

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEVENTY-EIGHTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

FIFTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATIVE DAY

MAY 18, 1973

9:30 O'CLOCK A.M.

THE HONORABLE W. ROBERT BLAIR, SPEAKER

IN THE CHAIR



GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STATE OF ILLINOIS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A Roll Call for attendance was taken and indicated that all were present with the exception of the following:

Representative Peter C. Granata - illness;

Representative John C. Hirschfeld - no reason given;

Representative Aaron Jaffe - illness in family;

Representative William J. Laurino - illness in family;

Representative Virginia B. Macdonald - no reason given;

Representative Joseph P. McGah - no reason given;

Representative Vincent E. Molloy - death in family.



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

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1.

Speaker Blair: "The House will be in session. The invocation will be by Dr. Johnson."

Dr. Johnson: "We are grateful this morning, our Oh gracious God, for all who in this nation and State have provided words and actions which have set before us an example worthy of our attention. But as we thank You for them, we express to You also our gratitude for the living, for those comrades and friends whose confidence, advice and compassion have both supported and encouraged us in our work. Above all, we thank You for Your continuing presence in our midst when we have harmed ourselves or when we have harmed others by intemperate action or when we dishonor You by failing to glorify You in all we undertake. And keep us in Your grace, support us by Your power, hold us in Your friendship and by Your spirit enable us to heal and demonstrate qualities of compassion with one another. Smile Your benediction upon us this day as we pray for Your mercy. Amen."

Speaker Blair: "Roll Call for attendance. Messages from the Senate."

Fred Selcke: "A message from the Senate by Mr. Fernandez, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate concurs with the House in the adoption of the following preamble and Joint Resolution, House Joint Resolution #48, concurred in by the Senate May 17, 1973, Edward E. Fernandez, Secretary. Mr. Speaker, I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate passed the Bills of the following title and the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House. Senate Bill 187, 336 and 416 passed the Senate May 17, 1973, Edward E. Fernandez, Secretary."

Speaker Blair: "Committee Reports."

Fred Selcke: "Mr. Tuerk from Industrial Affairs to which House Bills 1083, 1268, 1365, 1366, 1652 were referred



reported the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Tuerk from Industrial Affairs to which House Bill 1438 was referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bill as amended do pass. Mr. Tuerk from Industrial Affairs to which House Bills 1629 and 1630 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do not pass. Mr. McAvoy from Banks and Savings and Loans to which House Bill 852 was referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bill be passed and be re-referred to Appropriations. Mr. McAvoy from Banks and Savings and Loans to which House Bills 1199 and 1216 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass. Mr. McAvoy from Banks and Savings and Loans to which House Bill 1215 and 1893 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Capuzi from Human Resources to which House Bills 981, 1451, 1495, 1725, 1910 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass. Mr. Capuzi from Human Resources to which House Bills 1293, 1353, 1411, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1464, 1533, 1555, 1618, 1755, 1760, 1780 and 1818 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Capuzi, Human Resources to which House Bills 1294 and 1761 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass and be re-referred to Appropriations. Mr. Capuzi from Human Resources to which House Bill 1463 was referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do not pass. Mr. Capuzi, Human Resources to which House Resolution 265 was referred reported the same back with the following Amendment and recommend



the Resolution be adopted as amended. Mr. Epton from Insurance to which House Bills 1011, 1017, 1332 and 1517 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass. Mr. Epton from Insurance to which House Bills 1482, 1483 and 1824 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do not pass. Mr. Epton from Insurance to which House Bills 1601 and 1762 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Randolph from Revenue to which House Bills 1081, 1097, 1245, 1246, 1253, 1357, 1360, 1588 and 1650 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass. Mr. Randolph from Revenue to which House Bills 1200 and 1351 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do not pass. Mr. Randolph from Revenue to which House Bills 1410, 1415, 1507, 1541, 1556, 1766 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Randolph from Revenue to which House Bill 1698 were referred, was referred, reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bill do pass. Mr. Neff from Transportation to which House Bill 1095 and 1234 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Neff from Transportation to which House Bill 1125 was referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bill as amended do pass. Mr. Neff from Transportation to which House Bills 1181 and 1795 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass. Mr. Neff from Transportation to which House Bills 1242 and 1270 were referred reports the same back with



Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass. Mr. Neff from Transportation to which House Bills 1586 and 1730 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass and be re-referred to Appropriations. Mr. Neff from Transportation to which House Bills 1593, 1709, 1731 were referred reports the same back with the recommendation that the Bills do pass and be re-referred to Appropriations. Mr. McAvoy from Banks and Savings and Loans to which House Bills 851 and 1032 were referred reports the same back with Amendments thereto with the recommendation that the Amendments be adopted and the Bills as amended do pass."

Speaker Blair: "Introduction First Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 1942, Matijeovich, appropriates \$120,000 to the Health Care Commission, First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1943, Choate et al. appropriates \$2,000,000 to the Shawnee Regional Park District, First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1944, Polk, Blair, et al appropriates \$70,000 to the Secretary of State, First Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1945, Caldwell and Washington, policy numbers the Game Act, First Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Blair: "Agreed Resolutions."

Fred Selcke: "House Resolution 314, Choate et al. House Resolution 315, Madigan et al. House Resolution 318, Gene Hoffman."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. William Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, these are the Agreed Resolutions. Resolutions 314 congratulates our colleague Aaron Jaffe on his 43rd birthday and Representative Schneider will sing to him when he comes in. House Resolution 315 commends the honorable Frank E. Sevicts on his elevation to



15th Ward Regular Democratic Committeeman and House Resolution 318 introduced by Representative Gene Hoffman commends Ms. Dorothy Wilkins, educator for her service to the schools and people of Elmhurst and I move the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions."

Speaker Blair: "Any discussion on the adoption of the Agreed Resolutions? All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it. The Agreed Resolutions are adopted. The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Walsh, you want to indicate to the journal persons absent because of illness."

Walsh: "Yes, Representative Granada is absent because of illness, Representative Molloy is absent because of a death in his family and Representative Aaron Jaffe is absent because of illness in his family."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Union, Mr. Choate."

Choate: "Inasmuch as the distinguished Majority Leader has excused one of my Members let me excuse the other one that legitimately is at home because of a serious illness of his mother, Representative Laurino."

Speaker Blair: "The Parliamentarian advises me that the new House rule, the old House rules but with all of the latest revisions in them are on your desks this morning so don't throw them away. Put them in your desk drawer. O.K. Consent Calendar. The Gentleman from Union, Mr. Choate."

Choate: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to avail myself of one minor change in the rules and that is for purpose of introductions because we do have a distinguished lady of State in the gallery today, the wife of the first controller of the State of Illinois, Mrs. Lindberg and their two charming children."

Speaker Blair: "Consent Calendar. Second Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 841, an Act in relation to meetings, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 937, an Act to amend the School Code, Second Reading of the Bill."



House Bill 973, an Act to amend the School Code, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1082, an Act to revise the law in relation to plats, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1134, a Bill for an Act to designate the Joliet Marquette Trail, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1204, an Act to amend the Environmental Protection Act, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1218, an Act to amend the School Code, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1240, an Act to amend the Park District Code, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1462, an Act to amend the Election Code, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1501, an Act to authorize the Director of the Department of Transportation to make an examination in Oval Creek, St. Clair, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1624, an Act to amend the School Code, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1625, an Act to amend the School Code, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1672, an Act to authorize the Department of Children and Family Services to convey certain lands in Wilmington, Illinois, Second Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1836, an Act to amend the Election Code, Second Reading of the Bill. Consent Calendar Second Reading."

Speaker Blair: "Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 865, a Bill for an Act to amend the Juvenile Court Act, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1062, a Bill for an Act to amend the Vehicle Code, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1086, an Act to amend the Unified Code of Corrections, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1087, an Act to amend the Juvenile Court Act, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1088, an Act to amend the Criminal Code, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1089, an Act to amend Section 5 of an Act paying the Department of Children and Family Services, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1104, an Act to amend the Workman's Compensation



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Act, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1247, an Act to amend the Illinois Insurance Code, Third Reading of the Bill. House Bill 1631, an Act to amend the Unemployment Compensation Act, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. William Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker, I move that the Consent Calendar be advanced. I move that the Bills on the Consent Calendar be passed."

Speaker Blair: "All right. Now, is there discussion? The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Richard Walsh."

Walsh: "Mr. Speaker, I would like to be recorded 'aye' on all Bills with the exception of House Bill 1247."

Speaker Blair: "All right. Is there discussion? Any questions anyone wants to ask concerning the Bill? All right, the question then is, shall these Bills pass. All those in favor will vote 'aye' and the opposed 'no'. Have all voted who wish? The Clerk will take the record. On each of these questions there are 121 'ayes', no 'nays'. Each of these Bills having received the Constitutional Majority are hereby declared passed. Would the House Sponsors of the Senate Bills on First Reading please come down and advise the Clerk of that fact so that we can read those Bills? House Bills Second Reading on the priority of call."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 709, Harold Washington, out of the record. House Bill 602, Barnes, out of the record. House Bill 966, Telcser, a Bill for an Act in relation to acquisition of open space and recreational land, Second Reading of the Bill, two Committee Amendments. Amendment #1 to amend House Bill 966 on page 2 by deleting all of lines 5 through 9 and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Telcser."

Telcser: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment #1 to House Bill 966 simply allows local government to take some private money as their share



of the match with the State funds. It was a Committee Amendment and I move for its adoption."

Speaker Blair: "Is there discussion? The question is, shall Committee Amendment #1 be adopted. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment is adopted. Are there further Amendments?"

Fred Selcke: "Amendment #2 to amend House Bill 966 on page 4 after line 6 by adding the following and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Telcser."

Telcser: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment #2 to House Bill 966 simply mandates the Department of Conservation to issue progress reports relative to the implementation and development of this Act to be filed with the Appropriations Committee of both the House and the Senate. It was a Committee Amendment and I move for its adoption."

Speaker Blair: "Is there discussion? The question is, shall Committee Amendment #2 be adopted. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment is adopted. Are there further Amendments? The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 601, Krause, an Act to make an appropriation to the St. Louis Metropolitan Area Airport Authority, Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment to amend House Bill 601 on page 1 and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from St. Clair, Mr. Krause."

Krause: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, this is a Committee Amendment. It lowers the appropriation by \$3,350 and I move for the adoption of the Committee Amendment."

Speaker Blair: "The question is, shall Committee Amendment #1 be adopted. Discussion? All those in favor say



'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment #1 is adopted. Are there further Amendments? The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading. Is Mr. Boyle here?"

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 978, Matijevich, a Bill for an Act to regulate trade of drugs and devices by prohibiting the dispensing of drugs or devices and so forth, Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Blair: "Are there any Amendments from the floor?"

Fred Selcke: "Amendment #1, Matijevich, amends House Bill 978 on page 3 and so forth."

Matijevich: "Mr. Speaker, Members of the House, this Amendment was suggested in Committee and I had it drafted. It does treat things that make, one, spelling corrections, two, it provides a further exemption for medical practitioners where there is an insertion type of device and three, it adds a provision that was in a companion Bill, House 979 that the Committee should, thought should have been in House Bill 978. I move for the adoption of Amendment #1 to House Bill 978."

Speaker Blair: "Is there discussion? All right, the question is, shall Amendment #1 be adopted. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Amendment #1 is adopted. Are there further Amendments? The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 1121, Fennessey, a Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Vehicle Code, Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment to amend House Bill 1121 on page 1, line 1 by deleting Section 3 and in lieu thereof Sections 1-201 and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from LaSalle, Mr. Fennessey."

Fennessey: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, Mr. Neff, Representative Neff has an Amendment he wants to offer to this Bill."

Speaker Blair: "The first thing is the Committee Amendment



#1, Mr. Fennessey."

Fennessey: "I move for the adoption of Committee Amendment #1."

Speaker Blair: "All right, the question is, the question is, shall Committee Amendment #1 be adopted. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment #1 is adopted. Are there further Amendments?"

Fred Selcke: "Amendment #2, Neff, amends House Bill 1121 on page 1, line 12 by inserting immediately before the period the words and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Henderson, Mr. Neff."

Neff: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, Amendment #2 is an Amendment on Mr. Fennessey's Bill. I have talked to Mr. Fennessey and he is agreeable on this. Also the Motor Vehicle Laws Commission approves this Amendment and it would lengthen up to 48 feet in extreme overhaul dimensions on a semi trailer used to haul implements of husbandry, which is farm machinery."

Speaker Blair: "Is there discussion? The question is, shall Amendment #2 be adopted. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Amendment is adopted. Are there further Amendments? The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 482, Philip, a Bill for an Act to amend Section 3.3 of an Act concerning fees and salaries, Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Blair: "Are there any Amendments from the floor? The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 671, Kosinski, out of the record."

Speaker Blair: "Mr. Kosinski is on the floor. Mr. Kosinski, do you want your Bill called? On Second Reading, 671."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 671, an Act to amend Section 4 of an Act in relation to compensation to Members of the General Assembly, Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment to amend House Bill 671 on page 1, line 15 by adding immediately after the word equipment



the following and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Chairman, may I move that Committee Amendment #1 be tabled and Committee Amendment #2 be substituted to clean up the language of the Amendment."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman moves that Committee Amendment #1 be tabled. Is there discussion? The question is on the Gentleman's motion to table Committee Amendment #1. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Committee Amendment #1 is tabled."

Fred Selcke: "Amendment #2, Kosinski, amends House Bill 671 on page 1, line 15 and so forth."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Kosinski."

Kosinski: "Mr. Chairman, may I move we adopt Committee Amendment #2."

Speaker Blair: "Is there discussion? The question is shall Committee Amendment #2 be adopted. All those in favor say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and Amendment #2 is adopted. Are there further Amendments? The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 699, Katz, a Bill for an Act to amend Section 38 of the Environmental Protection Act, Second Reading of the Bill. No Committee Amendments."

Speaker Blair: "Are there any Amendments from the floor?"

The Bill is advanced to the order of Third Reading."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill..."

Speaker Blair: "For what purpose does the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Katz, arise?"

Katz: "To request that the Bill be held on the calendar on Second Reading for one more legislative day, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Blair: "That's in reference to House Bill 699?"

Katz: "Yes, Mr. Speaker."

Speaker Blair: "All right. Take it out of the record."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 701, Katz, out of the record."

House Bill 738, Ralph Dunn, a Bill for an Act to amend



Section 1 of an Act to revise the law in relation to coroners, Second Reading of the Bill. One Committee Amendment to amend House Bill 738, line 16 by deleting shall and inserting in lieu thereof may."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Perry, Representative Dunn."

Dunn: "Mr. Speaker, I think there is a second Amendment to that, a home rule Amendment. I move that Amendment #1 to Bill 783..."

Speaker Blair: "Is there any discussion? The Gentleman has asked to move the adoption of Amendment #1 to House Bill 738. All in favor of adoption signify by saying 'aye', the opposed 'no'. The Amendment is adopted. Are there further Amendments?"

Fred Selcke: "Amendment #2, Washington, amends House Bill 738 on page 1 by adding immediately after line 19 the following. This amendatory Act of 1973 does not apply to any county which is a home rule unit."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Harold Washington."

Washington: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I have spoken to Representative Dunn on this Amendment and he agrees with it and I move its adoption."

Speaker Blair: "Any discussion? The Gentleman has asked to moved the adoption of Amendment #2 to House Bill 738. All in favor of adoption signify by saying 'aye', the opposed 'no'. The Amendment is adopted. Are there further Amendments? House Bills Third Reading. House Bill 349."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 349, Londrigan, a Bill for an Act to amend the Illinois Income Tax Act, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Sangamon, Representative Londrigan."

Londrigan: "Now, Mr. Speaker, this Bill has been held, its been in the order for two weeks. It was originally to



be called two weeks ago. The Speaker agreed with me that he would call this very important Bill on the sales tax at a fair time when the whole House could be here so that all of us would have a fair opportunity to vote on this most important Bill and I would suggest at this time that we keep to that agreement and that this be off the Call until all of us be present next week."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative William Walsh."

Walsh: "Is the Gentleman saying that he is being treated unfairly, that this is a worse time than some other time for calling this Bill?"

Londrigan: "I am trying to be a very nice fellow. I have made no accusations. I think the facts speak for themselves. I am just asking you some consideration for all the people in the State and all of us fellow legislators to call this at a time when everybody will be present."

Speaker Blair: "You wish to take it out of the record, is that right, sir?"

Londrigan: "I wish you to do so and if you do not do so I will be forced to do so."

Speaker Blair: "Well, you are the principal Sponsor, sir. Whatever you wish to do..."

Londrigan: "Well, you have called the Bill. If you called it you can take it off."

Speaker Blair: "So you are asking me to take it out of the record, sir?"

Londrigan: "My advice is since you called it for you to take it out. I am asking you to take it out of the record."

Speaker Blair: "Well, thank you, we will take it out of the record. O.K., House Bill 430."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 430, Bradley."

Speaker Blair: "Take it out of the record."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 448, Hanahan, an Act relating to



the right of teachers and other educational workers to join unions, Third Reading of the Bill."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from McHenry, Representative Hanahan."

Hanahan: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, House Bill 448 is a very simple, permissive type of Bill that would allow teachers to join any kind of organization without any type of recrimination. It is not what I would consider a collective bargaining Bill in the true sense of the word. It is a Bill that would allow a prohibition, school boards to discriminate because a group of teachers or a teacher decides to join whether it be Illinois Education Association Affiliations or any other type of affiliations or American Federation of Teacher Affiliations. What it does is it gives a permission that is already granted under the court decision of the Harrington decision in the Cook, Chicago Board versus Chicago Teachers Union granted about ten years ago, eight years ago. I suggest it is a good Bill, it is urged by adoption by both the IEA and the AFT and I urge a favorable Roll Call."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Schlickman."

Schlickman: "Would the Sponsor yield for a couple of questions?"

Speaker Blair: "He indicates he will."

Schlickman: "Representative, is there a no strike provision? Is there a no strike provision?"

Hanahan: "I believe that decision has been already by the court concerning education workers. I don't have that in here. All we are doing is allowing to join whatever they want. It is not a true collective bargaining Bill in that sense."

Schlickman: "There is no no strike provision."

Hanahan: "Right."

Schlickman: "All right, does this Bill have the support of



the Illinois Education Association?"

Hanahan: "I believe it does, right."

Schlickman: "You believe it does?"

Hanahan: "Right. I have no knowledge to the opposite. They have supported the concept in the past. I have no knowledge that they oppose it right now."

Schlickman: "Was the IEA in the Committee testifying in support of the Bill?"

Hanahan: "No, the IEA did not and neither did the FT. I just know of personal responses to the question that the IEA has not opposed this Bill in the past and I suggested the Bill before them as well as the FT."

Schlickman: "Is this a Bill similar to one introduced previously?"

Hanahan: "Pardon me?"

Schlickman: "Is this a Bill similar to one introduced previously?"

Hanahan: "Yes, this is, Representative Houlihan has handled this Bill many times over the years."

Schlickman: "Thank you."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from DuPage, Representative Hudson."

Hudson: "Would the Sponsor yield to a question?"

Speaker Blair: "He indicates he will."

Hudson: "Tom, an inquiry here, you have indicated, this is I think in your words is not a collective bargaining Bill as such but it, in other words, getting into the union business with the teachers. Does it provide for what we would think of as a union shop, in other words, would it, that isn't in it? In other words, it doesn't..."

Hanahan: "No, this is very honestly, this is not, though some people have coined it as a collective bargaining Bill, it is not a collective bargaining Bill. It does not get into any questions of representation, elections, it doesn't get into union security, it doesn't get into



strikes. All this Bill does is allow a teacher to join an organization without recrimination. That's all it does. He could join the IEA, the AFT or the Moose or the Elks or whoever else he wants to belong to and the Board can't say because you joined this organization you will now be severed or you will now have some punishment or something like that."

Hudson: "This is then on a permissive basis. It is not a mandatory thing."

Hanahan: "It permits if somebody wants to join an organization they may."

Hudson: "Thank you."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Peoria, Representative Tuerk. Fred, one second, please. Someone just brought up a set of keys to the podium. It's got an Abraham Lincoln coin key chain and it was left on Representative Maragos' desk. If you want to all check your keys. If they belong to you come up to the podium and pick them up. Representative Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, would the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Blair: "He indicates he will."

Tuerk: "You have mentioned the fact that this is permissive. Why, then, do we need it? Don't the teachers now have that permissive right to bargain with the various boards?"

Hanahan: "You would think that in the year 1973 this would be true but it isn't true. There are some cases of teachers being discriminated in hiring, assignment, promotion or transfers because they participated in some activity of joining the organization whatever the name of the organization would be. We have documented records of this type of discrimination, this type of hampering of a teacher's right to join any organization. That's the reason why we need the Bill."

Tuerk: "Well, would you cite a few examples so that we all



have the benefit of your expertise?"

Hanahan: "Well, the examples are especially in the area of Kankakee and especially in the areas of Lockport, Joliet area where teachers have been discriminated because they did, you know exert some effort to join or assist organizing of other teachers and were demoted, were transferred and had some other, you know, adverse penalty given to them because they wanted to belong to an organization of their choosing."

Tuerk: "Well, if you remember in Committee you concentrated on the fact that this was permissive legislation and yet if you look to the Bill, line 6 & 7, it says shall have the right. Now my experience down here has been whenever you use the term shall that's a mandate. Is that correct?"

Hanahan: "It's a mandate that the teachers shall have the right. It doesn't make the school board, mandate the school board that they shall assist. It just says the teachers shall have the right to join. I think you would want the right to join the Moose or the Elks or anyone else like that and this Bill only says that the teachers shall have that right to join whatever organization he chooses."

Tuerk: "Is this a union shop situation?"

Hanahan: "No, this isn't and once again this is not a collective bargaining Bill in that sense of the word. It doesn't get into the area of union shops, it doesn't get into the area of representation, it doesn't get into any of those kind of questions of collective bargaining."

Tuerk: "Well, Mr. Speaker..."

Hanahan: "This is really an individual, if Ray Hudson was listening, this is what you would call a right of an individual to join or not to join an organization without any discrimination."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, may I speak on the Bill?"



Speaker Blair: "Proceed, sir."

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, in Committee I cited an example of our own situation in Peoria where there is no recognized bargaining unit and yet, the teachers groups and the school boards sit down and actually negotiate a contract and I say that the teachers now have the right to sit down with the school board and the various administrative people to negotiate a contract and therefore, I think this is an unnecessary piece of legislation and I would suggest you vote 'no'."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Macon, Representative Borchers."

Borchers: "Mr. Speaker and fellow Members of the House, I would like to ask a question if I may."

Speaker Blair: "He indicates he will yield."

Borchers: "It says employees, let's see now, employees of public educational institutions, that's one of the questions and I have another. I would like to know if that includes all kinds of educational institutions in the State of Illinois, universities, junior colleges, elementary schools, etc. That's number one question. Number two, I see it says here may bargain collectively with employees on salaries, hours, working conditions and other agreed matters. I would like to have an explanation if the teachers or the people that belong to these unions have a right to have these various right for the school board or a university board board of trustees, if that means the University Board of Trustees if they come under this or the school board, the school board would have to bargain with them."

Hanahan: "Well, I would suggest, sir, if you read the Bill and understood the Bill, first of all, there is no guarantee that any bargaining would take place. We are talking about giving teachers the opportunity to join an organization without discrimination or without penalty they joined an organization which has nothing



whatsoever to do with bargaining, striking or anything like that. It is strictly a permissive Bill to allow an American citizen who happens to be enjoying the privilege of being a teacher to join an organization of his choosing without penalty. That's all the Bill does. It doesn't have any hidden meanings. If you want to talk about people's rights and especially what I have heard so often concerning people whether they want a right to refrain to join, this also gives the right of a teacher to refrain from joining because no person or organization shall interfere with the right of teachers and other employees of public educational institutions and agencies to engage in lawful activities of unions or associations of employees. This also grants the right of not joining. There is no way you could mandate a teacher to join. All we are saying in this day and age is that by law teachers should have a right to join organizations of their choosing. What they do after they are in the organization would have to be brought about by laws such as House Bill 3 or other collective bargaining laws that someday we will have to come to grips with. But this Bill just gives them, grants them a right of their choosing to join an organization that they would like to join."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Representative Palmer."

Palmer: "Will the Sponsor yield for a question?"

Speaker Blair: "He indicates he will."

Palmer: "Tom, was Section 3 amended out of this Act?"

Hanahan: "Section 3 was amended in. It's the strike breaker clause that this House adopted with a vote of 122-0. All it does is if there is a labor dispute that somebody else can't come in and cross lines to come in and take the place of teachers that have a work stoppage."

Palmer: "Would this prohibit school boards superintendents



from hiring substitute teachers?"

Hanahan: "I don't know if it would go that far. No, I don't believe it would stop substitute teachers. I think what it would do, it would stop people who are not employed, you know, at a school district, who are not part of the employment rolls to be engaged in employment after an authorized strike or work stoppage or I believe the IEA calls it some other name when teachers don't work, at that time, new people would be hired to take the places of those who are on a work stoppage."

Palmer: "Well, can it be amended at some point to make certain that the school doors can stay open?"

Hanahan: "I didn't..."

Palmer: "Well, let me ask you this. I think under the Constitution the State has a duty to keep the schools open, not only to keep them open but to support the schools. The question then is whether or not we are talking about the teachers or teachers and all other teaching, all other supportive personnel."

Hanahan: "I think we have a Supreme Court case on that. The Redding case clearly elicited the fact that the, those in the teaching profession or related to agencies of teaching such as janitors in a school cannot strike because what happens in that case it negates the Constitutional provision that we must have a free school system, common school system. So with that Supreme Court decision on the books and everyone recognizing it, I don't believe we are going to authorize strikes by this Bill."

Speaker Blair: "The Gentleman from Will, Representative Leinenweber."

Leinenweber: "Will the Gentleman yield for another question?"

Speaker Blair: "He indicates he will."

Leinenweber: "All right, what disturbs me is I understand in the State of Illinois there is no statute concerning the right of teachers to strike but the common law



has held that teachers do not have the right to strike. Now, assume a strike takes place and a court enjoins the strike from continuing but the teaching force refused to go back to work would this Bill prohibit the Board of Education from firing the teachers from violating their contracts and hiring replacements?"

Hanahan: "I don't really interpret the wording the same as you are, sir. The Redding decision that has been on the books since 1965 which is the school janitors in a small school district that were enjoined from striking is still the law of Illinois as long as we have nothing to the contrary. This Bill does nothing to set aside that decision. What it does is prohibit strike breakers from coming upon a job site, new people being employed in that Section 3. It has nothing to do with people who want to work crossing the picket lines or those who are employed and giving, taking away some rights of the School Board. I don't go into that area of true collective bargaining with the union shop and the rest of the provisions that were in House Bill 3. This simply allows teachers to join organizations they want and it stops the employers that if they have joined an organization from employing strike breakers to take their place. This is a very simple thing. I don't know how you voted on House Bill 311 but House Bill 311 received 122 votes to 2, 1 'present' I believe just a few months ago in this House that did the same thing for all employment."

Leinenweber: "I still don't understand why, let me make sure I understand properly, then. If a teacher is fired because of refusing to work after a court injunction then he can be replaced."

Hanahan: "Off the employment roll, right."

Miller: "The Gentleman from Winnebago, Mr. North."

North: "Would Representative Hanahan yield to a question?"

Miller: "Proceed, sir."



North: "Tom, I noticed in here that binding arbitration under the Uniform Arbitration Act. Could you explain who would be the arbitrary under that particular Act?"

Hanahan: "The Uniform Arbitration Act is in the statute books. It allows for the selection of arbitrtors in awards. Once again, this Bill only allows it. It does not mandate it. It does not say that School Boards have to agree to arbitration. It just sets down some statutory language that School Boards and teachers, if they have a collective bargaining agreement may then go into arbitration. It doesn't mandate it."

North: "It does not mandate arbitration if the Board should get involved..."

Hanahan: "The word on line 20 says 'May' provide for final and binding arbitration. That 'May' includes that both have to agree, the School Board and the employees' representatives would have to agree to it and believe me, in a school situation, it is very difficult to ask for binding arbitration."

North: "The decision still rests with the Board to get involved on this."

Hanahan: "Absolutely. It doesn't change that word. The word 'May' is in there for that specific reason."

North: "Thank you."

Hanahan: "I would just like to point out sometimes the School Board wants to get off the hook in a given locality and in their particular case they would be allowed to seek binding arbitration."

Miller: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Totten."

Totten: "Mr. Speaker, would the Sponsor yield for a question? Representative, does this in any way force teachers to join unions?"

Hanahan: "No, it strictly allows them to if they so choose. In no way, in fact this is a real freedom of choice type of Bill where a teacher can refrain from joining or may join. It's strictly a permissive Bill in that



area."

Totten: "And they may or may not join, then."

Hanahan: "They may refrain and nobody could force them, not the union, not the organizations or anyone could mandate them to join a, not only union but this Bill is for organizations."

Totten: "Like the IEA and..."

Hanahan: "Like the IEA and all other organizations that may be, local, in McHenry we don't have IEA of AFT we have associations of local school teachers that are not affiliated with either and this Bill, if passed into law, would allow the teachers to join that organization without any kind of economic penalty because they so chose."

Totten: "I am rather surprised that this line of legislation is needed because it appears to me that this is rather a conflict. This appears to me to be a, somewhat of a right to work Bill and I would be willing to sponsor this if you would amend it to extend it to all industry throughout the State and then what you are saying would be in concert in this Bill for everything throughout the State and I would be willing to vote for it if you would amend it in that fashion."

Hanahan: "I would suggest that this Bill is not a right to work Bill. It does allow people to join organizations of their choosing and I agree with you, in 1973 you wouldn't think that people have penalties because they decided to join an organization to better themselves but this is not the case in the teaching profession. There are penalties being awarded teachers for joining organizations that School Board members do not want them to join and this Bill would prohibit the School Board from penalizing these teachers."

Miller: "All right, the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Lechowicz."

Lechowicz: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I move the previous question."



Miller: "O.K. The Gentleman has moved the previous question. All those in favor please say 'aye', opposed 'nay'. The 'ayes' have it and the Gentleman's motion is passed. Now we return to the Gentleman from McHenry, Mr. Hanahan, to close the debate."

Hanahan: "Yes, Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I know sometimes when I handle a Bill we get an automatic knee jerk from people who fear that it's just a total bad labor Bill. This Bill is not truly in the sense a labor Bill. It's a Bill to allow teachers or other employees of tax supported public educational institutions to join organizations or associations of their choosing and that's all the Bill does in connection to the area of people's rights. I don't really think that in many areas of the State we need this legislation but in a few isolated areas where people today still are subjected to some type of penalty for joining organizations they need this law. The Bill does nothing more than allow them, those employees of the educational institutions to choose freely, by themselves what organizations they want to join for whatever purposes they want to join that organization without recrimination. It's a good Bill. I suggest, we need 89 votes. I hope I get it. Thank you."

Miller: "The question is, shall House Bill 448 pass. All those in favor will vote 'aye' and opposed 'nay'. The Gentleman from Lake, Mr. Murphy."

Murphy: "Mr. Speaker, a parliamentary inquiry. This affects places where they appoint School Boards which hire the teachers so I would say it's interfering in home rule counties and I would like a ruling. Does this take 107 votes?"

Miller: "May the Chair ask Mr. Hanahan a question? Does this Bill include all school districts in the State of Illinois including Cook county?"

Hanahan: "Mr. Speaker, I suggest that this Bill does not



affect home rule units as such. It affects School Boards which are not classified as home rule units to my judgment."

Miller: "The parliamentarian advises that this in no way affects a home rule unit under this Constitution. That being the case it would take 89 votes. Mr. Murphy, the Gentleman from Lake."

Murphy: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Tom, you know, has become a great constitutional man so I just wanted him to be correct, that's all."

Miller: "Is there further discussion? The Lady from Lake, Ms. Geo-Karis."

Geo-Karis: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, if teachers have the right to join unions which they already have this Bill is not needed. This Bill is another very clever device by its very cleverly written language to allow strikes and participation in activities that will mandate strikes and under the Illinois law, strikes are not allowed for school teachers because they do affect the public welfare. Therefore, I speak against the Bill."

Miller: "Have all voted who wish? The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Porter."

Porter: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, I would be delighted to support this Bill giving the right to join unions and to bargain collectively if it were not for the hooker that's in it and that is, that it prevents school districts from protecting themselves from illegal activity and the illegal activity is striking by teachers which is prohibited by law and therefore, I vote 'no'."

Miller: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Hyde."

Hyde: "Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Well, Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, it is probably foolish to even explain your vote when the Bill has 104 green lights up there and there will be a lot of flags in the next AFL-CIO



newsletter but I am telling you what you are doing when you vote for this Bill, you are authorizing for the first time in the Illinois legislative history the right to strike by school teachers because Section 3 uses the phrase authorized strike. Now I don't know who it's got to be authorized by but probably the union leader but not only are we giving legislative sanction to school teachers striking which is today not the law, but we are also going to make that strike real effective by prohibiting anybody from coming in to replace those striking school teachers. Now, if a department store's employees go on strike you can go to another department store to get your merchandise or your groceries. But when these school teachers go on strike and when the school boards can't hire replacements then the cause of your children's education must await the coercive settling of that labor dispute. Now, you are overturning what is the law in Illinois and that may be a good trade for a flag but not with my vote. Thank you."

Miller: "Is there further discussion? The Gentleman from DuPage, Mr. Hudson."

Hudson: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, if this Bill has presented, was merely and simply as presented, that is the right of a teacher to join or not to join a union, it might have some merit. But as has previously been stated, it goes far beyond that. It not only permits strikes but as was mentioned, it prohibits even legitimate replacements because any replacement of a teacher on strike, I think, could be considered under this Bill to be out of order and I am going to submit that if there is any real reason for this Bill at all it should be the continuity of educational service to the people who are footing the ever mounting tax bills in the State of Illinois for what they hope to be quality education



and I will suggest to you that under the provisions of this Bill this process can be drastically interrupted if not halted on occasion. I think that it will, in a sense, negate what we sit around here in the Legislature and try to do when we propose budgets that affect the educational area. We will have, under this Bill, we will have no assurance that what we set aside or what we provide for the educational field will be enough and it seems to me to be clearly taking away from our responsibilities as legislators to set the budget to act as responsible stewards of the public treasury in this regard and place it clearly in the hands of those powerful organizations should they develop who will then be in the position to affect the purse strings in this regard and how much is spent. I think it's a way around the Legislature and its legitimate responsibility to the public and one which the public is counting on us to provide. This is where I think the danger is in this Bill and I urge a 'no' vote. I vote 'no' and urge others to vote 'no'."

Miller: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Caldwell."

Caldwell: "Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, I think we have had enough debate on the subject. I think all of us know how we are going to vote. I move the previous question."

Miller: "This is explaining the vote, Mr. Caldwell. All right, now, the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Dunn."

Dunn: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I am really surprised at the number of green lights up there from Representatives from the city of Chicago. It seems to me they must be doing all of their communicating with the Chicago teachers and not the parents of those children that were home last year while the Chicago teachers were on strike and I think they are going to be sorry if they don't take those green lights



down. I urge a 'no' vote."

Miller: "The Gentleman from Logan, Mr. Lauer."

Lauer: "Mr. Speaker, this is one of my distinguished colleagues from McHenry's merely Bill. It merely does this and that and the other and you know, Tom, I am going to help you pass this Bill because this is a Bill which is going to come back and haunt us. The attempt to put an Amendment on this Bill which would have made it truly a good Bill and acceptable I think not only to the teachers but also to the School Boards and to the general population of this State was turned down by this House about two weeks ago. I am going to help you pass it because Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, by passing this Bill we are going to have to bite the bullet and the teachers are going to have to bite the bullet and decide, do you want tenure or do you want the right to collectively bargain. Quite frankly, I think that the right to collectively bargain, to join a union and be protected by a union, is a good thing. However, I would say if there are any teachers here that right now, you are seeing the thin edge of the wedge whereby tenure will be lost. It won't be lost, we won't take it away. The teachers, Mr. Speaker, will force the loss of tenure. I vote 'aye'."

Miller: "The Gentleman from Lake, Mr. Deuster."

Deuster: "Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentlemen of the House, looking at those green lights and wondering if there is anyone who has concern or love for the little children of Illinois he ought to consider what you are doing. If you have a little boy or a little girl of tender age in kindergarten or the lower grades, they are only there once. They only have an opportunity to be taught by their teachers once. They pass through this learning age, these tender years so quickly and what you are doing is you are killing the schools of



Illinois. You are making it absolutely impossible for your, for the little boys and girls of Illinois to be educated. If the teachers walk out the school is paralyzed. The school cannot bring in replacements and I believe in the constitutional right of teachers to strike and I have said this all over Lake county in my area, but I also believe in the right of mothers and fathers in schools of this State of ours to function and the right of our little children to be educated and if you have got a green light up there you are going to have a hard time facing the mothers and the fathers and the children and saying, I voted to deprive you of the most valuable thing you will ever have in life and that is the opportunity as a young child to be in the classroom and to learn so you can prepare yourself for life and I vote 'no' and I hope some of those green lights will flash off or maybe you can walk out into the corridor and let this bad, atrocious Bill go down to a defeat."

Miller: "Have all voted who wish? Take the record. On this question, there are 98 'ayes', 38 'nays', for what purpose does the Gentleman from Peoria, Mr. Tuerk, arise?"

Tuerk: "Mr. Speaker, at this point in time I hate to take the time of the House, but I would request a verification."

Miller: "The Gentleman from McHenry, Mr. Hanahan."

Hanahan: "I respectfully request a poll of the absentees."

Miller: "That request is in order. Will the Members please be in their seats? We will proceed first to the calling of the absentees. Mr. Clerk, proceed."

Fred Selcke: "Arnell, Bluthardt, Collins, Cunningham, Ewell, Granada, Griesheimer, Grotberg, Hart, Hirschfeld, Gene Hoffman, Jaffe, Katz, Keller, Kempiners, Kent, Kucharski, LaFleur, Laurino, Lundy, Macdonald, Mahar, McCormick, McCourt, McGah, Molloy, Murphy, Pierce,



Peters, Redmond, Ryan, Sangmeister, Sevcik, Steele, Washburn, J. J. Wolf...."

Miller: "Will you record Mr. Sangmeister as present. All right, the gentleman from Troy, Mr. Day has requested verification so Mr. Clerk, proceed to call the affirmative roll. Ah..just a moment, Mr. Kempiners for what purpose does the gentleman arise. The gentleman records is not voting. Vote the gentleman present."

Fred Selcke: "Alsup, ..."

Miller: " Ah, just a moment Mr. Clerk, record Mr.J. J. Wolf as present."

Fred Selcke: "Arrigo, Barnes, Barry, Beatty,Beaupre. Berman, Boyle, Bradley, Brandt, Brinkmeier, Brummet, Caldwell, Calvo, Capparelli, Capuzi, Carter, Catania, Chapman, Choate, Craig, Davis, Deavers, DiPrima, Douglas, Duff, Ralph Dunn, Ebbesen, Epton, Farley, Fary, Fennessey, Flinn, Garmisa, Getty, Gibbs, Giglio, Giorgi, Hanahan, Harpstrite, Geo-Karis, J. Holloway, R. Holloway, D. Houlihan, J. Houlihan, Jacobs, Emil Jones, Dave Jones, Kennedy, Kosinski, Kozubowski, Krause, Lauer, Lechowicz, Lemke, Leon, Londrigan, Madigan, Mann, Maragos, Martin, Matijevich, McAuliffe, McAvoey, McClain, McGrew, McLendon, McPartlin, Merlo, Mugalian, Nardulli, Pappas, Patrick, Polk, Randolph, Rayson, Schisler, Schneider, Schoeberlein, Schraeder, Sharp, Shea, I. Sims, Soderstrom, Stedelin, Stone, Taylor, Telcser, Terzich, Thompson, Tipsword, VonBoeckman, Wall, Washington, Williams, J. J. Wolf, Yourell..that's it."

Miller: "All right, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Peoria, Mr. Tuerk with respect to the verification to the "aye" vote. Just a moment, Mr. Lundy, how is Mr. Lundy recorded? The gentleman is recorded as not voting. Vote Mr. Lundy as "present". Now just a moment, the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Telcser, how is he recorded? At this point 97 "ayes" and 41 "nays", and a few as present here.



5 "present". All right, now record Mr. Grotberg as present, ahh..how is Mr. Giorgi.. just a minute Mr. Giorgi desires recognition, for what purpose, Sir?"

Giorgi: "For Parliamentary inquiry, Sir."

Miller: " Take your point."

Giorgi: "Could you make a ruling that once you go through the alphabet you can't come back to the early part of the alphabet as ...keeps coming up with names so all are not here for verification. Can't you make that as a ruling as the Speaker with the mighty gavel.Mr. Miller."

Miller: "Well, lets proceed, Mr. Giorgi. We want to get this over with as soon as we can, but, the Gentleman from Peoria, Mr. Tuerk."

Tuerk: "Representative Beatty, Mr. Beatty, he's in his seat, Brandt, Mr. Brandt is on his side of the aisle."

Miller: " Mr. Brinkmeier, is Mr. Brinkmeier in his seat? I don't see him in his seat, how is he recorded Mr. Clerk?"

Fred Selcke: " The gentleman is recorded as voting "aye".

Miller: "I don't see him on the floor, take him off the roll."

Tuerk: "Calvo."

Miller: "He's here."

Tuerk: "Pope."

Miller: "Mr. Pope, I don't see the gentleman in his seat is Mr. Pope on the floor? How is he recorded?"

Fred Selcke: "The gentleman is recorded as voting "aye".

Miller: "Remove his name from the Roll Call."

Tuerk: "Deavers."

Miller: "Is in his seat."

Tuerk: "Duff."

Miller: "Mr. Duff. I don't see him in his seat, is the gentleman on the floor? How is he recorded, Mr. Clerk?"

Fred Selcke: "The gentleman is recorded as voting "aye".

Miller: "Remove his name."

Tuerk: "Epton."

Miller: "Epton is in his seat."



~~Tuerk~~ Selcke: "Gibbs."

Miller: "Mr. Gibbs is in his seat."

~~Tuerk~~ Selcke: "J. Holloway."

Miller: "J. Holloway, there he is, is he here? He's here."

~~Tuerk~~ Selcke: "Emil Jones."

Miller: "Mr. Jones. I don't see him in his seat. Is Mr. Jones on the floor? How is he recorded, Mr. Clerk?"

Fred Selcke: "The gentleman is recorded as voting "aye".

Miller: "Remove his name."

~~Tuerk~~ Selcke: "Yourell."

Miller: "He's not in his seat. He's in the aisle."

Tuerk: "Boyle."

Miller: " Yes, he's in his seat."

Tuerk: "Jaffe."

Miller: " Mr. Jaffe is not voting."

Tuerk: "Catania."

Miller: "She's down in front."

Tuerk: "Fennessey."

Miller: "Mr. Fennessey is in his seat."

Tuerk: "J. Houlihan."

Miller: "J. Houlihan. He's down in front."

Tuerk: "Douglas."

Miller: "Douglas is down in front. Just a moment, Mr. Clerk, Mr. Emil Jones is back on the floor, put him on the Roll Call as "aye".

Tuerk: "McAuliffe."

Miller: "Is Mr. McAuliffe on the floor? How is the gentleman recorded?"

Fred Selcke: "The gentleman is recorded as voting "aye".

Miller: "I don't see him, take him off the roll."

Tuerk: "Griesheimer."

Miller: "Mr. Griesheimer, I don't see him, take him off the roll. He's not voting."

Tuerk: " Capuzi."

Miller: "Mr. Capuzi near his seat. Mr. Pope is back on the floor, he was taken off wasn't he Mr. Clerk?"



Fred Selcke: "Yes, Sir."

Miller: "All right, put him back on the roll."

Tuerk: "That's all, Mr. Speaker. Thank you."

Miller: "On this question there are 94 "ayes" 41 "nays", and 6 "present" and this Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. For what purpose from McHenry, Mr. Hanahan arise? "

Hanahan: "For a motion. Having voted on the prevailing side I now move the vote which House Bill 448 has passed be reconsidered."

Miller: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Carter."

Carter: "I move that motion on the table."

Miller: "The question is, on the gentlemans motion to table. All those in favor say "aye" opposed "nay" the "ayes" have it. And the motion prevails. The Chair now recognizes the gentleman from Union, Mr. Choate."

Choate: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentleman of the House, I'm going to move that the appropriate provisions of Rule 37 be suspended so that we might change the order of business a wee bit, I'm going back to another Bill its on Third Reading..and ah..mainly the reason I do this is simply because I would like a responsibility as far as I'm concerned in this particular instance. This has to do with the appropriation for the remodeling and renovation of the Executive Mansion. The Bill is sponsored by the leadership on both sides of the aisle and the Executive Branch of Government is in dire need. Now this appropriation to pay off debts incurred by construction that has actually happened in this fiscal year to the extent that some contractors who have not been paid are actually about to be, go out of business simply because they the State has been dilatory and not paid the debt rightfully owed. I would make the motion, Mr. Speaker, that we do change the order of busines and the proper provisions of Rule 37 be suspended and realize that this takes 107 votes."



Miller: "The gentleman moves that with respect to House Bill 995, is that correct, Mr. Choate? That the rules..that the House suspend the Rule Number 37, I believe..ah.. with respect of taking this Bill out of order for immediate consideration now, the Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Juckett."

Juckett: "Mr. Speaker, would the gentleman yield for a question? Is this the same Bill or the same type of a Bill that we defeated previously?"

Choate: "A portion of the Bill is the same Bill that was defeated in the abbreviated Session and was sponsored by Representative Jaffe, yes."

Miller: "Is there any further discussion? All right, the gentleman moves to suspend the provisions of Rule 37 with respect to taking House Bill 995 out of order and considering at the present time, all those in favor vote by saying "aye" opposed "nay", this will take 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? Take the record, Mr. Clerk." On this question there are 128 "ayes" no "nays" the gentleman from Kane, Mr. Waddell wants to vote "no" record the gentleman "no", Mrs. Dyer desires to vote "aye", Mr. Kriegsman "aye", Kempiner's "aye:.. ah.. Brinkmeier "aye", 134 "ayes" and 1 "nay" and the gentlemen motion prevails. Now Mr. Clerk read House Bill 995."

Fred Selcke: "House Bill 995 an Act making appropriations a part into General Services, Third Reading of the Bill."

Miller: "The gentleman from Union, Mr. Choate."

Choate: "Well, Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentleman of the House, I would most certainly be happy to take that last Roll Call on the passages of piece of Legislation. I would be happy to answer any questions, I think that all Members are familiar with what this Appropriation is all about. I know that many Members of this House in recent days have visited the Executive Mansion and I know that they share with me, that its not a real good place to live



in today with the lack of completion of the renovation and remodeling that we have helped bring about. I would say, Mr. Speaker, that we owe the Chief Executive and his family in this instance. Close pace action on this piece of Legislation to the extent that they can get their house in order just like we hope to keep our own home in order when we go home, I would be happy to answer any questions, Mr. Speaker, if there is any from any of the Members."

Blair : "The gentleman from Sangamon, Mr. Gibbs."

Gibbs:"Yes. Mr. Choate, did you have a list of the contractors this appropriation will be used to pay?"

Choate: "Yes, I do."

Gibbs: "Could I acquire a copy of that?"

Choate: "You certainly can."

Gibbs: "Do you have it there with you?"

Choate: "Yes."

Gibbs: "Thank you."

Blair: "The Gentleman from Cook, Mr. Juckett."

Juckett: "Mr. Speaker, would the distinguished Sponsor answer some questions?"

Choate: "I'm always happy to answer questions to my distinguished colleague, Mr. Juckett."

Juckett: "Thank you."

Miller: "Is there further discussion?"

Juckett: "That was about the shortest question and answer I ever heard. You indicate \$280,000, was this in the budget originally for the renovation for the mansion?"

Choate: "\$250,000 was the original request by the Department of General Services over the signature of the former chief architect of State, Albert Paget."

Juckett: "That doesn't quite answer the question, was it in the original budget and appropriation for the renovation for the mansion?"

Choate: "Yes."



Juckett: "Is this an add-on?"

Choate: "This is not an add-on."

Juckett: "Is not an add-on."

Choate: "No."

Juckett: "If we had appropriated the sufficient money we, why do we have to come back with another appropriation?"

Choate: "Somebody was saying something to me, Bob, and I didn't hear your question."

Juckett: "If we had originally appropriated the money, then why is it necessary for another appropriation?"

Choate: "Well, of this appropriation request, there was some \$100 and..wait till I get my figures on this, we want to be correct on this Bob...there is a reappropriation Representative Juckett, of \$125,000 or a 50% of the original request, and the original amount that the Legislature appropriated in the original Bill, which was some one or two Sessions ago. This is in 1971."

Juckett: "I'm familiar with the original work that Paul Elword did, and.."

Choate: "In other words, there was a lapse of \$125,000."

Juckett: "Because the work had not been completed?"

Choate: "This was because we appropriated the full amount requested at that particular time, after the contract was let, the contractor could not complete the job by the time that the deadline as far as the lapsing of the money is concerned."

Juckett: "\$125,000 out of the \$280,000?"

Choate: "Right."

Juckett: "What's the balance of that monies? That's \$145,000."

Choate: "The actual addition that are being asked for here today are explained by the did find things like the spiral staircase, as an example, that they could not possibly know at the time of the letting of the bid. As an example, they had anticipated a staircase that would go straight up to the second floor, then they



tore out the structure, they found that the original Capitol Building had had a, I mean the Executive Mansion, had had a spiral staircase so they altered their plans to put back to its original form a spiral staircase rather than a straight up one, and I think that one item alone cost ..."

Juckett: "I thought you were going to say that the staircase instead of going up was just gonna go up and down."

Choate: "\$90,000 of the \$125,000, another \$30,000 is accounted for, because of the security that was brought about under the previous administration and goes monitor television from phase of this nature being installed but not being paid for yet."

Juckett: "Would that include in those security devices, would that include the children play boxes out there in front of the Mansion?"

Choate: "It sure did, because although the play boxes may be today they were put up as guard control checkpoints. Under the previous administration."

Juckett: "Would that include the..ah..my understanding was they weren't going to build that and they were going to take it down but I understand the new Governor found that a very convenient place for his children to play in."

Choate: "If we want to add to the contract and stand the expense of tearing them down, I said something that someone else done, the previous administration, why, its just a little more expense is all."

Juckett: "In other words there are some additions to the original contract. Do you have any idea what the total cost of this project was to the State? For the complete rehabilitation and the building of some of the Executive Offices over there?"

Choate: "If I add them together, I can."

Juckett: "My understanding was that the original estimated cost was to be about \$1,500,000."



Choate: "The original appropriation was \$1,700,000."

Juckett: "And whats the total appropriation now? I'd heard rumor, I'd just like to have it either confirmed or denied that it was somewhere close to \$3,000,000."

Choate: "The new appropriation would add on \$130,000 or about 7.6% above the original request of \$1,700,000."

Juckett: "For an effect that It's only \$2,000,000 and not \$3,000,000."

Choate: "Not quite \$2,000,000."

Juckett: "or about \$2,000,000."

Choate: "If my figures are correct, they were given to me by the .."

Juckett: "It'd be about \$1,980,000."

Choate: "Department of General Services, it'd be about \$1,830,000."

Juckett: "Thank you Mr. Minority Leader."

Choate: "Thank you."

Miller: "Now is there further discussion? All right, those in favor on Third Reading House Bill 995 will vote "aye" those opposed "nay". Have all voted who wish? Record Mr. Capuzi, his "aye" on this Roll Call. Take the Record Mr. Clerk. Record Ms. Catania as "aye", Mr. Washburn as "aye", Mr. Epton as "aye". On this question there are 135 "ayes" and 8 "nays" and this Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. On Third Reading we passed over House Bill 430. Mr. Clerk will you read House Bill 430, I do not recall it was read a third time."

Jack O'Brien: "House Bill 430 a Bill for an Act to amend the Election Code, Third Reading of the Bill."

Miller: "The gentleman from McLean, Mr. Bradley."

Bradley: "Thank you very much, Mr. Speaker. Coming back to this Bill. And Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentleman of the House. I feel 430 if we can pass it, I think we'll provide it with the best of two worlds on the ballot for electronic



voting machines only and Representative Grotberg asked me for, if I would supply samples of the ballot when this Bill came to Third Reading which each of you will find on your desk. A sample Bill of what we had in 1968 without the California ballot and what we had in 1970 with a sample ballot with the California stock. What we're going to do is leave the California style ballot and the Electronic Voting Machines in use where there are 3 or more parties, candidates filing for that particular office. If there are only the two parties, Republican and Democratic parties offering Candidates the ballot will be as in sample ballot #1, at the bottom of the page, with the Republicans on one side and Democrats on the other side of the page, I think it will make it that much clearer and we'll have even a better ballot than we had when Bob Day passed this Bill a year ago. I ask for your support on the House Bill. Thank you."

Miller: "Is there discussion? The question is, shall House Bill 430 pass? All those in favor will vote "aye" and opposed "nay". Have all voted who wish? Take the Record Mr. Clerk. Record Mr. Skinner as "aye". On this question record Mr. Carter "aye", on this question Mr. Ryan "aye", 105 "ayes" and 4 "nays" and this Bill having received the Constitutional Majority is hereby declared passed. House Resolutions."

Jack O'Brien: "House Resolution 317, excuse me, House Resolution 316, Memorial to Mr. Schneider L. Shaw, House Resolution 317, House Resolution 319, Memorial to Mr. William T. Hartford, Jr."

Miller: "All right, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Walsh with the respect to the Death Resolution."

Walsh: "I move the adoption of the..ah..Mr. Speaker, there is a Death Resolution there for a former colleague, I think it would be appropriate if the Clerk would read it."

Miller: "Proceed Mr. Clerk, read that Resolution."



Jack O'Brien: "House Resolution 317, Choate Nursing, whereas this House has learned with great sadness of the passing of former State Representative W. J. Macdonald on Tuesday, May 16, 1973, in Murphysboro and whereas Representative Macdonald, a native of Murphysboro, born October 18, 1897, served southern Illinoisians for 16 years in the former 44th Legislative District, and whereas Representative Macdonald was an outstanding Republican Member of the General Assembly to which he was first elected in the 1940's, and which he served until 1956 and whereas Representative Macdonald before his election to the House, served in the United States Internal Service, and in county offices in his native Jackson County and whereas Representative Macdonald will be sadly missed by his family including a daughter, Barbara Macdonald, of Murphysboro, a sister, Ms. Fred Iupsi of Aurora, a brother-in-law, Ellery L. Elmore of Springfield, and a nephew, Carbondale Attorney, Donald R. Mitchell, be it therefore resolved, that House Representatives of the 78th General Assembly of the State of Illinois, that Members of this House express with great sadness that the death of our former colleague, W. J. Macdonald, and our sincerest sympathy to members of his family and be it further resolved that a suitable copy of this preamble will be presented to each of his surviving members to Representative Macdonalds family."

Miller: "All right, the gentleman from Cook, Mr. William Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I didn't serve with the Representative Macdonald myself but I know that there are Members here who did and they speak very kindly of him, I move the adoption of the Death Resolution."

Miller: "The question is, shall these 3 Death Resolutions pass? All those in favor say "aye", opposed "nay", the "ayes" have it and these Resolutions are adopted. The Chair recognizes



the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Shea with respect on motion concerning a Bill."

Shea: "Mr. Speaker, I move the suspension of Rule 18 so that a Bill may be posted in Agriculture on Natural Resources today, it was inadvertently left off the posting, it's House Bill 1257, sponsored by Representative Patrick. I discussed this with Mr. Harpstrite and the Leadership on both sides of the aisle."

Miller: "All right, the gentleman moves that the provisions of Rule 18 be suspended for the purpose of hearing a Bill in Agriculture on Natural Resources today, is that correct? All those in favor will please vote "aye" those opposed "nay" this will take 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. Mr. Duff "aye" on this Roll Call, Mr. Carter "aye", on this question there are 135 "ayes" and no "nays" and the gentlemen's motion prevails. The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Maragos."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I now vote for the suspension of Rule 23D pertaining to House Bill 1776, to be heard in Committee, the out of the court ...of 1973 which would be the Committee on Transportation, and there's no objection from the Chairman."

Miller: "Has this Bill been assigned to Committee?"

Maragos: "Yes, long time ago, but postponed..."

Miller: "What Committee?"

Maragos: "The Transportation Committee, same Committee, the Chair agrees."

Miller: "All right, the gentleman from Cook, Mr. William Walsh.:"

Walsh: "Well, Mr. Speaker, the gentleman did not talk with me about this, I don't know whether he did the Chairman of the Transportation Committee, Chairman Neff..ah..did you? Appreciate it if you would talk with me about these too."

Maragos: "Mr. Speaker, the fact the Chairman of the Committee reminded me we had to put this over, it is a very vital



Bill and I'm sorry I caused that to the Majority Leader but I did not mean to overlook his authority."

Miller: "All right, the question is, on the gentlemen's motion with respect to suspending the appropriate rule with respect to House Bill 1776 so that this Bill can be heard in Committee. All those in favor vote "aye" and opposed vote "nay" and this will take 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 128 "ayes" and no "nays" and the gentlemen's motion prevails. Now the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Kosinski with respect to a motion concerning a Bill."

Kosinski: "Mr. Speaker, due to some lack of communication House Bill 1185 was not posted in executive today, I have talked with the Chairman of that Committee and Members concerned and in agreement with him may we suspend the appropriate rules to hear this Bill in today's Committee?"

Miller: "The gentleman moves, is there discussion, the gentleman moves that provisions to Rule 18 be suspended for the purpose of hearing House Bill 1185 in Executive Committee today. All right, the question is, all those in favor of the motion vote "aye" and opposed "nay", this will take 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 128 "ayes" no "nays" and the gentlemen's motion prevails. The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Palmer."

Palmer: "Mr. Speaker I would like to ask, or request the House to waive the appropriate provisions of Rule 18 to reassign House Bill 1531 from the Cities and Villages Committee to Judiciary II, which is being heard, we'll hold a hearing this afternoon ..ah..and also, waive the appropriate provisions of the Rules to suspend or waive the notices of posting so that it can be heard this afternoon. It has been cleared."



Shea: "Where is the Bill now?"

Palmer: "Cities and Villages."

Miller: "Can the Committee on assignment of Bills re-refer this Bill to the Appropriate Committee,...Ladies and Gentleman, the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Palmer discussed with Representative Klosak and myself the problem and we suggested that the easiest way to to it would with leave of the House to get it assigned from Cities and Villages to County and Township, and then waive Rule 18, Judiciary II, I think the only question that comes to my mind and you might ask the Parliamentarian, can the Bill be assigned with leave of the House, or is the appropriate motion to take it from the Committee and does that require 107 votes because it hasn't been heard?"

Miller: "Mr. Shea, Mr. Shea, may I ask you a question? Now you're on the reassignment Committee, assignment of Bill Committee, would it be more appropriate that we did charge the present Committee...and then the Committee immediately reassign this Bill to the proper Committee?"

Palmer: "I think we can arrange a hasty meeting."

Miller: "All right, the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Palmer moves that House Bill 1539, 1531, the gentleman is moving to discharge the Committee under Rule suspended of Rule 67, moving to discharge the Committee. All those in favor, this will take a Roll Call vote in my opinion, on the Rule 67 it takes 39 votes, all those in favor, the gentlemans motion vote 'aya' those opposed vote 'nay'. The gentleman prefer to include that suspension Rule 18 in the same motion?"

Palmer: "I thought that it should be heard this afternoon if the motion is to discharge the Committee, Mr. Speaker, then it could go to Second Reading."

Miller: "Mr. Palmer, we can include in your motion a provision



that, I mean, part of the motion, that the provision of the Rule be suspended so that it goes to the Committee on Assignment of Bills and we can bypass Second Reading then we'd leave. Will you include that in your motion?"

Palmer: "I so move."

Miller: "Do the Members of the House understand what the motion is now? All right, all those in favor vote 'aye' and those opposed 'nay' and if all have voted who wish. Take the record, Mr. Clerk. All right, the Chair is informed that the Committee on Assignment of Bills has assigned this to Judiciary II. That's House Bill 1531, is that correct? All right, the gentleman ...now the gentleman wishes to suspend the provisions of Rule 18 for the purpose of hearing House Bill 1531 in Judiciary II today. All those in favor of that motion will say 'aye', will vote 'aye' and those opposed will vote 'no'. This will take 107 votes. Have all voted who wish? Take the record, Mr. Clerk. On this question there are 123 'ayes' and no 'nays' and the gentlemen's motion prevails. Hearing no further motions, the Chair will recognizethe gentleman from Cook, Mr. R. Hoffman, arise."

Hoffman: " Mr. Speaker and Ladies and Gentleman of the House, I believe there's a motion on the Clerks desk in reference to House Bill 926, assigned to Public Utilities. "

Miller "What was the number again, Sir?"

Hoffman: " 926."

Miller: "Is this with respect to a hearing today, Mr. Hoffman or is it another motion pertaining to the Bill?"

Hoffman: "This is a motion to discharge Committee from further consideration to House Bill 926 to move to the order of Second Reading."

Miller: "The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Walsh."

Walsh: "I thought you were going to file that motion, Ron, so that we could act on it later, we're kinda trying to wind



down here."

Hoffman: "The motion has been filed if it's the wish of the Majority Leader to act on a later date to do so."

Miller: "There are several such motions on the Clerks desk at the moment, Sir. All right, the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Walsh. Has an announcement, I believe."

Walsh: "First of all I'd like to just..ah..in the Speakers Gallery to introduce ..ah..Ruth Wright, who is the Representative Bob Holloways secretary and..ah..Ms. Wright has some people with her, would they stand up, please? And now, Mr. Speaker, some announcements..ah..on Committees if the Membership would pay attention, the Industrial Affairs Committee will meet immediately after adjournment in Room M3. Veterans Affairs Personnel and Pension will meet immediately after adjournment in Room M5, and meeting one hour after adjournment will be Natural Resources and Agriculture in Room C1, Executive in Room B1, and Judiciary II in Room A1."

Miller: "Are there any further announcements? The gentleman from Cook, Mr. Shea."

Shea: "Mr. Majority Leader, is Executive and Judiciary meeting one hour after adjournment?"

Miller: "That's correct."

Shea: "Thank you."

Miller: "Are there further announcements? All right, the Chair recognizes the gentleman from Cook, Mr. Walsh."

Walsh: "Well, Mr. Speaker, I move that the House adjourn until 12 noon, next Monday, May 21st and that Session will be a regular Session at 12 noon."

Miller: "All right, the gentleman moves that the House stand adjourned until Monday, next Monday until 12 o'clock noon. All those in favor say 'aye' opposed 'nay' and the 'ayes' have it and the House stands adjourned."



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1		Speaker Blair	House to order
1		Dr. Johnson	Invocation
1		Speaker Blair	Roll Call
1		Clerk Selcke	Message from the Senate
1		Speaker Blair	Committee Reports
2, 3, 4		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 1943, 1944, 1945. First Reading. Agreed Resolutions H.R. 314, 315, 318.
4		Walsh	Speaks on Resolutions
5		Speaker Blair	Agreed Resolutions adopted
5		Walsh	Absences
5		Choate	Absences
5		Speaker Blair	House Rules
5		Choate	Change in Rules
5		Speaker Blair	Second Reading
5, 6		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 841, 947, 973, 1082, 1134, 1204, 1218, 1240, 1462, 1501.
6		Speaker Blair	Third Reading
6		Clerk Selcke	Third Readings
7		Speaker Blair	
7		Walsh	Consent Calendar advanced
7		Speaker Blair	
7		Walsh	Votes ayes
7		Speaker Blair	Passed.
7		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 709. 602. 966. 2nd. 2 Committee Amendments
7		Speaker Blair	
7		Telcser	Amendment #1
8		Speaker Blair	Amendment #1 adopted.



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8		Clerk Selcke	Amendment #2
8		Speaker Blair	
8		Telcser	Amendment #2
8		Speaker Blair	Amendment #2 adopted.
8		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 601. 2nd. Amendment #1 (C.A.)
8		Speaker Blair	
8		Krause	Amendment #1
8		Speaker Blair	Amendment #1 adopted
9		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 978. 2nd. No Com. Amend.
9		Matiejvich	Amendment #1
9		Speaker Blair	Amendment #1 adopted
9		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 1121. 2nd. Com. Amend. #1
9		Fennessey	Committee Amendment #1
10		Speaker Blair	Amendment #1 adopted
10		Clerk Selcke	Amendment #2
10		Speaker Blair	
10		Neff	Amendment #2
10		Speaker Blair	Amendment #2 adopted
10		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 482. 2nd. No Com. Amend.
10		Speaker Blair	
10		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 671. 2nd. Amendment #1.
11		Speaker Blair	
11		Kosinski	Committee Amendments #1 & 2
11		Speaker Blair	Amendment #1 tabled
11		Clerk Selcke	Amendment #2
11		Speaker Blair	
11		Kosinski	Amendment #2



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11		Speaker Blair	Com. Amend. #2 adopted.
11		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 699. 2nd. No Com. Amend.
11		Speaker Blair	
11		Katz	Hold on Calendar
11		Speaker Blair	Out of record.
11		Clerk Selcke	738. 2nd. Com. Amend. #1
12		Speaker Blair	
12		Dunn	2nd Amendment to Amendment #1
12		Speaker Blair	Amendment #1 adopted
12		Clerk Selcke	Amendment #2
12		Speaker Blair	
12		Washington	Amendment #2
12		Speaker Blair	Amendment #2 adopted
12		Clerk Selcke	H.B. 349. Third.
12		Speaker Blair	
12		Londrigan	H.B. 349.
13		Speaker Blair	
13		Walsh	Question
13		Londrigan	Wait to call Bill.
13		Speaker Blair)	
)	
13		Londrigan)	Out of record
)	
13		Speaker Blair)	H.B. 448
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13		Clerk Selcke)	H.B. 448. Third.
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14		Speaker Blair	
14		Hanahan	H.B. 448.
14		Speaker Blair	
14		Schlickman	Yield?



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15		Hanahan)	
15		Speaker Blair	
15		Hudson	
15		Speaker Blair	
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16		Hanahan)	
16		Clerk Selcke	Lost keys
16		Speaker Blair	
16		Tuerk	
16		Speaker Blair	
16		Tuerk)	Teacher's rights
17		Hanahan)	
18		Speaker Blair	
18		Borchers	
18		Speaker Blair	
18		Borchers	
18		Hanahan	No guarantee of bargaining
19		Speaker Blair	
19		Palmer	
19		Speaker Blair	
20		Palmer)	Section #2
20		Hanahan)	
20		Speaker Blair	
20		Leinenweber	
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23		Lechowicz	
24		Speaker Miller	Move previous question
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24		Speaker Miller	To close
24		Murphy)	
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25		Speaker Miller	
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25		Speaker Miller	
25		Geo-Karis	Against
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26		Speaker Miller	
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31		Clerk Selcke)	Questions affirm. roll call
32		Tuerk)	
32		Speaker Miller	H.B. 448 passed.
33		Hanahan	Move vote be reconsidered.
33		Speaker Miller	
33		Carter	Move it lie on table
33		Speaker Miller	Motion prevails
33		Choate	Move Rule 37 be suspended (HB 995)



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41		Speaker Miller	
41		Maragos	Moves suspension of Rule 23D
41		Speaker Miller	
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42		Speaker Miller	Motion prevails
42		Kosinski	Rule 18-moves for suspension
42		Speaker Miller	Motion prevails
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45		Walsh	Moves House adjourn
45		Speaker Miller	House adjourned.

