

1.

Reverend Krueger: "In the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, Amen. Oh, Lord, Bless this House this day. Sister Mary Ann McCarty wrote the following, 'Last June, five of the Sisters journeying from Delhi, India to Cashmere in the Himilaya's, but our rickety old bus looked as if it would hardly survive the long trip into the mountains. Sure enough, as we rounded a sharp turn on one particularly narrow road, the wobbly vehicle skidded and took a sickening plunge. I had visions of the bus somersaulting into the bottom of the precipice and prepared for the unenviable sensation of having my bones broken to smithereens. With a loud thud, the bus suddenly capsized. Flying bits of glass flashed over my head. Women screamed and frightened babies howled. Finally the bus stopped on its side entangled in two small trees on the slope of the ravine. And incredibly no one was injured. After we had crawled out to safety, some of the male passengers volunteered to retrieve our luggage which had been hurled to the bottom of the precipice. Most of our things were a little worse for the wear for the ordeal, but one young student on his way to Svingar for his final engineering exam had lost a wallet containing all of his savings of about 90 rupees. His relief at being alive was now tempered by his depression at being suddenly penniless. Then, a Hindu gentlemen called all the passengers together and explained to them the students plight. Don't you think, he asked, that in thanksgiving to God for having saved our lives, we could help this lad. And then he placed a 10 rupee note on the suitcase. In less than 10 minutes, there were 105 rupees along side it. Not one passenger refused a contribution, though many of the donors looked as if they, themselves were sorely in need of financial aid. As the student thanked them, he was radiant, but no more happier than all of us who had been able to show charity to a brother.' Let us Pray. Oh, almighty God and most merciful Father, out of Thy bountiful goodness keep us, we beseech Thee from all things that may hurt us, that we be ready both in body and soul may cheerfully accomplish those things which thou command us, through Jesus Christ, Our Lord, Amen."



Giorgi: "Roll call for attendance. I have a couple of announcements. The Speaker will be along shortly and don't give me any hard questions. Message from the Senate while the roll call is being recorded."

O'Brien: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of House Amendment #1 to a Bill of the following title, Senate Bill 34. Concurred in by the Senate March 5, 1975. Kenneth Wright, Secretary. A message from the Senate by Mr. Wright, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed Bills of the following titles and passage of which constructed, am instructed to ask the House of Representatives, to-wit. Senate Bill #19, 33, 60, 71, 141, 166 and 170. Passed by the Senate March 5, 1975. Kenneth Wright, Secretary."

Giorgi: "Committee Reports."

O'Brien: "Mr. Boyle from the Committee on Appropriations II to which House Bill 269 was referred; reported the same back with amendments thereto, with the recommendation that the amendments be adopted and the Bill as amended do pass. Mr. James C. Taylor from the Committee on Cities and Villages to which House Bill 8 was referred; reported the same back with amendments thereto, with the recommendation that the amendments be adopted and the Bill as amended do pass. Mr. Taylor from the Committee on Cities and Villages to which House Bill 80 was referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do pass. Mr. Fennessey from the Committee on Elections to which House Bill 329 was referred; reported the same back with amendments thereto, with the recommendation that the amendments be adopted and the Bill as amended do not pass. Mr. Maragos from the Committee on Revenue to which House Bill 24 was referred; reported the same back with amendments thereto, with the recommendation the amendments be adopted and the Bill as amended do not pass. Mr. Maragos from the Committee on Revenue to which House Bill 25 and 26 were



referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill... Bills do not pass. Mr. Maragos from the Committee on Revenue to which House Bill 31 was referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do not pass. Mr. Maragos from the Committee on Revenue to which House Bill 32 was referred; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do not pass. Mr. Maragos from the Committee on Revenue to which was referred Senate Joint Resolution 7; reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do concur with the Senate in the adoption of the Resolution."

Giorgi: "Introduction of Bills, First Readings. For what purpose does the gentlemen from Cook arise, Mr. Walsh?"

Walsh: "Ah... Just to announce, Mr. Speaker, that Representative Ebbesen is absent because of illness in his family."

Giorgi: "The Journal will show that. Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, will the Journal please indicate that Representative Leland Rayson is absent because of an illness in his family?"

Giorgi: "Well, hearing no objection to both of those..."

Shea: "And Representative Getty is absent because of illness."

Giorgi: "Hearing no objection, the Journal will so indicate. First Readings."

O'Brien: "House Bill 625, Birchler et al. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Pension Code. First Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "I'm leaving."

O'Brien: "Representative Giorgi in the Chair."

Giorgi: "There being 132 members present answering the roll call, a quorum of the House is present. Take the attendance roll. House Bills, Second Reading. House Bill 275. Is Jaffe in the chamber? House Bill 158. Is Schisler in the chamber? 158. Take it out of the record. House Bill 192. Is Miller in the chamber? Representative Miller. Take it out of the record. House Bill 191. Is Representative Deuster in the chamber? Take it out of the record. House Bill 186. Representative Leinenweber.



Is he in the chamber? House Bill 190. Same Representative. He's not in the chamber. House Bill 307, Representative John Friedland. Is he in the chamber? The House will be in recess for a few minutes. House Bills, Third Reading. House Bill 20. Representative Deuster. House Bill 37. Take that out of the record, House Bill 20 ah... Clerk. Representative Brinkmeier from Stephenson."

O'Brien: "House... Just a moment, I have to read the Bill. House Bill 37. A Bill for an Act making a supplemental appropriation for certain ordinary and contingent expenses of the Superintendent of Education. Third Reading of the Bill."

Brinkmeier: "Mr. Speaker, members of the House, House Bill 37 ah... would appropriate a supplemental appropriation for the O.S.P.I. office, I.O.E, now ah... to provide funds to give some in-service training to health teachers for summer workshops at Southern, at U of I, at Western and I believe at Eastern University. What happened was, in 1971, ah... we in the General Assembly mandated that health be taught in all schools, but after one year of implementation, it was discovered that only six..., 13% of those teachers that were teaching health actually were qualified. They met the minimum standards. So, what this would do then would be to provide funds this summer ah... to train health teachers in summer workshops and I would answer any questions and I would certainly urge your support."

Giorgi: "Is there any further discussion? Representative Sours. Hudson Sours. The gentleman from DuPage, Representative Sours, Hudson."

Hudson: "Damm it. Would the sponsor yield for a question."

Giorgi: "He indicates that he will."

Brinkmeier: "Yes, where is he? Over there."

Hudson: "Could we have just a little bit of information as to what type of training these teachers would have to ah... what type of training the teachers would have to receive. How extensive it would be. What the subjects would be. A little information along those lines. And the ah... and the approximate cost in-



volved here. What are we..."

Brinkmeier: "Oh, yes, Representative. I can't tell you specifically except they would be courses that are determined by the, the health department, the Health Education Departments in these various universities. Now I've worked with Dr. Crestwell from the University of Illinois, Dr. Taylor, recently deceased, and ah... the, the ah... Chairman of the ah... Illinois School of Nurses Association, County Superintendants from Jo Daviess County. We worked on a sub-committee for ah... almost two years determining how this should be handled and we've decided that it should be ah... administered similarly to the ah... thing which we did when we also mandated special ed and discovered we didn't have teachers. Now, I don't, couldn't tell you specifically what type of courses would be offered but I would trust that the Universities would offer those courses in a workshop which would be the most advantageous to those teachers."

Hudson: "One other question. What does the supplemental appropriation, how much are we talking about?"

Brinkmeier: "We're talking about ah... sixty-two thousand and four ah... four hundred dollars, sixty-two thousand and four. Initially the Bill in the, in the ah... Digest would indicate a hundred and sixty thousand. Now that was put in at a time when we felt that we could also, in addition to workshops, we were going to have on-campus and also extension courses. But because of the time element, we don't have time to do that. But, we can and hopefully will be able to provide summer workshops yet, and that's why the reduction from a hundred and sixty down to sixty-two thousand four."

Hudson: "Thank you, Representative."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Ah... members of the General Assembly, House Bill 37 was debated quite extensively in the House Appropriations Committee and you'll note on your record it was reported out do pass by a vote of 11 to 9. The Board of Higher Education testified before the Committee that if they thought it was



possible that they may have money available to do this ah... although they considered it a high priority ah... there were many members of the Committee who did not and I ask ah... that on the ah... or suggest that those members carefully look at the Bill ah... and I would urge a 'no' vote on this piece of Legislation."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? The question is shall House Bill 37 pass? Excuse me, Representative Brinkmeier."

Brinkmeier: "If I may close, please? I agree that the Board of Higher Education should have and they admitted that they should have done this, but the fact of the matter is they didn't. And if we don't pass this Bill now, there isn't any way that these Universities can gear up and be ready to offer these courses this summer. So, I would submit to you that if we don't pass this Bill as quickly as possible and hopefully in the Senate and get it out, there's no way that these teachers will be the beneficiaries of this training and ultimately and most importantly that the youngsters will be the beneficiaries of having some competent health education classes being offered to them next year. Now I would point out to you again that we in the General Assembly mandated this program but we did nothing to provide for the implementation of it. And I would urge an 'aye' vote."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 37 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye'. All opposed by voting 'no'. This is a roll call vote, gentlemen. Have all voted who wished. On this question... Take the record. On this question there are 107 'ayes', 20 'nay's and 6 voting 'present'. This Bill having received the Constitutional majority is declared passed. Ah... Anyone wishing to get on the roll call that might be a little tardy, see now... see the Clerk. For what purpose does the gentleman from Cook, Representative Mugalian, seek recognition."

Mugalian: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, I ask leave to table House Bill 82."

Giorgi: "Does the gentleman have leave? Hearing no objections, the Bill is tabled. House Bill 47, Third Reading."

O'Brien: "House Bill 47."



Giorgi: "The gentleman from ah..."

O'Brien: "House Bill 47..."

Giorgi: "Representative Grotberg, please. Hold it, Jack."

O'Brien: "A Bill for an Act to amend the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Grotberg: "Thank... Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and gentlemen of the House, ah... would you want to skip me for just a few minutes, Mr. Speaker? Um... My material hasn't come over from the office and things are moving so fast this morning that..."

Giorgi: "Will you come back?"

Grotberg: "We'll return when time permits."

Giorgi: "You will."

Grotberg: "Thank you."

Giorgi: "Take it out of the record. Does the gentleman want 50 called? House Bill 84. Representative Shea."

O'Brien: "House Bill 84. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Secretary of State and repealing certain Acts named therein. Third Reading of the Bill."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, House Bill 84 appropriates 25 thousand dollars out of the Vehicle Recycling Fund to the Secretary of States office for the ordinary expenses of the Vehicle Recycling Board. In the last session of the General Assembly there was an appropriation of 25 thousand dollars directly to the Vehicle Recycling Commission. We found out that that was in error and the money must go to the Secretary of State. So, we're repealing the, ah... a former appropriation for 25 thousand dollars and appropriating this 25 thousand directly to the Secretary of State and I'd appreciate the support of the House."

Giorgi: "Is there any discussion of House Bill 84? The gentlemen from Cook, Representative Houlihan. Do you seek recognition? Jim Houlihan."

Jim Houlihan: "Yes, I'd like to ask the sponsor of the Bill a question."

Giorgi: "Proceed."

Jim Houlihan: "Jerry, you'd indicated in Committee that you would be



able to ah... provide us with a budget or some explanation of how those funds would be spent. Ah... particularly since ah... it was pointed out in the Committee that there were only one or two thousand ah... having been obligated already. Ah... you had indicated that you would be able to have that from the Secretary of States' office. I have the memorandum from ah... Mr. Sebastian to you but it doesn't indicate at all what budget and what funds would be necessary. I wonder if you could get us a little more information in accord with what our conversation was in the Committee before we ah.. vote on this Bill. And you might consider possibly taking it out of the record for that purpose."

Shea: "Could I explain to you, Mr. Houlihan, that this Board just got organized within the last month when the Governor completed making his appointments. He's been a year making his five appointments. Ah... they are now organized ah... They expect to rent office space, hire an executive director and get moving. There are some 3 million dollars in the Vehicle Recycling Fund. This is not an appropriation from State General Revenue. They expect to expend all of that this year, this fiscal year. They will be asking for... at least from what staff has told me, an appropriation of 3 hundred thousand dollars next year in an effort to get all the abandoned motor vehicles off the highways of this State."

Jim Houlihan: "Well, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, this ah... 25 thousand dollar appropriation was for the full year. Ah... since that money has not been obligated, I think unless we can see some specific details it would be inadvisable to appropriate the full 25 thousand dollars."

Giorgi: "The gentlemen from Cook, Representative Epton."

Epton: "Will the gentleman yield to a question?"

Shea: "No."

Epton: "Oh..."

Shea: "Go ahead, Bernie."

Epton: "No, that answer was sufficient."

Shea: "Go ahead."

Epton: "Well if you'd said 'yes', I was still going to say 'oh'."





Giorgi: "The gentleman may close."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, it's my understanding that the Commission will expend this amount of money and it is not General Revenue. It's from a specific fund and I'd appreciate the support of the House."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 84 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed will vote 'nay'. It's a roll call vote. Representative Cunningham, to explain your vote of course."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, I'm anxious that none conclude that I have a negative philosophy toward all these wasteful Bills. But, Representative Houlihan hit the nail precisely on the head when he pointed out that you're voting for a full years expenditure though 8 months of the fiscal year has gone by. Now, this isn't a big Bill and you can rationalize your error on that basis and I realize the peril of challenging the Majority Leader; but when this was before the Appropriations Committee, it was pointed out at that time and we thought we had an understanding it was going to be amended to reduce it to reason in the economy. And it slipped by Second Reading without an amendment being offered and perhaps I was derelict in that respect, but if you'd all switch and vote your conscience, we'd have an occasion to have it pulled back and adjust it to reason. That's why I'm voting red."

Giorgi: "Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 110 'ayes', 5 'nays' and 12 voting 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. For what purpose does the gentleman from Champaign arise, Representative Hirschfeld?"

Hirschfeld: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, I'm the principal sponsor of House Bill 383 and I'd ask leave of the House to table that Bill."

Giorgi: "Is there leave? The Bill is tabled. Mautino 'aye', Brandt 'aye', Mautino 'aye', Tuerk 'aye'. House Bill 98. Representative Simms."



O'Brien: "House Bill 98. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act creating the Illinois Legislative Investigation Commission. Third Reading of the Bill."

Simms: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, House Bill 98..."

Giorgi: "Will the Minority Whip from Winnebago wait until the Speaker recognizes him? The Minority Whip from Winnebago, Representative Simms."

Simms: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. It's always a pleasure to have a distinguished colleague from Winnebago in the Chair. Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, House Bill 98 is an Illinois Investigating Commission Bill which has ah... been introduced by the Commission. As amended, the Bill changes the name of the Commission back to the Illinois Crime Investigating Commission. At the same time, it restricts the scope of our investigations to ah... intents of criminal nature and ah... restricts the Commission as to the type of investigations in the future which the Commission will take. Ah... as amended, it ah... does remove the objection to the Commission going into the county and municipal levels. It did pass the Committee by unanimous vote and I would respectfully request a favorable vote on the floor."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Jaffe."

Jaffe: "Would... Would the gentleman yield to a question?"

Simms: "Yes."

Jaffe: "Tim, I'm trying to understand this Bill as you have it now and I look at page 3 and I see the way that it's originally written. It says the Commission has the power to extend assistance to and to demand and receive assistance from all State, county and municipal public officials and employees and you went in and you struck county and municipal employees. Does this mean that the Commission no longer would have the right to come into a county or municipality and demand assistance from those officers? Is that what you're saying?"

Simms: "No, no the Commission still has... Aaron, the Commission still has its original powers. When the Bill was drafted, it was drafted



ah... by mistake to include the Commission extends, the Commission and extends the powers the Commission at the county and municipal level. Ah... that terminology was not supposed to be in there. There was an objection raised to it. It was not the intention of the Commission. We do have the right to go into ah... municipal and ah... county functions at the present time. Ah... we removed that language because it was not the intent of the Commission to include that language in it. But we have the same power that we have at the present time."

Jaffe: "Well, the thing that bothers me about it is that you have a provision and I don't think you really answered my question. According to ah... Section 10 here, the Commission would have the authority to go into and demand and receive assistance from county and municipal officials. It would appear to me that county and municipal officials could now turn a deaf ear to the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission and not ah... co-operate with them because of your amendment."

Giorgi: "Mr. Simms."

Simms: "Ah... Representative, we at the present time receive assistance in aid from all officials of all governments, both county, city and state. We..."

Jaffe: "But, Tim, that isn't mandated and with amendment number 2, it would have been mandated and I think that would have been a step forward."

Simms: "Ah... Aaron, it is mandated in the original Act."

Jaffe: "Well, I don't see where it's mandated where you come to Section 10 which is your Bill and you strike the portion that it says that has county and official, county and municipal employees ah... being able to be demanded upon and being able to give assistance to the Commission."

Simms: "Well, we have it now under the original Act there and we have the subpoena power to go in and demand those records and information at the present time. We already have that power."

Jaffe: "Then, why did you strike ah... county and municipal officials on page 3? I, I just don't understand it. I'm not trying to give



you a hard time. I just don't understand it."

Simms: "No, because we never intended to put that particular language in that particular Section of the Act. It was an error in drafting. Ah... you know, we have that power throughout the Act and it was never our intention at that particular place to include the language. Ah... it was additional verbiage and we were singling out city and county agencies where we do have the Act, have the power on a broader base."

Jaffe: "Well, I don't know. It's just confusing to me, Tim. And I don't,... and I quite truthfully don't understand why that amendment was put in. It seems to gut somewhat the thrust of your Bill which I think is a good one, but I think that with that amendment in there, it sort of guts the Bill and I don't know. I'm just going to have to sit back and hear some further arguments on it because I don't see how I can vote for it in its present form."

Giorgi: "The gentlemen from Cook, Representative Lundy. Will the people around Lundy give him some..."

Lundy: "Yes, thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and gentlemen of the House, will the sponsor of the Bill yield for a couple of questions?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."

Simms: "Yes."

Lundy: "Ah... Representative, is the purpose of this Bill to narrow the areas in which the ah... Investigating Commission may operate and to limit those areas to ah... criminal or illegal activity?"

Simms: "The intent of this legislation is that a... an increasing number of our investigations which have been mandated or assigned to the Commission are dealing in areas where the Commission traditionally has not been involved. Ah... They are things dealing with... One area was in dealing with the potholes of a particular street in the city of Chicago. It does not have any direct relationship to the Assembly. Secondly, the Commission as it was originally intended was to give the legislature an arm in which to investigate those areas of government where there was potentially or had been a criminal violation of the law and to make those recommendations to the Legislature to change it. So what we're



doing is, is restricting back to what the original intention of the original Act was when it was drafted. The power of the Commission was expanded ah... back in 1968 and changed the name to include a 'meriod' of ah... areas for the Commission to go into. We don't have that expertise to be going into some of these investigations, Representative Lundy."

Lundy: "Alright, ah... may I ask the gentlemen further that if the Bill were to pass, would it be possible for the Commission to undertake the kind of investigation which it recently completed on ah... alleged red-lining by financial insititutions in various older neighborhoods in the Chicago Metropolitan area?"

Simms: "Yes, because you're dealing with potential criminal violations of the law. So, red-lining would have been an area ah... that we did have the authority to investigate. So that, the large investigations, Representative Lundy, would not ah... have been hampered by it. Ah... Red-lining which our Commission has not yet issued a final report would have been included because of ah.. the criminal nature or the potentiality in that area."

Lundy: "Well, I appreciate the gentlemens answer ah... although I'm not sure I can agree with him because as the drafter of at least the orginal Resolution that mandated the red-lining investigation, the Resolution certainly never alleged there were any criminal violations. It alleged that there were practices that ah... perhaps might be contrary to public policy or might not be in the best interest of the neighborhood concerned. But it never alleged that what the financial institutions were doing was or might be illegal. So, my concern, frankly, with the Bill is that it would preclude the ah... Investigating Commission from undertaking some activities which have, I think, have been enormously useful and which without question the Legislature did not have the resources to do on its own. Ah... didn't have the subpoena power, didn't have the trained investigators, those... They were investigations that really only a professional investigating organization could undertake and I would hate to see ah... those kinds of investigations precluded and in my view of the way this Bill amends the Statute,

ah... they would be precluded if the Bill is passed. I have one other question ah... for the sponsor and that is, ah... that on page 3 of the Bill ah... lines 21 and 22 it appears to me that ah... language is stricken from the present law which provides that ah... members of the Investigating Commission who are appointed as Legislators shall only serve until the expiration of their Legislative term. Now, therefore, the effect of striking this language would be that a member who is appointed as a Legislator could continue to serve even though he was no longer a Legislator. Now, I just wondered what the purpose of this change is."

Simms: "It says 'to the end of his Legislative term'. Previously, the Act, when the Act was passed by the Assembly we had public members on it and they were people who were appointed for a certain specific length of time, Representative Lundy. And this just limits it to the end, to the length of time of which the member serves in the Assembly."

Lundy: "So that when, if a member..."

Simms: "Ceases to be a member of the Legislature, he ceases his existence on the Commission."

Lundy: "Alright, that was my understanding of what the former law was. I just don't understand the need for the change in the Statute, that's all."

Simms: "Because we took out the public members aspect of it. Before, we had public members."

Lundy: "Oh, I see. I see."

Simms: "Do you follow me?"

Lundy: "Yes, I do."

Simms: "I took out the public members aspect."

Lundy: "Fine. I thank the gentleman for his time and for his very responsive answers."

Georgi: "Any further discussion? The gentleman wish to close?"

Simms: "Briefly, Mr. Speaker, I would ask for an ah... affirmative vote ah... We've had some good discussion dealing with the Bill. Ah... This does return the Commission ah... to the original intent of when the Legislature did enact this Legislation and I think we ah..."



yesterday with some of the..., with the two amendments have taken care of some of the objections. I'd ask for a favorable vote, Mr. Speaker."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 98 pass as amended. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye'. All opposed vote 'no'. To explain your vote, Representative Pierce. Representative Pierce to explain his vote."

Pierce: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I'm not going to vote for this Bill and I'll tell you why. To change the name here to the Illinois Crime Investigating Committee, Commission with that power the Commission could go out and subpoena someone and dirty them up whether it be a political opponent or who they are by calling them before a Crime Investigating Commission. Now, it's one thing to be called before a Legislative Investigating Commission, but just to be called and subpoenaed before a Crime Investigating Commission, Nothing secret, your name is in the paper and, and just to answer some questions can ruin someone's reputation, hurt their business, hurt their political life and public life and I don't think the Legislature is in the business of ah... of prosecuting criminal actions. We got ah... States Attorneys. We got U.S. Attorneys. Ah... we have other people in the criminal investigation field. It's alright... I think that this has been a good Commission. It's done a good job over the years. Ah... It's been a fair Commission. It's got a good reputation. But to be called before..., for a businessman or for a public figure to be called before a Crime Investigating Commission, I think could dirty his name. It's not secret. It's out in the open. I think they ought to keep their old name. Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission and other than that the bill appears to be alright, but I'm going to vote against it because I don't think we should have a Crime Investigating Commission to dirty up the good reputation of people by merely calling them as witnesses. We've got good members on it now, but we may not always have the good members on it that we have now. And I will vote 'no'."

Giorgi: "The Representative from Cook, Representative Beatty to explain his vote."



Beatty: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, I don't think this is a time for limiting investigative power. The sponsor of this Bill indicates that he wishes to take away the power to investigate certain holes in the street. Well... The... We had an investigation in Chicago that dealt with holes in the street and also dealt with the safety of a certain bridge in Chicago. And as a result of the Legislative Investigating Committee's investigation, it was determined that, yes, we had potholes in the street, but we also had violations of the law. Certain safety standards were not being complied with and it was determined that the bridge itself was unsafe. And, in fact, the Department of Transportation, as a result of this investigation, is now working on plans for replacing that bridge. So, I don't think we should limit investigations. I'm happy with the situation. We should reserve all the powers we can for our own Legislative Investigating Commission and I am voting 'no' on this Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from McHenry, Representative Skinner, to explain his vote."

Skinner: "Mr. Speaker, I'm not sure I can explain my vote. Ah... I think Representative Pierce's ah... statements, objections are, you know, deserve ah... merit. Well, they deserve legitimate consideration. Ah... certainly, there might be a presumption of guilt if someone were being investigated by a Crime Investigating Commission. On the other hand, one thing that ah... he mentioned is not quite correct. And that is that the Legislative Investigating Commission at the present time does have subpoena power and so it's not expanding the power of the Commission as far as I can see except perhaps in a public relations viewpoint. A fairly legitimate reason probably exists for changing the name, which I'd like to tell you. Representative Simms has informed me that when inquiries go to other States for background information of a police nature, they're not getting replies because they're not considered any type of a police type agency and it would seem to me, for instance, in the Lake County nursing home investigation there may be interstate and there has to be interstate implications or the Federal District Attorney probably, well, definitely would





not be involved in the investigation. And considering what the 'New York Times' ah... has brought forth, it seems to me that we ought to be able to get answers to questions like that. Maybe we should discuss the Bill further. But it seems to me, that seems a legitimate reason for changing the ah... changing the name."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Simms, to explain his vote."

Simms: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I think this Bill has had some criticisms of it that aren't necessarily true. Ah... I respect the gentleman from Lakes' concern about the using the name of crime; but at the present time, there are people under the assumption that the Illinois Legislative Investigation Commission that we're only investigating legislators and we never have done that. So, you, know, names are misnomers. The object of it is as Representative Skinner said in the name change. So, when we write to other States regarding their information regarding the aspects of the criminal Statutes in their experience on some type of criminal laws ah... dealing with our investigation, they are hesitant to co-operate with any investigation that does not... a police agency or is not identified with a Legislative Crime Investigating Commission. So, this is the reason for the name change. Secondly, our Commission is certainly not going to prevent anyone having our Commission investigate. But if we enter into an investigation and find that there are no criminal aspects to it or no potential violations of the law, that the investigation and material can be turned over to some other state agency. But if it is something that has a criminal nature, we can bite our legislative teeth into it and ah... put our full resources behind us. We've turned out excellent reports on the Commission. We've recommended various packages that... to the General Assembly and I can guarantee you, as a member of the Commission, since I have been a member and I'm sure with all the members of the Commission at the present time that nothing is going to be abused. And we have the safeguards and I'd respectfully request that we have a few more votes for 89."

Giorgi: "Have all voted who wished? Take the record. The gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Simms."



Simms: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, I hate to take up the time of the House, but I'd ask for a poll of the absentees. We're just two short."

Giorgi: "Clerk, will you poll the absentees? Can you do that? Ah... The gentleman from Cook, Representative Jaffe."

Jaffe: "Ah... If there is a poll of the absentees... If there is a poll of the absentees, and it just squeaks across, Mr. Speaker, then at the appropriate time, I would like a verification of the roll call."

Giorgi: "He asked for a verification of the roll call in the event there is a poll of the absentees, Representative Simms. Ah... the gentleman from Cook, Representative Fleck."

Fleck: "How am I recorded?"

Giorgi: "How is the gentleman recorded? Representative Fleck."

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'present'."

Fleck: "I'll join the ranks of those who apparently have 'sixth racing syndrone' and I'll vote for this Bill although I really don't want to."

Giorgi: "Record him as 'aye'. Proceed with the absentees, Clerk."

O'Brien: "Arnell, Berman, Brummet, Caldwell, Carroll, Catania, Collins, D'Arco, Ewell, Gaines, Getty, Giglio, Hart, Emil Jones, J.D. Jones, Katz, LaFleur, Laurino, Lenke, Leon, Leverenz, Londrigan."

Giorgi: "Londrigan, Londrigan 'aye'. No, I'm sorry. Londrigan 'no'. Representative Londrigan 'no'."

O'Brien: "Palmer."

Giorgi: "Palmer 'aye', Stubblefield 'aye', also. Representative Leon 'aye'."

O'Brien: "Wait a minute. George, get these. Rayson, Rose, Satterthwaite."

Giorgi: "Satterthwaite 'present'."

O'Brien: "Schlickman, Stearney, Stone, Terzich, Totten, Waddell, Washburn, White, Williams."

Giorgi: "Representative Williams."

Williams: "Mr. Speaker, how am I recorded on this Bill?"

Giorgi: "How is the gentleman recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as not voting."

Williams: "Vote me 'aye', please."

Giorgi: "Vote the gentleman 'aye'. Record Representative Leverenz as voting 'present'."



O'Brien: "Younge and Mr. Speaker."

Giorgi: "Proceed with the verification of the affirmative roll call.

There are now 93 'ayes'. Clerk, just a moment. Lemke 'aye'. 94.  
Brummet 'aye'. 95."

O'Brien: "Anderson, E.M. Barnes, J.M. Barnes, Birchler, Bluthardt,  
Borchers, Brandt, Brinkmeier, Brummet."

Giorgi: "Mr. Clerk, I've been requested that the members signify by  
raising their hand or standing so that the new members might know  
who they are and learn their seats."

O'Brien: "Byers, Calvo, Campbell, Capparelli, Coffey, Craig, Cunningham,  
Daniels, Davis, Deavers, Deuster, DiPrima, Duff, Ralph Dunn,  
Dyer, Ewing, Farley, Fary, Fennessey, Fleck, Flinn, Friedland,  
Garmisa, Geo-Karis, Giorgi, Grotberg, Hirschfeld, Ron Hoffman,  
Hudson, Huff, Jacobs, Kelly, Kempiners, Klosak, Kosinski,  
Kozubowski, Lauer, Leinenweber, Lemke, Leon, Macdonald, Mahar,  
Maragos, Marovitz."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Sam Marovitz."

Marovitz: "I hate to correct you, but that's Sam Maragos. My name is  
Bill Marovitz or William. You can call me either one. How am  
I recorded?"

Giorgi: "How is he recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Marovitz: "I'd like to change my vote to 'present'."

Giorgi: "Change the gentleman to 'present'."

O'Brien: "Matijevich, McAvoy, McCourt, McGrew, McLendon, McMaster,  
McPartlin, Merlo, Miller, Molloy, Mulcahey, Nardulli, Neff,  
O'Daniel, Palmer, Patrick, Peters, Porter, Pouncey, Randolph,  
Reed, Rigney, Ryan, Schisler, Schoeberlein, Schraeder, Schuneman,  
Sevcik, Shea, Simms, Skinner, E.G. Steele, C.M. Stiehl, Stubblefield,  
Taylor, Tuerk, Wall, Walsh, Williams, Winchester, Yourell."

Giorgi: "Before I put the questions of the affirmative roll call, Re-  
presentative Leon."

Leon: "Mr. Speaker, how am I recorded, please?"

Giorgi: "How is Representative Leon recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Leon: "Would you please vote me 'present'."



Giorgi: "Change his vote from 'aye' to 'present'. Representative...

The gentleman from Cook, Representative Brandt."

Brandt: "Mr. Speaker, how am I recorded?"

Giorgi: "How is ah... Representative Brandt recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Brandt: "Vote me 'present', please."

Giorgi: "Change his vote from 'aye' to 'present'. Ah... Representative Yourell from 'aye' to 'present'. Representative Yourell from 'aye' to 'present'. Representative Jaffe, are there questions of the affirmative roll call?"

Jaffe: "Anderson."

Giorgi: "Representative Anderson. Is the... Representative Anderson is in the back of the room. He's present."

Jaffe: "E.M. Barnes."

Giorgi: "Is Mr. Barnes present. E.M. Barnes. How is he recorded, Representative Barnes."

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Representative E.M. Barnes. Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "J.M. Barnes."

Giorgi: "Representative J.M. Barnes. She's here."

Jaffe: "Bluthardt."

Giorgi: "Representative Bluthardt is in his chair."

Jaffe: "Brinkmeier."

Giorgi: "Ah... Just a moment, Mr. Jaffe. Ah... Change Representative Fary from 'aye' to 'present'."

Jaffe: "Ah... Brinkmeier. Did I say Brinkmeier, Mr. Speaker?"

Giorgi: "Is Representative Brinkmeier... He's visiting on the Republican side."

Jaffe: "Capparelli."

Giorgi: "Representative Capparelli, is Mr. Capparelli in the room? Representative Capparelli. How is he recorded, ah... Mr. Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Daniels."

Giorgi: "Representative Jaffe, would you speak in your mike, please?"

Jaffe: "Daniels."



Giorgi: "Representative Daniels. He's sitting in his seat."

Jaffe: "Alright, DiPrima."

Giorgi: "Representative DiPrima. Representative DiPrima. How is he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Dyer."

Giorgi: "Representative Dyer. Representative Dyer. She's ah... along the window."

Jaffe: "Farley."

Giorgi: "Representative Farley. Representative Farley. How is he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Fennessey."

Giorgi: "Representative Fennessey is in his seat."

Jaffe: "Flinn."

Giorgi: "Representative who?"

Jaffe: "Flinn."

Giorgi: "Flinn. Representative Flinn. Representative Flinn. How is he recorded, Mr. Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Jacobs."

Giorgi: "Representative Jacobs. Representative Jacobs. How is he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Kempiners."

Giorgi: "Representative Kempiners. Here he is in the aisle."

Jaffe: "Klosak."

Giorgi: "Representative Klosak is in the aisle."

Jaffe: "Kozubowski."

Giorgi: "Representative Kozubowski. Representative Kozubowski. How is he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."



Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Matijevich."

Giorgi: "Representative Matijevich. He's in the middle aisle."

Jaffe: "Ah... McAvoy."

Giorgi: "Representative McAvoy is in his seat."

Jaffe: "Ah... McGrew."

Giorgi: "Representative McGrew. He's standing right behind you."

Jaffe: "Merlo."

Giorgi: "Representative Merlo. Representative Merlo. How is he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... McMasters."

Giorgi: "Representative McMasters. Representative McMasters is in his seat."

Jaffe: "Ah... Miller."

Giorgi: "Representative Miller. Representative Miller. He's in his seat."

Jaffe: "Nardulli."

Giorgi: "Representative Nardulli. Representative Nardulli. How is he recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... O'Daniel."

Giorgi: "You checked O'Daniels once, I believe. He's in his seat. Is that O'Daniel."

Jaffe: "No, I checked Daniels before."

Giorgi: "Representative O'Daniels. Representative O'Daniels. How is he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Patrick."

Giorgi: "Representative who?"

Jaffe: "Representative Patrick, Patrick."

Giorgi: "Patrick. Representative Patrick. Is he in his seat? He's in his seat."



Jaffe: "Representative Peters."

Giorgi: "Representative Peters. Representative Peters. How's he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Porter."

Giorgi: "Representative Porter. Representative Porter. How's he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "Take him off the record."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Randolph."

Giorgi: "Representative Randolph. Representative Randolph. How's he recorded, Clerk?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Giorgi: "He's in the aisle."

Jaffe: "Representative E.G. Steele."

Giorgi: "Representative E.G. Steele."

Jaffe: "Yes."

Giorgi: "Representative E.G. Steele. How's he recorded. He's in his seat."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Taylor."

Giorgi: "Representative Taylor. He's in the back of the room."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Tuerk."

Giorgi: "Representative Tuerk. Representative Tuerk is in the back of the room."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Walsh."

Giorgi: "Representative Walsh. He's in his seat."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Winchester."

Giorgi: "Representative Winchester is in his seat."

Jaffe: "Representative Giorgi."

Giorgi: "He's somewhere. Does the gentleman from Cook, Representative Collins, wish recognition. For what purpose?"

Collins: "How am I recorded, Mr. Speaker?"

Giorgi: "Clerk, how is Representative Collins recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is, is ah... recorded as not voting."

Collins: "Vote me 'aye', please."



Giorgi: "Vote him 'aye'. Are there ah... The gentleman... Representative Lucco, do you wish recognition?"

Lucco: "Mr. Speaker, how am I recorded?"

Giorgi: "How is the gentleman recorded, Mr. Lucco?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'present'."

Lucco: "I'd like to vote 'no'."

Giorgi: "Vote the gentleman 'no'. Representative Byers from Madison, for what purpose do you seek recognition? Byers."

Byers: "Mr. Speaker, how am I recorded?"

Giorgi: "How is the gentleman recorded?"

O'Brien: "The gentleman is recorded as voting 'aye'."

Byers: "Change it to 'present'."

Giorgi: "Change Representative Byers from 'aye' to 'present'. Are there any further questions of the affirmative roll call? For what purpose does the gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Simms, require recognition?"

Simms: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, I want to ask to take this out of the record, on postponed consideration. We'll have a conference with Senator Rock about it."

Giorgi: "Does the gentleman have leave to put it on postponed consideration? Leave is granted. Postponed consideration. House Bill 116, Representative Satterthwaite. House Bill 116, Clerk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 116. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Election Code. First... Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentle lady from... Ms. Satterthwaite."

Satterthwaite: "Thank you, Representative Giorgi. House Bill 116 is a very simple Bill which would change the current Election Code to bring it into conformity with a U.S. Constitutional Amendment that was passed in 1972. You may recall that at that time, that Amendment changed the lower age limit for voting requirements from 21 to 18, but our Election Code in Illinois has never been changed to conform to that change in our Federal Constitution. We have, however, been using that since 1972. When I spoke to the Legislative Reference Bureau to ask them why such a change had not been drafted, they indicated that they had made changes only in Sections of the Code that had been changed for other purposes;





and we have ended with a Code that is inconsistent with itself. And so, at this time, I would urge you to vote in favor of this Bill to bring our Election Code up to date."

Giorgi: "Is there any discussion on House Bill 116? The question is shall House Bill 116 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye'. All opposed will vote 'no'. This is her first Bill. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 130 'ayes', 1 'nay', 3 voting 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Ah... Mrs. Geokaris 'aye', Ms. Dyer 'aye', Mr. Daniels 'aye', Londrigan 'aye'. Would you... Fellows, would you please go down to the Clerk's... If you want to get on the roll call, we'll expedite things. Ah... Friedrich 'aye', Lucco 'aye', Capuzi 'aye', Cunningham 'aye'. Bill Marovitz 'aye'. For what purpose does the gentleman from Cook, Roman Kosinski, arise?"

Kosinski: "Am I on? Point of order. When Mr. Skinner addresses the chair, I would recommend he say 'Mr. Speaker', not 'Hey, Giorgi'."

Giorgi: "Well, you can't wipe out old habits. Merlo 'aye', Pouncey 'aye'.

(con't on next page)



Giorgi: "House Bill 117, Third Reading."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 117, A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Election Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The lady from Champaign, Miss Satterthwaite."

Satterthwaite: "Thank you again. House Bill 117 again is a Bill which would change the Election Code to update it to the practices we've been using since 1972. This would reduce the voting residency requirement from six months, to thirty days and it would also repeal the special provisions that we have within the current Code for Presidential voting for those who have resided in the state less than six months, but in the precinct thirty days. This in effect, would bring us into conformity so that we have thirty day residency in the state and thirty day residency within the precinct and therefore the Presidential acceptance would not be necessary any longer. Again if you will recall in 1972 there was a challenge to the six month residency requirement and the courts declared the six months residency was too long a requirement and therefore since that time we have been using the thirty day residency requirement. During this past year, in Champaign County and Vermilion County and perhaps in some other counties throughout the state, there was a great deal of confusion when our County Clerk there went back to the six months residency requirement. The Election Board finally indicated to those County Clerks that they were out of order using that requirement and they went back to the thirty day requirement. However, in that confusion of what was really required now for residency there were some voters who were disenfranchised, did not learn of the Election Board change in ruling and did not get registered as they had hoped to do and so again I would like to have our Election Code come into conformity with our practice and



have a consistent thirty day residency, both state and precinct wide."

Giorgi: "Is there any discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Representative Lundy."

Lundy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and gentlemen of the House, would the lady yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "She indicates that she will."

Lundy: "Isn't it the case that even if we pass this ah... Bill as we have past the preceeding Bill, that our Illinois State Consitution will still specify 21 years old as the voting age and six months residence as the residence requirement?"

Satterthwaite: "Yes, I presume that true."

Lundy: "And would you agree with me that it would be ah... wise for the General Assembly to initiate ah... a amendment to our State Consitution to bring it into line as well as our Election Code with the ah... prevailing constitutional requirement as interpreted by the Federal Courts?"

Satterthwaite: "Yes, I would agree."

Lundy: "Thank you. I would just say, Mr. Speaker, that I do intend to offer such a constitutional amendment later this year and ah... I hope that other Members will agree with the Sponsor here ah... that we ought to clean up our State Constitutional as well as our Election Code."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Kane, Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "She indicates that she will."

Grotberg: "Does this mean that in a university town where 15,000 kids come to town in August and ah... along about Labor Day could register to vote ah... in November... every election ah... both the Body Election and the Presidential?"

Satterthwaite: "Yes, it would, but that's currently the system under which we are operating anyway."



Grotberg: "For both the Presidential and the Off Year Election? Are you sure of that?"

Satterthwaite: "Yes."

Grotberg: "I wonder ah... ladies and gentlemen of the General Assembly ah... whether or not we shouldn't ah... dig into that a little deeper and if ah... others would care to speak on it ah... if there are more, and I'm sure there are ah... I'd appreciate hearing about it. Thank you."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Marion, Representative Fredrich."

Fredrich: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I personally resent the constant chipping away by the Federal Government, the Courts and the Congress of states rights. Illinois has in its Constitution the six months provision and I think that's good enough for me. The people voted for it."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Champaign, Mr. Hirschfeld."

Hirschfeld: "Well, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, if I can go back two years ago in this General Assembly when I served on the Constitution Implementation Committee; ah... we tried to implement the New Constitution by defining some ah... term for residency and of course any of us who tried to do that were accused of attempting to subvert the rights of students to vote and it was particularly a good argument to use against myself and Representative Clabaugh, who then served here, because ah... certain Members of this General Assembly felt that the students of the University of Illinois would lean heavily to the other side of the aisle and that this might have the effect of swinging that district from one column into the other. However, there was no attempt at all to subvert ah... the definition of residency. We just merely tried to set one up and we tried many approaches; one of which was to say that you had to vote where you were claimed as an income tax exemption because alot of us in the General Assembly, and that Bill



only failed by two votes, alot of us felt that if you're on your own ah... economically ah... you should be allowed to vote wherever you live, but if you're being supported by your parents, you should be voting back where your parents live and where you interests are. Now those Bills failed, and unfortunately they got caught up in alot of partisan politics. Now ah... I have no objection to students voting wherever they want to vote. Just as I have no objection to where elderly people voting where they oughta vote, but it seems to me that we need some kind of reasonable rational, which we have under our current Constituion which is six months and I have great respect for the Sponsor of this Bill and I'm sorry that the first Bill that I'm speaking against in this Session is one brought up by, in effect, my running mate, so to speak, from that district, but I think that it is a very very bad Bill. I see all kinds of problems of fraud, particularly involving people who have a permanent home in Chicago for example and a less than permanent home at some university, be it Western, Eastern, Southern, or any other school in this state, including the University of Illinois. I think that six months is a reasonable requirement. I don't think that we should let people flit all over this state. Let's presume that they go to one school and then drop out and go to another school and register again. We have no way whatsoever, under the current statutes to prove vote fraud and even if we try and do it, nobody will follow up on it. We had numerous instances this last election where people were willing to mention the fact that they had voted both at the university and at home in Chicago. I think we should keep a six month requirement and I would respectfully urge a 'no' vote on this Bill."

Giorgi: "The lady from Lake, Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker, may I direct an inquiry to ah.. the Sponsor?"



Giorgi: "Yes, go ahead."

Geo-Karis: "Ah... I notice that I'm a CoSponsor of your Bill. Ah... I didn't..... I wasn't able to hear earlier because of the noise in this room ah... what your answer was when Representative Grotberg asked you about whether or not this will make it possible for students, for example, who reside one month in an area to vote."

Satterthwaite: "My answer was yes, and my answer also included the fact that this is currently the system under which we have been operating since 1972. There were court decisions then that indicated that the six months residency was too long, that those areas where six months were required would have to make a change in policy and there were also court decisions that indicated that students did have the right to vote in their college community if they could designate that as their permanent address. I understand the problem of the lack of definition of current..... ah... of current residency. I'm sure that many of our County Clerks would like us to fulfill our responsibility as a legislature to provide them with a good definition of permanent residency, but lacking that, I would simply like to have our current Election Code come to this conformity with the practice that we have been using since 1972."

Geo-Karis: "May I suggest, ah... I..... I fully concur with your reasoning, but I do feel that there are some ramifications that I would like to clean up and I can't at this time because the Bill is on Third Reading. May I suggest that you take it out of the record until I can meet with you. It's up to you, but unless it is, I'm afraid I'll have to vote 'present'."

Satterthwaite: "I would prefer to leave it in until we take a vote."

Giorgi: "Is there any further discussion on House Bill 117? Representative Bluthardt."



Bluthardt: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I want to speak against this Bill. I want to point out that while the courts may have indicated that six months is too long of a period for ah... the requirement for registration, they did not say that thirty day was a proper period. Now we have ah.... the only reason that our registrars have been registering voters.... thirty days, is because we haven't faced that problem in the past after the court decision. We have a large leeway between thirty days and six months that we could choose as being a reasonable period of residency before one can register. I think that thirty days is ridiculous. I think that it's special legislation for special areas to allow students to vote in those local elections. I think it's wrong. I think we ought to defeat this Bill. I think we ought to face the problem of what is reasonable and I think maybe we could come up with sixty or ninty days, because certainly thirty days, in my opinion, is not a reasonable ah... regulation and this Bill ought to be defeated."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Rock Island, Representative Polk."

Polk: "Just one question of the Sponsor. What was the ah.. the ah... Roll Call vote in Committee? Our books do not indicate what the vote was in the Committee."

Satterthwaite: "I do not have that figure. Perhaps the Clerk has it."

Giorgi: "Is there a Member of the Election Committee here that could have the figure maybe? Mr. Fennessey? The gentleman from LaSalle."

Fennessey: "I do not recall the exact vote on that one particular Bill, but it was not unanimous."

Giorgi: "The answer was that it was not unanimous. We'll have it in a minute, but I'm going to another speaker, Mr. Polk. The gentleman from Cook, Representative Fleck."



Fleck: Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I must also oppose this Bill. I think we could ah... very properly nick name it the Vagabond Voters Bill. I can visulize in Chicago where some of those fellows on Madison Street who are the down-and-outers and the derelicts would be popping up at more polling places than there are registered voters on Election Day. You can take 10,000 of them and residency requirement. No one knows where they live anyway. I think that it is an open door to fraudulent voting and any person who has common sense and reasonable standards to what residency is must realize that thirty days isn't permanent residency. I don't know how much of a vagabond one could be than to be just be popping up here and there every thirty days and say 'I'm a permanent resident.' It;s silly in the very essence of what it does. It's silly in what it proposes to do and I think that maybe the lady should take it out of the record and come up with a reasonable time period. Thank you."

Giorgi: "I've just veen informed that the vote in the Elections Committee was 12 to 6 in favor of the Bill. Any further discussion on House Bill 117? The Lady from Champaign to close."

Satterthwaite: "Mr. Speaker, may I speak to a couple of points that have been brought up here that I have not had a chance to answer? One is to point out that the court decision was in the Illinois Supreme Court that a six months residency requirement was too long. They did not specify what specific residency would be acceptable, but there have been rulings that have indicated that thirty days is very acceptable and in fact, this is the ruling that our State Election Board has used for what they will enforce throughtout the state. The idea of voter fraud being perpetrated by this is certainly in error because we have a system where by when someone registers within a county in our state they are required under oath to





indicate whether they are registered elsewhere in the state. The County Clerk then notifies the other County Clerk to have that person removed from the Rolls if he has been previously registered in the State of Illinois. So I think that the voter fraud is very minimal under that ruling if the County Clerks are really doing their job. Several County Clerks have indicated that this definition would be very helpful to them in executing their job and it certainly simplifies their tasks because it eliminates the dual kind of registration that they have had to conduct over the last three years; by registering some people that can vote only in a Presidential Election and other people for whom ah... they have complete voting rights and it is because of those inconsistencies and that simplification that I urge your vote for House Bill 117."

Giorgi: "Then the question is shall House Bill 117 pass. All those in favor will signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed 'nay' and the gentleman from Champaign, Representative Hirschfeld is recognized."

Hirschfeld: "Well, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, in explaining my 'no' vote, ah... it seems to be that a more reasonable approach would be... and I have no objection to this, is for the Sponsor to hold here Bill, let us take it back to Second Reading and we'll put a definition of residency on the Bill so we know what we're talking about if we're talking about thirty days. It's not the thirty days in some ways that's objectionable to the Bill as much as it is that there is not definition of residency. I don't think that we can rely on court decisions to define residency because it will vary from court to court. You take my own district, for example, the reason our County Clerk has gone along with the thirty days is a very simple one. There is 33,000 students at the University of Illinois and when you just take a small



number of those and start harrassing the County Clerk day after day and hour after hour, picketing the County Clerk's Office, pickiting the County Court House, the poor man has not legal advice and he had no money to secure legal advice, unfortunately the State's Attorney was in the opposite party in this case and would not render legal service and the man had no recourse except to succumb to the pressure. Now I would like to see the Sponsor of this Bill take it back to Second Reading, work out a compromise on a definition of residency and if she is willing to do that, I'll support the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Fleck."

Fleck: "Ah.... in explaining my vote, Mr. Speaker, I'd like to ah... point out to the voting fraud in what the Sponsor of this Bill relating people registering to vote with their local county. Ah... I don't know what she does or what they do downstate, but I know for one thing where I come from in the precinct right across from where I live..... the last election, a year ago, three dead people where voting. Now there permanent residency, I assume is in heaven, not the City of Chicago, but they're still voting. I don't know for what party they voted, I could care less, but when there voting that far away I think that this Bill will have more than three voting out of that nursing home. Also I'd like to point out that it's one thing to vote for the President of the United States, when someone is a citizen of the entire United States and then suddenly decide to vote for a local election where they might not really be a citizen in that community for no more than a few months. Maybe just one quarter because they had to flunk out of school. So I think that there is a clear distinction when you evaluate the Presidential and National Elections from your Local Elections."

Giorgi: "Does the lady from Champaign wish recognition or



.....what?"

Satterthwaite: "Yes, I move that we postpone this Bill and take it back for Second Reading for ah... consideration of amendment."

Giorgi: "Ah... I recommend that you put it on postpone consideration and then take it back later."

Satterthwaite: "Thank you."

Giorgi: "To get your amendment worked out. So... Does she have leave? The Bill is on postponed consideration. The gentleman from Cook, Representative Huff. For what purpose does the gentleman from Cook arise?"

Huff: "I just wanted respond to Representative Fleck and take him to task, letting him know that we don't consider Madison Street habitat solely by vagabonds. We do register those people that I'm sure he's referring to from the skid row district. You can bet your life that they are certainly living there. That's all I wanted to say."

Giorgi: "I'd like leave of the House to go to the Adjournment Resolution so we can send it back to the Senate. Do I hear leave?"

O'Brien: "House Joint Resolution 17, Shea. Resolved by the House of Representatives, the 79th General Assembly, the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein. That when the House of Representatives adjourns on Friday, March 7, 1975, it stands adjourned until Tuesday, March 11, 1975, at 12:00 noon and when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, March 6, 1975, it stands adjourned until Tuesday, March 11, 1975, at 12:00 noon."

Giorgi: "Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentleman of the House, that was the Adjournment Resolution. Tomorrows'... Tomorrows' session will be a perfunctory session so that when we adjourn today, we'll all be able to go home. Tomorrows' session will be a perfunctory in order to get the Committee Reports in and when we adjourn today, the members will not have to be back until 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday of next week. I would move for the adoption of the Adjournment Resolution."

Giorgi: "All in favor will signify by voting 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Resolution is adopted. Third Reading, back to



Third Reading, House Bills. House Bill 218."

O'Brien: "House Bill 218. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The Majority Leader from Cook County, Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, House Bill 218 provides that members of the Illinois National Guard, after spending at least one year in active duty as a Guard member, will be entitled to either tuition waivers or their tuition paid at both private and public schools on the basis of up to four years while they're members of the Guard. Ah... In Committee, it was explained that this would be a recruitment tool for our Guard which is about 14% under strength at the present time and it would do much to upgrade the caliber of the men presently in the guard. Ah... There were amendments offered, er... talked about in Committee by Representative Dyer. These were put on on Second Reading. I would answer any questions that might be put and appreciate the support of the House on this Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, opposing a Bill like this is ah... somewhat akin to opposing motherhood. Everyone likes scholarships. Everyone likes the National Guard. But think for a moment, we just listened yesterday to a proposal for about a 30% increase in State expenditures. Now, this is going to be a minimum, certainly, increase in State expenditures; but it's going to be an increase. But it's going to be an increase based on nothing. The members of the Guard who obtained scholarships in this fashion are not necessarily going to be people who need scholarships in order that they can attend college. They're going to be people who are getting scholarships apart from any need requirement and I suggest to you that if we're going to have a scholarship program in this State, then that scholarship program should be based on something. And the best thing it can be based on is a child who wants to go school and if he can't afford it, to have the State pay the expense. This does not meet that test. And I suggest to you, it should. Now another thing it does, is that it discriminates against people who are in the Guard and serve a year,



who don't want to go to college. If we're going to give scholarships to people who serve in the Guard, then we ought to give the people who serve in the Guard and don't to go to college something. So, it's bad from that standpoint, too. Now, I suggest to you that we better start making hard decisions. This might be a good place to make that beginning and alienate some veterans groups and others. This is a bad Bill and we ought to vote 'no' and you, too, Glenn Schneider."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Totten, on House Bill 218."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I'd like to inquire of the Chair or the sponsor, has there been a fiscal note filed on this Bill?"

Giorgi: "The sponsor indicates that there has been a fiscal note filed."

Totten: "What is... I wonder if the sponsor would yield for a question, then. What is the amount of the fiscal note?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."

Shea: "Mr. Totten, the fiscal note says approximately a half a million dollars per year. I think it's going to be substantially less than that. The people from the Illinois Scholarship Commission were present at the hearing. They indicated that there or would be, of the Guard, about 12 thousand members eligible. Of that number, they thought perhaps less than 10% would take advantage of the program because of the makeup of the Guard unit. Of that 10%, a number of them would go less than full-time. Based on what they anticipated the number of full-time students and the number of part-time students or Guard members that would take advantage of this, they anticipated that the cost would be something over a quarter of a million dollars, but less than a half million dollars. In the fiscal note I filed, I indicated a half a million dollars so that I would not mislead anybody."

Totten: "Thank you, I'd like to speak to the Bill, Mr. Speaker."

Giorgi: "Proceed."

Totten: "Although I am listed as a co-sponsor on the Bill after hearing the Governor's message and realizing the impact that State expenditures may have on the economy, I think, as Representative Walsh has indicated previously, that we in the General Assembly had better take



a good look at new programs and what their cost is going to be to the State. I think, at this time, it is imperative that this Assembly exercise fiscal restraint on any new program before we, or prior to considering the entire Budget as it's presented to us in the next few months. And for these reasons, I would rise in opposition to this expenditure at this time."

Giorgi: "The Representative from Cook, Representative Mahar."

Mahar: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and gentlemen of the House, I rise in support of this excellent Bill. The last speaker spoke about the Governor's Budget message yesterday. If you'll refer to the Military and Naval Section, you'll find that for some unknown reason they've cut the Military Operations Expenditures which it seems very, very difficult to comprehend. And one of the things that they're doing is, they're expanding the number of people in the Military and Naval Department but cutting the operations. Now the thing we're trying to do today, is to get better qualified people into a very important service. These people are citizen soldiers who provide a great deal of service at very little cost. Last year, across this country, 39 thousand National Guardsmen responded. In the State of Illinois, over 21 hundred National Guardsmen responded. It's awful nice to have those people available when you need them in a case of an emergency. And they respond and they respond very quickly. It's awful nice to have well-qualified people. It's awful nice to have good incentive. Incentives that will keep them in there and keep the caliber up. This is one of the incentives and as we look at the National scene, we find that in the Army Reserve and in the Active Army, we find all kinds of things to increase the caliber of the type of people that are serving. This is just one way to get a better man in the Guard. The enlisted ranks, the Junior Officers which you need very badly and I strongly urge that we forget about this business of Budget at this particular point when we're talking about a very small amount of money, when we're talking about a Military and Naval Budget that has already been decreased for some unknown reason and we vote for this Bill and keep the quality and the caliber of the Guard at a high level, thank you."



Giorgi: "The gentleman from DuPage, Representative Hoffman. Gene Hoffman."

Gene Hoffman: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentleman of the House, I would like to ah... share with you ah... one paragraph out of the Budget Book which we ah... received yesterday. And it says 'because of the scholarship program and the statutory institutional fee waivers, few under-graduate Illinois students pay the full tuition out of their own or their parents resources. If the Illinois State Scholarship ah... Commission awards continue as expected and State tuition waivers are reduced as planned and State tuition and student tuition waivers are reduced as planned, the average tuition Illinois under-graduates students will have to pay in '75 will be the lowest in the nation'. We have made a concerted effort in this General Assembly over the last six years to eliminate tuition waiver programs. We did away with the teacher tuition waiver programs and those are now ending up the four phases. The only program, to the best of my knowledge that we still have in existence which are pure and simple tuition waivers for reasons other than need which should be the primary criterion, are the General Assembly Scholarships. There are Bills before the General Assembly this session to eliminate Illinois General Assembly Scholarships. For obvious reasons, we've had some difficulty with that. But I concur with that move, also. If the Illinois National Guard is having a problem of getting people into the Guard, then they ought to look to themselves and not look to a scholarship program which is separate and apart from their operation. Ah... Therefore, I am opposed to the inclusion of any other tuition waiver scholarships in our present scholarship program and the ah... It's actually a subversion, actually a subversion of a program which we embarked on six years ago, have made some good progress and this is a step in the wrong direction. And I'm opposed to it."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Peoria, Representative Mudd."

Mudd: "Mr. Speaker, I would ask that the sponsor would yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."

Mudd: "Ah... Representative Shea, is it ah... the Bill as I read it,



indicates that ah... the tuition will be paid in any public or private facility in the State, right?"

Shea: "That is correct."

Mudd: "Ah... which could amount to some private colleges of a considerable amount."

Shea: "There's the word average..."

Mudd: "Average..."

Shea: "When, when you get into private schools, it's the average."

Mudd: "The other question is, does your Bill at all contain any commitment ah... other than that they remain in the Guard for as long as they are accepting this scholarship."

Shea: "The Bill provides that if within any semester they're enrolled in school that they would drop out of the Guard, they would be obligated to pay the tuition themselves."

Mudd: "Alright, but after, after ah... they receive a scholarship while they're in the Guard, they make no commitment as far as future service required."

Shea: "If a person were to take advantage of four years, they would at that time, may... have made a personal commitment of five years to the Guard and ah... other than that, there is no requirement for ah... any extended time."

Mudd: "Alright, thank you, sir."

Giorgi: "The assistant Majority Leader from Cook, Representative Davis."

Davis: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, I rise to support this Bill. There's nothing wrong with the State providing assistance not only to children of National Guardsmen, but to, to children of any veteran who is seeking an education. You cannot point out to me where the State loses money in educating young people. If you'll examine the rolls of, the welfare rolls and all of those rolls in ah... who ask for assistance you'll find that one of the reasons that they ask is because of the lack of education. The lack of opportunities. Now, I soldiered for 12 years in the Illinois National Guard. Twelve years and when I started after World War I, the Guard was not Federally recognized and we went from door to door, signing petitions to have the National Guard Federally recognized in the 20's and finally when it was Federally





recognized, they paid us the total sum of one dollar a night. I suppose they pay more than that now. One dollar a night and yet, we were the protectors of the peoples of the State of Illinois. Now, we're going to be debating here on this floor, I'm sure, before this session closes. We're going to be debating the handgun and talking about handguns and how many people have been killed with handguns and I'm going to tell you I'm one of those who are for abolishing handguns. But one of the reasons I'm for abolishing handguns is because we have a strong National Guard to protect us and that can be called out in any emergency. I tell you this is a good Bill. We are recruiting people in the National Guard now and this will be an incentive to people to join the National Guard and strengthen it as our protectors in time of need. And I'm going to vote 'aye' and I urge every member of this General Assembly to vote 'aye'."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Henderson, Representative Neff."

Neff: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House. I rise in support of this Bill. House Bill 218. I think Representative Shea should be commended on taking a lead in ah... introducing this Bill. Ah... Now, many of us know and have talked to some of recruiting officers over the State that they're having a problem of getting young people to go in. I think this will encourage more young people to sign up for the National Guard. Also, it was brought up here that this would be discriminating to some of those that didn't take advantage of it. I think ah... that's true with many of our programs but I wouldn't call it discriminating because they do have that right to take advantage of it if they wish. And I'd hope that we could all support this piece of Legislation."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Logan, Representative Lauer."

Lauer: "Mr. Speaker, would the sponsor yield for a question?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will. Representative Shea."

Lauer: "Representative Shea, ah... would this program be funded out of the funds for the National Guard or the Illinois Scholarship and Grant Commission Fund?"

Shea: "It's going to be funded out of the Illinois Scholarship Commission Fund and I will amend, I think Ms. Chapman has the Bill;



and I will amend it to put in a half a million dollars appropriation and I would like to clear up one thing if I misstated, it is not a tuition waiver program. It's a grant program."

Giorgi: "Representative Lauer."

Lauer: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker."

Giorgi: "The Representative from Kankakee, George Ryan."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Will the sponsor yield? Jerry, does this include graduate work?"

Shea: "It includes up to four years of college and it would include graduate work."

Ryan: "Now the figures that you gave on your fiscal note, I think you said were, were a little high at a half a million dollars. Is that right?"

Shea: "Ah... Mr. Ryan, at the time the Scholarship Commission appeared as a resource in the Higher Education Committee, they indicated that they thought it would be about... A little better than a quarter of a million but may go up to a half a million. In order to insure that I was not misleading anybody, I put a half a million dollars in the fiscal note. And that's what I intend to put in ah... the Appropriation Bill."

Ryan: "These figures then are based on the assumption ah... ah... that there would be an absence of international hostility. Is that right?"

Shea: "George, if there's international hostilities, you and I won't be here."

Giorgi: "The Representative from Kankakee, Representative Beaupre."

Beaupre: "Mr... Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, as a former Guard commander and one who has dealt with the administration of our National Guard on the unit level, I'd like to point out some things that, I think, haven't been said in regard to this Bill. We are not only holding a carrot to attract young men ah... and women into the National Guard ah... so that we can maintain our unit strength, but if we fail to do so, we may very well put many of our Guard units in Illinois in jeopardy. I would merely like to point out to you that since our National Guard here in Illinois is indeed Federally recognized, as Representative



Davis indicated. That Federal recognition ah... depends upon those units maintaining a sufficient degree of strength. That is to say. If a unit's strength dropped down to something like 60%, it is indeed in jeopardy in regard to maintaining sufficient strength in order to maintain its Federal recognition. Should the Federal government decide that those units are not maintained to a sufficient level of strength, they will be dropped from the rolls and the net result of that is that we may very well end up losing many, many Guard units in the State of Illinois. Now, I just would ask you to look back upon the number of times in the last decade when the National Guard has been called out to do citizen service within the State doing the State's business ah... being called out for disasters, being called out for riot control, being called out for a number of things that deal with the business of the people of this State rather than ah... on Federal ah... military business. And I would just like to re-emphasize that it is indeed possible that if these units lose their Federal recognition because we do not maintain their strength here, we are indeed in trouble and I would ask for a favorable vote."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, I respectfully move the previous question."

Giorgi: "The previous question has been moved. All in favor signify by saying 'aye'; opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. Those that wish... That have been waiting to speak can explain their vote. Would the Representative from Cook to close."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, at the time General Patton testified in favor of this in Committee, he indicated that the Federal government put some 46 million dollars a year into the State of Illinois in support of the National Guard. That we might be in jeopardy of having that reduced if our Guard unit strength was reduced. This Bill will not only help upgrade our Guard and the people of our State, but it will insure that those Federal dollars keep coming into the State of Illinois and help cut this recession we're in. I'd appreciate the support of the House."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 218 pass? All in favor will



signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed voting 'nay' and ah... Representative Brinkmeier to explain his vote."

Brinkmeier: "Mr. Speaker, members of the House, I wanted to get the attention of the sponsor for a question or two. What bothers me is that, apparently, there isn't any requirement here as far as the basis of financial need is concerned. I would like it much better if that were included in there, but obviously, there are enough votes there and I'm going to vote for the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Macon, Representative Borchers, to explain his vote."

Borchers: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and fellow members of the House, I'd just like to point out that there's never been a time in our history before any war that we did not ah... that we did not ah... leave our armed forces in a position of being unprepared. We're always unprepared for a war. Then we get into it. Now, the war today is more sophisticated. We need higher educated young men and it seems obvious to me that this is one way to help attract the type of material into the National Guard that we need. I did myself... I spent 3 years in the National Guard, the Illinois National Guard and 13 and 1/2 years in the army. And I am positive in my mind that this is something that we have to do and the direction we have to go to attract the right type of people today. It's just not a matter of being a big bruiser and be able to go out and handle a mob and swing the butt of a rifle. You've got to have a little sophistication and knowledge and, therefore, I would certainly vote for this Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Lawrence, Representative Cunningham, to explain his vote."

Cunningham: "Mr. Speaker and just for a moment I want to say that it always anguishes me to go against my great friend, William Walsh. I consider him infallible in everything except scholarships, community colleges, the State bird and fiscal matters, State fish and fiscal matters but I am proud to stand with the sponsor of this Bill. The need for a National Guard needs to be recognized in these days when it's popular to scoff at military force. Down in our county, we have some very rich and fertile lands and 150 years

ago they threw all the Indians out of the county and we've been afraid that they would come back and try to seize it and we want to maintain the National Guard at its highest possible potential. We think that this is a step in the right direction. But there are a couple of other reasons. I haven't found a State Scholarship Commission as accomodating as I might wish. They have been arbitrary, capricious, fractious, stubborn and we need... we need to signal to them that there are other remedies available. I would hope, too, that all of the 122 that are still on this Bill would stand as one as we throw back another assault on the authority and dignity of this House and that's House Bill 60. So, remember to stand with us when we beat 60, also. And that's the reason I'm voting green and I'm sorry Bill, but we're still the best of friends."

Giorgi: "Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 123 'aye', 18 'nay', 10 voting 'present' and the Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Ah... for what purpose does the gentleman from Macon arise, Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "On a point of personal privilege, Mr. Speaker."

Giorgi: "State your point."

Borchers: "Ah... I have some connection in a sort of indirect way with Indians and I question Mr. Cunningham, Representative Cunningham's statement that they've driven all the Indians out of Southern Illinois. I think there's still some in the Wabash Bottom."

Giorgi: "House Bill 263. Representative VanDuynes. House Bill 263."

O'Brien: "House Bill 263. A Bill for an Act to revise the Law in relation to counties. Third Reading of the Bill."

VanDuynes: "Mr. Speaker, before I begin I might add or... or... sight before I even start that this is a very permissive Bill. It doesn't stipulate whether the County Board pays these people per diem, whether they are working part-time or they're put on full-time, whatever. It is strictly permissive. It allows them to hire them any way they chose ah... because of the fact they are the people who have to levy the taxes on the people to pay their salaries. Ah... It is nothing more and I understand that whenever you say

to this Body that you have a very simple Bill here and that you automatically become alert. So, ah... don't become alarmed. This is a simple Bill. It just allows County Boards to hire an Attorney without the, outside the umbrella of the State's Attorneys office. Ah... These people will be responsible to and accountable to the County Board and its Chairman rather than the State's Attorneys office. Ah... It just insures the opportunity of the County Board of having immediate legal counsel rather than having to put in a requisition for it through the State's Attorneys office. So, ah... I will ask for your support on this and I'd sure like to have a unanimous vote ah... Betty Lou Reed on my first Bill."

Giorgi: "The lady from Lake, Representative Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, may I have the opportunity of a query of our estimable colleague and sponsor of the Bill."

VanDuynes: "Yes, ma'am."

Geo-Karis: "Ah... LeRoy. Ah... under this Bill, do I understand correctly..."

VanDuynes: "I didn't understand the inquiry, Mrs. Geo-Karis. Would you repeat it, please?"

Geo-Karis: "I simply said, LeRoy..."

Giorgi: "Just a moment, Mrs. Geo-Karis. For what purpose does the gentlemen from Cook, Representative Pierce, er Lake. Representative Pierce arise?"

Geo-Karis: "May I finish?"

Giorgi: "Point of order must be..."

Pierce: "Point of order. Doesn't it violate the rules of this House to name a member in debate. Did you name the gentlemen from Will and that's a violation of our rules. I haven't got my rules in front of me but I know ah... it's a violation to name a member in debate and if you were named LeRoy and Mr. Lemke tells me that his is, too, you wouldn't want to be named in debate. He should be called the gentleman from Will."

Giorgi: "For what purpose does the gentleman from Cook, Representative Yourell, arise? Yourell."

Yourell: "Thank, thank you, Mr. Speaker, I for one will stand all day here and object to the violation of LeRoy ah... from now to 'hell' freezes over. I don't care if it is that, you're not going to violate my friend, LeRoy."

Giorgi: "The lady from Lake is admonished."

Geo-Karis: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, the lady from Lake is properly admonished and can assure my colleagues from the Oak Lawn area that I have no intention of violating any member of the floor."

Giorgi: "The point is well taken."

Geo-Karis: "Now, going back to my ah... my colleague from Will County. I apologize, but I like your name in spite of what some of our detractors are saying. However, going back to your Bill. Do you, under this Bill, does the... Do the... Does the County Board... Do the County Boards, rather, under this Bill not have the right to hire an attorney at any time they like."

VanDuyne: "Ah... not to my knowledge, no. Not, no now. Every time the County Board hires an attorney, it must go through the States Attorney's office. And once he's hired, ah... he will go under the umbrella of the States Attorney's office and actually the States Attorney is his boss, not the County Board Chairman or the County Board."

Geo-Karis: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, in spite of the familiarity attributed to me because I called my colleague by his first name and much as I like him, I would like to speak against this Bill for the following reasons. We have States Attorney's and Assistant States Attorney's and I'm speaking as a former Assistant States Attorney. We have enough tax money going out for to maintain those offices. I do not see the necessity of having an additional Attorney hired on County payrolls simply because maybe some of the County Boards do not like some of the States Attorney's or Assistant States Attorney's. Therefore, I speak against the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Kankakee, Representative Ryan,"

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Will the gentleman yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."



Ryan: "Ah... Representative VanDuyne, would you tell me what the political complexion of Will County is concerning the County Board and the States Attorney, please."

VanDuyne: "We have ah... quasi-Democrats, States Attorneys..."

Ryan: "I didn't understand the answer."

VanDuyne: "I said that we have a quasi-Democrat States Attorney and a Democratic County Board."

Ryan: "I don't... I still don't understand the answer."

Giorgi: "He means it's ah... bi-sexual."

Ryan: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker."

VanDuyne: "Representative Ryan, I think you are aware that we have a Republican States Attorney and a ah... Democratic County Board after last November. But, I ask you, sincerely, to ah... please not enter that into our conversation. This is a, on my part, a very sincere desire to eradicate a problem that would exist under many, many circumstances where we have the same ah... party in both offices. Ah... The, especially in our County and I'm sure it's going to be that way in Kankakee County one of these days. The States Attorneys office is really preoccupied and occupied with a lot of criminal work and most of the work that I am talking about that is encompassed in the hiring of these attorneys is civil. Ah... legal advice to Committees. I can sight you one example where we had a simple agreement of purchase for some scavenger property ah... about a year and a half ago that took us six months to acquire. Ah... the States Attorney's offices are becoming and especially in the larger counties, are becoming so overworked ah... and they will stay understaffed, you know, that it is hard and becoming more increasingly so for the County Board this continuous legal ah... representation. And that's all it is. Ah... the County Boards are accountable to their people. Ah... as far as the money is ah... Ms. Geo-Karis said ah... after all, it's their accountability there, too. They can hire these people either on a per diem basis. They don't have to hire them at all if they don't want to. They can hire them full-time or part-time. So, it just gives the County Board a little bit of discretion and after all, I've heard the statement said, that this erodes some of the power



of the States Attorney's office and maybe ah... so. But, in a way. But as I stated before, as far as the civil ah... advise that the County Board needs, the States Attorney's offices usually don't want to give this anyway. It's just a 'pickyunish' thing for them and they, they get a little bit irritated for it. But ah... on another sense, the County Board, I believe, has a right ah... to expect that they have legal advice. After all, ah... whenever they're deliberating things and they have to come to some kind of decision. They want to make sure that they're doing it legally. So ah..., I hope that answers your question. This is not designed as any type of irritable thing toward my States Attorney or his office."

Ryan: "You answered that question 10 minutes ago, Mr. VanDuynes. Another question, who is to pay for this ah... extra legal help. Will this come from the County funds or is the State going to pay that Bill."

VanDuynes: "The County Board. From the County Board Fund."

Ryan: "I see. Well, it seems, on the Bill, Mr. Speaker. It would seem to me that if the counties elect States Attorney's ah... to do the business of the county in legal matters and ah... here we're going to have a Bill that's going cost counties more money. We come down to this General Assembly and constantly take away Revenue for county governments and increase their expenditures and I think this is another case of that and it would seem that if the States Attorney of a county felt that he were understaffed and overworked, according to an Attorney General's opinion, he can hire additional help if he so desires for that purpose. And ah... I would say that this is a bad Bill and I would recommend a vote against it."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Knox, Representative McMasters."

McMasters: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, I rise in opposition to this Bill. It was heard in Committee, I believe, last week. At that time, I objected to it and expressed my opposition and I want to continue on the floor expressing that opposition. I feel that the States Attorney is by statute required to be the Attorney for the County Board. I do not see where we can increase any effectiveness of a County Board by allowing them



to hire separate attorneys. I think the States Attorney has the right with the agreement of the County Board to put on the extra help to serve them, to serve the County Board. And I see no reason for hiring outside attorneys to come in. I certainly agree that ah... in many cases, the States Attorney is snowed by legal, other criminal cases that he is carrying, but I certainly feel that he can hire the necessary help to serve a County Board if this is required. For that reason, I must oppose this Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Winnebago, Representative Simms."

Simms: "Well, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, I'd like to ask ah... the sponsor of the Bill a couple questions if he'd yield."

Giorgi: "He yields."

Simms: "Ah... Representative, is it not the responsibility of the States Attorney to be the legal, the legal ah... officer and to ah... be the attorney for a County officer of the County Board in case of a lawsuit. Is that correct?"

VanDuyne: "That is correct."

Simms: "Well, secondly, what you're asking, then, is that the County Board will be hiring an attorney that is not responsible to the States Attorney in giving legal advise to the Board at which time later if there is any type of legal action or lawsuit, the States Attorney's going to have to defend. And I think it's a bad precedent to start in. That we're usurping the power from the States Attorney asking them to defend ah... legal information that has been given to the County Board by their own attorney and later asking the States Attorney, as another County officer to give legal defense to that particular ah... individual. I think it's a bad precedent. The County Boards are crying that they don't have enough money to operate county government. In our own Winnebago County, all of the Legislators came in for criticism for the State mandating increases in some salary categories and they did not have the funds to ah... necessarily meet those obligations. And what we're doing is just establishing another type of situation to create another office and to cost the taxpayers more money. And, third, if you look at it in the problem

in the larger counties in the case of ah... of no matter what the county might be, we have to put away the political ramifications. We have to forget if the States Attorney is a Republican or a Democrat or if the State... or if the County Board is of the opposite political party. Let's legislate for the good of the people of the State of Illinois and quit mandating more offices and more expenses for county government when they're overburdened. I think this is a tremendously bad Bill and even though it is the Freshmans first Bill, I hope it does go down in defeat."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Peoria, Representative Mudd."

Mudd: Mr. Speaker, I rise to support this Bill. I think that ah... those of us that have served in local government throughout this State, and I know a great many of us have, can realize what the ah... sponsor of this Bill is trying to obtain from this Body. It's very difficult to try to assign a work load to an employee who is responsible to another elected person to accomplish the work of a Board as big as a county. And when ah... we talk about ah... an additional attorney or additional load, I think that we can all realize that a great amount of work is produced by a County Board and certain renderings have to be made by an Attorney who is responsible for that County Board. And I think that he should be directly responsible to that County Board as to his assignments and to the ah... validity and the type of rendering that he gives to that responsible for it. I don't think that we should have the assignments being made by another elected official, by his employees assigned to him that affect the ruling and the workload of the County Board. And that workload that is distributed by the ah... States Attorney's office to the County Board would be diluted and probably we would get more work done in the States Attorney's office by assigning him first and directly to that County Board. So, I have to support this Bill wholeheartedly, thank you."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Maragos."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker, we've had enough of debate and I move for the previous question."

Giorgi: "The previous question has been asked. All those in favor signify by saying 'aye'; opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. Representative



VanDuyne to close."

VanDuyne: "Mr. Speaker, I don't want to belabor the point. I think it's fairly ah... firm in peoples minds. So, I would just ask for an affirmative vote."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 263 pass. All those in favor signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed vote 'nay'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 40 'ayes', 55 'nays' and 10 'present'. This Bill having failed to receive the Constitutional majority is declared lost. The gentleman from McHenry, Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I, I know that we would have different traditions and different rules under the Democratic party, but..."

Giorgi: "I'm sorry."

Skinner: "Is this his first Bill?"

Giorgi: "Would you walk over to him and advise him, ah... Representative Skinner."

Skinner: "I'm just curious."

Giorgi: "I'm not sure. I've only... first time I've been on the podium. Representative VanDuyne, do you wish recognition?"

VanDuyne: "Well, I don't want to ah... postpone it or anything like this. I'm sure that ah... this is a simple enough Bill that everyone understands what we're talking about."

Giorgi: "Very good. House Bills, Third Reading. House Bill 278. Representative Jaffe. Take it out of the record. I'm sorry. I did declare lost. House Bill 295. Clerk, House Bill 295."

O'Brien: "House Bill 295. A Bill for an Act making an appropriation to the Auditor General. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The Representative from Cook, Representative McPartlin."

McPartlin: "Ah... Mr. Speaker and members of the House, ah... House Bill 295 makes a supplemental appropriation of \$250 thousand to the Auditor General. Ah... this appropriation would fund a pilot program to test the method of speeding delivery of the Audit Report for all State agencies. Ah... the request of 250 thousand is only an estimate. But, it's based on the best information available to the Auditor General at this time. Actually, what it will do, it will audit the University of Illinois and the ah... the State

Comptroller. Ah... the appropriation requested is a request that, of additional funds for a pilot program and the cost of this, these two audits will be reduced from the fiscal ah... budget of the Auditor General. I would appreciate your support."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? The question is shall House Bill 295 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed voting 'nay'. Have all voted who wished? On this question, there are 139 'ayes'. The Clerk will take the record. On this question, there are 140 'ayes', 4 'nays' and none voting 'present'. This Bill having received a Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Ah... The gentleman from Cook, Representative Epton. For what purpose do you rise, sir?"

Epton: "Point of personal privilege, Mr. Speaker. Representative VanDuyné just had his first Bill. And ordinarily, those of us here try to give an initial venture by a colleague every help we can. But I think even more important, we should give him a standing ovation. The fact is that he lost his Bill and didn't try and prolong it by putting it on the postponed consideration."

Giorgi: "House Bills, Third Reading. 313, Clerk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 313. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to create the Court of Claims. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentlemen from Cook, Representative Fleck, on House Bill 313."

Fleck: "Mr. Speaker, ladies and gentlemen of the House, House Bill 313 had its genesis in the Comptroller's office and between Comptroller Lindberg, Allen Dixon, Mike Howlett and Attorney Scott, they came up with this product. Basically what this Bill does is, we had passed the Crime Victims Compensation Act in 1973 which ah... permitted recovery from victims of violent crimes in the State of Illinois would reimburse them for any injuries and medical expenses, what have you. The Court of Claims, however, is limited by their jurisdiction to making payments of only \$1,000 except in cases where a person happens to be a police officer, a fireman, or a member of the State Militia. Ah... the State officers thought it was unfair for victims of violent crimes to have to



wait for a specific appropriations Bill to be passed in the General Assembly in order for them to receive their compensation under the Act. And, of course, it wasn't an intention of the Act to hold up recoveries in these matters. This Bill would set up a special fund where ah... Treasurer Dixon would be the acting official custodian and if the ah... victim of a violent crime receives recovery under the Court of Claims, payment can be made directly to him out of the general appropriation which the General Assembly would make to the Court of Claims instead of that individual waiting for a particular Bill to be passed. If I have any questions, any questions, I'd be happy to answer them."

Giorgi: "The Representative from Cook, Representative Sam Maragos."

Maragos: "Will the sponsor yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "Indicates that he will."

Maragos: "Representative Fleck, would you explain to me the procedures that are gone through in order for the allotment or the appropriation or grants to these victims that the Court of Claims has adopted."

Fleck: "Are you speaking under the ah... Crime Victims Compensation Act?"

Maragos: "That is correct."

Fleck: "Well, briefly, what happens; they will file a petition. More or less, it's a Court of Claims and render proof as to their losses as far as medical expenses and what have you. The Court of Claims approves the loss and sends out an order that they would receive, are entitled to X number of dollars compensation. Now, if these persons have any kind of medical insurance or there is some insurance, the State is subrogated to go and receive reimbursement from the insurer. Basically, that's what it is. Now, when they place, make the order and render it to the victim. That person has to wait maybe a year before they receive compensation if the recovery is in excess of \$1,000. If it's less than \$1,000, the Court of Claims can make a ah... payment in the amount of nine hundred ninety-nine dollars and ninety-nine cents and they have to wait the year for an appropriation Bill to pass the General Assembly so they can receive the remainder."

Maragos: "The reason why I asked this question is, how can you determine ahead of time by a general appropriation, what amount of money you



have to keep in reserve to compensate these victims."

Fleck: "I understand and I had asked that question of the Deputy Clerk of the Court who is in Mike Howletts' office. Mike Howlett being the Clerk of the Court. And what they... the answer I received was that this money is basically almost a petty cash fund and there's a general appropriation made by the General Assembly which would be increased depending on the projections of what the coming petitions have been filed for recovery and what are the alleged damages in the petition."

Maragos: "Well, the reason I'm saying that... How... Can they foresee how many petitions."

Fleck: "Oh, yes."

Maragos: "Ahead of time?"

Fleck: "They're on file and they don't get immediate approval."

Maragos: "Alright, so we have some barometer."

Fleck: "Certainly."

Maragos: "That being the case, Mr. Speaker and members of the House, I would ask that you support this Legislation because, as I said, the Legislature should not be burdened down with separate Bills all the time and this would be in the form of streamlining the procedures under the Rules which we've been talking about for many years and this will be one area where we can avoid many Bills which are special appropriation Bills for these purposes and, therefore, I ask for your support."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Duff."

Duff: "Would the gentleman yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "He will."

Duff: "What was the amount of expenditures so far, Representative Fleck?"

Fleck: "I'm sorry, I didn't hear."

Duff: "What was the amount of expenditures so far ah... under this Bill... under the Act."

Fleck: "Under the Bill, none."

Duff: "Under the Act."

Fleck: "I really can't answer that. I'm not sure."

Duff: "Ah... then, Mr. Speaker, I'd only like to comment. I ah... am not going to speak in opposition to the Bill, but I do believe

that, well there's a question on my mind that the explanation the sponsor made relative to the State having rights to subrogated on insurance. I believe that the Act says that victims of crime are compensated when not otherwise compensated."

Fleck: "That is correct."

Duff: "Or if there is any claim that the State could make in recovery, let's say against the individual who might of ah... perpetrated the attack, the State can go against him and they're subrogated to the claim of the victim in a situation like that, for any other medical expenses, what have you."

Fleck: "I'm sorry if I misled you."

Duff: "Thank you."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Marion, Representative Friedrich."

Friedrich: "Mr. Speaker, members of the House, I don't think there's any instance where the Legislature failed to appropriate money for Court of Claims awards anyway and this is just a matter of speeding it up."

Giorgi: "The gentleman to close, Representative Fleck. The question is shall House Bill 313 pass. All those in favor will signify by voting 'aye'. All those opposed by voting 'nay'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question, there are 138 'ayes', no 'nays', 1 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is declared passed. House Bill 335, Clerk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 335, Keller. A Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Horseracing Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Keller."

Keller: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, all this Bill does is amend the Horseracing Act to provide that an Illinois foal is a ah... foal that is dropped by a mare which enters the State on or before December 31 of the year the foal is conceived. Presently, the law is ah... July 1."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? Ah... The gentleman from Cook, Representative Caldwell."

Caldwell: "Would the sponsor yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "Yes, he will."



Caldwell: "What, what are you saying. What does this Bill mean? What does it do?"

Keller: "Ah... Lou, what ah... what this Bill does is just changes the date ah... when a foal is conceived ah... and what happens in the fall of the years when the big sales are where you buy your prize mares at, and ah... these foals ah... What we're doing is so they can enter the State on or before the first and so that a breeder doesn't have to wait two years to enter it in an Illinois race."

Caldwell: "Oh, well. That helps me a little."

Keller: "Well, right now they aren't eligible for ah... Illinois races for two years. The thoroughbreds aren't and this gives them the chance that we can bring a better quality horse into Illinois. It used to be this way and ah... it was changed at one time."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, would the sponsor yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "Indicates he will."

Kosinski: "Mr. Sponsor, ah... you indicated this is a simple Bill. I have a simple question. Ah... Who does this make money for?"

Keller: "Pardon."

Kosinski: "Who does this make money for?"

Keller: "This, this would make money for the State of Illinois because of the fact that it will bring back to Illinois sales of... horse sales that we haven't had in Illinois. They've been going to other States."

Kosinski: "But not for private enterprise, will it?"

Keller: "No."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? The question is shall House Bill 335 pass. All those in favor vote by signifying, signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed by voting 'nay'. Have all voted who wished? Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 114 'ayes', no 'nays', 7 voting 'present'. This Bill having received the Constitutional majority is declared passed. House Bills, Third Reading. House Bill 352, Clerk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 352. A Bill for an Act making a supplemental appropriation to the Commission on the Status of Women. Third



Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The lady from Cook, Representative Catania."

Catania: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and members of the House. House Bill 352 is a request for an additional \$10,000 to be appropriated to the Commission on the Status of Women. This Bill received unanimous approval of the Appropriations Committee. The vote was 23 to nothing. We are requesting this \$10,000 for a couple of reasons. Ah... I might remind the House that last spring, after considerable debate, it was decided by this Body that the Commission would be appropriated \$25,000. This was cut down to \$15,000 in the Senate and then amended back up to twenty on the Senate floor. So, we received \$5,000 less than ah... this House had decided we should receive. We have found since then that, in addition to the \$5,000 that we had hoped to receive, we are finding that we really should expend, in order to serve the women of the State of Illinois adequately, an additional \$5,000 and this is why we are requesting this. Ah... to comment briefly on some of the major portions of this \$10,000 expenditure. We have a very unusual situation with our Commission report. It is requested by members of Women's groups from all around the State ah... among them, the Farm Homemakers Extension Services, the Illinois Federation of Womens Clubs, the League of Women Voters, the Business and Professional women. We get requests from members of all of these groups ah... as they become more and more aware of the Commission on the Status of Women. So, we asked the Attorney General for an opinion on whether or not we could charge for the expenses of printing and distributing ah... this publication and we were told that we could not. So, apparently, this has to be born as a public expense. We do, certainly, get the maximum number printed by the Legislative Council ah... Service Unit, but that's a maximum of 500 copies and after that we have to have them printed by a commercial printer. In addition to that, we ah... have been researching the statutes in fulfillment of our Legislative mandate to try to implement the provision in the Illinois Constitution that says that we have to have equal protection of the sexes and this is an undertaking that is costing a great deal of money.



You know, we're preparing the Bills ah... that eliminate sex discriminatory language and we have a package that we're getting ready to come in with. Ah... this requires a researcher working with the Legislative Reference Bureau and this is an ongoing study. I would like to point out that we have not overspent on our appropriations. However, ah... in order to reimburse our part-time executive secretary and our part-time executive director who work out of their homes in Macomb because we do not have enough money to have a full-time office paid for by the Commission. Ah... we would also like some money so we can reimburse them for ah... expenses they have been paying out of their own pockets, such as telephone bills. In addition, we find that whether we like it or not, their ah... home offices are becoming clearing houses for information on the rights of both men and women in Illinois and we seem to be the only centrally located ah... or central source of information on this subject. So, we are trying to provide that information. But, obviously, all this costs money. Furthermore, ah... we held hearings on ah... the condition of women faculty members at State colleges and universities in November and we find that the women on the campuses of Southern Illinois University at Carbondale and Edwardsville are asking for a follow-up hearing on that campus. We would like to have a spring hearing there if we could. We would also like to participate in a hearing on child support that is being held in Chicago on March 21. Obviously, all of these things do cost money and we ah... respectfully request, this additional money so that we can meet those expenses."

Giorgi: "The perennial bachelor from Cook, Representative Fleck."

Fleck: "Well, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, I think we should go back into the history of this particular legislation. I recall that approximately six or seven months ago when it first came up, there was ah... a big fight on the floor of the House as to how much money would be appropriated. I think it came in with sixty or sixty-five thousand ah... It left the House, as we agreed, that \$25,000 would be a sufficient amount to run that Commission for one entire year, 12 months. Well, now we have



a situation where we're coming in for the supplemental appropriations. Ah... it reminds me of maybe a husband, of those of you who are, come home and your wife tells you, honey I bought a real nice hat. You'll love it, and she opens up the box and there's a lovely diamond tiara. Now, ah... if we're going to have a supplemental appropriation for this Commission for a period of about three and a half months ah..., I could calculate that running this Commission over a year period is going to be in excess of \$65,000 and we're right back to where we started. I think that the Representative from Chicago is not quite in line with the \$25,000 amount which she agreed to initially. Now, we all at one time or another, we've been here awhile, have been Chairman of Commissions. We've had budgets and we handled our Commission in such a way that we lived within the various budgets that were presented to us by the appropriation from the General Assembly. And I think that the Chairman of this Commission should live within the budget for \$25,000 and not \$70,000 which, in basic reality, is what we're being asked to give. So, for that reason if she could come up with maybe 5,000 or 2,000 to get the Commission through June and then come with a new amount in June for the next fiscal year, that would be a wonderful idea and I support it. But for the additional amounts and pro-rating it into \$70,000 and I think it's way out of line. And I would have to oppose the Bill the way it is presented to us."

Giorgi: "The lady from Cook, Representative Chapman."

Chapman: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, members of the House, ah... I'd like to refresh ah... the previous legislators memory. Ah... he may not recall any Commission that came in with deficiency appropriations. But, I can recall a good many. I can also recall a good many Commissions that certainly did a lot less and spent a lot more. This is a hard-working Commission. We have individuals who would, who are working for this Commission who, if working for other Commissions, would receive three times what they are paid for what they are doing for this Commission. I want to assure the members of this House, that the people of State of Illinois are more than getting their money's worth when we pass this deficiency appropriation for the Commission on the Status of Women. It is ah... an appropriation which is



needed. The money has been well spent and if you will give us these additional funds, it will be well spent. I hope you vote 'yes' on this measure."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Totten."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and members of the General Assembly.

Again we have an agency, in this case a Commission, coming before us that has completely obligated all but, according to my figures, 4 dollars of its appropriation over a month and a half ago despite the legislative intent of this Body last year only to give them 20,000 or \$25,000. Now, they have completely subjugated the will of this General Assembly. They did it purposely because on September of last year, they approved a budget of \$26,700 even though we had only appropriated \$20,000. If we continue to allow, especially Commissions which we create and are usually run by members of the General Assembly, to subjugate the will of the General Assembly and ask for general, additional appropriations prior to their present appropriation becoming ah... expired. How can we seriously question or how can we in conscience question this when the Executive does exactly the same thing. We have either got to hold the line on expenditures when our own Body is concerned and has a complete control of these or we're never going to be able to hold the line on the expenditures the Executive is proposing. It's about time that we sit still for this kind of shenanigans in budgeting and I think that even though the Commission may be spending its money wisely, they have not expended it within the intent that this, ah... this ah... Status of Women Commission was created and they have overbudgeted and they have overexpended and right now I think that's the way it should stay."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, will the person sponsor or Ms. Sponsor as the case may be ah... offer me some information? Ms. Sponsor, it was my understanding that this General Assembly, in its wisdom, allowed you a \$25,000 budget in this House that was then turned, changed to a \$20,000 budget in the Senate, is that correct?"



Catania: "That's correct."

Kosinski: "In other words, we've already... \$5,000 of what we authorized you was taken away from you. Then in... Actually, this supplemental ah... Bill really is in the amount of 5,000 above what we recommended you have, isn't that correct?"

Catania: "That's correct and I believe... I believe that I explained why this additional \$5,000..."

Kosinski: "I understand. Well, if it's that paltry a sum, we could probably limit debate, thank you."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Macon, Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "Mr. Speaker and fellow members of the House, I received information from a large group, the leadership of a large group of people in my county that there tax monies are being used by this very Commission for a favorite project of this Commission against their wishes. Now in my area, the majority of the ladies, gentlemen involved are opposed to some of the ah.. activities of this particular Commission. And they want me to express their opinion and their belief and state that they want me to vote against this for the funds that can be used against what they think is right ah... under the new... possible new Constitutional ah... under new Constitutional ruling instead of what this Commission thinks is right. So, they do not want their monies used for this purpose even though it be 10¢."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative DiPrima."

DiPrima: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, for a paltry \$10,000 which I'm going to vote for, I move the previous question."

Giorgi: "You've heard the previous question. All those in favor signify by saying 'aye'. Those opposed 'nay'. The lady from Cook to close, Representative Catania."

Catania: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would like to respectfully ask the gentleman from Macon what activity he is referring to?"

Borchers: "The Equal Rights Amendment."

Catania: "Well, Representative Borchers, we do not use any taxpayers money to do anything on the Equal Rights Amendment. I would like to point out, however, that some of the Farm Extension Bureaus have been using taxpayers money to lobby against the Equal Rights

Amendment."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 352 pass. All in favor will signify be voting 'aye' and all opposed by voting 'nay'. The gentlemen from Cook, Representative Miller, want to explain his vote. The lady from DuPage, Representative Dyer."

Dyer: "Ah... yes, Mr. Speaker, ah... it interests me that some of the people that are voting 'no' on this supplemental appropriation are among the people who have suggested that, that we need a feasibility study in depth of the possible effect of any Equal Rights Amendment, whether State or Federal. Now, one of the things the Status of Women Commission was, was directed to do and it's charged by the General Assembly was to implement our new State of Illinois Constitution. This is what this money is going for. To implement our State Constitution with the help of a gifted lawyer. I see we have the number of votes, thank you very,very much. I'm going to vote 'yes'."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Totten, to explain his vote."

Totten: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I wonder if explaining my vote, you would allow me to ah... just ask a question of the sponsor."

Giorgi: "No, I think we're beyond that, Representative Totten. Please explain your vote."

Totten: "Well, okay. I want to explain my vote. Well, in going through some of the vouchers of the Commission, I notice that they had spent some monies or vouchered money for fund-raising for the Commission and I was unable to find ah... what that money... how much money was raised and what it was used for in addition to the appropriation. And I think there has been some ah... sloppy accounting for some of the monies that they're using and the Commission had been spending only \$5,000 per year prior to this and had been doing a commendable job and I think this appropriation, this supplemental is uncalled for."

Giorgi: "Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 113 'ayes', 19 'nays', 9 voting 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is declared passed. House Bills, Third Reading. For what purpose does

the gentleman from McHenry arise?"

Skinner: "I wonder if anyone has any idea of how long that took? Well, I would just hope that the members of this House would at least debate the deficiency appropriation for the Public Aid Department where they have willfully deceived us and deliberately underestimated..."

Giorgi: "You're out of order. He's out of order. House Bill 353, Clerk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 353. A Bill for an Act to restore excess rights to property adjacent to Federal Aid Route 12 in Madison County. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Representative Byers."

Byers: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, this Bill is merely to restore access rights to property in ah.. Madison County and the ah... constituent involved ah... is going to pay \$2,000 for this ah.. purpose. Ah... this Bill came out of Executive Committee unanimously and I would ask your unanimous support on the House floor."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? The question is shall House Bill 353 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye' and all opposed by voting 'nay'. It's the Representatives first Bill. Representative Byers. Have all votes who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question, there are 125 'ayes', no 'nays', 3 voting 'present' and this Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. Representative McGrew 'aye', McLendon 'aye', Sharp 'aye'. House Bills, Third Reading. 371."

O'Brien: "House Bill 371. A Bill for an Act to vacate an easement for highway purposes in Champaign County. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Champaign, Representative Hirschfeld."

Hirschfeld: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House. This Bill would convey two tracts of land to a family which won a court battle to have the land. Thank you very much."

Giorgi: "The question is shall House Bill 371 pass. All in favor will signify by voting 'aye' and those opposed voting 'nay'. Have all voted who wished? The Clerk will take the record. On this question there are 123 'ayes', no 'nays', 1 voting 'present' and this





Bill having received the Constitutional majority is hereby declared passed. House Bills, Third Reading. House Bill 420, Clerk."

O'Brien: "House Bill 420, Mugalian. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to conform certain charitable trusts and ah... to the requirements of Federal Tax Reform Act. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Cook, Representative Mugalian, on House Bill 420."

Mugalian: "Mr. Speaker, this Bill passed the Judiciary I Committee unanimously. There was a motion which passed in Committee to place it on a Consent Calendar but for some reason, it wasn't transmitted to the calendar. But be that as it may, it's a very technical Act. But the, but the purpose is simple. It enables the residents of Illinois to take advantage of the Illinois, the Internal Revenue Code. Ah... as to deductions in a State tax proceedings for charity and it merely extends the time and clarifies the law so that Illinois residents can have the same benefits as residents of other States who conform their wills and trust agreements to the Internal Revenue Code."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? The question is... Sorry, Representative Houlihan, Dan."

Houlihan: "Will the sponsor yield to a question?"

Mugalian: "Yes."

Houlihan: "Dick, in the Bill, you refer, er... have put in the date June 8, 1971 and deleted the effective date of this Act. What's the reason for that date, June 8, 1971?"

Mugalian: "That was the date of the original Act. And this extends the Act."

Houlihan: "Which original Act are you referring to. The Federal Tax Reform Act?"

Mugalian: "No, the Illinois... There was an Illinois Act which permitted Illinoisans to ah... take advantage of the Internal Revenue Code and that Act is expired. So, this Act extends that period. And is a conforming technical amendment."

Houlihan: "That's perhaps and I'm sure why I am confused here because

this is such a technical Bill. What is a split interest trust ah... as referred to in the Bill here?"

Mugalian: "Well, I'm afraid... A split interest trust is, essentially, a trust to which additions can be made. I distinguish from an annuity trust which is valued at the time it is established."

Houlihan: "Additions as far as additional beneficiaries?"

Mugalian: "No, additional... additions to the corporates of the trust. And it has to do with valuation as well."

Houlihan: "My basic point, I guess, is..."

Mugalian: "You see the entire..."

Houlihan: "absent. This Legislation... What is the effect here?"

Mugalian: "At the mislegislation ah... trusts in Illinois cannot be amended and those amendments must be with the consent of all beneficiaries. They can not be amended in order to qualify them for deductions under the Federal Estate Tax."

Houlihan: "And with this Bill ah... they can be amended without the consent of all of the beneficiaries?"

Mugalian: "No, the consent of all the beneficiaries is required to amend a trust under this Bill."

Houlihan: "Under this ..."

Mugalian: "Under House Bill 420, yes."

Houlihan: "But prior to this, what is the situation?"

Mugalian: "Well, we have no enabling legislation now in Illinois to permit us to do that."

Houlihan: "But with this legislation as far as effecting the ah... the benefits from the Federal Tax Reform, all the beneficiaries to the trust would have to consent, is that correct?"

Mugalian: "That is right. Or if it's a will, a will can be revised ah... and be brought up to date."

Houlihan: "I have nothing further."

Giorgi: "The lady from Champaign, Representative Satterthwaite."

Satterthwaite: "I hate to interrupt this interesting debate, but I would like to point out that we do not have copies of any Bills with numbers higher than 394 in our folder and it's very difficult to know what we're voting on."

Giorgi: "Clerk, ah... is House Bill 420.... Has House Bill 420 been

published? The lady's point is well taken. We have to ah... Take it out of the record. The Bill isn't published. The gentleman from Cook, Representative Washington, for what reason is he recognized?"

Washington: "On House Bill 420, Representative Mugalian correctly stated that this Bill passed Judiciary I unanimously and a motion was made and duly seconded and voted that it be placed on a Consent Calendar. What is the status on the Consent Calendar? I don't even see it listed."

Giorgi: "I understand that there have been objections to certain Bills that have been taken off of the Consent Calendar. The Consent Calendar is in use and it's been planned to be used this session."

Washington: "Was this transmitted to the sponsor of the Bill. It certainly wasn't transmitted to the Chairman of Judiciary I."

Giorgi: "Who's Chairman of the Consent Calendar?"

Washington: "I'm Chairman of Judiciary I. Mr. Mugalian knows nothing about it. It seems to me that ah... if things are done in this session, then the sponsor of the Bill certainly and also the Chairman of the Committee from which the Bill came should notified. Now it seems to me, Mr. Mugalian has been placed in a very awkward and embarrassing position simply because the machinery has broken down."

Giorgi: "I think your point is well taken, Representative Washington, and I think it should be a part of the rules that ah... when a Bill is ah... stricken from the Consent Calendar, the Chairman of the Committee and the sponsor of the Bill should be notified. I agree."

Washington: "Who is the Chairman of the Consent Calendar?"

Giorgi: "I don't know. Who is Chairman of the Consent Calendar? I understand the appointment hasn't been made, yet."

Washington: "I'll consult with you in bank."

Giorgi: "Thank you, Representative Washington. The Clerk tells me that we have some Bills that we can move from Second Reading that don't have any Amendments on them. So ah... If you'll bear with us, by the leave of the House, I'd like to move to Second Reading, House Bills. First Legislative Day. Second Legislative Day. Second Legislative Day. With leave of the House. Do I have leave? All right,



we have leave. House Bill 158."

O'Brien: "House Bill 158. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Highway Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. House Bill 192. Second Reading."

O'Brien: "House Bill 192. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois National Guardsmen Naval and Military Compensation Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. House Bill 91."

O'Brien: "House Bill 91. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act authorizing certain counties to undertake local improvements. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. House Bill 186."

O'Brien: "House Bill 186. A Bill for an Act to repeal Section 83 of the Illinois Aeronautics Act. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. House Bill 190."

O'Brien: "House Bill 190. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of an Act to better, for better protection of any person or corporation expending labor. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. House Bill 307."

O'Brien: "House Bill 307. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Illinois Highway Code. Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Giorgi: "Any Amendments from the floor? Third Reading. I'd like to have leave of the House to go to Representative Grotberg's Bills, the last two Bills on the calendar. Leave? House Bills, Third Reading. House Bill 47, as amended."

O'Brien: "House Bill 47. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the School Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Giorgi: "Before I recognize Representative Grotberg, ah... the gentleman from Cook, Representative Sam Maragos."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker, the Calendar, as I read it, does not reflect any dispositions on Senate Joint Resolution #7 which passed the Revenue

Committee last week and it should be... ah... it should have been on the Calendar this week. Can you tell me the status of that particular Resolution?"

Giorgi: "I'm notified by the Clerk that it just came in on the Committee Report and will be on the Calendar for tomorrow, which means next Tuesday."

Maragos: "Senate Bill 62. That did not get on there."

Giorgi: "Will be on the Calendar for Tuesday. The gentleman from... Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and gentlemen of the House, House Bill 47 is a Bill amending the School Code, the Election paragraphs in Chapter of the School Code to bring it into conformity with the General Election Code. It was brought to my attention by a blind voter in my district, in my home town who ah... by the time he got two election judges and his blind dog and himself into that little booth, it became an embarrassment for him. I think this is true of most handicapped voters who, under the School Code, do not have the option of taking a friend or relative into the booth as they do in the General Election Code. Therefore, I have amended the School Code to conform with that so that the handicapped person may, if he requests, take a friend or relative into the polling booth with him. And that is all this Bill does. I would appreciate the ah... an affirmative roll call."

Giorgi: "Any further discussion? The gentleman from Cook, Representative Jaffe."

Jaffe: "Mr. Speaker, would the gentleman yield to a question?"

Giorgi: "He indicates he will."

Jaffe: "Ah... Representative Grotberg, it seems to me that the language that we have in this Bill at the present time is really adequate. At the present time, a voter may declare that he cannot read the English lang..."

Grotberg: "I can't hear you, Representative."

Jaffe: "I know. I'm having trouble with this mike. A voter may go in and maintain that they cannot read the English language and then they would have two election judges go into the polling place with them. That is the present law, is that not right?"

Grotberg: "I believe you're correct."

Jaffe: "All right, now under your Bill, the only thing that your Bill does, is it permits them to take in a friend or relative of his selection. Now, that friend or relative of his selection can be a precinct committeeman, could it not?"

Grotberg: "We don't have precinct committeemen in school elections."

Jaffe: "Well, you... we still have precinct committeemen. They do exist."

Grotberg: "Yes, but I'm amending the School Code, Representative Jaffe."

Jaffe: "Well, I don't think you're responding to my question, Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Oh, sure. The answer is self-explanatory. The answer is, yes."

Jaffe: "Well, I, I would have to rise in opposition to the Bill because I think that what this Bill does is, quite truthfully, what we've been trying to avoid for a long period of time. And that's having people other than judges of election actually in polling places and polling booths with voters. And I don't care whether it's a School Board Election or any other type of election. I don't think you ought to let a precinct committeeman or a friend or a relative or just anybody into that polling booth. I think we ought to keep them out and I think the Bill is good as it is now and I would reject ah... your Bill as it stands. And I would urge a 'no' vote."

Grotberg: "I thank you for that, Mr.... Representative Jaffe and appreciate the fact that, I believe, ah... in... where you come from the School Board is appointed. So, you don't have to worry about that. No, is that true or false? If I'm wrong, I apologize. Okay, in Skokie, and I was in your village the other night and if I had your tax base, I'd move in and join you because you haven't had to have a referendum since 1800. But, let me finish, Representative Jaffe. I'll send my man with his blind dog to your precinct and let him explain to you the embarrassment of all handicapped people that we disenfranchised from an intelligent vote at the school level and have failed to attack it on the General Election level. And if that will satisfy your interest, Representative Jaffe, I would... support your Bill to change the General Election



Code. In the meantime, I think handicapped people have some right and I think they have a right to do as they wish in the polling booth. Thank you."

Giorgi: "The gentleman from Lake, Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker and ladies and gentlemen of the House, the sponsor of this Bill, when he gave his presentation, said it would put it in conformity with the Election Code. But really, it is different because the Election Code does ah.. allow that somebody in a official election capacity ah... at least, shall ah.. permit the assistance. We have difference here where it be a friend or relative. Now, I think, ladies and gentlemen of the House this is a case where we know there is an inequity but we hurry and pass legislation that doesn't solve it properly. Let's not give friends or relatives that authority. Let's either hold this Bill and determine that ah... aid judge, if we want to call it judge of election. We have people that fit in ah... School Board Elections. They may not be called judges, but let's not allow that friends or relatives be voting for persons. This would open the doors to abuse whether it's a School Election or a regular Election, we don't want abuses. And ah... I've always favored Bills that allow where people can't read where they are handicapped that someone help them. But let's make sure that it's someone in official election capacity. And, therefore, I would also oppose this vote even though I have some compassion over what you're trying to do, Representative Grotberg. And I would hope that we vote this Bill down or else hold it until we ah... correct it properly."

Giorgi: "The Majority Leader from Cook, Representative Shea."

Shea: "May I ask a question? Was this Bill amended on Second Reading to conform to the present Election Code with regards to assistance?"

Grotberg: "Yes, it was amended in Committee."

Shea: "All right, but what I'm saying is, it's not friends and relatives, but it's two Election Judges, isn't it?"

Grotberg: "That's correct. And it's Amendment #1 in your folder which strikes the whole clause and starts over again. That may be a problem with you ah..., Mr. Matijevich. Do you have the Amendment?"

Shea: "I think, John, that there was some misunderstanding, but as I



read the Amendment, you conformed this to the, rather to the Election ah... to regular election where two voters er... where a voter may get the assistance of two judges, is that correct?"

Grotberg: "Yes, and then we have and or a friend or relative of his choice."

Shea: "And or a friend?"

Grotberg: "Right."

Shea: "So, it isn't exactly like the Code?"

Grotberg: "I, I'm trying to read it, Representative."

O'Brien: "The Speaker is back in the Chair."

Grotberg: "Be assisted in marking his ballot by two of the judges of Election or by a friend or relative of his selection. That's the language."

Shea: "That isn't what the Election Code says, is it?"

Grotberg: "I don't have my Election Code copy with me. We drafted that to conform. I would be pleased to hold this Bill, Mr. Speaker, until I've satisfied Representative Jaffe, Representative Shea, Representative Matijevich and I will bring my friend with his blind ah... with his blind dog back down here."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record."

Grotberg: "We're going to take it out of the record. I will confer with those people."

Speaker Redmond: "What's the pleasure of the gentleman with respect to House Bill 50?"

Grotberg: "Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Yes."

Grotberg: "Do you have the next Bill?"

Speaker Redmond: "Do you desire to call House Bill 50?"

Grotberg: "Yes, that's of a different nature."

Speaker Redmond: "House Bill 50."

O'Brien: "House Bill 50, Grotberg. A Bill for an Act to amend Sections of the Election Code. Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman from Kane, Representative Grotberg."

Grotberg: "Again this is an Election Code Amendment. Ah... Both of these Bills, incidently, I filed last year and they were hung up in rules. Ah... the polling place signs that we're all so



familiar with that are placed close to the polling place identifying the polling place that have traditionally, in many areas, carried the name and the office of the Commissioner or the County Clerk, where ever that occurred. The original Bill that I filed last year was to reduce the size of the mans' name. This Bill eliminates the name and only puts his office on any signs around an election, and official sign around the polling places. The... Only the official name of the office and no names at all. And I would move for the ah... passage of this Bill, Mr. Speaker, and accept any questions on it."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The gentleman from Vermilion, do you desire recognition? For what purpose do you rise? Any further discussion? Representative Greiman."

Greiman: "Ah... is there an Amendment to this ah... Bill. As I read the Bill, it doesn't, doesn't make the reference that you say that it does."

Grotberg: "Okay. Amendment #1 adopted in Committee and... on Second Reading yesterday does just that. It eliminates the name entirely and simply just says that all signs must have only the office of of the publishing office."

Greiman: "And the business about the..."

Grotberg: "The name is out."

Greiman: "Fine."

Grotberg: "Thank you."

Greiman: "Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Any further discussion. Representative Shea."

Shea: "What ah... Now that you've eliminated all public officers, what do you do about the County Judge?"

Grotberg: "I haven't done anything about the County Judge."

Shea: "No, but the notice is required to contain the name of the County Judge who's in charge of elections. Er..., you know, he's..."

Grotberg: "You're ahead of me again, Jerry, on the Election Law. But ah... I'm talking about the posters that appear around the polling place. Now, you're saying the County Judge."

Shea: "He's a public official."

Grotberg: "Right."

Shea: "His name is required to be on the notices."

Grotberg: "The Amendment says right here, unless otherwise required by law. It starts out like that. So, if there's a law about the Judge..."

Shea: "John, could we hold this until we look at the Bill? Would you mind?"

Grotberg: "Yes, your leadership helped me write the Amendment. I'm... You know..."

Shea: "I'd still like..."

Grotberg: "Some of your leadership. Let's go to lunch, Mr. Speaker. Take it out of the record."

Speaker Redmond: "Take it out of the record. It's out of the record, yes. Order of Agreed Resolutions."

O'Brien: "House Resolution 93, Leinenweber. House Resolution 113, Yourell."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Madigan, the gentleman from Cook."

Madigan: "Mr. Speaker and members of the House, House Resolution 93 extends the deadline for reporting of the Committee which was established to study the investment practices of the Teachers Retirement System of the State to May 1, 1975. And House Resolution 113 commends the officers, employees, and patrons of the Oak Lawn Trust and Savings Bank upon their achievement of 50 years of service to the village of Oak Lawn. I move the adoption of these Resolutions."

Speaker Redmond: "Any discussion? The gentleman has moved the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions. All in favor indicate by saying 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The Resolutions are adopted. Representative Tipword."

Tipword: "Mr. Speaker, I would ah... like to make a motion, if I might, to ah... waive a rule so that a Bill could be heard today in Executive Committee that is an emergency Bill."

Speaker Redmond: "Have you checked with the Chairman of the Committee?"

Tipword: "I, I have checked with the Chairman of the Committee and with the leadership on both sides of the aisle with the exception of yourself, sir. I spoke to Mr. Shea."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevec, is that your Committee?"



Matijevich: "Yes, it is."

Speaker Redmond: "Do you desire a comment?"

Matijevich: "Well, he's approached me on it and that's suitable to, to myself and the Vice-Chairman, Ralph Capparelli. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Houlihan."

Houlihan: "'Rollie', would you explain what that Bill does."

Tipsword: "I'd be perfectly happy to. This is a Bill ah... that legalizes a fund in the Treasurers office in which the money's from all kinds of school districts, Junior College districts, Universities, local school districts for capital construction projects as deposited. This fund was set up after the ah.. creation of the Capitol Development Board by the Governor and the Treasurer under existing authorization in our statutes. That statute, also additionally, provides that any such funds that are set up ah... thirty days after sinedie adjournment of that session in which those funds have been set up by executive action ah... those funds will lapse within those 30 days unless the Legislature has created the existence of the fund. Now, any funds in it goes into general revenue funds. These happen to be funds that belong to all the school districts throughout the State of Illinois and certain Federal grants they've received and the Comptroller, very kindly, has been looking the other way until we can get this fund ah... set up as a permanent fund. If we don't do this, many construction projects for Universities and school districts in the State will be without money. It's their money already."

Speaker Redmond: "Will the gentleman identify the number of the Bill, please?"

Tipsword: "The number of the Bill is Senate Bill 17 and I would move that the provision ah... relating to posting of that Bill in ah... Rule #18 of the temporary rules of this House be waived so that the Bill might be heard today in Executive Committee."

Speaker Redmond: "The gentleman has moved for the suspension of the appropriate rule. This takes 107 votes. All in favor vote 'aye'; those opposed vote 'no'. Representative Tipsword."

Tipsword: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to say that the reason this Bill has not moved faster that it has in the House, it came immediately



from the Senate. There was an Amendment put on it in the Senate that the Senate has since agreed would foul up some Federal funds and we had to get this agreed with the Senate and everyone before we could set up the existence of this permanent fund. This is a thing that is going to vitally affect the school districts and the Junior college districts ah... that have any construction underway throughout the entire State of Illinois because they will lose the funds that they themselves had deposited and it would go into the States' general fund. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Have all voted who wished? Take the record. On this Bill, there's 116... On the this motion there's 116 'ayes', no 'nays' and the motions's carried. The order of business is Constitutional Amendment Resolutions."

O'Brien: "House Joint Resolution Constitutional Amendment 14, Chapman et al. Resolved by the House of Representatives, the 79th General Assembly, the State of Illinois, the Senate concurring herein. That there shall be submitted to the electors of this State at the General Election next occurring at least six months after the adoption of this Resolution. The proposition to amend paragraph B of Section 2 of Article IV of the Constitution to read as follows. Article IV, Section 2, Legislative Composition B. Three Representatives shall be elected from each legislative district for a term of two years. No political party shall limit its nominations to less than two candidates for Representative in any legislative district. If electors for Representatives, including those for nomination, each elector may cast three votes for one candidate or distribute them equally among no more than three candidates. The candidate highest in votes shall be declared elected. No person may be elected from a legislative district to the Senate who has not received the votes of at least three-fifths of the electors entitled to vote in that district. First Reading of the Amendment."

Speaker Redmond: "Committee on Assignment of Bills. Speaker recognizes Representative Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn until twelve er... until 12 o'clock, noon tomorrow which is a perfunct session and we will return to regular session at 12 o'clock, noon on Tuesday."



Speaker Redmond: "Representative Huff."

Huff: "Mr. Speaker, I'd like to second that motion."

Speaker Redmond: "What was... Oh... It's been moved and seconded that the House now recess until tomorrow at... adjourn... Representative Chapman. Representative Chapman."

Chapman: "Announcements please, Mr. Speaker. The House Human Resources Committee will meet immediately upon adjournment. Ah... Bring your sandwich with you ah... to the Committee ah... room, please."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Londrigan."

Londrigan: "Mr. Speaker, Motor Vehicles Committee will meet immediately. We have to be out of the room by two o'clock. So please be there immediately so we can conduct our business."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Pierce."

Pierce: "Ah... Mr. Speaker, the House Committee on Environment, Energy and Natural Resources will meet at 2 p.m. I want to call the members attention to the fact that we're in a different room than last week. Instead of being over in the State Office Building in D1, we are now here in the Capitol Building, Room 122A on the first floor at 2 p.m. or as soon as we can kick Motor Vehicles out of the room."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Fary."

Fary: "Ah... for the purpose of announcement ah..., Mr. Speaker. Ah... Wednesday, March the 19th is St. Joseph Day. St. Joseph is the patron saint of the Polish and of the Italian people and we intend to have a dinner at the ah... Grand Ballroom at the St. Nicholas Hotel at 7 p.m. on March the 19th. We're going to serve a Polish and Italian menu. Now the Polish and the Italian members in this House, will please meet in the Zeke Giorgi's office. We ah... agreed to that immediately after adjournment so we can further discuss and set up this program."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "Ah... Mr. Chairman and members of the House, for the purposes of announcements. The Executive Committee will meet immediately after adjournment in Room 114. It's on the first floor of the Capitol Building. Ah... and also may I inform the membership that the order of priority in the House Executive Committee will



always be the leadership Bills, sponsored Bills first. Any Chairman who, of another Committee, who may have a Bill will have second priority. And then, it's first come, first served. So, if you want to get out of there, come and sign up with the Committee Clerk and you'll be on the priority list. Thank you, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Mann."

Mann: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. The House Higher Education Committee will meet at 2 p.m. in Room D1. Thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Walsh."

Walsh: "I wonder if the Chairman of the Executive Committee might include in his priority, rather high up, the Minority Spokesman of Committees who have Bills in his Committee?"

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Matijevich."

Matijevich: "I'm sorry. I was talking to another member. I didn't hear that."

Walsh: "I... Excuse me, I suggested that you include, high on your priority, the Minority Spokesmen who have..."

Matijevich: "Right, I meant that. I'm sorry. I meant the same thing."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Ladies and gentleman of the House, the House Appropriations Committee, that's one and two, will reconvene on the House floor at 2 o'clock to continue the hearing on the over-view of the Budget by Mr. Hal Hovy, thank you."

Speaker Redmond: "Representative Tipword. Tipword."

Tipword: "Mr. Speaker, I'd just like to ah... indicate to ah... the Chairman of Appropriations I, you know some of the Appropriations Committee members have, have ah... Committee meetings on other Committees that are assigned at 2 o'clock this afternoon."

Lechowicz: "And that's understandable, Representative Tipword, and that will be pointed out in the record."

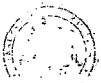
Speaker Redmond: "Back on the motion to adjourn. All in favor signify by saying 'aye'; opposed 'no'. The 'ayes' have it. The House now stands adjourned. I should of thanked Representative Giorgi for the surperb job that he did in my absence and I would like the record to show that we did adjourn in time for you to have lunch.



MAR 6 1975

79.

Now if you want to go to Committee Meetings, that's you're own business."



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEVENTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATIVE DAY

MARCH 6, 1975



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEVENTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

TWENTY-THIRD LEGISLATIVE DAY

MARCH 6, 1975



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

INDEX

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 6, 1975



GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 6, 1975

1

<u>TIME</u>	<u>SPEAKER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
10:03	Krueger	Prayer.
10:06	Giorgi	Roll call for attendance.
10:07	Giorgi	Message from Senate.
10:07	Jack O'Brien	Reading of Message.
10:08	Giorgi	Committee Reports.
10:08	Jack O'Brien	Reading of Reports.
10:10	Giorgi	
10:10	Giorgi	Recognition of Representative.
10:10	Walsh	Absentees.
10:10	Speaker Redmond	Recognition of Representative.
10:10	Shea	Absentees
10:10	Giorgi	
10:11	Shea	
10:11	Giorgi	Introduction of First Reading.
10:11	Jack O'Brien	Reads introduction.
10:11	Giorgi	
10:11	Jack O'Brien	Giorgi in the Chair.
10:11	Giorgi	Quorum Present.
10:12	Giorgi	House Bills Second Reading.
10:12	Giorgi	House Bill 275
10:12	Giorgi	House Bill 158 Out of record.
10:12	Giorgi	House Bill 192 Out of record.
10:13	Giorgi	House Bill 91 Out of record.
10:13	Giorgi	House Bill 186 & 190
10:13	Giorgi	House Bill 307.



GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

10:13	Giorgi	Recess for few minutes
10:17	Giorgi	House Bills Third Reading
10:17	Giorgi	House Bill 20 Take out of record
10:18	Giorgi	House Bill 37
10:18	O'Brien	House Bill 37, Reading of Bill
10:18	Brinkmeier	Explains the Bill
10:19	Giorgi	Recog. of Representative
10:19	Hudson	Question
10:20	Giorgi	"He will."
10:20	Hudson)	Discussion
10:20	Brinkmeier)	Response
10:22	Giorgi	
10:22	Totten	Discussion of Bill
10:22	Giorgi	
10:23	Brinkmeier	To Close
10:24	Giorgi	Vote, Take the Record, Bill passed
10:25	Mugalian	Asks leave
10:26	Giorgi	House Bill 47
10:26	O'Brien	
10:26	Giorgi	
10:26	Grotberg	
10:26	Giorgi	Take out of record
10:26	Giorgi	House Bill 84
10:27	O'Brien	Reads the Bill #84
10:27	Shea	
10:27	Giorgi	
10:28	Houlihan	Question



10:28	Giorgi	Yields
10:28	Houlihan)	Question
10:29	Shea)	Discussion
10:30	Giorgi	
10:30	Epton)	Discussion
10:30	Shea)	"
10:30	Giorgi	Vote
10:31	Cunningham	Explain vote
10:32	Giorgi	Take the record, Bill passed
10:32	Hirschfeld	Leave of House
10:32	Giorgi	Leave granted
10:33	O'Brien	House Bill 98, Third Reading
10:33	Giorgi	
10:33	Simms	Explaining Bill
10:34	Giorgi	
10:34	Jaffe	Question
10:34	Giorgi	Yields
10:34	Jaffe)	Asks question
10:35	Simms)	Discussion
10:38	Giorgi	
10:38	Lundy	Question
10:38	Giorgi	Yields
10:38	Lundy)	Asks question
10:38	Simms)	Discussion
10:43	Giorgi	
10:43	Simms	
10:44	Giorgi	Vote



10:44	Pierce	Explain vote
10:46	Giorgi	
10:46	Beatty	Explain vote
10:47	Giorgi	
10:47	Skinner	Explain vote
10:49	Giorgi	
10:49	Simms	Explain vote
10:50	Giorgi	
10:51	Simms	Poll of absentees
10:51	Giorgi	
10:51	Jaffe	Verification
10:51	Giorgi	
10:51	Fleck	
10:51	Giorgi	
10:52	O'Brien	
10:52	Fleck	
10:52	Giorgi	Proceed with absentees
10:52	O'Brien	Polls absentees
10:53	Giorgi	Londrigan NO
10:53	O'Brien	Continues absentees
10:53	Giorgi	
10:54	O'Brien	
10:54	Giorgi	
10:54	O'Brien	
10:54	Giorgi	
10:55	Williams	
10:55	Giorgi	
10:55	O'Brien	



10:56	Giorgi	Verification Proceed
10:56	O'Brien	
10:57	Giorgi	
10:57	O'Brien	
11:02	Giorgi	
11:02	Maragos	
11:02	Giorgi	
11:02	O'Brien	
11:02	Maragos	Change vote
11:03	O'Brien	Verification continued
11:06	Giorgi	
11:07	Leon	How am I voted?
11:07	Giorgi	
11:07	O'Brien	
11:07	Leon	Change vote
11:07	Giorgi	
11:07	Brandt	Change vote
11:07	Giorgi	
11:07	O'Brien	
11:07	Brandt	
11:07	Giorgi	
11:07	Jaffe	Challenge roll call
11:07	Giorgi	
11:08	Jaffe	Questions of the roll call
11:08	Giorgi	
11:08	O'Brien	
11:08	Giorgi	



11:08	Jaffe)	Questions of affirmative roll call
11:08	Giorgi)	"
11:08	O'Brien)	"
11:13	Giorgi	
11:13	Collings	
11:13	Giorgi	
11:13	O'Brien	
11:13	Collins	
11:14	Giorgi	
11:14	Lucco	
11:14	Giorgi	
11:14	O'Brien	
11:14	Lucco	
11:14	Giorgi	
11:14	Byers	
11:14	Giorgi	
11:14	O'Brien	
11:14	Byers	
11:14	Giorgi	
11:14	Simms	Postpone Consideration
11:15	Giorgi	House Bill 116
11:15	O'Brien	House Bill 116 Third Reading
11:15	Giorgi	
11:15	Satterwaithe	Explain Bill #116
11:16	Giorgi	Vote, Bill passed
11:18	Kosinski	Point of order
11:18	Giorgi	





11:18	O'Brien	House Bill 117 Third Reading
11:19	Giorgi	
11:19	Satterwaithe	Explain Bill
11:21	Giorgi	
11:21	Lundy	Question
11:21	Giorgi	She will
11:21	Lundy)	Question asked
11:21	Satterwaithe)	Discussion
11:22	Giorgi	
11:22	Grotberg	Question
11:22	Giorgi	She will
11:22	Grotberg	Question asked
11:23	Satterwaithe	
11:23	Grotberg	Discussion
11:23	Giorgi	
11:23	Friedrich	
11:23	Giorgi	
11:23	Hirschfeld	
11:26	Giorgi	
11:27	Geo-Karis	
11:27	Satterwaithe	
11:28	Geo-Karis	
11:29	Satterwaithe	
11:29	Giorgi	
11:29	Bluthardt	
11:30	Giorgi	
11:30	Polk	
11:30	Satterwaithe	



11:30	Giorgi	
11:30	Fennessey	
11:31	Giorgi	
11:31	Fleck	
11:32	Giorgi	
11:32	Giorgi	
11:34	Satterwaithe	
11:34	Giorgi	
11:34	Hirschfeld	Explain Vote
11:36	Giorgi	
11:36	Fleck	Explain vote
11:37	Giorgi	
11:37	Satterwaithe	
11:37	Giorgi	Postpone Consideration
11:37	Huff	
11:38	Giorgi	Leave
11:38	O'Brien	House Joint Resolution 117
11:39	Giorgi	
11:39	Shea	Adjournment Resolution
11:39	Giorgi	Resolution adopted
11:39	Giorgi	Back to Third Reading
11:39	O'Brien	House Bill 218, Third Reading
11:40	Giorgi	
11:40	Shea	Explains the Bill #218
11:41	Giorgi	
11:41	Walsh	Discussion
11:42	Giorgi	



11:43	Totten	Discussion
11:43	Giorgi	
11:43	Totten	
11:43	Shea	
11:44	Totten	
11:45	Giorgi	
11:45	Totten	
11:45	Giorgi	
11:45	Mahar	
11:47	Giorgi	
11:47	Hoffman	
11:49	Giorgi	
11:49	Mudd	Question
11:49	Giorgi	He will yield
11:49	Mudd)	Question asked
11:45	Shea)	Discussion
11:51	Giorgi	
11:51	Davis	
11:53	Giorgi	
11:53	Neff	
11:54	Giorgi	
11:54	Lauer	
11:54	Giorgi	
11:54	Lauer	
11:54	Shea	
11:55	Lauer	
11:55	Giorgi	
11:55	Ryan	



11:55	Shea	Discussion continued
11:55	Ryan	
11:55	Shea	
11:56	Ryan	
11:56	Shea	
11:56	Giorgi	
11:56	Beaupre	Discussion
11:58	Giorgi	
11:58	Kosinski	Previous Question
11:58	Giorgi	
11:59	Shea	To Close
11:59	Giorgi	
11:59	Brinkmeier	Explain Vote
12:00	Giorgi	
12:00	Borchers	Explain Vote
12:01	Giorgi	
12:01	Cunningham	Explain vote
12:02	Giorgi	House Bill 218 Passed
12:03	Borchers	Personal Privilege
12:03	Giorgi	House Bill 263
12:03	O'Brien	House Bill 263, Third Reading
12:03	Van Duyne	Explain Bill
12:05	Giorgi	
12:05	Geo-Karis	Question
12:05	Van Duyne	Yes, mam
12:05	Geo-Karis	Discussion
12:05	Giorgi	
12:05	Geo-Karis	



12:05	Giorgi	
12:06	Pierce	
12:06	Giorgi	
12:06	Yourell	
12:06	Geo-Karis	
12:07	Giorgi	
12:07	Geo-Karis	
12:07	Van Duyne	
12:07	Geo-Karis	
12:08	Giorgi	
12:08	Ryan	Question
12:08	Giorgi	He Will
12:08	Ryan)	Question asked
12:08	Van Duyne)	Discussion
12:12	Giorgi	
12:13	McMaster	Opposition to Bill
12:14	Giorgi	
12:14	Simms	Question
12:14	Giorgi	He will
12:14	Simms	Question asked
12:16	Giorgi	
12:16	Mudd	Support Bill
12:18	Giorgi	
12:18	Maragos	Moves Previous Question
12:18	Giorgi	
12:18	Van Duyne	To Close
12:18	Giorgi	Vote, Bill Lost



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

12:19	Skinner	
12:19	Giorgi	
12:19	Skinner	
12:19	Van Duyne	
12:20	Giorgi	HB 278, Take out Record
12:20	O'Brien	House Bill 295, Third Reading
12:20	Giorgi	
12:20	McPartlin	Explain Bill
12:21	Giorgi	Vote, Bill Passed
12:22	Epton	Personal Privilege
12:22	Giorgi	House Bill 313
12:23	O'Brien	House Bill 313, Third Reading
12:23	Giorgi	
12:23	Fleck	Explain Bill
12:24	Giorgi	
12:25	Maragos	Question
12:25	Giorgi	He Will
12:25	Maragos)	Question
12:25	Fleck)	Discussion
12:28	Giorgi	
12:28	Duff	Question
12:28	Giorgi	Yields
12:28	Duff)	Question asked
12:28	Fleck)	Discussion
12:29	Giorgi	
12:29	Friedrich	
12:29	Giorgi	



12:29	Giorgi	Vote on HB 313, Bill Passed
12:30	O'Brien	House Bill 335, Third Reading
12:30	Giorgi	
12:30	Keller	Explains Bill
12:30	Giorgi	
12:30	Caldwell	Question
12:31	Giorgi	
12:31	Caldwell	Question asked
12:31	Keller	Answer
12:31	Caldwell	Discussion
12:31	Keller	"
12:32	Giorgi	
12:32	Kosinski	Question
12:32	Giorgi	Yields
12:32	Kosinski	Question
12:32	Keller	
12:32	Kosinski	
12:32	Giorgi	Vote, Bill passed
12:33	O'Brien	House Bill 352, Third Reading
12:33	Giorgi	
12:33	Catania	Explains Bill
12:37	Giorgi	
12:37	Fleck	Discussion
12:39	Giorgi	
12:39	Chapman	
12:41	Giorgi	
12:41	Totten	
12:43	Giorgi	



12:43	Kosinski	Discussion
12:43	Catania	"
12:43	Kosinski	"
12:44	Catania	"
12:44	Kosinski	"
12:44	Giorgi	"
12:44	Borcher	"
12:45	Giorgi	
12:45	DiPrima	Moves Previous Question
12:45	Giorgi	
12:45	Catania	To Close
12:46	Giorgi	Vote
12:46	Dyer	Explain vote
12:47	Giorgi	
12:47	Totten	Explain vote
12:47	Giorgi	
12:47	Totten	
12:48	Giorgi	Bill Passed
12:48	Skinner	
12:49	Giorgi	
12:49	O'Brien	House Bill 353, Third Reading
12:49	Giorgi	
12:49	Byers	Explain Bill
12:49	Giorgi	Vote, Bill passed
12:50	O'Brien	House Bill 371, Third Reading
12:50	Giorgi	
12:50	Hirschfeld	Explain Bill
12:51	Giorgi	Vote, Bill Passed





12:51	O'Brien	House Bill 420, Third Reading
12:52	Giorgi	
12:52	Mugalian	Explains Bill
12:52	Giorgi	
12:52	Houlihan	Question
12:52	Giorgi	Yields
12:53	Houlihan)	Question asked
12:53	Mugalian)	Discussion
12:55	Giorgi	
12:55	Satterwaithe	No copy of HB 420
12:55	Giorgi	Checking to see if it is published Take the Bill out of record
12:56	Washington	
12:56	Giorgi	
12:56	Washington	
12:56	Giorgi	
12:56	Washington	
12:57	Giorgi	
12:57	Washington	
12:57	Giorgi	House Bills Second Reading
12:57	O'Brien	House Bill 158, Second Reading
12:58	Giorgi	
12:58	O'Brien	House Bill 192, Second Reading
12:58	Giorgi	
12:58	O'Brien	House Bill 91, Second Reading
12:58	Giorgi	
12:58	O'Brien	House Bill 186, Second Reading
12:59	Giorgi	



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

STATE OF ILLINOIS  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

12:59	O'Brien	House Bill 190, Second Reading
12:59	Giorgi	
12:59	O'Brien	House Bill 307, Second Reading
12:59	Giorgi	Leave of the House
13:00	O'Brien	House Bill 47, Third Reading
13:00	Giorgi	
13:00	Maragos	
13:00	Giorgi	
13:00	Maragos	
13:00	Giorgi	
13:00	Grotberg	Explains Bill
13:02	Giorgi	
13:02	Jaffe	Question
13:02	Giorgi	Yields
13:02	Jaffe)	Question
13:02	Grotberg)	Discussion
13:04	Giorgi	
13:04	Matijeovich	
13:06	Giorgi	
13:06	Shea)	Discussion and Questions
13:06	Grotberg)	Discussion
13:07	SPEAKER REDMOND IN THE CHAIR	
13:07	Shea)	Discussion continued
13:07	Grotberg)	"
13:08	Speaker Redmond	Take out of record
13:08	Grotberg	Take out of record
13:08	Speaker Redmond	
13:08	Grotberg	



13:08	Speaker Redmond	
13:08	Grotberg	
13:08	Speaker Redmond	
13:08	Grotberg	
13:08	Speaker Redmond	
13:08	O'Brien	House Bill 50, Third Reading
13:09	Speaker Redmond	
13:09	Grotberg	Explain Bill
13:09	Speaker Redmond	
13:10	Greiman)	Any amendments?
13:10	Grotberg)	Discussion
13:10	Speaker Redmond	
13:10	Shea	
13:10	Grotberg)	Discussion
13:11	Shea)	Discussion
13:11		
13:11	Speaker Redmond	Take out of record Agreed Resolutions
13:12	O'Brien	Reading of Resolutions
13:12	Speaker Redmond	
13:12	Madigan	House Resolutions 93 and 113
13:13	Speaker Redmond	Resolutions adopted
13:13	Tipsword	Senate Bill 17, Waive rule on Bill
13:13	Speaker Redmond	
13:13	Tipsword	
13:13	Speaker Redmond	
13:13	Matijevich	
13:13	Speaker Redmond	



13:13	Matijevich	
13:14	Speaker Redmond	Senate Bill 17
13:14	Houlihan	
13:14	Tipsword	Explanation of Bill
13:15	Speaker Redmond	
13:15	Tipsword	Moved to suspend rules
13:15	Speaker Redmond	Vote
13:16	Tipsword	
13:17	Speaker Redmond	Motion passed
13:17	Speaker Redmond	Order of Business; Constitutional Amendment Resolution #14
13:17	O'Brien	C A R #17
13:18	Speaker Redmond	Committee on Assignment of Bills
13:18	Shea	Move to adjourn
13:19	Speaker Redmond	
13:19	Huff	Second Motion
13:19	Speaker Redmond	
13:19	Chapman	Announcement
13:19	Speaker Redmond	
13:19	Londrigan	Announcement
13:20	Speaker Redmond	
13:20	Pierce	Announcement
13:20	Speaker Redmond	
13:20	Fary	Announcement
13:21	Speaker Redmond	
13:21	Matijevich	Announcement
13:21	Speaker Redmond	
13:21	Mann	Announcement



13:21 Speaker Redmond  
13:21 Walsh Inquiry  
13:22 Speaker Redmond  
13:22 Matijevich  
13:22 Walsh  
13:22 Matijevich  
13:22 Speaker Redmond  
13:22 Lechowicz  
13:22 Speaker Redmond  
13:22 Tipsword Announcement  
13:23 ? (Shea?)  
13:23 Speaker Redmond Adjourned  
13:23 Speaker Redmond Thanks Giorgi

