# STATE OF ILLINOIS



# **HOUSE JOURNAL**

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

258TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

REGULAR & PERFUNCTORY SESSION

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 2008

11:18 O'CLOCK A.M.

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The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Representative Lyons in the chair.

Prayer by Reverend Michelle Prentice-Leslie, Pastor of Community Church of Richmond in Richmond, IL., and Reverend Earl Peters from Our Savior's Lutheran Church in Burbank, IL.

Representative Krause led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

By direction of the Speaker, a roll call was taken to ascertain the attendance of Members, as follows: 111 present. (ROLL CALL 1)

By unanimous consent, Representatives Richard Bradley, Gordon, Kosel, Patterson, Pihos, Washington and Watson were excused from attendance.

#### REQUEST TO BE SHOWN ON QUORUM

Having been absent when the Quorum Roll Call for Attendance was taken, this is to advise you that I, Representative Kosel, should be recorded as present at the hour of 3:30 o'clock p.m.

#### TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Meyer replaced Representative Hassert in the Committee on Rules on April 30, 2008.

Representative Younge replaced Representative Froehlich in the Committee on State Government Administration on April 30, 2008.

Representative Beiser replaced Representative Gordon in the Committee on State Government Administration on April 30, 2008.

Representative John Bradley replaced Representative Froehlich in the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education on April 30, 2008.

Representative Beiser replaced Representative Joyce in the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education on April 30, 2008.

Representative Harris replaced Representative Osterman in the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education on April 30, 2008.

Representative Colvin replaced Representative Phelps in the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education on April 30, 2008.

# TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS FOR COMMITTEES NOT REPORTING

Representative Black replaced Representative Hassert in the Committee on Labor on April 30, 2008.

#### REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

#### LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted": Amendments numbered 3 and 4 to HOUSE BILL 2405. Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 2747.

Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 2748. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 4370. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 4403. Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 4612. Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 4854. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5037. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5204. Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 5205. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5229. Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 5282. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5310. Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 5516. Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 5703. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5901. Amendment No. 4 to HOUSE BILL 5908. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5970. Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE RESOLUTION 1008. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE RESOLUTION 1048.

# LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Agriculture & Conservation: SENATE BILL 202.

Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 76.

Disability Services: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 5 to HOUSE BILL 5574.

Drivers Education & Safety: SENATE BILL 2295. Environment & Energy: SENATE BILL 2110.

Executive: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 2692.

Health Care Availability and Access: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 4620.

Human Services: SENATE BILLS 2012, 2199, 2252, 2256 and 2290.

Judiciary I - Civil Law: SENATE BILLS 1923, 2044, 2111, 2161, 2232 and HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 2094.

Judiciary II - Criminal Law: SENATE BILLS 1881, 1887, 1975, 2049, 2135, 2159, 2198, 2294; HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 4857, HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 5469, HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5525, and HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5687.

Labor: SENATE BILL 2102 and HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 4 to HOUSE BILL 5319.

Local Government: SENATE BILLS 1990, 2031 and 2162.

Prison Reform: SENATE BILL 2254.

Revenue: SENATE BILLS 2015, 2148, 2227 and 2282.

Gaming: SENATE BILLS 2021 and 2210.

Juvenile Justice Reform: SENATE BILLS 2047, 2118, 2275 and HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 5 to HOUSE BILL 4988.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

3, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson

A Black(R), Republican Spokesperson

Y Hannig(D)

Y Meyer(R) (replacing Hassert)

A Turner(D)

# REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Representative Jakobsson, Chairperson, from the Committee on Human Services to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted as amended" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 103.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTION 1069.

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 1069 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Jakobsson(D), Chairperson
Y Bellock(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Collins(D)
Y Flowers(D)
Y Schmitz(R)

A Howard(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Cole(R)
Y Coulson(R)
Y Riley(D)

The committee roll call vote on House Joint Resolution 103 is as follows:

8, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Jakobsson(D), Chairperson Y Howard(D), Vice-Chairperson

 $\begin{array}{ccccc} Y & Bellock(R), Republican Spokesperson & Y & Cole(R) \\ Y & Collins(D) & Y & Coulson(R) \\ Y & Flowers(D) & Y & Riley(D) \end{array}$ 

A Schmitz(R)

Representative Franks, Chairperson, from the Committee on State Government Administration to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolutions be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 911, 947, 1124 and HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS 88 and 113.

The committee roll call vote on House Resolutions 911 and 947 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Pritchard(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Bradley, John(D) Y Collins(D) Y Davis, Monique(D)

Y Younge(D) (replacing Froehlich) Y Beiser(D) (replacing Gordon)

Y Krause(R)
A Myers(R)
Y Poe(R)
Y Ramey(R)

A Watson(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 1124 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Pritchard(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Bradley, John(D) Y Collins(D) Y Davis, Monique(D)

Y Younge(D) (replacing Froehlich) Y Beiser(D) (replacing Gordon)

Y Krause(R)
Y Poe(R)
Y Myers(R)
Y Ramey(R)

A Watson(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Joint Resolution 88 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson Y Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Pritchard(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Bradley, John(D) Y Collins(D) Y Davis, Monique(D)

Y Younge(D) (replacing Froehlich) Y Beiser(D) (replacing Gordon)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Y \ Krause(R) & A \ Myers(R) \\ Y \ Poe(R) & Y \ Ramey(R) \end{array}$ 

A Watson(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Joint Resolution 113 is as follows:

10, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Franks(D), Chairperson A Dugan(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Pritchard(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Bradley, John(D) Y Collins(D) Y Davis, Monique(D)

Y Younge(D) (replacing Froehlich) Y Beiser(D) (replacing Gordon)

Y Krause(R)
A Myers(R)
Y Poe(R)
Y Ramey(R)

A Watson(R)

Representative Smith, Chairperson, from the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 129.

The committee roll call vote on House Joint Resolution 129 is as follows:

19, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Smith(D), Chairperson Y Davis, Monique(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Mitchell, Jerry(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Bassi(R)
Y Chapa LaVia(D)
Y Dugan(D)
Y Eddy(R)

Y Flider(D)
Y Bradley,J(D) (replacing Froehlich)
Y Golar(D)
Y Beiser(D) (replacing Joyce)

A Kosel(R) Y Miller(D) A Mulligan(R) Y Munson(R)

Y Harris(D) (replacing Osterman) Y Colvin(D) (replacing Phelps)

A Pihos(R) Y Pritchard(R)
Y Reis(R) A Watson(R)

Y Yarbrough(D)

# MOTIONS SUBMITTED

Representative Beiser submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions in Writing:

#### **MOTION**

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE RESOLUTION 818.

#### FISCAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Fiscal Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 2094, as amended.

#### STATE DEBT IMPACT NOTE SUPPLIED

A State Debt Impact Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 2094, as amended.

#### JUDICIAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Judicial Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 2094, as amended.

#### PENSION NOTE SUPPLIED

A Pension Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 2094, as amended.

# REQUEST FOR FISCAL NOTE

Representative Black requested that a Fiscal Note be supplied for HOUSE BILL 4612, as amended.

#### CHANGE OF SPONSORSHIP

With the consent of the affected members, Representative Berrios was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Mautino became the new principal sponsor of SENATE BILL 801.

With the consent of the affected members, Representative May was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Coulson became the new principal sponsor of HOUSE BILL 6310.

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

The following resolution was offered and placed in the Committee on Rules.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1246**

Offered by Representative Granberg:

WHEREAS, More than 1.6 million U.S. military personnel have been deployed to Iraq and Afghanistan since 2001, including 160,000 currently serving; and

WHEREAS, A recent independent study by the Rand Corporation found that one in five combat soldiers experience severe depression or post-traumatic stress disorder as a result of their service; and

WHEREAS, The report estimates that more than 300,000 soldiers are suffering from mental disorders due to their combat service: and

WHEREAS, A record number of U.S. soldiers returning home committed suicide in 2007; and

WHEREAS, The Pentagon reports that over 30,000 troops have been wounded in service; this does not take into account soldiers with psychological trauma; and

WHEREAS, Recent findings from the Department of Veterans Affairs revel a pattern of errors and blatantly misleading figures when estimating the number of soldiers suffering physiological injuries; and

WHEREAS, The Department of Veterans Affairs, including Dr. Ira Katz, who is in charge of mental health issues for the Veterans Administration, has repeatedly shown that they are out of touch with the needs of returning soldiers; and

WHEREAS, In order to fully address the needs of soldiers suffering from physiological trauma the federal government must first have accurate figures from officials that can be trusted to do what is best for the men and women of the armed forces; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we strongly urge the Department of Veterans Affairs to relieve Dr. Ira Katz of his duties and replace him with an official that will provide accurate information on

the number and needs of soldiers returning home with physiological trauma and furthermore place a new emphasis on recognition, treatment and care of soldiers suffering from depression or post-traumatic stress disorder; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be delivered to the Secretary of Veterans Affairs and to each member of the Illinois congressional delegation.

#### SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following Senate Joint Resolution, received from the Senate, were read by the Clerk and referred to the Committee on Rules: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 91 (Fritchey).

#### AGREED RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were offered and placed on the Calendar on the order of Agreed Resolutions.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1238**

Offered by Representative William Davis:

Congratulates Homewood Police Chief Larry Burnson on the occasion of being selected by the Illinois State Crime Commission as the 2008 Police Chief of the Year.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1239**

Offered by Representative Reis:

Honors the three Clay County police officers who have fallen in the line of duty and who are being memorialized by the Clay County Board.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1240**

Offered by Representative Osmond:

Congratulates Al Hill, the Director of Parks for Zion, on his retirement.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1241**

Offered by Representative Currie:

Congratulates the musicians of the Hyde Park Youth Symphony on the 30th anniversary of incorporation.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1242**

Offered by Representative Black:

Congratulates Mark Denman, Associate Superintendent of Schools for Danville, on being named the 2008 Administrator of the Year by the Illinois Association of Educational Office Professionals.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1243**

Offered by Representative Younge:

Congratulates Reverend John H. Rouse on 53 years in the ministry and 33 years of service as the Pastor of the Mount Zion Missionary Baptist Church in East St. Louis.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1244**

Offered by Representative May:

Congratulates Karyn and Michael Lutz as they are honored at the Jewish Council for Youth Services 100th anniversary celebration.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1245**

Offered by Representative Holbrook:

Honors the Sons of the American Legion Detachment of Illinois on their contributions and commitment to others.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1247**

Offered by Representative Chapa LaVia:

Congratulates the American Association of University Women on the 127th anniversary of the organization and for Governor Blagojevich proclaiming April 22, 2008 Equal Pay Day in Illinois.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1248**

Offered by Representative Collins:

Congratulates the members of the North Lawndale College Prep High School Phoenix boys basketball team on the occasion of winning the IHSA Class 2A Boys Basketball State Championship.

## **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1249**

Offered by Representative Collins:

Congratulates the members of the Marshall High School Commandos boys basketball team on the occasion of winning the IHSA Class 3A Boys Basketball State Championship.

## **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1250**

Offered by Representative Collins:

Congratulates the members of the Whitney Young High School Dolphins girls basketball team on the occasion of winning the IHSA Class 4A Girls Basketball State Championship.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1251**

Offered by Representative Collins:

Congratulates the members of the Marshall High School Commandos girls basketball team on the occasion of winning the IHSA Class 3A Girls Basketball State Championship.

# HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Crespo, HOUSE BILL 4470 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 2)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Chapa LaVia, HOUSE BILL 5618 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 3)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Beaubien, HOUSE BILL 4836 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 4)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Franks, HOUSE BILL 4686 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 5)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Froehlich, HOUSE BILL 5521 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 6)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Meyer, HOUSE BILL 4401 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 7)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Acevedo, HOUSE BILL 4900 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 8)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Reboletti, HOUSE BILL 2862 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 9)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Tryon, HOUSE BILL 4767 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 10)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

#### **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Saviano, HOUSE BILL 4762 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Saviano, HOUSE BILL 5503 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 83, Yeas; 26, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 11)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Harris, HOUSE BILL 5191 was taken up and read by title a third time. The Chair placed this bill on standard debate.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 74, Yeas; 36, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 12)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Winters, HOUSE BILL 4771 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 13)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Hernandez, HOUSE BILL 5231 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 14)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Lindner, HOUSE BILL 4289 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 110, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 15)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Hamos, HOUSE BILL 5701 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 16)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Holbrook, HOUSE BILL 4461 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 17)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative McGuire, HOUSE BILL 1223 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 18)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Nekritz, HOUSE BILL 4683 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 110, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 19)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Brady, HOUSE BILL 5278 was taken up and read by title a third time. The Chair placed this bill on standard debate.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 63, Yeas; 48, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 20)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Mautino, HOUSE BILL 4807 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 110, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 21)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Mulligan, HOUSE BILL 4822 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 22)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Molaro, HOUSE BILL 2769 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 23)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative McCarthy, HOUSE BILL 5200 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 24)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Reitz, HOUSE BILL 4789 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

111, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 25)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a second time and held on the order of Second Reading: HOUSE BILLS 2405 and 2747.

HOUSE BILL 2748. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. Representative Howard offered the following amendments and moved their adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2748 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 3-14-2 as follows: (730 ILCS 5/3-14-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-14-2)

Sec. 3-14-2. Supervision on Parole, Mandatory Supervised Release and Release by Statute.

- (a) The Department shall retain custody of all persons placed on parole or mandatory supervised release or released pursuant to Section 3-3-10 of this Code and shall supervise such persons during their parole or release period in accord with the conditions set by the Prisoner Review Board. Such conditions shall include referral to an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program, as appropriate, if such person has previously been identified as having an alcohol or drug abuse problem. Such conditions may include that the person use an approved electronic monitoring device subject to Article 8A of Chapter V.
- (b) The Department shall assign personnel to assist persons eligible for parole in preparing a parole plan. Such Department personnel shall make a report of their efforts and findings to the Prisoner Review Board prior to its consideration of the case of such eligible person.
- (c) A copy of the conditions of his parole or release shall be signed by the parolee or releasee and given to him and to his supervising officer who shall report on his progress under the rules and regulations of the Prisoner Review Board. The supervising officer shall report violations to the Prisoner Review Board and shall have the full power of peace officers in the arrest and retaking of any parolees or releasees or the officer may request the Department to issue a warrant for the arrest of any parolee or releasee who has allegedly violated his parole or release conditions.
- (c-1) The supervising officer shall request the Department to issue a parole violation warrant, and the Department shall issue a parole violation warrant, under the following circumstances:
  - (1) If the parolee or releasee commits an act that constitutes a felony using a firearm or knife, or,
  - (2) if applicable, fails to comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act, or
  - (3) if the parolee or releasee is charged with:
    - (A) domestic battery under Section 12-3.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
    - (B) aggravated domestic battery under Section 12-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
    - (C) stalking under Section 12-7.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
    - (D) aggravated stalking under Section 12-7.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
    - (E) violation of an order of protection under Section 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or
- (F) any offense that would require registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act.

the officer shall request the Department to issue a warrant and the Department shall issue the warrant and the officer or the Department shall file a violation report with notice of charges with the Prisoner Review Board. A sheriff or other peace officer may detain an alleged parole or release violator

until a warrant for his return to the Department can be issued. The parolee or releasee may be delivered to any secure place until he can be transported to the Department. The officer or the Department shall file a violation report with notice of charges with the Prisoner Review Board.

(d) The supervising officer shall regularly advise and consult with the parolee or releasee, assist him in

adjusting to community life, inform him of the restoration of his rights on successful completion of sentence under Section 5-5-5. If the parolee or releasee has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the supervising officer shall periodically, but not less than once a month, verify that the parolee or releasee is in compliance with paragraph (7.6) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7.

- (e) Supervising officers shall receive specialized training in the special needs of female releasees or parolees including the family reunification process.
- (f) The supervising officer shall keep such records as the Prisoner Review Board or Department may require. All records shall be entered in the master file of the individual. (Source: P.A. 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05.)".

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 2748 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Sections 3-3-7 and 3-14-2 as follows:

(730 ILCS 5/3-3-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-3-7)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-464, 95-579, and 95-640)

Sec. 3-3-7. Conditions of Parole or Mandatory Supervised Release.

- (a) The conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release shall be such as the Prisoner Review Board deems necessary to assist the subject in leading a law-abiding life. The conditions of every parole and mandatory supervised release are that the subject:
  - (1) not violate any criminal statute of any jurisdiction during the parole or release term:
  - (2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
  - (3) report to an agent of the Department of Corrections;
  - (4) permit the agent to visit him or her at his or her home, employment, or elsewhere to the extent necessary for the agent to discharge his or her duties;
  - (5) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on parole or mandatory supervised release;
  - (6) secure permission before visiting or writing a committed person in an Illinois Department of Corrections facility:
  - (7) report all arrests to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as permitted by the arresting authority but in no event later than 24 hours after release from custody;
- (7.1) report all orders of protection issued against the parolee or release to an agent of the Department of Corrections as soon as possible after service of the order of protection upon the parolee or releasee but in no event later than 24 hours after service of the order of protection;
  - (7.5) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the individual shall undergo and successfully complete sex offender treatment conducted in conformance with the standards developed by the Sex Offender Management Board Act by a treatment provider approved by the Board;
  - (7.6) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, refrain from residing at the same address or in the same condominium unit or apartment unit or in the same condominium complex or apartment complex with another person he or she knows or reasonably should know is a convicted sex offender or has been placed on supervision for a sex offense; the provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a person convicted of a sex offense who is placed in a Department of Corrections licensed transitional housing facility for sex offenders, or is in any facility operated or licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services or by the Department of Human Services, or is in any licensed medical facility;
  - (7.7) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, wear an approved electronic monitoring device as defined in Section 5-8A-2 for the duration of the person's parole, mandatory supervised release term, or extended mandatory supervised release term;
  - (7.8) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, refrain from communicating with or contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is not related to the accused and whom the accused

reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.8), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94 179; and a person is not related to the accused if the person is not: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused;

- (7.9) (7.8) if convicted under Section 11-6, 11-20.1, 11-20.3, or 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961, consent to search of computers, PDAs, cellular phones, and other devices under his or her control that are capable of accessing the Internet or storing electronic files, in order to confirm Internet protocol addresses reported in accordance with the Sex Offender Registration Act and compliance with conditions in this Act:
- (7.10) (7.8) if convicted for an offense that would qualify the accused as a sex offender or sexual predator under the Sex Offender Registration Act on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, not possess prescription drugs for erectile dysfunction;
  - (8) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before leaving the State of Illinois;
  - (9) obtain permission of an agent of the Department of Corrections before changing his or her residence or employment;
  - (10) consent to a search of his or her person, property, or residence under his or her control;
- (11) refrain from the use or possession of narcotics or other controlled substances in any form, or both, or any paraphernalia related to those substances and submit to a urinalysis test as instructed by a parole agent of the Department of Corrections;
  - (12) not frequent places where controlled substances are illegally sold, used, distributed, or administered;
- (13) not knowingly associate with other persons on parole or mandatory supervised release without prior written permission of his or her parole agent and not associate with persons who are members of an organized gang as that term is defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act:
- (14) provide true and accurate information, as it relates to his or her adjustment in the community while on parole or mandatory supervised release or to his or her conduct while incarcerated, in response to inquiries by his or her parole agent or of the Department of Corrections;
- (15) follow any specific instructions provided by the parole agent that are consistent with furthering conditions set and approved by the Prisoner Review Board or by law, exclusive of placement on electronic detention, to achieve the goals and objectives of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release or to protect the public. These instructions by the parole agent may be modified at any time, as the agent deems appropriate; and
- (16) if convicted of a sex offense as defined in subsection (a-5) of Section 3-1-2 of this Code, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years of age present in the home and no non-familial minors are present, not participate in a holiday event involving children under 18 years of age, such as distributing candy or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny costume on or preceding Easter.
- (b) The Board may in addition to other conditions require that the subject:
  - (1) work or pursue a course of study or vocational training;
  - (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or treatment for drug addiction or alcoholism;
  - (3) attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction or residence of persons on probation or parole;
  - (4) support his dependents;
  - (5) (blank);
  - (6) (blank);
- (7) comply with the terms and conditions of an order of protection issued pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, enacted by the 84th General Assembly, or an order of protection issued by the court of another state, tribe, or United States territory;
- (7.5) if convicted for an offense committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that would qualify the accused as a child sex offender as defined in Section 11-9.3 or 11-9.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, refrain from communicating with or

contacting, by means of the Internet, a person who is related to the accused and whom the accused reasonably believes to be under 18 years of age; for purposes of this paragraph (7.5), "Internet" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 16J-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as added by Public Act 94 179; and a person is related to the accused if the person is: (i) the spouse, brother, or sister of the accused; (ii) a descendant of the accused; (iii) a first or second cousin of the accused; or (iv) a step-child or adopted child of the accused; and

- (8) in addition, if a minor:
  - (i) reside with his parents or in a foster home;
  - (ii) attend school;
  - (iii) attend a non-residential program for youth; or
  - (iv) contribute to his own support at home or in a foster home.
- (b-1) In addition to the conditions set forth in subsections (a) and (b), persons required to register as sex offenders pursuant to the Sex Offender Registration Act, upon release from the custody of the Illinois Department of Corrections, may be required by the Board to comply with the following specific conditions of release:
  - (1) reside only at a Department approved location;
  - (2) comply with all requirements of the Sex Offender Registration Act;
  - (3) notify third parties of the risks that may be occasioned by his or her criminal record:
  - (4) obtain the approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections prior to accepting employment or pursuing a course of study or vocational training and notify the Department prior to any change in employment, study, or training;
  - (5) not be employed or participate in any volunteer activity that involves contact with children, except under circumstances approved in advance and in writing by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
    - (6) be electronically monitored for a minimum of 12 months from the date of release as determined by the Board;
  - (7) refrain from entering into a designated geographic area except upon terms approved in advance by an agent of the Department of Corrections. The terms may include consideration of the purpose of the entry, the time of day, and others accompanying the person;
  - (8) refrain from having any contact, including written or oral communications, directly or indirectly, personally or by telephone, letter, or through a third party with certain specified persons including, but not limited to, the victim or the victim's family without the prior written approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
  - (9) refrain from all contact, directly or indirectly, personally, by telephone, letter, or through a third party, with minor children without prior identification and approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections;
  - (10) neither possess or have under his or her control any material that is sexually oriented, sexually stimulating, or that shows male or female sex organs or any pictures depicting children under 18 years of age nude or any written or audio material describing sexual intercourse or that depicts or alludes to sexual activity, including but not limited to visual, auditory, telephonic, or electronic media, or any matter obtained through access to any computer or material linked to computer access use;
  - (11) not patronize any business providing sexually stimulating or sexually oriented entertainment nor utilize "900" or adult telephone numbers;
  - (12) not reside near, visit, or be in or about parks, schools, day care centers, swimming pools, beaches, theaters, or any other places where minor children congregate without advance approval of an agent of the Department of Corrections and immediately report any incidental contact with minor children to the Department;
  - (13) not possess or have under his or her control certain specified items of contraband related to the incidence of sexually offending as determined by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
    - (14) may be required to provide a written daily log of activities if directed
    - by an agent of the Department of Corrections;
  - (15) comply with all other special conditions that the Department may impose that restrict the person from high-risk situations and limit access to potential victims;
    - (16) take an annual polygraph exam;
    - (17) maintain a log of his or her travel; or

- (18) obtain prior approval of his or her parole officer before driving alone in a motor vehicle.
- (c) The conditions under which the parole or mandatory supervised release is to be served shall be communicated to the person in writing prior to his release, and he shall sign the same before release. A signed copy of these conditions, including a copy of an order of protection where one had been issued by the criminal court, shall be retained by the person and another copy forwarded to the officer in charge of his supervision.
- (d) After a hearing under Section 3-3-9, the Prisoner Review Board may modify or enlarge the conditions of parole or mandatory supervised release.
- (e) The Department shall inform all offenders committed to the Department of the optional services available to them upon release and shall assist inmates in availing themselves of such optional services upon their release on a voluntary basis.
- (f) When the subject is in compliance with all conditions of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release, the subject shall receive a reduction of the period of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release of 90 days upon passage of the high school level Test of General Educational Development during the period of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release. This reduction in the period of a subject's term of parole or mandatory supervised release shall be available only to subjects who have not previously earned a high school diploma or who have not previously passed the high school level Test of General Educational Development.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-159, eff. 7-11-05; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05; 94-988, eff. 1-1-07; 95-464, eff. 6-1-08; 95-539, eff. 1-1-08; 95-579, eff. 6-1-08; 95-640, eff. 6-1-08; revised 12-26-07.)

(730 ILCS 5/3-14-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-14-2)

Sec. 3-14-2. Supervision on Parole, Mandatory Supervised Release and Release by Statute.

- (a) The Department shall retain custody of all persons placed on parole or mandatory supervised release or released pursuant to Section 3-3-10 of this Code and shall supervise such persons during their parole or release period in accord with the conditions set by the Prisoner Review Board. Such conditions shall include referral to an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program, as appropriate, if such person has previously been identified as having an alcohol or drug abuse problem. Such conditions may include that the person use an approved electronic monitoring device subject to Article 8A of Chapter V.
- (b) The Department shall assign personnel to assist persons eligible for parole in preparing a parole plan. Such Department personnel shall make a report of their efforts and findings to the Prisoner Review Board prior to its consideration of the case of such eligible person.
- (c) A copy of the conditions of his parole or release shall be signed by the parolee or releasee and given to him and to his supervising officer who shall report on his progress under the rules and regulations of the Prisoner Review Board. The supervising officer shall report violations to the Prisoner Review Board and shall have the full power of peace officers in the arrest and retaking of any parolees or releasees or the officer may request the Department to issue a warrant for the arrest of any parolee or releasee who has allegedly violated his parole or release conditions.
- (c-1) The supervising officer shall request the Department to issue a parole violation warrant, and the Department shall issue a parole violation warrant, under the following circumstances:
  - (1) If the parolee or releasee commits an act that constitutes a felony using a firearm or knife, or,
  - (2) if applicable, fails to comply with the requirements of the Sex Offender Registration

#### Act, or

- (3) if the parolee or releasee is charged with:
  - (A) domestic battery under Section 12-3.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
  - (B) aggravated domestic battery under Section 12-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
  - (C) stalking under Section 12-7.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
  - (D) aggravated stalking under Section 12-7.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
  - (E) violation of an order of protection under Section 12-30 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or
- (F) any offense that would require registration as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act.

the officer shall request the Department to issue a warrant and the Department shall issue the warrant and the officer or the Department shall file a violation report with notice of charges with the Prisoner Review Board. A sheriff or other peace officer may detain an alleged parole or release violator until

- a warrant for his return to the Department can be issued. The parolee or releasee may be delivered to any secure place until he can be transported to the Department. The officer or the Department shall file a violation report with notice of charges with the Prisoner Review Board.
- (d) The supervising officer shall regularly advise and consult with the parolee or releasee, assist him in adjusting to community life, inform him of the restoration of his rights on successful completion of sentence under Section 5-5-5. If the parolee or releasee has been convicted of a sex offense as defined in the Sex Offender Management Board Act, the supervising officer shall periodically, but not less than once a month, verify that the parolee or releasee is in compliance with paragraph (7.6) of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-7.
- (e) Supervising officers shall receive specialized training in the special needs of female releasees or parolees including the family reunification process.
- (f) The supervising officer shall keep such records as the Prisoner Review Board or Department may require. All records shall be entered in the master file of the individual.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 93-979, eff. 8-20-04; 94-161, eff. 7-11-05.)".

The foregoing motions prevailed and Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4370. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on State Government Administration, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4370 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the State Employees Flex-Time Mentoring Act.

Section 5. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to enable State employees to use vacation, personal, and sick leave time to participate in certain well-established mentoring programs.

Section 10. Definitions. In this Act:

"Eligible State employee" means an individual who:

- (1) is a permanent, non-contractual State employee; and
- (2) has provided, without monetary remuneration, mentoring services to a qualified mentoring program for not less than one year before requesting mentoring leave.

"Mentoring leave" means an eligible State employee's vacation, personal, and sick time spent mentoring a child in a qualified mentoring program.

"Qualified mentoring program" means a program that finances, arranges for, and otherwise facilitates the mentoring, by adults, on a one-to-one basis, of children who are:

- (1) enrolled in any school level between kindergarten and the 12th grade; and
- (2) under the age of 18.

Additionally, a qualified mentoring program must be a not-for-profit, secular entity, organized under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. A qualified mentoring program must also have been in existence for at least 10 years before the effective date of this Act.

"State agency" has the same meaning as defined in Section 1-7 of the Illinois State Auditing Act. Section 15. Mentoring leave authorized.

- (a) All State agencies may, within 180 days after the effective date of this Act, permit eligible State employees to take mentoring leave. No employee may take more than 40 hours of mentoring leave in a calendar year.
- (b) At the time he or she requests mentoring leave, an eligible State employee must provide his or her supervisor with written verification from a qualified mentoring program that the employee has performed at least one year of mentoring services as required under the definition of "eligible State employee".
- (c) Within 180 days after the effective date of this Act, each State agency that elects to permit mentoring flex time for its employees must implement an application process by which an eligible employee under its authority can apply for mentoring leave. All participating State agencies retain unfettered discretion to permit or deny an eligible employee's request for mentoring leave. Participating agencies must take into account the following factors in evaluating applications for mentoring leave:
  - (1) the operational needs of the State;
  - (2) the budgetary concerns of the agency; and
  - (3) any limitations imposed by law.

Section 20. No rulemaking authority. Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this Act. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this Act, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this Act shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Act, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

Representative Hannig offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 4370, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, as follows:

on page 2, lines 19 and 20, by deleting ", within 180 days after the effective date of this Act,"; and on page 3, by replacing lines 4 and 5 with the following:

"(c) Each State agency that elects to permit mentoring flex time for".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4403. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Elections & Campaign Reform, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. <u>1</u>. Amend House Bill 4403 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 17-9, 18-5, 18A-5, and 19A-35 and by adding Sections 1-11 and 3-6 as follows:

(10 ILCS 5/1-11 new)

Sec. 1-11. Voter Identification Card.

- (a) Issuance. The Secretary of State shall issue a voter identification card to each registered voter who does not have an acceptable form of photo identification card as defined in Section 3-6. The card shall include at least: (i) the voter's name, signature, and photograph; (ii) the State seal; and (iii) the voter's current residence address.
- (b) Intent and purpose. It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide the Secretary of State with guidance on how to issue the Voter Identification Card to those individuals who do not have an acceptable form of photo identification as defined in Section 3-6.
- (c) Application for the Voter Identification Card. Within a reasonable time after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Secretary of State shall provide application forms for the Voter Identification Card. Any registered voter who meets the criteria set forth in this Section and who provides the proper documentation required under subsection (d) shall receive a Voter Identification Card.
- (d) Documentation required. The Secretary of State shall require the presentation and verification of the following information for issuance of a Voter Registration Card:
- (1) A photo identity document, except that a non-photo identity document, as defined in subsection (e), is acceptable if it includes both the applicant's name and date of birth.
  - (2) Documentation showing the applicant's date of birth.
  - (3) Evidence of voter registration.
- (4) Documentation, as defined in subsection (f), showing the applicant's name and principal residence address.
- (e) Non-photo identity document. A non-photo identity document must include the applicant's name and date of birth. Any of the following shall constitute a non-photo identity document in lieu of a photo identity document:
  - (1) Original birth certificate or certified copy of a birth certificate.
  - (2) Voter registration card.
- (3) Copy of records filed in court by the applicant or on behalf of the applicant by the applicant's counsel.
  - (4) Naturalization document.
  - (5) Copy of marriage license.
  - (6) Copy of State or federal tax return filed for the previous calendar year.
- (7) An original of the annual Social Security statement received by the applicant for the current or preceding calendar year.
  - (8) An original of a Medicare or Medicaid statement received by the applicant.
  - (9) Certified school record or transcript for the current or preceding calendar year.
- (f) Documentation of name and address. Any of the following documents shall be acceptable as documentation of the applicant's name and current address:
  - (1) Voter registration card.
  - (2) Utility bill or cable bill.
  - (3) Bank statement issued within the last 60 days.
  - (4) Valid and current rental agreements.
  - (5) Copy of State or federal tax return for the previous calendar year.
  - (6) Homeowner's insurance policy or bill for current or preceding year.
  - (7) Mortgage, deed, or property tax bill for current or preceding year.
  - (8) W-2 for preceding calendar year.
- (g) Exemptions. Voters who are indigent and unable to obtain a Voter Identification Card without a fee and voters who have a religious objection to being photographed may vote a provisional ballot and sign an affidavit that indicates one of the exemptions stated in this subsection.
  - (10 ILCS 5/3-6 new)
  - Sec. 3-6. Acceptable forms of photo identification for voting purposes. As used in this Code, acceptable

forms of photo identification for voting purposes include:

- (1) Illinois Driver's License.
- (2) State Identification Card.
- (3) Illinois Disabled Person Identification Card.
- (4) Senior Citizen Identification Card.
- (5) FOID Card.
- (6) U.S. Passport with current address.
- (7) Any other government-issued identification card that includes name, current photograph, and current address.

(10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall (i) present to the judges of election for verification of the person's identity a government-issued photo identification card, as defined in Section 3-6, or his or her Voter Identification Card and (ii) give his name and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges of election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, absentee, or early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot. All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be complied with and if such name is found on the register of voters by the officer having charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter within the proximity of the voting booths, as above provided. One of the judges shall give the voter one, and only one of each ballot to be voted at the election, on the back of which ballots such judge shall indorse his initials in such manner that they may be seen when each such ballot is properly folded, and the voter's name shall be immediately checked on the register list. In those election jurisdictions where perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on which write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the election authority shall provide a space both above and below the perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall endorse his or her initials in both spaces. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall, when being handed to the voter, be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter. At all elections, when a registry may be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at such election is not found on the register of voters, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have complied with the law prescribing the manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any person desiring to vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have established his right to vote in the manner provided hereinafter; and if he or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, he shall not be permitted to vote until he or she has fully complied with such requirements of the law upon being challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as they require the registration of voters as a condition to their being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the election, or at any time within 60 days prior to such election have been engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, and who appear personally at the polling place on election day and produce to the judges of election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at such election without previous

All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall be in substantially the following form: State of Illinois,)

) ss.	
County of)	
Precinct	 Ward

I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, and that within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged in the .... (military or naval) service of the United States; and I am qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am a legally qualified voter of this precinct and ward except that I have, because of such service, been unable to register as a voter; that I now reside at .... (insert street and number, if any) in this precinct and ward; that I have maintained a legal residence in this precinct and ward for 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).

Judge of Election.

The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by the affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially the following form: State of Illinois,)

) ss.
County of ......)
.......... Precinct .......... Ward

I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at this election; that I am acquainted with .... (name of the applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona fide resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily believe that he or she has maintained a legal residence therein 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).

Judge of Election.

All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such. (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

(10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)

Sec. 18-5. Any person desiring to vote, and whose name is found upon the register of voters by the person having charge thereof, shall (i) present to the judges of election for verification of the person's identity a government-issued photo identification card, as defined in Section 3-6, or his or her Voter Identification Card, (ii) shall then be questioned by one of the judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and (iii) he shall be asked to state his residence when last previously registered and the date of the election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, absentee, and early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot. If such person so registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall then be received accordingly. But if his vote be rejected by

such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the person's current residence address, provided that such identification to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, or the person shall procure a witness personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who shall take the oath following, viz:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State, 30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the commissioners of election. Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any other officer than such judge of election, shall not be received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the voter by the judge.

Immediately after voting, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment, if used, accepted or rejected the ballot or identified the ballot as under-voted. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing that voting equipment.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement the judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again quit the booth with all of the ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in this Section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain view of the public. The

judges having charge of such registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V".

No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than the full number of ballots received by such voter without first advising the voter in the manner above provided of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this Section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/18A-5)

Sec. 18A-5. Provisional voting; general provisions.

- (a) A person who claims to be a registered voter is entitled to cast a provisional ballot under the following circumstances:
  - (1) The person's name does not appear on the official list of eligible voters for the precinct in which the person seeks to vote. The official list is the centralized statewide voter registration list established and maintained in accordance with Section 1A-25;
  - (2) The person's voting status has been challenged by an election judge, a pollwatcher, or any legal voter and that challenge has been sustained by a majority of the election judges;
  - (3) A federal or State court order extends the time for closing the polls beyond the time period established by State law and the person votes during the extended time period; or
- (4) The voter registered to vote by mail and is required by law to present identification when voting either in person or <u>, in the case of a voter who registered by mail, when voting</u> by absentee ballot, but fails to do so.
  - (b) The procedure for obtaining and casting a provisional ballot at the polling place shall be as follows:
  - (1) After first verifying through an examination of the precinct register that the person's address is within the precinct boundaries, an election judge at the polling place shall notify a person who is entitled to cast a provisional ballot pursuant to subsection (a) that he or she may cast a provisional ballot in that election. An election judge must accept any information provided by a person who casts a provisional ballot that the person believes supports his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter and qualified to vote in the election. However, if the person's residence address is outside the precinct boundaries, the election judge shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate the polling place assigned to serve that address, and instruct the person to go to the proper polling place to vote.
    - (2) The person shall execute a written form provided by the election judge that shall state or contain all of the following that is available:
    - (i) an affidavit stating the following:

      State of Illinois, County of ........., Township ........, Precinct
      ......, Ward ......, I, ..........., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that: I am a citizen of the United States; I am 18 years of age or older; I have resided in this State and in this precinct for 30 days preceding this election; I have not voted in this election; I am a duly registered voter in every respect; and I am eligible to vote in this election. Signature ...... Printed Name of Voter ...... Printed Residence Address of Voter ...... City ...... State ...... Zip Code ..... Telephone Number ...... Date of Birth ...... and Illinois Driver's License Number ...... or Last 4 digits of Social Security Number ...... or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Illinois Secretary of State........
  - (ii) A box for the election judge to check one of the 3 reasons why the person was given a provisional ballot under subsection (a) of Section 18A-5.
  - (iii) An area for the election judge to affix his or her signature and to set forth any facts that support or oppose the allegation that the person is not qualified to vote in the precinct in which the person is seeking to vote.

The written affidavit form described in this subsection (b)(2) must be printed on a multi-part form prescribed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be.

- (3) After the person executes the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(i) of this Section, the election judge shall complete the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(iii) and (b)(2)(iv).
- (4) The election judge shall give a copy of the completed written affidavit to the person. The election judge shall place the original written affidavit in a self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelope that must be attached to a separate envelope marked as a "provisional ballot envelope". The election judge shall

also place any information provided by the person who casts a provisional ballot in the clear plastic packing list envelope. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must design, obtain or procure self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelopes and provisional ballot envelopes that are suitable for implementing this subsection (b)(4) of this Section.

- (5) The election judge shall provide the person with a provisional ballot, written instructions for casting a provisional ballot, and the provisional ballot envelope with the clear plastic packing list envelope affixed to it, which contains the person's original written affidavit and, if any, information provided by the provisional voter to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. An election judge must also give the person written information that states that any person who casts a provisional ballot shall be able to ascertain, pursuant to guidelines established by the State Board of Elections, whether the provisional vote was counted in the official canvass of votes for that election and, if the provisional vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted.
- (6) After the person has completed marking his or her provisional ballot, he or she shall place the marked ballot inside of the provisional ballot envelope, close and seal the envelope, and return the envelope to an election judge, who shall then deposit the sealed provisional ballot envelope into a securable container separately identified and utilized for containing sealed provisional ballot envelopes. Ballots that are provisional because they are cast after 7:00 p.m. by court order shall be kept separate from other provisional ballots. Upon the closing of the polls, the securable container shall be sealed with filament tape provided for that purpose, which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and each of the election judges shall sign the seal.
- (c) Instead of the affidavit form described in subsection (b), the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, may design and use a multi-part affidavit form that is imprinted upon or attached to the provisional ballot envelope described in subsection (b). If a county clerk or board of election commissioners elects to design and use its own multi-part affidavit form, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish a mechanism for accepting any information the provisional voter has supplied to the election judge to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. In all other respects, a county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish procedures consistent with subsection (b).
- (d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall use the completed affidavit form described in subsection (b) to update the person's voter registration information in the State voter registration database and voter registration database of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be. If a person is later determined not to be a registered voter based on Section 18A-15 of this Code, then the affidavit shall be processed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, as a voter registration application.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-1071, eff. 1-18-05; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/19A-35)

Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.

- (a) Not more than 23 days before the start of the election, the county clerk shall make available to the election official conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election official shall receipt for all ballots received and shall return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election official must include early ballots for each precinct in the election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum at that election.
- (b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the election judge or official is required to verify the signature of the early voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration card, and the judge or official must verify (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) that the applicant is a registered voter, (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iv) the proper ballots of the political subdivision in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the applicant. The applicant's identity must be verified by the applicant's presentation of a government-issued photo identification card, as defined in Section 3-6, or his or her Voter Identification Card an Illinois driver's license, a non-driver identification card issued by the Illinois Secretary of State, or another government issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. The election judge or official must verify the applicant's registration from the most recent poll list provided by the election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.
  - (b-5) A person requesting an early voting ballot to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote early if

the person submits that absentee ballot to the judges of election or official conducting early voting for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or official (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or official specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot.

- (b-10) Within one day after a voter casts an early voting ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees.
- (b-15) Immediately after voting an early ballot, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment accepted or rejected the ballot or identified that ballot as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose early voting ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another early voting ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge or official conducting the early voting and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing the voting equipment used.
- (c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the election authority to the central ballot counting location before the close of the polls on the day of the election. (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)".

Representative Reis offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 4403, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 17-9, 18-5, 18A-5, 18A-15, and 19A-35 and by adding Sections 1-11 and 3-6 as follows:

(10 ILCS 5/1-11 new)

Sec. 1-11. Voter Identification Card.

- (a) Issuance. The Secretary of State shall issue a voter identification card to each registered voter who does not have an acceptable form of photo identification card as defined in Section 3-6. The card shall include at least: (i) the voter's name, signature, and photograph; (ii) the State seal; and (iii) the voter's current residence address. A Voter Identification Card is valid for as long as the registered voter maintains the name and residence on the card. A Voter Identification Card may not be used for any purpose other than to vote in Illinois.
- (b) Intent and purpose. It is the intent of the General Assembly to provide the Secretary of State with guidance on how to issue the Voter Identification Card to those individuals who do not have an acceptable form of photo identification as defined in Section 3-6.
- (c) Application for the Voter Identification Card. Within a reasonable time after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Secretary of State shall provide application forms for the Voter Identification Card. Any registered voter who meets the criteria set forth in this Section and who provides the proper documentation required under subsection (d) shall receive a Voter Identification Card.
- (d) Documentation required. The Secretary of State shall require the presentation and verification of the following information for issuance of a Voter Registration Card:
- (1) A photo identity document, except that a non-photo identity document, as defined in subsection (e), is acceptable if it includes both the applicant's name and date of birth.
  - (2) Documentation showing the applicant's date of birth.
  - (3) Evidence of voter registration.
- (4) Documentation, as defined in subsection (f), showing the applicant's name and principal residence address.
- (e) Non-photo identity document. A non-photo identity document must include the applicant's name and date of birth. Any of the following shall constitute a non-photo identity document in lieu of a photo identity document.
  - (1) Original birth certificate or certified copy of a birth certificate.
  - (2) Voter registration card.
- (3) Copy of records filed in court by the applicant or on behalf of the applicant by the applicant's counsel.

- (4) Naturalization document.
- (5) Copy of marriage license.
- (6) Copy of State or federal tax return filed for the previous calendar year.
- (7) An original of the annual Social Security statement received by the applicant for the current or preceding calendar year.
  - (8) An original of a Medicare or Medicaid statement received by the applicant.
  - (9) Certified school record or transcript for the current or preceding calendar year.
- (f) Documentation of name and address. Any of the following documents shall be acceptable as documentation of the applicant's name and current address:
  - (1) Voter registration card.
  - (2) Utility bill or cable bill.
  - (3) Bank statement issued within the last 60 days.
  - (4) Valid and current rental agreements.
  - (5) Copy of State or federal tax return for the previous calendar year.
  - (6) Homeowner's insurance policy or bill for current or preceding year.
  - (7) Mortgage, deed, or property tax bill for current or preceding year.
  - (8) W-2 for preceding calendar year.
- (g) Exemptions. Voters who are indigent and unable to obtain a Voter Identification Card without a fee and voters who have a religious objection to being photographed may vote a provisional ballot and sign an affidavit that indicates one of the exemptions stated in this subsection. An indigent person is defined as an individual whose income is 125% or less of current federal poverty income guidelines.
  - (10 ILCS 5/3-6 new)
- Sec. 3-6. Acceptable forms of photo identification for voting purposes. As used in this Code, acceptable forms of photo identification for voting purposes include:
  - (1) Illinois Driver's License.
  - (2) State Identification Card.
  - (3) Illinois Disabled Person Identification Card.
  - (4) Senior Citizen Identification Card.
  - (5) FOID Card.
  - (6) U.S. Passport with current address.
- (7) Any other government-issued identification card that includes name, current photograph, and current address.

All photo identification cards must be valid and current.

(10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall (i) present to the judges of election for verification of the person's identity a government-issued photo identification card, as defined in Section 3-6, or his or her Voter Identification Card and (ii) give his name and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges of election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, absentee, or early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot. All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be complied with and if such name is found on the register of voters by the officer having charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter within the proximity of the voting booths, as above provided. One of the judges shall give the voter one, and only one of each ballot to be voted at the election, on the back of which ballots such judge shall indorse his initials in such manner that they may be seen when each such ballot is properly folded, and the voter's name shall be immediately checked on the register list. In those election jurisdictions where perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on which write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the election authority shall provide a space both above and below the perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall endorse his

or her initials in both spaces. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall, when being handed to the voter, be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter. At all elections, when a registry may be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at such election is not found on the register of voters, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have complied with the law prescribing the manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any person desiring to vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have established his right to vote in the manner provided hereinafter; and if he or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, he shall not be permitted to vote until he or she has fully complied with such requirements of the law upon being challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as they require the registration of voters as a condition to their being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the election, or at any time within 60 days prior to such election have been engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, and who appear personally at the polling place on election day and produce to the judges of election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at such election without previous

All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall be in substantially the following form: State of Illinois,)

I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, and that within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged in the .... (military or naval) service of the United States; and I am qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am a legally qualified voter of this precinct and ward except that I have, because of such service, been unable to register as a voter; that I now reside at .... (insert street and number, if any) in this precinct and ward; that I have maintained a legal residence in this precinct and ward for 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).

Judge of Election.

The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by the affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially the following form: State of Illinois,)

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) ss.
County of ......)
.......... Precinct ........... Ward
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I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at this election; that I am acquainted with .... (name of the applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona fide resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily believe that he or she has maintained a legal residence therein 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.

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Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).

Judge of Election.
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All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such. (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

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(10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)
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Sec. 18-5. Any person desiring to vote, and whose name is found upon the register of voters by the person having charge thereof, shall (i) present to the judges of election for verification of the person's identity a government-issued photo identification card, as defined in Section 3-6, or his or her Voter Identification Card, (ii) shall then be questioned by one of the judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and (iii) he shall be asked to state his residence when last previously registered and the date of the election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom grace period, absentee, and early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued a grace period, absentee, or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct, except that a voter to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote in the precinct if the voter submits to the election judges that absentee ballot for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the election judges (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the election judges specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot. If such person so registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall then be received accordingly. But if his vote be rejected by such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the person's current residence address, provided that such identification to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, or the person shall procure a witness personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who shall take the oath following, viz:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State, 30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the commissioners of election. Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any other officer than such judge of election, shall not be received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the voter by the judge.

Immediately after voting, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment, if used, accepted or rejected the ballot or identified the ballot as under-voted. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A

voter whose ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing that voting equipment.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement the judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again quit the booth with all of the ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in this Section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain view of the public. The judges having charge of such registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V".

No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than the full number of ballots received by such voter without first advising the voter in the manner above provided of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this Section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

(10 ILCS 5/18A-5)

Sec. 18A-5. Provisional voting; general provisions.

- (a) A person who claims to be a registered voter is entitled to cast a provisional ballot under the following circumstances:
  - (1) The person's name does not appear on the official list of eligible voters for the precinct in which the person seeks to vote. The official list is the centralized statewide voter registration list established and maintained in accordance with Section 1A-25;
  - (2) The person's voting status has been challenged by an election judge, a pollwatcher, or any legal voter and that challenge has been sustained by a majority of the election judges;
  - (3) A federal or State court order extends the time for closing the polls beyond the time period established by State law and the person votes during the extended time period; or
- (4) The voter registered to vote by mail and is required by law to present identification when voting either in person or in the case of a voter who registered by mail, when voting by

absentee ballot, but fails to <u>provide an acceptable form of photo identification as described in Section 3-6</u> do so.

- (b) The procedure for obtaining and casting a provisional ballot at the polling place shall be as follows:
- (1) After first verifying through an examination of the precinct register that the person's address is within the precinct boundaries, an election judge at the polling place shall notify a person who is entitled to cast a provisional ballot pursuant to subsection (a) that he or she may cast a provisional ballot in that election. An election judge must accept any information provided by a person who casts a provisional ballot that the person believes supports his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter and qualified to vote in the election. However, if the person's residence address is outside the precinct boundaries, the election judge shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate the polling place assigned to

serve that address, and instruct the person to go to the proper polling place to vote.

- (2) The person shall execute a written form provided by the election judge that shall state or contain all of the following that is available:
- (i) an affidavit stating the following:

	State of Illinois,	County of	, Township	Precinct
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......, Ward ......, I, ............., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that: I am a citizen of the United States; I am 18 years of age or older; I have resided in this State and in this precinct for 30 days preceding this election; I have not voted in this election; I am a duly registered voter in every respect; and I am eligible to vote in this election. Signature ...... Printed Name of Voter ...... Printed Residence Address of Voter ...... City ..... State .... Zip Code .... Telephone Number ...... Date of Birth ...... and Illinois Driver's License Number ...... or Last 4 digits of Social Security Number ...... or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Illinois Secretary of State.......

- (ii) A box for the election judge to check one of the 3 reasons why the person was given a provisional ballot under subsection (a) of Section 18A-5.
- (iii) An area for the election judge to affix his or her signature and to set forth any facts that support or oppose the allegation that the person is not qualified to vote in the precinct in which the person is seeking to vote.

The written affidavit form described in this subsection (b)(2) must be printed on a multi-part form prescribed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be.

- (3) After the person executes the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(i) of this Section, the election judge shall complete the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(iii) and (b)(2)(iv).
- (4) The election judge shall give a copy of the completed written affidavit to the person. The election judge shall place the original written affidavit in a self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelope that must be attached to a separate envelope marked as a "provisional ballot envelope". The election judge shall also place any information provided by the person who casts a provisional ballot in the clear plastic packing list envelope. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must design, obtain or procure self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelopes and provisional ballot envelopes that are suitable for implementing this subsection (b)(4) of this Section.
- (5) The election judge shall provide the person with a provisional ballot, written instructions for casting a provisional ballot, and the provisional ballot envelope with the clear plastic packing list envelope affixed to it, which contains the person's original written affidavit and, if any, information provided by the provisional voter to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. An election judge must also give the person written information that states that any person who casts a provisional ballot shall be able to ascertain, pursuant to guidelines established by the State Board of Elections, whether the provisional vote was counted in the official canvass of votes for that election and, if the provisional vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted.
- (6) After the person has completed marking his or her provisional ballot, he or she shall place the marked ballot inside of the provisional ballot envelope, close and seal the envelope, and return the envelope to an election judge, who shall then deposit the sealed provisional ballot envelope into a securable container separately identified and utilized for containing sealed provisional ballot envelopes. Ballots that are provisional because they are cast after 7:00 p.m. by court order shall be kept separate from other provisional ballots. Upon the closing of the polls, the securable container shall be sealed with filament tape provided for that purpose, which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and each of the election judges shall sign the seal.
- (c) Instead of the affidavit form described in subsection (b), the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, may design and use a multi-part affidavit form that is imprinted upon or attached to the provisional ballot envelope described in subsection (b). If a county clerk or board of election commissioners elects to design and use its own multi-part affidavit form, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish a mechanism for accepting any information the provisional voter has supplied to the election judge to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. In all other respects, a county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish procedures consistent with subsection (b).
- (d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall use the completed affidavit form described in subsection (b) to update the person's voter registration information in the State voter registration database and voter registration database of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be. If a person is later determined not to be a registered voter based on

Section 18A-15 of this Code, then the affidavit shall be processed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, as a voter registration application.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-1071, eff. 1-18-05; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/18A-15)

Sec. 18A-15. Validating and counting provisional ballots.

- (a) The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall complete the validation and counting of provisional ballots within 14 calendar days of the day of the election. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall have 7 calendar days from the completion of the validation and counting of provisional ballots to conduct its final canvass. The State Board of Elections shall complete within 31 calendar days of the election or sooner if all the returns are received, its final canvass of the vote for all public offices.
- (b) If a county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that all of the following apply, then a provisional ballot is valid and shall be counted as a vote:
  - (1) The provisional voter cast the provisional ballot in the correct precinct based on the address provided by the provisional voter. The provisional voter's affidavit shall serve as a change of address request by that voter for registration purposes for the next ensuing election if it bears an address different from that in the records of the election authority;
  - (2) The affidavit executed by the provisional voter pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of Section 18A-5 contains, at a minimum, the provisional voter's first and last name, house number and street name, and signature or mark; and
  - (3) the provisional voter is a registered voter based on information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners provided by or obtained from any of the following:
    - i. the provisional voter;
    - ii. an election judge;
    - iii. the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections;
    - iv. the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners' database; or
    - v. the records of the Secretary of State.
- (c) With respect to subsection (b)(3) of this Section, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall investigate and record whether or not the specified information is available from each of the 5 identified sources. If the information is available from one or more of the identified sources, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall seek to obtain the information from each of those sources until satisfied, with information from at least one of those sources, that the provisional voter is registered and entitled to vote. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall use any information it obtains as the basis for determining the voter registration status of the provisional voter. If a conflict exists among the information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners as to the registration status of the provisional voter, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall make a determination based on the totality of the circumstances. In a case where the above information equally supports or opposes the registration status of the voter, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall decide in favor of the provisional voter as being duly registered to vote. If the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the county clerk's or board of election commissioners' voter registration database indicates that the provisional voter is not registered to vote, then the information found in the statewide voter registration database shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional voter is not registered to vote, then the information found in the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the provisional voter's signature on his or her provisional ballot request varies from the signature on an otherwise valid registration application solely because of the substitution of initials for the first or middle name, the election authority may not reject the provisional ballot.
- (d) In validating the registration status of a person casting a provisional ballot, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require a provisional voter to complete any form other than the affidavit executed by the provisional voter under subsection (b)(2) of Section 18A-5. In addition, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require all provisional voters or any particular class or group of provisional voters to appear personally before the county clerk or board of election

commissioners or as a matter of policy require provisional voters to submit additional information to verify or otherwise support the information already submitted by the provisional voter. The provisional voter may, within 2 calendar days after the election, submit additional information to the county clerk or board of election commissioners, except that in the case of provisional voting under subsection (a)(4) of Section 18A-5, the provisional voter has 10 days to provide the county clerk or board of election commissioners with the required photo identification card. This information must be received by the county clerk or board of election commissioners within the applicable 2-calendar-day or 10-calendar-day period.

- (e) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) does not apply, then the provisional ballot is not valid and may not be counted. The provisional ballot envelope containing the ballot cast by the provisional voter may not be opened. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall write on the provisional ballot envelope the following: "Provisional ballot determined invalid."
- (f) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that a provisional ballot is valid under this Section, then the provisional ballot envelope shall be opened. The outside of each provisional ballot envelope shall also be marked to identify the precinct and the date of the election.
- (g) Provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be counted at the election authority's central ballot counting location and shall not be counted in precincts. The provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts from which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. The validation and counting of provisional ballots shall be subject to the provisions of this Code that apply to pollwatchers. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of a punch card voting system, then the provisional ballot shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24A. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of optical scan or other type of approved electronic voting system, then the provisional ballots shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24B.
- (h) As soon as the ballots have been counted, the election judges or election officials shall, in the presence of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, place each of the following items in a separate envelope or bag: (1) all provisional ballots, voted or spoiled; (2) all provisional ballot envelopes of provisional ballots voted or spoiled; and (3) all executed affidavits of the provisional ballots voted or spoiled. All provisional ballot envelopes for provisional voters who have been determined not to be registered to vote shall remain sealed. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall treat the provisional ballot envelope containing the written affidavit as a voter registration application for that person for the next election and process that application. The election judges or election officials shall then securely seal each envelope or bag, initial the envelope or bag, and plainly mark on the outside of the envelope or bag in ink the precinct in which the provisional ballots were cast. The election judges or election officials shall then place each sealed envelope or bag into a box, secure and seal it in the same manner as described in item (6) of subsection (b) of Section 18A-5. Each election judge or election official shall take and subscribe an oath before the county clerk or board of election commissioners that the election judge or election official securely kept the ballots and papers in the box, did not permit any person to open the box or otherwise touch or tamper with the ballots and papers in the box, and has no knowledge of any other person opening the box. For purposes of this Section, the term "election official" means the county clerk, a member of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, and their respective employees.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06.)

(10 ILCS 5/19A-35)

Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.

- (a) Not more than 23 days before the start of the election, the county clerk shall make available to the election official conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election official shall receipt for all ballots received and shall return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election official must include early ballots for each precinct in the election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum at that election.
- (b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the election judge or official is required to verify the signature of the early voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration card, and the judge or official must verify (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) that the applicant is a registered voter, (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iv) the proper ballots of the political subdivision in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the applicant. The applicant's

identity must be verified by the applicant's presentation of a government-issued photo identification card, as defined in Section 3-6, or his or her Voter Identification Card an Illinois driver's license, a non driver identification card issued by the Illinois Secretary of State, or another government issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. The election judge or official must verify the applicant's registration from the most recent poll list provided by the election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.

- (b-5) A person requesting an early voting ballot to whom an absentee ballot was issued may vote early if the person submits that absentee ballot to the judges of election or official conducting early voting for cancellation. If the voter is unable to submit the absentee ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or official (i) a portion of the absentee ballot if the absentee ballot was torn or mutilated or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or official specifying that (A) the voter never received an absentee ballot or (B) the voter completed and returned an absentee ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that absentee ballot.
- (b-10) Within one day after a voter casts an early voting ballot, the election authority shall transmit the voter's name, street address, and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be, to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and that information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees.
- (b-15) Immediately after voting an early ballot, the voter shall be instructed whether the voting equipment accepted or rejected the ballot or identified that ballot as under-voted for a statewide constitutional office. A voter whose ballot is identified as under-voted may return to the voting booth and complete the voting of that ballot. A voter whose early voting ballot is not accepted by the voting equipment may, upon surrendering the ballot, request and vote another early voting ballot. The voter's surrendered ballot shall be initialed by the election judge or official conducting the early voting and handled as provided in the appropriate Article governing the voting equipment used.
- (c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the election authority to the central ballot counting location before the close of the polls on the day of the election. (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 94-1000, eff. 7-3-06; 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

## **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Ford, HOUSE BILL 4612 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

## HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 4612. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Floor Amendment No. 2 remained in the Committee on Rules.

Representative Ford offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 4612, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 2, on page 5, line 12, by replacing "5" with "7 5"; and by deleting lines 23 through 26 on page 5 and lines 1 through 10 on page 6; and on page 6, line 12, by replacing ", or (d), or (d-5)" with "or (d)".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4854. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. Representative Bost offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4854 on page 1, line 11, immediately after "department", by inserting the following:

"that has full-time firefighters and is subject to a collective bargaining agreement"; and on page 3, line 11, immediately after "department", by inserting the following: "that has full-time firefighters and is subject to a collective bargaining agreement".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5037. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary I - Civil Law, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5037 on page 1, by inserting after line 3 the following:

"Section 1. Legislative findings. The General Assembly finds that it is imperative for municipalities to reclaim certain housing stock that has been used in various fraudulent schemes and that now creates a nuisance to the municipality. Distressed condominiums create a hazard and blight to the general public and community, diminish the local tax base, distort the true value of property in the community (thereby creating illusory market values that harm innocent developers and buyers), and remove housing from the rental market, especially for low and moderate income renters. While normal conservation and building code enforcement methods can adequately deal with housing code violations found in legitimately created condominium buildings which are managed by functioning condominium associations, this Act is necessary because those normal code enforcement procedures are not effective in dealing with distressed condominiums, because there often is no functioning condominium board which can take responsibility for the necessary code repairs. In that situation the repairs may take years to complete, and the delay can result in a property with such serious problems that the property cannot be restored and instead must be demolished."; and

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on page 1, line 13, by replacing "one" with "2"; and
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on page 1, by replacing lines 15 through 17 with the following:

"(A) 50% or more of the condominium units are not occupied by persons with a legal right to reside in the units;

(B) the building has serious violations of any applicable local building code or zoning ordinance;"; and

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on page 1, line 18, by replacing "(B)" with "(C)"; and
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on page 2, line 1, by replacing "condominium" with "to 40% or more of the condominium"; and

on page 2, line 2, after "termination;" by inserting "or"; and

on page 2, by replacing lines 3 through 6 with the following:

"(F) there is a delinquency on the property taxes for at least 60% of the condominium units."; and on page 3, line 6, by inserting after "court" the following:

", after a hearing held upon giving notice to all interested parties as provided in subsection (b),"; and on page 3, line 19, after "under", by inserting "paragraph (2) of"; and

on page 4, line 5, by replacing "sale" with "the sale"; and

on page 4, by replacing lines 6 through 8 with the following: "time, expenses, and fees as approved by the court, shall be deposited into an"; and

on page 7, line 9, by replacing "subsection (e)" with "subsection (d)".

on page 1, line 21, by replacing "(C)" with "(D)"; and

on page 1, line 23, by replacing "(D)" with "(E)"; and

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

### RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Phelps, HOUSE BILL 5204 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5204. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Phelps offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 5204, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, by replacing lines 25 and 26 on page 2 and lines 1 through 3 on page 3 with the following:

"dealers, rebuilders, automotive parts recyclers, <u>or</u> scrap processors , <u>or out of state salvage vehicle buyers</u> licensed by the Secretary of State or licensed by another <u>state or</u> jurisdiction may buy property at the auction, or to sales by or through the licensee. <u>Out-of-state salvage vehicle buyers licensed in another state</u> or jurisdiction may also buy property at the auction."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5205. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. Representative Younge offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5205 on page 1, line 7, by replacing "The" with the following:

"Subject to appropriation, the".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5229. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1 . Amend House Bill 5229 on page 10, by replacing line 6 with the following: "imposed by the court and unless the court determines that it has good cause not to impose these requirements, a gang member who is a minor under 21 years of age and subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and who has been"; and

on page 10, by replacing lines 16 through 21 with the following:

"level Test of General Educational Development (GED); (iii) to comply with a curfew (A) between 11:00 p.m. on Friday and 6:00 a.m. on Saturday; (B) between 11:00 p.m. on Saturday and 6:00 a.m. on Sunday; and (C) between 10:00 p.m. on Sunday to Thursday,"; and

on page 10, line 22, by inserting after "day" the following:

"; and (iv) to attend Life Skills classes conducted by a community college or by a non-profit offender

re-entry program"; and

on page 21, by replacing line 21 with the following:

"be imposed by the court and unless the court determines that it has good cause not to impose these requirements, a gang member under 21 years of"; and

on page 22, by replacing lines 6 through 11 with the following:

"Development (GED); (iii) to comply with a curfew (A) between 11:00 p.m. on Friday and 6:00 a.m. on Saturday; (B) between 11:00 p.m. on Saturday and 6:00 a.m. on Sunday; and (C) between 10:00 p.m. on Sunday to Thursday, inclusive, and"; and

on page 22, line 12, by inserting after "day" the following:

": and (iv) to attend Life Skills classes conducted by a community college or by a non-profit offender re-entry program".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

### **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Jefferson, HOUSE BILL 5282 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Bellock, HOUSE BILL 5310 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

## HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5310. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Bellock offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5310, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 1, by replacing lines 6 and 7 with:

"International Port District, or his or her designee;

(9) the Mayor of the City of Chicago, ex officio, or his or her designee; and

(10) one member representing a national alliance that is".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5703. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Representative Hamos offered and withdrew Amendments numbered 1 and 2.

Representative Hamos offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 5703 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Act on the Aging is amended by changing Sections 4.02 and 4.12 as follows:

(20 ILCS 105/4.02) (from Ch. 23, par. 6104.02)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 95-565)

Sec. 4.02. The Department shall establish a program of services to prevent unnecessary institutionalization of persons age 60 and older in need of long term care or who are established as persons who suffer from Alzheimer's disease or a related disorder under the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act, thereby enabling them to remain in their own homes or in other living arrangements. Such preventive

services, which may be coordinated with other programs for the aged and monitored by area agencies on aging in cooperation with the Department, may include, but are not limited to, any or all of the following:

- (a) home health services;
- (b) home nursing services;
- (c) home care aide services;
- (d) chore and housekeeping services;
- (e) adult day services;
- (f) home-delivered meals;
- (g) education in self-care;
- (h) personal care services;
- (i) adult day health services;
- (j) habilitation services;
- (k) respite care;
- (k-5) community reintegration services;
- (l) other nonmedical social services that may enable the person to become self-supporting; or
- (m) clearinghouse for information provided by senior citizen home owners who want to rent rooms to or share living space with other senior citizens.

The Department shall establish eligibility standards for such services taking into consideration the unique economic and social needs of the target population for whom they are to be provided. Such eligibility standards shall be based on the recipient's ability to pay for services; provided, however, that in determining the amount and nature of services for which a person may qualify, consideration shall not be given to the value of cash, property or other assets held in the name of the person's spouse pursuant to a written agreement dividing marital property into equal but separate shares or pursuant to a transfer of the person's interest in a home to his spouse, provided that the spouse's share of the marital property is not made available to the person seeking such services.

Beginning July 1, 2002, the Department shall require as a condition of eligibility that all financially eligible applicants and recipients apply for medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department.

The Department shall, in conjunction with the Department of Public Aid (now Department of Healthcare and Family Services), seek appropriate amendments under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act. The purpose of the amendments shall be to extend eligibility for home and community based services under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act to persons who transfer to or for the benefit of a spouse those amounts of income and resources allowed under Section 1924 of the Social Security Act. Subject to the approval of such amendments, the Department shall extend the provisions of Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code to persons who, but for the provision of home or community-based services, would require the level of care provided in an institution, as is provided for in federal law. Those persons no longer found to be eligible for receiving noninstitutional services due to changes in the eligibility criteria shall be given 60 days notice prior to actual termination. Those persons receiving notice of termination may contact the Department and request the determination be appealed at any time during the 60 day notice period. With the exception of the lengthened notice and time frame for the appeal request, the appeal process shall follow the normal procedure. In addition, each person affected regardless of the circumstances for discontinued eligibility shall be given notice and the opportunity to purchase the necessary services through the Community Care Program. If the individual does not elect to purchase services, the Department shall advise the individual of alternative services. The target population identified for the purposes of this Section are persons age 60 and older with an identified service need. Priority shall be given to those who are at imminent risk of institutionalization. The services shall be provided to eligible persons age 60 and older to the extent that the cost of the services together with the other personal maintenance expenses of the persons are reasonably related to the standards established for care in a group facility appropriate to the person's condition. These non-institutional services, pilot projects or experimental facilities may be provided as part of or in addition to those authorized by federal law or those funded and administered by the Department of Human Services. The Departments of Human Services, Healthcare and Family Services, Public Health, Veterans' Affairs, and Commerce and Economic Opportunity and other appropriate agencies of State, federal and local governments shall cooperate with the Department on Aging in the establishment and development of the non-institutional services. The Department shall require an annual audit from all chore/housekeeping and home care aide vendors contracting with the Department under this Section. The annual audit shall assure that each audited vendor's procedures are in compliance with Department's financial reporting guidelines requiring an administrative and employee wage and benefits cost split as defined in administrative rules. The audit is a public record under the Freedom of Information Act. The Department shall execute, relative to the nursing home prescreening project, written inter-agency agreements with the Department of Human Services and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, to effect the following: (1) intake procedures and common eligibility criteria for those persons who are receiving non-institutional services; and (2) the establishment and development of non-institutional services in areas of the State where they are not currently available or are undeveloped. On and after July 1, 1996, all nursing home prescreenings for individuals 60 years of age or older shall be conducted by the Department.

As part of the Department on Aging's routine training of <u>care coordinators and care coordinators</u> <u>supervisors</u> <u>case managers and case manager supervisors</u>, the Department may include information on family futures planning for persons who are age 60 or older and who are caregivers of their adult children with developmental disabilities. The content of the training shall be at the Department's discretion.

The Department's case management program shall be a fully integrated care coordination program. The care coordination program shall incorporate the concepts of client direction and consumer focus and shall take into account the client's needs and preferences. Comprehensive care coordination shall include activities such as: (1) comprehensive assessment of the client; (2) development and implementation of a service plan with the client to mobilize the formal and informal resources and services identified in the assessment to meet the needs of the client, including coordination of the resources and services with (A) any other plans that exist for various formal services, such as hospital discharge plans, and (B) the information and assistance services; (3) coordination and monitoring of formal service delivery and monitoring of informal service delivery, regardless of the funding source, to ensure that services specified in the plan are being provided; (4) assistance with the completion of applications for services, referrals to non-government funded services, health promotion, and ensuring continuity of care across care settings; (5) periodic reassessment and revision of the client's care plan, if necessary, to reflect any changes in the client's needs; and (6) in accordance with the wishes of the client, advocacy on behalf of the client for needed services or resources.

A comprehensive assessment shall be performed, using a holistic tool identified by the Department and supported by an electronic intake assessment and care planning system linked to a central location. The comprehensive assessment process shall include a face to face interview in the client's home or temporary overnight abode and shall determine the level of physical, functional, cognitive, psycho-social, financial, and social needs of the client. Assessment interviews shall accommodate the scheduling needs of the client and the client's representative or representatives, who shall participate at the discretion of the client. The Department shall provide guidelines for determining the conditions under which a comprehensive assessment shall be performed and the activities of care coordination offered to each care recipient. The care plan shall include the needs identified by the assessment and incorporate the goals and preferences of the client. Care plans shall also include all services needed by the client regardless of the funding source and delineate between services provided, services unavailable, and services refused by the client. Case coordination units shall be reimbursed for care coordination in a manner reflective of the actual cost of providing care coordination. By July 1, 2009, the Department shall develop a rate structure, after collection and review of information from case coordination units and advocates for care recipients, regarding the activities of coordination provided. The Department shall reevaluate the rate structure every other year thereafter.

The Department is authorized to establish a system of recipient copayment for services provided under this Section, such copayment to be based upon the recipient's ability to pay but in no case to exceed the actual cost of the services provided. Additionally, any portion of a person's income which is equal to or less than the federal poverty standard shall not be considered by the Department in determining the copayment. The level of such copayment shall be adjusted whenever necessary to reflect any change in the officially designated federal poverty standard.

The Department, or the Department's authorized representative, shall recover the amount of moneys expended for services provided to or in behalf of a person under this Section by a claim against the person's estate or against the estate of the person's surviving spouse, but no recovery may be had until after the death of the surviving spouse, if any, and then only at such time when there is no surviving child who is under age 21, blind, or permanently and totally disabled. This paragraph, however, shall not bar recovery, at the death of the person, of moneys for services provided to the person or in behalf of the person under this Section to which the person was not entitled; provided that such recovery shall not be enforced against any real estate while it is occupied as a homestead by the surviving spouse or other dependent, if no claims by

other creditors have been filed against the estate, or, if such claims have been filed, they remain dormant for failure of prosecution or failure of the claimant to compel administration of the estate for the purpose of payment. This paragraph shall not bar recovery from the estate of a spouse, under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act and Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, who precedes a person receiving services under this Section in death. All moneys for services paid to or in behalf of the person under this Section shall be claimed for recovery from the deceased spouse's estate. "Homestead", as used in this paragraph, means the dwelling house and contiguous real estate occupied by a surviving spouse or relative, as defined by the rules and regulations of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, regardless of the value of the property.

The Department shall develop procedures to enhance availability of services on evenings, weekends, and on an emergency basis to meet the respite needs of caregivers. Procedures shall be developed to permit the utilization of services in successive blocks of 24 hours up to the monthly maximum established by the Department. Workers providing these services shall be appropriately trained.

Beginning on the effective date of this Amendatory Act of 1991, no person may perform chore/housekeeping and home care aide services under a program authorized by this Section unless that person has been issued a certificate of pre-service to do so by his or her employing agency. Information gathered to effect such certification shall include (i) the person's name, (ii) the date the person was hired by his or her current employer, and (iii) the training, including dates and levels. Persons engaged in the program authorized by this Section before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 shall be issued a certificate of all pre- and in-service training from his or her employer upon submitting the necessary information. The employing agency shall be required to retain records of all staff pre- and in-service training, and shall provide such records to the Department upon request and upon termination of the employer's contract with the Department. In addition, the employing agency is responsible for the issuance of certifications of in-service training completed to their employees.

The Department is required to develop a system to ensure that persons working as home care aides and chore housekeepers receive increases in their wages when the federal minimum wage is increased by requiring vendors to certify that they are meeting the federal minimum wage statute for home care aides and chore housekeepers. An employer that cannot ensure that the minimum wage increase is being given to home care aides and chore housekeepers shall be denied any increase in reimbursement costs.

The Community Care Program Advisory Committee is created in the Department on Aging. The Director shall appoint individuals to serve in the Committee, who shall serve at their own expense. Members of the Committee must abide by all applicable ethics laws. The Committee shall advise the Department on issues related to the Department's program of services to prevent unnecessary institutionalization. The Committee shall meet on a bi-monthly basis and shall serve to identify and advise the Department on present and potential issues affecting the service delivery network, the program's clients, and the Department and to recommend solution strategies. Persons appointed to the Committee shall be appointed on, but not limited to, their own and their agency's experience with the program, geographic representation, and willingness to serve. The Director shall appoint members to the Committee to represent provider, advocacy, policy research, and other constituencies committed to the delivery of high quality home and community-based services to older adults. Representatives shall be appointed to ensure representation from community care providers including, but not limited to, adult day service providers, homemaker providers, case coordination and case management units, emergency home response providers, statewide trade or labor unions that represent home care homecare aides and direct care staff, area agencies on aging, adults over age 60, membership organizations representing older adults, and other organizational entities, providers of care, or individuals with demonstrated interest and expertise in the field of home and community care as determined by the Director.

Nominations may be presented from any agency or State association with interest in the program. The Director, or his or her designee, shall serve as the permanent co-chair of the advisory committee. One other co-chair shall be nominated and approved by the members of the committee on an annual basis. Committee members' terms of appointment shall be for 4 years with one-quarter of the appointees' terms expiring each year. A member shall continue to serve until his or her replacement is named. The Department shall fill vacancies that have a remaining term of over one year, and this replacement shall occur through the annual replacement of expiring terms. The Director shall designate Department staff to provide technical assistance and staff support to the committee. Department representation shall not constitute membership of the committee. All Committee papers, issues, recommendations, reports, and meeting memoranda are advisory only. The Director, or his or her designee, shall make a written report, as requested by the Committee, regarding issues before the

Committee.

The Department on Aging and the Department of Human Services shall cooperate in the development and submission of an annual report on programs and services provided under this Section. Such joint report shall be filed with the Governor and the General Assembly on or before September 30 each year.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

Those persons previously found eligible for receiving non-institutional services whose services were discontinued under the Emergency Budget Act of Fiscal Year 1992, and who do not meet the eligibility standards in effect on or after July 1, 1992, shall remain ineligible on and after July 1, 1992. Those persons previously not required to cost-share and who were required to cost-share effective March 1, 1992, shall continue to meet cost-share requirements on and after July 1, 1992. Beginning July 1, 1992, all clients will be required to meet eligibility, cost-share, and other requirements and will have services discontinued or altered when they fail to meet these requirements.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-48, eff. 7-1-05; 94-269, eff. 7-19-05; 94-336, eff. 7-26-05; 94-954, eff. 6-27-06; 95-298, eff. 8-20-07; 95-473, eff. 8-27-07; revised 10-30-07.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-565)

Sec. 4.02. Community Care Program. The Department shall establish a program of services to prevent unnecessary institutionalization of persons age 60 and older in need of long term care or who are established as persons who suffer from Alzheimer's disease or a related disorder under the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act, thereby enabling them to remain in their own homes or in other living arrangements. Such preventive services, which may be coordinated with other programs for the aged and monitored by area agencies on aging in cooperation with the Department, may include, but are not limited to, any or all of the following:

- (a) (blank);
- (b) (blank);
- (c) home care aide services;
- (d) personal assistant services;
- (e) adult day services;
- (f) home-delivered meals;
- (g) education in self-care;
- (h) personal care services;
- (i) adult day health services;
- (i) habilitation services;
- (k) respite care;
- (k-5) community reintegration services;
- (k-6) flexible senior services;
- (k-7) medication management;
- (k-8) emergency home response;
- (l) other nonmedical social services that may enable the person to become

self-supporting; or

(m) clearinghouse for information provided by senior citizen home owners who want to rent rooms to or share living space with other senior citizens.

The Department shall establish eligibility standards for such services taking into consideration the unique economic and social needs of the target population for whom they are to be provided. Such eligibility standards shall be based on the recipient's ability to pay for services; provided, however, that in determining the amount and nature of services for which a person may qualify, consideration shall not be given to the value of cash, property or other assets held in the name of the person's spouse pursuant to a written agreement dividing marital property into equal but separate shares or pursuant to a transfer of the person's interest in a home to his spouse, provided that the spouse's share of the marital property is not made available to the person seeking such services.

Beginning July 1, 2002, the Department shall require as a condition of eligibility that all financially eligible applicants apply for medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department.

Beginning January 1, 2008, the Department shall require as a condition of eligibility that all new financially eligible applicants apply for and enroll in medical assistance under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department.

The Department shall, in conjunction with the Department of Public Aid (now Department of Healthcare and Family Services), seek appropriate amendments under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act. The purpose of the amendments shall be to extend eligibility for home and community based services under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act to persons who transfer to or for the benefit of a spouse those amounts of income and resources allowed under Section 1924 of the Social Security Act. Subject to the approval of such amendments, the Department shall extend the provisions of Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code to persons who, but for the provision of home or community-based services, would require the level of care provided in an institution, as is provided for in federal law. Those persons no longer found to be eligible for receiving noninstitutional services due to changes in the eligibility criteria shall be given 60 days notice prior to actual termination. Those persons receiving notice of termination may contact the Department and request the determination be appealed at any time during the 60 day notice period. With the exception of the lengthened notice and time frame for the appeal request, the appeal process shall follow the normal procedure. In addition, each person affected regardless of the circumstances for discontinued eligibility shall be given notice and the opportunity to purchase the necessary services through the Community Care Program. If the individual does not elect to purchase services, the Department shall advise the individual of alternative services. The target population identified for the purposes of this Section are persons age 60 and older with an identified service need. Priority shall be given to those who are at imminent risk of institutionalization. The services shall be provided to eligible persons age 60 and older to the extent that the cost of the services together with the other personal maintenance expenses of the persons are reasonably related to the standards established for care in a group facility appropriate to the person's condition. These non-institutional services, pilot projects or experimental facilities may be provided as part of or in addition to those authorized by federal law or those funded and administered by the Department of Human Services. The Departments of Human Services, Healthcare and Family Services, Public Health, Veterans' Affairs, and Commerce and Economic Opportunity and other appropriate agencies of State, federal and local governments shall cooperate with the Department on Aging in the establishment and development of the non-institutional services. The Department shall require an annual audit from all chore/housekeeping and home care aide vendors contracting with the Department under this Section. The annual audit shall assure that each audited vendor's procedures are in compliance with Department's financial reporting guidelines requiring an administrative and employee wage and benefits cost split as defined in administrative rules. The audit is a public record under the Freedom of Information Act. The Department shall execute, relative to the nursing home prescreening project, written inter-agency agreements with the Department of Human Services and the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, to effect the following: (1) intake procedures and common eligibility criteria for those persons who are receiving non-institutional services; and (2) the establishment and development of non-institutional services in areas of the State where they are not currently available or are undeveloped. On and after July 1, 1996, all nursing home prescreenings for individuals 60 years of age or older shall be conducted by the Department.

As part of the Department on Aging's routine training of <u>care coordinators and care coordinators</u> <u>supervisors</u> <u>case managers and case manager supervisors</u>, the Department may include information on family futures planning for persons who are age 60 or older and who are caregivers of their adult children

with developmental disabilities. The content of the training shall be at the Department's discretion.

The Department's case management program shall be a fully integrated care coordination program. The care coordination program shall incorporate the concepts of client direction and consumer focus and shall take into account the client's needs and preferences. Comprehensive care coordination shall include activities such as: (1) comprehensive assessment of the client; (2) development and implementation of a service plan with the client to mobilize the formal and informal resources and services identified in the assessment to meet the needs of the client, including coordination of the resources and services with (A) any other plans that exist for various formal services, such as hospital discharge plans, and (B) the information and assistance services; (3) coordination and monitoring of formal service delivery and monitoring of informal service delivery, regardless of the funding source, to ensure that services specified in the plan are being provided; (4) assistance with the completion of applications for services, referrals to non-government funded services, health promotion, and ensuring continuity of care across care settings; (5) periodic reassessment and revision of the client's care plan, if necessary, to reflect any changes in the client's needs; and (6) in accordance with the wishes of the client, advocacy on behalf of the client for needed services or resources.

A comprehensive assessment shall be performed, using a holistic tool identified by the Department and supported by an electronic intake assessment and care planning system linked to a central location. The comprehensive assessment process shall include a face to face interview in the client's home or temporary overnight abode and shall determine the level of physical, functional, cognitive, psycho-social, financial, and social needs of the client. Assessment interviews shall accommodate the scheduling needs of the client and the client's representative or representatives, who shall participate at the discretion of the client. The Department shall provide guidelines for determining the conditions under which a comprehensive assessment shall be performed and the activities of care coordination offered to each care recipient. The care plan shall include the needs identified by the assessment and incorporate the goals and preferences of the client. Care plans shall also include all services needed by the client regardless of the funding source and delineate between services provided, services unavailable, and services refused by the client. Case coordination units shall be reimbursed for care coordination in a manner reflective of the actual cost of providing care coordination. By July 1, 2009, the Department shall develop a rate structure, after collection and review of information from case coordination units and advocates for care recipients, regarding the activities of coordination provided. The Department shall reevaluate the rate structure every other year thereafter.

The Department is authorized to establish a system of recipient copayment for services provided under this Section, such copayment to be based upon the recipient's ability to pay but in no case to exceed the actual cost of the services provided. Additionally, any portion of a person's income which is equal to or less than the federal poverty standard shall not be considered by the Department in determining the copayment. The level of such copayment shall be adjusted whenever necessary to reflect any change in the officially designated federal poverty standard.

The Department, or the Department's authorized representative, shall recover the amount of moneys expended for services provided to or in behalf of a person under this Section by a claim against the person's estate or against the estate of the person's surviving spouse, but no recovery may be had until after the death of the surviving spouse, if any, and then only at such time when there is no surviving child who is under age 21, blind, or permanently and totally disabled. This paragraph, however, shall not bar recovery, at the death of the person, of moneys for services provided to the person or in behalf of the person under this Section to which the person was not entitled; provided that such recovery shall not be enforced against any real estate while it is occupied as a homestead by the surviving spouse or other dependent, if no claims by other creditors have been filed against the estate, or, if such claims have been filed, they remain dormant for failure of prosecution or failure of the claimant to compel administration of the estate for the purpose of payment. This paragraph shall not bar recovery from the estate of a spouse, under Sections 1915 and 1924 of the Social Security Act and Section 5-4 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, who precedes a person receiving services under this Section in death. All moneys for services paid to or in behalf of the person under this Section shall be claimed for recovery from the deceased spouse's estate. "Homestead", as used in this paragraph, means the dwelling house and contiguous real estate occupied by a surviving spouse or relative, as defined by the rules and regulations of the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, regardless of the value of the property.

The Department shall increase the effectiveness of the existing Community Care Program by:

(1) ensuring that in-home services included in the care plan are available on evenings and weekends;

- (2) ensuring that care plans contain the services that eligible <u>participants'</u> need based on the
  - number of days in a month, not limited to specific blocks of time, as identified by the comprehensive assessment tool selected by the Department for use statewide, not to exceed the total monthly service cost maximum allowed for each service; the . The Department shall develop administrative rules to implement this item (2);
  - (3) ensuring that the participants have the right to choose the services contained in their care plan and to direct how those services are provided, based on administrative rules established by the Department;
  - (4) ensuring that the determination of need tool is accurate in determining the participants' level of need; to achieve this, the Department, in conjunction with the Older Adult Services Advisory Committee, shall institute a study of the relationship between the Determination of Need scores, level of need, service cost maximums, and the development and utilization of service plans no later than May 1, 2008; findings and recommendations shall be presented to the Governor and the General Assembly no later than January 1, 2009; recommendations shall include all needed changes to the service cost maximums schedule and additional covered services;
    - (5) ensuring that homemakers can provide personal care services that may or may not involve contact with clients, including but not limited to:
      - (A) bathing;
      - (B) grooming;
      - (C) toileting;
      - (D) nail care;
      - (E) transferring;
      - (F) respiratory services;
      - (G) exercise; or
      - (H) positioning;
  - (6) ensuring that homemaker program vendors are not restricted from hiring homemakers who are family members of clients or recommended by clients; the Department may not, by rule or policy, require homemakers who are family members of clients or recommended by clients to accept assignments in homes other than the client; and
  - (7) ensuring that the State may access maximum federal matching funds by seeking approval for the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services for modifications to the State's home and community based services waiver and additional waiver opportunities in order to maximize federal matching funds; this shall include, but not be limited to, modification that reflects all changes in the Community Care Program services and all increases in the services cost maximum.

By January 1, 2009 or as soon after the end of the Cash and Counseling Demonstration

Project as is practicable, the Department may, based on its evaluation of the demonstration project, promulgate rules concerning personal assistant services, to include, but need not be limited to, qualifications, employment screening, rights under fair labor standards, training, fiduciary agent, and supervision requirements. All applicants shall be subject to the provisions of the Health Care Worker Background Check Act.

The Department shall develop procedures to enhance availability of services on evenings, weekends, and on an emergency basis to meet the respite needs of caregivers. Procedures shall be developed to permit the utilization of services in successive blocks of 24 hours up to the monthly maximum established by the Department. Workers providing these services shall be appropriately trained.

Beginning on the effective date of this Amendatory Act of 1991, no person may perform chore/housekeeping and home care aide services under a program authorized by this Section unless that person has been issued a certificate of pre-service to do so by his or her employing agency. Information gathered to effect such certification shall include (i) the person's name, (ii) the date the person was hired by his or her current employer, and (iii) the training, including dates and levels. Persons engaged in the program authorized by this Section before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 shall be issued a certificate of all pre- and in-service training from his or her employer upon submitting the necessary information. The employing agency shall be required to retain records of all staff pre- and in-service training, and shall provide such records to the Department upon request and upon termination of the employer's contract with the Department. In addition, the employing agency is responsible for the issuance of certifications of in-service training completed to their employees.

The Department is required to develop a system to ensure that persons working as home care aides and

<del>chore housekeepers</del> receive increases in their wages when the federal minimum wage is increased by requiring vendors to certify that they are meeting the federal minimum wage statute for home care aides <del>and chore housekeepers</del>. An employer that cannot ensure that the minimum wage increase is being given to home care aides <del>and chore housekeepers</del> shall be denied any increase in reimbursement costs.

The Community Care Program Advisory Committee is created in the Department on Aging. The Director shall appoint individuals to serve in the Committee, who shall serve at their own expense. Members of the Committee must abide by all applicable ethics laws. The Committee shall advise the Department on issues related to the Department's program of services to prevent unnecessary institutionalization. The Committee shall meet on a bi-monthly basis and shall serve to identify and advise the Department on present and potential issues affecting the service delivery network, the program's clients, and the Department and to recommend solution strategies. Persons appointed to the Committee shall be appointed on, but not limited to, their own and their agency's experience with the program, geographic representation, and willingness to serve. The Director shall appoint members to the Committee to represent provider, advocacy, policy research, and other constituencies committed to the delivery of high quality home and community-based services to older adults. Representatives shall be appointed to ensure representation from community care providers including, but not limited to, adult day service providers, homemaker providers, case coordination and case management units, emergency home response providers, statewide trade or labor unions that represent home care homecare aides and direct care staff, area agencies on aging, adults over age 60, membership organizations representing older adults, and other organizational entities, providers of care, or individuals with demonstrated interest and expertise in the field of home and community care as determined by the Director.

Nominations may be presented from any agency or State association with interest in the program. The Director, or his or her designee, shall serve as the permanent co-chair of the advisory committee. One other co-chair shall be nominated and approved by the members of the committee on an annual basis. Committee members' terms of appointment shall be for 4 years with one-quarter of the appointees' terms expiring each year. A member shall continue to serve until his or her replacement is named. The Department shall fill vacancies that have a remaining term of over one year, and this replacement shall occur through the annual replacement of expiring terms. The Director shall designate Department staff to provide technical assistance and staff support to the committee. Department representation shall not constitute membership of the committee. All Committee papers, issues, recommendations, reports, and meeting memoranda are advisory only. The Director, or his or her designee, shall make a written report, as requested by the Committee, regarding issues before the Committee.

The Department on Aging and the Department of Human Services shall cooperate in the development and submission of an annual report on programs and services provided under this Section. Such joint report shall be filed with the Governor and the General Assembly on or before September 30 each year.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate and the Legislative Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

Those persons previously found eligible for receiving non-institutional services whose services were discontinued under the Emergency Budget Act of Fiscal Year 1992, and who do not meet the eligibility standards in effect on or after July 1, 1992, shall remain ineligible on and after July 1, 1992. Those persons previously not required to cost-share and who were required to cost-share effective March 1, 1992, shall continue to meet cost-share requirements on and after July 1, 1992. Beginning July 1, 1992, all clients will be required to meet eligibility, cost-share, and other requirements and will have services discontinued or altered when they fail to meet these requirements.

For the purposes of this Section, "flexible senior services" refers to services that require one-time or periodic expenditures including, but not limited to, respite care, home modification, assistive technology, housing assistance, and transportation.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them

with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-48, eff. 7-1-05; 94-269, eff. 7-19-05; 94-336, eff. 7-26-05; 94-954, eff. 6-27-06; 95-298, eff. 8-20-07; 95-473, eff. 8-27-07; 95-565, eff. 6-1-08; revised 10-30-07.)

(20 ILCS 105/4.12)

Sec. 4.12. Assistance to nursing home residents.

- (a) The Department on Aging shall assist eligible nursing home residents and their families to select long-term care options that meet their needs and reflect their preferences. At any time during the process, the resident or his or her representative may decline further assistance.
- (b) To provide assistance, the Department shall develop a program of transition services with follow-up in selected areas of the State, to be expanded statewide as funding becomes available. The program shall be developed in consultation with nursing homes, <u>care coordinators ease managers</u>, Area Agencies on Aging, and others interested in the well-being of frail elderly Illinois residents. The Department shall establish administrative rules pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act with respect to resident eligibility, assessment of the resident's health, cognitive, social, and financial needs, development of comprehensive service transition plans, and the level of services that must be available prior to transition of a resident into the community.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

Section 10. The Older Adult Services Act is amended by changing Section 25 as follows: (320 ILCS 42/25)

- Sec. 25. Older adult services restructuring. No later than January 1, 2005, the Department shall commence the process of restructuring the older adult services delivery system. Priority shall be given to both the expansion of services and the development of new services in priority service areas. Subject to the availability of funding, the restructuring shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Planning. The Department shall develop a plan to restructure the State's service delivery system for older adults. The plan shall include a schedule for the implementation of the initiatives outlined in this Act and all other initiatives identified by the participating agencies to fulfill the purposes of this Act. Financing for older adult services shall be based on the principle that "money follows the individual". The plan shall also identify potential impediments to delivery system restructuring and include any known regulatory or statutory barriers.
- (2) Comprehensive <u>care coordination</u> <u>ease management</u>. The Department shall implement a statewide system of holistic comprehensive case management. The system shall include the identification and implementation of a universal, comprehensive assessment tool to be used statewide to determine the level of <u>physical</u>, functional, cognitive, <u>psycho-social</u>, <u>social</u> <u>socialization</u>, and financial needs of older adults. This tool shall be supported by an electronic intake, assessment, and care planning system linked to a central location. "Comprehensive <u>care coordination</u> <u>ease management</u>" <u>shall include activities such includes</u>

services and coordination such as (i) comprehensive assessment of the older adult (including the physical, functional, cognitive, psycho social, and social needs of the individual); (ii) development and implementation of a service plan with the older adult to mobilize the formal and family resources and services identified in the assessment to meet the needs of the older adult, including coordination of the resources and services with any other plans that exist for various formal services, such as hospital discharge plans, and with the information and assistance services; (iii) coordination and monitoring of formal and informal family service delivery, regardless of the funding source, including coordination and monitoring to ensure that services specified in the plan are being provided; (iv) assistance with completion of applications for services, referrals to non-government funded services, health promotion, and ensuring continuity of care across care settings; (v) periodic reassessment and revision of the status of the older adult with the older adult, or, if necessary, the older adult's designated representative; and (vi) (v) in accordance with the wishes of the older adult, advocacy on behalf of the older adult for needed services or resources.

- (3) Coordinated point of entry. The Department shall implement and publicize a statewide coordinated point of entry using a uniform name, identity, logo, and toll-free number.
- (4) Public web site. The Department shall develop a public web site that provides links to available services, resources, and reference materials concerning caregiving, diseases, and best practices for use by professionals, older adults, and family caregivers.
- (5) Expansion of older adult services. The Department shall expand older adult services that promote independence and permit older adults to remain in their own homes and communities.
- (6) Consumer-directed home and community-based services. The Department shall expand the range of service options available to permit older adults to exercise maximum choice and control over their care.
- (7) Comprehensive delivery system. The Department shall expand opportunities for older adults to receive services in systems that integrate acute and chronic care.
- (8) Enhanced transition and follow-up services. The Department shall implement a program of transition from one residential setting to another and follow-up services, regardless of residential setting, pursuant to rules with respect to (i) resident eligibility, (ii) assessment of the resident's health, cognitive, social, and financial needs, (iii) development of transition plans, and (iv) the level of services that must be available before transitioning a resident from one setting to another.
- (9) Family caregiver support. The Department shall develop strategies for public and private financing of services that supplement and support family caregivers.
- (10) Quality standards and quality improvement. The Department shall establish a core set of uniform quality standards for all providers that focus on outcomes and take into consideration consumer choice and satisfaction, and the Department shall require each provider to implement a continuous quality improvement process to address consumer issues. The continuous quality improvement process must benchmark performance, be person-centered and data-driven, and focus on consumer satisfaction.
- (11) Workforce. The Department shall develop strategies to attract and retain a qualified and stable worker pool, provide living wages and benefits, and create a work environment that is conducive to long-term employment and career development. Resources such as grants, education, and promotion of career opportunities may be used.
- (12) Coordination of services. The Department shall identify methods to better coordinate service networks to maximize resources and minimize duplication of services and ease of application.
- (13) Barriers to services. The Department shall identify barriers to the provision, availability, and accessibility of services and shall implement a plan to address those barriers. The plan shall: (i) identify barriers, including but not limited to, statutory and regulatory complexity, reimbursement issues, payment issues, and labor force issues; (ii) recommend changes to State or federal laws or administrative rules or regulations; (iii) recommend application for federal waivers to improve efficiency and reduce cost and paperwork; (iv) develop innovative service delivery models; and (v) recommend application for federal or private service grants.
- (14) Reimbursement and funding. The Department shall investigate and evaluate costs and payments by defining costs to implement a uniform, audited provider cost reporting system to be considered by all Departments in establishing payments. To the extent possible, multiple cost reporting mandates shall not be imposed.
- (15) Medicaid nursing home cost containment and Medicare utilization. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Department of Public Aid), in collaboration with the Department on Aging and the Department of Public Health and in consultation with the Advisory Committee, shall propose a plan to contain Medicaid nursing home costs and maximize Medicare utilization. The plan must not impair the ability of an older adult to choose among available services. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, (i)

techniques to maximize the use of the most cost-effective services without sacrificing quality and (ii) methods to identify and serve older adults in need of minimal services to remain independent, but who are likely to develop a need for more extensive services in the absence of those minimal services.

- (16) Bed reduction. The Department of Public Health shall implement a nursing home conversion program to reduce the number of Medicaid-certified nursing home beds in areas with excess beds. The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall investigate changes to the Medicaid nursing facility reimbursement system in order to reduce beds. Such changes may include, but are not limited to, incentive payments that will enable facilities to adjust to the restructuring and expansion of services required by the Older Adult Services Act, including adjustments for the voluntary closure or layaway of nursing home beds certified under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act. Any savings shall be reallocated to fund home-based or community-based older adult services pursuant to Section 20.
- (17) Financing. The Department shall investigate and evaluate financing options for older adult services and shall make recommendations in the report required by Section 15 concerning the feasibility of these financing arrangements. These arrangements shall include, but are not limited to:
  - (A) private long-term care insurance coverage for older adult services;
  - (B) enhancement of federal long-term care financing initiatives;
  - (C) employer benefit programs such as medical savings accounts for long-term care;
  - (D) individual and family cost-sharing options;
  - (E) strategies to reduce reliance on government programs;
  - (F) fraudulent asset divestiture and financial planning prevention; and
  - (G) methods to supplement and support family and community caregiving.
  - (18) Older Adult Services Demonstration Grants. The Department shall implement a program of demonstration grants that will assist in the restructuring of the older adult services delivery system, and shall provide funding for innovative service delivery models and system change and integration initiatives pursuant to subsection (g) of Section 20.
  - (19) Bed need methodology update. For the purposes of determining areas with excess beds, the Departments shall provide information and assistance to the Health Facilities Planning Board to update the Bed Need Methodology for Long-Term Care to update the assumptions used to establish the methodology to make them consistent with modern older adult services.
  - (20) Affordable housing. The Departments shall utilize the recommendations of Illinois'

Annual Comprehensive Housing Plan, as developed by the Affordable Housing Task Force through the Governor's Executive Order 2003-18, in their efforts to address the affordable housing needs of older adults.

The Older Adult Services Advisory Committee shall investigate innovative and promising practices operating as demonstration or pilot projects in Illinois and in other states. The Department on Aging shall provide the Older Adult Services Advisory Committee with a list of all demonstration or pilot projects funded by the Department on Aging, including those specified by rule, law, policy memorandum, or funding arrangement. The Committee shall work with the Department on Aging to evaluate the viability of expanding these programs into other areas of the State.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

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(Source: P.A. 93-1031, eff. 8-27-04; 94-236, eff. 7-14-05; 94-766, eff. 1-1-07.) (320 ILCS 60/Act rep.) Section 15. The Community Senior Services and Resources Act is repealed. (320 ILCS 65/16 rep.)
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Section 20. The Family Caregiver Act is amended by repealing Section 16.

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

## **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Tracy, HOUSE BILL 5901 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5901. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Tracy offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5901, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 7, by inserting immediately below line 1 the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 10, by inserting immediately below line 17 the following:

"(1) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 15, by inserting immediately below line 2 the following:

"(i) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the

Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 17, by inserting immediately below line 22 the following:

"(d) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 21, by inserting immediately below line 10 the following:

"(d) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 23, by inserting immediately below line 8 the following:

"(c) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 27, by inserting immediately below line 22 the following:

"(j) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to

implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 31, by inserting immediately below line 22 the following:

"(f) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 32, by inserting immediately below line 15 the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 33, by inserting immediately below line 8 the following:

"(c) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

### RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Wait, HOUSE BILL 5908 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

### HOUSE BILL ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5908. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Wait offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>4</u>. Amend House Bill 5908, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 3, on page 3, by inserting immediately below line 23 the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 6, by inserting immediately below line 6 the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 14, by inserting immediately below line 14 the following:

"(g) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois

Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 21, by inserting immediately below line 4 the following:

"(i) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 24, by inserting immediately below line 3 the following:

"(h) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 28, by inserting immediately below line 10 the following:

"(i) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 30, by inserting immediately below line 19 the following:

"(f) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are

given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 4 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 4 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

## **RECALLS**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Smith, HOUSE BILL 5970 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Howard, HOUSE BILL 5516 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5516. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Howard offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 5516, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 2, on page 2, by inserting immediately below line 10 the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 5, by inserting immediately below line 2 the following:

"(f) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 6, by inserting immediately below line 7 the following:

"(c) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act

of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 8, by inserting immediately below line 7 the following:

"(d-5) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

### RESOLUTIONS

Having been reported out of the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education on April 15, 2008, HOUSE RESOLUTION 1008 was taken up for consideration.

Representative Coulson offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Resolution 1008 as follows: on page 1, by replacing lines 8 through 10 with the following: "documented need, for credentialed school nurses; and"; and on page 2, line 5, by replacing "credential" with "credentialed"; and on page 2, by replacing lines 6 through 8 with the following: "nurses; and be it further".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

Having been reported out of the Committee on State Government Administration on April 15, 2008, HOUSE RESOLUTION 1048 was taken up for consideration.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on State Government Administration, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Resolution 1048 on page 1, by replacing lines 17 through 19 with the following: "Assembly with".

Representative Poe offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Resolution 1048, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the title with the following:

"WHEREAS, The Illinois State Fairgrounds in Springfield encompasses 366 acres with more than 100 permanent buildings; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois State Fairgrounds is home to the annual Illinois State Fair and also serves as the location of hundreds of educational and entertainment events throughout the year; and

WHEREAS, Severe deterioration of underground electric cable has caused a massive power outage at the Fairgrounds, resulting in the cancellation of dozens of events; the cancellations will cost the local economy millions of dollars in lost revenues; and

WHEREAS, The Capital Development Board is in the process of completing a statewide facilities assessment to provide a "big picture" look at State facilities; and

WHEREAS, The purpose of this assessment is to provide an inventory of State facilities, as well as to examine potential energy savings and assess unoccupied space; and

WHEREAS, The assessment was begun in January 2007; and

WHEREAS, The initial assessment data have been provided to the Capital Development Board by Vanderweil Facilities Advisors; and

WHEREAS, The information in this assessment should be provided to members of the General Assembly, so that it may be used to help determine future maintenance and capital needs; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that the Capital Development Board shall provide a report, including the data provided to the Capital Development Board by Vanderweil Facility Advisors, to the General Assembly by May 30, 2008 on the status of all State facilities, including the Illinois State Fairgrounds, and their potential maintenance and capital needs broken out according to House and Senate legislative districts; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the requirement for filing the report with the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader, and the Clerk of the House of Representatives; and be it further

RESOLVED, That, if the Capital Development Board does not file the report with the General Assembly by May 30, 2008 as required, the Attorney General shall investigate the withholding of the information by the Capital Development Board; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution shall be delivered to the Governor, the Attorney General, the Executive Director of the Capital Development Board, and the Director of Agriculture."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

Having been reported out of the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education on March 12, 2008, HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 76 was taken up for consideration.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Joint Resolution 76 on page 6, by replacing lines 19 and 20 with the following:

"(7) Two members appointed by the Joint Chair of an association that represents Illinois

African American legislators;"; and

on page 7, by replacing line 9 with the following:

"RESOLVED, That the Department of Human Services in conjunction with the Department of Children and Family Services shall provide staff and".

Representative Howard offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Joint Resolution 76 on page 8, line 4, by replacing "December 31, 2008" with "June 30, 2009".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

## RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Reis, HOUSE BILL 4403 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

## AGREED RESOLUTIONS

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1245, 1247, 1248, 1249, 1250 and 1251 were taken up for consideration.

Representative Currie moved the adoption of the agreed resolutions.

The motion prevailed and the agreed resolutions were adopted.

At the hour of 3:09 o'clock p.m., Representative Hannig moved that the House do now adjourn until Thursday, May 1, 2008, at 10:30 o'clock a.m., allowing perfunctory time for the Clerk.

The motion prevailed.

And the House stood adjourned.

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL QUORUM ROLL CALL FOR ATTENDANCE

April 30, 2008

0 YEAS	0 NAYS	112 PRESENT	
P Acevedo	P Dugan	P Krause	P Reboletti
P Arroyo	P Dunkin	P Lang	P Reis
P Bassi	P Dunn	P Leitch	P Reitz
P Beaubien	P Durkin	P Lindner	P Riley
P Beiser	P Eddy	P Lyons	P Rita
P Bellock	P Feigenholtz	P Mathias	P Rose
P Berrios	P Flider	P Mautino	P Ryg
P Biggins	P Flowers	P May	P Sacia
P Black	P Ford	P McAuliffe	P Saviano
P Boland	P Fortner	P McCarthy	P Schmitz
P Bost	P Franks	P McGuire	P Schock
P Bradley, John	P Fritchey	P Mendoza	P Scully
E Bradley, Richard	P Froehlich	P Meyer	P Smith
P Brady	P Golar	P Miller	P Sommer
P Brauer	E Gordon	P Mitchell, Bill	P Soto
P Brosnahan	P Graham	P Mitchell, Jerry	P Stephens
P Burke	P Granberg	P Moffitt	P Sullivan
P Chapa LaVia	P Hamos	P Molaro	P Tracy
P Coladipietro	P Hannig	P Mulligan	P Tryon
P Cole	P Harris	P Munson	P Turner
P Collins	P Hassert	P Myers	P Verschoore
P Colvin	P Hernandez	P Nekritz	P Wait
P Coulson	P Hoffman	P Osmond	E Washington
P Crespo	P Holbrook	P Osterman	E Watson
P Cross	P Howard	E Patterson	P Winters
P Cultra	P Jakobsson	P Phelps	P Yarbrough
P Currie	P Jefferies	E Pihos	P Younge
P D'Amico	P Jefferson	P Poe	P Mr. Speaker
P Davis, Monique	P Joyce	P Pritchard	-
P Davis, William	P Kosel (ADDI	ED) P Ramey	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4470 DCEO-ETIP TRAINING GRANTS THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters
			-
Y Davis, William	E Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5618 VETERANS ADVISORY COUNCIL THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reis Y Ritz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Verbrough
Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Osmond Y Osterman	E Washington E Watson

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4836 INS CD-LMTD LINES PRODUCER LIC THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Wait E Washington
Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4686 FIRE TRAINING-RETIRED FIRE THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Wait E Washington
Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5521 PEN CD-DEFERRED COMP-COGFA THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4401 DHS-TECH-BASED DAY PROGRAM THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Wait E Washington
Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4900 SCH CD-CONTRACTS-TRANSPORT THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 2862 CRIMINAL LAW-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough
•			E Watson

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4767 STATE OPERATIONS CONTINUITY THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough
•			E Watson

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5503 REAL ESTATE TIMESHARE RESALE THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

83 YEAS	26 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	N Dugan	Y Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	N Dunkin	Y Lang	N Reis
Y Bassi	Y Dunn	N Leitch	Y Reitz
Y Beaubien	Y Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Riley
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	A Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
N Boland	Y Fortner	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
N Bost	N Franks	Y McGuire	N Schock
A Bradley, John	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	N Froehlich	Y Meyer	N Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	E Gordon	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Mitchell, Jerry	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Moffitt	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	Y Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	Y Mulligan	Y Tryon
N Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	N Hernandez	Y Nekritz	Y Wait
N Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington
N Crespo	N Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	Y Howard	E Patterson	N Winters
N Cultra	N Jakobsson	Y Phelps	Y Yarbrough
Y Currie	Y Jefferies	E Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	N Jefferson	Y Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Pritchard	<u>.</u>
Y Davis, William	E Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5191 FIREARM OWNERS ID-REVOCATION THIRD READING PASSED

# April 30, 2008

74 YEAS	36 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	Y Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	Y Dunkin	Y Lang	N Reis
Y Bassi	N Dunn	Y Leitch	N Reitz
Y Beaubien	Y Durkin	N Lindner	Y Riley
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	N Mautino	Y Ryg
N Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	N Sacia
N Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fortner	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
N Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	N Froehlich	N Meyer	N Smith
N Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	N Sommer
N Brauer	E Gordon	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	A Mitchell, Jerry	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	N Moffitt	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	N Tracy
Y Coladipietro	N Hannig	Y Mulligan	Y Tryon
Y Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	N Myers	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	Y Nekritz	N Wait
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	N Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	N Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	Y Howard	E Patterson	N Winters
N Cultra	Y Jakobsson	N Phelps	Y Yarbrough
Y Currie	Y Jefferies	E Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	Y Jefferson	N Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Pritchard	
Y Davis, William	E Kosel	N Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4771 SCH BREAKFST/LUNCH PROG-VERIFY THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5231 DHFS-MEDICAID-DENTAL SERVICES THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough
•			E Watson

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4289 VIOLENT CRIME VICTIMS-PENALTY THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

110 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg A Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Turner
Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro	Y Hamos Y Hannig	Y Molaro Y Mulligan	Y Tracy Y Tryon
Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Myers Y Nekritz	Y Verschoore Y Wait
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson	Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson Y Phelps E Pihos Y Poe	E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Pritchard Y Ramey	•

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5701 \$DPT REV-RENTAL HOUSNG SUPPORT THIRD READING PASSED

April 30, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro A Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg A Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4461 CREDIT UNION ACT-MARKETING THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	1 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner P Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y Medoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg A Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan
E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin	Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez	Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz	Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait
Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson Y Phelps E Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 1223 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFITS-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg A Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith A Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce	Y Osterman E Patterson Y Phelps E Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard	_
Y Davis, William	E Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4683 FIRE SAFETY-IMITATE SPRINKLER THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5278 ELEC OFFICER-NO ENDORSEMENT THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

63 YEAS	48 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	N Krause	N Reboletti
Y Arroyo	Y Dunkin	N Lang	N Reis
Y Bassi	N Dunn	N Leitch	N Reitz
Y Beaubien	N Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Riley
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
N Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	N Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	N Mautino	Y Ryg
N Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	N Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	N Fortner	Y McCarthy	N Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	Y Schock
N Bradley, John	N Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	N Froehlich	Y Meyer	N Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	N Sommer
N Brauer	E Gordon	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	N Mitchell, Jerry	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	N Moffitt	N Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	N Hamos	Y Molaro	N Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	N Mulligan	N Tryon
N Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	N Myers	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	N Nekritz	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	N Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	N Holbrook	N Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	N Howard	E Patterson	Y Winters
N Cultra	Y Jakobsson	N Phelps	Y Yarbrough
N Currie	Y Jefferies	E Pihos	N Younge
N D'Amico	Y Jefferson	N Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	N Pritchard	F
Y Davis, William	E Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4807 \$DPT VET AFF-LASALLE VETS HOME THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4822 SCH CD-SPEC ED-TRANSITION SERV THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Wait E Washington
Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 2769 CRIMINAL LAW-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5200 REGULATION-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Harsert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman E Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Verbrough
Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	<ul><li>E Patterson</li><li>Y Phelps</li><li>E Pihos</li><li>Y Poe</li><li>Y Pritchard</li><li>Y Ramey</li></ul>	Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

E - Denotes Excused Absence

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4789 IEMA-RADON CONTROL RULES THIRD READING PASSED

### April 30, 2008

111 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan
			- 2000
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce E Kosel	Y Osterman E Patterson Y Phelps E Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

#### 258TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

#### **Perfunctory Session**

#### WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 2008

At the hour of 4:57 o'clock p.m., the House convened perfunctory session.

#### INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF BILLS

The following bills were introduced, read by title a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules:

HOUSE BILL 6339. Introduced by Representative Hoffman, AN ACT concerning appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 6340. Introduced by Representative Black, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 6341. Introduced by Representative Ford, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 6342. Introduced by Representative Ford, AN ACT concerning revenue.

#### SENATE BILL ON FIRST READING

Having been reproduced, the following bill was taken up, read by title a first time and placed in the Committee on Rules: SENATE BILL 2338 (Lyons).

#### TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Tryon replaced Representative Coulson in the Committee on Financial Institutions on April 30, 2008.

Representative Jefferson replaced Representative Smith in the Committee on Financial Institutions on April 30, 2008.

Representative Berrios replaced Representative Gordon in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law on April 30, 2008.

Representative John Bradley replaced Representative Chapa LaVia in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law on April 30, 2008.

Representative Reboletti replaced Representative Pihos in the Committee on Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness on April 30, 2008.

Representative Ramey replaced Representative Lindner in the Committee on Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness on April 30, 2008.

Representative Molaro replaced Representative Washington in the Committee on Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness on April 30, 2008.

Representative Hernandez replaced Representative Dugan in the Committee on Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness on April 30, 2008.

Representative Yarbrough replaced Representative Smith in the Committee on Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness on April 30, 2008.

#### REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Representative Ryg, Chairperson, from the Committee on Disability Services to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 5 to HOUSE BILL 5574.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 5 to House Bill 5574 is as follows:

5, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Ryg(D), Chairperson Y Golar(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Leitch(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Bellock(R)
Y Chapa LaVia(D)
A Hernandez(D)
Y Crespo(D)
A Pihos(R)

A Ramey(R)

Representative Boland, Chairperson, from the Committee on Financial Institutions to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted as amended" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 105.

The committee roll call vote on House Joint Resolution 105 is as follows:

14, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Boland(D), Chairperson Y Burke(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Mitchell, Bill(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo(D)

A Bellock(R) A Bradley, Richard(D)

Y Brauer(R) Y Tryon(R) (replacing Coulson)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} A & Davis, Monique(D) & A & Dunkin(D) \\ Y & Durkin(R) & Y & Dunn(R) \\ Y & Fritchey(D) & Y & Holbrook(D) \\ Y & Lyons(D) & Y & McAuliffe(R) \\ A & Osterman(D) & Y & Rose(R) \end{array}$ 

A Schock(R) Y Jefferson(D) (replacing Smith)

A Watson(R) A Yarbrough(D)

Representative Harris, Chairperson, from the Committee on Homeland Security & Emergency Preparedness to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-Standard Debate: HOUSE BILL 5756.

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 5756 is as follows:

6, Yeas; 5, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

N Hernandez(D) (replacing Dugan) N Harris(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Reboletti(R) (replacing Pihos) Y Brady(R)

Y Dunkin(D) Y Ramey(R) (replacing Lindner)

Y Moffitt(R) N Osterman(D)

Y Schmitz(R) N Yarbrough(D) (replacing Smith)

N Molaro(D) (replacing Washington)

Representative Molaro, Chairperson, from the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 4857. Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 5469. Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 5687.

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 5801.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 4857 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro(D), Chairperson
Y Lindner(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chapa LaVia(D)
Y Gordon(D)
Y Jefferies(D)
Y Reis(R)
Y Wait(R)

N Collins(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Chapa LaVia(D)
Y Golar(D)
Y Howard(D)
Y Reboletti(R)
Y Sacia(R)

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 5469, Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 5687 and House Bill 5801 is as follows:

13, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro(D), Chairperson Y Collins(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Lindner(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Bradley, J(D) (replacing Chapa LaVia)

 $\begin{array}{lll} Y \;\; Durkin(R) & Y \;\; Golar(D) \\ Y \;\; Berrios(D) \,(replacing \, Gordon) & Y \;\; Howard(D) \\ Y \;\; Jefferies(D) & Y \;\; Reboletti(R) \\ Y \;\; Reis(R) & Y \;\; Sacia(R) \end{array}$ 

Y Wait(R)

Representative McCarthy, Chairperson, from the Committee on Higher Education to which the following were referred, action taken on April 30, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 97 and HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 1006 and 1070.

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 1006 is as follows:

8, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y McCarthy(D), Chairperson A Jakobsson(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Bost(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Black(R)
A Brady(R)
Y Brosnahan(D)
Y Eddy(R)
A Howard(D)
A Myers(R)
Y Beiser(D)
A Brady(R)
Y D'Amico(D)
A Miller(D)
A Miller(D)
Y Pritchard(R)

Y Tracy(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 1070 and House Joint Resolution 97 is as follows: 9, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y McCarthy(D), Chairperson Y Jakobsson(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Bost(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beiser(D)
A Black(R) A Brady(R)
Y Brosnahan(D) Y D'Amico(D)

Y Eddy(R)	A Flowers(D)
A Howard(D)	A Miller(D)
A Myers(R)	Y Pritchard(R)
Y Tracy(R)	

At the hour of 4:59 o'clock p.m., the House Perfunctory Session adjourned.