### **STATE OF ILLINOIS**



### **HOUSE JOURNAL**

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

81ST LEGISLATIVE DAY

REGULAR & PERFUNCTORY SESSION

TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 2006

1:04 O'CLOCK P.M.

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### Daily Journal Index 81st Legislative Day

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The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Representative Hannig in the chair.

Prayer by Reverend Peter C. Fowler Dr. with the St. Augustine African Orthodox Church in Chicago, IL.

Representative McAuliffe led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

By direction of the Speaker, a roll call was taken to ascertain the attendance of Members, as follows: 112 present. (ROLL CALL 1)

By unanimous consent, Representatives Bassi, Black, Delgado and Osterman and Patterson were excused from attendance.

### TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS FOR COMMITTEES NOT REPORTING

Representative John Bradley replaced Representative D'Amico in the Committee on Elections & Campaign Reform on January 24, 2006.

Representative Flider replaced Representative Yarbrough in the Committee on Housing and Urban Development on January 24, 2006.

### LETTERS OF TRANSMITTAL

January 24, 2006

Mark Mahoney Chief Clerk of the House 402 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Clerk Mahoney:

Please be advised that I am extending the Final Action Deadline to February 22, 2006, for the following House Bill:

### House Bill 1744.

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff, Tim Mapes, at 782-6360.

With kindest personal regards, I remain.

Sincerely yours, s/Michael J. Madigan Speaker of the House

January 24, 2006

Mark Mahoney Chief Clerk of the House 402 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Clerk Mahoney:

Please be advised that I am extending the Final Action Deadline to March 3, 2006, for the following House Bill:

### House Bill 1371.

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff, Tim Mapes, at 782-6360.

With kindest personal regards, I remain.

Sincerely yours, s/Michael J. Madigan Speaker of the House

### MOTIONS SUBMITTED

Representative Franks submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions:

### MOTION

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE BILL 4825.

Representative Rose submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions:

### **MOTION**

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE BILL 4432.

Representative Moffitt submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions:

### **MOTION**

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE BILL 4459.

Representative Moffitt submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions:

### **MOTION**

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE BILL 4424.

### CORRECTIONAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Correctional Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 1681, as amended.

### **CHANGE OF SPONSORSHIPS**

With the consent of the affected members, Representative McAuliffe was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Colvin became the new principal sponsor of HOUSE BILL 4807.

With the consent of the affected members, Representative McAuliffe was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Colvin became the new principal sponsor of HOUSE BILL 4808.

### RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were offered and placed in the Committee on Rules.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 835**

Offered by Representative Osterman:

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that a House Illinois Health Survey Task Force is created for the purpose of studying the feasibility of implementing an Illinois Health Survey (a survey of the health status, access to health services, and other health-related issues of the Illinois population), including, but not limited to: (a) reviewing current Illinois data systems that focus on health, (b) identifying unmet data needs of the House related to health, (c) reviewing cost-effective options for the Illinois Health Survey, (d) considering funding levels and sources, (e) considering surveying methods that would permit county and city-level analysis of health issues, and (f) proposing a pilot project that would allow for the full development of a survey instrument and refining the methodology for performing an Illinois Health Survey; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the House Illinois Health Survey Task Force shall consist of 4 members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and 4 members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; the members shall be chosen to ensure geographically diverse representation; the membership shall include at least one Representative serving on each of the following committees: the House Human Services Committee, the House Environmental Health Committee, the House Developmental Disability/Mental Illness Committee, the House Health Care Availability and Access Committee, the House Insurance Committee, the House Veterans Affairs Committee, and the House Appropriations Human Services Committee; the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives shall each designate one appointee to serve as co-chair; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the House Illinois Health Survey Task Force shall hold at least 2 meetings at which public testimony shall be heard; additional meetings may be scheduled and activities may be added as necessary at the discretion of the co-chairs; the House Illinois Health Survey Task Force may use outside experts to help it staff the Task Force and research the issues, and may consult with the directors (or the representatives) of the Department of Public Health, Department of Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Human Services, Department on Aging, Department of Children and Family Services, Illinois Assistive Technology Project, and Illinois Council on Developmental Disabilities; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the House Illinois Health Survey Task Force shall submit a written report, addressing issues related to its feasibility, to all members of the General Assembly, the Governor's office, and relevant State agencies no later than January 11, 2007.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 836**

Offered by Representative Dunkin:

WHEREAS, United States Secretary of Education, Margaret Spellings, has announced a New Path for the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 by way of a set of common sense principles to guide states in meeting the Act's goals; this New Path equation includes the primary elements of the Act, such as the annual testing and reporting of subgroup data, but also includes increasing student achievement, narrowing the achievement gap, and overall state education policies that ensure that progress is being made; and

WHEREAS, The federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 recognizes that schools serving certain designated subgroups, such as children who are limited English speakers and children who have disabilities, require flexibility in determining annual yearly progress; recent educational research indicates that this type of flexibility is also needed for schools that serve other vulnerable population groups, such as high school drop-outs who return to school and who, due to low academic achievement levels, are often confronted with multiple barriers that impede their progress; and

WHEREAS, One of the flexible approaches that states have requested is the use of growth-based accountability models, which show promise as fair, reliable, and innovative methods for measuring school and student improvement; growth-based accountability models give schools credit for student improvement over time by tracking individual student achievement from year to year; and

WHEREAS, The United States Department of Education has developed a new pilot program in order to

rigorously evaluate growth-based accountability models and their ability to meet the goals of the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 and to share the results with other states; as part of this pilot program, states may propose a growth-based accountability model for use in determining annual yearly progress under the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001; and

WHEREAS, In order to be approved for participation in the program, a model must have the following core requirements: (i) ensure that all students are proficient by 2014 and set annual goals to ensure that the achievement gap is closing for all groups of students, (ii) set expectations for annual achievement based upon meeting grade-level proficiency, not based on student background or school characteristics, (iii) hold schools accountable for student achievement in reading, language arts, and mathematics, (iv) ensure that all students in tested grades are included in the assessment and accountability system, hold schools and districts accountable for the performance of each student subgroup, and include all schools and districts, (v) include an assessment system in each of grades 3 through 8 and high school in reading and language arts and mathematics, which must have been operational for more than one year, that must receive approval through the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 peer review process for the 2005-2006 school year and that must produce comparable results from grade to grade and from year to year, (vi) track student progress as part of the state data system, and (vii) include student participation rates and student achievement on a separate academic indicator in the state accountability system; and

WHEREAS, The United States Department of Education will approve no more than 10 high-quality growth models in this pilot program for 2005-2006, and states that wish to apply and meet the core requirements must submit their proposals to the Department by February 17, 2006; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the State Board of Education to apply for participation in the growth-based accountability pilot program established by the U.S. Department of Education; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we urge the United States Department of Education to use more flexible criteria in determining adequate yearly progress under the federal No Child Left Behind Act; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be delivered to the U.S. Secretary of Education, the State Board of Education, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the President pro tempore of the United States Senate, and to each member of the Illinois Congressional delegation.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 838**

Offered by Representative Acevedo:

WHEREAS, The United States of America was founded by immigrants who traveled from around the world to seek a better life; and

WHEREAS, The United States has an undocumented population of 11 million immigrants, including half a million in Illinois; and

WHEREAS, Illinois immigrants fill key roles in our economy such as paying taxes, including contributions to Social Security that they cannot receive back, raising families, and contributing to our schools, churches, neighborhoods, and communities; and

WHEREAS, Our current immigration system contributes to long backlogs, labor abuses, countless deaths on the border, and vigilante violence and is in dire need of reform to meet the challenges of the 21st century; and

WHEREAS, Any comprehensive reform must involve a path to citizenship for these hardworking immigrants, as well as reunification of families and a safe and orderly process for enabling willing immigrant workers to fill essential jobs in our economy and ensure full labor rights; and

WHEREAS, The immigration initiative severely punishes illegal employment practices while creating a path to earned permanent legal status for individuals who have been working in the United States, paying taxes, obeying the law, and learning English, and protecting workers by ensuring the right to change jobs, join a union, and report abusive employment situations; and

WHEREAS, Modernizing our antiquated and dysfunctional immigration system will uphold our nation's basic values of fairness, equal opportunity, and respect for the law; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Illinois Congressional Delegation and all of Congress to support "The Secure America and Orderly Immigration Act of 2005" (S.1033 and H.R.2330),

which allows every hardworking, law-abiding individual to achieve the American Dream; and be it further RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be delivered to the President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the Majority and Minority Leaders of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Majority and Minority Leaders of the House of Representatives, and each member of the Illinois Congressional Delegation.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 840**

Offered by Representative Turner:

WHEREAS, Many places in Illinois are significant sites of local, State, national, and world history; and

WHEREAS, Visitors to these sites learn about historic people, ideas, and developments; and

WHEREAS, Such visits deepen our interests in, and appreciation of, history; and

WHEREAS, History helps us understand our place in the world and how we might improve it; and

WHEREAS, Increasing visitations at historic sites stimulates beautification, preservation, conservation, tourism, and business in Illinois communities and counties where they are located; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois State Historical Society, organized in 1899 and recognized by the Illinois General Assembly in 1903, has already placed markers at more than four hundred historic sites around the State: and

WHEREAS, The Illinois General Assembly and the Illinois State Historical Society now seek to heighten historical awareness in Illinois residents and visitors by calling attention to these markers and historic sites throughout the State; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that the week of February 27 through March 4 in 2006 shall be known as Illinois State Historical Society Markers Awareness Week with a special State ceremony in Springfield on March 3, 2006; and be it further

RESOLVED, That all Illinois residents and visitors are encouraged to celebrate this week by learning about historic sites in their locales, visiting them, reflecting on their importance in history, communicating with others about them, and attending ceremonies commemorating them; and be it further

RESOLVED, That members of the House of Representatives are encouraged to participate in the events of this week with their colleagues in the Capitol and their constituents in their home districts; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to the Illinois State Historical Society.

### HOUSE RESOLUTION 841

Offered by Representative Pihos:

WHEREAS, The LIHEAP program is a federal program administered by the Illinois Department of Health and Family Services to help low income households pay for home heating and cooling bills and to reduce energy consumption; and

WHEREAS, Approximately \$150 million is dedicated to home heating grants, with remaining funds of \$50 million used for weatherization, summer cooling programs, and other energy assistance initiatives; and

WHEREAS, In Fiscal Year 2005, more than \$155 million was granted to over 342,000 households for winter heating needs; and

WHEREAS, This winter the Department of Health and Family Services hopes to provide assistance to 315,500 households; and

WHEREAS, The service target for this winter season is only 40% of eligible households, and nearly 474,000 households will go without assistance; and

WHEREAS, The spending authority for the FY 2006 program remains at the same level that was in place for FY 2005; and

WHEREAS, The U.S. Energy Information Administration announced that Americans nationwide should be prepared to pay up to 48% more on home heating costs this winter; therefore, in light of rising energy prices, funding at the same level year after year is not sufficient; and

WHEREAS, Estimates for the current fiscal year indicate that the State will collect \$1 billion in revenue

from all public utility taxes, and by diverting 2% of those tax dollars to the LIHEAP program, the State would generate a consistent funding stream of at least \$20 million; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Governor, in cooperation with the Department of Health and Family Services, to increase State funding for the LIHEAP program in order to provide assistance to more of the households in need; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be delivered to Governor Rod Blagojevich and the Director of Health and Family Services.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 842**

Offered by Representative Pihos:

WHEREAS, The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program was authorized by Congress in 1981 to assist low-income households, particularly those with the lowest income that pay a high proportion of household income for home energy, in meeting their immediate home energy needs; and

WHEREAS, The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) provides vital heating and cooling assistance to low-income families, including working poor households, senior citizens, and persons with disabilities; and

WHEREAS, The LIHEAP program in Illinois is funded through State and federal appropriations and cash donations on the local level; and

WHEREAS, In Illinois, the winter heating program is expected to reach approximately 300,000 households this winter with an estimated \$150 million in State and federal funding; and

WHEREAS, Due to insufficient funding, LIHEAP has reached just 15% of the more than 30 million eligible for assistance nationwide in recent years; and

WHEREAS, Federal LIHEAP funding levels for 2006 have not yet been established; although Congress has authorized \$5.1 billion for LIHEAP, no money has been appropriated; and

WHEREAS, The United States Energy Information Administration announced that Americans nationwide should be prepared to pay up to 48% more on home heating costs this winter; in light of rising energy prices, funding at the same level year after year is not sufficient; and

WHEREAS, A national survey of LIHEAP recipients conducted in 2005 by the National Energy Agency Director's Association (NEADA) found that 32% of families in the survey sacrificed medical care, 24% failed to make a rent or mortgage payment, 20% went without food for at least a day, and 44% said that they skipped paying or paid less than their home energy bill in the past year; and

WHEREAS, In Illinois, winter temperatures average 28.2 degrees Fahrenheit, and an average of 18 deaths are annually attributed to cold temperatures; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge President George W. Bush to support the LIHEAP program; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we urge the United States Congress to provide an increase in LIHEAP funding to a level sufficient to keep pace with rising energy prices; and be it further

RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be delivered to President George W. Bush and to each member of the Illinois Congressional Delegation.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 843**

Offered by Representative Meyer:

WHEREAS, No oil refinery has been built in the United States in the past 30 years and U.S. consumers now rely upon imported supplies of refined petroleum products to a degree that is incompatible with national security; and

WHEREAS, In August 2005, Hurricane Katrina caused damage to several Gulf Coast refineries, illustrating the vulnerability of the nation's refining infrastructure and resulting in gasoline shortages and dramatic fluctuations in fuel prices; and

WHEREAS, The U.S. refining industry runs at nearly 100% capacity in order to keep up with demand;

therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that there is created the Illinois Oil Refining Task Force for the purpose of studying the lack of sufficient gasoline and diesel-fuel refining capacity in Illinois; the Task Force shall consist of 12 members as follows: one member appointed by the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency; one member appointed by the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity; one member who represents the interests of the State's petroleum marketers; 2 members appointed by the President of the Senate; 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the members of the Task Force shall appoint one member to serve as chairperson; the initial meeting of the Task Force shall be within 30 days after the appointment of a majority of the members and all other meetings shall be at the call of the chairperson; the members of the Task Force shall receive no compensation for their services as members of the Task Force but may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred as a result of their service from appropriations made by the General Assembly for that purpose; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity shall provide staff support to the Task Force, as necessary; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Task Force shall report to the General Assembly its recommendations on ways to improve the condition of the State's refining capacity and shall file its report with the Clerk of the House and with the Secretary of the Senate no later than December 31, 2006; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Director of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, the President of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

### HOUSE RESOLUTION 844

Offered by Representative Flowers:

WHEREAS, On January 1, 2006, Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage took effect; and

WHEREAS, The media have been full of stories about how the lives of senior citizens have been complicated by the advent of Medicare prescription drug coverage; and

WHEREAS, Senior citizens have had to make choices concerning their prescription drug coverage, and many have been confused by the different options available; and

WHEREAS, Since January 1, 2006, many senior citizens have experienced difficulty in getting prescriptions filled because of problems in ascertaining or confirming their prescription drug coverage; and

WHEREAS, Senior citizens' health and well-being, not to mention their very lives, are often dependent on their ability to obtain needed prescription drugs; and

WHEREAS, The State can and should do everything it can to help senior citizens obtain the prescription drugs they need in a timely fashion, including providing assistance to senior citizens and pharmacists in ascertaining or confirming senior citizens' prescription drug coverage; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we urge the Governor to make signs available for posting in pharmacies throughout the State giving statewide and local telephone numbers that a pharmacist or senior citizen may call for assistance in ascertaining or confirming a senior citizen's prescription drug coverage and in getting their prescriptions filled; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governor.

### **HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 87**

Offered by Representative Giles:

WHEREAS, According to a recent study by the Center for Labor Market Studies at Northeastern

University in Boston, Massachusetts, there are 174,168 Illinois youth ages 16 to 24 years old and 98,908 youth ages 16 to 21 years old who have not graduated from high school and are out of school; and

WHEREAS, This study outlines that in Illinois, of the 174,168 youth who are out of school without a high school diploma, 50,877 are White, 74,645 are Hispanic, 42,294 are Black, and 6,352 are listed as other; and

WHEREAS, The vast majority of Chicago area and downstate Illinois youth who are out of school without a high school diploma come from lower income areas; and

WHEREAS, The vast majority of these youth who are out of school without a high school diploma see themselves as students who want to return to school and earn a high school diploma, but there are currently not enough options and opportunities for many of these re-enrolled students; and

WHEREAS, A comprehensive system is needed for all students - those in school and those who want to return to school, but the school experience that will help "out of school students" succeed when they re-enroll must be different; people learn in different ways, and smaller schools offer a more personal, flexible, and accountable curriculum that successfully re-enrolls, teaches, and graduates these out of school students; and

WHEREAS, Illinois employers are experiencing a shortage of skilled workers, and these "re-enrolled students" could provide the needed addition to the workforce needs of the Illinois economy and Illinois businesses; and

WHEREAS, Eighty percent of prison inmates are students who left school without a high school diploma and, as such, can pose a problem in terms of crime and public safety to the general public in their communities and neighborhoods; and

WHEREAS, Out-of-school students without a high school diploma earn \$516,000 less over their lifetimes than people who have a high school diploma and some college education; and

WHEREAS, The benefit to Illinois taxpayers is \$312,000 over the lifetime of a "re-enrolled student" who returns to school and earns a high school diploma in terms of that person paying more taxes on his or her increased earnings as well as the reduced social costs in terms of his or her utilizing welfare services, mental health services, and other dependency services, and being less likely to enter prison or incur other costs related to crime; and

WHEREAS, There is significant research and program experience to draw on and use to develop successful programs to re-enroll, teach, and graduate students who left school before earning a high school diploma; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that there is created the "Task Force on Re-enrolling Students Who Dropped Out Of School" in order to examine and develop ways to address the growing issue of students who left school before earning a high school diploma; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the purpose of the Task Force is to examine policies, programs, and other issues related to developing a variety of successful approaches using best program practices to re-enroll, teach, and graduate students who left school before earning a high school diploma and, in doing so, improve community safety and the Illinois economy; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Task Force shall be composed of the following members: 8 legislators (2 of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, 2 of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House, 2 of whom shall be appointed by the House Minority Leader, and 2 of whom shall be appointed by the Senate Minority Leader); 1 representative of the State Board of Education appointed by the State Superintendent of Education; 1 representative of the Department of Human Services appointed by the Secretary of Human Services; 1 representative of the Department of Children and Family Services appointed by the Director of Children and Family Services; 1 representative of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity; 1 representative of the Illinois Community College Board appointed by the President of the Illinois Community College Board; 8 representatives from the public (4 of which should come from schools/programs working with students who had left school before earning a high school diploma and 4 other appointees) appointed by the Governor, with one of these public representatives serving as chairperson of the Task Force; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the duties of the Task Force shall include conducting a series of public hearings throughout the State to discuss the impact of students who have left school without a high school diploma on various regions of the State, completing a review of data regarding students who have left school without a high school diploma that allows for a comparison of Illinois data both nationally and with other

states in the region and across the country, completing a review of various financing and funding mechanisms used by other states, counties, cities, foundations, and other financial funding sources and producing a final report with recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly on ways and means to address the challenge of re-enrolling students who have left school without a high school diploma; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Task Force shall issue an interim report of its findings to the Governor and the General Assembly no later than January 10, 2007; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Task Force shall issue a final report by January 10, 2008, and upon filing this report, the Task Force is dissolved.

### HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 88

Offered by Representative Currie:

WHEREAS, President Abraham Lincoln advanced a proposal in the closing weeks of 1861 for federal support for gradual, compensated emancipation, through action of the legislatures of the border states, but which failed due to lack of sufficient support in those states; and

WHEREAS, On July 22, 1862, at a cabinet meeting, President Lincoln announced that, on the basis of his power as Commander in Chief, he proposed to issue a proclamation freeing all slaves in Confederate held territory as of January 1, 1863, if the rebels did not rejoin the Union by that date, with or without the consent of his cabinet; however, he agreed to put a hold on issuing the preliminary Emancipation Proclamation until Union forces had won a significant battle, which the federal forces did at Antietam, Maryland, on September 17, 1862, the bloodiest single day of the Civil War; and

WHEREAS, President Lincoln then issued, on September 22, 1862, the preliminary Emancipation Proclamation, and on December 29, 1862, he presented the final draft of the Emancipation Proclamation to his cabinet; and

WHEREAS, President Lincoln later became convinced of the need for a constitutional amendment banning slavery to assure that emancipation remained secure after the conclusion of the war, which led to the introduction in the United States Senate of the Thirteenth Amendment outlawing slavery; and

WHEREAS, The full meaning of the Emancipation Proclamation emerged when, on April 8, 1864, the United States Senate passed the Thirteenth Amendment outlawing slavery; it failed, initially, to get the required two-thirds majority in the United States House of Representatives, due to the obstruction of Democrats, but public pressure forced enough Democrats to change their votes, so that the House ratified the amendment on January 31, 1865; and

WHEREAS, Several months after President Lincoln's assassination, the Thirteen Amendment, outlawing slavery, was declared adopted on December 18, 1865, when it had been ratified by the legislatures of 27 of the then 36 states; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois General Assembly wishes to adopt this resolution as an acknowledgement of the significance of Abraham Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation to our nation and the world; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln lived in Illinois throughout his adult life, except while serving our nation as its 16th President; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln served the State of Illinois through four terms in the Illinois House of Representatives and one term in the United States House of Representatives; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln helped found the Illinois Republican Party and twice ran for a seat in the United States Senate; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln was twice elected as President of the United States and served our nation in that capacity from March 4, 1861, until his death, as the result of assassination, on April 15, 1865; and

WHEREAS, The Emancipation Proclamation led to the freedom of four million slaves, the subsequent broadening of the right to vote to more Americans, and advanced the cause of human rights in the world; and

WHEREAS, On January 1, 1863, President Lincoln signed the final, corrected version of the Emancipation Proclamation: and

WHEREAS, The Emancipation Proclamation changed the dynamic of the war by turning the federal armies into agents of liberation and by giving slaves a direct and vital interest in the defeat of the Confederate States; and

WHEREAS, Emancipation enormously raised the stature of the Union cause internationally; by turning

the Civil War into a war against slavery, President Lincoln attracted to the Union's side workers and progressive-minded people all over the world; it greatly complicated the position of those governments, such as that in Great Britain, that were considering intervention on the side of the Confederacy; and

WHEREAS, The Emancipation Proclamation managed to destabilize slavery even where it still technically remained legal; in Missouri and Tennessee, areas exempted from the Emancipation Proclamation, slaves deserted plantations en masse; and

WHEREAS, Slavery was further undermined by President Lincoln's decision, spelled out in the Emancipation Proclamation, to recruit black soldiers into the Union army; the Union eventually recruited 200,000 African Americans, who served on many fronts; and

WHEREAS, The Emancipation Proclamation laid the basis for the Union victory in 1865 and led to the ratification of the Thirteenth Amendment outlawing slavery as a socio-political system; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that the first week of January in 2007 shall be known as Emancipation Proclamation Week to recognize the enormous importance of the Emancipation Proclamation authored by Illinois' Abraham Lincoln, then President of the United States, and signed into effect on January 1, 1863; and be it further

RESOLVED, That schools and other institutions in our State are encouraged to celebrate the Emancipation Proclamation and educate our young people about its historical significance.

### HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 89

Offered by Representative Smith:

WHEREAS, The Illinois River played a vital and historic role in our nation's growth by connecting the Great Lakes with the Mississippi River; and

WHEREAS, The waterways of Illinois have been instrumental in shaping the culture, commerce, and communities of our State; and

WHEREAS, More than 90 percent of all Illinois residents live within the sprawling Illinois River watershed and its tributaries - the Calumet, Chicago, Des Plaines, DuPage, Fox, Kankakee, La Moine, Mackinaw, Sangamon, Spoon, and Vermilion Rivers - which also provide habitat for countless species of fish, reptiles, waterfowl, and fauna; and

WHEREAS, Nearly one million Illinois residents rely on the Illinois River and its tributaries for drinking water; and

WHEREAS, Generations of Illinois farmers have relied on the Illinois River to get their harvests to market, and thousands of Illinois businesses use the Illinois River as an economic corridor to ship more than 60 million tons of commodities annually, including coal, iron, petroleum products, chemicals, steel, sand, gravel, and agricultural products; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois River's recreational opportunities have blossomed in recent years, as fishermen, boaters, bird-watchers, bikers, hikers, and tourists from across the nation have begun to enjoy anew the Illinois River's vast beauty; and

WHEREAS, Since 1999, the Office of the Illinois Lieutenant Governor has co-sponsored the "Annual Illinois River Sweep", in which thousands of volunteers at dozens of sites roll up their sleeves to clean up this precious resource; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that we recognize the third Saturday of every September as "Illinois River Day" to celebrate this magnificent waterway and its profound impact on our lives as Illinoisans.

### HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 90

Offered by Representative Turner:

WHEREAS, Many places in Illinois are significant sites of local, State, national, and world history; and WHEREAS, Visitors to these sites learn about historic people, ideas, and developments; and WHEREAS, Such visits deepen our interests in, and appreciation of, history; and

WHEREAS, History helps us understand our place in the world and how we might improve it; and

WHEREAS, Increasing visitations at historic sites stimulates beautification, preservation, conservation, tourism, and business in Illinois communities and counties where they are located; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois State Historical Society, organized in 1899 and recognized by the Illinois General Assembly in 1903, has already placed markers at more than four hundred historic sites around the State; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois General Assembly and the Illinois State Historical Society now seek to heighten historical awareness in Illinois residents and visitors by calling attention to these markers and historic sites throughout the State; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that the week of February 27 through March 4 in 2006 shall be known as Illinois State Historical Society Markers Awareness Week with a special State ceremony in Springfield on March 3, 2006; and be it further

RESOLVED, That all Illinois residents and visitors are encouraged to celebrate this week by learning about historic sites in their locales, visiting them, reflecting on their importance in history, communicating with others about them, and attending ceremonies commemorating them; and be it further

RESOLVED, That General Assembly members are encouraged to participate in the events of this week with their colleagues in the Capitol and their constituents in their home districts; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be presented to the Illinois State Historical Society.

### AGREED RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were offered and placed on the Calendar on the order of Agreed Resolutions.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 823**

Offered by Representative Myers:

Congratulates Norman Walzer on the occasion of his retirement as director of the Illinois Institute for Rural Affairs.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 825**

Offered by Representative Bellock:

Recognizes Mary Alice D'Arcy for her 25 years of service to Easter Seals DuPage.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 826**

Offered by Representative Monique Davis:

Mourns the death of Charlie B. Ragland, Sr., of Memphis, Tennessee.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 827**

Offered by Representative Myers:

Congratulates Charles C. Gilbert III of Macomb on the occasion of his retirement as director of Institutional Research and Planning at Western Illinois University.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 834**

Offered by Representative Bellock:

Congratulates the Hinsdale Junior Woman's Club on the occasion of its annual benefit supporting the Wellness House, Family Matters Program.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 837**

Offered by Representative Granberg:

Mourns the combat death in Iraq of USMC Lance Corporal Jonathan Kyle Price of Woodlawn.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 839**

Offered by Representative Flider:

Congratulates Decatur Chief of Police Mark D. Barthelemy on the occasion of his retirement after 30 years of service.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 845**

Offered by Representative Dunkin: Mourns the death of Allan Johnson.

### AGREED RESOLUTIONS

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 823, 825, 826, 827, 834, 837, 839 and 845 were taken up for consideration. Representative Currie moved the adoption of the agreed resolutions. The motion prevailed and the agreed resolutions were adopted.

### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 1295. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1295 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Section 6-16 as follows: (235 ILCS 5/6-16) (from Ch. 43, par. 131)

Sec. 6-16. Prohibited sales and possession.

(a) (i) No licensee nor any officer, associate, member, representative, agent, or employee of such licensee shall sell, give, or deliver alcoholic liquor to any person under the age of 21 years or to any intoxicated person, except as provided in Section 6-16.1. (ii) No express company, common carrier, or contract carrier nor any representative, agent, or employee on behalf of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall knowingly give or knowingly deliver to a residential address any shipping container clearly labeled as containing alcoholic liquor and labeled as requiring signature of an adult of at least 21 years of age to any person in this State under the age of 21 years. An express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports such alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall obtain a signature at the time of delivery acknowledging receipt of the alcoholic liquor by an adult who is at least 21 years of age. At no time while delivering alcoholic beverages within this State may any representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State deliver the alcoholic liquor to a residential address without the acknowledgment of the consignee and without first obtaining a signature at the time of the delivery by an adult who is at least 21 years of age. A signature of a person on file with the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier does not constitute acknowledgement of the consignee. Any express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State that violates this item (ii) of this subsection (a) by delivering alcoholic liquor without the acknowledgement of the consignee and without first obtaining a signature at the time of the delivery by an adult who is at least 21 years of age is guilty of a business offense for which the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor within this State shall be fined not more than \$1,001 for a first offense, not more than \$5,000 for a second offense, and not more than \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense. An express company, common carrier, or contract carrier shall be held vicariously liable for the actions of its representatives, agents, or employees. For purposes of this Act, in addition to other methods authorized by law, an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier shall be considered served with process when a representative, agent, or employee alleged to have violated this Act is personally served. Each shipment of alcoholic liquor delivered in violation of this item (ii) of this subsection (a) constitutes a separate offense. (iii) No person, after purchasing or otherwise obtaining alcoholic liquor, shall sell, give, or deliver such alcoholic liquor to another person under the age of 21 years, except in the performance of a religious ceremony or service. Except as otherwise provided in item (ii), any express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that transports alcoholic liquor within this State that violates the provisions of item (i), (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Any person who violates the provisions of item (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to a fine of not less than \$500 for a first offense and not less than \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of item (iii) of this paragraph of this subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 4 felony if a death occurs as the result of the violation.

If a licensee or officer, associate, member, representative, agent, or employee of the licensee, or a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State, is prosecuted under this paragraph of this subsection (a) for selling, giving, or delivering alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years, the person under 21 years of age who attempted to buy or receive the alcoholic liquor may be prosecuted pursuant to Section 6-20 of this Act, unless the person under 21 years of age was acting under the authority of a law enforcement agency, the Illinois Liquor Control Commission, or a local liquor control commissioner pursuant to a plan or action to investigate, patrol, or conduct any similar enforcement action.

For the purpose of preventing the violation of this Section, any licensee, or his agent or employee, or a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State, shall refuse to sell, deliver, or serve alcoholic beverages to any person who is unable to produce adequate written evidence of identity and of the fact that he or she is over the age of 21 years, if requested by the licensee, agent, employee, or representative.

Adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person is a document issued by a federal, state, county, or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including, but not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, a registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective Service Act, or an identification card issued to a member of the Armed Forces. Proof that the defendant-licensee, or his employee or agent, or the representative, agent, or employee of the express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State demanded, was shown and reasonably relied upon such written evidence in any transaction forbidden by this Section is an affirmative defense in any criminal prosecution therefor or to any proceedings for the suspension or revocation of any license based thereon. It shall not, however, be an affirmative defense if the agent or employee accepted the written evidence knowing it to be false or fraudulent. If a false or fraudulent Illinois driver's license or Illinois identification card is presented by a person less than 21 years of age to a licensee or the licensee's agent or employee for the purpose of ordering, purchasing, attempting to purchase, or otherwise obtaining or attempting to obtain the serving of any alcoholic beverage, the law enforcement officer or agency investigating the incident shall, upon the conviction of the person who presented the fraudulent license or identification, make a report of the matter to the Secretary of State on a form provided by the Secretary of State.

However, no agent or employee of the licensee or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier that carries or transports alcoholic liquor for delivery within this State shall be disciplined or discharged for selling or furnishing liquor to a person under 21 years of age if the agent or employee demanded and was shown, before furnishing liquor to a person under 21 years of age, adequate written evidence of age and identity of the person issued by a federal, state, county or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including but not limited to a motor vehicle operator's license, a registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective Service Act, or an identification card issued to a member of the Armed Forces. This paragraph, however, shall not apply if the agent or employee accepted the written evidence knowing it to be false or fraudulent.

Any person who sells, gives, or furnishes to any person under the age of 21 years any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of the age and identity of such person or who sells, gives or furnishes to any person under the age of 21 years evidence of age and identification of any other person is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500.

Any person under the age of 21 years who presents or offers to any licensee, his agent or employee, any written, printed or photostatic evidence of age and identity that is false, fraudulent, or not actually his or her own for the purpose of ordering, purchasing, attempting to purchase or otherwise procuring or attempting to procure, the serving of any alcoholic beverage, who falsely states in writing that he or she is at least 21

years of age when receiving alcoholic liquor from a representative, agent, or employee of an express company, common carrier, or contract carrier, or who has in his or her possession any false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of age and identity, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following: a fine of not less than \$500 and at least 25 hours of community service. If possible, any community service shall be performed for an alcohol abuse prevention program.

Any licensee or his or her agent, employee, or representative who has reason to suspect a person has presented him or her with false or fraudulent written, printed, or photostatic evidence of age and identity has the authority to confiscate the written, printed, or photostatic evidence of age and identity for submission to law enforcement personnel to make a determination of the validity of the identification presented. The licensee or his or her agent, employee, or representative shall have no criminal or civil liability, except for willful or wanton misconduct, for confiscating written, printed, or photostatic evidence of age and identity he or she reasonably believes may be false or fraudulent.

Any person under the age of 21 years who has any alcoholic beverage in his or her possession on any street or highway or in any public place or in any place open to the public is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. This Section does not apply to possession by a person under the age of 21 years making a delivery of an alcoholic beverage in pursuance of the order of his or her parent or in pursuance of his or her employment.

- (a-1) It is unlawful for any parent or guardian to permit his or her residence to be used by an invitee of the parent's child or the guardian's ward, if the invitee is under the age of 21, in a manner that constitutes a violation of this Section. A parent or guardian is deemed to have permitted his or her residence to be used in violation of this Section if he or she knowingly authorizes, enables, or permits such use to occur by failing to control access to either the residence or the alcoholic liquor maintained in the residence. Any person who violates this subsection (a-1) is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and the person's sentence shall include, but shall not be limited to, a fine of not less than \$500. Nothing in this subsection (a-1) shall be construed to prohibit the giving of alcoholic liquor to a person under the age of 21 years in the performance of a religious ceremony or service.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Section whoever violates this Section shall, in addition to other penalties provided for in this Act, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (c) Any person shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor where he or she knowingly permits a gathering at a residence which he or she occupies of two or more persons where any one or more of the persons is under 21 years of age and the following factors also apply:
  - (1) the person occupying the residence knows that any such person under the age of 21
  - is in possession of or is consuming any alcoholic beverage; and
  - (2) the possession or consumption of the alcohol by the person under 21 is not otherwise permitted by this Act; and
  - (3) the person occupying the residence knows that the person under the age of 21 leaves the residence in an intoxicated condition.

For the purposes of this subsection (c) where the residence has an owner and a tenant or lessee, there is a rebuttable presumption that the residence is occupied only by the tenant or lessee.

- (d) Any person who rents a hotel or motel room from the proprietor or agent thereof for the purpose of or with the knowledge that such room shall be used for the consumption of alcoholic liquor by persons under the age of 21 years shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, any person who has alcoholic liquor in his or her possession on public school district property on school days or at events on public school district property when children are present is guilty of a petty offense, unless the alcoholic liquor (i) is in the original container with the seal unbroken and is in the possession of a person who is not otherwise legally prohibited from possessing the alcoholic liquor or (ii) is in the possession of a person in or for the performance of a religious service or ceremony authorized by the school board.

(Source: P.A. 92-380, eff. 1-1-02; 92-503, eff. 1-1-02; 92-507, eff. 1-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-687, eff. 1-1-03.)".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4173. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Elections & Campaign Reform, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4173 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 7-10.2, 7-17, 8-8.1, 10-5.1, and 16-3 as follows:

(10 ILCS 5/7-10.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-10.2)

Sec. 7-10.2. In the designation of the name of a candidate on a petition for nomination or certificate of nomination the candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the petition or certificate for that office, whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the petition or certificate must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the petition or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, as defined by Section 7-17, title or degree, or nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree or professional status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-17) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-17)

Sec. 7-17. Candidate ballot name procedures.

(a) Each election authority in each county shall cause to be printed upon the general primary ballot of each party for each precinct in his jurisdiction the name of each candidate whose petition for nomination or for committeeman has been filed in the office of the county clerk, as herein provided; and also the name of each candidate whose name has been certified to his office by the State Board of Elections, and in the order so certified, except as hereinafter provided.

It shall be the duty of the election authority to cause to be printed upon the consolidated primary ballot of each political party for each precinct in his jurisdiction the name of each candidate whose name has been certified to him, as herein provided and which is to be voted for in such precinct.

(b) In the designation of the name of a candidate on the primary ballot the candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the petition for nomination, nomination papers, or certificate of nomination for that office, whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the primary ballot must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the petition, papers, or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree, or nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree or professional status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman. For purposes of this Section, a "political slogan" is defined as any word or words expressing or connoting a position, opinion, or belief that the candidate may espouse, including but not limited to, any word or words conveying any meaning other than that of the personal identity of the candidate. A candidate may not use a political slogan as part of his or her name on the ballot,

notwithstanding that the political slogan may be part of the candidate's name.

- (c) The State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority shall remove any candidate's name designation from a ballot that is inconsistent with subsection (b) of this Section. In addition, the State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority shall not certify to any election authority any candidate name designation that is inconsistent with subsection (b) of this Section.
- (d) If the State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority removes a candidate's name designation from a ballot under subsection (c) of this Section, then the aggrieved candidate may seek appropriate relief in circuit court.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/8-8.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-8.1)

Sec. 8-8.1. In the designation of the name of a candidate on a petition for nomination, the candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the petition for that office, then (i) the candidate's name on the petition must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the petition must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree, or nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree or professional status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/10-5.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-5.1)

Sec. 10-5.1. In the designation of the name of a candidate on a certificate of nomination or nomination papers the candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the certificate of nomination or nomination papers for that office, whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the certificate or papers must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the certificate or paper must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree, or nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree or professional status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/16-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 16-3)

Sec. 16-3. (a) The names of all candidates to be voted for in each election district or precinct shall be printed on one ballot, except as is provided in Sections 16-6.1 and 21-1.01 of this Act and except as otherwise provided in this Act with respect to the odd year regular elections and the emergency referenda; all nominations of any political party being placed under the party appellation or title of such party as designated in the certificates of nomination or petitions. The names of all independent candidates shall be printed upon the ballot in a column or columns under the heading "independent" arranged under the names or titles of the respective offices for which such independent candidates shall have been nominated and so far as practicable, the name or names of any independent candidates for any office shall be printed upon the ballot opposite the name or names of any candidate or candidates for the same office

contained in any party column or columns upon said ballot. The ballot shall contain no other names, except that in cases of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President may be added to the party designation and words calculated to aid the voter in his choice of candidates may be added, such as "Vote for one," "Vote for three." When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot label booklet, the candidates and questions shall appear on the pages of such booklet in the order provided by this Code; and, in any case where candidates for an office appear on a page which does not contain the name of any candidate for another office, and where less than 50% of the page is utilized, the name of no candidate shall be printed on the lowest 25% of such page. On the back or outside of the ballot, so as to appear when folded, shall be printed the words "Official Ballot", followed by the designation of the polling place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of the election authority who has caused the ballots to be printed. The ballots shall be of plain white paper, through which the printing or writing cannot be read. However, ballots for use at the nonpartisan and consolidated elections may be printed on different color paper, except blue paper, whenever necessary or desirable to facilitate distinguishing between ballots for different political subdivisions. In the case of nonpartisan elections for officers of a political subdivision, unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Constitution providing the form of government therefor requires otherwise, the column listing such nonpartisan candidates shall be printed with no appellation or circle at its head. The party appellation or title, or the word "independent" at the head of any column provided for independent candidates, shall be printed in letters not less than one-fourth of an inch in height and a circle one-half inch in diameter shall be printed at the beginning of the line in which such appellation or title is printed, provided, however, that no such circle shall be printed at the head of any column or columns provided for such independent candidates. The names of candidates shall be printed in letters not less than one-eighth nor more than one-fourth of an inch in height, and at the beginning of each line in which a name of a candidate is printed a square shall be printed, the sides of which shall be not less than one-fourth of an inch in length. However, the names of the candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor on the same ticket shall be printed within a bracket and a single square shall be printed in front of the bracket. The list of candidates of the several parties and any such list of independent candidates shall be placed in separate columns on the ballot in such order as the election authorities charged with the printing of the ballots shall decide; provided, that the names of the candidates of the several political parties, certified by the State Board of Elections to the several county clerks shall be printed by the county clerk of the proper county on the official ballot in the order certified by the State Board of Elections. Any county clerk refusing, neglecting or failing to print on the official ballot the names of candidates of the several political parties in the order certified by the State Board of Elections, and any county clerk who prints or causes to be printed upon the official ballot the name of a candidate, for an office to be filled by the Electors of the entire State, whose name has not been duly certified to him upon a certificate signed by the State Board of Elections shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.

(b) When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot card, on the inside flap of each ballot card envelope there shall be printed a form for write-in voting which shall be substantially as follows:

### WRITE-IN VOTES

(See card of instructions for specific information. Duplicate form below by hand for additional write-in votes.)

	Title of Office	-
(	)	

Name of Candidate

- (c) When an electronic voting system is used which uses a ballot sheet, the instructions to voters on the ballot sheet shall refer the voter to the card of instructions for specific information on write-in voting. Below each office appearing on such ballot sheet there shall be a provision for the casting of a write-in vote.
- (d) When such electronic system is used, there shall be printed on the back of each ballot card, each ballot card envelope, and the first page of the ballot label when a ballot label is used, the words "Official Ballot," followed by the number of the precinct or other precinct identification, which may be stamped, in lieu thereof and, as applicable, the number and name of the township, ward or other election district for which the ballot card, ballot card envelope, and ballot label are prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of the signature of the election authority who has caused the ballots to be printed. The back of the ballot card shall also include a method of identifying the ballot configuration such as a listing of the political subdivisions and districts for which votes may be cast on that ballot, or a number code identifying

the ballot configuration or color coded ballots, except that where there is only one ballot configuration in a precinct, the precinct identification, and any applicable ward identification, shall be sufficient. Ballot card envelopes used in punch card systems shall be of paper through which no writing or punches may be discerned and shall be of sufficient length to enclose all voting positions. However, the election authority may provide ballot card envelopes on which no precinct number or township, ward or other election district designation, or election date are preprinted, if space and a preprinted form are provided below the space provided for the names of write-in candidates where such information may be entered by the judges of election. Whenever an election authority utilizes ballot card envelopes on which the election date and precinct is not preprinted, a judge of election shall mark such information for the particular precinct and election on the envelope in ink before tallying and counting any write-in vote written thereon. If some method of insuring ballot secrecy other than an envelope is used, such information must be provided on the ballot itself.

- (e) In the designation of the name of a candidate on the ballot, the candidate's given name or names, initial or initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known, or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the last day for filing the petition for nomination, nomination papers, or certificate of nomination for that office, whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the ballot must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the petition, papers, or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot, as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree or nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree or professional status, or similar information may be used in connection with the candidate's surname, except that the title "Mrs." may be used in the case of a married woman. For purposes of this Section, a "political slogan" is defined as any word or words expressing or connoting a position, opinion, or belief that the candidate may espouse, including but not limited to, any word or words conveying any meaning other than that of the personal identity of the candidate. A candidate may not use a political slogan as part of his or her name on the ballot, notwithstanding that the political slogan may be part of the candidate's name.
- (f) The State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority shall remove any candidate's name designation from a ballot that is inconsistent with subsection (e) of this Section. In addition, the State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority shall not certify to any election authority any candidate name designation that is inconsistent with subsection (e) of this Section.
- (g) If the State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an election authority removes a candidate's name designation from a ballot under subsection (f) of this Section, then the aggrieved candidate may seek appropriate relief in circuit court.

Where voting machines or electronic voting systems are used, the provisions of this Section may be modified as required or authorized by Article 24 or Article 24A, whichever is applicable.

Nothing in this Section shall prohibit election authorities from using or reusing ballot card envelopes which were printed before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985. (Source: P.A. 92-178, eff. 1-1-02; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a second time and advanced to the order of Third Reading: HOUSE BILLS 4217, 4317, 4349 and 4359.

### HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Jerry Mitchell, HOUSE BILL 4127 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 112, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 2)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Monique Davis, HOUSE BILL 4141 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 112, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 3)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Osmond, HOUSE BILL 4179 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 112, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 4)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Dugan, HOUSE BILL 4187 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 112, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 5)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Kelly, HOUSE BILL 4192 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 71, Yeas; 39, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 6)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Beiser, HOUSE BILL 4297 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 112, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 7)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Jerry Mitchell, HOUSE BILL 4308 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 112, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 8)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

### **ACTION ON MOTIONS**

Pursuant to the motion submitted previously, Representative Rose moved to table HOUSE BILL 4432. The motion prevailed.

Pursuant to the motion submitted previously, Representative Franks moved to table HOUSE BILL 4825.

The motion prevailed.

At the hour of 1:37 o'clock p.m., Representative Currie moved that the House do now adjourn until Wednesday, January 25, 2006, at 12:00 o'clock noon, allowing perfunctory time for the Clerk.

The motion prevailed.

And the House stood adjourned.

### STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL QUORUM ROLL CALL FOR ATTENDANCE

January 24, 2006

0 YEAS	0 NAYS	112 PRESENT	
P Acevedo	P Dugan	P Krause	P Pritchard
E Bassi	P Dunkin	P Lang	P Ramey
P Beaubien	P Dunn	P Leitch	P Reis
P Beiser	P Durkin	P Lindner	P Reitz
P Bellock	P Eddy	P Lyons, Joseph	P Rita
P Berrios	P Feigenholtz	P Mathias	P Rose
P Biggins	P Flider	P Mautino	P Ryg
E Black	P Flowers	P May	P Sacia
P Boland	P Franks	P McAuliffe	P Saviano
P Bost	P Fritchey	P McCarthy	P Schmitz
P Bradley, John	P Froehlich	P McGuire	P Schock
P Bradley, Richard	P Giles	P McKeon	P Scully
P Brady	P Golar	P Mendoza	P Smith
P Brauer	P Gordon	P Meyer	P Sommer
P Brosnahan	P Graham	P Miller	P Soto
P Burke	P Granberg	P Mitchell, Bill	P Stephens
P Chapa LaVia	P Hamos	P Mitchell, Jerry	P Sullivan
P Chavez	P Hannig	P Moffitt	P Tenhouse
P Churchill	P Hassert	P Molaro	P Tryon
P Collins	P Hoffman	P Mulligan	P Turner
P Colvin	P Holbrook	P Munson	P Verschoore
P Coulson	P Howard	P Myers	P Wait
P Cross	P Hultgren	P Nekritz	P Washington
P Cultra	P Jakobsson	P Osmond	P Watson
P Currie	P Jefferson	E Osterman	P Winters
P D'Amico	P Jenisch	P Parke	P Yarbrough
P Daniels	P Jones	E Patterson	P Younge
P Davis, Monique	P Joyce	P Phelps	A Mr. Speaker
P Davis, William	P Kelly	P Pihos	-
E Delgado	P Kosel	P Poe	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4127 LAND CONVEY-OREGON PARK DIST THIRD READING PASSED

### January 24, 2006

112 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo E Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins E Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John Y Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Chavez Y Churchill Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Cross Y Cultra	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Giles Y Golar Y Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Hassert Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Hultgren Y Jakobsson	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons, Joseph Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y McKeon Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro Y Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Pritchard Y Ramey Y Reis Y Reis Y Reitz Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tenhouse Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait Y Washington Y Watson
Y Cross	Y Hultgren	Y Nekritz	Y Washington
Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Daniels Y Davis, Monique	Y Jefferson Y Jenisch Y Jones Y Joyce	<ul><li>E Osterman</li><li>Y Parke</li><li>E Patterson</li><li>Y Phelps</li></ul>	Y Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge A Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, William E Delgado	Y Kelly Y Kosel	Y Pihos Y Poe	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4141 CRIM CD-AGG BATT-TAXI DRIVER THIRD READING PASSED

January 24, 2006

112 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo E Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins E Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John Y Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Chavez	Y Dugan Y Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider Y Flowers Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Giles Y Golar Y Gordon Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons, Joseph Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y McKeon Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt	Y Pritchard Y Ramey Y Reis Y Reitz Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto Y Stephens Y Sullivan Y Tenhouse
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Sullivan

NO. 4

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4179 CODE OF CIV PRO-NAME CHANGE THIRD READING PASSED

### January 24, 2006

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4187 VEH CD-GOLD STAR PLATES THIRD READING PASSED

January 24, 2006

E - Denotes Excused Absence

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4192 LOC GOV- MWRD ENLARGED THIRD READING PASSED

### January 24, 2006

71 YEAS	39 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	N Dugan	Y Krause	N Pritchard
E Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lang	N Ramey
Y Beaubien	N Dunn	Y Leitch	N Reis
N Beiser	Y Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Reitz
Y Bellock	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Berrios	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Biggins	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
E Black	Y Flowers	N May	Y Sacia
Y Boland	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Bost	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	N Schmitz
N Bradley, John	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Giles	Y McKeon	Y Scully
N Brady	Y Golar	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brauer	N Gordon	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Burke	N Granberg	N Mitchell, Bill	N Stephens
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Mitchell, Jerry	N Sullivan
N Chavez	Y Hannig	N Moffitt	N Tenhouse
Y Churchill	Y Hassert	Y Molaro	A Tryon
Y Collins	Y Hoffman	Y Mulligan	Y Turner
Y Colvin	Y Holbrook	N Munson	A Verschoore
Y Coulson	Y Howard	N Myers	N Wait
Y Cross	N Hultgren	Y Nekritz	Y Washington
N Cultra	N Jakobsson	Y Osmond	N Watson
Y Currie	N Jefferson	E Osterman	N Winters
N D'Amico	N Jenisch	N Parke	Y Yarbrough
Y Daniels	Y Jones	E Patterson	Y Younge
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	N Phelps	A Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, William	Y Kelly	N Pihos	
E Delgado	Y Kosel	Y Poe	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4297 CRIM CD-ID THEFT-METH THIRD READING PASSED

January 24, 2006

112 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	Y Krause	Y Pritchard
E Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lang	Y Ramey
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Leitch	Y Reis
Y Beiser	Y Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Reitz
Y Bellock	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Berrios	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Biggins	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
E Black	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Boland	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Bost	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bradley, John	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Giles	Y McKeon	Y Scully
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brauer	Y Gordon	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Stephens
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Sullivan
Y Chavez	Y Hannig	Y Moffitt	Y Tenhouse
Y Churchill	Y Hassert	Y Molaro	Y Tryon
Y Collins	Y Hoffman	Y Mulligan	Y Turner
Y Colvin	Y Holbrook	Y Munson	Y Verschoore
Y Coulson	Y Howard	Y Myers	Y Wait
Y Cross	Y Hultgren	Y Nekritz	Y Washington
Y Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Osmond	Y Watson
Y Currie	Y Jefferson	E Osterman	Y Winters
Y D'Amico	Y Jenisch	Y Parke	Y Yarbrough
Y Daniels	Y Jones	E Patterson	Y Younge
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Phelps	A Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, William	Y Kelly	Y Pihos	•
E Delgado	Y Kosel	Y Poe	

NO. 8

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4308 SCH CD-TEACH EXCEL PROG-APPROP THIRD READING PASSED

January 24, 2006

### 81ST LEGISLATIVE DAY

### **Perfunctory Session**

### **TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 2006**

At the hour of 5:24 o'clock p.m., the House convened perfunctory session.

### TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Beaubien replaced Representative Black in the Committee on Rules on January 24, 2006.

Representative Kosel replaced Representative Black in the Committee on Transportation and Motor Vehicles on January 24, 2006.

Representative Brady replaced Representative Brauer in the Committee on Financial Institutions on January 24, 2006.

### REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

### LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the bill be reported "approved for consideration" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 1744.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 83.

### LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Agriculture & Conservation: HOUSE BILL 4529.

Consumer Protection: HOUSE BILL 4719.

Elementary & Secondary Education: HOUSE BILLS 4399, 4723, 4784 and 4864.

Environment & Energy: HOUSE BILLS 4313 and 4714.

Environmental Health: HOUSE BILL 4848.

Executive: HOUSE BILL 4752.

Health Care Availability and Access: HOUSE BILL 4461. Housing and Urban Development: HOUSE BILL 4758.

Human Services: HOUSE BILL 4534.

Insurance: HOUSE BILL 4293.

International Trade & Commerce: HOUSE BILL 4756. Judiciary I - Civil Law: HOUSE BILLS 4760 and 4822.

Judiciary II - Criminal Law: HOUSE BILLS 4155, 4608 and 4680.

Registration and Regulation: HOUSE BILL 4513. Revenue: HOUSE BILLS 4764, 4789, 4802 and 4805.

State Government Administration: HOUSE BILLS 1371, 4291, 4442, 4748, 4792 and 4813;

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 43.

Transportation and Motor Vehicles: HOUSE BILLS 4727 and 4952.

Veterans Affairs: HOUSE RESOLUTION 699.

### LEGISLATIVE MEASURES REASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

HOUSE BILL 1577 was recalled from the Committee on Elementary & Secondary Education and reassigned to the Committee on Executive.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

3, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie, Barbara(D), Chairperson N Beaubien(R) (replacing Black)

Y Hannig, Gary(D) N Hassert, Brent(R)

Y Turner, Arthur(D)

### REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Representative Holbrook, Chairperson, from the Committee on Public Utilities to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 4419.

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4419 is as follows:

10, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Collins,Annazette(D), Chairperson Y Biggins,Bob(R)
Y Davis,Monique(D) Y Hassert,Brent(R)
Y Holbrook,Thomas(D), Vice-Chairperson Y Jefferson,Charles(D)
Y Jones,Lovana (D) Y Leitch,David(D)

Y Saviano, Angelo(R) Y Watson, Jim(R), Republican Spokesperson

Representative Granberg, Chairperson, from the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 4377.

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4377 is as follows:

13, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Granberg(D), Chairperson Y Phelps, Brandon(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Moffitt(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Boland,Mike(D)
Y Cultra,Shane(R) N Dugan,Lisa(D)
N Flider,Robert(D) Y McGuire,Jack(D)
Y Myers,Richard(R) Y Pritchard,Robert(R)
Y Reis,David(R) Y Reitz,Dan(D)
Y Sacia,Jim(R) Y Sommer,Keith(R)

Y Verschoore, Patrick(D)

Representative Hoffman, Chairperson, from the Committee on Transportation and Motor Vehicles to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 4699.

That the bills be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILLS 4204 and 4521.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 73.

The committee roll call vote on House Bills 4204, 4521 and House Joint Resoultion 73 is as follows: 27, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Hoffman(D), Chairperson Y Miller(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Beiser, Daniel(D)
Y Kosel(R) (replacing Black)
Y Brauer, Rich(R)
Y Brosnahan, James(D)
Y D'Amico John(D)
Y Fritchey John(D)

Y D'Amico,John(D)
Y Froehlich,Paul(R)
Y Joyce,Kevin(D)
Y Mathias,Sidney(R)
Y McCarthy,Kevin(D)
Y Molaro,Robert(D)
Y Molaro,Robert(D)
Y Pritchey,John(D)
Y Graham,Deborah(D)
Y Lyons,Joseph(D)
Y McAuliffe,Michael(R)
Y Mendoza,Susana(D)
Y Nekritz,Elaine(D)

Y Poe,Raymond(R)
Y Soto,Cynthia(D)
Y Tenhouse,Art(R)
Y Ramey,Harry(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)
Y Tryon,Michael(R)

Y Washington, Eddie(D)

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4699 is as follows:

26, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

A Hoffman(D), Chairperson Y Miller(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Kosel(R) (replacing Black)
Y Brauer,Rich(R)
Y Brosnahan,James(D)
Y D'Amico,John(D)
Y Froehlich,Paul(R)
Y Brosnahan,James(D)
Y Graham,Deborah(D)

Y Froenich, Paul(R)
Y Joyce, Kevin(D)
Y Mathias, Sidney(R)
Y McCarthy, Kevin(D)
Y Molaro, Robert(D)
Y Poe, Raymond(R)
Y Granam, Deboran(D)
Y Lyons, Joseph(D)
Y McAuliffe, Michael(R)
Y Mendoza, Susana(D)
Y Nekritz, Elaine(D)
Y Ramey, Harry(R)

Y Soto,Cynthia(D)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)
Y Tenhouse,Art(R)
Y Tryon,Michael(R)

Y Washington,Eddie(D)

The committee roll call vote on House Joint Resolution 73 is as follows:

27, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Hoffman(D), Chairperson Y Miller(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Wait(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Beiser, Daniel(D)
Y Black(R) Y Bost, Mike(R)

Y Brauer,Rich(R)
Y Brosnahan,James(D)
Y D'Amico,John(D)
Y Froehlich,Paul(R)
Y Joyce,Kevin(D)
Y Mathias,Sidney(R)
Y McCarthy,Kevin(D)
Y Brosnahan,James(D)
Y Fritchey,John(D)
Y Graham,Deborah(D)
Y Lyons,Joseph(D)
Y McAuliffe,Michael(R)
Y McCarthy,Kevin(D)
Y Mendoza,Susana(D)

Y Molaro,Robert(D)
Y Poe,Raymond(R)
Y Ramey,Harry(R)
Y Robert (D)

Y Soto,Cynthia(D) Y Stephens,Ron(R) Y Tenhouse,Art(R) Y Tryon,Michael(R)

Y Tenhouse,Art(R) Y Tryon,Michael(Y Washington,Eddie(D)

Representative Colvin, Chairperson, from the Committee on Consumer Protection to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bills be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILLS 4172 and 4205.

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4172 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Colvin,Marlow(D), Chairperson
Y Brady,Dan(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chapa LaVia,Linda(D)
Y Parke,Terry(R)
Y Rita,Robert(D)
Y Tenhouse,Art(R)
Y Gordon,Careen(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Bost,Mike(R)
Y Mendoza,Susana(D)
Y Ramey,Harry(R)
Y Scully,George(D)
Y Tryon,Michael(R)

Y Washington, Eddie(D)

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4205 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

Y Colvin, Marlow(D), Chairperson
Y Brady, Dan(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Gordon, Careen(D), Vice-Chairperson
P Bost, Mike(R)

Y Brady,Dan(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chapa LaVia,Linda(D)
Y Parke,Terry(R)
Y Rita,Robert(D)
Y Tenhouse,Art(R)
Y Brady,Dan(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mendoza,Susana(D)
Y Ramey,Harry(R)
Y Scully,George(D)
Y Tryon,Michael(R)

Y Washington, Eddie(D)

Representative Flowers, Chairperson, from the Committee on Health Care Availability and Access to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 4202.

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTION 796.

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4202 is as follows:

9, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Flowers, Mary(D), Chairperson Y May, Karen(D), Vice-Chairperson

N Osmond, JoAnn(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Chavez, Michelle(D)

Y Dugan,Lisa(D)
Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Mathias,Sidney(R)
Y Mulligan,Rosemary(R)

N Sommer, Keith(R)

The committee roll call vote on House Resolution 796 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Flowers, Mary(D), Chairperson Y May, Karen(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Osmond, JoAnn(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Chavez, Michelle(D)

Y Dugan,Lisa(D) Y Golar,Esther(D)

Y Howard, Constance(D)
Y Krause, Carolyn(R)
Y Mathias, Sidney(R)
Y Mulligan, Rosemary(R)

Y Sommer, Keith(R)

Representative Mendoza, Chairperson, from the Committee on Financial Institutions to which the following were referred, action taken on January 24, 2006, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 4736.

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 4345.

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4345 is as follows:

27, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Boland, Mike(D), Chairperson Y Burke, Daniel (D), Vice-Chairperson Y Mitchell, Bill(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo, Edward (D) Y Bellock, Patricia(R) Y Bradley, Richard(D) A Brady(R) (replacing Brauer) Y Coulson, elizabeth(R) Y Cultra, Shane(R) Y Davis, Monique(D) Y Dunkin, Kenneth(D) Y Dunn, Joe(R) Y Fritchey, John(D) Y Giles, Calvin(D) Y Holbrook, Thomas(D) Y Hultgren(R) Y Jenisch.Roger(R) Y Lvons.Joseph(D) Y Mautino, Frank(D) Y McAuliffe, Michael (R) Y McCarthy, Kevin(D) Y Munson, Ruth(R)Y Reis.David(R) A Osterman, Harry(D) Y Reitz, Dan(D) Y Rose, Chapin(R) Y Schock, Aaron(R) Y Smith, Michael (D) Y Watson, Jim(R) A Jones, Lovana (D)

The committee roll call vote on House Bill 4736 is as follows:

29, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Boland, Mike(D), Chairperson Y Burke, Daniel(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Mitchell, Bill(R), Republican Spokesperson Y Acevedo, Edward(D)

Y Bellock, Patricia(R) Y Bradley, Richard(D)

Y Brady(R) (replacing Brauer)
Y Coulson, elizabeth(R)
Y Cultra, Shane(R)
Y Davis, Monique(D)

Y Dunkin,Kenneth(D) Y Dunn,Joe(R)

Y Fritchey, John(D)
Y Holbrook, Thomas(D)
Y Giles, Calvin(D)
Y Hultgren(R)

Y Holbrook, Thomas(D)
Y Jenisch, Roger(R)
Y Hultgren(R)
Y Lyons, Joseph(D)

Y Mautino,Frank(D) Y McAuliffe,Michael(R)

Y McCarthy, Kevin(D)

Y Munson, Ruth(R)

A Osterman, Harry(D) Y Reis, David(R)

Y Reitz,Dan(D)
Y Rose,Chapin(R)
Y Schock,Aaron(R)
Y Smith,Michael(D)

Y Schock, Aaron(R) Y Smith, Michael(D)
Y Watson, Jim(R) Y Jones, Lovana (D)

### INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF BILLS

The following bills were introduced, read by title a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules:

HOUSE BILL 5003. Introduced by Representative Eddy, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5004. Introduced by Representative Coulson, AN ACT in relation to transportation.

HOUSE BILL 5005. Introduced by Representative Coulson, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5006. Introduced by Representative Coulson, AN ACT concerning elections.

HOUSE BILL 5007. Introduced by Representative Coulson, AN ACT concerning elections.

HOUSE BILL 5008. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Holbrook, AN ACT concerning safety.

HOUSE BILL 5009. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5010. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5011. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5012. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5013. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5014. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5015. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5016. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5017. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Osterman, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5018. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - McAuliffe, AN ACT concerning veterans.

HOUSE BILL 5019. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5020. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5021. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5022. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5023. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Bradley, Richard, AN ACT concerning pensions.

HOUSE BILL 5024. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Bradley, Richard, AN ACT concerning pensions.

HOUSE BILL 5025. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Lang, AN ACT concerning gaming.

HOUSE BILL 5026. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Lang, AN ACT concerning gaming.

HOUSE BILL 5027. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Lang, AN ACT concerning gaming.

HOUSE BILL 5028. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Lang, AN ACT concerning gaming.

HOUSE BILL 5029. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Lang, AN ACT concerning gaming.

HOUSE BILL 5030. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Jefferson, AN ACT concerning elections.

HOUSE BILL 5031. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5032. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5033. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5034. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5035. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5036. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5037. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5038. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5039. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Giles, AN ACT concerning education.

HOUSE BILL 5040. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Mendoza, AN ACT concerning business.

HOUSE BILL 5041. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Mendoza, AN ACT concerning business.

HOUSE BILL 5042. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5043. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5044. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5045. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5046. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5047. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5048. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Molaro, AN ACT concerning courts.

HOUSE BILL 5049. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - McKeon, AN ACT concerning employment.

HOUSE BILL 5050. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Fritchey, AN ACT concerning civil law.

HOUSE BILL 5051. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Fritchey, AN ACT concerning civil law.

HOUSE BILL 5052. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5053. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5054. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5055. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5056. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5057. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5058. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Hoffman, AN ACT concerning transportation.

HOUSE BILL 5059. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Hoffman, AN ACT concerning transportation.

HOUSE BILL 5060. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Hoffman, AN ACT concerning transportation.

HOUSE BILL 5061. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5062. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5063. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5064. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5065. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5066. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5067. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5068. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5069. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 5070. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning government.

HOUSE BILL 5071. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning government.

HOUSE BILL 5072. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Franks, AN ACT concerning government.

HOUSE BILL 5073. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5074. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5075. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5076. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5077. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5078. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5079. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5080. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Reitz, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5081. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5082. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5083. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5084. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5085. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5086. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5087. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5088. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5089. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5090. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT in relation to budget implementation.

HOUSE BILL 5091. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5092. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5093. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5094. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5095. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Currie - Burke, AN ACT concerning finance.

HOUSE BILL 5096. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Smith, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5097. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Smith, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5098. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5099. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5100. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5101. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5102. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5103. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5104. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5105. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5106. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5107. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5108. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5109. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5110. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5111. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5112. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5113. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5114. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5115. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5116. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5117. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5118. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5119. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5120. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5121. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5122. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5123. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5124. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5125. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5126. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5127. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5128. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5129. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5130. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5131. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5132. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5133. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5134. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5135. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5136. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5137. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5138. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5139. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5140. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5141. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5142. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5143. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5144. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5145. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5146. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5147. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5148. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5149. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5150. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5151. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Davis, Monique, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5152. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5153. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5154. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5155. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5156. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5157. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.

- HOUSE BILL 5158. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5159. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5160. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5161. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5162. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5163. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5164. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5165. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Miller, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5166. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5167. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5168. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5169. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5170. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5171. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5172. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5173. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5174. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5175. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5176. Introduced by Representatives Madigan Hannig Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5177. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5178. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5179. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Feigenholtz, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5180. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5181. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5182. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5183. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5184. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5185. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5186. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5187. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5188. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5189. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5190. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5191. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5192. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5193. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5194. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5195. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5196. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5197. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5198. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5199. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5200. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5201. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5202. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5203. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5204. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5205. Introduced by Representatives Madigan - Hannig - Jones, AN ACT making appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 5206. Introduced by Representative Biggins, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5207. Introduced by Representative Biggins, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5208. Introduced by Representative Biggins, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5209. Introduced by Representative Sullivan, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5210. Introduced by Representative Sullivan, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5211. Introduced by Representative Lindner, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5212. Introduced by Representative Lindner, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5213. Introduced by Representative Gordon, AN ACT concerning transportation.

HOUSE BILL 5214. Introduced by Representative Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5215. Introduced by Representative Saviano, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 5216. Introduced by Representative Parke, AN ACT concerning criminal law.

HOUSE BILL 5217. Introduced by Representative Parke, AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL 5218. Introduced by Representative Phelps, AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL 5219. Introduced by Representative Leitch, AN ACT concerning State government.

- HOUSE BILL 5220. Introduced by Representative Winters, AN ACT concerning State government.
- HOUSE BILL 5221. Introduced by Representative Sacia, AN ACT concerning appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5222. Introduced by Representatives McAuliffe Saviano, AN ACT concerning education.
- HOUSE BILL 5223. Introduced by Representatives Miller Scully, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5224. Introduced by Representative Jefferson, AN ACT concerning civil law.
- HOUSE BILL 5225. Introduced by Representative Rita, AN ACT concerning transportation.
- HOUSE BILL 5226. Introduced by Representative Rita, AN ACT concerning transportation.
- HOUSE BILL 5227. Introduced by Representative Molaro, AN ACT concerning gaming.
- HOUSE BILL 5228. Introduced by Representative Watson, AN ACT concerning animals.
- HOUSE BILL 5229. Introduced by Representative Watson, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5230. Introduced by Representative Watson, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5231. Introduced by Representative Watson, AN ACT making appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5232. Introduced by Representative Watson, AN ACT concerning safety.
- HOUSE BILL 5233. Introduced by Representatives Dunn Schmitz Jenisch McAuliffe Pihos, AN ACT concerning local government.
- HOUSE BILL 5234. Introduced by Representative Molaro, AN ACT concerning transportation.
- HOUSE BILL 5235. Introduced by Representative Molaro, AN ACT concerning business.
- HOUSE BILL 5236. Introduced by Representative Molaro, AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.
- HOUSE BILL 5237. Introduced by Representative Molaro, AN ACT concerning pension financing.
- HOUSE BILL 5238. Introduced by Representative Giles, AN ACT concerning finance.
- HOUSE BILL 5239. Introduced by Representative Giles, AN ACT concerning regulation.
- HOUSE BILL 5240. Introduced by Representative Giles, AN ACT concerning regulation.
- HOUSE BILL 5241. Introduced by Representative Durkin, AN ACT concerning State government.
- HOUSE BILL 5242. Introduced by Representative Hamos, AN ACT concerning State government.
- HOUSE BILL 5243. Introduced by Representative Currie, AN ACT concerning government.
- HOUSE BILL 5244. Introduced by Representatives Kelly Davis, William Graham Howard, AN ACT concerning education.
- HOUSE BILL 5245. Introduced by Representative Brauer, AN ACT concerning health.
- HOUSE BILL 5246. Introduced by Representative Saviano, AN ACT concerning transportation.

- HOUSE BILL 5247. Introduced by Representative Colvin, AN ACT concerning business.
- HOUSE BILL 5248. Introduced by Representative Mitchell, Bill, AN ACT concerning finance.
- HOUSE BILL 5249. Introduced by Representative Meyer, AN ACT concerning criminal law.
- HOUSE BILL 5250. Introduced by Representative Hannig, AN ACT concerning appropriations.
- HOUSE BILL 5251. Introduced by Representative Verschoore, AN ACT concerning certain individuals killed in the line of duty.
- HOUSE BILL 5252. Introduced by Representatives Durkin Mulligan, AN ACT concerning State government.
- HOUSE BILL 5253. Introduced by Representative Kosel, AN ACT concerning transportation.
- HOUSE BILL 5254. Introduced by Representative Jones, AN ACT concerning State government.

# HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS FIRST READING

Representative Coulson introduced the following:

# HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 28

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the State for adoption or rejection at the general election next occurring at least 6 months after the adoption of this resolution a proposition to amend Sections 10, 11, and 12 of and add Sections 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, and 12.5 to Article VI of the Illinois Constitution as follows:

### ARTICLE VI THE JUDICIARY

# SECTION 10. TERMS OF OFFICE

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the terms of office of Supreme and Appellate Court Judges shall be ten years; of Circuit Judges, six years; and of Associate Judges, four years.
- (b) The initial term for each Judge of the Circuit of Cook County appointed to office under Section 12.1 shall expire on the first Monday in December following the third general election after his or her appointment. Thereafter, if retained in office pursuant to Section 12.4, the term of all Judges of the Circuit of Cook County shall be 10 years. Terms of office for Judges of the Circuit of Cook County elected before the effective date of this Constitutional Amendment shall expire at the end of the term for which they were elected.

(Source: Illinois Constitution.)

### SECTION 11. ELIGIBILITY FOR OFFICE

No person shall be eligible to be a Judge or Associate Judge unless he <u>or she</u> is a United States citizen, a licensed attorney-at-law of this State, and a resident of the unit which selects him <u>or her</u>. No change in the boundaries of a unit <u>after a Judge or Associate Judge is selected</u> shall affect the tenure in office of a Judge or Associate Judge <u>incumbent at the time of the change or prohibit that Judge from seeking retention when his or her current or any future term expires <del>incumbent at the time of such change</del>.</u>

(Source: Illinois Constitution.)

### SECTION 12. ELECTION AND RETENTION

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, Supreme, Appellate and Circuit Judges shall be nominated at primary elections or by petition. Judges shall be elected at general or judicial elections as the General Assembly shall provide by law. A person eligible for the office of Judge may cause his name to

appear on the ballot as a candidate for Judge at the primary and at the general or judicial elections by submitting petitions. The General Assembly shall prescribe by law the requirements for petitions.

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, the office of a Judge shall be vacant upon his death, resignation, retirement, removal, or upon the conclusion of his term without retention in office. Whenever an additional Appellate or Circuit Judge is authorized by law, the office shall be filled in the manner provided for filling a vacancy in that office.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, a vacancy occurring in the office of Supreme, Appellate or Circuit Judge shall be filled as the General Assembly may provide by law. In the absence of a law, vacancies may be filled by appointment by the Supreme Court. A person appointed to fill a vacancy 60 or more days prior to the next primary election to nominate Judges shall serve until the vacancy is filled for a term at the next general or judicial election. A person appointed to fill a vacancy less than 60 days prior to the next primary election to nominate Judges shall serve until the vacancy is filled at the second general or judicial election following such appointment.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, not less than six months before the general election preceding the expiration of his term of office, a Supreme, Appellate or Circuit Judge who has been elected to that office may file in the office of the Secretary of State a declaration of candidacy to succeed himself. The Secretary of State, not less than 63 days before the election, shall certify the Judge's candidacy to the proper election officials. The names of Judges seeking retention shall be submitted to the electors, separately and without party designation, on the sole question whether each Judge shall be retained in office for another term. The retention elections shall be conducted at general elections in the appropriate Judicial District, for Supreme and Appellate Judges, and in the circuit for Circuit Judges. The affirmative vote of three-fifths of the electors voting on the question shall elect the Judge to the office for a term commencing on the first Monday in December following his election.
- (e) A law reducing the number of Appellate or Circuit Judges shall be without prejudice to the right of the Judges affected to seek retention in office. A reduction shall become effective when a vacancy occurs in the affected unit.

(Source: Illinois Constitution.)

# SECTION 12.1. APPLICATION PROCESS FOR APPOINTMENT OF JUDGES IN THE CIRCUIT OF COOK COUNTY

- (a) A vacancy in the office of Judge in the Circuit of Cook County shall be deemed to have occurred upon: (1) the death, resignation, or removal of a Judge; (2) the retirement of a Judge before or upon the expiration of his or her current term; (3) the failure of a Judge to be retained in office by the Judicial Review Commission or by the electorate, as provided in Section 12.4; or (4) the creation of a new judgeship by the General Assembly.
- (b) For vacancies in a judgeship in the Circuit of Cook County, the Chief Judge of the Circuit shall cause notice to be given to the bar of the Circuit, in the same manner as notice of matters of general interest to the bar is customarily given in the Circuit, that the vacancy exists and will be filled pursuant to the provisions of Section 12.2. The notice of any vacancy covered by this Section shall be given as soon as possible, but no later than 30 days after the accumulation of five consecutive vacancies in the Circuit of Cook County. The Chief Judge of the Circuit of Cook County shall give notice of these vacancies to the Chair of the Judicial Nominating Commission at the same time the Chief Judge gives public notice of the vacancies. If the Chief Judge of the Circuit of Cook County fails to give notice of vacancies in the Circuit of Cook County within the time period prescribed by this Section, the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts shall give notice of the relevant vacancies within five days of the expiration of the time period set forth in this Section.
- (c) Any person who is qualified to serve as a Judge pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 may seek appointment to fill any vacancy in the Circuit of Cook County, provided that a person may seek to fill a vacancy in the Circuit of Cook County or, where applicable, a subcircuit of the Circuit of Cook County, only if he or she resides in the Circuit of Cook County and, where applicable, the particular subcircuit of the Circuit of Cook County at the time the vacancy arises. Any person seeking to fill a vacancy shall have 30 days after the notice of vacancy is given within which to file with the Chief Judge of the Circuit of Cook County and with the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts an application in the form prescribed and furnished by the Director and shall also file any other materials prescribed by the Judicial Nominating Commission that is considering applications for the vacancy for which the person is applying. SECTION 12.2. APPOINTMENT OF JUDGES IN THE CIRCUIT OF COOK COUNTY
- (a) The Supreme Court shall fill vacancies in the Circuit of Cook County, and any subcircuit thereof, from the nominees submitted by the Judicial Nominating Commission for the Circuit of Cook County or

#### subcircuit thereof.

- (b) The appropriate Judicial Nominating Commission shall investigate the qualifications of all applicants for the particular vacancy and, in particular, shall evaluate each applicant's character, background, temperament, professional aptitude, experience, intellect, integrity, sense of compassion, and commitment to equal justice under law. All applicants shall be considered for appointment by the Judicial Nominating Commission free from discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, disability (so long as the applicant is able to perform the essential functions of a Judge), political party, or political affiliation. Within 49 days after the last day for applicants to file applications to fill the vacancy, the Judicial Nominating Commission shall submit to the Supreme Court and make public a list of the three best qualified nominees for the vacancy in alphabetical order, together with a written statement setting forth its evaluation of each of the three nominees, based on all of the criteria listed in this subsection.
- (c) Upon receipt of the Judicial Nominating Commission's list of three nominees, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall promptly issue an order providing at least 28 days after the Supreme Court's receipt of the list of nominees for the submission of written public comment about the three nominees. All written comments shall be made public by the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts as soon as possible after they are received, except that the comments shall be deemed confidential and not be made public if the commenter so requests.
- (d) No member of a Judicial Nominating Commission may be appointed to State judicial office while serving on the Commission or for a period of three years thereafter. The Judicial Nominating Commission may not include on a list a nominee who is on another list of nominees then pending before the Supreme Court. The function of a list of nominees shall terminate upon the making of the required appointment from the list.
- (e) The Supreme Court shall appoint an applicant to fill the pending vacancy in the Circuit of Cook County no later than 14 days after the close of the public comment period provided under subsection (c).
- (f) A person appointed to fill a vacancy pursuant to this Section shall serve an initial term as specified in Section 10.

### SECTION 12.3. JUDICIAL NOMINATING COMMISSIONS

- (a) In the Circuit of Cook County, a circuit-wide Judicial Nominating Commission shall be created to nominate, from those applicants who have applied for each at-large vacancy on the Circuit Court for the Circuit of Cook County, three candidates for each such vacancy. Separate Judicial Nominating Commissions shall be created to nominate candidates from those applicants who have applied for vacancies in each subcircuit of the Circuit of Cook County.
- (b) The circuit-wide Judicial Nominating Commission shall consist of 15 members, eight of whom are not lawyers and seven of whom are lawyers. Two of the non-lawyer members and four of the lawyer members, all of whom shall be residents of the Circuit of Cook County, shall be chosen from the Circuit of Cook County at large. Two non-lawyer members and one lawyer member shall be chosen from each of three subdistricts within the Circuit of Cook County and they shall be residents of the subdistrict from which they are chosen. The subdistricts shall be determined on the basis of population by the General Assembly in like manner to that provided for legislative redistricting in Section 3 of Article IV.
- A separate Judicial Nominating Commission shall be created for each judicial subcircuit within the Circuit of Cook County. Each subcircuit Judicial Nominating Commission shall consist of 11 members, six of whom are not lawyers and five of whom are lawyers. Three of the non-lawyer members and three of the lawyer members shall be residents of the subcircuit in which they serve. The remaining members shall be residents of the Circuit of Cook County, but need not be residents of the subcircuit in which they serve.
- (c) Half of the non-lawyer members of each Judicial Nominating Commission shall be appointed by the Attorney General and the other half by the State official or officer first in the order indicated who was elected to office and is not affiliated with the same political party as the Attorney General: the Secretary of State, the Comptroller, the Treasurer, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the Senate; provided that two of the resident non-lawyer members and one of the resident lawyer members of each subcircuit Judicial Nominating Commission shall be appointed by the President of the Cook County Board of Commissioners and one resident non-lawyer member and two resident lawyer members of each subcircuit Judicial Nominating Commission shall be appointed by the member of the Cook County Board of Commissioners with the most seniority who is of another political party than the President of the Cook County Board of Commissioners.
- (d) The lawyer members of each Judicial Nominating Commission, except the resident lawyer members of subcircuit Judicial Nominating Commissions, shall be selected by the Supreme Court pursuant to

Supreme Court Rule. Not more than a simple majority of the lawyers appointed shall be primary electors of the same political party.

- (e) Upon appointment of the initial non-lawyer members of each Judicial Nominating Commission, the Attorney General shall divide the appointees by lot into three groups equal in number as near as may be within one of his or her appointees in each group and shall by lot designate the groups to serve initial terms of two, four, and six years, respectively. The initial lawyer members of each Judicial Nominating Commission shall also be divided by lot into three groups equal in number as near as may be and the groups shall by lot be designated to serve initial terms of two, four, and six years, respectively, all in such manner as provided by Supreme Court Rule. Thereafter, the terms of all Judicial Nominating Commission members shall be six years. No one who shall have served a term of more than two years as a member of a Judicial Nominating Commission shall be eligible to serve another term on a Judicial Nominating Commission for at least three years after the expiration of his or her original term.
- (f) A vacancy in the non-lawyer membership of a Judicial Nominating Commission shall be filled for an unexpired term or for a full term, as the case may be, by the Attorney General, if qualified by being affiliated with the same political party as the official or officer who had appointed the person whose vacancy is to be filled, or otherwise by the State official or officer who is so qualified and first in the order indicated in subsection (c). A vacancy in the lawyer membership of a Judicial Nominating Commission shall be filled for an unexpired term or for a full term, as the case way be, by the Supreme Court pursuant to Supreme Court Rule.
- (g) The Chair of each Judicial Nominating Commission shall be selected by majority vote of all members of the Commission. The term of a Chair shall be two years unless his or her term as a member of the Commission expires sooner.
- (h) Any person who holds any office under the United States, this State, or any political subdivision, municipal corporation, or unit of local government of this State and receives compensation for services rendered in that office, or who holds any office or official position in a political party, shall be ineligible to serve on a Judicial Nominating Commission. Compensation for services in the State militia or the armed services of the United States for a period of time as may be determined by Supreme Court Rule shall not be considered a disqualification. No member of a Judicial Nominating Commission may be appointed to judicial office while serving on the Commission or for a period of three years thereafter.
- (i) Each Judicial Nominating Commission may conduct investigations, meetings, and hearings, all of which may be confidential, and employ staff members as may be necessary to perform its duties. Members of each Commission shall not receive any compensation for their services but shall be entitled to reimbursement for necessary expenses. The General Assembly shall appropriate funds for that reimbursement and for all other administrative expenses of the Judicial Nominating Commissions.
- (j) Nominations by a Judicial Nominating Commission of candidates for appointment to fill judicial vacancies shall be submitted to the Supreme Court only upon the concurrence of not less than three-fifths of all members of the Commission.
- (k) All members of each Judicial Nominating Commission shall be subject to ethics and economic disclosure requirements as provided by law.

### SECTION 12.4. RETENTION PROCEDURES FOR JUDGES IN THE CIRCUIT OF COOK COUNTY

- (a) No later than the first Monday in December of the calendar year before the year in which a term of a Judge of the Circuit of Cook County expires pursuant to Section 10, he or she may file in the office of the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts a declaration of candidacy for retention in that office. Any Judge of the Circuit of Cook County who holds office subsequent to the effective date of this Constitutional Amendment shall be eligible for retention in the office to which he or she was appointed. No later than 11 months before the general election next preceding the expiration of the term of office of a Judge seeking retention, the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts shall notify the Chair of the appropriate Judicial Review Commission of the Judge's candidacy. The Chair shall then promptly convene the Commission.
- (b) No later than 195 days before the general election to be held in that calendar year, each Judicial Review Commission shall issue a notice to the public and shall make all reasonable efforts to publicize the notice. The notice shall provide that any individual or organization shall have until at least 165 days before the general election in which to submit written comments about the performance of and capacity to continue serving of any Judge being considered for retention by the particular Judicial Review Commission. The Judicial Review Commission's notice to the public shall list the names and then current assignments of all Judges being considered by it for retention and shall provide an address to which written comments may be sent. All written comments shall be made public by the Director of the Administrative

Office of Illinois Courts at the same time that the evaluations of the Judges and the Judicial Review Commission's written report on each Judge are made public pursuant to subsection (d), except that written comments shall not be made public if the commenter so requests.

(c) If by concurrence of not less than three-fifths of its members the Judicial Review Commission finds the candidate to be qualified to serve another term, the candidate shall be deemed retained in office for a full term commencing on the first Monday in December of that calendar year. The standard for determining qualifications to serve another term shall be the same used to determine whether a person shall be recommended to fill a vacancy pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 12.2.

All Judges shall be considered for retention by the Judicial Review Commission free from discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, disability (so long as the Judge can perform the essential functions of a Judge), political party, or political affiliation. Not less than 150 days before the general election to be held in that calendar year, the Judicial Review Commission shall submit to each candidate its finding as to whether the candidate is qualified or not qualified to serve another term. The Judicial Review Commission's finding shall include a written statement evaluating the candidate's performance in office during the term that is expiring and shall comment upon its assessment of the candidate's performance under all of the criteria set forth in subsection (b) of Section 12.2.

- (d) Not less than 135 days before the election, the Judicial Review Commission shall submit to the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts a list stating by name: (i) which candidates it has found qualified to serve another term; (ii) which candidates it has found not qualified to serve another term; and (iii) which candidates have withdrawn their candidacy by written notification to the Judicial Review Commission. At the same time that the Judicial Review Commission tenders its list to the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts, the Judicial Review Commission shall also make its list public. In addition, the Judicial Review Commission shall make public its written evaluations, which it previously submitted to all of the candidates who sought retention, except for those candidates who withdrew their retention candidacies no later than 135 days before the general election.
- (e) A Judge found not qualified for retention by a Judicial Review Commission shall have the right to stand for retention by the electorate at the general election. The Judge shall file in the office of the Secretary of State, not less than 135 days before the election, a declaration of candidacy for retention by the electorate. Not less than 115 days before the general election, the Secretary of State shall certify the Judge's candidacy to the proper election officials. At the election, the name of each Judge who has timely filed a declaration of candidacy for retention by the electorate shall be submitted to the electorate, separately and without party designation, on the sole question of retention in office for another term. Retention elections shall be conducted at the same time as general elections. The affirmative vote of three-fifths of the electors voting on the question of retention shall be necessary to retain a Judge in that office for a full term commencing on the first Monday in December following the election.
- (f) A Judge eligible to file a declaration of candidacy for retention who (i) fails to do so by the first Monday in December of the calendar year before the expiration of his or her then current term or (ii) declares his or her candidacy for retention and subsequently withdraws that candidacy pursuant to subsection (d) or fails of retention shall vacate the office on the first Monday in December following the general election held in that calendar year, whether or not a successor shall yet have been selected and qualified. If an incumbent Judge does not timely file a declaration of candidacy for retention or withdraws as a candidate 135 days or more before the next general election, the selection of a successor, if any, shall proceed immediately in the manner provided in Sections 12.1 and 12.2 so that the successor may take office as soon as the vacancy occurs.
- (g) An authorized reduction in the number of Judges in the Circuit of Cook County shall be without prejudice to the right of Judges in office at the time of the reduction to seek retention in accordance with this Section. The reduction shall become effective when a vacancy occurs in the Circuit of Cook County. SECTION 12.5. JUDICIAL REVIEW COMMISSIONS
- (a) In the Circuit of Cook County, a Judicial Review Commission shall be created to determine qualifications for retention of Circuit Judges. A separate Judicial Review Commission shall be created for each subcircuit of the Circuit of Cook County to review the performance in office of any Judge in the Circuit of Cook County who was originally elected by subcircuit rather than on an at-large basis.
- (b) The members of a Judicial Review Commission shall be appointed as provided by subsections (b), (c), and (d) of Section 12.3 with respect to members of a Judicial Nominating Commission.
- (c) The terms of all members of a Judicial Review Commission shall begin 11 months before the general election in each calendar year in which a general election is held and shall expire on the first Monday in November of the same calendar year. Appointments to a Judicial Review Commission may not be made

earlier than 45 days before the term is to commence.

- (d) A vacancy in the membership of a Judicial Review Commission shall be promptly filled as provided in subsection (f) of Section 12.3 with respect to vacancies on a Judicial Nominating Commission.
- (e) The Chair of each Judicial Review Commission shall be elected by a majority vote of all of the members of the Commission. The term of a Chair shall be 11 months.
- (f) Judicial Review Commissions shall be governed by the provisions of subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), and (k) of Section 12.3 with respect to Judicial Nominating Commissions, as well as by this Section.

### **SCHEDULE**

This Constitutional Amendment takes effect upon being declared adopted in accordance with Section 7 of the Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act, except that Judicial Nominating Commissions shall be empaneled by the following April 1 and the Director of the Administrative Office of Illinois Courts shall not certify any judicial vacancies in the Circuit of Cook County until the following July 1. A vacancy occurring in any judicial office in the Circuit of Cook County may be filled, until that July 1, as provided in Section 12 of Article VI but only for a term ending upon the selection of a Judge to fill the vacancy pursuant to Section 12.1.

The foregoing HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 28 was taken up, read in full a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules.

At the hour of 6:00 o'clock p.m., the House Perfunctory Session adjourned.