs. Elrod Decision. It is also a fact that this particular Amendment will make it a great deal more difficult and if people want to believe that when a person is given bail for forcible felony, I mean a violent crime, of which they're accused, then that person commits another crime or is accused of committing another crime while on bail for a forcible felony. The Judge should have the right to revoke that bail. Now, under this Amendment, the Judge would practically speaking, have to hold a trial under clear and convincing vs. preponderance of the evidence. It is a higher standard than should be required, it seems to me, in order to revoke a person who was given bail after being accused of committing a serious crime, and then has gone out on the streets and then evidently done it again, while being put out on bail on the assumption of its innocence. I would appreciate seeing some more green lights on that, if we could get them."

Shea: "Have all those voted who wished? Take the Record, Mr. Clerk. Gentleman's Motion to Table fails. Now, we return to Mr. Lundy's Motion to adopt Committee Amendment Number 5. All those in favor will say 'aye'. Those opposed will say 'nay'. In the opinion of the Chair, the 'ayes' have it. Committee Amendment Number 5 is adopted. Are there further Committee Amendments?"

O'Brien: "Amendment Number 6. Amends House Bill 422, on Page 2, by inserting after line 22 the following and so forth."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff, on Committee Amendment Number 6."

Duff: "Ah.... Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Committee Amendment Number 6 was also offered by Representative Lundy. I might point out that he indicates he probably won't vote for the Bill anyway, but he is attempting to modify it in ways that would not be my desire, but since it's his amendment, ah.... and if all these amendments are going to cause him to vote for the bill, I think we ought to let him propose them."

Shea: "Mr. Lundy, is this your amendment? Committee Amendment Number 6."

Lundy: "It is, Mr. Speaker."

Shea: "You want to explain the Amendment and move for the adoption or whatever we're going to do?"

Lundy: "Yes. Amendment Number 6 to House Bill 422 would simply implement the recommendation to the American Bar Association Standards of Criminal Justice, which said that if a defendant was going to be held prior to trial, without bail, on the grounds it was suspected he had committed another offense that his trial should then be accelerated so that he would not be detained any longer than necessary, since by definition, he was being detained without being convicted, and what Amendment Number 6 would do is to say that any defendant whose bail is revoked, based on the suspicion that he committed another crime, would have to be tried within sixty days after the date the bail was revoked. I would make the point that this is not sixty days from the date he's arrested. It's sixty days from the date the bail is revoked. It seems to me that's ample time. The amendment also authorized the Court to exclude in computing that sixty days any delay which results at the request of the defendant, so the prosecution has sixty full days, not counting the time for any continuances granted to the defendant to bring the defendant to trail after his bail is revoked. This is in line with what the ABA has recommended. The Chicago Crime Commission, which testified in support of the Bill, acknowledged that the.... if the Bill was to be consistent with the ABA's recommendation, it ought to have this provision in it, and I move the adoption of the Amendment."

Shea: "The gentleman moves the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 6. The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff."

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Duff: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I noted that the respected Representative from Evanston did not respond to my inquiry as to whether the adoption of all these amendments will cause him to vote for the Bill, and I'm sure they won't....."

Shea: "Mr. Duff, we're on the Amendment."

Duff: "The Sponsor of the Amendment is substantially trying to change the Bill ah.... to be in concert with his own hope to come in with a sixty day trial Bill. It is a fact that today in Cook County, it often takes up to a year to get to trial through causes not connected with this Bill at all. It is also a fact that the present statutes allow for 120 day trial. We will see other pieces of legislation from various sponsors in this House on that problem in this session. This particular amendment, it seems to me, puts an extraordinary burden on the prosecutor to be able to move within the time allotted and it takes in effect, 120 day rule and makes it a 60 day rule before we are prepared to cope with that kind of response within our Court system, in my opinion. Now, I also would point out that the Sponsor of the Amendment did mention that the Chicago Crime Commission is in support of this Bill. They did not support this Amendment. Now, I don't want to have that misunderstanding of what the Sponsor said. They did say that the ABA standard seek 60 days to be sure, but they would never try to accomplish it in this Bill that they do support. I would hope that the Amendment does not pass."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion with regard to Committee Amendment Number 6? Mr. Lundy to close for one minute."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I said what I had to say on this Amendment in response to the comments by the Sponsor of the Bill, that this Amendment would attempt to ah.... shorten 120 trial statute to 60 days. I would simply point out again, as I did in my initial remarks, that the 60 days is measured from the date of the

bail revocation, not from the date of arrest as is the case in the present bill, so that the two periods of time are not necessarily related in any way whatsoever. I would ask for a favorable vote on the Amendment."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy, moves for the adoption of committee Amendment Number 6. All those in favor, say 'aye'. Those opposed, say 'nay'. In the opinion of the Chair, the 'ayes' have it. Committee Amendment Number 6 is adopted. Are there further committee amendments?"

O'Brien: "Committee Amendment Number 7. Amends House Bill 422 on Page 2, by deleting lines 20 through 22 and inserting in lieu thereof the following and so forth."

Shea: "Mr. Lundy, is this another Amendment that you moved? Mr. Lundy to explain his Amendment."

Lundy: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, another Committee Amendment, adopted and I may be wrong, but I believe it was accepted by the Sponsor, which would simply prohibit ah.... any reference to the bail revocation proceeding at the trial."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 7. All those in favor, say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment Number 7 is adopted. Is there further Amendments?"

O'Brien: "Committee Amendment Number 8. Amends House Bill 422 on page 2, by deleting at the end of line 15, the following and so forth."

Shea: "Mr. Lundy, is this your Amendment? Mr. Lundy moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 8. Is there any discussion? The gentleman to explain Committee Amendment Number 8, Mr. Lundy."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. Committee Amendment Number 8, adopted by the Judiciary

Committee would simply make applicable the rules of evidence which apply in criminal trials to the introduction of evidence, cross examination of witnesses and other proceedings at the bail revocation hearing. The primary purpose of the Amendment is to prevent a defendant's bail from being revoked on the basis of hearsay evidence, which could otherwise be introduced if the rules of evidence did not apply. I ask for a favorable vote on the Amendment."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff."

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, careful reading of this Amendment is probably a good idea on the part of the Members that ah... are listening to this debate. This Amendment requires in a hearing that is essentially in the nature of a probable cause hearing, requires the full application of the evidence of a criminal trial in a hearing. Now obviously, the sponsor knows, the sponsor of this amendment knows that to put the rules of evidence into what should be a probable cause hearing, even a hearing by which his earlier amendment, he raised to clear and convincing, he is creating an improbable situation by which the hearing, the purpose of the hearing will be seriously injured. The chain of evidence problems, the ah... the problems of exclusion of hearsay and so forth, are all a factor of this probable cause hearing where we are in effect trying to take off the streets a man who has probably committed a very, very serious crime while on bail for a very serious crime. Now, this is a burdensome kind of an amendment. If you look at it in conjunction with the earlier amendment that was passed on clear and convincing, it should be clear to everybody here that the sponsor of the Amendment is very hostile to the whole concept of the bill. He has that right, of course. But if anybody in this House believes that when a person

is put on bail and while on bail, they commit a serious offense, a violent offense, that they should have a hearing by which that bail might be revoked, they would vote against the adoption of this Amendment."

Shea: "Any further discussion? Mr. Lundy to close on the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 8."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Once again, with all due respect to my learned colleague, the Sponsor of the Bill, what is at issue in this Amendment is not whether a court will have the authority to revoke the bail of a defendant who is alleged to have committed the crime while out on bail. What is at issue is what kind of evidence will you permit to be introduced to establish that fact, and all this Amendment would do is to prevent the States Attorney or prosecutor from introducing or relying upon heresay evidence in order to establish the fact that a crime had been committed while out on bail. Now once again, we're talking about a very substantial, very important constitutional right, the right to be free prior to trial. The right to be presumed innocent until the State proves you are guilty, and in a bail revocation hearing, where you are talking about taking away the defendant's freedom prior to trial, I think the rules of evidence ought to apply, so that heresay evidence cannot be used to establish the fact of the alleged commission of a crime while out on bail. The Judiciary Committee saw it my way and not the way of the Sponsor of the Bill and I would ask the House to vote accordingly."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy, moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment Number 8. All those in favor, say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. In the opinion of the Chair, the 'ayes' have it. There's a request by Mr. Duff for a roll call vote. Is he joined by four other Members? He's joined by four other Members. The question is, shall Committee Amendment Number 8 be adopted? Those in favor, will

vote 'aye', those opposed will vote 'nay'. Record Mr. Skinner as 'no'. Have all voted who wish? Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Duff to explain his vote."

Duff: "Well, Mr. Speaker, this is another Amendment that I consider rather serious in its implications ...ah...in terms of whether or not we are going to be able to effectively take people off of the streets who are free and committing serious crimes. I would point out once again to the Members of this House that the Sponsor of this Amendment has no intention of supporting this Bill no matter how he tries to 'gut' it with his Amendments.Ah....If you will look at the Bill, the significance and importance of the Bill, I think you would vote 'red' on this Amendment.

Shea: "Have all those voted who wish? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. There are 72 'aye' votes, 60 'nay' votes, the Gentlemans motion to adopt Committee Amendment #8 is.... adop....er....Committee Amendment #8 is adopted. Are there further Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. Ladies and Gentlemen, the Speaker wished to hear House Bills, Second Reading today, tomorrow morning we will be in at 9 a.m. and we will immediately begin ...begin to hear House Bills, Third Reading. There are 84 Bills on the Calendar to move this week. If they are all moved by Thursday, there will be no need for a Friday session. I ask if the Members will cooperate perhaps we will not have to be here on Friday, but we do have 84 Bills to move this week. House Bill 357."

O'Brien: "House Bill 357, Maragos, a Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning public utilities, Second Reading of the Bill. Seven Committee Amendments. Amendment #1 amends House Bill 357 on page 2, line 23 by deleting and so forth."

Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos on Committee Amendment #1."

Maragos: "I move that it be adopted, Mr. S.....Chairman."

Shea: "Do you want to explain it Mr. Maragos?.....Mr. Maragos, Representative Collins said, 'what does it do?'"

Maragos: "So far....it's....ah...it's a cl...I mean a House-keeping Amendment....what it does it....ah....makes all the nomenclature of the facilities equal. Sometimes the (unintelligible) and intellectual. That's all."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos moves the adoption of Committee Amendment #1. All in favor say 'aye', all opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it, Committee Amendment #1 is adopted. Mr. Maragos on Committee Amendment #2."

O'Brien: "Amendmnet #2 amends House Bill 357 on page 7 by deleting line 31 and so forth."

Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos on Committee Amendment #2. Mr. Maragos....Committee Amendment #2...."

Maragos: "Move for its adoption..."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The Gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment #2. All those in favor say 'aye', all those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment #2 is adopted. Further Amendments? "

Selcke: "Committee Amendment #....where in the hell is it.... I'm going the wrong direction....Committee Amendment #3 amends House Bill 357, page 8, line 17 and so forth."

Shea: "Mr. Maragos to explain Committee Amendment #3."

Maragos: "The purpose of that is that at the time of the hearing when there is aarules of evidence....the Department....the Board may take the words 'shall not have rules of evidence' and what is needed becomes permissive rather than mandatory...not to have any rules of evidence."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion. The Gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment #3. All those in favor say 'aye'. All those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment #3 is adopted. Further

Amendments?"

Selcke: "Committee Amendment #4, amends House Bill 357 on page 9, line 11 and so forth."

Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos on Committee Amendment #4."

Maragos: "I move for its adoption, Mr. ...ah..Speaker."

Shea: "Do you want to explain what it does?"

Maragos: "Yes, it does....it puts a time limit....from the time of the application...ah...to the ...ah....final disposition of an application for 18 months. It did not have a time limit and it was asked by the Committee."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The Gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment #4. All those in favor say 'aye'....Mr. Maragos, are you saying 'aye' on this?"

Maragos: "Yes, I am, Mr. S...."

Shea: "All right. All those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. Are there further Committee Amendments?"

Selcke: "Committee Amendment #5 amends House Bill 357, page 11, line 7 and so forth."

Maragos: "Committee Amendment #5 further defines the powers of the Board and Amends ...ah...line 7 ...notwithstanding.... It has to do with the regulations and the unit thereof. I move its adoption."

Shea: "The....is there any further discussion? The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos moves for the adoption of the Committee Amendment #5. All those in favor say 'aye'. All those opposed say 'nay'. Mr. Maragos, you're voting 'aye'? The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment is adopted. Are there further Amendments?"

Selcke: "Committee Amendment #6 amends House Bill 357, page 1, line 1, and so forth."

Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I move for the adoption of Amendment #6. What it does is aHouse-keeping Amendment...ah...wherein it gives a more...the definition as to the procedures that the Commission determines on any new construction transactedof business...And a Public Utilities may have to....have to obtain various certificates at the same time. I move for its adoption."

Shea: "The Gentleman moves for the adoption of Committee Amendment #6. Is there any discussion? All those in favor say 'aye'. All those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. Committee Amendment #6 is adopted. Are there further Amendments?"

Selcke: "Committee Amendment #7. Amends House Bill 357, page 4, line 16, by deleting the word subsequently."

Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos on Committee Amendment #7."

Maragos: "This is an Amendment adopted at the Committee for the purpose ofah...getting away with any ambiguity pertaining to any regulations and environmental protection laws that may be in the books at the present time so that it would not be considered that it would come into effect after the application rather than at the time of the application. So therefore it is a clarification Amendment. I move its adoption."

Shea: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos moves the adoption of Committee Amendment #7. Is there any discussion? All those in favor say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment #7 is adopted. Are there any Amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. Mr. Matijevich on House Bill 389. Are we ready?"

Take that out of the Record. Mr. Lundy on House Bill 449.

Are we ready on that one? House Bill 449."

Selcke: "House Bill 449. An Act to amend the Illinois Library Assistance Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Shea: "Is there any Amendments from the Floor?"

Selcke: "Amendment Number 1. Lundy. Amend House Bill 449, page 1, line 19 and so forth."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lundy, on Amendment Number 1."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this Amendment was drafted by the State Library in order to meet objections to the Bill, by the Illinois Library Association. I don't know of any opposition to the Amendment. The only reason it was not offered in Committee is that the Committee was so enthusiastic about the Bill that they moved to pass and passed it out before I got a chance to propose the Amendment. I would be glad to answer any questions on it."

Shea: "Is there any discussion. The gentleman moves for the adoption of Amendment Number 1 to House Bill 449. All those in favor say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment Number 1 is adopted. Are there any further Amendments. Third Reading. House Bill 488. Mr. Giorgi."

Selcke: "House Bill 488. Bill for an Act to amend...."

Shea: "Take that out of the Record. House Bill 542. Mr. Griesheimer."

Selcke: "House Bill 542. A Bill for an Act to promote the conservation of salmon by amending certain acts therein named. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Shea: "The gentleman from Lake, Mr. Griesheimer. Are there any Amendments from the Floor?"

Griesheimer: "Mr. Speaker, there is one Amendment from the Floor. Representative Houlihan is sponsoring it. I don't know if he's on the floor or not."

Shea: "He seems to be amongst the missing, so we'll put it on Third Reading and if he wants to bring it back, I'm sure you will accommodate him."

Griesheimer: "I believe I can explain the Amendment, without any trouble, and I have no objection to it."

Shea: "We do not have the Amendment, Sir."

Griesheimer: "I see. Why don't we just hold the Bill.... well, all right, fine."

Shea: "Mr. Meyer, for a Point of Order."

Meyer: "Are you going to move this to Third or are you going to hold it, Mr. Speaker?"

Shea: "I was going to move it to Third Reading. There are no Amendments. Now, Mr. Griesheimer said perhaps Mr. Houlihan will have an Amendment. It is not....."

Meyer: "This was an amendment that the sponsor agreed to put on it at Second Reading. I think it would be best to hold it on Second Reading."

Shea: "Well, I don't see the gentleman here, but if he wants to hold it, we'll be happy to accommodate him. Take the Bill out of the Record. House Bill 584. Mr. Lundy, do you want to call that now? House Bill 585. Mr. Terzich. Is Mr. Terzich on the Floor? House Bill 585. Take that one out of the Record. House Bill 597. Mr. Giglio."

Selcke: "House Bill 597. A Act relating to alcholic liquors. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Shea: "Any Amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. House Bill 1. Mr. Hanahan. You don't want to call that? House Bill 77. You don't have the Amendment yet, Mr. Deuster. House Bill 114. Mr. Hart. Does he want to call that now? House Bill 121. Mr. Porter. Take that out of the Record. House Bill 128. Mr. Grieman. Out of the Record. House Bill 149. Mr. Porter. Out of the Record. House Bill 323. Mr.

Griesheimer. Take that out of the Record. House Bill 389. Mr. Matijevich. Take that out of the Record. Senate Bills, Third Reading. The gentleman from Lake, Mr. Griesheimer."

Griesheimer: "Mr. Speaker, I just had a Bill that was not called that was on this list."

Shea: "You want to come up and we'll....."

Griesheimer: "All right, fine."

Shea: "Senate Bills, Third Reading. Senate Bill 170."

Selcke: "Senate Bill 170. A Bill for an Act making certain appropriations to Board of Governors of State Colleges and Universities. Third Reading of the Bill."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House. This is an appropriation, supplemental appropriation bill for the Board of Governors. It encompasses three universities. It calls for approximately 465 thousand dollars, 400 thousand dollars for the factor for the supplemental appropriation because of the energy crisis, 55 thousand dollars for a pilot project at Eastern Illinois University to cut down energy costs, and the Bill passed out of Committee unanimously and I appreciate your help and vote."

Shea: "This is a Senate Bill on Third Reading. Evidently, one of the Boards has an electrical failure. The Board to my right does indicate that it is a senate bill, so is there any further discussion with regards to Senate Bill 170? All those in favor, will vote 'aye'. Those opposed, will vote 'nay'. Have all those voted who wished? Mr. Palmer, do you wish to explain your vote?"

Palmer: "Mr. Speaker, I'm voting 'no' because I don't find the Bill here in my book. For that reason, I'm voting 'no'."

Shea: "Pardon me, Mr. Palmer."

Palmer: "I want the Record to show that I'm voting 'no', because I don't find the Bill in the Senate Book. I don't know what I'm voting on."

Shea: "Mr. Tipsword votes 'aye'. Have all those voted who wished? Take the Record, Mr. Clerk. On this question, there are 134 'ayes', 1 'nay'. This Bill, having received the Constitutional Majority, is hereby declared passed. Three voting 'present'. Senate Bills, Second Reading. Senate Bill 71."

Selcke: "Senate Bill 71. Bill for an Act to amend Section 10, 12-2 and 13 of an Act in relation to State Finance. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Shea: "Are there any Amendments from the Floor? Third Reading. Consideration Postponed. Consideration Postponed. We're back on Third Reading. House Bill 18. Mr. Deuster. You want to call that today? House Bill 18. Gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster. This Bill, having been read a Third time, to explain House Bill 18."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would like leave to return House Bill 18 to the Order of Second Reading for the purpose of considering Amendment Number 4, and also for the purpose of tabling the Amendment which was adopted, which I think is Amendment Number 3."

Shea: "Have you got the mechanics straightened out with your seatmate there, so we don't get into where we're at? The gentleman asks leave of the House to bring the Bill back to Second Reading. There being no objections, the Bill is back to Second Reading."

Selcke: "Amendment Number 3. Schneider."

Shea: "Mr. Schneider, you have an Amendment?"

Schneider: "Mr. Speaker,"

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Deu.... or the gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster."

Deuster: "If the Clerk would advise me, I think an amendment was adopted to this Bill, which was Amendment Number 2. I think before we get to Representative Schneider's amendment, it was my intention to Table Amendment Number 2."

Shea: "I think you adopted Amendment Number 1 and Number 2 you Tabled, because your seatmate raised the point they were in conflict with each other."

Deuster: "Yes, we're talking about Amendment Number 1, and I would like to Table Amendment Number 1."

Shea: "The gentleman moves to reconsider the vote by which Amendment Number 1 was adopted. All those in favor, say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. Amendment Number 1, the vote on that is reconsidered. Now the gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster, moves to table Amendment Number 1. All those in favor, say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment is adopted. We.... Tabled. Amendment Number 1 is Tabled. Now to Mr. Schneider on Amendment Number 3."

Schneider: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, ah..... I ask you ah.... Don, can I ask you a question on 1? Now, what is the language that you just adopted?"

Shea: "Amendments Number 1 and 2 have been Tabled. This bill is now....."

Schneider: "We're clean? We're starting new?"

Shea: "We're starting from scratch."

Schneider: "So the Bill is in its original form. Are you in agreement on three?"

Deuster: "That's correct."

Schneider: "All right, 3 is just simply the cleanup amendment, Mr. Speaker and Members. It relates to sex discrimination. What this Amendment will do is ah.... delete the provision that it relates to employment and makes it more comprehensive."

Shea: "The gentleman moves for adoption of Amendment Number 3. Is there any discussion? All those in favor of Amendment Number 3..... the adoption of Amendment Number 3 will say 'aye'. Those opposed say 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Amendment Number 3 is adopted."

Selcke: "Amendment Number 4. Deuster. Amend House Bill 18, page 1, Line 15 and so forth."

Shea: "The gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster, on Amendment Number 4."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment number 4 is intended to be a substitute and a refinement and an improvement on Amendment Number 1, which we just Tabled. Amendment Number 4 will indicate that with respect to one thing and one thing alone, and that is the right to privacy of students, that the school boards may adopt uniform policies with respect to sex being a bonafide occupational qualification. We discussed this Bill before and the problem that some schools, of course, have matrons, and they feel a matron should be a female, and there may be other positions which relate to the rights of privacy of students, and I think the school boards should have this specific area in which to adopt uniform policies. I would urge the adoption of Amendment Number 4 to House Bill 18."

Shea: "The Lady from Cook, Miss Chapman, on Amendment Number 4."

Chapman: "Mr. Speaker, I don't seem to have a copy of that Amendment on my desk, and I would be interested in ah..... oh, here's one laying around. This Amendment Number 4. Well, I have a copy, I wonder if we could have an opportunity to read it. Thank you, Sir."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The Lady from Cook, Miss Chapman, on Amendment Number 4."

Chapman: "Yes, Sir, ah.... I have a comment to make. It still gives to the School Board the right to decide what is a bonafide occupational qualification. Now this is something that has.... ah.... a VFOQ, does have a definite meaning and there is no reason at all why a school board should have an opporutnity to define VFOQ than a different way that it is already been defined. And it merely, this amendment

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merely gives to the School Board again the right to decide if they want discrimination on the basis of sex, and the Constitution does not permit that option to them. Our State Constitution does not permit the School Board or any other unit of local government to discriminate on the basis of sex, so it looks to me as though Amendment Number 4, like the other Amendments, is an unconstitutional proposal, and I ask that you oppose it."

Shea: "There any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I heard it stated, just heard it stated that the Illinois Constitution does not allow for classification. If you will look at the prohibition of sexual discrimination in our Bill of Rights, you will find that 14th Amendment language is used and the United States Supreme Court has ruled that there can be classifications of persons, so long as the classification is reasonable. It seems to me that this amendment, being offered by the sponsor of the Bill does give to school boards the authority to engage in reasonable classification for a good purpose, and as a consequence, I not only differ with the interpretations, constitutional interpretation, by the prior speaker, but I rise in support of this Amendment."

Shea: "There any further discussion? The gentleman from DuPage, Mr. Hudson."

Hudson: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I, too, would rise in support of the Amendment. It seems to me that in our Illinois Constitution, which has been mentioned, under Article I, Section 17, which applies to the discrimination factor, in employment and sale of rental property, I realize is not what we're talking about here, but it does provide that these rights are enforcible without action by the General Assembly, but the General Assembly by law may establish

reasonable exemptions relating to these rights and provide additional remedies for their violation. It would seem to me that the intent and the spirit of the constitution is to provide for reasonable exemptions and reasonable exceptions and certainly a school board ah.... faced with a problem of selecting ah.... employees that ah..... are going to be employed in very delicate and sensitive positions within the system, should be permitted certain reasonable exceptions to be considered. I think it's a very good amendment and would urge your support."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Schneider."

Schneider: "DuPage, Jerry. Thank you, Mr. Speaker, Members of the House...."

Shea: "I'm sorry, Mr. Schneider. From DuPage."

Schneider: "I would just like to comment on the Amendment, and I know the Members are busy on other things, but they ought to give some thought to the idea that actually what the Amendment does is nothing, to leave the Bill or Statute as it presently stands would just be what Mr. Deuster is doing. He's making no substantive changes. He's into the problem of privacy as a definitive category for whether or not a teacher can teach a class or not. We're not quite sure, I'm not at least, what he means by privacy, and it is exactly a kind of a subterfuge of language, if you will, that says exactly what he had said in earlier amendments, and I think it is a bad amendment, and if we're really going to be serious about being equitable in the question of sex equality in the schools, then I think we ought to defeat the Amendment and move the Bill to Third Reading with the Amendment that I attached, so I would ask that the Members oppose it and hope that we can get enough votes to do that."

Shea: "Is there any further discussion? The gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster, to close."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, now all the time we've been discussing the subject of eliminating sex discrimination and equality of rights, everybody who's in favor of that has said that you don't have to worry about the rights of privacy, because surely the rights of privacy would never be violated. Surely the Courts would recognize as they have that students and others have a right of privacy. All this Amendment does is to put into Statutory form what the Courts have told us and that is the students have rights of privacy and there may be instances in the School systems, even though as a General Rule, and as an overall rule, we abolish sex discrimination in the hiring and placement of School Teachers and School Personnel. We do recognize in Amendment Number 4, that one area, that the Courts have already recognized, and that is the right to privacy. I urge the adoption of Amendment Number 4. It makes the Bill practicable. It will put some common sense into the statutes and I think it will help us avoid litigation in this very sensitive area. I urge adoption of Amendment Number 4."

Shea: "All those in favor of adoption of Amendment Number 4 will say 'aye'. Those opposed will say 'nay'. Those in favor of adoption of Amendment Number 4 will vote 'aye'. Those opposed will vote 'no'. All those voted who wished? Brandt 'no'. Have all those voted who wished? Take the Record. Mr. Washington votes 'no'. On this question, there are 60.... Mr. Totten votes 'aye'. On this question, there are..... Mr. McGrew. There are 68 'aye' votes. Mr. McGrew 'no'. 69 'no' votes. The Amendment..... Lemke votes 'no'. Meyer 'aye'. That makes it 70 'no' and 69 'aye' votes. Mr. Deuster. 70 'nay' votes or 'aye' votes. Let me get it here, some people got on. Let me open this up again. There's some confusion here. Those in favor, of adoption of Amendment Number 4 will vote 'aye'. Those opposed will vote 'nay'. Mr. Deuster, do you wish to explain your vote? Mr. Deuster to explain his vote."

Deuster: "ah . . . Mr. . . . Mr. Speaker, there's been . . . ah . . . not . . . a great deal of . . . there's been a little confusion on the floor, and I think every Member would like a clear explanation of this Amendment and what it does. The Bill, itself, House Bill 18, will prohibit sex discrimination, entirely, in the hiring and placement of school teachers and school personnel. That's all personnel. Matrons, football coaches, everything in the school system. Amendment Number 4 will recognize what all of those who have been debating the subject of equality of rights have been saying all along that the rights of privacy of students would be respected and that where you had a matron whose job was to work in the female rest room that the school could chose to hire a female, but that the school board would have to adopt a uniform policy relating to one thing and one thing alone, and that is the right to privacy of students. This is a good Amendment, which recognizes what the courts have said, the United States Supreme Court, and other courts, that students have the right to privacy and even though we try to sweep away sex discrimination there are some rare exceptions and we ought to allow our local school board to recognize those exceptions. For example, I have letters here that are typical from the Decatur Public Schools, from the Superintendent of Education Service in Macon County saying that as a general rule, yes, we ought to eliminate sex discrimination. But there are those special jobs for which the school board should have the latitude to identify where sex may be a bonafide occupational qualification. That's what Amendment Number 4 does and it makes this Bill reasonable and it puts some practical common sense into it and I urge the adoption of Amendment Number 4."

Shea: "The gentleman from Dupage, Mr. Schneider, to explain his vote."

Schneider: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, in explaining my vote, I would

just suggest that we already assure the students of privacy . . . ah . . . we do give school boards plenty of latitude in making distinctions on what they, obviously, must fear as invasion of privacy, whether it be records . . . ah . . . whether it be this question that Don has raised on P.E. teachers or not; there is, in my judgment, . . . ah . . . plenty of assurances that the kind of privacy . . . ah . . . invasion of privacy that he fears is not going to take place. We're talking about hiring and we're talking about sex as a characteristic of that . . . ah . . . requirement of hiring, and I think this Amendment makes it very difficult to . . . ah . . . hire or fire on the basis of sex."

Shea: "Are there any further discussions? Have all those voted who wish? The lady from Dupage, Miss Dyer."

Dyer: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, the Sponsor of this Amendment, himself, has given the best reason for voting "no". ah . . . As Representative Deuster has said, the Courts as in the case Griswald versus Connecticut back in 1965 have already settled the question of absolute right to privacy. This is already settled. When you put an Amendment like this on Representative Deuster's basic Bill, his basic Bill is good, I was all for it until he started lousing it up with Amendments, but . . . ah . . . this Amendment, he's opening the door to discrimination in hiring and firing at the discretion of the school board, and I maintain, that discrimination is like pregnancy, you can't discriminate just a little bit, just like you can't be just a little bit pregnant, you open the door to discrimination and you have not got "non discrimination". He's making this Bill unconstitutional, it started out to be a perfectly good implementation Bill . . . ah . . . but now he's got an unconstitutional Bill and I think you'd all be very smart to vote "no".

Shea: "Are there any further discussion? Take the Record, Mr. Clerk. The gentleman from Lawrence, Mr. Cunningham."

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Cunningham: "Oh, Mr. Speaker, I want to make an inquiry of the last, Speaker, I wondered if that it wasn't true that pregnancy, itself, is a discrimination against women?"

Shea: "On this Amendment there are 79 "aye" votes, 73 "aye", "No" votes, none voting "present". Amendment Number 4 is adopted. Are there any further Amendments? This Bill will be returned to the Order of Consideration Postpone. House Bill 98. This Bill having been read a third time . . . the gentleman from Winnebago, Mr. Simms."

Simms: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, House Bill 98 amends the Illinois Legislative Investigation Commission Act. The Bill as amended . . . ah . . . based on the three Amendments, the one that Mr. Shea placed . . . ah . . . limits it to . . . ah . . . eliminated the provision for local and county; the second Amendment . . . ah . . . the third Amendment changes the name in the Bill from the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission . . . a Crime Investigating and returns it to the Legislative Investigating Commission. The substance of the Bill now would limit the investigations of the Commission strictly to those . . . ah . . . areas of endeavor of a criminal nature. ah . . . We've had previous discussion on the Bill. I think we've eliminated most areas of concern. The name is returned to the existing name and it is continued and the Bill, simply, will restrict the scope of the Commission . . . ah . . . to . . . ah . . . those investigations dealing with a criminal nature or a potential criminal violation of the Law; and . . . ah . . . I would urge the adoption of House Bill 98."

Shea: "Are there any further discussions? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Washington."

Washington: "Will the Sponsor yield to one question? ah . . . Representative Simms, I notice that the Investigating Commission . . . ah . . . went into the area of Red Lining on two occasions. Would this preclude them from further investigation in that kind of . . . in that particular field?"

Simms: "No, it . . . it would not, Representative Washington, because Red Lining doesn't deal . . . ah . . . with . . . ah . . . it is prohibited under Federal Statutes and also in . . . in the area of criminal nature, Representative, because of . . . ah . . . dealing with an Institution. ah . . . I asked that question, checked it out with . . . ah . . . Director Saragusa and with our Legal Council and Red Lining would have qualified as one of those investigating elements."

Washington: "Well, what particular language in this Bill, House Bill 98, precludes the Commission from going into the criminal field, would you cite the language?"

Simms: "It prohi . . . I'm sorry, Repre . . ."

Washington: "What particular language in House Bill 98, precludes the Commission from going into non-criminal areas?"

Shea: "Mr. Simms, would you like to take this out of the Record for a hear . . ."

Simms: "Well, . . . ah . . . Representative Washington, it . . . its simply . . . at the present time, the Commission can investigate anything which the General Assembly mandates it to investigate."

Washington: "I understand."

Simms: "This, simply, limits it to, strictly, issues of a criminal nature. I'd be happy to take it out of the Record, if you want me . . ."

Washington: "No, no, that answers it, thank you."

Simms: "Yeah."

Shea: "I'm sorry, did you say you wanted to take it out of the . . . are you satisfied, Mr. Washington?"

Washington: "Yes, yes."

Shea: "Are there any further discussions? The gentleman from McHenry, Mr. Skinner."

Skinner: "Mr. Speaker, would the gentleman yield for a question?"

Shea: "He indicates he will."

Skinner: "ah . . . This morning I bought a House Resolution, which would mandate the Legislative Investigating Commission in co-operation with the Illinois Economic and Fiscal Commission and the Auditor General to investigate Elgin State Hospital and the problems of linkage between Elgin State Hospital, the nursing homes, specifically, in Lake County, and the Community Mental Health Centers . . . ah . . . in the Elgin State Hospital Zone . . . Mental Health Zone . . . ah . . . would this Resolution be allowed, that is, . . ."

Simms: "Ye . . ."

Skinner: "Would the Commission make an investigation such as . . ."

Simms: "Yes."

Skinner: ". . . is mandated by this Resolution . . ."

Simms: "Well . . ."

Skinner: ". . . in our . . . in our change?"

Simms: "Yes, it would, Representative Skinner. Number One, the original investigation of Elgin State Hospital did deal with a criminal impropriety . . . ah . . . where there were indictments that were returned by . . . ah . . . that Grand Jury. ah . . . Secondly, . . . ah . . . there is a potential violation, perhaps, in the investigation with Lake County Nursing Homes . . . ah . . . the changing of death certificates, which is a criminal violation and . . . ah . . . that Resolution would fall within the scope of the Commission under the proposed Bill."

Shea: "The gentleman from McHenry, Mr. Skinner."

Skinner: "ah . . . One more question. The thrust of this Resolution is less at . . . ah . . . making heads roll than it is at the, I think, almost . . ."

Shea: "We're on House Bill 98, Mr. Skinner, not on your Resolution."

Skinner: "I'm sorry, but the Resolution has something to do with House Bill 98. ah . . . the thrust of what . . . ah . . . this Resolution would say, would be that the Mental Health

System is not working. Now, does the Commission intend to . . . ah . . . look at things that are . . . problems that are that broad?"

Simms: "Well, if it deals with a criminal nature. You have a, if you're talking about Mental Health, you have a . . . ah . . . Legislative Commission dealing with Mental Health . . . ah . . . Health . . . that could investigate any type of lack of . . . ah . . . of competence of a depart . . . department of Mental Health. What this Resolution is trying to do, is to limit the scope of the Commission. Frankly, we don't have the type of staff that can investigate everything under the sun. The Commission, frankly, has a budgetary problem with many of the mandates by the Legislature and we feel that . . . ah . . . as intended that the Commission, probably, never was supposed to go into many of these areas of investigation that we don't have the expertise in. There are other Commissions that are authorized in the State that have this, but the Commission has been set up in the past, the object was to look into those areas which deal with criminal improprieties or suspected criminal violations of the Law; and in the case of . . . ah . . . your inquiry regarding the Department of Mental Health . . . ah . . . I would say that unless there's some type of criminal negligence involved that the Commission wouldn't have jurisdiction. It would be up to the Mental Health Commission."

Skinner: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I'm, I guess that the . . ."

Shea: "The gentleman from McHenry, . . ."

Skinner: "Excuse me."

Shea: ". . . Mr. Skinner."

Skinner: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, I'm not sure, but I think that the . . . that Representative Simms and I are not quite on all fours with regard to what we think the Legislative Investigating Commission ought to do. It seems to me that we need as many competent, programmed analysis agencies responsible

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directly to the Legislative, the Legislature as possible, and Representative Simms and the Commission, apparently, wish to narrow the scope of the function . . . ah . . . quite a bit. It seems to me the programmed analysis should be a function of the . . . of the Commission; and I just . . . ah . . . I don't think we ought to narrow it just to crime."

Shea: "Are there any further discussions? Mr. Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, will the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Shea: "He indicates he will."

Kosinski: "Tim, it appears to me that the original intent of this Bill is, considerably, modified by the Amendments; and it appears to me that actually not only does it return the authority of the Legislative Investigating Commission to the original authority it possess; but it limits it . . . its authority additionally. ah . . . This Bill appears, now, to be going in reverse, correct me if I'm wrong, please."

Simms: "Well, the main intent of the Commission was to restrict the type of investigation, Representative Kosinski, without getting into a broad spectrum of areas that we don't have the expertise to investigate. Some of the Resolutions have been mandated . . . ah . . . that we investigate things that there is a question whether the Legislature has really any proprietary interest in; and . . . ah . . . for these reasons the Commission felt . . . ah . . . in which both Commission Co-Schairman, Senator Rock and Representative Sevcik agreed, so all is in the majority of the Commission that because of the budgetary problems and of the type of staff that we have . . . ah . . . we can't go into areas to make an in depth analysis, for example, of the Environmental Protection Agency, with our Rules and Regulations. We don't have the staff; we don't have that type of background or expertise; and what we want to do is to restrict it to what the original intent of the Act was back in the 1960's."

Shea: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Leon."

Leon: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, this Bill was thoroughly discussed last week. We had a little controversy over the Amendment. I believe we all understand what's at issue. I move the previous question."

Shea: "The gentleman moves the previous question. All those in favor say "aye", those oppose say "nay". In the opinion of the Chair the requisite two-thirds votes having been received, the previous question is moved. Mr. Simms to close."

Simms: "Briefly, Mr. Speaker, I think the Bill has had a great deal of discussion. The Bill as it now stands, the name of the Commission remains the same . . . ah . . . what the Bill does is limit the scope of the Commission to investigations of a criminal nature because of the budgetary problems dealing with the cost involved and the lack of duplication . . . of the duplication of the various Commissions . . . ah . . . The Commission felt it was to the best advantage of the Legislature and the people that the scope and the authority of the Commission should be restricted. So its up to the Members of the Legislature if they would prefer that it be restricted or to leave it in its same category; and I would urge a favorable vote on House Bill 98."

Shea: "The gentleman moves for the adoption of House Bill 98. All those in favor will vote "aye", all those opposed will vote "nay"."

Unknown: "Vote me "aye"."

Shea: "Have all those voted who wish? . . . is on Third Reading. This is final passage, all those voted who wish? Take the Record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 96 "ayes", 17 "nays", 8 Members voting "present". This Bill having received the con . . . the required constitutional majority is, hereby, declared passed. House Bill 117, Miss Satterthwaite." Do you want to hear that or do you want it . . . Take that out of the Record. On the last Bill, Mr. Cunningham wished to be recorded as voting "aye". House Bill 158, Mr. Schisler. Take that out

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of the record. House Bill 254, Mr. Rayson. He's not on the floor. Take that out of the Record. House Bill 273, Mr. Jaffe. 275, is he here. House Bill 602, Mr. Beaupre. That Bill having been read a third time, Mr. Beaupre on House Bill 602."

Beaupre: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, as you know, this Bill was considered before on Third Reading. It is the Bill which extends for an additional year and a half as amended the current Usury Rate Limitation on mortgage loans in the State of Illinois. As I indicated to you before, in my judgment, last year when we looked at this very critical question under unusual economic conditions in the State of Illinois, we decided to move the Usury Limit on home financing from eight per cent, which was well below the going Market rate, to nine and a half percent in Illinois. I think if we look at the critical statistics in regard to what that accomplished that we will find that we were, indeed, well served by doing so. If you compare, for instance, the year 1973 when during the first six months the Usury Rate in Illinois on mortgage loans was eight per cent to the first six months of 1974 when the current rate was in effect, if you compare the number of housing starts in the State of Illinois and the kind of activity that was in the Home Construction Industry, you'll find that moving the current Usury Rate to nine and a half per cent very well served our interests. Our share of the total housing starts in the United States increased by some eleven per cent after we changed that Usury Limit. I would just like to, in closing, indicate to you that if you look back on the history of Usury Limits that their true purpose really is to prevent mortgage lenders from taking advantage of the public by charging rates far and above and beyond the normal going interest rate. The current rate, nationally, today, is just something under nine per cent. For us to move back to an eight per cent Usury Limit on June 31st would create a disaster

in our economy. For that reason, and to . . . for the reason that we should, indeed, recongize the fact that there's no way that we in Illinois can legislate what the going Market rate for mortgage loans is in this country. I, therefore, ask for your favorable vote."

Shea: "Are there any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Berman."

Berman: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, its with great reluctance that I stand to oppose a Bill . . . ah . . . proposed by my good friend, Representative Beaupre; but I don't think that it is necessary to take from the pockets of people that want to buy homes . . . to take from the pockets of people to build houses and put that money from their pockets into the pockets of the Savings and Loans people and the bankers. I think that under the conditions today that exist in our economy, if anything, we ought to see a Bill to lower the interest rate even below eight per cent. We passed this Bill in 1974, the going rate of interest paid on certificates of deposits in the largest bank in Chicago was twelve per cent interest; and many of us decided or a majority in this House decided that in order to keep the home mortgage Market competitive, we had to raise interest rates from eight to nine and a half per cent. Today, that interest rate paid by the big banks on certificates of deposit is down to seven per cent; and if we allow the interest rate to go back on home martgages to eight per cent, we are allowing the mortgage lenders to still be competitive and make a reasonable profit, without allowing them to gouge the Market. The number of housing starts, I don't believe, is tied in with this kind of Bill; I think the profit margins by the Savings and Loans and the banks is tied in to this Bill; and I would rather do something for the little guy and not for bankers and I'm going to vote "no" on House Bill 602."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Davis."

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Davis: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentleman of the House, I did vote "no" on the Bill, but I've been receiving a lot of communications and these communications come from the goose . . . these communications that I've been receiving comes from the goose that lays the golden egg. The truth of the matter is, the people that I would have to go to, the people in my District that they will have to go to to loan the money to build these houses, are the people who are saying that 'if you cut it back to eight per cent, we can't live with it and then there won't be any money to loan these people'. Now, I know most of these Institutions who sign these petitions that have been sitting in here, I know the ones who will loan money and the ones who do not loan money. As the ones who are loaning the money now and will continue to loan it to build the houses, they are saying 'if you cut it back, we won't be able to make any loans'. Now what do you do? What do you? Do you listen to the people that you got to go to to get the money from or do you listen to the voice in the wilderness where you can't get one dime from them to build one house. I voted against this Bill the other day, but I'm going to change it now, because the lending Institution that I have to go to and that the people I know have to go to and that the people I still have to go to are the Institutions that says 'if you cut it back to eight per cent, we just will not loan the money at that rate'; and I'm going to vote "aye" on this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, may I speak to the Bill? Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of this House, in the last Legislative Session, this body in its wisdom increased the Usury Rate. That action has born fruit. I am of the understanding that loans have been made in cases, where in the past no such loans were made. I am also of the understanding that we are now in competition with other States that vies for the same money we have here in Illinois. The other day, many of you joined

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me in voting "present" on this Bill. What I did take exception to is a two and a half year period for this Usury Rate, but on the basis of the Amendment reducing it to a little over a year, I think our great experiment can continue and bear fruit further and I will be pleased to vote "yes" for this Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Further discussion? Representative Beaupre to close."

Beaupre: "Mr. Speaker, and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I, too, very seldom vote on the opposite side of the question as my good colleague, Representative Berman, but let me suggest to you that this is, indeed, one of the most critical Bills that this General Assembly will consider this Session, if you're looking at the effect of the over-all economy of the State of Illinois. We can have all the accelerated bonding program. We can have all the programs to put people back to work, but if we put a 100,000, a 190,000 people in the housing industry out of work in Illinois because we're sending the mortgage money available to other States where the interest rates are more consistent with the National Market Level, we're going to be doing ourselves a great disservice. It is with this in mind that I appeal to you to keep our economy healthy in Illinois. To let things move this Spring and next Spring, let's have a state of affairs here where the normal Market rate can operate and we can continue to do the kind of great things in our economy in Illinois that we have, traditionally, done over the years, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is shall House Bill 602 pass. All in favor will signify by voting "aye", all oppose "no". Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the Record. On this question there a 110 "ayes", 23 "no", and 8 voting "present"; and the Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is, hereby, declared passed. Representative McPartlin "aye". Duff "aye". Patrick "aye". Brummet "no", "aye", he was pointing. Mann "no". Mann "no". We will now go to the Order of Agreed

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Resolutions. Representative Geo-Karis "present".

O'Brien: "House Resolution 158, Mautino; House Resolution 159, Hirschfeld; House Resolution 160, Shea; 161, Sutbblefield; 164, Daniels; 165, Greiman; 166, Greiman; 167, Barnes; and Senate Joint Resolution 22."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, and Members of the House, House Resolution 158 commends the Rams Basketball Team of Western High School in Buda. 159 commends Karen Pickert upon her service to the Saint Matthew Day School of Champaign. 160 commends Frank Gillott, Editor of the Cicero-Berwyn-Stickney Forest View Life Newspapers. 161 congratulates the Auburn Knights of Rockford for a successful year in Class AA High School Basketball Competition. 164 commends Coach Donald Greenfield and each of the players on the Trojans Basketball Team of Timothy Christian High School. 165 congratulates the faculty staff and students of the Oakland Community College. 166 congratulates the members of Congregations Calumete of Skokie upon the occasion of the dedication of their synagogue. 167 congratulates the Reverend Bobby Love of the Love Memorial Baptist Church in Chicago. I move the adoption of the . . . ah . . . excuse me, Mr. Speaker, also, Senate Joint Resolution 22 extends the reporting date for the State Property Insurance Study Commission to May 1, 1975. I move the adoption of the agreed Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman from Cook has moved the adoption of the Resolutions. The questions is on the adoption of the Resolutions. Those in favor indicate by saying "aye", oppose "no"; the "ayes" have it. The Resolutions are adopted. Announcements. Further Resolutions."

O'Brien: "House Joint Resolution 32. House Joint Resolution 33. House Resolution 169. House Resolution 170. House Resolution 171. Committee on Assignment."

Speaker Redmond: "Committee on Assignment of Bills. Death Resolutions."

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O'Brien: "House Resolution 162 in memory of Juanna VoHenry H. Bolds . House Resolution 163 in memory of Mr. A. E. Staley, Jr. House Resolution 168 in memory of Patrick J. Bridges."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker, these Resolutions are Death Resolutions. Does the Chair wish to recognize the Sponsors to comment relative to these Resolutions?"

Speaker Redmond: "I don't see any such request, why don't you move the adoptions."

Madigan: "All right, fine . . . ah . . . House Resolution 162 mourns the death of Mr. Henry Bolds of Decatur. 163 mourns the death of Augusta Eugene Staley, also of Decatur; and 168 mourns the death of Patrick Bridges. I move the adoption of these Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Gentleman from Cook has moved the adoption of the Resolutions. The question is on the adoption of the Resolutions. All in favor indicate by saying "aye", oppose "no", the "ayes" have it. The Resolutions are adopted. Announcements. Representative Taylor, for what purpose do you arise?"

Taylor: "Mr. Speaker, I rise for the purpose of action for leave of the House to suspend the appropriate Rule in order to hear House Bill 416 this afternoon in Committee. It was, inadvertently, left off our deposit end but it went down in the 45-day ruling. Now, this Bill passed through this House through the Committee last year without a dissenting vote and no objections. I would ask leave of this House to have the Appropriate Rules suspended in order to hear House Bill 416 this afternoon."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? Takes 107 votes in the Roll Call vote, Representative . . . Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "I . . . I wonder if the gentleman discussed his motion with the Minority Leader."

Speaker Redmond: "Have you discussed the motion with the Minority Leader?"

Taylor: "No, I did not, I discussed it with the Sportsman on the Committee about what the motion I was going to make today."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, the Minority Leader is here and we discussed it earlier today and it was an Agreed Resolution."

Speaker Redmond: "The question is on the adoption of motion to suspend the Appropriate Rule. All those in favor vote "aye", those oppose vote "no". It takes 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? On this question there are 114 "ayes", no "nays"; the motion is adopted. Announcements, Representative Shea."

Shea: "The Adjournment is all."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Williams."

Williams: "ah . . . Mr. Speaker, and Members of the House, I ask leave of the House to Table House Bill 265 . . ."

Speaker Redmond: "Harry . . ."

Williams: ". . . ah . . . I have spoken to the Illinois Medical Society, they're gonna' work out the problems contained in this Bill and I ask leave to Table . . . ah . . . 265."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Leave granted. The Bill is to be Tabled. Representative Williams."

Williams: "ah . . . At the same time, I would like leave to Table House Bill 262, which is a new Home Buyers Protection Act. I received assurance from the Illinois Department of Insurance that the Home Owners Warranty Program has now been approved by the State. I have spoken to the Co-Sponsors there, Representative Schlickman, we're in agreement to let the industry work out the problem and give this chance. So I ask leave of the House to table House Bill 262."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Leave granted. Representative

: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would ask leave because I worked out the problem with the Department of Transportation, leave to Table House Bill 48, presently locked in the Transportation Committee and I would ask leave to Table it."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objection? Leave granted. Announcements, Representative Shea. Representative McCourt."

McCourt: "I'd like leave to Table House Bill 387."

Speaker Redmond: "Any objections? Leave granted. The Bill is Tabled. Representative Leon. Would you repeat that, Representative McCourt, the number of the Bill."

McCourt: "387."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Leon."

Leon: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Banks, Savings and Loans Committee will meet immediately after adjournment. We have seven bills to be heard and I would appreciate the attendance of the Members."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "I was wondering, John, if the Committee Chairman would have their meeting 15 minutes after adjournment, because the Committee Chairmen are suppose to see the Speaker, so it would be 15 minutes after adjournment for the meeting of the committees."

Speaker Redmond: "DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Am I on? Oh. Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I'd like to announce that this evening, the Veterans of Foreign Wars are having their annual legislative dinner, and every member of this House is invited to be a guest. You have a slip of paper up on your desk there, notifying you that it will be held at the Holiday Inn East in Springfield. Cocktails 6:00 to 7:00 PM and dinner at 7:00. To be served a beautiful steak dinner. I hope you will all be in attendance, and if you can't, I hope you'd let me know so we can make arrangements."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Fary."

Fary: "Through an oversight, an apparent oversight, Mr. Speaker, today's calendar does not list the committee on Labor and Commerce as meeting tomorrow. It is completely void of that fact. I want it to be known that the Committee will definitely meet tomorrow at 2:00 in D-1. We have a lot of important business and I wish the Members would be there on time."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Maragos."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, I'd like to announce that the Revenue Committee will meet at 3:00 sharp, for those of you who would like to go grab a lunch or something between now, because we have a meeting with the Speaker, and we'll meet at 3:00 sharp."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Waddell."

Waddell: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to have permission of the House for postponement of the reporting date of the Data Information Systems Commission, to a date certain."

Speaker Redmond: "I've been advised that we should do that by Resolution. Maybe..... We need a Resolution on that. Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker, at the opening of the session, I requested that Representative Waddell be excused because of illness. I'm delighted to report that I was incorrect in asking that, that Representative Waddell walked in almost the moment I announced it. So he is back after an extended illness and we're delighted to see him."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, there will be a meeting of the Committee on Assignment of Bills immediately after adjournment and Mr. Speaker, I move that we do now recess until 6:00 PM this evening for the purpose of only reading in Bills into the Record the first time, and then at that hour, when we are finished reading the Bills in, that this House stand adjourned until nine AM tomorrow morning."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Shea, I see that I inadvertently overlooked Representative Kozubowski. I wonder if you would hold that Motion a minute?"

Kozubowski: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would just like to announce that the Ethics Subcommittee will meet tomorrow morning at 8:00 AM in Room D-4 of the State Office Building. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Now the Gentleman from Cook, you'll renew your Motion."

Shea: "I move that this House stand in recess until 6:00 for the purposes of reading in first reading of House Bills and that after that, that the House stand adjourned until 9:00 AM tomorrow morning."

Speaker Redmond: "You've heard the Motion. All those in favor, indicate by saying 'aye'. Opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it and the Motion is adopted. We now stand in recess until 6:00."

Speaker Redmond: "House will be in order. First Reading, Introduction of Bills."

O'Brien: "House Bill 1287. Kelly. A Bill for an Act to amend the Mass Transportation Carrier Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1288. Sangmeister. Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1289. Hart. Bill for an Act to amend the Park District Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1290. White. A Bill for an Act to amend an Act relating to Divorce. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1291. Schraeder. Bill for an Act to amend the Nursing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1292. Schraeder. Bill for an Act to amend the Nursing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1293. Palmer. Bill for an Act directing Department of Transportation to transfer certain ah.... tracts. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1294. Palmer. Bill for an Act to amend Motor Fuel Tax Laws. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1295. Palmer. Bill for an Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1296. Palmer. Bill for an Act to amend an Act concerning public utilities. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1297. Palmer. Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Office of States Attorney Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1298. Palmer. A Bill for an Act to provide for the license and regulation of Mobile Homes and Mobile Home Parks. First

Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1299. Palmer. Bill for an Act creating the Office of States Attorney Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1300. Daniels. A Bill for an Act creating the Elevator Safety Board. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1301. Madigan. Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1302. Hart. Bill for an Act providing for the ordinary and contingent expense of Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1303. Kane. Bill for an Act providing for the ordinary and contingent expenses of Department of Personnel. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 304. Kane. Bill for an Act to amend an Act accepting conveyance of Lincoln monuments and grounds. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1305. Neff. Bill for an Act making appropriation to the Department of Transportation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1306. Lauer. Bill for an Act making an appropriation to Clyde G. Heflin. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1307. Lauer. Bill for an Act in relation to the taxation of certain agricultural products. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1308. Lauer. Bill for an Act to amend an Act in relation to State Revenue Sharing with local governmental entities. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1309. Lauer. Bill for an Act to require training in the operation and maintenance of electronic feed detecting devices. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1310. Geo-Karis. Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1311. Geo-Karis. Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1312. Maragos. A Bill for an Act to create an Act in relation to principal and income. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1313. Sharp. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Highway Code.

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First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1314. Barnes. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense for the Department of Mental Health in developmental and disability. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1315. Meyer. A Bill for an Act to abolish assignments of wages and repeal an act to promote welfare of wage earners. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1316. Meyer. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to provide for the exercise of right of eminent domain. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1317. Lauer. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Vehicle Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1318. Keller. Bill for an Act to make an appropriation to the Illinois Rivers Marketing Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1319. Keller. Bill for an Act to create the Illinois Rivers Marketing Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1320. Keller. Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Conservation. First Reading of the bill. House Bill 1321. O'Daniel. Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Department of Conservation. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1322. G. L. Hoffman. Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1323. Gene Hoffman. Bill for an Act to validate the organization of certain community unit school districts. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1324. Calvo. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Aeronautics Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1325. Satterthwaite. Bill for an Act in relation to practice of professional geology. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1326. O'Daniel. Bill for an Act in relation to taxation of certain agricultural chemicals. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1327. Bratty. Bill for an Act to amend the Revenue Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1328. Schoeberlein. Bill for an Act to amend the Consumer Fraud Detective Business Practices Act. First

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to amend the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1347. Calvo. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1348. Giglio. Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Purchasing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1349. Porter. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Business Corporations Act. First Reading of the Act. House Bill 1350. Kozubowski. Bill for an Act to make an appropriation of the Spanish Speaking Peoples Study Commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1351. Lauer. Bill for an Act to vacate an easement in Logan County. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1352. Kempiners. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act regarding the Attorney Generals, States Attorneys. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1353. Kempiners. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act fixing and providing payment of salaries to States Attorneys. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1354. Tipsword. A Bill for an Act amending the Illinois Savings and Loan Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1355. Kent. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act concerning Public Utilities. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1356. Mudd. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1357. Mugalian. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1358. Choate. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation of the State Comptroller for certain payments of counties. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1359. Kosinski. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Criminal Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1360. Kozubowski. A Bill for an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expense of Department of Law Enforcement. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1361. Ron Hoffman. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1362. McClain. A Bill for an Act to

amend the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1363. Calvo. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Horse Racing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1364. Calvo. Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Harness Racing Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1365. Kosinski. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to Criminal identification investigations. First Reading of the Bills. House Bill 1366. Kosinski. Bill for an Act to make an appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expenses in the Department of Corrections. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1367. McClain. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Insurance Code. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1368. McClain. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act providing for the privilege tax of mobile homes. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1369. McClain. Bill for an Act to amend Section of the Uniform Aeronautics Gifts Act. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1370. Porter. Bill for an Act to provide for the joint tenancy with right of survivorship. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1371. Schraeder. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act creating Peoria State Hospital land use study commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1372. Schraeder. Bill for an Act making the appropriation to the Department of General Services. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1373. Schraeder. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Peoria State Hospital land use study commission. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1374. Porter. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act in relation to the rate of interest and other charges in connection with sales and credit and lending of money. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1375. Porter. Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to revise the law in relation to Clerks of Courts. First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1376. Bill for an Act to amend

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Speaker Redmond: "Borchers moves that the House do now adjourn until 9:00 AM, April 9, 1975. So moved."

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEVENTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

THIRTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATIVE DAY

APRIL 8, 1975



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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1	12:02	Speaker Redmond	House Come to Order
	12:02	Rev. Krueger	Prayer
	12:03	Speaker Redmond	Roll Call
	13:03	Speaker Redmond	Introd. first reading
	12:03	O'Brien	HB 1262
2	12:04	Speaker Redmond	Sen. Bill first reading
	12:04	Walsh	Epton & Waddell exc. illness
	12:05	Shea	Nardulli, Garmisa absent
	12:05	Speaker Redmond	
	12:05	O'Brien	1st reading
	12:05	Speaker Redmond	1st reading
	12:05	O'Brien	
	12:07	Speaker Redmond	Consent Cal. 2nd reading
	12:07	O'Brien	
	3	12:07	Speaker
12:08		Speaker	HB 2nd reading
12:08		O'Brien	HB 204 2nd reading, 1 com am.
12:08		Schraeder	Sponsor
12:09		Speaker	Am. adopted
12:09		Speaker	HB 333
12:10		O'Brien	2nd reading no com. am.
12:10		Speaker	
12:10		Hirschfeld	HB 384 ask to table
12:10		Speaker	tabled
12:10		O'Brien	HB 389 2nd read, 1 com am
4		12:11	Speaker Redmond
	12:12	Matijevich	Request we hold

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
4	12:12	Speaker Redmond	
	12:12	Geo-Karis	HB 581 move for adop. of com. amend. #1
	12:13	Speaker	Amendment adopted
	12:13	Speaker	
	12:14	Collins	Bluthardt excused
	12:14	Speaker	
	12:15	Stiehl	Intro. Madison Cty. group
5	12:16	Speaker	Committee reports
	12:16	O'Brien	
	12:17	Speaker	Introduce 1st reading
	12:17	O'Brien	
	12:22	Speaker	
6	12:22	Schraeder	205-411 Request to table
	12:22	Speaker	Tabled
7	12:22	Speaker	HB 300 Mr. Merlo 2nd reading no com. am.
7	12:23	O'Brien	HB 300 1st reading 1 amend.
	12:24	Merlo	Sponsor
	12:24	Speaker	amendment adopted
	12:24	Speaker	HB 536
	12:25	O'Brien	Maragos 2nd read. no com am
	12:25	Speaker	611
	12:25	O'Brien	611 2nd read. no com amend.
	12:26	Speaker	HB 990 2nd read. no com am.
8	12:26	O'Brien	HB
	12:26	Greisheimer	HB hold on 2nd read.
	12:26	O'Brien	HB 202 Polk 2nd read. no com. amend.
	12:27	Speaker	HB 435 2nd reading
		O'Brien	Lundy no com. am. 1 floor am.

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
8	12:28	Speaker	
	12:28	Berman	to explain amendment #1
9	12:28	Speaker	
	12:29	Lundy	discussion
	12:30	Speaker	
10	12:30	Bradley	question for sponsor
	12:30	Lundy	discussion
	12:30	Speaker	amendment adopted
11		Speaker	HB 435
		O'Brien	Amendment #2
		Lundy	move for adoption
	12:32	Speaker	amendment adopted
		O'Brien	Amendment #3
	12:32	Shea	
	12:33	Berman	
	12:34	Shea	vote is reconsidered
		Shea	Berman, moves to table #1
12	12:35	Berman	Moves for adoption
	12:36	Shea	Adopted
	12:36	Shea	
	12:36	Duester	
	12:36	Shea	take out of record
	12:36	O'Brien	HB 114 out of record
	12:36	Shea	HB 422
13		O'Brien	Duff 2nd reding
	12:38	Shea	
	12:38	Duff	explain amendment #1
	12:38	Shea	Amendment #1 adopted

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
19	12:55	Duff	Explain vote
20	12:55	Shea	Motion to table #5 fails
	12:55	Shea	Com. #5 is adopted
	12:55	O'Brien	Amendment #6
	12:55	Shea	
	12:55	Duff	Amendment #6
21	12:55	Shea	
	12:58	Lundy	
	12:58	Shea	
22	12:58	Duff	
		Shea	
	13:00	Lundy	To close
23	13:00	Shea	Amendment #6 adopted
23	13:00	O'Brien	Amendment #7 HB 422
	13:01	Shea	Com. Am. #7 adopted
	13:01	O'Brien	Com. Am. #8
	13:01	Shea	
	13:01	Lundy	Explain #8 HB 422
	13:02	Shea	
24	13:02	Duff	
		Lundy	
	13:07	Shea	Am #8 Roll call
25	13:09	Duff	Explain vote
26	13:10	Shea	Amendment #8 adopted
	13:10	Shea	HB 357
	13:10	O'Brien	HB (Maragos) 2nd reading 7 com. Amend.
	13:11	Shea	
	13:11	Maragos	HB 357 explain am. #1

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	12:40	Duff	explain amendment #2
	12:40	Shea	amendment #2 adopted
14	12:40	O'Brien	Com. amendment #3
	12:40	Shea	Explain amendment #3
	12:40	Shea	Amendment #3 adopted
	12:41	O'Brien	#4 tabled in comm.
	12:41	Duff, Shea	#5 discussion
15	12:43	Shea	
	12:43	Lundy	Explain #5
	12:43	Shea	
	12:43	Lundy	Amendment #5
	12:43	Shea	
	12:43	Duff	Partimentary procedure
		Shea	
16	12:44	Lundy	Continue
	12:45	Shea	any further discussion
17	12:45	Duff	moves to table #5
	12:47	Shea	
18	12:47	Lundy	to close
	12:50	Shea	HB 422 Amendment #5
	12:50	Lundy	Explain vote
19	12:50	Shea	
	12:51	Kosinski	
		Shea	
	12:53	Palmer	
	12:54	Shea	

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information	
27	13:11	Shea	Amendment #1 adopted	
		O'Brien		
		Shea		
		13:13	Maragos	Com. Am. #2
		13:13	Shea	Amendment #2 adopted
	Selcke		Amendment #3	
		13:15	Maragos	
	Shea		Amendment #3 adopted	
	28		Selcke	Amendment #4
		Shea		
		Maragos	Explain Amendment #4	
		13:16	Shea	Amendment adopted
		13:17	Selcke	Amendment #5
		13:17	Maragos	Amendment #5
		13:17	Shea	Amendment adopted
		13:17	Selcke	Amendment #6
29		13:17	Maragos	Explain amendment #6
		13:18	Shea	Amendment #6 adopted
	13:18	Selcke	Amendment #7	
	13:18	Maragos	Explain amendment #7	
	13:19	Shea	Amendment #7 adopted	
30	13:19	Shea	HB 449	
	13:20	Selcke, Lundy	Amendment #1	
	13:20	Shea	Amendment #1 adopted	
		Shea	HB 488 take out	
		Shea	HB 542 2nd reading	
	Selcke	HB 542 no comm amendments		

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
31		Griesheimer	HB 542
	13:21	Shea	HB 542 put on third?
		Griesheimer	
		Meyer	Point of order
	13:22	Shea	discussion, out of record
	13:23	Shea	HB 585 take out
	13:23	Shea	HN 597 2nd reading
	13:23	Selcke	HB 597 no amendments
		Shea	3rd reading
	13:23	Shea	SB 1 2nd reading
32		Griesheimer	
	13:24	Shea	SB 170 3rd reading
		Selcke	
		Shea	
	13:25	Lechowicz	Explain Bill
	13:26	Shea	Bill passed
33	13:26	Shea	SB 71 2nd reading
	13:26	Selcke	No comm amendments
	13:26	Shea	Consideration postponed
	13:26	Shea	HB 18
	13:27	Duester	HB 18 ask leave to bring bill to 2nd reading
		Selcke	HB 18 amendment #3
34	13:28	Duester	Reconsider vote Am. #1 Reconsider and tabled
		Shea	
	13:29	Schneider	HB 18 Amendment #3
	13:30	Shea	HB 18 Amendment #3 adopted
35	13:30	Selcke	HB 18 Amendment #4
	13:30	Duester	HB 18 Amendment #4 explain

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
35		Shea	
	13:32	Chapman	Speak on amendment #4
		Shea	
	13:33	Schlickman	Support
36	13:35	Shea	
	13:35	Hudson	Support
37	13:35	Shea	HB 18
	13:35	Schneider	HB 18 amendment #4 explain
	13:37	Shea	HB 18
38	13:37	Duester	HB 18to close
		Shea	HB 18 Amendment #4
39	13:41	Duester	HB 18 to explain vote
	13:43	Shea	
39-40	13:44	Schneider	HB 18 explain vote
40	13:43	Shea	
	13:44	Dyer	Explain vote
	13:45	Shea	Explain Vote
41	13:45	Cunningham	Amendment #4 adopted
	13:45	Shea	Returned to order of consid. postponed
	13:46	Shea	HB 98
	13:46	Sims	Explain vote
		Shea	
42	13:48	Washington) Simms)	Will sponsor yield? discussion
	13:49	Shea	
	13:49	Simms	
	13:50	Shea	
	13:50	Skinner () Simms ()	discussion yield? discussion

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
43	13:50	Shea	HB 98 Discussion
44	13:50	Skinner) Shea) Simms)	discussion
45	13:52	Shea	Discussion
	13:52	Skinner	
	13:52	Kosinski	Discussion
		Shea	
	13:54	Kosinski	
	13:55	Simms	
	13:55	Shea	
46	13:55	Leon	Discussion
	13:56	Shea	Previous question moved
	13:56	Simms	HB 98 to close
	13:56	Shea	Bill passed
47	13:57	Shea	HB 602 (Beaupre)
	13:58	Beaupre	Sponsor
48	14:00	Shea	
	14:00	Berman	HB 602 vote no
	2:02	Speaker Redmond	
49	2:02	Davis	
	2:06	Speaker	HB 602
	2:06	Kosinski	Speaks for bill
50	2:07	Speaker	
	2:07	Beaupre	to close
	2:07	Speaker	HB 602 passed
	2:09	Speaker	
51	2:11	O'Brien	House Resolution
	2:11	Speaker	

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PERFUNCT

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Page	Time	Speaker	Information
56	18:02	Speaker	1st reading, introduction of bills
68	18:02	O'Brien	
68	18:32	Speaker	Borchers moves adjournment