

STATE OF ILLINOIS



HOUSE JOURNAL

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

59TH LEGISLATIVE DAY

REGULAR & PERFUNCTORY SESSION

FRIDAY, MAY 27, 2005

12:11 O'CLOCK P.M.

**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
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The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Representative Lyons in the chair.

Prayer by Lee A. Crawford, Assistant Pastor with the Victory Temple Church in Springfield, IL.

Representative Watson led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

By direction of the Speaker, a roll call was taken to ascertain the attendance of Members, as follows:
116 present. (ROLL CALL 1)

By unanimous consent, Representatives Collins and McKeon were excused from attendance.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

May 27, 2005

Mark Mahoney
Chief Clerk of the House
402 State House
Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Clerk Mahoney:

Please be advised that I am extending the Final Action Deadline to May 31, 2005 for the following House and Senate Bills:

House Bill: 1920.

Senate Bills: 14, 96, 230, 251, 316, 490, 661, 676, 926, 945, 998, 1333, 1442, 1625, 1815, 1843, 1866, 1879, 1964.

If you have any questions, please contact my Chief of Staff, Tim Mapes, at 782-6360.

With kindest personal regards, I remain

Sincerely yours,
s/Michael J. Madigan
Speaker of the House

TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Joyce replaced Representative Collins in the Committee on Human Services on May 27, 2005.

Representative Patterson replaced Representative Molaro in the Committee on Gaming on May 27, 2005.

Representative Lang replaced Representative John Bradley in the Committee on State Government Administration on May 27, 2005.

Representative Rita replaced Representative Collins in the Committee on State Government Administration on May 27, 2005.

Representative Berrios replaced Representative McKeon in the Committee on Labor on May 27, 2005.

Representative Phelps replaced Representative Hoffman in the Committee on Labor on May 27, 2005.

Representative Brosnahan replaced Representative Collins in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law on May 27, 2005.

Representative Joyce replaced Representative Lou Jones in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law on May 27, 2005.

Representative Hassert replaced Representative Krause in the Committee on Revenue on May 27, 2005.

Representative Turner replaced Representative Younge in the Committee on Revenue on May 27, 2005.

Representative Chavez replaced Representative Collins in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law on May 27, 2005.

Representative Joyce will replace Representative Lou Jones in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law on May 27, 2005.

Representative Lang replaced Representative Acevedo in the Committee on Executive on May 27, 2005.

Representative Rita replaced Representative McKeon in the Committee on Executive on May 27, 2005.

Representative Osterman replaced Representative Collins in the Committee on Human Services on May 27, 2005.

Representative Kelly replaced Representative Howard in the Committee on Human Services on May 27, 2005.

Representative May replaced Representative Rita in the Committee on Human Services on May 27, 2005.

Representative Granberg replaced Representative McKeon in the Committee on Labor on May 27, 2005.

Representative Monique Davis replaced Representative Colvin in the Committee on Labor on May 27, 2005.

REPORTS FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 3 to SENATE BILL 506.

Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL 1446.

Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL 2038.

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 788.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1173.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1350.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Agriculture & Conservation: SENATE BILL 251.

Elections & Campaign Reform: Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENTS Numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 1968.

Executive: SENATE BILLS 14, 96, 230, 490, 661, 676, 998, 1442, 1815, 1843 and 1879.

Judiciary I - Civil Law: Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENT No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 337.

Judiciary II - Criminal Law: Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENTS Numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 1469.

Labor: Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENTS Numbered 1, 3 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 2137.

Local Government: Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENTS Numbered 1, 3 and 4 to HOUSE BILL 27; Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENT No. 4 to HOUSE BILL 720.

Registration and Regulation: SENATE BILL 926.

Revenue: SENATE BILLS 316, 1625 and 1866.

Transportation and Motor Vehicles: SENATE BILL 1964.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

4, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson
A Hannig(D)
Y Turner(D)

Y Black(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Hassert(R)

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005 (A), reported the same back with the following recommendations:

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Executive: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 1 to SENATE BILL 27.

Human Services: SENATE BILL 1333.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

4, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson
Y Hannig(D)
Y Turner(D)

Y Black(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Hassert(R)

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES

Representative Soto, Chairperson, from the Committee on Child Support Enforcement to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 783.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 783 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Soto,Cynthia(D), Chairperson
A Bailey,Patricia(D)
Y Davis,William(D)
Y Schmitz,Timothy(R)
Y Younge,Wyvetter(D)

Y Dunkin,Kenneth(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Brady,Dan(R)
A Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Winters,Dave(R)

Representative Delgado, Chairperson, from the Committee on Human Services to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 615.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 3, 4, 5 and 6 to HOUSE BILL 2531.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 615 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Delgado,William(D), Chairperson	Y Bellock,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chavez,Michelle(D)	Y Collins,Annazette(D)
Y Coulson,Elizabeth(R)	Y Cultra,Shane(R)
Y Dunn,Joe(R)	Y Flowers,Mary(D)
Y Howard,Constance(D)	Y Jakobsson,Naomi(D)
Y Jenisch,Roger(R)	Y Rita,Robert(D), Vice-Chairperson

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendments Numbered 3, 4, 5 and 6 to House Bill 2531 is as follows:

12, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Delgado,William(D), Chairperson	Y Bellock,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chavez,Michelle(D)	Y Joyce,Kevin(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Coulson,Elizabeth(R)	Y Cultra,Shane(R)
Y Dunn,Joe(R)	Y Flowers,Mary(D)
Y Howard,Constance(D)	Y Jakobsson,Naomi(D)
Y Jenisch,Roger(R)	Y Rita,Robert(D), Vice-Chairperson

Representative Lang, Chairperson, from the Committee on Gaming to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL 198.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 198 is as follows:

6, Yeas; 3, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Lang,Lou(D), Chairperson	N Beaubien,Mark(R)
Y Berrios,Maria(D), Vice-Chairperson	N Hassert,Brent(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Kosel,Renee(R)	Y Patterson,Milton(D) (replacing Molaro)
Y Rita,Robert(D)	Y Scully,George(D)
A Stephens,Ron(R)	N Sullivan,Ed(R)
Y Verschoore,Patrick(D)	

Representative Richard Bradley, Chairperson, from the Committee on Personnel and Pensions to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":

Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL 1693.

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 1693 is as follows:

5, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Bradley,Richard(D), Chairperson	Y Brauer,Rich(R)
Y Burke,Daniel(D)	Y Colvin,Marlow(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Poe,Raymond(R), Republican Spokesperson	

Representative Franks, Chairperson, from the Committee on State Government Administration to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:
Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 128.

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":
Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 1921.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 128 is as follows:

9, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Y Franks,Jack(D), Chairperson | Y Lang,Lou(D) (replacing Bradley, J) |
| Y Chavez,Michelle(D) | Y Rita,Robert(D) (replacing Collins) |
| Y Dugan,Lisa(D), Vice-Chairperson | Y Lindner,Patricia(R) |
| Y Mitchell,Bill(R) | Y Myers,Richard(R) |
| Y Stephens,Ron(R), Republican Spokesperson | |

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 3 to House Bill 1921 is as follows:
5, Yeas; 4, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Y Franks,Jack(D), Chairperson | Y Lang,Lou(D) (replacing Bradley, J) |
| Y Chavez,Michelle(D) | Y Rita,Robert(D) (replacing Collins) |
| Y Dugan,Lisa(D), Vice-Chairperson | N Lindner,Patricia(R) |
| N Mitchell,Bill(R) | N Myers,Richard(R) |
| N Stephens,Ron(R), Republican Spokesperson | |

Representative Soto, Chairperson, from the Committee on Labor to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate:
SENATE BILL 1267.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 1267 is as follows:
18, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

- | | |
|---|--|
| Y Berrios,M.(D), Chairperson (replacing McKeon) | Y Beaubien,Mark(R) |
| Y Boland,Mike(D) | Y Colvin,Marlow(D) |
| Y Cultra,Shane(R) | Y D'Amico,John(D) |
| Y Davis,William(D) | A Dunn,Joe(R) |
| Y Eddy,Roger(R) | Y Graham,Deborah(D) |
| Y Phelps,Brandon(D) (replacing Hoffman) | Y Howard,Constance(D) |
| Y Hultgren,Randall(R) | Y Jefferson,Charles(D) |
| Y Parke,Terry(R) | Y Schmitz,Timothy(R) |
| Y Soto,Cynthia(D), Vice-Chairperson | A Tenhouse,Art(R) |
| Y Washington,Eddie(D) | Y Winters,Dave(R), Republican Spokesperson |

Representative Molaro, Chairperson, from the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:
Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 215.
Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 350.
Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 3874.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 215 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro,Robert(D), Chairperson	Y Bailey,Patricia(D)
Y Bradley,John(D)	Y Brosnahan,James(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Cultra,Shane(R)	Y Delgado,William(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Gordon,Careen(D)	Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Joyce,Kevin(D) (replacing Jones, L)	Y Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mautino,Frank(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
Y Reis,David(R)	Y Sacia,Jim(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)	Y Wait,Ronald(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 350 is as follows:

15, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

Y Molaro,Robert(D), Chairperson	Y Bailey,Patricia(D)
Y Bradley,John(D)	Y Brosnahan,James(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Cultra,Shane(R)	Y Delgado,William(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Gordon,Careen(D)	Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Joyce,Kevin(D) (replacing Jones, L)	Y Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mautino,Frank(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
P Reis,David(R)	Y Sacia,Jim(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)	Y Wait,Ronald(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 3874 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro,Robert(D), Chairperson	Y Bailey,Patricia(D)
Y Bradley,John(D)	Y Collins,Annazette(D)
Y Cultra,Shane(R)	Y Delgado,William(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Gordon,Careen(D)	Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Jones,Lovana(D)	Y Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mautino,Frank(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
Y Reis,David(R)	Y Sacia,Jim(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)	Y Wait,Ronald(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 3874 is as follows:

13, Yeas; 3, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro,Robert(D), Chairperson	Y Bailey,Patricia(D)
N Bradley,John(D)	Y Collins,Annazette(D)
N Cultra,Shane(R)	Y Delgado,William(D), Vice-Chairperson
N Gordon,Careen(D)	Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Jones,Lovana(D)	Y Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mautino,Frank(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
Y Reis,David(R)	Y Sacia,Jim(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)	Y Wait,Ronald(R)

Representative Reitz, Chairperson, from the Committee on Revenue to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Standard Debate: SENATE BILL 316.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 316 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 5, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Reitz,Dan(D), Chairperson	N Beaubien,Mark(R)
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N Biggins,Bob(R), Republican Spokesperson	Y Currie,Barbara(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Hannig,Gary(D)	Y Holbrook,Thomas(D)
N Jenisch,Roger(R)	N Hassert,Brent(R) (replacing Krause)
Y McGuire,Jack(D)	Y Smith,Michael(D)
N Sullivan,Ed(R)	Y Turner,Arthur(D) (replacingYounge)

Representative Molaro, Chairperson, from the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005,reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:
Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 1469.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 1469 is as follows:

15, Yeas; 1, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro,Robert(D), Chairperson	Y Bailey,Patricia(D)
N Bradley,John(D)	Y Chavez,Michelle(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Cultra,Shane(R)	Y Delgado,William(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Gordon,Careen(D)	Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Joyce,Kevin(D) (replacing Jones, L)	Y Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mautino,Frank(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
Y Reis,David(R)	Y Sacia,Jim(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)	Y Wait,Ronald(R)

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to House Bill 1469 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Molaro,Robert(D), Chairperson	Y Bailey,Patricia(D)
Y Bradley,John(D)	Y Chavez,Michelle(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Cultra,Shane(R)	Y Delgado,William(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Gordon,Careen(D)	Y Howard,Constance(D)
Y Joyce,Kevin(D) (replacing Jones, L)	Y Lindner,Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Mautino,Frank(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
Y Reis,David(R)	Y Sacia,Jim(R)
Y Stephens,Ron(R)	Y Wait,Ronald(R)

Representative Jefferson, Chairperson, from the Committee on Elections & Campaign Reform to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:
Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 1968.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment Numbered 1 and 3 to House Bill 1968 is as follows:

4, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Jefferson,Charles(D), Chairperson	Y D'Amico,John(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Beiser,Daniel(D)	Y Flider,Robert(D)
N Myers,Richard(R)	A Wait,Ronald(R)
N Winters,Dave(R), Republican Spokesperson	

Representative Saviano, Chairperson, from the Committee on Registration and Regulation to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 926.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 926 is as follows:

20, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Saviano,Angelo(R), Chairperson	Y Acevedo,Edward(D)
Y Bellock,Patricia(R)	A Bradley,Richard(D)
Y Brauer,Rich(R)	Y Burke,Daniel(D)
Y Coulson,Elizabeth(R), Republican Spokesperson	A Davis,Monique(D)
Y Delgado,William(D)	Y Fritchey,John(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Froehlich,Paul(R)	Y Granberg,Kurt(D)
Y Holbrook,Thomas(D)	A Joyce,Kevin(D)
Y Kosel,Renee(R)	Y Mautino,Frank(D)
Y McAuliffe,Michael(R)	Y Mendoza,Susana(D)
Y Miller,David(D)	Y Millner,John(R)
Y Mulligan,Rosemary(R)	N Munson,Ruth(R)
Y Phelps,Brandon(D)	N Reis,David(R)
A Reitz,Dan(D)	Y Sullivan,Ed(R)

Representative Osterman, Chairperson, from the Committee on Local Government to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1, 3 and 4 to HOUSE BILL 27.

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 4 to HOUSE BILL 720.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendments Numbered 1, 3 and 4 to House Bill 27 and Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 4 to House Bill 720 is as follows:

11, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Osterman,Harry(D), Chairperson	Y Beiser,Daniel(D)
Y Flider,Robert(D), Vice-Chairperson	Y Kelly,Robin(D)
Y Mathias,Sidney(R), Republican Spokesperson	Y Moffitt,Donald(R)
Y Ryg,Kathleen(D)	Y Sommer,Keith(R)
Y Tryon,Michael(R)	Y Watson,Jim(R)
Y Younge,Wyvetter(D)	

Representative Fritchey, Chairperson, from the Committee on Judiciary I - Civil Law to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 337.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 337 is as follows:

8, Yeas; 6, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Fritchey,John(D), Chairperson	Y Bradley,John(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Brosnahan,James(D)	Y Gordon,Careen(D)
Y Hamos,Julie(D)	Y Hoffman,Jay(D)
N Hultgren,Randall(R), Republican Spokesperson	Y Lang,Lou(D)
N Mathias,Sidney(R)	Y Nekritz,Elaine(D)
N Osmond,JoAnn(R)	N Rose,Chapin(R)
N Sacia,Jim(R)	N Wait,Ronald(R)

Representative Hoffman, Chairperson, from the Committee on Transportation and Motor Vehicles to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 1964.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 1964 is as follows:

24, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Hoffman, Jay(D), Chairperson	Y Beiser, Daniel(D)
Y Black, William(R)	N Bost, Mike(R)
Y Brauer, Rich(R)	Y Brosnahan, James(D)
Y D'Amico, John(D)	Y Fritchey, John(D)
Y Froehlich, Paul(R)	Y Graham, Deborah(D)
Y Joyce, Kevin(D)	Y Lyons, Joseph(D)
Y Mathias, Sidney(R)	Y McAuliffe, Michael(R)
Y McCarthy, Kevin(D)	Y Mendoza, Susana(D)
Y Miller, David(D), Vice-Chairperson	Y Millner, John(R)
Y Molaro, Robert(D)	Y Nekritz, Elaine(D)
Y Poe, Raymond(R)	Y Soto, Cynthia(D)
Y Stephens, Ron(R)	N Tenhouse, Art(R)
Y Tryon, Michael(R)	Y Wait, Ronald(R), Republican Spokesperson
A Washington, Eddie(D)	

Representative Granberg, Chairperson, from the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 251.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 251 is as follows:

9, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Granberg, Kurt(D), Chairperson	A Boland, Mike(D)
A Cultra, Shane(R)	A Dugan, Lisa(D)
A Flider, Robert(D)	A McGuire, Jack(D)
Y Moffitt, Donald(R), Republican Spokesperson	A Myers, Richard(R)
Y Phelps, Brandon(D), Vice-Chairperson	Y Pritchard, Robert(R)
Y Reis, David(R)	Y Reitz, Dan(D)
Y Sacia, Jim(R)	Y Sommer, Keith(R)
Y Verschoore, Patrick(D)	

Representative Burke, Chairperson, from the Committee on Executive to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted":
Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL 27.

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 945.

That the bills be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Standard Debate: SENATE BILLS 1843 and 1879.

That the bills be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Standard Debate: SENATE BILLS 14, 230, 490, 661, 676, 998, 1442 and 1815.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 945 is as follows:

8, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Burke, Daniel(D), Chairperson	Y Lang, Lou(D) (replacing Acevedo)
Y Berrios, Maria(D)	A Biggins, Bob(R)
Y Bradley, Richard(D)	A Hassert, Brent(R)
Y Jones, Lovana(D)	N Kosel, Renee(R), Republican Spokesperson
N Lyons, Eileen(R)	Y Lyons, Joseph(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Rita, Robert(D) (replacing McKeon)	A Molaro, Robert(D)
Y Saviano, Angelo(R)	

The committee roll call vote on Amendment No. 1 to Senate Bill 27 is as follows:
8, Yeas; 5, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Burke, Daniel(D), Chairperson	Y Lang, Lou(D) (replacing Acevedo)
Y Berrios, Maria(D)	N Biggins, Bob(R)
Y Bradley, Richard(D)	N Hassert, Brent(R)
Y Jones, Lovana(D)	N Kosel, Renee(R), Republican Spokesperson
N Lyons, Eileen(R)	Y Lyons, Joseph(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Rita, Robert(D) (replacing McKeon)	Y Molaro, Robert(D)
N Saviano, Angelo(R)	

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bills 14, 230, 490, 661, 676, 998, 1442, 1815, 1843 and 1879 is as follows:

7, Yeas; 5, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Burke, Daniel(D), Chairperson	Y Lang, Lou(D) (replacing Acevedo)
Y Berrios, Maria(D)	N Biggins, Bob(R)
Y Bradley, Richard(D)	N Hassert, Brent(R)
Y Jones, Lovana(D)	N Kosel, Renee(R), Republican Spokesperson
N Lyons, Eileen(R)	Y Lyons, Joseph(D), Vice-Chairperson
Y Rita, Robert(D) (replacing McKeon)	A Molaro, Robert(D)
N Saviano, Angelo(R)	

Representative Delgado, Chairperson, from the Committee on Human Services to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the bill be reported "do pass" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 1333.

That the bill be reported "do pass as amended" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-- Short Debate: SENATE BILL 157.

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 157 is as follows:

8, Yeas; 0, Nays; 3, Answering Present.

Y Delgado, William(D), Chairperson	P Bellock, Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chavez, Michelle(D)	Y Osterman, Harry(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Coulson, Elizabeth(R)	P Cultra, Shane(R)
A Dunn, Joe(R)	Y Flowers, Mary(D)
Y Kelly, Robin(D) (replacing Howard)	Y Jakobsson, Naomi(D)
P Jenisch, Roger(R)	Y May, Karen(D) (replacing Rita)

The committee roll call vote on Senate Bill 1333 is as follows:

9, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Delgado, William(D), Chairperson	A Bellock, Patricia(R), Republican Spokesperson
Y Chavez, Michelle(D)	Y Osterman, Harry(D) (replacing Collins)
Y Coulson, Elizabeth(R)	N Cultra, Shane(R)
Y Dunn, Joe(R)	Y Flowers, Mary(D)
Y Kelly, Robin(D) (replacing Howard)	Y Jakobsson, Naomi(D)

N Jenisch,Roger(R)

Y May,Karen(D) (replacing Rita)

Representative Soto, Chairperson, from the Committee on Labor to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

That the Motion be reported "recommends be adopted" and placed on the House Calendar:

Motion to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1, 3 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 2137.

The committee roll call vote on Motion to Concur with Senate Amendment No. 1, 3 and 5 to House Bill 2137 is as follows:

16, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

Y Granberg,Kurt(D) (replacing McKeon)

Y Beaubien,Mark(R)

Y Boland,Mike(D)

Y Davis,Monique(D) (replacing Colvin)

A Cultra,Shane(R)

Y D'Amico,John(D)

Y Davis,William(D)

Y Dunn,Joe(R)

A Eddy,Roger(R)

Y Graham,Deborah(D)

Y Hoffman,Jay(D)

P Howard,Constance(D)

Y Hultgren,Randall(R)

Y Jefferson,Charles(D)

A Parke,Terry(R)

Y Schmitz,Timothy(R)

Y Soto,Cynthia(D), Vice-Chairperson

Y Tenhouse,Art(R)

Y Washington,Eddie(D)

Y Winters,Dave(R), Republican Spokesperson

MOTIONS SUBMITTED

Representative Graham submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 991.

Representative Black submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 7 to HOUSE BILL 325.

Representative Madigan submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 1968.

Representative Madigan submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 337.

Representative Hoffman submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 2137.

Representative Hoffman submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 2137.

Representative Boland submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 130.

Representative McGuire submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1589.

Representative Jakobsson submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 2500.

Representative McGuire submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 3755.

Representative Washington submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 1195.

Representative Rose submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 369.

Representative Howard submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 2578.

Representative Flowers submitted the following written motion, which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

MOTION

I move to concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2451.

Representative McCarthy submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence:

MOTION

I move to non-concur with Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1316.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTES SUPPLIED

Housing Affordability Impact Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILL 1921, as amended, and SENATE BILL 482, as amended.

PENSION NOTES SUPPLIED

Pension Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILL 1921, as amended, and SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

STATE DEBT IMPACT NOTES SUPPLIED

State Debt Impact Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILL 1921, as amended, and SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

LAND CONVEYANCE APPRAISAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Land Conveyance Appraisal Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 4039.

JUDICIAL NOTES SUPPLIED

Judicial Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILLS 1921, as amended, 2414, as amended, and SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

STATE MANDATES FISCAL NOTES SUPPLIED

State Mandates Fiscal Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILL 1921, as amended, and SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

HOME RULE NOTES SUPPLIED

Home Rule Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILL 1921, as amended, and SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

BALANCED BUDGET NOTE SUPPLIED

A Balanced Budget Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

FISCAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Fiscal Note has been supplied for SENATE BILL 27, as amended.

REQUEST FOR BALANCED BUDGET NOTE

Representative Phelps requested that a Balanced Budget Note be supplied for HOUSE BILL 1921, as amended.

REQUEST FOR FISCAL NOTE

Representative Chapa LaVia requested that a Fiscal Note be supplied for SENATE BILL 198.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed bills of the following titles, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 930
A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.
SENATE BILL NO. 1180
A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.
SENATE BILL NO. 1209
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.
SENATE BILL NO. 1211
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.
SENATE BILL NO. 1212
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.
SENATE BILL NO. 1213
A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.
Passed by the Senate, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

The foregoing SENATE BILLS 930, 1180, 1209, 1211, 1212 and 1213 were ordered reproduced and placed on the order of Senate Bills - First Reading.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1919
A bill for AN ACT concerning gaming.
Passed by the Senate, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 325

A bill for AN ACT concerning real property.

Together with the attached amendment thereto (which amendment has been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 7 to HOUSE BILL NO. 325

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 7. Amend House Bill 325, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Board of Trustees of The University of Illinois must convey to Gene Michael Vanderport, of Vermilion County, Illinois, in exchange for fair market value, based on the average of 3 certified appraisals, and mutually agreed upon perpetual access rights for educational and research purposes, certain real property located in Vermilion County, Illinois and described as follows:

A tract of land in the Southwest Fractional Quarter of Section 1, Township 18 North, Range 11 West of the 2nd Principal Meridian, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the Northwest corner of the Southwest Fractional Quarter of Section 1, Township 18 North, Range 11 West of the 2nd Principal Meridian; thence down the Vermilion River following the meanders thereof 58 poles to a stone; thence in a Northeasterly direction or course to a point so as to strike the North line of said Southwest Fractional Quarter of said Section 1, 17 poles West of the Northeast corner of said Southwest Fractional Quarter of said Section 1; thence West to the place of beginning, EXCEPT 4.5 acres in a triangular shape off the Northeast corner of said described tract, situated in Vermilion County, Illinois.

Section 10. (a) The State Property Control Act does not apply to the transfer of the real property described in Section 5 of this Act.

(b) The provisions of this Act are judicially enforceable.

Section 90. The State Property Control Act is amended by changing Section 1.02 as follows:

(30 ILCS 605/1.02) (from Ch. 127, par. 133b3)

Sec. 1.02. "Property" means State owned property and includes all real estate, with the exception of rights of way for State water resource and highway improvements, traffic signs and traffic signals, and with the exception of common school property; and all tangible personal property with the exception of properties specifically exempted by the administrator, provided that any property originally classified as real property which has been detached from its structure shall be classified as personal property.

"Property" does not include property owned by the Illinois Medical District Commission and leased or occupied by others for purposes permitted under the Illinois Medical District Act. "Property" also does not include property owned and held by the Illinois Medical District Commission for redevelopment.

"Property" does not include property described under Section 5 of Public Act 92-371 with respect to depositing the net proceeds from the sale or exchange of the property as provided in Section 10 of that Act.

"Property" does not include that property described under Section 5 of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 92-371, eff. 8-15-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendment No. 7 to HOUSE BILL 325 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 991

A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

Together with the attached amendment thereto (which amendment has been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 991

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 991, on page 1, by deleting lines 7 and 8; and on page 1, line 21, by deleting "physician and the written approval of his or her"; and on page 2, immediately below line 36, by inserting the following:

"Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 991 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 511

A bill for AN ACT concerning health.

Together with the attached amendments thereto (which amendments have been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 511

Senate Amendment No. 5 to HOUSE BILL NO. 511

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 511 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as Mercury-Free Vaccine Act.

Section 5. Banned mercury-containing vaccines. Commencing January 1, 2007, no person shall be vaccinated with a vaccine or injected with any product that contains or, prior to dilution, had contained as an additive, thimerosal or other mercury-based product, whether at preservative or trace amount levels.

Section 10. Exemption. The Department of Public Health may exempt the use of a vaccine from this Act if the Department finds that an actual or potential bio-terrorist incident or other actual or potential public health emergency, including an epidemic or shortage of supply of a vaccine at a reasonable cost makes necessary the administration of a vaccine containing mercury at either preservative or trace amount levels. The exemption shall meet all of the following conditions:

(1) The exemption shall not be issued for more than 12 months.

(2) At the end of the effective period of any exemption, the Department may issue another exemption for up to 12 months for the same incident or public health emergency, if the Department makes a determination that the exemption is necessary as set forth in this Section and the Department notifies the legislature and interested parties pursuant to paragraphs (3), (4), and (5).

(3) Upon issuing an exemption, the Department shall, within 48 hours, notify the legislature about the exemption and about the Department's findings justifying the exemption's approval.

(4) Upon request for an exemption, the Department shall notify an interested party, who has expressed his or her interest to the Department in writing, that an exemption request has been made.

(5) Upon issuing an exemption, the Department shall, within 7 days, notify an interested party, who has expressed his or her interest to the Department in writing, about the exemption and about the Department's findings justifying the exemption's approval."

AMENDMENT NO. 5. Amend House Bill 511, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Mercury-Free Vaccine Act.

Section 5. Banned mercury-containing vaccines.

(a) Commencing January 1, 2006, a person shall not be vaccinated with a mercury-containing vaccine that contains more than 1.25 micrograms of mercury per dose.

(b) Commencing January 1, 2008, no person shall be vaccinated with a vaccine or injected with any product that contains, or prior to dilution, had contained as an additive, any mercury based product, whether at preservative or trace amount levels.

Section 10. Exemption. The Department of Public Health may exempt the use of a vaccine from this Act if the Department finds that an actual or potential bio-terrorist incident or other actual or potential public health emergency, including an epidemic or shortage of supply of a vaccine at a reasonable cost that would prevent a person from receiving the needed vaccine, makes necessary the administration of a vaccine containing more mercury than the maximum level set forth in subsection (a) or subsection (b) of Section 5 in the case of influenza vaccine. The exemption shall meet all of the following conditions:

(1) The exemption shall not be issued for more than 12 months.

(2) At the end of the effective period of any exemption, the Department may issue another exemption for up to 12 months for the same incident or public health emergency, if the Department makes a determination that any exemption is necessary as set forth in this Section and the Department notifies the legislature and interested parties pursuant to paragraphs (3), (4), and (5).

(3) Upon issuing an exemption, the Department shall, within 48 hours, notify the legislature about any exemption and about the Department's findings justifying the exemption's approval.

(4) Upon request for an exemption, the Department shall notify an interested party, who has expressed his or her interest to the Department in writing, that an exemption request has been made.

(5) Upon issuing an exemption, the Department shall, within 7 days, notify an interested party, who has expressed his or her interest to the Department in writing, about any exemption and about the Department's findings justifying the exemption's approval."

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendments numbered 2 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 511 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 337

A bill for AN ACT concerning courts.

Together with the attached amendment thereto (which amendment has been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 337

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 337 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Judicial Circuits Apportionment Act of 2005 is amended by adding Sections 6, 11, and 21 as follows:

(705 ILCS 22/6 new)

Sec. 6. The 12th Judicial Circuit is divided into 5 subcircuits, with the numerical order 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, as follows:

JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 1Census Tract 8803.01Census Tract 8803.02Census Tract 8804.04Census Tract 8804.05Census Tract 8804.07Will County (Part)VTD DU30VTD DU31VTD DU32VTD DU34VTD DU36VTD PL04VTD PL05VTD PL07VTD PL09VTD PL20VTD PL21VTD WH10 (Part)Tract 8801.03 / Block 1994JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 2Census Tract 8812Census Tract 8813Census Tract 8814Census Tract 8815Census Tract 8816Census Tract 8817Census Tract 8818Census Tract 8819Census Tract 8826Census Tract 8827Census Tract 8828Census Tract 8829Census Tract 8832.03Census Tract 8832.04Census Tract 8832.05Census Tract 8832.06Census Tract 8832.07Will County (Part)VTD JO46VTD JO69VTD PL12VTD JO61 (Part)Tract 8820.00 / Block 1000Tract 8820.00 / Block 1001Tract 8820.00 / Block 1002Tract 8820.00 / Block 1003Tract 8820.00 / Block 1004Tract 8820.00 / Block 1005Tract 8820.00 / Block 1006Tract 8820.00 / Block 1007Tract 8820.00 / Block 1008Tract 8820.00 / Block 1009Tract 8820.00 / Block 1010Tract 8820.00 / Block 1011Tract 8820.00 / Block 1012Tract 8820.00 / Block 1013

Tract 8820.00 / Block 1014
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1015
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1016
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1017
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1018
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1019
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1020
Tract 8820.00 / Block 1021
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2003
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2004
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2005
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2007
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2008
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2009
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2010
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2012
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2013
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2014
Tract 8820.00 / Block 2015
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3000
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3001
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3002
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3003
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3004
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3005
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3006
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3007
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3008
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3009
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3010
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3011
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3012
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3013
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3014
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3015
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3016
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3017
Tract 8820.00 / Block 3018
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JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 3
Census Tract 8824
Census Tract 8830
Census Tract 8833.01
Census Tract 8833.02
Census Tract 8834
Census Tract 8835.06
Census Tract 8836.02
Census Tract 8836.03
Census Tract 8836.04
Census Tract 8837
Census Tract 8838.03
Census Tract 8838.04
Census Tract 8838.05
Census Tract 8838.06
Census Tract 8838.07
Census Tract 8839.01
Census Tract 8839.02
Census Tract 8840.01
Census Tract 8840.02
Will County (Part)
VTD JO39
VTD JO54
VTD JO56
VTD JO68

VTD JO60 (Part)Tract 8820.00 / Block 2000Tract 8820.00 / Block 2001Tract 8820.00 / Block 2002Tract 8820.00 / Block 2006Tract 8820.00 / Block 2011Tract 8821.00 / Block 2008Tract 8821.00 / Block 2009Tract 8821.00 / Block 2010Tract 8821.00 / Block 2011Tract 8821.00 / Block 2012Tract 8821.00 / Block 2013Tract 8821.00 / Block 2014Tract 8821.00 / Block 2015Tract 8821.00 / Block 2016Tract 8821.00 / Block 2017Tract 8821.00 / Block 2018Tract 8821.00 / Block 2019Tract 8822.00 / Block 4000Tract 8822.00 / Block 4001Tract 8822.00 / Block 4002Tract 8822.00 / Block 4003Tract 8822.00 / Block 4004Tract 8822.00 / Block 4066Tract 8822.00 / Block 4079Tract 8822.00 / Block 4080Tract 8822.00 / Block 4081Tract 8822.00 / Block 4082Tract 8822.00 / Block 4083Tract 8822.00 / Block 4084Tract 8822.00 / Block 4085Tract 8822.00 / Block 4086Tract 8822.00 / Block 4089Tract 8822.00 / Block 4090Tract 8822.00 / Block 4091Tract 8822.00 / Block 4092Tract 8822.00 / Block 5023Tract 8822.00 / Block 5037Tract 8822.00 / Block 5038Tract 8822.00 / Block 5039Tract 8822.00 / Block 5040Tract 8822.00 / Block 5041Tract 8822.00 / Block 5042Tract 8822.00 / Block 5043Tract 8822.00 / Block 5044Tract 8822.00 / Block 5045Tract 8823.00 / Block 1002Tract 8823.00 / Block 1003Tract 8823.00 / Block 1004Tract 8823.00 / Block 1005Tract 8823.00 / Block 1006Tract 8823.00 / Block 1007Tract 8823.00 / Block 1008Tract 8823.00 / Block 1009Tract 8823.00 / Block 1010Tract 8823.00 / Block 1011Tract 8823.00 / Block 1013

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Tract 8825.00 / Block 1000
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Tract 8831.00 / Block 3000
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Tract 8831.00 / Block 3018
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 4
Census Tract 8801.05
Census Tract 8801.06
Census Tract 8801.07
Census Tract 8801.08
Census Tract 8801.09
Census Tract 8801.10
Census Tract 8801.11
Census Tract 8801.12
Census Tract 8801.13
Census Tract 8802.01
Census Tract 8802.02
Census Tract 8805.01
Census Tract 8805.02
Census Tract 8806
Census Tract 8807
Census Tract 8808
Census Tract 8809
Will County (Part)
VTD DU27
VTD DU33
VTD DU40
VTD DU42
VTD DU45
VTD DU14 (Part)
Tract 8801.03 / Block 2047
Tract 8801.03 / Block 2049

Tract 8801.03 / Block 2991
Tract 8801.03 / Block 2992
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1000
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1001
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1032
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1033
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1034
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Tract 8801.04 / Block 1119
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Tract 8801.04 / Block 1167
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1168
Tract 8801.04 / Block 1999
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 5

Census Tract 8810.01
Census Tract 8810.02
Census Tract 8810.03
Census Tract 8810.04
Census Tract 8810.05
Census Tract 8810.06
Census Tract 8811.03
Census Tract 8811.04
Census Tract 8811.05
Census Tract 8811.06
Census Tract 8835.01
Census Tract 8835.02
Census Tract 8835.03
Census Tract 8835.04
Census Tract 8835.05

(705 ILCS 22/11 new)

Sec. 11. The 16th Judicial Circuit is divided into 5 subcircuits, with the numerical order 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 as follows:

JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 1

Census Tract 8529.02
Census Tract 8529.03
Census Tract 8529.04
Census Tract 8529.05
Census Tract 8530.01
Census Tract 8530.02
Census Tract 8530.04
Census Tract 8531
Census Tract 8532
Census Tract 8533
Census Tract 8534
Census Tract 8535
Census Tract 8536
Census Tract 8537
Census Tract 8538
Census Tract 8541
Census Tract 8542
Census Tract 8543
Census Tract 8544
Kane County (Part)
VTD AC401
VTD AC402
VTD AC403
VTD AC406
VTD AC504
VTD AC505
VTD AC507
VTD AC509
VTD AC510
VTD AC512
VTD AC506 (Part)

Tract 8530.03 / Block 3002
Tract 8530.03 / Block 3030

Tract 8530.03 / Block 3043
Tract 8530.03 / Block 3044
Tract 8530.03 / Block 3045
Tract 8530.03 / Block 3046
Tract 8530.03 / Block 3053
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1000
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1001
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1002
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1003
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1004
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1005
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Tract 8539.00 / Block 1012
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1013
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1014
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1015
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1016
Tract 8539.00 / Block 1017
Tract 8540.01 / Block 2001
Tract 8540.01 / Block 2002
Tract 8540.01 / Block 2003
Tract 8540.01 / Block 2005
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Tract 8540.01 / Block 2020
Tract 8540.01 / Block 2021
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Tract 8540.01 / Block 3037
Tract 8540.01 / Block 3039
Tract 8540.01 / Block 3040
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1000
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1001
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1002
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1003
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1004
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1005
Tract 8540.02 / Block 1006
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Tract 8540.02 / Block 2000
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2001
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2002
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2003
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Tract 8540.02 / Block 2022
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2023
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2024
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2025
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2997
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2998
Tract 8540.02 / Block 2999
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3000
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3001
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3002
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3003
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3004
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3005
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3006
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3007
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Tract 8540.02 / Block 3018
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3019
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3020
Tract 8540.02 / Block 3999
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4000
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4001
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4002
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4003
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4004
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4005
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4006
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Tract 8540.02 / Block 4038
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4039
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4040
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4041
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4042
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4043
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4044
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4045
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4046
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4047
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4998
Tract 8540.02 / Block 4999
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5000
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5001
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5002
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5005
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5007
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5008
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5009
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5010
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5011
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5012
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5013
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5025
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5026
Tract 8540.02 / Block 5027
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 2
Census Tract 8502.01
Census Tract 8502.02
Census Tract 8503.01
Census Tract 8503.02
Census Tract 8504
Census Tract 8505
Census Tract 8508
Census Tract 8509
Census Tract 8510
Census Tract 8511
Census Tract 8512
Census Tract 8513
Census Tract 8514
Census Tract 8515

Census Tract 8516

Census Tract 8517

Kane County (Part)

VTD DN004

VTD DN020

VTD DN022

VTD DN025

VTD DN026

VTD DN027

VTD DN031

VTD EL008

VTD EL010

VTD EL014

VTD EL015

VTD EL043

VTD EL046

VTD EL050

VTD DN010 (Part)

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1000

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1001

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1002

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1003

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1004

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1005

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1006

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Tract 8501.00 / Block 1020

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Tract 8501.00 / Block 1023

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1024

Tract 8501.00 / Block 1025

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Tract 8501.00 / Block 1043
Tract 8501.00 / Block 1044
Tract 8501.00 / Block 1045
Tract 8501.00 / Block 1046
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2000
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2001
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2002
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2003
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2004
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2005
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2006
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2017
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2018
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2995
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2996
Tract 8501.00 / Block 2998
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3000
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3001
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3002
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3003
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3004
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3005
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3006
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3007
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Tract 8501.00 / Block 3030
Tract 8501.00 / Block 3031
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4047
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4057
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4058
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4059
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4060

Tract 8501.00 / Block 4061
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4062
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4063
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4064
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4065
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4066
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4067
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4068
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4069
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4070
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4071
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4072
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4073
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4085
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4086
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4087
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4088
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4089
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4095
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4096
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4100
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4124
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4125
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4126
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4127
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4151
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4152
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4153
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4154
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Tract 8501.00 / Block 4159
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4177
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4178
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4179
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4180
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4181
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4993
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4995
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4996
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4999
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2012
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2013
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2014
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2015
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2016
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3000
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3001
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3002
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3003
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3004
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3005
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3006
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Tract 8506.00 / Block 3010

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Tract 8506.00 / Block 3046
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3047
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3048
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3049
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3050
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3051
Tract 8506.00 / Block 3999
Tract 8518.01 / Block 1002
Tract 8518.01 / Block 1003
Tract 8518.01 / Block 1007
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1000
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1001
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1002
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1003
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1004
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1005
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1006
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1007
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1008
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1009
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1010
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1011

Tract 8518.02 / Block 1012
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1013
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Tract 8518.02 / Block 1015
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1016
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Tract 8518.02 / Block 1018
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1019
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1020
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1021
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1022
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1023
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1024
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1025
Tract 8518.02 / Block 1026
Tract 8518.02 / Block 2003
Tract 8518.02 / Block 2004
Tract 8518.02 / Block 2005
Tract 8518.02 / Block 2013
Tract 8518.02 / Block 2014
Tract 8518.02 / Block 2015
Tract 8519.03 / Block 1018
Tract 8519.03 / Block 1022
Tract 8519.03 / Block 1023
Tract 8519.03 / Block 1025
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2000
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2001
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2002
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2003
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2004
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2005
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2006
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2007
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2008
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2011
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2012
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2013
Tract 8519.03 / Block 2014
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 3
Kendall County
Census Tract 17
Census Tract 18
Census Tract 19
Census Tract 20
Census Tract 21
Census Tract 8524.01
Census Tract 8545.01
Census Tract 8545.02
Kane County (Part)
Big Rock township
Kaneville township
Kane County (Part)
VTD AC501
VTD AC502
VTD AC503
VTD AT002
VTD AT009

VTD CA001

VTD CA003

VTD CA008

VTD MI01 (Part)

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2054

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2055

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2056

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2057

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2058

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2059

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2060

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2061

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2062

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2063

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2064

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2065

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2066

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2067

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2068

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2069

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2070

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2071

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2072

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2073

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2074

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2075

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2076

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2077

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2078

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2079

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2080

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2081

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2082

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2083

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2084

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2085

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2086

Tract 0003.00 / Block 2087

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4029

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4030

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4031

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4032

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4033

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4034

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4037

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4040

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4041

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4042

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4043

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4044

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4045

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4046

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4047

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4048

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4049

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4050

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4051

Tract 0014.00 / Block 4052
Tract 0014.00 / Block 4053
Tract 0014.00 / Block 4054
Tract 0014.00 / Block 4055
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3045
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3046
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3047
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3048
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3049
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3051
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3052
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3053
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3054
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3055
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3056
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3057
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3058
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3059
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3060
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3061
Tract 0015.00 / Block 3062
Tract 0016.00 / Block 1046
Tract 0016.00 / Block 1047
Tract 0016.00 / Block 1048
Tract 0016.00 / Block 1049
Tract 0016.00 / Block 1050
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2086
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2087
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2092
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2093
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2094
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2095
Tract 0016.00 / Block 2096
VTD CA010 (Part)
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1000
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1001
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1002
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1003
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1004
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1005
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1006
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1007
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1008
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1009
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1010
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1011
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1012
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1013
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1014
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1015
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1016
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1017
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1018
Tract 8524.02 / Block 2000
Tract 8524.02 / Block 2001
Tract 8524.02 / Block 2011
Tract 8524.02 / Block 2012

Tract 8524.02 / Block 2013
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1000
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1032
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1033
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1034
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1035
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1036
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1037
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1038
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1039
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1040
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1065
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1066
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1067
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1069
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1998
Tract 8524.03 / Block 1999

JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 4

Census Tract 8520.01
Census Tract 8520.02
Census Tract 8520.03
Census Tract 8521
Census Tract 8522.01
Census Tract 8523
Census Tract 8525
Census Tract 8526.01
Census Tract 8526.02
Census Tract 8527
Census Tract 8528.01
Census Tract 8528.02

Kane County (Part)

VTD EL021
VTD EL024
VTD EL036
VTD EL038
VTD EL039
VTD EL049
VTD EL053
VTD EL055
VTD SC013

VTD SC019 (Part)

Tract 8522.02 / Block 1000
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1001
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1002
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1003
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1004
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1005
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1006
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1007
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1008
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1009
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1010
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1011
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1012
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1013
Tract 8522.02 / Block 1014
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2000

Tract 8522.02 / Block 2001
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2013
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2014
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2015
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2016
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2017
Tract 8522.02 / Block 2018
Tract 8522.02 / Block 3005
Tract 8522.02 / Block 3006
Tract 8522.02 / Block 3007
Tract 8522.02 / Block 3008
Tract 8522.02 / Block 3009
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4000
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4001
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4002
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4003
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4004
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4005
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4006
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4007
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Tract 8522.02 / Block 4010
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Tract 8522.02 / Block 4012
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Tract 8522.02 / Block 4031
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Tract 8522.02 / Block 4036
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4037
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4038
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4039
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4040
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4041
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4042
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4043
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4044

Tract 8522.02 / Block 4045
Tract 8522.02 / Block 4047
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Tract 8522.02 / Block 5027
Tract 8524.02 / Block 1022
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 5
Census Tract 1
Census Tract 2
Census Tract 4
Census Tract 5
Census Tract 6
Census Tract 7
Census Tract 8
Census Tract 9
Census Tract 10
Census Tract 11
Census Tract 12
Census Tract 13
Census Tract 8507.01
Census Tract 8507.02
Census Tract 8507.03
DeKalb County (Part)
Malta township
South Grove township
Virgil township
DeKalb County (Part)
VTD DK26

VTD DK27

VTD DK29

VTD DK31

VTD DK32

VTD DK34

Kane County (Part)

VTD DN029

VTD EL007

VTD EL016

VTD EL047

VTD EL048

VTD EL051

VTD EL052

VTD EL054

VTD EL056

VTD EL057

VTD MF01 (Part)

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1000

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1001

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1002

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1003

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1022

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1023

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1024

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1025

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Tract 0003.00 / Block 1063

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Tract 0003.00 / Block 1066

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1073

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1074

Tract 0003.00 / Block 1075

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3000

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3006

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3007

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3008

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3009

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3010

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3011

Tract 0003.00 / Block 3012

Tract 0014.00 / Block 3000

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VTD DN030 (Part)
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4011
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4012
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Tract 8501.00 / Block 4147
Tract 8501.00 / Block 4185
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2001
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Tract 8506.00 / Block 2017
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Tract 8506.00 / Block 2019
Tract 8506.00 / Block 2020

(705 ILCS 22/21 new)

Sec. 21. The 19th Judicial Circuit is divided into 6 subcircuits, with the numerical order 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 as follows:

JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 1

Census Tract 8603.01

Census Tract 8606

Census Tract 8617.01

Census Tract 8617.02

Census Tract 8618.03

Census Tract 8618.04

Census Tract 8618.05

Census Tract 8618.15

Census Tract 8619.01

Census Tract 8619.02

Census Tract 8620

Census Tract 8621

Census Tract 8622

Census Tract 8623

Census Tract 8624.01

Census Tract 8624.02

Census Tract 8625.01

Census Tract 8627

Lake County (Part)

VTD WK319

VTD WK320

VTD WK321

VTD WK324

VTD WK325

VTD WK326

VTD WK331

VTD Z1380

VTD WK318 (Part)

Tract 0000.00 / Block 0994

Tract 0000.00 / Block 0995

Tract 0000.00 / Block 0996

Tract 8601.01 / Block 1002

Tract 8601.01 / Block 1003

Tract 8601.01 / Block 1004

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Tract 8601.01 / Block 1007

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Tract 8601.01 / Block 1031
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Tract 8601.01 / Block 1034
Tract 8601.01 / Block 1044
Tract 8601.04 / Block 2029
Tract 8601.04 / Block 2030
Tract 8602.00 / Block 2029
Tract 8602.00 / Block 2030
Tract 8602.00 / Block 2031
Tract 8603.02 / Block 1000
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Tract 8603.02 / Block 1002
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Tract 8625.02 / Block 1000
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Tract 8625.02 / Block 1008
Tract 8625.02 / Block 1009
Tract 8625.02 / Block 1010
Tract 8626.05 / Block 1000
Tract 8626.05 / Block 1001
Tract 8626.05 / Block 1002
Tract 8626.05 / Block 1003
Tract 8626.05 / Block 1004
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 2
Census Tract 8615.04
Census Tract 8615.05
Census Tract 8615.06
Census Tract 8615.07
Census Tract 8615.08
Census Tract 8615.09
Census Tract 8615.10
Census Tract 8616.03
Census Tract 8616.07
Census Tract 8616.08
Census Tract 8628
Census Tract 8629.01
Census Tract 8629.02
Census Tract 8630.02
Census Tract 8631
Census Tract 8632.01

Census Tract 8636.01Lake County (Part)VTD LB169VTD LB170VTD LB171VTD LB177VTD LB182VTD SH206VTD SH208VTD WK337VTD WR261VTD WR262VTD WR386VTD WR397VTD WR402VTD WR263 (Part)Tract 8611.06 / Block 2003Tract 8611.06 / Block 2004Tract 8611.06 / Block 2009Tract 8616.05 / Block 2022Tract 8616.05 / Block 2023Tract 8616.05 / Block 2024Tract 8616.05 / Block 2025Tract 8626.03 / Block 2022Tract 8626.04 / Block 2002Tract 8626.04 / Block 2003Tract 8630.01 / Block 1000Tract 8630.01 / Block 1001Tract 8630.01 / Block 1002Tract 8630.01 / Block 1003Tract 8630.01 / Block 1004Tract 8630.01 / Block 1005Tract 8630.01 / Block 1006Tract 8630.01 / Block 1007Tract 8630.01 / Block 1008Tract 8630.01 / Block 1009Tract 8630.01 / Block 1010Tract 8630.01 / Block 1011Tract 8630.01 / Block 1012Tract 8630.01 / Block 1013Tract 8630.01 / Block 1019Tract 8630.01 / Block 1020Tract 8630.01 / Block 1021Tract 8630.01 / Block 1022Tract 8632.02 / Block 3009Tract 8636.03 / Block 1013Tract 8636.03 / Block 1014Tract 8636.03 / Block 1015Tract 8636.03 / Block 1016Tract 8636.03 / Block 1017Tract 8636.03 / Block 1018Tract 8636.03 / Block 1019Tract 8636.03 / Block 1020Tract 8636.03 / Block 1021Tract 8636.03 / Block 1022Tract 8636.03 / Block 1023Tract 8636.03 / Block 1024

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Tract 8636.03 / Block 1051
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1000
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1001
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1002
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1003
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1004
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1005
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1006
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1010
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1998
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1999
Tract 8636.04 / Block 2000
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Tract 8636.04 / Block 2002
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Tract 8636.04 / Block 2018
Tract 8637.01 / Block 1039
Tract 8637.01 / Block 1040
Tract 8637.01 / Block 1041
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Tract 8637.01 / Block 2037
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1015
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Tract 8638.01 / Block 1043
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1044
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1045
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1086
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1999
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1000
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1001
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1002
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Tract 8641.01 / Block 1064
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1065
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 3
Census Tract 8639.02
Census Tract 8639.04
Census Tract 8640.01
Census Tract 8640.02
Census Tract 8641.05
Census Tract 8641.06
Census Tract 8641.07
Census Tract 8641.08
Census Tract 8644.02
Census Tract 8644.03
Census Tract 8645.10
Census Tract 8645.11
Census Tract 8645.12
Census Tract 8645.13
Census Tract 8645.15
Census Tract 8645.16
Census Tract 8645.17
Census Tract 8645.18
Census Tract 8645.19
Census Tract 8645.20
Lake County (Part)
VTD LB175
VTD LB189
VTD LB173 (Part)
Tract 8636.03 / Block 1049
Tract 8636.03 / Block 1050
Tract 8636.03 / Block 1052
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1007
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1008
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1009
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1011
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1012
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1013
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1014
Tract 8636.04 / Block 1015
Tract 8636.04 / Block 2004
Tract 8636.04 / Block 2999

Tract 8639.03 / Block 2001
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2011
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2012
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2013
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2014
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2015
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2016
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2017
Tract 8639.03 / Block 2018
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3000
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3001
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3002
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3003
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3005
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3006
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3007
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3008
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3009
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3010
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3011
Tract 8639.03 / Block 3012
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1014
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1015
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1016
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Tract 8641.01 / Block 1079
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1080
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1081
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Tract 8641.01 / Block 1099
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1100
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1101
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1102
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1103
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1104
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1105
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1106
Tract 8641.01 / Block 1999
Tract 8641.01 / Block 2011
Tract 8641.01 / Block 2018
Tract 8641.01 / Block 2019
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1000
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1003
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1004
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1005
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1006
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1060
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1065
Tract 8644.07 / Block 1066
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2000
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2001
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2002
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2003
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2004
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2022
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2023
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Tract 8644.12 / Block 2030
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2031
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2032
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Tract 8644.12 / Block 2034
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2035
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2036
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2037
Tract 8644.12 / Block 2038
Tract 8645.02 / Block 2077
Tract 8645.02 / Block 2084
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1000
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1001
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1002
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1003
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1004
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1005
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1006
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1009
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1010
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1011
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Tract 8645.14 / Block 1051
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 4
Census Tract 8633
Census Tract 8634
Census Tract 8635
Census Tract 8637.02
Census Tract 8638.02
Census Tract 8645.05
Census Tract 8645.21
Census Tract 8645.22

Census Tract 8646.01
Census Tract 8646.02
Census Tract 8647
Census Tract 8648.01
Census Tract 8648.02
Census Tract 8649.01
Census Tract 8649.03
Census Tract 8649.04
Census Tract 8650
Census Tract 8652
Census Tract 8653
Census Tract 8654
Census Tract 8655.01
Census Tract 8655.02
Census Tract 8656
Census Tract 8657
Census Tract 8658.01
Census Tract 8658.02
Lake County (Part)
VTD LB184
VTD LB194
VTD SH209
VTD SH213
VTD SH214
VTD VE234
VTD VE235
VTD VE392
VTD SH207 (Part)
Tract 8630.01 / Block 1014
Tract 8630.01 / Block 1015
Tract 8630.01 / Block 1016
Tract 8630.01 / Block 1017
Tract 8630.01 / Block 1018
Tract 8632.02 / Block 3049
Tract 8632.02 / Block 3050
Tract 8632.02 / Block 3051
Tract 8632.02 / Block 3052
Tract 8637.01 / Block 1067
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2000
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2001
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2002
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2003
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2004
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2005
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2006
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2007
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2008
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2009
Tract 8637.01 / Block 2010
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1014
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1041
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1042
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Tract 8638.01 / Block 1053
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Tract 8638.01 / Block 1060
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1084
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1984
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1985
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1992
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1995
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1996
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1997
Tract 8638.01 / Block 1998
Tract 8645.02 / Block 2067
Tract 8645.02 / Block 2068
Tract 8645.02 / Block 2069
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Tract 8645.02 / Block 2095
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1007
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1008
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Tract 8645.14 / Block 1071
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1072
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1073
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1074
Tract 8645.14 / Block 1075
JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 5
Census Tract 8609.06
Census Tract 8612.01
Census Tract 8613.01
Census Tract 8613.03
Census Tract 8613.04
Census Tract 8614.03
Census Tract 8642.03
Census Tract 8642.04
Census Tract 8642.05
Census Tract 8642.06
Census Tract 8643.03
Census Tract 8643.05
Census Tract 8643.06
Census Tract 8643.07
Census Tract 8643.08
Census Tract 8644.08
Census Tract 8644.09
Census Tract 8644.10
Census Tract 8644.11
Lake County (Part)
VTD AV024
VTD EL099
VTD FR126
VTD GR140
VTD GR141
VTD GR143
VTD GR144
VTD GR145
VTD GR146
VTD GR142 (Part)
Tract 8609.03 / Block 1020
Tract 8609.03 / Block 1030
Tract 8609.03 / Block 1031
Tract 8609.03 / Block 2000
Tract 8609.03 / Block 2001
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Tract 8609.03 / Block 2019
Tract 8609.03 / Block 2020
Tract 8609.03 / Block 2021
Tract 8609.03 / Block 2022
Tract 8609.03 / Block 2999
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2017
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2038
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2039
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2040
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Tract 8609.04 / Block 2103
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2104
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2987
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2988
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2989
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2990
Tract 8609.04 / Block 2992
Tract 8609.05 / Block 3000
Tract 8609.05 / Block 3001
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Tract 8609.05 / Block 3004
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Tract 8609.05 / Block 3051
Tract 8609.05 / Block 3986
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Tract 8609.05 / Block 3999
Tract 8609.05 / Block 4001
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JUDICIAL SUBCIRCUIT 6
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Lake County (Part)
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VTD AV041
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VTD BE045
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VTD GR138
VTD GR139
VTD GR384
VTD WR396
VTD ZI375
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VTD ZI377 (Part)
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Tract 8614.04 / Block 3998
Tract 8614.04 / Block 3999

(705 ILCS 22/5 rep.) (705 ILCS 22/10 rep.) (705 ILCS 22/20 rep.)

Section 10. The Judicial Circuits Apportionment Act of 2005 is amended by repealing Sections 5, 10, and 20.

Section 15. The Circuit Courts Act is amended by changing Section 2f-9 as follows:

(705 ILCS 35/2f-9)

Sec. 2f-9. 16th judicial circuit; subcircuits.

(a) The 16th circuit shall be divided into 5 4 subcircuits. The subcircuits shall be compact, contiguous, and substantially equal in population. The General Assembly by law shall create the subcircuits, using population data as determined by the 2000 federal census, and shall determine a numerical order for the 5 4 subcircuits. That numerical order shall be the basis for the order in which resident judgeships are assigned to the subcircuits. Once a resident judgeship is assigned to a subcircuit, it shall continue to be assigned to that subcircuit for all purposes.

(b) Of the 16th circuit's 16 existing circuit judgeships (7 at large and 9 resident), 5 4 of the 9 resident judgeships shall be allotted as 16th circuit resident judgeships under subsection (c) as (i) the first resident judgeship of DeKalb County, (ii) the first resident judgeship of Kendall County, and (iii) the first 2 resident

judgeships of Kane County are or become vacant on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, and (iv) the first resident judgeship of Kane County (in addition to the 2 vacancies under item (iii)) is or becomes vacant after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly. These 5 4 resident subcircuit judgeships and the remaining 4 5 resident judgeships shall constitute all of the resident judgeships of the 16th circuit. As used in this subsection, a vacancy does not include the expiration of a term of a resident judge who seeks retention in that office at the next term.

(c) The Supreme Court shall allot the first DeKalb County vacancy, the first Kendall County vacancy, and the first 3 2 Kane County vacancies in resident judgeships of the 16th circuit as provided in subsection (b), for election from the various subcircuits. The judgeships shall be assigned to the subcircuits based upon the numerical order of the 5 4 subcircuits. No resident judge of the 16th circuit serving on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall be required to change his or her residency in order to continue serving in office or to seek retention in office as judgeships are allotted by the Supreme Court in accordance with this Section.

(d) A resident judge elected from a subcircuit shall continue to reside in that subcircuit as long as he or she holds that office.

(e) Vacancies in resident judgeships of the 16th circuit shall be filled in the manner provided in Article VI of the Illinois Constitution.

(Source: P.A. 93-1102, eff. 4-7-05.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 337 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 1968

A bill for AN ACT concerning elections.

Together with the attached amendments thereto (which amendments have been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 1968

Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL NO. 1968

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 1968 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Sections 1A-16, 1A-25, 4-6.2, 4-16, 5-16.2, 5-23, 6-50.2, 6-54, 7-7, 7-8, 7-10, 7-15, 7-34, 7-56, 7-60, 7-61, 8-8, 9-1.4, 9-1.14, 9-3, 9-7.5, 9-9.5, 9-10, 10-9, 12-1, 17-9, 17-15, 17-23, 18-5, 18A-5, 18A-15, 19-2.1, 19-4, 19-10, 20-4, 22-1, 22-5, 22-7, 22-8, 22-9, 22-15, 22-15.1, 22-17, 23-15.1, 24A-10, 24A-10.1, 24A-15.1, 24A-22, 24B-10, 24B-10.1, 24B-15.1, 24C-2, 24C-12, 24C-13, and 24C-15 and by adding Articles 12A and 19A and Sections 1A-17, 1A-18, 4-105, 5-105, 6-105, 7-100, 12A-2, 12A-5, 12A-10, 12A-15, 12A-35, 12A-40, 12A-45, 12A-50, 12A-55, 13-2.5, 14-4.5, 17-100, 18-100, 19A-5, 19A-10, 19A-15, 19A-20, 19A-25, 19A-25.5, 19A-30, 19A-35, 19A-40, 19A-45, 19A-50, 19A-55, 19A-60, 19A-65, 19A-70, 19A-75, and 23-50 as follows:

(10 ILCS 5/1A-16)

Sec. 1A-16. Voter registration information; internet posting; processing of voter registration forms; content of such forms. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the following provisions shall apply to voter registration under this Code.

(a) Voter registration information; Internet posting of voter registration form. Within 90 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the State Board of Elections shall post on its World Wide Web site the following information:

- (1) A comprehensive list of the names, addresses, phone numbers, and websites, if

applicable, of all county clerks and boards of election commissioners in Illinois.

(2) A schedule of upcoming elections and the deadline for voter registration.

(3) A downloadable, printable voter registration form, in at least English and in Spanish versions, that a person may complete and mail or submit to the State Board of Elections or the appropriate county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Any forms described under paragraph (3) must state the following:

If you do not have a driver's license or social security number, and this form is submitted by mail, and you have never registered to vote in the jurisdiction you are now registering in, then you must send, with this application, either (i) a copy of a current and valid photo identification, or (ii) a copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other government document that shows the name and address of the voter. If you do not provide the information required above, then you will be required to provide election officials with either (i) or (ii) described above the first time you vote at a voting place or by absentee ballot.

(b) Acceptance of registration forms by the State Board of Elections and county clerks and board of election commissioners. The State Board of Elections, county clerks, and board of election commissioners shall accept all completed voter registration forms described in subsection (a)(3) of this Section and Section 1A-17 that are:

(1) postmarked on or before the day that voter registration is closed under the Election Code;

(2) not postmarked, but arrives no later than 5 days after the close of registration;

(3) submitted in person by a person using the form on or before the day that voter registration is closed under the Election Code; or

(4) submitted in person by a person who submits one or more forms on behalf of one or more persons who used the form on or before the day that voter registration is closed under the Election Code.

Upon the receipt of a registration form, the State Board of Elections shall mark the date on which the form was received and send the form via first class mail to the appropriate county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, within 2 business days based upon the home address of the person submitting the registration form. The county clerk and board of election commissioners shall accept and process any form received from the State Board of Elections.

(c) Processing of registration forms by county clerks and boards of election commissioners. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall promulgate procedures for processing the voter registration form.

(d) Contents of the voter registration form. The State Board shall create a voter registration form, which must contain the following content:

(1) Instructions for completing the form.

(2) A summary of the qualifications to register to vote in Illinois.

(3) Instructions for mailing in or submitting the form in person.

(4) The phone number for the State Board of Elections should a person submitting the form have questions.

(5) A box for the person to check that explains one of 3 reasons for submitting the form:

(a) new registration;

(b) change of address; or

(c) change of name.

(6) a box for the person to check yes or no that asks, "Are you a citizen of the United States?", a box for the person to check yes or no that asks, "Will you be 18 years of age on or before election day?", and a statement of "If you checked 'no' in response to either of these questions, then do not complete this form."

(7) A space for the person to fill in his or her home telephone number.

(8) Spaces for the person to fill in his or her first, middle, and last names, street address (principal place of residence), county, city, state, and zip code.

(9) Spaces for the person to fill in his or her mailing address, city, state, and zip code if different from his or her principal place of residence.

(10) A space for the person to fill in his or her Illinois driver's license number if the person has a driver's license.

(11) A space for a person without a driver's license to fill in the last four digits of

his or her social security number if the person has a social security number.

(12) A space for a person without an Illinois driver's license to fill in his or her identification number from his or her State Identification card issued by the Secretary of State.

(13) A space for the person to fill the name appearing on his or her last voter registration, the street address of his or her last registration, including the city, county, state, and zip code.

(14) A space where the person swears or affirms the following under penalty of perjury with his or her signature:

(a) "I am a citizen of the United States.";

(b) "I will be at least 18 years old on or before the next election.";

(c) "I will have lived in the State of Illinois and in my election precinct at least 30 days as of the date of the next election."; and

"The information I have provided is true to the best of my knowledge under penalty of perjury. If I have provided false information, ~~then~~ then I may be fined, imprisoned, or if I am not a U.S. citizen, deported from or refused entry into the United States."

(d) Compliance with federal law; rulemaking authority. The voter registration form described in this Section shall be consistent with the form prescribed by the Federal Election Commission under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993, P.L. 103-31, as amended from time to time, and the Help America Vote Act of 2002, P.L. 107-252, in all relevant respects. The State Board of Elections shall periodically update the form based on changes to federal or State law. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate any rules necessary for the implementation of this Section; provided that the rules comport with the letter and spirit of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 and Help America Vote Act of 2002 and maximize the opportunity for a person to register to vote.

(e) Forms available in paper form. The State Board of Elections shall make the voter registration form available in regular paper stock and form in sufficient quantities for the general public. The State Board of Elections may provide the voter registration form to the Secretary of State, county clerks, boards of election commissioners, designated agencies of the State of Illinois, and any other person or entity designated to have these forms by the Election Code in regular paper stock and form or some other format deemed suitable by the Board. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners has the authority to design and print its own voter registration form so long as the form complies with the requirements of this Section. The State Board of Elections, county clerks, boards of election commissioners, or other designated agencies of the State of Illinois required to have these forms under the Election Code shall provide a member of the public with any reasonable number of forms that he or she may request. Nothing in this Section shall permit the State Board of Elections, county clerk, board of election commissioners, or other appropriate election official who may accept a voter registration form to refuse to accept a voter registration form because the form is printed on photocopier or regular paper stock and form.

(f) Internet voter registration study. The State Board of Elections shall investigate the feasibility of offering voter registration on its website and consider voter registration methods of other states in an effort to maximize the opportunity for all Illinois citizens to register to vote. The State Board of Elections shall assemble its findings in a report and submit it to the General Assembly no later than January 1, 2006. The report shall contain legislative recommendations to the General Assembly on improving voter registration in Illinois.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/1A-17 new)

Sec. 1A-17. Voter registration outreach.

(a) The Secretary of State, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Public Aid, the Department of Employment Security, and each public institution of higher learning in Illinois must make available on its World Wide Web site a downloadable, printable voter registration form that complies with the requirements in subsection (d) of Section 1A-16 for the State Board of Elections' voter registration form.

(b) Each public institution of higher learning in Illinois must include voter registration information and a voter registration form supplied by the State Board of Elections under subsection (e) of Section 1A-16 in any mailing of student registration materials to an address located in Illinois. Each public institution of higher learning must provide voter registration information and a voter registration form supplied by the State Board of Elections under subsection (e) of Section 1A-16 to each person with whom the institution conducts in-person student registration.

(c) As used in this Section, a public institution of higher learning means a public university, college, or

community college in Illinois.

(10 ILCS 5/1A-18 new)

Sec. 1A-18. Voter registration applications; General Assembly district offices. Each member of the General Assembly, and his or her State employees (as defined in Section 1-5 of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act) authorized by the member, may make available voter registration forms supplied by the State Board of Elections under subsection (e) of Section 1A-16 to the public and may undertake that and other voter registration activities at the member's district office, during regular business hours or otherwise, in a manner determined by the member.

(10 ILCS 5/1A-25)

Sec. 1A-25. Centralized statewide voter registration list. The centralized statewide voter registration list required by Title III, Subtitle A, Section 303 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 shall be created and maintained by the State Board of Elections as provided in this Section.

(1) The centralized statewide voter registration list shall be compiled from the voter registration data bases of each election authority in this State.

(2) All new voter registration forms and applications to register to vote, including those reviewed by the Secretary of State at a driver services facility, shall be

transmitted only to the appropriate election authority as required by Articles 4, 5, and 6 of this Code and not to the State Board of Elections. The election authority shall process and verify each voter registration form and electronically enter verified registrations on an expedited basis onto the statewide voter registration list. All original registration cards shall remain permanently in the office of the election authority as required by this Code Sections 4-20, 5-28, and 6-65.

(3) The centralized statewide voter registration list shall:

(i) Be designed to allow election authorities to utilize the registration data on the statewide voter registration list pertinent to voters registered in their election jurisdiction on locally maintained software programs that are unique to each jurisdiction.

(ii) Allow each election authority to perform essential election management functions, including but not limited to production of voter lists, processing of absentee voters, production of individual, pre-printed applications to vote, administration of election judges, and polling place administration, but shall not prevent any election authority from using information from that election authority's own systems.

(4) The registration information maintained by each election authority shall ~~at all times be~~ synchronized with that authority's information on the statewide list at least once every 24 hours ~~on a constant, real time basis.~~

To protect the privacy and confidentiality of voter registration information, the disclosure of any portion of the centralized statewide voter registration list to any person or entity other than to a State or local political committee and other than to a governmental entity for a governmental purpose is specifically prohibited.

(Source: P.A. 93-1071, eff. 1-18-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/4-6.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 4-6.2)

Sec. 4-6.2. (a) The county clerk shall appoint all municipal and township or road district clerks or their duly authorized deputies as deputy registrars who may accept the registration of all qualified residents of the State their respective municipalities, townships and road districts. A deputy registrar serving as such by virtue of his status as a municipal clerk, or a duly authorized deputy of a municipal clerk, of a municipality the territory of which lies in more than one county may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the municipality, regardless of which county the resident, municipal clerk or the duly authorized deputy of the municipal clerk lives in.

The county clerk shall appoint all precinct committee persons in the county as deputy registrars who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the State county, except during the 27 days preceding an election.

The election authority shall appoint as deputy registrars a reasonable number of employees of the Secretary of State located at driver's license examination stations and designated to the election authority by the Secretary of State who may accept the registration of any qualified residents of the State county at any such driver's license examination stations. The appointment of employees of the Secretary of State as deputy registrars shall be made in the manner provided in Section 2-105 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

The county clerk shall appoint each of the following named persons as deputy registrars upon the written request of such persons:

1. The chief librarian, or a qualified person designated by the chief librarian, of any

public library situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State county, at such library.

2. The principal, or a qualified person designated by the principal, of any high school, elementary school, or vocational school situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State county, at such school. The county clerk shall notify every principal and vice-principal of each high school, elementary school, and vocational school situated within the election jurisdiction of their eligibility to serve as deputy registrars and offer training courses for service as deputy registrars at conveniently located facilities at least 4 months prior to every election.

3. The president, or a qualified person designated by the president, of any university, college, community college, academy or other institution of learning situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any resident of the State county, at such university, college, community college, academy or institution.

4. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide labor organization, or a reasonable number of qualified members designated by such official, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State county.

5. A duly elected or appointed official of a bonafide State civic organization, as defined and determined by rule of the State Board of Elections, or qualified members designated by such official, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the State county. In determining the number of deputy registrars that shall be appointed, the county clerk shall consider the population of the jurisdiction, the size of the organization, the geographic size of the jurisdiction, convenience for the public, the existing number of deputy registrars in the jurisdiction and their location, the registration activities of the organization and the need to appoint deputy registrars to assist and facilitate the registration of non-English speaking individuals. In no event shall a county clerk fix an arbitrary number applicable to every civic organization requesting appointment of its members as deputy registrars. The State Board of Elections shall by rule provide for certification of bonafide State civic organizations. Such appointments shall be made for a period not to exceed 2 years, terminating on the first business day of the month following the month of the general election, and shall be valid for all periods of voter registration as provided by this Code during the terms of such appointments.

6. The Director of the Illinois Department of Public Aid, or a reasonable number of employees designated by the Director and located at public aid offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the county at any such public aid office.

7. The Director of the Illinois Department of Employment Security, or a reasonable number of employees designated by the Director and located at unemployment offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the county at any such unemployment office.

8. The president of any corporation as defined by the Business Corporation Act of 1983, or a reasonable number of employees designated by such president, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State county.

If the request to be appointed as deputy registrar is denied, the county clerk shall, within 10 days after the date the request is submitted, provide the affected individual or organization with written notice setting forth the specific reasons or criteria relied upon to deny the request to be appointed as deputy registrar.

The county clerk may appoint as many additional deputy registrars as he considers necessary. The county clerk shall appoint such additional deputy registrars in such manner that the convenience of the public is served, giving due consideration to both population concentration and area. Some of the additional deputy registrars shall be selected so that there are an equal number from each of the 2 major political parties in the election jurisdiction. The county clerk, in appointing an additional deputy registrar, shall make the appointment from a list of applicants submitted by the Chairman of the County Central Committee of the applicant's political party. A Chairman of a County Central Committee shall submit a list of applicants to the county clerk by November 30 of each year. The county clerk may require a Chairman of a County Central Committee to furnish a supplemental list of applicants.

Deputy registrars may accept registrations at any time other than the 27 day period preceding an election. All persons appointed as deputy registrars shall be registered voters within the county and shall take and subscribe to the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of deputy registrar to the best of my ability and that I will register no person nor cause the registration of any person except upon his personal application before me.

.....
(Signature Deputy Registrar)"

This oath shall be administered by the county clerk, or by one of his deputies, or by any person qualified to take acknowledgement of deeds and shall immediately thereafter be filed with the county clerk.

Appointments of deputy registrars under this Section, except precinct committeemen, shall be for 2-year terms, commencing on December 1 following the general election of each even-numbered year; except that the terms of the initial appointments shall be until December 1st following the next general election. Appointments of precinct committeemen shall be for 2-year terms commencing on the date of the county convention following the general primary at which they were elected. The county clerk shall issue a certificate of appointment to each deputy registrar, and shall maintain in his office for public inspection a list of the names of all appointees.

(b) The county clerk shall be responsible for training all deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a), at times and locations reasonably convenient for both the county clerk and such appointees. The county clerk shall be responsible for certifying and supervising all deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a). Deputy registrars appointed under subsection (a) shall be subject to removal for cause.

(c) Completed registration materials under the control of deputy registrars, appointed pursuant to subsection (a), shall be returned to the appointing proper election authority within 7 days, except that completed registration materials received by the deputy registrars during the period between the 35th and 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the deputy registrars to the appointing proper election authority within 48 hours after receipt thereof. The completed registration materials received by the deputy registrars on the 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the deputy registrars within 24 hours after receipt thereof. Unused materials shall be returned by deputy registrars appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 of subsection (a), not later than the next working day following the close of registration.

(d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must provide any additional forms requested by any deputy registrar regardless of the number of unaccounted registration forms the deputy registrar may have in his or her possession.

(e) No deputy registrar shall engage in any electioneering or the promotion of any cause during the performance of his or her duties.

(f) The county clerk shall not be criminally or civilly liable for the acts or omissions of any deputy registrar. Such deputy registrars shall not be deemed to be employees of the county clerk.

(g) Completed registration materials returned by deputy registrars for persons residing outside the county shall be transmitted by the county clerk within 2 days after receipt to the election authority of the person's election jurisdiction of residence.

(Source: P.A. 92-816, eff. 8-21-02; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/4-16) (from Ch. 46, par. 4-16)

Sec. 4-16. Any registered voter who changes his residence from one address to another within the same county wherein this Article is in effect, may have his registration transferred to his new address by making and signing an application for change of residence address upon a form to be provided by the county clerk. Such application must be made to the office of the county clerk and may be made either in person or by mail. In case the person is unable to sign his name, the county clerk shall require him to execute the application in the presence of the county clerk or of his properly authorized representative, by his mark, and if satisfied of the identity of the person, the county clerk shall make the transfer.

Upon receipt of the application, the county clerk, or one of his employees deputized to take registrations shall cause the signature of the voter and the data appearing upon the application to be compared with the signature and data on the registration record card, and if it appears that the applicant is the same person as the person previously registered under that name the transfer shall be made.

No transfers of registration under the provisions of this Section shall be made during the 27 days preceding any election at which such voter would be entitled to vote. When a removal of a registered voter takes place from one address to another within the same precinct within a period during which a transfer of registration cannot be made before any election or primary, he shall be entitled to vote upon presenting the judges of election his affidavit substantially in the form prescribed in Section 17-10 of this Act of a change of residence address within the precinct on a date therein specified.

The county clerk may obtain information from utility companies, city, village, incorporated town and township records, the post office, or from other sources, regarding the removal of registered voters, and may treat such information, and information procured from his death and marriage records on file in his office, as an application to erase from the register any name concerning which he may so have information that the voter is no longer qualified to vote under the name, or from the address from which registered, and

give notice thereof in the manner provided by Section 4--12 of this Article, and notify voters who have changed their address that a transfer of registration may be made in the manner provided in this Section enclosing a form therefor.

If any person be registered by error in a precinct other than that in which he resides, the county clerk may transfer his registration to the proper precinct, and if the error is or may be on the part of the registration officials, and is disclosed too late before an election or primary to mail the certificate required by Section 4--15, such certificate may be personally delivered to the voter and he may vote thereon as therein provided, but such certificates so issued shall be specially listed with the reason for the issuance thereof.

Where a revision or rearrangement of precincts is made by the county board, the county clerk shall immediately transfer to the proper precinct the registration of any voter affected by such revision or rearrangement of the precinct; make the proper notations on the registration cards of a voter affected by the revision or rearrangement and shall issue revised certificates to each registrant of such change.

Any registered voter who changes his or her name by marriage or otherwise shall be required to register anew and authorize the cancellation of the previous registration; but if the voter still resides in the same precinct ~~and if the change of name takes place within a period during which a transfer of registration cannot be made, preceding any election or primary,~~ the elector may, if otherwise qualified, vote upon making an affidavit at the polling place attesting that the voter is the same person who is registered to vote under his or her former name. The affidavit shall be treated by the election authority as authorization to cancel the registration under the former name, and the election authority shall register the person under his or her current name, substantially in the form prescribed in Section 17-10 of this Act.

The precinct election officials shall report to the county clerk the names and addresses of all persons who have changed their addresses and voted, which shall be treated as an application to change address accordingly, and the names and addresses of all persons otherwise voting by affidavit as in this Section provided, which shall be treated as an application to erase under Section 4--12 hereof.

(Source: P.A. 92-816, eff. 8-21-02.)

(10 ILCS 5/4-105 new)

Sec. 4-105. First time voting. If a person registered to vote by mail, the person must vote for the first time in person and not by an absentee ballot, except that the person may vote by absentee ballot in person if the person first provides the appropriate election authority with sufficient proof of identity by the person's driver's license number or State identification card number or, if the person does not have either of those, by the last 4 digits of the person's social security number, a copy of a current and valid photo identification, or a copy of any of the following current documents that show the person's name and address: utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document.

(10 ILCS 5/5-16.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 5-16.2)

Sec. 5-16.2. (a) The county clerk shall appoint all municipal and township clerks or their duly authorized deputies as deputy registrars who may accept the registration of all qualified residents of the State ~~their respective counties.~~ ~~A deputy registrar serving as such by virtue of his status as a municipal clerk, or a duly authorized deputy of a municipal clerk, of a municipality the territory of which lies in more than one county may accept the registration of any qualified resident of any county in which the municipality is located, regardless of which county the resident, municipal clerk or the duly authorized deputy of the municipal clerk lives in.~~

The county clerk shall appoint all precinct committeepersons in the county as deputy registrars who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the State ~~county~~, except during the 27 days preceding an election.

The election authority shall appoint as deputy registrars a reasonable number of employees of the Secretary of State located at driver's license examination stations and designated to the election authority by the Secretary of State who may accept the registration of any qualified residents of the State ~~county~~ at any such driver's license examination stations. The appointment of employees of the Secretary of State as deputy registrars shall be made in the manner provided in Section 2-105 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

The county clerk shall appoint each of the following named persons as deputy registrars upon the written request of such persons:

1. The chief librarian, or a qualified person designated by the chief librarian, of any public library situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State ~~county~~, at such library.
2. The principal, or a qualified person designated by the principal, of any high school, elementary school, or vocational school situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any resident of the State ~~county~~, at such school. The county clerk shall notify every

principal and vice-principal of each high school, elementary school, and vocational school situated within the election jurisdiction of their eligibility to serve as deputy registrars and offer training courses for service as deputy registrars at conveniently located facilities at least 4 months prior to every election.

3. The president, or a qualified person designated by the president, of any university, college, community college, academy or other institution of learning situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any resident of the State county, at such university, college, community college, academy or institution.

4. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide labor organization, or a reasonable number of qualified members designated by such official, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State county.

5. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide State civic organization, as defined and determined by rule of the State Board of Elections, or qualified members designated by such official, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the State county. In determining the number of deputy registrars that shall be appointed, the county clerk shall consider the population of the jurisdiction, the size of the organization, the geographic size of the jurisdiction, convenience for the public, the existing number of deputy registrars in the jurisdiction and their location, the registration activities of the organization and the need to appoint deputy registrars to assist and facilitate the registration of non-English speaking individuals. In no event shall a county clerk fix an arbitrary number applicable to every civic organization requesting appointment of its members as deputy registrars. The State Board of Elections shall by rule provide for certification of bona fide State civic organizations. Such appointments shall be made for a period not to exceed 2 years, terminating on the first business day of the month following the month of the general election, and shall be valid for all periods of voter registration as provided by this Code during the terms of such appointments.

6. The Director of the Illinois Department of Public Aid, or a reasonable number of employees designated by the Director and located at public aid offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the county at any such public aid office.

7. The Director of the Illinois Department of Employment Security, or a reasonable number of employees designated by the Director and located at unemployment offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the county at any such unemployment office.

8. The president of any corporation as defined by the Business Corporation Act of 1983, or a reasonable number of employees designated by such president, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State county.

If the request to be appointed as deputy registrar is denied, the county clerk shall, within 10 days after the date the request is submitted, provide the affected individual or organization with written notice setting forth the specific reasons or criteria relied upon to deny the request to be appointed as deputy registrar.

The county clerk may appoint as many additional deputy registrars as he considers necessary. The county clerk shall appoint such additional deputy registrars in such manner that the convenience of the public is served, giving due consideration to both population concentration and area. Some of the additional deputy registrars shall be selected so that there are an equal number from each of the 2 major political parties in the election jurisdiction. The county clerk, in appointing an additional deputy registrar, shall make the appointment from a list of applicants submitted by the Chairman of the County Central Committee of the applicant's political party. A Chairman of a County Central Committee shall submit a list of applicants to the county clerk by November 30 of each year. The county clerk may require a Chairman of a County Central Committee to furnish a supplemental list of applicants.

Deputy registrars may accept registrations at any time other than the 27 day period preceding an election. All persons appointed as deputy registrars shall be registered voters within the county and shall take and subscribe to the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of deputy registrar to the best of my ability and that I will register no person nor cause the registration of any person except upon his personal application before me.

.....
 (Signature of Deputy Registrar)"

This oath shall be administered by the county clerk, or by one of his deputies, or by any person qualified to take acknowledgement of deeds and shall immediately thereafter be filed with the county clerk.

Appointments of deputy registrars under this Section, except precinct committeemen, shall be for 2-year terms, commencing on December 1 following the general election of each even-numbered year, except that

the terms of the initial appointments shall be until December 1st following the next general election. Appointments of precinct committeemen shall be for 2-year terms commencing on the date of the county convention following the general primary at which they were elected. The county clerk shall issue a certificate of appointment to each deputy registrar, and shall maintain in his office for public inspection a list of the names of all appointees.

(b) The county clerk shall be responsible for training all deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a), at times and locations reasonably convenient for both the county clerk and such appointees. The county clerk shall be responsible for certifying and supervising all deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a). Deputy registrars appointed under subsection (a) shall be subject to removal for cause.

(c) Completed registration materials under the control of deputy registrars, appointed pursuant to subsection (a), shall be returned to the ~~appointing proper~~ election authority within 7 days, except that completed registration materials received by the deputy registrars during the period between the 35th and 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the deputy registrars to the ~~appointing proper~~ election authority within 48 hours after receipt thereof. The completed registration materials received by the deputy registrars on the 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the deputy registrars within 24 hours after receipt thereof. Unused materials shall be returned by deputy registrars appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 of subsection (a), not later than the next working day following the close of registration.

(d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must provide any additional forms requested by any deputy registrar regardless of the number of unaccounted registration forms the deputy registrar may have in his or her possession.

(e) No deputy registrar shall engage in any electioneering or the promotion of any cause during the performance of his or her duties.

(f) The county clerk shall not be criminally or civilly liable for the acts or omissions of any deputy registrar. Such deputy registers shall not be deemed to be employees of the county clerk.

(g) Completed registration materials returned by deputy registrars for persons residing outside the county shall be transmitted by the county clerk within 2 days after receipt to the election authority of the person's election jurisdiction of residence.

(Source: P.A. 92-816, eff. 8-21-02; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/5-23) (from Ch. 46, par. 5-23)

Sec. 5-23. Any registered voter who changes his residence from one address, number or place to another within the same county wherein this article 5 is in effect, may have his registration transferred to his new address by making and signing an application for such change of residence upon a form to be provided by the county clerk. Such application must be made to the office of the county clerk. In case the person is unable to sign his name the county clerk shall require such person to execute the request in the presence of the county clerk or of his properly authorized representative, by his mark, and if satisfied of the identity of the person, the county clerk shall make the transfer.

Upon receipt of such application, the county clerk, or one of his employees deputized to take registrations shall cause the signature of the voter and the data appearing upon the application to be compared with the signature and data on the registration record, and if it appears that the applicant is the same person as the party previously registered under that name the transfer shall be made.

Transfer of registration under the provisions of this section may not be made within the period when the county clerk's office is closed to registration prior to an election at which such voter would be entitled to vote.

Any registered voter who changes his or her name by marriage or otherwise, shall be required to register anew and authorize the cancellation of the previous registration; provided, however, that if the change of name takes place within a period during which such new registration cannot be made, next preceding any election or primary, the elector may, if otherwise qualified, vote upon making the following affidavit before the judges of election:

I do solemnly swear that I am the same person now registered in the precinct of the ward of the city of or District Town of under the name of and that I still reside in said precinct or district.

(Signed)

If the voter whose name has changed still resides in the same precinct, the voter may vote after making the affidavit at the polling place regardless of when the change of name occurred. In that event, the affidavit shall not state that the voter is required to register; the affidavit shall be treated by the election authority as authorization to cancel the registration under the former name, and the election authority shall register the voter under his or her current name.

~~When a removal of a registered voter takes place from one address to another within the same precinct~~

~~within a period during which such transfer of registration cannot be made, before any election or primary, he shall be entitled to vote upon presenting to the judges of election an affidavit of a change and having said affidavit supported by the affidavit of a qualified voter of the same precinct.~~

Suitable forms for this purpose shall be provided by the county clerk. The form in all cases shall be similar to the form furnished by the county clerk for county and state elections.

The precinct election officials shall report to the county clerk the names and addresses of all such persons who have changed their addresses and voted. The city, village, town and incorporated town clerks shall within five days after every election report to the county clerk the names and addresses of the persons reported to them as having voted by affidavit as in this section provided.

The county clerk may obtain information from utility companies, city, village, town and incorporated town records, the post office or from other sources regarding the removal of registered voters and notify such voters that a transfer of registration may be made in the manner provided by this section.

If any person be registered by error in a precinct other than that in which he resides the county clerk shall be empowered to transfer his registration to the proper precinct.

Where a revision or rearrangement of precincts is made by the board of county commissioners, the county clerk shall immediately transfer to the proper precinct the registration of any voter affected by such revision or rearrangement of the precincts; make the proper notations on the registration cards of a voter affected by the revision of registration and shall notify the registrant of such change.

(Source: P.A. 80-1469.)

(10 ILCS 5/5-105 new)

Sec. 5-105. First time voting. If a person registered to vote by mail, the person must vote for the first time in person and not by an absentee ballot, except that the person may vote by absentee ballot in person if the person first provides the appropriate election authority with sufficient proof of identity by the person's driver's license number or State identification card number or, if the person does not have either of those, by the last 4 digits of the person's social security number, a copy of a current and valid photo identification, or a copy of any of the following current documents that show the person's name and address: utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document.

(10 ILCS 5/6-50.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 6-50.2)

Sec. 6-50.2. (a) The board of election commissioners shall appoint all precinct committee persons in the election jurisdiction as deputy registrars who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the State election jurisdiction, except during the 27 days preceding an election.

The election authority shall appoint as deputy registrars a reasonable number of employees of the Secretary of State located at driver's license examination stations and designated to the election authority by the Secretary of State who may accept the registration of any qualified residents of the State county at any such driver's license examination stations. The appointment of employees of the Secretary of State as deputy registrars shall be made in the manner provided in Section 2-105 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

The board of election commissioners shall appoint each of the following named persons as deputy registrars upon the written request of such persons:

1. The chief librarian, or a qualified person designated by the chief librarian, of any public library situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State election jurisdiction, at such library.

2. The principal, or a qualified person designated by the principal, of any high school, elementary school, or vocational school situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any resident of the State election jurisdiction, at such school. The board of election commissioners shall notify every principal and vice-principal of each high school, elementary school, and vocational school situated in the election jurisdiction of their eligibility to serve as deputy registrars and offer training courses for service as deputy registrars at conveniently located facilities at least 4 months prior to every election.

3. The president, or a qualified person designated by the president, of any university, college, community college, academy or other institution of learning situated within the State election jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any resident of the election jurisdiction, at such university, college, community college, academy or institution.

4. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide labor organization, or a reasonable number of qualified members designated by such official, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the State election jurisdiction.

5. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide State civic organization, as defined and determined by rule of the State Board of Elections, or qualified members designated by such

official, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the ~~State election jurisdiction~~. In determining the number of deputy registrars that shall be appointed, the board of election commissioners shall consider the population of the jurisdiction, the size of the organization, the geographic size of the jurisdiction, convenience for the public, the existing number of deputy registrars in the jurisdiction and their location, the registration activities of the organization and the need to appoint deputy registrars to assist and facilitate the registration of non-English speaking individuals. In no event shall a board of election commissioners fix an arbitrary number applicable to every civic organization requesting appointment of its members as deputy registrars. The State Board of Elections shall by rule provide for certification of bona fide State civic organizations. Such appointments shall be made for a period not to exceed 2 years, terminating on the first business day of the month following the month of the general election, and shall be valid for all periods of voter registration as provided by this Code during the terms of such appointments.

6. The Director of the Illinois Department of Public Aid, or a reasonable number of employees designated by the Director and located at public aid offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the election jurisdiction at any such public aid office.

7. The Director of the Illinois Department of Employment Security, or a reasonable number of employees designated by the Director and located at unemployment offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified resident of the election jurisdiction at any such unemployment office. If the request to be appointed as deputy registrar is denied, the board of election commissioners shall, within 10 days after the date the request is submitted, provide the affected individual or organization with written notice setting forth the specific reasons or criteria relied upon to deny the request to be appointed as deputy registrar.

8. The president of any corporation, as defined by the Business Corporation Act of 1983, or a reasonable number of employees designated by such president, who may accept the registrations of any qualified resident of the ~~State election jurisdiction~~.

The board of election commissioners may appoint as many additional deputy registrars as it considers necessary. The board of election commissioners shall appoint such additional deputy registrars in such manner that the convenience of the public is served, giving due consideration to both population concentration and area. Some of the additional deputy registrars shall be selected so that there are an equal number from each of the 2 major political parties in the election jurisdiction. The board of election commissioners, in appointing an additional deputy registrar, shall make the appointment from a list of applicants submitted by the Chairman of the County Central Committee of the applicant's political party. A Chairman of a County Central Committee shall submit a list of applicants to the board by November 30 of each year. The board may require a Chairman of a County Central Committee to furnish a supplemental list of applicants.

Deputy registrars may accept registrations at any time other than the 27 day period preceding an election. All persons appointed as deputy registrars shall be registered voters within the election jurisdiction and shall take and subscribe to the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of registration officer to the best of my ability and that I will register no person nor cause the registration of any person except upon his personal application before me.

.....
(Signature of Registration Officer)"

This oath shall be administered and certified to by one of the commissioners or by the executive director or by some person designated by the board of election commissioners, and shall immediately thereafter be filed with the board of election commissioners. The members of the board of election commissioners and all persons authorized by them under the provisions of this Article to take registrations, after themselves taking and subscribing to the above oath, are authorized to take or administer such oaths and execute such affidavits as are required by this Article.

Appointments of deputy registrars under this Section, except precinct committeemen, shall be for 2-year terms, commencing on December 1 following the general election of each even-numbered year, except that the terms of the initial appointments shall be until December 1st following the next general election. Appointments of precinct committeemen shall be for 2-year terms commencing on the date of the county convention following the general primary at which they were elected. The county clerk shall issue a certificate of appointment to each deputy registrar, and shall maintain in his office for public inspection a list of the names of all appointees.

(b) The board of election commissioners shall be responsible for training all deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a), at times and locations reasonably convenient for both the board of election commissioners and such appointees. The board of election commissioners shall be responsible for certifying and supervising all deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a). Deputy registrars appointed under subsection (a) shall be subject to removal for cause.

(c) Completed registration materials under the control of deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a) shall be returned to the appointing proper election authority within 7 days, except that completed registration materials received by the deputy registrars during the period between the 35th and 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the deputy registrars to the appointing proper election authority within 48 hours after receipt thereof. The completed registration materials received by the deputy registrars on the 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the deputy registrars within 24 hours after receipt thereof. Unused materials shall be returned by deputy registrars appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 of subsection (a), not later than the next working day following the close of registration.

(d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must provide any additional forms requested by any deputy registrar regardless of the number of unaccounted registration forms the deputy registrar may have in his or her possession.

(e) No deputy registrar shall engage in any electioneering or the promotion of any cause during the performance of his or her duties.

(f) The board of election commissioners shall not be criminally or civilly liable for the acts or omissions of any deputy registrar. Such deputy registrars shall not be deemed to be employees of the board of election commissioners.

(g) Completed registration materials returned by deputy registrars for persons residing outside the election jurisdiction shall be transmitted by the board of election commissioners within 2 days after receipt to the election authority of the person's election jurisdiction of residence.

(Source: P.A. 92-816, eff. 8-21-02; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/6-54) (from Ch. 46, par. 6-54)

Sec. 6-54. Any registered voter who changes his or her name by marriage or otherwise, shall be required to register anew and authorize the cancellation of the previous registration; provided, however, that if the change of name takes place within a period during which such new registration cannot be made, next preceding any election or primary, the elector may, if otherwise qualified, vote upon making the following affidavit before the judges of election:

"I do solemnly swear that I am the same person now registered in the precinct of the ward, under the name of and that I still reside in said precinct.

(Signed)...."

If the voter whose name has changed still resides in the same precinct, the voter may vote after making the affidavit at the polling place regardless of when the change of name occurred. In that event, the affidavit shall not state that the voter is required to register; the affidavit shall be treated by the election authority as authorization to cancel the registration under the former name, and the election authority shall register the voter under his or her current name.

(Source: Laws 1943, vol. 2, p. 1.)

(10 ILCS 5/6-105 new)

Sec. 6-105. First time voting. If a person registered to vote by mail, the person must vote for the first time in person and not by an absentee ballot, except that the person may vote by absentee ballot in person if the person first provides the appropriate election authority with sufficient proof of identity by the person's driver's license number or State identification card number or, if the person does not have either of those, by the last 4 digits of the person's social security number, a copy of a current and valid photo identification, or a copy of any of the following current documents that show the person's name and address: utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check, or other government document.

(10 ILCS 5/7-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-7)

Sec. 7-7. For the purpose of making nominations in certain instances as provided in this Article and this Act, the following committees are authorized and shall constitute the central or managing committees of each political party, viz: A State central committee, whose responsibilities include, but are not limited to, filling by appointment vacancies in nomination for statewide offices, including but not limited to the office of United States Senator, a congressional committee for each congressional district, a county central committee for each county, a municipal central committee for each city, incorporated town or village, a ward committeeman for each ward in cities containing a population of 500,000 or more; a township committeeman for each township or part of a township that lies outside of cities having a population of

200,000 or more, in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or more; a precinct committeeman for each precinct in counties having a population of less than 2,000,000; a county board district committee for each county board district created under Division 2-3 of the Counties Code; a State's Attorney committee for each group of 2 or more counties which jointly elect a State's Attorney; a Superintendent of Multi-County Educational Service Region committee for each group of 2 or more counties which jointly elect a Superintendent of a Multi-County Educational Service Region; a judicial subcircuit committee in a judicial circuit divided into subcircuits for each judicial subcircuit in that circuit; and a board of review election district committee for each Cook County Board of Review election district.

(Source: P.A. 93-541, eff. 8-18-03; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; revised 9-22-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-8)

Sec. 7-8. The State central committee shall be composed of one or two members from each congressional district in the State and shall be elected as follows:

State Central Committee

(a) Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1983 the State central committee of each political party shall certify to the State Board of Elections which of the following alternatives it wishes to apply to the State central committee of that party.

Alternative A. At the primary held on the third Tuesday in March 1970, and at the primary held every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector may vote for one candidate of his party for member of the State central committee for the congressional district in which he resides. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected State central committeeman from the district. A political party may, in lieu of the foregoing, by a majority vote of delegates at any State convention of such party, determine to thereafter elect the State central committeemen in the manner following:

At the county convention held by such political party State central committeemen shall be elected in the same manner as provided in this Article for the election of officers of the county central committee, and such election shall follow the election of officers of the county central committee. Each elected ward, township or precinct committeeman shall cast as his vote one vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of his political party. In the case of a county lying partially within one congressional district and partially within another congressional district, each ward, township or precinct committeeman shall vote only with respect to the congressional district in which his ward, township, part of a township or precinct is located. In the case of a congressional district which encompasses more than one county, each ward, township or precinct committeeman residing within the congressional district shall cast as his vote one vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of his political party for one candidate of his party for member of the State central committee for the congressional district in which he resides and the Chairman of the county central committee shall report the results of the election to the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall certify the candidate receiving the highest number of votes elected State central committeeman for that congressional district.

The State central committee shall adopt rules to provide for and govern the procedures to be followed in the election of members of the State central committee.

After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of Chairman of a State central committee, or at the end of the term of office of Chairman, the State central committee of each political party that has selected Alternative A shall elect a Chairman who shall not be required to be a member of the State Central Committee. The Chairman shall be a registered voter in this State and of the same political party as the State central committee.

Alternative B. Each congressional committee shall, within 30 days after the adoption of this alternative, appoint a person of the sex opposite that of the incumbent member for that congressional district to serve as an additional member of the State central committee until his or her successor is elected at the general primary election in 1986. Each congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section. In each congressional district at the general primary election held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, the male candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's male candidates for State central committeeman, and the female candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's female candidates for State central committeewoman, shall be declared elected State central committeeman and State central committeewoman from the district. At the general primary election held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, if all a party's candidates for State central committeemen or State central committeewomen from a congressional district are of the same sex, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected a State central committeeman or State central committeewoman from the district, and, because of a failure to elect one male and one female to the

committee, a vacancy shall be declared to exist in the office of the second member of the State central committee from the district. This vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the congressional committee of the political party, and the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the congressional district and of the sex opposite that of the committeeman or committeewoman elected at the general primary election. Each congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section.

The Chairman of a State central committee composed as provided in this Alternative B must be selected from the committee's members.

Except as provided for in Alternative A with respect to the selection of the Chairman of the State central committee, under both of the foregoing alternatives, the State central committee of each political party shall be composed of members elected or appointed from the several congressional districts of the State, and of no other person or persons whomsoever. The members of the State central committee shall, within ~~41~~ 30 days after each quadrennial election of the full committee, meet in the city of Springfield and organize by electing a chairman, and may at such time elect such officers from among their own number (or otherwise), as they may deem necessary or expedient. The outgoing chairman of the State central committee of the party shall, 10 days before the meeting, notify each member of the State central committee elected at the primary of the time and place of such meeting. In the organization and proceedings of the State central committee, each State central committeeman and State central committeewoman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his or her congressional district by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the State central committee. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the State central committee of any political party, the vacancy shall be filled by appointment of the chairmen of the county central committees of the political party of the counties located within the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs and, if applicable, the ward and township committeemen of the political party in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants located within the congressional district. If the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs lies wholly within a county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the ward and township committeemen of the political party in that congressional district shall vote to fill the vacancy. In voting to fill the vacancy, each chairman of a county central committee and each ward and township committeeman in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each precinct of the congressional district in which the vacancy exists of his or her county, township, or ward cast by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting to fill the vacancy in the State central committee. The person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs, shall be a qualified voter, and, in a committee composed as provided in Alternative B, shall be of the same sex as his or her predecessor. A political party may, by a majority vote of the delegates of any State convention of such party, determine to return to the election of State central committeeman and State central committeewoman by the vote of primary electors. Any action taken by a political party at a State convention in accordance with this Section shall be reported to the State Board of Elections by the chairman and secretary of such convention within 10 days after such action.

Ward, Township and Precinct Committeemen

(b) At the primary held on the third Tuesday in March, 1972, and every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in cities having a population of 200,000 or over may vote for one candidate of his party in his ward for ward committeeman. Each candidate for ward committeeman must be a resident of and in the ward where he seeks to be elected ward committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such ward committeeman of such party for such ward. At the primary election held on the third Tuesday in March, 1970, and every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more, outside of cities containing a population of 200,000 or more, may vote for one candidate of his party for township committeeman. Each candidate for township committeeman must be a resident of and in the township or part of a township (which lies outside of a city having a population of 200,000 or more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks to be elected township committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such township committeeman of such party for such township or part of a township. At the primary held on the third Tuesday in March, 1970 and every 2 years thereafter, each primary elector, except in counties having a population of 2,000,000 or over, may vote for one candidate of his party in his precinct for precinct committeeman. Each candidate for precinct committeeman must be a bona fide resident of the precinct where he seeks to be elected precinct committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall be such precinct committeeman of such party for such precinct. The official returns of the primary shall show the name of the committeeman of each political party.

Terms of Committeemen. All precinct committeemen elected under the provisions of this Article shall continue as such committeemen until the date of the primary to be held in the second year after their election. Except as otherwise provided in this Section for certain State central committeemen who have 2 year terms, all State central committeemen, township committeemen and ward committeemen shall continue as such committeemen until the date of primary to be held in the fourth year after their election. However, a vacancy exists in the office of precinct committeeman when a precinct committeeman ceases to reside in the precinct in which he was elected and such precinct committeeman shall thereafter neither have nor exercise any rights, powers or duties as committeeman in that precinct, even if a successor has not been elected or appointed.

(c) The Multi-Township Central Committee shall consist of the precinct committeemen of such party, in the multi-township assessing district formed pursuant to Section 2-10 of the Property Tax Code and shall be organized for the purposes set forth in Section 45-25 of the Township Code. In the organization and proceedings of the Multi-Township Central Committee each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected.

County Central Committee

(d) The county central committee of each political party in each county shall consist of the various township committeemen, precinct committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of such party in the county. In the organization and proceedings of the county central committee, each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected; each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the county central committee; and in the organization and proceedings of the county central committee, each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his ward by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the county central committee.

Cook County Board of Review Election District Committee

(d-1) Each board of review election district committee of each political party in Cook County shall consist of the various township committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of that party in the portions of the county composing the board of review election district. In the organization and proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his or her township or part of a township, as the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the board of review election district committee; and in the organization and proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees, each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his or her ward or part of that ward, as the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the board of review election district committee.

Congressional Committee

(e) The congressional committee of each party in each congressional district shall be composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties composing the congressional district, except that in congressional districts wholly within the territorial limits of one county, or partly within 2 or more counties, but not coterminous with the county lines of all of such counties, the precinct committeemen, township committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of the party representing the precincts within the limits of the congressional district, shall compose the congressional committee. A State central committeeman in each district shall be a member and the chairman or, when a district has 2 State central committeemen, a co-chairman of the congressional committee, but shall not have the right to vote except in case of a tie.

In the organization and proceedings of congressional committees composed of precinct committeemen or township committeemen or ward committeemen, or any combination thereof, each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional committee, and each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each precinct of his ward located in such congressional district by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional committee; and in the organization and proceedings of congressional committees composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such

county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional committee.

Judicial District Committee

(f) The judicial district committee of each political party in each judicial district shall be composed of the chairman of the county central committees of the counties composing the judicial district.

In the organization and proceedings of judicial district committees composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial district committee.

Circuit Court Committee

(g) The circuit court committee of each political party in each judicial circuit outside Cook County shall be composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties composing the judicial circuit.

In the organization and proceedings of circuit court committees, each chairman of a county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the circuit court committee.

Judicial Subcircuit Committee

(g-1) The judicial subcircuit committee of each political party in each judicial subcircuit in a judicial circuit divided into subcircuits shall be composed of (i) the ward and township committeemen of the townships and wards composing the judicial subcircuit in Cook County and (ii) the precinct committeemen of the precincts composing the judicial subcircuit in any county other than Cook County.

In the organization and proceedings of each judicial subcircuit committee, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a township, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee; each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct or part of a precinct, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee; and each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his ward or part of a ward, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee.

Municipal Central Committee

(h) The municipal central committee of each political party shall be composed of the precinct, township or ward committeemen, as the case may be, of such party representing the precincts or wards, embraced in such city, incorporated town or village. The voting strength of each precinct, township or ward committeeman on the municipal central committee shall be the same as his voting strength on the county central committee.

For political parties, other than a statewide political party, established only within a municipality or township, the municipal or township managing committee shall be composed of the party officers of the local established party. The party officers of a local established party shall be as follows: the chairman and secretary of the caucus for those municipalities and townships authorized by statute to nominate candidates by caucus shall serve as party officers for the purpose of filling vacancies in nomination under Section 7-61; for municipalities and townships authorized by statute or ordinance to nominate candidates by petition and primary election, the party officers shall be the party's candidates who are nominated at the primary. If no party primary was held because of the provisions of Section 7-5, vacancies in nomination shall be filled by the party's remaining candidates who shall serve as the party's officers.

Powers

(i) Each committee and its officers shall have the powers usually exercised by such committees and by the officers thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article. The several committees herein provided for shall not have power to delegate any of their powers, or functions to any other person, officer or committee, but this shall not be construed to prevent a committee from appointing from its own membership proper and necessary subcommittees.

(j) The State central committee of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section shall adopt a plan to give effect to the delegate selection rules of the national political party and file a copy of such plan with the State Board of Elections when approved by a national political party.

(k) For the purpose of the designation of a proxy by a Congressional Committee to vote in place of an absent State central committeeman or committeewoman at meetings of the State central committee of a

political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section, the proxy shall be appointed by the vote of the ward and township committeemen, if any, of the wards and townships which lie entirely or partially within the Congressional District from which the absent State central committeeman or committeewoman was elected and the vote of the chairmen of the county central committees of those counties which lie entirely or partially within that Congressional District and in which there are no ward or township committeemen. When voting for such proxy the county chairman, ward committeeman or township committeeman, as the case may be shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county, ward or township, or portion thereof within the Congressional District, by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected. However, the absent State central committeeman or committeewoman may designate a proxy when permitted by the rules of a political party which elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person is ineligible to hold the position of committeeperson in any committee established pursuant to this Section if he or she is statutorily ineligible to vote in a general election because of conviction of a felony. When a committeeperson is convicted of a felony, the position occupied by that committeeperson shall automatically become vacant.

(Source: P.A. 93-541, eff. 8-18-03; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-10)

Sec. 7-10. Form of petition for nomination. The name of no candidate for nomination, or State central committeeman, or township committeeman, or precinct committeeman, or ward committeeman or candidate for delegate or alternate delegate to national nominating conventions, shall be printed upon the primary ballot unless a petition for nomination has been filed in his behalf as provided in this Article in substantially the following form:

We, the undersigned, members of and affiliated with the party and qualified primary electors of the party, in the of, in the county of and State of Illinois, do hereby petition that the following named person or persons shall be a candidate or candidates of the party for the nomination for (or in case of committeemen for election to) the office or offices hereinafter specified, to be voted for at the primary election to be held on (insert date).

Name	Office	Address
John Jones	Governor	Belvidere, Ill.
Thomas Smith	Attorney General	Oakland, Ill.

Name..... Address.....

State of Illinois)

) ss.

County of.....)

I,, do hereby certify that I reside at No. street, in the of, county of, and State of, that I am 18 years of age or older, that I am a citizen of the United States, and that the signatures on this sheet were signed in my presence, and are genuine, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing the petitions qualified voters of the party, and that their respective residences are correctly stated, as above set forth.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).

Each sheet of the petition other than the statement of candidacy and candidate's statement shall be of uniform size and shall contain above the space for signatures an appropriate heading giving the information as to name of candidate or candidates, in whose behalf such petition is signed; the office, the political party represented and place of residence; and the heading of each sheet shall be the same.

Such petition shall be signed by qualified primary electors residing in the political division for which the nomination is sought in their own proper persons only and opposite the signature of each signer, his residence address shall be written or printed. The residence address required to be written or printed opposite each qualified primary elector's name shall include the street address or rural route number of the signer, as the case may be, as well as the signer's county, and city, village or town, and state. However the county or city, village or town, and state of residence of the electors may be printed on the petition forms where all of the electors signing the petition reside in the same county or city, village or town, and state. Standard abbreviations may be used in writing the residence address, including street number, if any. At the

bottom of each sheet of such petition shall be added a circulator statement signed by a person 18 years of age or older who is a citizen of the United States, stating the street address or rural route number, as the case may be, as well as the county, city, village or town, and state; and certifying that the signatures on that sheet of the petition were signed in his or her presence and certifying that the signatures are genuine; and either (1) indicating the dates on which that sheet was circulated, or (2) indicating the first and last dates on which the sheet was circulated, or (3) certifying that none of the signatures on the sheet were signed more than 90 days preceding the last day for the filing of the petition and certifying that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing the petitions qualified voters of the political party for which a nomination is sought. Such statement shall be sworn to before some officer authorized to administer oaths in this State.

No petition sheet shall be circulated more than 90 days preceding the last day provided in Section 7-12 for the filing of such petition.

The person circulating the petition, or the candidate on whose behalf the petition is circulated, may strike any signature from the petition, provided that:

(1) the person striking the signature shall initial the petition at the place where the signature is struck; and

(2) the person striking the signature shall sign a certification listing the page number and line number of each signature struck from the petition. Such certification shall be filed as a part of the petition.

Such sheets before being filed shall be neatly fastened together in book form, by placing the sheets in a pile and fastening them together at one edge in a secure and suitable manner, and the sheets shall then be numbered consecutively. The sheets shall not be fastened by pasting them together end to end, so as to form a continuous strip or roll. All petition sheets which are filed with the proper local election officials, election authorities or the State Board of Elections shall be the original sheets which have been signed by the voters and by the circulator thereof, and not photocopies or duplicates of such sheets. Each petition must include as a part thereof, a statement of candidacy for each of the candidates filing, or in whose behalf the petition is filed. This statement shall set out the address of such candidate, the office for which he is a candidate, shall state that the candidate is a qualified primary voter of the party to which the petition relates and is qualified for the office specified (in the case of a candidate for State's Attorney it shall state that the candidate is at the time of filing such statement a licensed attorney-at-law of this State), shall state that he has filed (or will file before the close of the petition filing period) a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act, shall request that the candidate's name be placed upon the official ballot, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by such candidate before some officer authorized to take acknowledgment of deeds in the State and shall be in substantially the following form:

Statement of Candidacy

Name	Address	Office	District	Party
John Jones	102 Main St. Belvidere, Illinois	Governor	Statewide	Republican

State of Illinois)

) ss.

County of

I,, being first duly sworn, say that I reside at Street in the city (or village) of, in the county of, State of Illinois; that I am a qualified voter therein and am a qualified primary voter of the party; that I am a candidate for nomination (for election in the case of committeeman and delegates and alternate delegates) to the office of to be voted upon at the primary election to be held on (insert date); that I am legally qualified (including being the holder of any license that may be an eligibility requirement for the office I seek the nomination for) to hold such office and that I have filed (or I will file before the close of the petition filing period) a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official primary ballot for nomination for (or election to in the case of committeemen and delegates and alternate delegates) such office.

Signed

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by, who is to me personally known, on (insert date).

Signed

(Official Character)

(Seal, if officer has one.)

The petitions, when filed, shall not be withdrawn or added to, and no signatures shall be revoked except

by revocation filed in writing with the State Board of Elections, election authority or local election official with whom the petition is required to be filed, and before the filing of such petition. Whoever forges the name of a signer upon any petition required by this Article is deemed guilty of a forgery and on conviction thereof shall be punished accordingly.

A candidate for the offices listed in this Section must obtain the number of signatures specified in this Section on his or her petition for nomination.

(a) Statewide office or delegate to a national nominating convention. If a candidate seeks to run for statewide office or as a delegate or alternate delegate to a national nominating convention elected from the State at-large, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least 5,000 but not more than 10,000 signatures.

(b) Congressional office or congressional delegate to a national nominating convention. If a candidate seeks to run for United States Congress or as a congressional delegate or alternate congressional delegate to a national nominating convention elected from a congressional district, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified primary electors of his or her party in his or her congressional district. In the first primary election following a redistricting of congressional districts, a candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least 600 signatures of qualified primary electors of the candidate's political party in his or her congressional district.

(c) County office. If a candidate seeks to run for any countywide office, including but not limited to county board chairperson or county board member, elected on an at-large basis, in a county other than Cook County, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified electors of his or her party who cast votes at the last preceding general election in his or her county. If a candidate seeks to run for county board member elected from a county board district, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified primary electors of his or her party in the county board district. In the first primary election following a redistricting of county board districts or the initial establishment of county board districts, a candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified electors of his or her party in the entire county who cast votes at the last preceding general election divided by the total number of county board districts comprising the county board; provided that in no event shall the number of signatures be less than 25.

(d) County office; Cook County only.

(1) If a candidate seeks to run for countywide office in Cook County, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified electors of his or her party who cast votes at the last preceding general election in Cook County.

(2) If a candidate seeks to run for Cook County Board Commissioner, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified primary electors of his or her party in his or her county board district. In the first primary election following a redistricting of Cook County Board of Commissioners districts, a candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified electors of his or her party in the entire county who cast votes at the last preceding general election divided by the total number of county board districts comprising the county board; provided that in no event shall the number of signatures be less than 25.

(3) If a candidate seeks to run for Cook County Board of Review Commissioner, which is elected from a district pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 5-5 of the Property Tax Code, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the total number of registered voters in his or her board of review district in the last general election at which a commissioner was regularly scheduled to be elected from that board of review district. In no event shall the number of signatures required be greater than the requisite number for a candidate who seeks countywide office in Cook County under subsection (d)(1) of this Section. In the first primary election following a redistricting of Cook County Board of Review districts, a candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least 4,000 signatures or at least the number of signatures required for a countywide candidate in Cook County, whichever is less, of the qualified electors of his or her party in the district.

(e) Municipal or township office. If a candidate seeks to run for municipal or township office, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified primary electors of his or her party in the municipality or township. If a candidate seeks to run for alderman of a municipality, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the qualified primary electors of his or her party of the ward. In the first

primary election following redistricting of aldermanic wards or trustee districts of a municipality or the initial establishment of wards or districts, a candidate's petition for nomination must contain the number of signatures equal to at least 0.5% of the total number of votes cast for the candidate of that political party who received the highest number of votes in the entire municipality at the last regular election at which an officer was regularly scheduled to be elected from the entire municipality, divided by the number of wards or districts. In no event shall the number of signatures be less than 25.

(f) State central committeeperson. If a candidate seeks to run for State central committeeperson, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least 100 signatures of the primary electors of his or her party of his or her congressional district.

(g) Sanitary district trustee. If a candidate seeks to run for trustee of a sanitary district in which trustees are not elected from wards, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the primary electors of his or her party from the sanitary district. If a candidate seeks to run for trustee of a sanitary district in which trustees are elected from wards, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the primary electors of his or her party in the ward of that sanitary district. In the first primary election following redistricting of sanitary districts elected from wards, a candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the signatures of 150 qualified primary electors of his or her ward of that sanitary district.

(h) Judicial office. If a candidate seeks to run for judicial office in a district, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain the number of signatures equal to 0.4% of the number of votes cast in that district for the candidate for his or her political party for the office of Governor at the last general election at which a Governor was elected, but in no event less than 500 signatures. If a candidate seeks to run for judicial office in a ~~district~~, circuit, or subcircuit, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain the number of signatures equal to 0.25% of the number of votes cast for the judicial candidate of his or her political party who received the highest number of votes at the last general election at which a judicial officer from the same ~~district~~, circuit, or subcircuit was regularly scheduled to be elected, but in no event less than 500 signatures.

(i) Precinct, ward, and township committeeperson. If a candidate seeks to run for precinct committeeperson, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least 10 signatures of the primary electors of his or her party for the precinct. If a candidate seeks to run for ward committeeperson, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain no less than the number of signatures equal to 10% of the primary electors of his or her party of the ward, but no more than 16% of those same electors; provided that the maximum number of signatures may be 50 more than the minimum number, whichever is greater. If a candidate seeks to run for township committeeperson, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain no less than the number of signatures equal to 5% of the primary electors of his or her party of the township, but no more than 8% of those same electors; provided that the maximum number of signatures may be 50 more than the minimum number, whichever is greater.

(j) State's attorney or regional superintendent of schools for multiple counties. If a candidate seeks to run for State's attorney or regional Superintendent of Schools who serves more than one county, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the primary electors of his or her party in the territory comprising the counties.

(k) Any other office. If a candidate seeks any other office, then the candidate's petition for nomination must contain at least the number of signatures equal to 0.5% of the registered voters of the political subdivision, district, or division for which the nomination is made or 25 signatures, whichever is greater.

For purposes of this Section the number of primary electors shall be determined by taking the total vote cast, in the applicable district, for the candidate for that political party who received the highest number of votes, statewide, at the last general election in the State at which electors for President of the United States were elected. For political subdivisions, the number of primary electors shall be determined by taking the total vote cast for the candidate for that political party who received the highest number of votes in the political subdivision at the last regular election at which an officer was regularly scheduled to be elected from that subdivision. For wards or districts of political subdivisions, the number of primary electors shall be determined by taking the total vote cast for the candidate for that political party who received the highest number of votes in the ward or district at the last regular election at which an officer was regularly scheduled to be elected from that ward or district.

A "qualified primary elector" of a party may not sign petitions for or be a candidate in the primary of more than one party.

The changes made to this Section of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly are declarative of existing law, except for item (3) of subsection (d).

Petitions of candidates for nomination for offices herein specified, to be filed with the same officer, may contain the names of 2 or more candidates of the same political party for the same or different offices.

(Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-129, eff. 7-20-01; 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-15)

Sec. 7-15. At least 60 days prior to each general and consolidated primary, the election authority shall provide public notice, calculated to reach elderly and handicapped voters, of the availability of registration and voting aids under the Federal Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped Act, of the availability of assistance in marking the ballot, ~~and~~ procedures for voting by absentee ballot, and procedures for early voting by personal appearance. At least 20 days before the general primary the county clerk of each county, and not more than 30 nor less than 10 days before the consolidated primary the election authority, shall prepare in the manner provided in this Act, a notice of such primary which notice shall state the time and place of holding the primary, the hours during which the polls will be open, the offices for which candidates will be nominated at such primary and the political parties entitled to participate therein, notwithstanding that no candidate of any such political party may be entitled to have his name printed on the primary ballot. Such notice shall also include the list of addresses of precinct polling places for the consolidated primary unless such list is separately published by the election authority not less than 10 days before the consolidated primary.

In counties, municipalities, or towns having fewer than 500,000 inhabitants notice of the general primary shall be published once in two or more newspapers published in the county, municipality or town, as the case may be, or if there is no such newspaper, then in any two or more newspapers published in the county and having a general circulation throughout the community.

In counties, municipalities, or towns having 500,000 or more inhabitants notice of the general primary shall be published at least 15 days prior to the primary by the same authorities and in the same manner as notice of election for general elections are required to be published in counties, municipalities or towns of 500,000 or more inhabitants under this Act.

Notice of the consolidated primary shall be published once in one or more newspapers published in each political subdivision having such primary, and if there is no such newspaper, then published once in a local, community newspaper having general circulation in the subdivision, and also once in a newspaper published in the county wherein the political subdivisions, or portions thereof, having such primary are situated.

(Source: P.A. 84-808.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-34) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-34)

Sec. 7-34. Pollwatchers in a primary election shall be authorized in the following manner:

(1) Each established political party shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. Such pollwatchers must be affiliated with the political party for which they are pollwatching and must be a registered voter in Illinois.

(2) Each candidate shall be entitled to appoint two pollwatchers per precinct. For Federal, State, ~~and~~ county, township, and municipal primary elections, the pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(3) Each organization of citizens within the county or political subdivision, which has among its purposes or interests the investigation or prosecution of election frauds, and which shall have registered its name and address and the names and addresses of its principal officers with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the primary election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. For all primary elections, the pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(4) Each organized group of proponents or opponents of a ballot proposition, which shall have registered the name and address of its organization or committee and the name and address of its chairman with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the primary election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. The pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(5) In any primary election held to nominate candidates for the offices of a municipality of less than 3,000,000 population that is situated in 2 or more counties, a pollwatcher who is a resident of a county in which any part of the municipality is situated shall be eligible to serve as a pollwatcher in any polling place located within such municipality, provided that such pollwatcher otherwise complies with the respective requirements of subsections (1) through (4) of this Section and is a registered voter whose residence is within Illinois.

All pollwatchers shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature(s) of the election authority and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be authorized by the real or facsimile signature of the State or local party official or the candidate or the presiding officer

of the civic organization or the chairman of the proponent or opponent group, as the case may be.

Pollwatcher credentials shall be in substantially the following form:

POLLWATCHER CREDENTIALS

TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION:

In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, the undersigned hereby appoints (name of pollwatcher) at (address) in the county of, (township or municipality) of (name), State of Illinois and who is duly registered to vote from this address, to act as a pollwatcher in the precinct of the ward (if applicable) of the (township or municipality) of at the election to be held on (insert date).

..... (Signature of Appointing Authority)

..... TITLE (party official, candidate, civic organization president, proponent or opponent group chairman)

Under penalties provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10 of the Election Code, the undersigned pollwatcher certifies that he or she resides at (address) in the county of, (township or municipality) of (name), State of Illinois, and is duly registered to vote in Illinois.

..... (Precinct and/or Ward in Which Pollwatcher Resides) (Signature of Pollwatcher)

Pollwatchers must present their credentials to the Judges of Election upon entering the polling place. Pollwatcher credentials properly executed and signed shall be proof of the qualifications of the pollwatcher authorized thereby. Such credentials are retained by the Judges and returned to the Election Authority at the end of the day of election with the other election materials. Once a pollwatcher has surrendered a valid credential, he may leave and reenter the polling place provided that such continuing action does not disrupt the conduct of the election. Pollwatchers may be substituted during the course of the day, but established political parties, candidates, qualified civic organizations and proponents and opponents of a ballot proposition can have only as many pollwatchers at any given time as are authorized in this Article. A substitute must present his signed credential to the judges of election upon entering the polling place. Election authorities must provide a sufficient number of credentials to allow for substitution of pollwatchers. After the polls have closed, pollwatchers shall be allowed to remain until the canvass of votes is completed; but may leave and reenter only in cases of necessity, provided that such action is not so continuous as to disrupt the canvass of votes.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties shall be admitted to any and all polling places throughout such district or municipality without regard to the counties in which such candidates are registered to vote. Actions of such candidates shall be governed in each polling place by the same privileges and limitations that apply to pollwatchers as provided in this Section. Any such candidate who engages in an activity in a polling place which could reasonably be construed by a majority of the judges of election as campaign activity shall be removed forthwith from such polling place.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties who desire to be admitted to polling places on election day in such district or municipality shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature of the election authority of the election jurisdiction where the polling place in which the candidate seeks admittance is located, and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be signed by the candidate.

Candidate credentials shall be in substantially the following form:

CANDIDATE CREDENTIALS

TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION:

In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, I (name of candidate) hereby certify that I am a candidate for (name of office) and seek admittance to precinct of the ward (if applicable) of the (township or municipality) of at the election to be held on (insert date).

..... (Signature of Candidate) OFFICE FOR WHICH CANDIDATE SEEKS NOMINATION OR ELECTION

Pollwatchers shall be permitted to observe all proceedings and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, and to station

themselves in a position in the voting room as will enable them to observe the judges making the signature comparison between the voter application and the voter registration record card; provided, however, that such pollwatchers shall not be permitted to station themselves in such close proximity to the judges of election so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election and shall not, in any event, be permitted to handle election materials. Pollwatchers may challenge for cause the voting qualifications of a person offering to vote and may call to the attention of the judges of election any incorrect procedure or apparent violations of this Code.

If a majority of the judges of election determine that the polling place has become too overcrowded with pollwatchers so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election, the judges shall, by lot, limit such pollwatchers to a reasonable number, except that each candidate and each established or new political party shall be permitted to have at least one pollwatcher present.

Representatives of an election authority, with regard to an election under its jurisdiction, the State Board of Elections, and law enforcement agencies, including but not limited to a United States Attorney, a State's attorney, the Attorney General, and a State, county, or local police department, in the performance of their official election duties, shall be permitted at all times to enter and remain in the polling place. Upon entering the polling place, such representatives shall display their official credentials or other identification to the judges of election.

Uniformed police officers assigned to polling place duty shall follow all lawful instructions of the judges of election.

The provisions of this Section shall also apply to supervised casting of absentee ballots as provided in Section 19-12.2 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-56) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-56)

Sec. 7-56. As soon as complete returns are delivered to the proper election authority, the returns shall be canvassed for all primary elections as follows:

1. In the case of the nomination of candidates for city offices, by the mayor, the city attorney and the city clerk.

2. In the case of nomination of candidates for village offices, by the president of the board of trustees, one member of the board of trustees, and the village clerk.

3. In the case of nomination of candidates for township offices, by the town supervisor, the town assessor and the town clerk; in the case of nomination of candidates for incorporated town offices, by the corporate authorities of the incorporated town.

3.5. For multi-township assessment districts, by the chairman, clerk, and assessor of the multi-township assessment district.

4. For road district offices, by the highway commissioner and the road district clerk.

5. The officers who are charged by law with the duty of canvassing returns of general elections made to the county clerk, shall also open and canvass the returns of a primary made to such county clerk. Upon the completion of the canvass of the returns by the county canvassing board, said canvassing board shall make a tabulated statement of the returns for each political party separately, stating in appropriate columns and under proper headings, the total number of votes cast in said county for each candidate for nomination by said party, including candidates for President of the United States and for State central committeemen, and for delegates and alternate delegates to National nominating conventions, and for precinct committeemen, township committeemen, and for ward committeemen. Within two (2) days after the completion of said canvass by said canvassing board the county clerk shall mail to the State Board of Elections a certified copy of such tabulated statement of returns. Provided, however, that the number of votes cast for the nomination for offices, the certificates of election for which offices, under this Act or any other laws are issued by the county clerk shall not be included in such certified copy of said tabulated statement of returns, nor shall the returns on the election of precinct, township or ward committeemen be so certified to the State Board of Elections. The said officers shall also determine and set down as to each precinct the number of ballots voted by the primary electors of each party at the primary.

6. In the case of the nomination of candidates for offices, including President of the United States and the State central committeemen, and delegates and alternate delegates to National nominating conventions, certified tabulated statement of returns for which are filed with the State Board of Elections, said returns shall be canvassed by the board. And, provided, further, that within 5 days after said returns shall be canvassed by the said Board, the Board shall cause to be published in one daily newspaper of general circulation at the seat of the State government in Springfield a certified statement of the returns filed in its office, showing the total vote cast in the State for each candidate of each political party for President of the

United States, and showing the total vote for each candidate of each political party for President of the United States, cast in each of the several congressional districts in the State.

7. Where in cities or villages which have a board of election commissioners, the returns of a primary are made to such board of election commissioners, said return shall be canvassed by such board, and, excepting in the case of the nomination for any municipal office, tabulated statements of the returns of such primary shall be made to the county clerk.

8. Within 48 hours of the delivery of complete returns of the consolidated primary to the election authority, the election authority shall deliver an original certificate of results to each local election official, with respect to whose political subdivisions nominations were made at such primary, for each precinct in his jurisdiction in which such nominations were on the ballot. Such original certificate of results need not include any offices or nominations for any other political subdivisions. The local election official shall immediately transmit the certificates to the canvassing board for his political subdivisions, which shall open and canvass the returns, make a tabulated statement of the returns for each political party separately, and as nearly as possible, follow the procedures required for the county canvassing board. Such canvass of votes shall be conducted within 21 7 days after the close of the consolidated primary.

(Source: P.A. 87-1052.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-60) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-60)

Sec. 7-60. Not less than 67 days before the date of the general election, the State Board of Elections shall certify to the county clerks the names of each of the candidates who have been nominated as shown by the proclamation of the State Board of Elections as a canvassing board or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and direct the election authority to place upon the official ballot for the general election the names of such candidates in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

Not less than 61 days before the date of the general election, each county clerk shall certify the names of each of the candidates for county offices who have been nominated as shown by the proclamation of the county canvassing board or who have been nominated to fill a vacancy in nomination and declare that the names of such candidates for the respective offices shall be placed upon the official ballot for the general election in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon the certification, except as otherwise provided by this Section. Each county clerk shall place a copy of the certification on file in his or her office and at the same time issue to the State Board of Elections a copy of such certification. In addition, each county clerk in whose county there is a board of election commissioners shall, not less than 61 days before the date of the general election, issue to such board a copy of the certification that has been filed in the county clerk's office, together with a copy of the certification that has been issued to the clerk by the State Board of Elections, with directions to the board of election commissioners to place upon the official ballot for the general election in that election jurisdiction the names of all candidates that are listed on such certifications, in the same manner and in the same order as shown upon such certifications, except as otherwise provided in this Section.

Whenever there are two or more persons nominated by the same political party for multiple offices for any board, the name of the candidate of such party receiving the highest number of votes in the primary election as a candidate for such office, as shown by the official election returns of the primary, shall be certified first under the name of such offices, and the names of the remaining candidates of such party for such offices shall follow in the order of the number of votes received by them respectively at the primary election as shown by the official election results.

No person who is shown by the canvassing board's proclamation to have been nominated or elected at the primary as a write-in candidate shall have his or her name certified unless such person shall have filed with the certifying office or board within 10 days after the canvassing board's proclamation a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10, ~~and~~ a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1 and a receipt for the filing of a statement of economic interests in relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been elected or nominated.

Each county clerk and board of election commissioners shall determine by a fair and impartial method of random selection the order of placement of established political party candidates for the general election ballot. Such determination shall be made within 30 days following the canvass and proclamation of the results of the general primary in the office of the county clerk or board of election commissioners and shall be open to the public. Seven days written notice of the time and place of conducting such random selection shall be given, by each such election authority, to the County Chairman of each established political party, and to each organization of citizens within the election jurisdiction which was entitled, under this Article, at the next preceding election, to have pollwatchers present on the day of election. Each election authority

shall post in a conspicuous, open and public place, at the entrance of the election authority office, notice of the time and place of such lottery. However, a board of election commissioners may elect to place established political party candidates on the general election ballot in the same order determined by the county clerk of the county in which the city under the jurisdiction of such board is located.

Each certification shall indicate, where applicable, the following:

- (1) The political party affiliation of the candidates for the respective offices;
- (2) If there is to be more than one candidate elected to an office from the State, political subdivision or district;
- (3) If the voter has the right to vote for more than one candidate for an office;
- (4) The term of office, if a vacancy is to be filled for less than a full term or if the offices to be filled in a political subdivision are for different terms.

The State Board of Elections or the county clerk, as the case may be, shall issue an amended certification whenever it is discovered that the original certification is in error.

(Source: P.A. 86-867; 86-875; 86-1028.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-61) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-61)

Sec. 7-61. Whenever a special election is necessary the provisions of this Article are applicable to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at such special election.

In cases where a primary election is required the officer or board or commission whose duty it is under the provisions of this Act relating to general elections to call an election, shall fix a date for the primary for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at such special election. Notice of such primary shall be given at least 15 days prior to the maximum time provided for the filing of petitions for such a primary as provided in Section 7-12.

Any vacancy in nomination under the provisions of this Article 7 occurring on or after the primary and prior to certification of candidates by the certifying board or officer, must be filled prior to the date of certification. Any vacancy in nomination occurring after certification but prior to 15 days before the general election shall be filled within 8 days after the event creating the vacancy. The resolution filling the vacancy shall be sent by U. S. mail or personal delivery to the certifying officer or board within 3 days of the action by which the vacancy was filled; provided, if such resolution is sent by mail and the U. S. postmark on the envelope containing such resolution is dated prior to the expiration of such 3 day limit, the resolution shall be deemed filed within such 3 day limit. Failure to so transmit the resolution within the time specified in this Section shall authorize the certifying officer or board to certify the original candidate. Vacancies shall be filled by the officers of a local municipal or township political party as specified in subsection (h) of Section 7-8, other than a statewide political party, that is established only within a municipality or township and the managing committee (or legislative committee in case of a candidate for State Senator or representative committee in the case of a candidate for State Representative in the General Assembly or State central committee in the case of a candidate for statewide office, including but not limited to the office of United States Senator) of the respective political party for the territorial area in which such vacancy occurs.

The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be duly acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgements of deeds and shall include, upon its face, the following information:

- (a) the name of the original nominee and the office vacated;
- (b) the date on which the vacancy occurred;
- (c) the name and address of the nominee selected to fill the vacancy and the date of selection.

The resolution to fill a vacancy in nomination shall be accompanied by a Statement of Candidacy, as prescribed in Section 7-10, completed by the selected nominee and a receipt indicating that such nominee has filed a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

The provisions of Section 10-8 through 10-10.1 relating to objections to certificates of nomination and nomination papers, hearings on objections, and judicial review, shall apply to and govern objections to resolutions for filling a vacancy in nomination.

Any vacancy in nomination occurring 15 days or less before the consolidated election or the general election shall not be filled. In this event, the certification of the original candidate shall stand and his name shall appear on the official ballot to be voted at the general election.

A vacancy in nomination occurs when a candidate who has been nominated under the provisions of this Article 7 dies before the election (whether death occurs prior to, on or after the day of the primary), or declines the nomination; provided that nominations may become vacant for other reasons.

If the name of no established political party candidate was printed on the consolidated primary ballot for a particular office and if no person was nominated as a write-in candidate for such office, a vacancy in

nomination shall be created which may be filled in accordance with the requirements of this Section. If the name of no established political party candidate was printed on the general primary ballot for a particular office and if no person was nominated as a write-in candidate for such office, a vacancy in nomination shall be created, but no candidate of the party for the office shall be listed on the ballot at the general election unless such vacancy is filled in accordance with the requirements of this Section within 60 days after the date of the general primary.

A candidate for whom a nomination paper has been filed as a partisan candidate at a primary election, and who is defeated for his or her nomination at such primary election, is ineligible to be listed on the ballot at that general or consolidated election as a candidate of another political party.

A candidate seeking election to an office for which candidates of political parties are nominated by caucus who is a participant in the caucus and who is defeated for his or her nomination at such caucus, is ineligible to be listed on the ballot at that general or consolidated election as a candidate of another political party.

In the proceedings to nominate a candidate to fill a vacancy or to fill a vacancy in the nomination, each precinct, township, ward, county or congressional district, as the case may be, shall through its representative on such central or managing committee, be entitled to one vote for each ballot voted in such precinct, township, ward, county or congressional district, as the case may be, by the primary electors of its party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting at which such vacancy is to be filled.

For purposes of this Section, the words "certify" and "certification" shall refer to the act of officially declaring the names of candidates entitled to be printed upon the official ballot at an election and directing election authorities to place the names of such candidates upon the official ballot. "Certifying officers or board" shall refer to the local election official, election authority or the State Board of Elections, as the case may be, with whom nomination papers, including certificates of nomination and resolutions to fill vacancies in nomination, are filed and whose duty it is to "certify" candidates.

(Source: P.A. 86-867; 86-1348; 87-1052.)

(10 ILCS 5/7-100 new)

Sec. 7-100. Definition of a vote.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for the purpose of this Article, a person casts a valid vote on a punch card ballot when:

(1) A chad on the card has at least one corner detached from the card;

(2) The fibers of paper on at least one edge of the chad are broken in a way that permits unimpeded light to be seen through the card; or

(3) An indentation on the chad from the stylus or other object is present and indicates a clearly ascertainable intent of the voter to vote based on the totality of the circumstances, including but not limited to any pattern or frequency of indentations on other ballot positions from the same ballot card.

(b) Write-in votes shall be counted in a manner consistent with the existing provisions of this Code.

(c) For purposes of this Section, a "chad" is that portion of a ballot card that a voter punches or perforates with a stylus or other designated marking device to manifest his or her vote for a particular ballot position on a ballot card as defined in subsection (a).

(d) Prior to the original counting of any punch card ballots, an election judge may not alter a punch card ballot in any manner, including, but not limited to, the removal or manipulation of chads.

(10 ILCS 5/8-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 8-8)

Sec. 8-8. Form of petition for nomination. The name of no candidate for nomination shall be printed upon the primary ballot unless a petition for nomination shall have been filed in his behalf as provided for in this Section. Each such petition shall include as a part thereof the oath required by Section 7-10.1 of this Act and a statement of candidacy by the candidate filing or in whose behalf the petition is filed. This statement shall set out the address of such candidate, the office for which he is a candidate, shall state that the candidate is a qualified primary voter of the party to which the petition relates, is qualified for the office specified and has filed a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act, shall request that the candidate's name be placed upon the official ballot and shall be subscribed and sworn by such candidate before some officer authorized to take acknowledgment of deeds in this State and may be in substantially the following form:

State of Illinois)

) ss.

County

I, ..., being first duly sworn, say that I reside at street in the city (or village of) in the county of State of Illinois; that I am a qualified voter therein and am a qualified primary voter of party; that I am a

candidate for nomination to the office of to be voted upon at the primary election to be held on (insert date); that I am legally qualified to hold such office and that I have filed a statement of economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official primary ballot for nomination for such office.

Signed

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by, who is to me personally known, on (insert date).

Signed (Official Character)

(Seal if officer has one.)

The receipt issued by the Secretary of State indicating that the candidate has filed the statement of economic interests required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act must be filed with the petitions for nomination as provided in subsection (8) of Section 7-12 of this Code.

All petitions for nomination for the office of State Senator shall be signed by 1% or 1,000 ~~600~~, whichever is greater, of the qualified primary electors of the candidate's party in his legislative district, except that for the first primary following a redistricting of legislative districts, such petitions shall be signed by at least 1,000 ~~600~~ qualified primary electors of the candidate's party in his legislative district.

All petitions for nomination for the office of Representative in the General Assembly shall be signed by at least 1% or 500 ~~300~~, whichever is greater, of the qualified primary electors of the candidate's party in his or her representative district, except that for the first primary following a redistricting of representative districts such petitions shall be signed by at least 500 ~~300~~ qualified primary electors of the candidate's party in his or her representative district.

Opposite the signature of each qualified primary elector who signs a petition for nomination for the office of State Representative or State Senator such elector's residence address shall be written or printed. The residence address required to be written or printed opposite each qualified primary elector's name shall include the street address or rural route number of the signer, as the case may be, as well as the signer's county and city, village or town.

For the purposes of this Section, the number of primary electors shall be determined by taking the total vote cast, in the applicable district, for the candidate for such political party who received the highest number of votes, state-wide, at the last general election in the State at which electors for President of the United States were elected.

A "qualified primary elector" of a party may not sign petitions for or be a candidate in the primary of more than one party.

In the affidavit at the bottom of each sheet, the petition circulator, who shall be a person 18 years of age or older who is a citizen of the United States, shall state his or her street address or rural route number, as the case may be, as well as his or her county, city, village or town, and state; and shall certify that the signatures on that sheet of the petition were signed in his or her presence; and shall certify that the signatures are genuine; and shall certify that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing the petition qualified primary voters for which the nomination is sought.

In the affidavit at the bottom of each petition sheet, the petition circulator shall either (1) indicate the dates on which he or she circulated that sheet, or (2) indicate the first and last dates on which the sheet was circulated, or (3) certify that none of the signatures on the sheet were signed more than 90 days preceding the last day for the filing of the petition. No petition sheet shall be circulated more than 90 days preceding the last day provided in Section 8-9 for the filing of such petition.

All petition sheets which are filed with the State Board of Elections shall be the original sheets which have been signed by the voters and by the circulator, and not photocopies or duplicates of such sheets.

The person circulating the petition, or the candidate on whose behalf the petition is circulated, may strike any signature from the petition, provided that:

- (1) the person striking the signature shall initial the petition at the place where the signature is struck; and
- (2) the person striking the signature shall sign a certification listing the page number and line number of each signature struck from the petition. Such certification shall be filed as a part of the petition.

(Source: P.A. 91-57, eff. 6-30-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-129, eff. 7-20-01.)

(10 ILCS 5/9-1.4) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-1.4)

Sec. 9-1.4. "Contribution" means-

- (1) a gift, subscription, donation, dues, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value, knowingly received in connection with the nomination for election, or election, of any person to public office, in connection with the election of any person as ward or township committeeman in counties of

3,000,000 or more population, or in connection with any question of public policy;

(1.5) a gift, subscription, donation, dues, loan, advance, deposit of money, or anything of value that constitutes an electioneering communication regardless of whether the communication is made in concert or cooperation with or at the request, suggestion, or knowledge of a candidate, a candidate's authorized local political committee, a State political committee, a political committee in support of or opposition to a question of public policy, or any of their agents;

(2) the purchase of tickets for fund-raising events, including but not limited to dinners, luncheons, cocktail parties, and rallies made in connection with the nomination for election, or election, of any person to public office, in connection with the election of any person as ward or township committeeman in counties of 3,000,000 or more population, or in connection with any question of public policy;

(3) a transfer of funds between political committees; and

(4) the services of an employee donated by an employer, in which case the contribution shall be listed in the name of the employer, except that any individual services provided voluntarily and without promise or expectation of compensation from any source shall not be deemed a contribution; but

(5) does not include--

(a) the use of real or personal property and the cost of invitations, food, and beverages, voluntarily provided by an individual in rendering voluntary personal services on the individual's residential premises for candidate-related activities; provided the value of the service provided does not exceed an aggregate of \$150 in a reporting period;

(b) the sale of any food or beverage by a vendor for use in a candidate's campaign at a charge less than the normal comparable charge, if such charge for use in a candidate's campaign is at least equal to the cost of such food or beverage to the vendor.

(Source: P.A. 89-405, eff. 11-8-95.)

(10 ILCS 5/9-1.14)

Sec. 9-1.14. Electioneering communication defined.

(a) "Electioneering communication" means, for the purposes of this Article, any form of communication, in whatever medium, including but not limited to a newspaper, radio, television, or Internet communication, that (1) refers to a clearly identified candidate or candidates who will appear on the ballot, refers to a clearly identified political party, or refers to a clearly identified question of public policy that will appear on the ballot and (2) is made within (i) 60 days before a general election or consolidated election or (ii) 30 days before a primary election.

(b) "Electioneering communication" does not include:

(1) A communication, other than an advertisement, appearing in a news story, commentary, or editorial distributed through the facilities of any legitimate news organization, unless the facilities are owned or controlled by any political party, political committee, or candidate.

(2) A communication made solely to promote a candidate debate or forum that is made by or on behalf of the person sponsoring the debate or forum.

(3) A communication made as part of a non-partisan activity designed to encourage individuals to vote or to register to vote.

(4) A communication by an organization operating and remaining in good standing under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(5) A communication exclusively between a labor organization, as defined under federal or State law, and its members.

(6) A communication exclusively between an organization formed under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code and its members.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/9-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-3)

Sec. 9-3. Every state political committee and every local political committee shall file with the State Board of Elections, and every local political committee shall file with the county clerk, a statement of organization within 10 business days of the creation of such committee, except any political committee created within the 30 days before an election shall file a statement of organization within 5 business days. A political committee that acts as both a state political committee and a local political committee shall file a copy of each statement of organization with the State Board of Elections and the county clerk. The Board shall impose a civil penalty of \$25 per business day upon political committees for failing to file or late filing of a statement of organization, except that for committees formed to support candidates for statewide office, the civil penalty shall be \$50 per business day. Such penalties shall not exceed \$5,000, and shall not exceed \$10,000 for statewide office political committees. There shall be no fine if the statement is mailed

and postmarked at least 72 hours prior to the filing deadline.

In addition to the civil penalties authorized by this Section, the State Board of Elections or any other affected political committee may apply to the circuit court for a temporary restraining order or a preliminary or permanent injunction against the political committee to cease the expenditure of funds and to cease operations until the statement of organization is filed.

For the purpose of this Section, "statewide office" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, and State Comptroller.

The statement of organization shall include -

(a) the name and address of the political committee (the name of the political committee must include the name of any sponsoring entity);

(b) the scope, area of activity, party affiliation, candidate affiliation and his county of residence, and purposes of the political committee;

(c) the name, address, and position of each custodian of the committee's books and accounts;

(d) the name, address, and position of the committee's principal officers, including the chairman, treasurer, and officers and members of its finance committee, if any;

(e) (Blank);

(f) a statement of what specific disposition of residual fund will be made in the event of the dissolution or termination of the committee;

(g) a listing of all banks or other financial institutions, safety deposit boxes, and any other repositories or custodians of funds used by the committee;

(h) the amount of funds available for campaign expenditures as of the filing date of the committee's statement of organization.

For purposes of this Section, a "sponsoring entity" is (i) any person, political committee, organization, corporation, or association that contributes at least 33% of the total funding of the political committee or (ii) any person or other entity that is registered or is required to register under the Lobbyist Registration Act and contributes at least 33% of the total funding of the political committee; except that a political committee is not a "sponsoring entity" for purposes of this Section if it is a political committee organized by (i) an established political party as defined in Section 10-2, (ii) a partisan caucus of either house of the General Assembly, or (iii) the Speaker or Minority Leader of the House of Representatives or the President or Minority Leader of the Senate, in his or her capacity as a legislative leader of the House of Representatives or Senate and not as a candidate for Representative or Senator.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-615, eff. 11-19-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/9-7.5)

Sec. 9-7.5. Nonprofit organization registration and disclosure.

(a) Each nonprofit organization, except for a labor union, ~~(i) registered under the Lobbyist Registration Act or for which lobbying is undertaken by persons registered under that Act, (ii) that has not established a political committee, and (iii) that accepts contributions, makes contributions, or makes expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 (I) on behalf of or in opposition to public officials, candidates for public office, or a question of public policy, (II) for electioneering communications, or (III) and (II) for the purpose of influencing legislative, executive, or administrative action as defined in the Lobbyist Registration Act shall register with the State Board of Elections. The Board by rule shall prescribe the registration procedure and form. The registration form shall require the following information:~~

(1) The registrant's name, address, and purpose.

(2) The name, address, and position of each custodian of the registrant's financial books, accounts, and records.

(3) The name, address, and position of each of the registrant's principal officers.

(b) Each nonprofit organization required to register under subsection (a) shall file contribution and expenditure reports with the Board. The Board by rule shall prescribe the form, which shall require the following information:

(1) The organization's name, address, and purpose.

(2) The amount of funds on hand at the beginning of the reporting period.

(3) The full name and address of each person who has made one or more contributions to

or for the organization within the reporting period in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$150, together with the amount and date of the contributions, and if a contributor is an individual who contributed more than \$500, the occupation and employer of the contributor or, if the occupation and employer of the contributor are unknown, a statement that the organization has made a good faith effort

to ascertain this information.

(4) The total sum of individual contributions made to or for the organization during the reporting period and not reported in item (3).

(5) The name and address of each organization and political committee from which the reporting organization received, or to which that organization made, any transfer of funds in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$150, together with the amounts and dates of the transfers.

(6) The total sum of transfers made to or from the organization during the reporting period and not reported in item (5).

(7) Each loan to or from any person within the reporting period by or to the organization in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$150, together with the full names and mailing addresses of the lender and endorsers, if any, and the date and amount of the loans, and if a lender or endorser is an individual who loaned or endorsed a loan of more than \$500, the occupation and employer of the individual or, if the occupation and employer of the individual are unknown, a statement that the organization has made a good faith effort to ascertain this information.

(8) The total amount of proceeds received by the organization from (i) the sale of tickets for each dinner, luncheon, cocktail party, rally, and other fundraising event, (ii) mass collections made at those events, and (iii) sales of items such as buttons, badges, flags, emblems, hats, banners, literature, and similar materials.

(9) Each contribution, rebate, refund, or other receipt in excess of \$150 received by the organization not otherwise listed under items (3) through (8), and if a contributor is an individual who contributed more than \$500, the occupation and employer of the contributor or, if the occupation and employer of the contributor are unknown, a statement that the organization has made a good faith effort to ascertain this information.

(10) The total sum of all receipts by or for the organization during the reporting period.

(11) The full name and mailing address of each person to whom expenditures have been made by the organization within the reporting period in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$150, the amount, date, and purpose of each expenditure, and the question of public policy on behalf of which the expenditure was made.

(12) The full name and mailing address of each person to whom an expenditure for personal services, salaries, and reimbursed expenses in excess of \$150 has been made and which is not otherwise reported, including the amount, date, and purpose of the expenditure.

(13) The total sum of expenditures made by the organization during the reporting period.

(14) The full name and mailing address of each person to whom the organization owes debts or obligations in excess of \$150 and the amount of the debts or obligations.

The State Board by rule shall define a "good faith effort".

(c) The reports required under subsection (b) shall be filed at the same times and for the same reporting periods as reports of campaign contributions and semi-annual reports of campaign contributions and expenditures required by this Article of political committees. The reports required under subsection (b) shall be available for public inspection and copying in the same manner as reports filed by political committees. The Board may charge a fee that covers the costs of copying and distribution, if any.

(d) An organization required to file reports under subsection (b) shall include a statement on all literature and advertisements soliciting funds stating the following:

"A copy of our report filed with the State Board of Elections is (or will be) available for purchase from the State Board of Elections, Springfield, Illinois".

(Source: P.A. 90-737, eff. 1-1-99.)

(10 ILCS 5/9-9.5)

Sec. 9-9.5. Disclosures in political communications. Any political committee, organized under the Election Code, that makes an expenditure for a pamphlet, circular, handbill, Internet or telephone communication, radio, television, or print advertisement, or other communication directed at voters and mentioning the name of a candidate in the next upcoming election shall ensure that the name of the political committee paying for any part of the communication, including, but not limited to, its preparation and distribution, is identified clearly within the communication as the payor. This Section does not apply to items that are too small to contain the required disclosure. Nothing in this Section shall require disclosure on any telephone communication using random sampling or other scientific survey methods to gauge public opinion for or against any candidate or question of public policy.

Whenever any vendor or other person provides any of the services listed in this Section, other than any

telephone communication using random sampling or other scientific survey methods to gauge public opinion for or against any candidate or question of public policy, the vendor or person shall keep and maintain records showing the name and address of the person who purchased or requested the services and the amount paid for the services. The records required by this Section shall be kept for a period of one year after the date upon which payment was received for the services.

(Source: P.A. 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/9-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-10)

Sec. 9-10. Financial reports.

(a) The treasurer of every state political committee and the treasurer of every local political committee shall file with the Board, and the treasurer of every local political committee shall file with the county clerk, reports of campaign contributions, and semi-annual reports of campaign contributions and expenditures on forms to be prescribed or approved by the Board. The treasurer of every political committee that acts as both a state political committee and a local political committee shall file a copy of each report with the State Board of Elections and the county clerk. Entities subject to Section 9-7.5 shall file reports required by that Section at times provided in this Section and are subject to the penalties provided in this Section.

(b) Reports of campaign contributions shall be filed no later than the 15th day next preceding each election including a primary election in connection with which the political committee has accepted or is accepting contributions or has made or is making expenditures. Such reports shall be complete as of the 30th day next preceding each election including a primary election. The Board shall assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a violation of this subsection, except that for State officers and candidates and political committees formed for statewide office, the civil penalty may not exceed \$10,000. The fine, however, shall not exceed \$500 for a first filing violation for filing less than 10 days after the deadline. There shall be no fine if the report is mailed and postmarked at least 72 hours prior to the filing deadline. For the purpose of this subsection, "statewide office" and "State officer" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer. However, a continuing political committee that does not make neither accepts contributions nor makes expenditures in excess of \$500 on behalf of or in opposition to any candidate or public question on the ballot at an election shall not be required to file the reports heretofore prescribed but may file in lieu thereof a Statement of Nonparticipation in the Election with the Board or the Board and the county clerk; except that if the political committee, by the terms of its statement of organization filed in accordance with this Article, is organized to support or oppose a candidate or public question on the ballot at the next election or primary, that committee must file reports required by this subsection (b) and by subsection (b-5).

(b-5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) and Section 1.25 of the Statute on Statutes, any contribution of more than \$500 received in the interim between the last date of the period covered by the last report filed under subsection (b) prior to the election and the date of the election shall be filed with and must actually be received by the State Board of Elections within 2 business days after receipt of such contribution. The State Board shall allow filings of reports of contributions of more than \$500 under this subsection (b-5) by political committees that are not required to file electronically to be made by facsimile transmission. For the purpose of this subsection, a contribution is considered received on the date the public official, candidate, or political committee (or equivalent person in the case of a reporting entity other than a political committee) actually receives it or, in the case of goods or services, 2 business days after the date the public official, candidate, committee, or other reporting entity receives the certification required under subsection (b) of Section 9-6. Failure to report each contribution is a separate violation of this subsection. In the final disposition of any matter by the Board on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the Board may impose fines for violations of this subsection not to exceed 100% of the total amount of the contributions that were untimely reported, but in no case when a fine is imposed shall it be less than 10% of the total amount of the contributions that were untimely reported. When considering the amount of the fine to be imposed, the Board shall consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:

- (1) whether in the Board's opinion the violation was committed inadvertently, negligently, knowingly, or intentionally;
- (2) the number of days the contribution was reported late; and
- (3) past violations of Sections 9-3 and 9-10 of this Article by the committee.

(c) In addition to such reports the treasurer of every political committee shall file semi-annual reports of campaign contributions and expenditures no later than July 31st, covering the period from January 1st through June 30th immediately preceding, and no later than January 31st, covering the period from July 1st

through December 31st of the preceding calendar year. Reports of contributions and expenditures must be filed to cover the prescribed time periods even though no contributions or expenditures may have been received or made during the period. The Board shall assess a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 for a violation of this subsection, except that for State officers and candidates and political committees formed for statewide office, the civil penalty may not exceed \$10,000. The fine, however, shall not exceed \$500 for a first filing violation for filing less than 10 days after the deadline. There shall be no fine if the report is mailed and postmarked at least 72 hours prior to the filing deadline. For the purpose of this subsection, "statewide office" and "State officer" means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.

(c-5) A political committee that acts as either (i) a State and local political committee or (ii) a local political committee and that files reports electronically under Section 9-28 is not required to file copies of the reports with the appropriate county clerk if the county clerk has a system that permits access to, and duplication of, reports that are filed with the State Board of Elections. A State and local political committee or a local political committee shall file with the county clerk a copy of its statement of organization pursuant to Section 9-3.

(d) A copy of each report or statement filed under this Article shall be preserved by the person filing it for a period of two years from the date of filing.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-615, eff. 11-19-03; revised 12-17-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/10-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-9)

Sec. 10-9. The following electoral boards are designated for the purpose of hearing and passing upon the objector's petition described in Section 10-8.

1. The State Board of Elections will hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for State offices, nominations of candidates for congressional, legislative and judicial offices of districts, subcircuits, or circuits situated in more than one county, nominations of candidates for the offices of State's attorney or regional superintendent of schools to be elected from more than one county, and petitions for proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of Illinois as provided for in Section 3 of Article XIV of the Constitution.

2. The county officers electoral board to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for county offices, for congressional, legislative and judicial offices of a district, subcircuit, or circuit coterminous with or less than a county, for school trustees to be voted for by the electors of the county or by the electors of a township of the county, for the office of multi-township assessor where candidates for such office are nominated in accordance with this Code, and for all special district offices, shall be composed of the county clerk, or an assistant designated by the county clerk, the State's attorney of the county or an Assistant State's Attorney designated by the State's Attorney, and the clerk of the circuit court, or an assistant designated by the clerk of the circuit court, of the county, of whom the county clerk or his designee shall be the chairman, except that in any county which has established a county board of election commissioners that board shall constitute the county officers electoral board ex-officio.

3. The municipal officers electoral board to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for officers of municipalities shall be composed of the mayor or president of the board of trustees of the city, village or incorporated town, and the city, village or incorporated town clerk, and one member of the city council or board of trustees, that member being designated who is eligible to serve on the electoral board and has served the greatest number of years as a member of the city council or board of trustees, of whom the mayor or president of the board of trustees shall be the chairman.

4. The township officers electoral board to pass upon objections to the nominations of township officers shall be composed of the township supervisor, the town clerk, and that eligible town trustee elected in the township who has had the longest term of continuous service as town trustee, of whom the township supervisor shall be the chairman.

5. The education officers electoral board to hear and pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for offices in school or community college districts shall be composed of the presiding officer of the school or community college district board, who shall be the chairman, the secretary of the school or community college district board and the eligible elected school or community college board member who has the longest term of continuous service as a board member.

6. In all cases, however, where the Congressional or Legislative district is wholly within the jurisdiction of a board of election commissioners and in all cases where the school district or special district is wholly within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners and in all cases where the municipality or township is wholly or partially within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners, the board of election commissioners shall ex-officio constitute the electoral board.

For special districts situated in more than one county, the county officers electoral board of the county in which the principal office of the district is located has jurisdiction to hear and pass upon objections. For purposes of this Section, "special districts" means all political subdivisions other than counties, municipalities, townships and school and community college districts.

In the event that any member of the appropriate board is a candidate for the office with relation to which the objector's petition is filed, he shall not be eligible to serve on that board and shall not act as a member of the board and his place shall be filled as follows:

- a. In the county officers electoral board by the county treasurer, and if he or she is ineligible to serve, by the sheriff of the county.
- b. In the municipal officers electoral board by the eligible elected city council or board of trustees member who has served the second greatest number of years as a city council or board of trustees member.
- c. In the township officers electoral board by the eligible elected town trustee who has had the second longest term of continuous service as a town trustee.
- d. In the education officers electoral board by the eligible elected school or community college district board member who has had the second longest term of continuous service as a board member.

In the event that the chairman of the electoral board is ineligible to act because of the fact that he is a candidate for the office with relation to which the objector's petition is filed, then the substitute chosen under the provisions of this Section shall be the chairman; In this case, the officer or board with whom the objector's petition is filed, shall transmit the certificate of nomination or nomination papers as the case may be, and the objector's petition to the substitute chairman of the electoral board.

When 2 or more eligible individuals, by reason of their terms of service on a city council or board of trustees, township board of trustees, or school or community college district board, qualify to serve on an electoral board, the one to serve shall be chosen by lot.

Any vacancies on an electoral board not otherwise filled pursuant to this Section shall be filled by public members appointed by the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court for the county wherein the electoral board hearing is being held upon notification to the Chief Judge of such vacancies. The Chief Judge shall be so notified by a member of the electoral board or the officer or board with whom the objector's petition was filed. In the event that none of the individuals designated by this Section to serve on the electoral board are eligible, the chairman of an electoral board shall be designated by the Chief Judge.

(Source: P.A. 87-570.)

(10 ILCS 5/12-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 12-1)

Sec. 12-1. At least 60 days prior to each general and consolidated election, the election authority shall provide public notice, calculated to reach elderly and handicapped voters, of the availability of registration and voting aids under the Federal Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and Handicapped Act, of the availability of assistance in marking the ballot, ~~and~~ procedures for voting by absentee ballot, and procedures for voting early by personal appearance.

At least 30 days before any general election, and at least 20 days before any special congressional election, the county clerk shall publish a notice of the election in 2 or more newspapers published in the county, city, village, incorporated town or town, as the case may be, or if there is no such newspaper, then in any 2 or more newspapers published in the county and having a general circulation throughout the community. The notice may be substantially as follows:

Notice is hereby given that on (give date), at (give the place of holding the election and the name of the precinct or district) in the county of (name county), an election will be held for (give the title of the several offices to be filled), which election will be open at 6:00 a.m. and continued open until 7:00 p.m. of that day.

Dated at on (insert date).

(Source: P.A. 90-358, eff. 1-1-98; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(10 ILCS 5/Art. 12A heading new)

VOTERS' GUIDES

(10 ILCS 5/12A-2 new)

Sec. 12A-2. Definitions. As used in this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Board" means the State Board of Elections.

"Internet Guide" refers to information disseminated by the State Board of Elections on a website, pursuant to Section 12A-5.

"Local election authority" means a county clerk or board of election commissioners.

"Public question" or "question" means any question, proposition, or referendum submitted to the voters

under Article 28 of this Code.

"Statewide candidate" means any candidate who runs for a statewide office, including Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, United States President, or United States Senator.

"Voters' guide" means any information disseminated by the State Board of Elections pursuant to Section 12A-5.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-5 new)

Sec. 12A-5. Internet Guide. The Board shall publish, no later than the 45th day before a general election in which a statewide candidate appears on the ballot, an Internet website with the following information:

(1) The date and time of the general election.

(2) Requirements for a citizen to qualify as an elector.

(3) The deadline for registering as an elector in the State of Illinois for the next election.

(4) Contact information for local election authorities.

(5) A description of the following offices, when they appear on the ballot, including their term of office, basic duties, and base salary: United States President, United States Senator, United States Representative, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, Illinois Supreme Court Judge, and Illinois Appellate Court Judge. The Board shall not include information on any office other than the offices listed in this item (5).

(6) The names and party affiliations of qualified candidates for the following offices, when these offices appear on the ballot: United States President, United States Senator, United States Representative, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, Illinois Supreme Court Judge, and Illinois Appellate Court Judge. The Board shall not include information on candidates for any office other than the offices listed in this item (6).

(7) Challenged candidates. Where a candidate's right to appear on the general election ballot has been challenged, and any appeal remains pending regarding those challenges, the challenged candidate may appear on the Internet Guide, subject to the other provisions of Section 12A-10. In this instance, the Board may note that the candidate's candidacy has been challenged and that he or she may be removed from the ballot prior to election day. If the candidate is removed from the ballot prior to election day, the Board shall remove the candidate's name and other information from the Internet Guide.

(8) Any personal statement and photograph submitted by a candidate named in the Internet Guide, subject to Sections 12A-10 and 12A-35.

(9) A means by which an elector may determine what type of balloting equipment is used by his or her local election authority, and the instructions for properly using that equipment.

(10) The text of any public question that may appear on the ballot.

(11) A mechanism by which electors may determine in which congressional and judicial districts they reside. The Internet Guide shall allow visitors to search for candidates by office (e.g., Governor or United States Senator) and candidate's name.

(12) Information concerning how to become an election judge.

The Board shall archive the contents of the Internet Guide for a period of at least 5 years.

In addition, the Board has the discretion to publish a voters' guide before a general primary election in the manner provided in this Article.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-10 new)

Sec. 12A-10. Candidate statements and photographs in the Internet Guide.

(a) Any candidate whose name appears in the Internet Guide may submit a written statement and a photograph to appear in the Internet Guide, provided that:

(1) No personal statement may exceed a brief biography (name, age, education, and current employment) and an additional 400 words.

(2) Personal statements may include contact information for the candidate, including the address and phone number of the campaign headquarters, and the candidate's website.

(3) Personal statements may not mention a candidate's opponents by name.

(4) No personal statement may include language that may not be legally sent through the mail.

(5) The photograph shall be a conventional photograph with a plain background and show only the face, or the head, neck, and shoulders, of the candidate.

(6) The photograph shall not (i) show the candidate's hands, anything in the candidate's hands, or the candidate wearing a judicial robe, a hat, or a military, police, or fraternal uniform or (ii) include the uniform or insignia of any organization.

(b) The Board must note in the text of the Internet Guide that personal statements were submitted by the

candidate or his or her designee and were not edited by the Board.

(c) Where a candidate declines to submit a statement, the Board may note that the candidate declined to submit a statement.

(d) The candidate must pay \$600 for inclusion of his or her personal statement and photograph, and the Board shall not include photographs or statements from candidates who do not pay the fee. The Board may adopt rules for refunding that fee at the candidate's request, provided that the Board may not include a statement or photograph from a candidate who has requested a refund of a fee. Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Voters' Guide Fund, a special fund created in the State treasury. Moneys in the Voters' Guide Fund shall be appropriated solely to the State Board of Elections for use in the implementation and administration of this Article 12A.

(e) Anyone other than the candidate submitting a statement or photograph from a candidate must attest that he or she is doing so on behalf and at the direction of the candidate. The Board may assess a civil fine of no more than \$1,000 against a person or entity who falsely submits a statement or photograph not authorized by the candidate.

(f) Nothing in this Article makes the author of any statement exempt from any civil or criminal action because of any defamatory statements offered for posting or contained in the Internet Guide. The persons writing, signing, or offering a statement for inclusion in the Internet Guide are deemed to be its authors and publishers, and the Board shall not be liable in any case or action relating to the content of any material submitted by any candidate.

(g) The Board may set reasonable deadlines for the submission of personal statements and photographs, provided that a deadline may not be less than 5 business days after the last day for filing new party petitions.

(h) The Board may set formats for the submission of statements and photographs. The Board may require that statements and photographs are submitted in an electronic format.

(i) Fees and fines collected pursuant to subsections (d) and (e), respectively, of this Section shall be deposited into the Voters' Guide Fund, a special fund created in the State treasury. Moneys in the Voters' Guide Fund shall be appropriated solely to the State Board of Elections for use in the implementation and administration of this Article 12A.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-15 new)

Sec. 12A-15. Language. The Board may translate all of the material it is required to provide for the Internet Guide into other languages as it deems necessary to comply with the federal Voting Rights Act or at its discretion. Visitors to the site shall have the option of viewing the Guide in all languages into which the Guide has been translated. Candidates may, at their option and expense, submit statements in languages other than English. The Board shall not be responsible for translating candidate statements.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-35 new)

Sec. 12A-35. Board's review of candidate photograph and statement; procedure for revision.

(a) If a candidate files a photograph and statement under item (8) of Section 12A-5 in a voters' guide, the Board shall review the photograph and statement to ensure that they comply with the requirements of Section 12A-10. Review by the Board under this Section shall be limited to determining whether the photograph and statement comply with the requirements of Section 12A-10 and may not include any determination relating to the accuracy or truthfulness of the substance or contents of the materials filed.

(b) The Board shall review each photograph and statement not later than 3 business days following the deadline for filing a photograph and statement. If the Board determines that the photograph or statement of a candidate must be revised in order to comply with the requirements of Section 12A-10, the Board shall attempt to contact the candidate not later than the 5th day after the deadline for filing a photograph and statement. A candidate contacted by the Board under this Section may file a revised photograph or statement no later than the 7th business day following the deadline for filing a photograph and statement.

(c) If the Board is required to attempt to contact a candidate under subsection (b) of this Section, the Board shall attempt to contact the candidate by telephone or by using an electronic transmission facsimile machine, if such contact information is provided by the candidate.

(d) If the Board is unable to contact a candidate, if the candidate does not file a revised photograph or statement, or if the revised filing under subsection (b) again fails to meet the standards of review set by the Board:

(1) If a photograph does not comply with Section 12A-10, the Board may modify the photograph. The candidate shall pay the expense of any modification before publication of the photograph in the voters' guide. If the photograph cannot be modified to comply with Section 12A-10, the photograph shall not be printed in the guide.

(2) If a statement does not comply with Section 12A-10, the statement shall not be published in the voters' guide.

(e) If the photograph or statement of a candidate filed under item (8) of Section 12A-5 does not comply with a requirement of Section 12A-10 and the Board does not attempt to contact the candidate by the deadline specified in subsection (b) of this Section, then, for purposes of this Section only, the photograph or statement shall be published as filed.

(f) A candidate revising a photograph or statement under this Section shall make only those revisions necessary to comply with Section 12A-10.

(g) The Board may by rule define the term "contact" as used in this Section.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-40 new)

Sec. 12A-40. Exemption from public records laws. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, materials filed by a candidate, political party, political committee, or other person for inclusion in a voters' guide are exempt from public inspection until the 4th business day after the final date for filing the materials.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-45 new)

Sec. 12A-45. Material submitted for inclusion in any voters' guide may not be admitted as evidence in any suit or action against the Board to restrain or enjoin the publication of a voters' guide.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-50 new)

Sec. 12A-50. Order of appearance within the guides. For all guides disseminated by the Board, all information about offices and candidates on the ballot shall be listed together in the same part of the guide or insert. All candidates for one office, together with their statements and photographs if any, shall be listed before information on other offices and candidates is listed. To the extent possible, offices and candidates shall be listed in the same order in which they appear on the ballot.

(10 ILCS 5/12A-55 new)

Sec. 12A-55. Constitutional issues. If a constitutional amendment appears on the ballot, the contents of the pamphlet issued by the Secretary of State under Section 2 of the Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act may be included in any guide issued by the Board.

(10 ILCS 5/13-2.5 new)

Sec. 13-2.5. Time off from work to serve as election judge. Any person who is appointed as an election judge under Section 13-1 or 13-2 may, after giving his or her employer at least 20 days' written notice, be absent from his or her place of work for the purpose of serving as an election judge. An employer may not penalize an employee for that absence other than a deduction in salary for the time the employee was absent from his or her place of employment.

This Section does not apply to an employer with fewer than 25 employees. An employer with more than 25 employees shall not be required to permit more than 10% of the employees to be absent under this Section on the same election day.

(10 ILCS 5/14-4.5 new)

Sec. 14-4.5. Time off from work to serve as election judge. Any person who is appointed as an election judge under Section 13-1 or 13-2 may, after giving his or her employer at least 20 days' written notice, be absent from his or her place of work for the purpose of serving as an election judge. An employer may not penalize an employee for that absence other than a deduction in salary for the time the employee was absent from his or her place of employment.

This Section does not apply to an employer with fewer than 25 employees. An employer with more than 25 employees shall not be required to permit more than 10% of the employees to be absent under this Section on the same election day.

(10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9)

Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges of election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom absentee or early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued an absentee or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct unless that voter submits to the judges of election, for cancellation or revocation, his absentee ballot. In the case that the voter's absentee ballot is not present in the polling place, it shall be sufficient for any such voter to submit to the judges of election in lieu of his absentee ballot, either a portion of such ballot if torn or mutilated, an affidavit executed before the judges of election specifying that the voter never received an absentee ballot, or an

.....
Judge of Election.

All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6 months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed public records and shall be freely open to examination as such.

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(10 ILCS 5/17-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-15)

Sec. 17-15. Any person entitled to vote at a general or special election or at any election at which propositions are submitted to a popular vote in this State, shall, on the day of such election, be entitled to absent himself from any services or employment in which he is then engaged or employed, for a period of 2 hours between the time of opening and closing the polls; and such voter shall not because of so absenting himself be liable to any penalty; Provided, however, that application for such leave of absence shall be made prior to the day of election. The employer may specify the hours during which said employee may absent himself as aforesaid, except that the employer must permit a 2-hour absence during working hours if the employee's working hours begin less than 2 hours after the opening of the polls and end less than 2 hours before the closing of the polls. No person or corporation shall refuse to an employee the privilege hereby conferred, nor shall subject an employee to a penalty, including a reduction in compensation due to an absence under this Section, because of the exercise of such privilege, nor shall directly or indirectly violate the provisions of this section.

(Source: Laws 1963, p. 2532.)

(10 ILCS 5/17-23) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-23)

Sec. 17-23. Pollwatchers in a general election shall be authorized in the following manner:

(1) Each established political party shall be entitled to appoint two pollwatchers per precinct. Such pollwatchers must be affiliated with the political party for which they are pollwatching. For all elections, the pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(2) Each candidate shall be entitled to appoint two pollwatchers per precinct. For all elections, the pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(3) Each organization of citizens within the county or political subdivision, which has among its purposes or interests the investigation or prosecution of election frauds, and which shall have registered its name and address and the name and addresses of its principal officers with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. For all elections, the pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.

(4) In any general election held to elect candidates for the offices of a municipality of less than 3,000,000 population that is situated in 2 or more counties, a pollwatcher who is a resident of Illinois shall be eligible to serve as a pollwatcher in any poll located within such municipality, provided that such pollwatcher otherwise complies with the respective requirements of subsections (1) through (3) of this Section and is a registered voter in Illinois.

(5) Each organized group of proponents or opponents of a ballot proposition, which shall have registered the name and address of its organization or committee and the name and address of its chairman with the proper election authority at least 40 days before the election, shall be entitled to appoint one pollwatcher per precinct. The pollwatcher must be registered to vote in Illinois.

All pollwatchers shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature(s) of the election authority and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be authorized by the real or facsimile signature of the State or local party official or the candidate or the presiding officer of the civic organization or the chairman of the proponent or opponent group, as the case may be.

Pollwatcher credentials shall be in substantially the following form:

POLLWATCHER CREDENTIALS

TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION:

In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, the undersigned hereby appoints (name of pollwatcher) who resides at (address) in the county of, (township or municipality) of (name), State of Illinois and who is duly registered to vote from this address, to act as a pollwatcher in the precinct of the ward (if applicable) of the (township or municipality) of at the election to be held on (insert date).

..... (Signature of Appointing Authority)

..... TITLE (party official, candidate,

civic organization president,
proponent or opponent group chairman)

Under penalties provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10 of the Election Code, the undersigned pollwatcher certifies that he or she resides at (address) in the county of, (township or municipality) of (name), State of Illinois, and is duly registered to vote in Illinois.

.....
(Precinct and/or Ward in
Which Pollwatcher Resides)

.....
(Signature of Pollwatcher)

Pollwatchers must present their credentials to the Judges of Election upon entering the polling place. Pollwatcher credentials properly executed and signed shall be proof of the qualifications of the pollwatcher authorized thereby. Such credentials are retained by the Judges and returned to the Election Authority at the end of the day of election with the other election materials. Once a pollwatcher has surrendered a valid credential, he may leave and reenter the polling place provided that such continuing action does not disrupt the conduct of the election. Pollwatchers may be substituted during the course of the day, but established political parties, candidates and qualified civic organizations can have only as many pollwatchers at any given time as are authorized in this Article. A substitute must present his signed credential to the judges of election upon entering the polling place. Election authorities must provide a sufficient number of credentials to allow for substitution of pollwatchers. After the polls have closed pollwatchers shall be allowed to remain until the canvass of votes is completed; but may leave and reenter only in cases of necessity, provided that such action is not so continuous as to disrupt the canvass of votes.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties shall be admitted to any and all polling places throughout such district or municipality without regard to the counties in which such candidates are registered to vote. Actions of such candidates shall be governed in each polling place by the same privileges and limitations that apply to pollwatchers as provided in this Section. Any such candidate who engages in an activity in a polling place which could reasonably be construed by a majority of the judges of election as campaign activity shall be removed forthwith from such polling place.

Candidates seeking office in a district or municipality encompassing 2 or more counties who desire to be admitted to polling places on election day in such district or municipality shall be required to have proper credentials. Such credentials shall be printed in sufficient quantities, shall be issued by and under the facsimile signature of the election authority of the election jurisdiction where the polling place in which the candidate seeks admittance is located, and shall be available for distribution at least 2 weeks prior to the election. Such credentials shall be signed by the candidate.

Candidate credentials shall be in substantially the following form:

CANDIDATE CREDENTIALS

TO THE JUDGES OF ELECTION:

In accordance with the provisions of the Election Code, I (name of candidate) hereby certify that I am a candidate for (name of office) and seek admittance to precinct of the ward (if applicable) of the (township or municipality) of at the election to be held on (insert date).

.....
(Signature of Candidate) OFFICE FOR WHICH
CANDIDATE SEEKS
NOMINATION OR
ELECTION

Pollwatchers shall be permitted to observe all proceedings and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, and to station themselves in a position in the voting room as will enable them to observe the judges making the signature comparison between the voter application and the voter registration record card; provided, however, that such pollwatchers shall not be permitted to station themselves in such close proximity to the judges of election so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election and shall not, in any event, be permitted to handle election materials. Pollwatchers may challenge for cause the voting qualifications of a person offering to vote and may call to the attention of the judges of election any incorrect procedure or apparent violations of this Code.

If a majority of the judges of election determine that the polling place has become too overcrowded with pollwatchers so as to interfere with the orderly conduct of the election, the judges shall, by lot, limit such pollwatchers to a reasonable number, except that each established or new political party shall be permitted to have at least one pollwatcher present.

Representatives of an election authority, with regard to an election under its jurisdiction, the State Board

of Elections, and law enforcement agencies, including but not limited to a United States Attorney, a State's attorney, the Attorney General, and a State, county, or local police department, in the performance of their official election duties, shall be permitted at all times to enter and remain in the polling place. Upon entering the polling place, such representatives shall display their official credentials or other identification to the judges of election.

Uniformed police officers assigned to polling place duty shall follow all lawful instructions of the judges of election.

The provisions of this Section shall also apply to supervised casting of absentee ballots as provided in Section 19-12.2 of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/17-100 new)

Sec. 17-100. Definition of a vote.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for the purpose of this Article, a person casts a valid vote on a punch card ballot when:

(1) A chad on the card has at least one corner detached from the card;

(2) The fibers of paper on at least one edge of the chad are broken in a way that permits unimpeded light to be seen through the card; or

(3) An indentation on the chad from the stylus or other object is present and indicates a clearly ascertainable intent of the voter to vote based on the totality of the circumstances, including but not limited to any pattern or frequency of indentations on other ballot positions from the same ballot card.

(b) Write-in votes shall be counted in a manner consistent with the existing provisions of this Code.

(c) For purposes of this Section, a "chad" is that portion of a ballot card that a voter punches or perforates with a stylus or other designated marking device to manifest his or her vote for a particular ballot position on a ballot card as defined in subsection (a).

(d) Prior to the original counting of any punch card ballots, an election judge may not alter a punch card ballot in any manner, including, but not limited to, the removal or manipulation of chads.

(10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)

Sec. 18-5. Any person desiring to vote and whose name is found upon the register of voters by the person having charge thereof, shall then be questioned by one of the judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and court from which secured, and he shall be asked to state his residence when last previously registered and the date of the election for which he then registered. The judges of elections shall check each application for ballot against the list of voters registered in that precinct to whom absentee and early ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be provided by the election authority and which list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on the list as having been issued an absentee or early ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct ~~unless that voter submits to the judges of election, for cancellation or revocation, his absentee ballot. In the case that the voter's absentee ballot is not present in the polling place, it shall be sufficient for any such voter to submit to the judges of election in lieu of his absentee ballot, either a portion of such ballot if torn or mutilated, an affidavit executed before the judges of election specifying that the voter never received an absentee ballot, or an affidavit executed before the judges of election specifying that the voter desires to cancel or revoke any absentee ballot that may have been cast in the voter's name.~~ If such person so registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if a majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall then be received accordingly. But if his vote be rejected by such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the person's current residence address, provided that such identification to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of the election, or the person shall procure a witness personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who

shall take the oath following, viz:

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State, 30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved and returned to the office of the commissioners of election. Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any other officer than such judge of election, shall not be received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the voter by the judge.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement the judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the judge's request and again quit the booth with all of the ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in this section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth.

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain view of the public. The judges having charge of such registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V".

No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than the full number of ballots received by such voter without first advising the voter in the manner above provided of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 89-653, eff. 8-14-96.)

(10 ILCS 5/18-100 new)

Sec. 18-100. Definition of a vote.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for the purpose of this Article, a person casts a valid vote on a punch card ballot when:

(1) A chad on the card has at least one corner detached from the card;

(2) The fibers of paper on at least one edge of the chad are broken in a way that permits unimpeded

light to be seen through the card; or

(3) An indentation on the chad from the stylus or other object is present and indicates a clearly ascertainable intent of the voter to vote based on the totality of the circumstances, including but not limited to any pattern or frequency of indentations on other ballot positions from the same ballot card.

(b) Write-in votes shall be counted in a manner consistent with the existing provisions of this Code.

(c) For purposes of this Section, a "chad" is that portion of a ballot card that a voter punches or perforates with a stylus or other designated marking device to manifest his or her vote for a particular ballot position on a ballot card as defined in subsection (a).

(d) Prior to the original counting of any punch card ballots, an election judge may not alter a punch card ballot in any manner, including, but not limited to, the removal or manipulation of chads.

(10 ILCS 5/18A-5)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 93-1071)

Sec. 18A-5. Provisional voting; general provisions.

(a) A person who claims to be a registered voter is entitled to cast a provisional ballot under the following circumstances:

(1) The person's name does not appear on the official list of eligible voters, ~~whether a list of active or inactive voters~~, for the

precinct in which the person seeks to vote. The official list is the centralized statewide voter registration list established and maintained in accordance with Section 1A-25;

(2) The person's voting status has been challenged by an election judge, a pollwatcher, or any legal voter and that challenge has been sustained by a majority of the election judges; ~~or~~

(3) A federal or State court order extends the time for closing the polls beyond the time period established by State law and the person votes during the extended time period; ~~or -~~

(4) The voter registered to vote by mail and is required by law to present identification when voting either in person or by absentee ballot, but fails to do so.

(b) The procedure for obtaining and casting a provisional ballot at the polling place shall be as follows:

(1) After first verifying through an examination of the precinct register that the person's address is within the precinct boundaries, an ~~A~~ election judge at the polling place shall notify a person who is entitled to cast

a provisional ballot pursuant to subsection (a) that he or she may cast a provisional ballot in that election. An election judge must accept any information provided by a person who casts a provisional ballot that the person believes supports his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter and qualified to vote in the election. However, if the person's residence address is outside the precinct boundaries, the election judge shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate the polling place assigned to serve that address, and instruct the person to go to the proper polling place to vote.

(2) The person shall execute a written form provided by the election judge that shall state or contain all of the following that is available:

(i) an affidavit stating the following:

State of Illinois, County of, Township, Precinct, Ward, I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that: I am a citizen of the United States; I am 18 years of age or older; I have resided in this State and in this precinct for 30 days preceding this election; I have not voted in this election; I am a duly registered voter in every respect; and I am eligible to vote in this election. Signature Printed Name of Voter Printed Residence Address of Voter City State Zip Code Telephone Number Date of Birth and Illinois Driver's License Number or Last 4 digits of Social Security Number or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Illinois Secretary of State.....

~~(ii) Written instruction stating the following:~~

~~In order to expedite the verification of your voter registration status, the (insert name of county clerk of board of election commissioners here) requests that you include your phone number and both the last four digits of your social security number and your driver's license number or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Secretary of State. At minimum, you are required to include either (A) your driver's license number or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Secretary of State or (B) the last 4 digits of your social security number.~~

~~(ii) (iii)~~ A box for the election judge to check one of the ~~4~~ 3 reasons why the person was given a provisional ballot under subsection (a) of Section 18A-5.

~~(iii) (iv)~~ An area for the election judge to affix his or her signature and to set forth any

facts that support or oppose the allegation that the person is not qualified to vote in the precinct in which the person is seeking to vote.

The written affidavit form described in this subsection (b)(2) must be printed on a multi-part form prescribed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be.

(3) After the person executes the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(i) of this Section, the election judge shall complete the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(iii) and (b)(2)(iv).

(4) The election judge shall give a copy of the completed written affidavit to the person. The election judge shall place the original written affidavit in a self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelope that must be attached to a separate envelope marked as a "provisional ballot envelope". The election judge shall also place any information provided by the person who casts a provisional ballot in the clear plastic packing list envelope. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must design, obtain or procure self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelopes and provisional ballot envelopes that are suitable for implementing this subsection (b)(4) of this Section.

(5) The election judge shall provide the person with a provisional ballot, written instructions for casting a provisional ballot, and the provisional ballot envelope with the clear plastic packing list envelope affixed to it, which contains the person's original written affidavit and, if any, information provided by the provisional voter to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. An election judge must also give the person written information that states that any person who casts a provisional ballot shall be able to ascertain, pursuant to guidelines established by the State Board of Elections, whether the provisional vote was counted in the official canvass of votes for that election and, if the provisional vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted.

(6) After the person has completed marking his or her provisional ballot, he or she shall place the marked ballot inside of the provisional ballot envelope, close and seal the envelope, and return the envelope to an election judge, who shall then deposit the sealed provisional ballot envelope into a securable container separately identified and utilized for containing sealed provisional ballot envelopes. Ballots that are provisional because they are cast after 7:00 p.m. by court order shall be kept separate from other provisional ballots. Upon the closing of the polls, the securable container shall be sealed with filament tape provided for that purpose, which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and each of the election judges shall sign the seal.

(c) Instead of the affidavit form described in subsection (b), the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, may design and use a multi-part affidavit form that is imprinted upon or attached to the provisional ballot envelope described in subsection (b). If a county clerk or board of election commissioners elects to design and use its own multi-part affidavit form, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish a mechanism for accepting any information the provisional voter has supplied to the election judge to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. In all other respects, a county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish procedures consistent with subsection (b).

(d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall use the completed affidavit form described in subsection (b) to update the person's voter registration information in the State voter registration database and voter registration database of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be. If a person is later determined not to be a registered voter based on Section 18A-15 of this Code, then the affidavit shall be processed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, as a voter registration application.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 93-1071)

Sec. 18A-5. Provisional voting; general provisions.

(a) A person who claims to be a registered voter is entitled to cast a provisional ballot under the following circumstances:

(1) The person's name does not appear on the official list of eligible voters for the precinct in which the person seeks to vote. The official list is the centralized statewide voter registration list established and maintained in accordance with Section 1A-25;

(2) The person's voting status has been challenged by an election judge, a pollwatcher, or any legal voter and that challenge has been sustained by a majority of the election judges; ~~or~~

(3) A federal or State court order extends the time for closing the polls beyond the time period established by State law and the person votes during the extended time period; or -

(4) The voter registered to vote by mail and is required by law to present identification when voting

either in person or by absentee ballot, but fails to do so.

(b) The procedure for obtaining and casting a provisional ballot at the polling place shall be as follows:

(1) After first verifying through an examination of the precinct register that the person's address is within the precinct boundaries, an ~~A~~ election judge at the polling place shall notify a person who is entitled to cast

a provisional ballot pursuant to subsection (a) that he or she may cast a provisional ballot in that election. An election judge must accept any information provided by a person who casts a provisional ballot that the person believes supports his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter and qualified to vote in the election. However, if the person's residence address is outside the precinct boundaries, the election judge shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate the polling place assigned to serve that address, and instruct the person to go to the proper polling place to vote.

(2) The person shall execute a written form provided by the election judge that shall state or contain all of the following that is available:

(i) an affidavit stating the following:

State of Illinois, County of, Township, Precinct, Ward, I,, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that: I am a citizen of the United States; I am 18 years of age or older; I have resided in this State and in this precinct for 30 days preceding this election; I have not voted in this election; I am a duly registered voter in every respect; and I am eligible to vote in this election. Signature Printed Name of Voter Printed Residence Address of Voter City State Zip Code Telephone Number Date of Birth and Illinois Driver's License Number or Last 4 digits of Social Security Number or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Illinois Secretary of State.....

~~(ii) Written instruction stating the following:~~

~~In order to expedite the verification of your voter registration status, the (insert name of county clerk of board of election commissioners here) requests that you include your phone number and both the last four digits of your social security number and your driver's license number or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Secretary of State. At minimum, you are required to include either (A) your driver's license number or State Identification Card Number issued to you by the Secretary of State or (B) the last 4 digits of your social security number.~~

~~(ii) (iii)~~ A box for the election judge to check one of the 3 reasons why the person was given a provisional ballot under subsection (a) of Section 18A-5.

~~(iii) (iv)~~ An area for the election judge to affix his or her signature and to set forth any facts that support or oppose the allegation that the person is not qualified to vote in the precinct in which the person is seeking to vote.

The written affidavit form described in this subsection (b)(2) must be printed on a multi-part form prescribed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be.

(3) After the person executes the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(i) of this Section, the election judge shall complete the portion of the written affidavit described in subsection (b)(2)(iii) and (b)(2)(iv).

(4) The election judge shall give a copy of the completed written affidavit to the person. The election judge shall place the original written affidavit in a self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelope that must be attached to a separate envelope marked as a "provisional ballot envelope". The election judge shall also place any information provided by the person who casts a provisional ballot in the clear plastic packing list envelope. Each county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, must design, obtain or procure self-adhesive clear plastic packing list envelopes and provisional ballot envelopes that are suitable for implementing this subsection (b)(4) of this Section.

(5) The election judge shall provide the person with a provisional ballot, written instructions for casting a provisional ballot, and the provisional ballot envelope with the clear plastic packing list envelope affixed to it, which contains the person's original written affidavit and, if any, information provided by the provisional voter to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. An election judge must also give the person written information that states that any person who casts a provisional ballot shall be able to ascertain, pursuant to guidelines established by the State Board of Elections, whether the provisional vote was counted in the official canvass of votes for that election and, if the provisional vote was not counted, the reason that the vote was not counted.

(6) After the person has completed marking his or her provisional ballot, he or she shall place the marked ballot inside of the provisional ballot envelope, close and seal the envelope, and return the envelope to an

election judge, who shall then deposit the sealed provisional ballot envelope into a securable container separately identified and utilized for containing sealed provisional ballot envelopes. Ballots that are provisional because they are cast after 7:00 p.m. by court order shall be kept separate from other provisional ballots. Upon the closing of the polls, the securable container shall be sealed with filament tape provided for that purpose, which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and each of the election judges shall sign the seal.

(c) Instead of the affidavit form described in subsection (b), the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, may design and use a multi-part affidavit form that is imprinted upon or attached to the provisional ballot envelope described in subsection (b). If a county clerk or board of election commissioners elects to design and use its own multi-part affidavit form, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish a mechanism for accepting any information the provisional voter has supplied to the election judge to support his or her claim that he or she is a duly registered voter. In all other respects, a county clerk or board of election commissioners shall establish procedures consistent with subsection (b).

(d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall use the completed affidavit form described in subsection (b) to update the person's voter registration information in the State voter registration database and voter registration database of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be. If a person is later determined not to be a registered voter based on Section 18A-15 of this Code, then the affidavit shall be processed by the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, as a voter registration application.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-1071, eff. 6-1-05.)

(10 ILCS 5/18A-15)

Sec. 18A-15. Validating and counting provisional ballots.

(a) The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall complete the validation and counting of provisional ballots within 14 calendar days of the day of the election. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall have 7 calendar days from the completion of the validation and counting of provisional ballots to conduct its final canvass. The State Board of Elections shall complete within 31 calendar days of the election or sooner if all the returns are received, its final canvass of the vote for all public offices.

(b) If a county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that all of the following apply, then a provisional ballot is valid and shall be counted as a vote:

(1) The provisional voter cast the provisional ballot in the correct precinct based on the address provided by the provisional voter. The provisional voter's affidavit shall serve as a change of address request by that voter for registration purposes for the next ensuing election if it bears an address different from that in the records of the election authority;

(2) The affidavit executed by the provisional voter pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of Section 18A-5 contains, at a minimum, the provisional voter's first and last name, house number and street name, and signature or mark 18A-10 is properly executed; and

(3) the provisional voter is a registered voter based on information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners provided by or obtained from any of the following:

- i. the provisional voter;
- ii. an election judge;
- iii. the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections;
- iv. the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners' database; or
- v. the records of the Secretary of State.

(c) With respect to subsection (b)(3) of this Section, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall investigate and record whether or not the specified ~~each of the 5 types of~~ information is available from each of the 5 identified sources ~~and record whether this information is or is not available. If the one or more types of information is available from one or more of the identified sources,~~ then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall seek to obtain the all-relevant information from each of those sources until satisfied, with information from at least one of those sources, that the provisional voter is registered and entitled to vote all sources identified in subsection (b)(3). The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall use any information it obtains as the basis for determining the voter registration status of the provisional voter. If a conflict exists among the information available to the county clerk or board of election commissioners as to the registration status of the provisional voter, then the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall make a determination based on the totality of the circumstances. In a case

where the above information equally supports or opposes the registration status of the voter, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall decide in favor of the provisional voter as being duly registered to vote. If the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the county clerk's or board of election commissioners' voter registration database indicates that the provisional voter is not registered to vote, then the information found in the statewide voter registration database shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners indicates that the provisional voter is registered to vote, but the statewide voter registration database maintained by the State Board of Elections indicates that the provisional voter is not registered to vote, then the information found in the records of the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall control the matter and the provisional voter shall be deemed to be registered to vote. If the provisional voter's signature on his or her provisional ballot request varies from the signature on an otherwise valid registration application solely because of the substitution of initials for the first or middle name, the election authority may not reject the provisional ballot.

(d) In validating the registration status of a person casting a provisional ballot, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require a provisional voter to complete any form other than the affidavit executed by the provisional voter under subsection (b)(2) of Section 18A-5. In addition, the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall not require all provisional voters or any particular class or group of provisional voters to appear personally before the county clerk or board of election commissioners or as a matter of policy require provisional voters to submit additional information to verify or otherwise support the information already submitted by the provisional voter. The provisional voter may, within 2 calendar days after the election, submit additional information to the county clerk or board of election commissioners. This information must be received by the county clerk or board of election commissioners within the 2-calendar-day period.

(e) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that subsection (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) does not apply, then the provisional ballot is not valid and may not be counted. The provisional ballot envelope containing the ballot cast by the provisional voter may not be opened. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall write on the provisional ballot envelope the following: "Provisional ballot determined invalid."

(f) If the county clerk or board of election commissioners determines that a provisional ballot is valid under this Section, then the provisional ballot envelope shall be opened. The outside of each provisional ballot envelope shall also be marked to identify the precinct and the date of the election.

(g) The provisional ballots determined to be valid shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts from which they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened. The county clerk or board of election commissioners may, in the alternative, create a separate provisional-voter precinct for the purpose of counting and recording provisional ballots and adding the recorded votes to its official canvass. The validation and counting of provisional ballots shall be subject to the provisions of this Code that apply to pollwatchers. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of a punch card voting system, then the provisional ballot shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24A. If the provisional ballots are a ballot of optical scan or other type of approved electronic voting system, then the provisional ballots shall be counted in a manner consistent with Article 24B.

(h) As soon as the ballots have been counted, the election judges or election officials shall, in the presence of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, place each of the following items in a separate envelope or bag: (1) all provisional ballots, voted or spoiled; (2) all provisional ballot envelopes of provisional ballots voted or spoiled; and (3) all executed affidavits of the provisional ballots voted or spoiled. All provisional ballot envelopes for provisional voters who have been determined not to be registered to vote shall remain sealed. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall treat the provisional ballot envelope containing the written affidavit as a voter registration application for that person for the next election and process that application. The election judges or election officials shall then securely seal each envelope or bag, initial the envelope or bag, and plainly mark on the outside of the envelope or bag in ink the precinct in which the provisional ballots were cast. The election judges or election officials shall then place each sealed envelope or bag into a box, secure and seal it in the same manner as described in item (6) of subsection (b) of Section 18A-5. Each election judge or election official shall take and subscribe an oath before the county clerk or board of election commissioners that the election judge or election official securely kept the ballots and papers in the box, did not permit any person to open the box or otherwise touch or tamper with the ballots and papers in the box, and has no knowledge of any other person opening the box. For purposes of this Section, the term "election official" means the county

clerk, a member of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, and their respective employees.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/19-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2.1)

Sec. 19-2.1. At the consolidated primary, general primary, consolidated, and general elections, electors entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the provisions of Section 19-1 may vote in person at the office of the municipal clerk, if the elector is a resident of a municipality not having a board of election commissioners, or at the office of the township clerk or, in counties not under township organization, at the office of the road district clerk if the elector is not a resident of a municipality; provided, in each case that the municipal, township or road district clerk, as the case may be, is authorized to conduct in-person absentee voting pursuant to this Section. Absentee voting in such municipal and township clerk's offices under this Section shall be conducted from the 22nd day through the day before the election.

Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have regularly scheduled working hours at regularly designated offices other than a place of residence and whose offices are open for business during the same hours as the office of the election authority shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly scheduled working hours but who have regularly designated offices other than a place of residence shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections during the hours of 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on Saturdays, but not during such hours as the office of the election authority is closed, unless the clerk files a written waiver with the election authority not later than July 1 of each year stating that he or she is unable to conduct such voting and the reasons therefor. Such clerks who conduct in-person absentee voting may extend their hours for that purpose to include any hours in which the election authority's office is open. Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly scheduled office hours and no regularly designated offices other than a place of residence may not conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. The election authority may devise alternative methods for in-person absentee voting before said elections for those precincts located within the territorial area of a municipality or township (or road district) wherein the clerk of such municipality or township (or road district) has waived or is not entitled to conduct such voting. In addition, electors may vote by absentee ballot under the provisions of Section 19-1 at the office of the election authority having jurisdiction over their residence.

In conducting absentee voting under this Section, the respective clerks shall not be required to verify the signature of the absentee voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration record card. However, the clerk shall reasonably ascertain the identity of such applicant, shall verify that each such applicant is a registered voter, and shall verify the precinct in which he or she is registered and the proper ballots of the political subdivisions in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote, prior to providing any absentee ballot to such applicant. The clerk shall verify the applicant's registration and from the most recent poll list provided by the county clerk, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list then by telephoning the office of the county clerk.

Absentee voting procedures in the office of the municipal, township and road district clerks shall be subject to all of the applicable provisions of this Article 19. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe in-person absentee voting procedures and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, at the office of the municipal, township or road district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, except each candidate, political party or organization of citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location where in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois and possess valid pollwatcher credentials. All requirements in this Article applicable to election authorities shall apply to the respective local clerks, except where inconsistent with this Section.

The sealed absentee ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the respective clerks, or by the election authority on behalf of a clerk if the clerk and the election authority agree, to the proper polling place before the close of the polls on the day of the general primary, consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election.

Not more than 23 days before the nonpartisan, general and consolidated elections, the county clerk shall make available to those municipal, township and road district clerks conducting in-person absentee voting within such county, a sufficient number of applications, absentee ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for use by absentee voters in the offices of such clerks. The respective clerks shall receipt for all ballots received, shall return all unused or spoiled ballots to the county clerk on the day of the

election and shall strictly account for all ballots received.

The ballots delivered to the respective clerks shall include absentee ballots for each precinct in the municipality, township or road district, or shall include such separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum on that election day as will permit any resident of the municipality, township or road district to vote absentee in the office of the proper clerk.

The clerks of all municipalities, townships and road districts may distribute applications for absentee ballot for the use of voters who wish to mail such applications to the appropriate election authority. Such applications for absentee ballots shall be made on forms provided by the election authority. Duplication of such forms by the municipal, township or road district clerk is prohibited.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/19-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-4)

Sec. 19-4. Mailing or delivery of ballots - Time.) Immediately upon the receipt of such application either by mail, not more than 40 days nor less than 5 days prior to such election, or by personal delivery not more than 40 days nor less than one day prior to such election, at the office of such election authority, it shall be the duty of such election authority to examine the records to ascertain whether or not such applicant is lawfully entitled to vote as requested, and if found so to be, to post within one business day thereafter the name, street address, ward and precinct number or township and district number, as the case may be, of such applicant given on a list, the pages of which are to be numbered consecutively to be kept by such election authority for such purpose in a conspicuous, open and public place accessible to the public at the entrance of the office of such election authority, and in such a manner that such list may be viewed without necessity of requesting permission therefor. Within one business day after posting the name and other information of an applicant for an absentee ballot, the election authority shall transmit that name and other posted information to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain those names and other information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. ~~and~~ Within 2 business days after posting a name and other information on the list within its office, the election authority shall thereafter to mail, postage prepaid, or deliver in person in such office an official ballot or ballots if more than one are to be voted at said election. Mail delivery of Temporarily Absent Student ballot applications pursuant to Section 19-12.3 shall be by nonforwardable mail. However, for the consolidated election, absentee ballots for certain precincts may be delivered to applicants not less than 25 days before the election if so much time is required to have prepared and printed the ballots containing the names of persons nominated for offices at the consolidated primary. The election authority shall enclose with each absentee ballot or application written instructions on how voting assistance shall be provided pursuant to Section 17-14 and a document, written and approved by the State Board of Elections, enumerating the circumstances under which a person is authorized to vote by absentee ballot pursuant to this Article; such document shall also include a statement informing the applicant that if he or she falsifies or is solicited by another to falsify his or her eligibility to cast an absentee ballot, such applicant or other is subject to penalties pursuant to Section 29-10 and Section 29-20 of the Election Code. Each election authority shall maintain a list of the name, street address, ward and precinct, or township and district number, as the case may be, of all applicants who have returned absentee ballots to such authority, and the name of such absent voter shall be added to such list within one business day from receipt of such ballot. If the absentee ballot envelope indicates that the voter was assisted in casting the ballot, the name of the person so assisting shall be included on the list. The list, the pages of which are to be numbered consecutively, shall be kept by each election authority in a conspicuous, open, and public place accessible to the public at the entrance of the office of the election authority and in a manner that the list may be viewed without necessity of requesting permission for viewing.

Each election authority shall maintain a list for each election of the voters to whom it has issued absentee ballots. The list shall be maintained for each precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority. Prior to the opening of the polls on election day, the election authority shall deliver to the judges of election in each precinct the list of registered voters in that precinct to whom absentee ballots have been issued by mail.

Each election authority shall maintain a list for each election of voters to whom it has issued temporarily absent student ballots. The list shall be maintained for each election jurisdiction within which such voters temporarily abide. Immediately after the close of the period during which application may be made by mail for absentee ballots, each election authority shall mail to each other election authority within the State a certified list of all such voters temporarily abiding within the jurisdiction of the other election authority.

In the event that the return address of an application for ballot by a physically incapacitated elector is that of a facility licensed or certified under the Nursing Home Care Act, within the jurisdiction of the

election authority, and the applicant is a registered voter in the precinct in which such facility is located, the ballots shall be prepared and transmitted to a responsible judge of election no later than 9 a.m. on the Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the election as designated by the election authority under Section 19-12.2. Such judge shall deliver in person on the designated day the ballot to the applicant on the premises of the facility from which application was made. The election authority shall by mail notify the applicant in such facility that the ballot will be delivered by a judge of election on the designated day.

All applications for absentee ballots shall be available at the office of the election authority for public inspection upon request from the time of receipt thereof by the election authority until 30 days after the election, except during the time such applications are kept in the office of the election authority pursuant to Section 19-7, and except during the time such applications are in the possession of the judges of election. (Source: P.A. 89-653, eff. 8-14-96; 90-101, eff. 7-11-97.)

(10 ILCS 5/19-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-10)

Sec. 19-10. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe in-person absentee voting procedures and view all reasonably requested records relating to the conduct of the election, provided the secrecy of the ballot is not impinged, at the office of the election authority as well as at municipal, township or road district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, except each candidate, political party or organization of citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location where in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers must be registered to vote in Illinois and possess valid pollwatcher credentials.

In the polling place on election day, pollwatchers shall be permitted to be present during the casting of the absent voters' ballots and the vote of any absent voter may be challenged for cause the same as if he were present and voted in person, and the judges of the election or a majority thereof shall have power and authority to hear and determine the legality of such ballot; Provided, however, that if a challenge to any absent voter's right to vote is sustained, notice of the same must be given by the judges of election by mail addressed to the voter's place of residence.

Where certain absent voters' ballots are counted on the day of the election in the office of the election authority as provided in Section 19-8 of this Act, each political party, candidate and qualified civic organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned. Such pollwatchers shall be subject to the same provisions as are provided for pollwatchers in Sections 7-34 and 17-23 of this Code, and shall be permitted to observe the election judges making the signature comparison between that which is on the ballot envelope and that which is on the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/Art. 19A heading new)

EARLY VOTING BY PERSONAL APPEARANCE

(10 ILCS 5/19A-5 new)

Sec. 19A-5. Issuance of ballots; voting booths.

(a) If a request is made to vote early by a registered voter in person, the election authority shall issue a ballot for early voting to the voter. The ballot must be voted on the premises of the election authority, except as otherwise provided in this Article, and returned to the election authority.

(b) On the dates for early voting prescribed in Section 19A-15, each election authority shall provide voting booths, with suitable equipment for voting, on the premises of the election authority and any other early voting polling place for use by registered voters who are issued ballots for early voting in accordance with this Article.

(c) The election authority must maintain a list for each election of the voters to whom it has issued early ballots. The list must be maintained for each precinct within the election authority's jurisdiction. Before the opening of the polls on election day, the election authority shall deliver to the judges of election in each precinct the list of registered voters who have voted by early ballot.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-10 new)

Sec. 19A-10. Permanent polling places for early voting.

(a) An election authority may establish permanent polling places for early voting by personal appearance at locations throughout the election authority's jurisdiction, including but not limited to a municipal clerk's office, a township clerk's office, a road district clerk's office, or a county or local public agency office. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), any person entitled to vote early by personal appearance may do so at any polling place established for early voting.

(b) If it is impractical for the election authority to provide at each polling place for early voting a ballot in every form required in the election authority's jurisdiction, the election authority may:

(1) provide appropriate forms of ballots to the office of the municipal clerk in a municipality not having a board of election commissioners; the township clerk; or in counties not under township organization, the road district clerk; and

(2) limit voting at that polling place to registered voters in that municipality, ward or group of wards, township, or road district.

If the early voting polling place does not have the correct ballot form for a person seeking to vote early, the election judge or election official conducting early voting at that polling place shall inform the person of that fact, give the person the appropriate telephone number of the election authority in order to locate an early voting polling place with the correct ballot form for use in that person's assigned precinct, and instruct the person to go to the proper early voting polling place to vote early.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-15 new)

Sec. 19A-15. Period for early voting; hours.

(a) The period for early voting by personal appearance begins the 22nd day preceding a general primary, consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election and extends through the 5th day before election day.

(b) A permanent polling place for early voting must remain open during the hours of 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., on weekdays and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-20 new)

Sec. 19A-20. Temporary branch polling places.

(a) In addition to permanent polling places for early voting, the election authority may establish temporary branch polling places for early voting.

(b) The provisions of subsection (b) of Section 19A-15 do not apply to a temporary polling place. Voting at a temporary branch polling place may be conducted on any one or more days and during any hours within the period for early voting by personal appearance that are determined by the election authority.

(c) The schedules for conducting voting do not need to be uniform among the temporary branch polling places.

(d) The legal rights and remedies which inure to the owner or lessor of private property are not impaired or otherwise affected by the leasing of the property for use as a temporary branch polling place for early voting, except to the extent necessary to conduct early voting at that location.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-25 new)

Sec. 19A-25. Schedule of locations and times for early voting.

(a) The election authority shall publish during the week before the period for early voting and at least once each week during the period for early voting in a newspaper of general circulation in the election authority's jurisdiction a schedule stating:

(1) the location of each permanent and temporary polling place for early voting and the precincts served by each location; and

(2) the dates and hours that early voting will be conducted at each location.

(b) The election authority shall post a copy of the schedule at any office or other location that is to be used as a polling place for early voting. The schedule must be posted continuously for a period beginning not later than the 5th day before the first day of the period for early voting by personal appearance and ending on the last day of that period.

(c) The election authority must make copies of the schedule available to the public in reasonable quantities without charge during the period of posting.

(d) If the election authority maintains a website, it shall make the schedule available on its website.

(e) No additional polling places for early voting may be established after the schedule is published under this Section.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-25.5 new)

Sec. 19A-25.5. Voting machines, automatic tabulating equipment, and precinct tabulation optical scan technology voting equipment.

(a) In all jurisdictions in which voting machines are used, the provisions of this Code that are not inconsistent with this Article relating to the furnishing of ballot boxes, printing and furnishing ballots and supplies, the canvassing of ballots, and the making of returns, apply with full force and effect to the extent necessary to make this Article effective, provided that the number of ballots to be printed shall be in the discretion of the election authority, and provided further that early ballots shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.

(b) If the election authority has adopted the use of automatic tabulating equipment under Article 24A of this Code, and the provisions of that Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 19A, the

provisions of Article 24A shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of election, and all employees and agents; provided that early ballots shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.

(c) If the election authority has adopted the use of precinct tabulation optical scan technology voting equipment under Article 24B of this Code, and the provisions of that Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 19A, the provisions of Article 24B shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of election, and all employees and agents; provided that early ballots shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.

(d) If the election authority has adopted the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C of this Code, and the provisions of that Article are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 19A, the provisions of Article 24C shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of election, and all employees and agents; provided that early ballots shall not be counted until after the polls are closed on election day.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-30 new)

Sec. 19A-30. Persons conducting early voting.

(a) The election authority (i) must use election judges to conduct early voting at an early voting polling place or (ii) must appoint an employee or, if appropriate, designate a municipal clerk, township clerk, or road district clerk to serve as the election official in charge of a polling place for early voting.

(b) If the election authority uses an employee or designates a municipal, township, or road district clerk under subsection (a), then the election authority may also appoint as many additional election officials as it deems necessary for the proper conduct of the election.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-35 new)

Sec. 19A-35. Procedure for voting.

(a) Not more than 23 days before the start of early voting, the county clerk shall make available to the election authority conducting early voting by personal appearance a sufficient number of early ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for the use of early voters. The election authority shall receipt for all ballots received and shall return unused or spoiled ballots at the close of the early voting period to the county clerk and must strictly account for all ballots received. The ballots delivered to the election authority must include early ballots for each precinct in the election authority's jurisdiction and must include separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum at that election.

(b) In conducting early voting under this Article, the election judge or official is not required to verify the signature of the early voter by comparison with the signature on the official registration card, however, the judge or official must verify (i) the identity of the applicant, (ii) that the applicant is a registered voter, (iii) the precinct in which the applicant is registered, and (iv) the proper ballots of the political subdivision in which the applicant resides and is entitled to vote before providing an early ballot to the applicant. The applicant's identity must be verified by the applicant's presentation of an Illinois driver's license, a non-driver identification card issued by the Illinois Secretary of State, or another government-issued identification document containing the applicant's photograph. The election judge or official must verify the applicant's registration from the most recent poll list provided by the election authority, and if the applicant is not listed on that poll list, by telephoning the office of the election authority.

(c) The sealed early ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the election authority to the proper polling place before the close of the polls on the day of the election.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-40 new)

Sec. 19A-40. Enclosure of ballots in envelope. It is the duty of the election judge or official to fold the ballot or ballots in the manner specified by the statute for folding ballots prior to their deposit in the ballot box, and to enclose the ballot or ballots in an envelope unsealed to be furnished by him or her, which envelope shall bear upon the face thereof the name, official title, and post office address of the election authority, and upon the other side a printed certification in substantially the following form:

I state that I am a resident of the precinct of the (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward in the city of residing at in that city or town in the county of and State of Illinois, that I have lived at that address for months last past; that I am lawfully entitled to vote in that precinct at the election to be held on

*fill in either (1), (2) or (3).

I further state that I personally marked the enclosed ballot in secret.

Under penalties of perjury as provided by law pursuant to Section 29-10 of the Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the statements set forth in this certification are true and correct.

If the ballot enclosed is to be voted at a primary election, the certification shall designate the name of the political party with which the voter is affiliated.

In addition to the above, the election authority shall provide printed slips giving full instructions regarding the manner of marking and returning the ballot in order that the same may be counted, and shall furnish one of the printed slips to each of such applicants at the same time the ballot is delivered to him or her. The instructions shall include the following statement: "In signing the certification on the early ballot envelope, you are attesting that you personally marked this early ballot in secret. If you are physically unable to mark the ballot, a friend or relative may assist you. Federal and State laws prohibit your employer, your employer's agent, or an officer or agent of your union from assisting physically disabled voters."

In addition to the above, if a ballot to be provided to a voter pursuant to this Section contains a public question described in subsection (b) of Section 28-6 and the territory concerning which the question is to be submitted is not described on the ballot due to the space limitations of the ballot, the election authority shall provide a printed copy of a notice of the public question, which shall include a description of the territory in the manner required by Section 16-7. The notice shall be furnished to the voter at the same time the ballot is delivered to the voter.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-45 new)

Sec. 19A-45. Certification. The voter shall make and subscribe the certification provided for on the return envelope of the ballot, and the ballot or ballots shall be folded by the voter in the manner required to be folded before depositing the ballot in the ballot box, and shall be deposited in the envelope and the envelope securely sealed. The voter shall then endorse his or her certificate on the back of the envelope and the envelope shall be returned to the election judge or official conducting the early voting.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-50 new)

Sec. 19A-50. Receipt of ballots. Upon receipt of the voter's ballot, the election judge or official shall enclose the unopened ballot in a large or carrier envelope that shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of the election judge or official and the words, "This envelope contains a ballot and must be opened on election day", together with the number and description of the precinct in which the ballot is to be voted, and the election authority shall safely keep the envelope in its office until delivered to the judges of election as provided in Section 19A-35.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-55 new)

Sec. 19A-55. Casting the ballots. At the close of the regular balloting and at the close of the polls the judges of election of each voting precinct shall proceed to cast the early voter's ballot separately, and as each early voter's ballot is taken shall open the outer or carrier envelope, announce the early voter's name, and compare the signature upon the official registration card with the signature upon the certification on the ballot envelope. In case the judges find the certification properly executed, that the signatures correspond, that the applicant is a duly qualified voter in the precinct, and the voter has not been present and voted on the election day, they shall open the envelope containing the early voter's ballot in a manner that does not deface or destroy the certification thereon, or mark or tear the ballots therein and take out the ballot or ballots therein contained without unfolding or permitting the same to be unfolded or examined, and having endorsed the ballot in like manner as other ballots are required to be endorsed, shall deposit the same in the proper ballot box or boxes and enter the early voter's name in the poll book the same as if he or she had voted on election day. The judges shall place the early ballot certification envelopes in a separate envelope as per the direction of the election authority. The envelope containing the early ballot certification envelopes shall be returned to the election authority and preserved in like manner as the official poll record.

In case the signatures do not correspond, or the applicant is not a duly qualified voter in the precinct or the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and resealed, or the voter has voted on election day, the previously cast vote shall not be allowed, but without opening the early voter's envelope the judge of the election shall mark across the face thereof, "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.

In case the ballot envelope contains more than one ballot of any kind, the ballots shall not be counted, but shall be marked "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.

The early voters' envelopes and affidavits and the early voters' envelope with its contents unopened, when the early vote is rejected, shall be retained and preserved in the manner as now provided for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at the election.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-60 new)

Sec. 19A-60. Pollwatchers. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe early voting by personal appearance at each permanent and temporary polling place where early voting is conducted. The

pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, except that each candidate, political party, or organization of citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location where early voting by personal appearance is conducted. Pollwatchers must be residents of the State and possess valid pollwatcher credentials.

In the polling place on election day, pollwatchers are permitted to be present during the casting of the early ballots and the vote of an early voter may be challenged for cause the same as if the voter were present and voted on election day. The judges of election or election authority personnel conducting early voting, or a majority of either of these, have the power and authority to hear and determine the legality of the early ballot, provided that if a challenge to any early voter's right to vote is sustained, notice of the challenge must be given by the judges of election or election authority by mail addressed to the voter's place of residence.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-65 new)

Sec. 19A-65. Death of voter before opening of polls. Whenever due proof is made to the judges of election or election authority personnel counting early ballots that any voter who has marked an early ballot as provided in this Article has died before the opening of the polls on the date of the election, the ballot of the deceased voter shall be returned in the same manner provided for rejected ballots; but the casting of the ballot of a deceased voter shall not invalidate the election.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-70 new)

Sec. 19A-70. Advertising or campaigning in proximity of polling place; penalty. During the period prescribed in Section 19A-15 for early voting by personal appearance, no advertising pertaining to any candidate or proposition to be voted on may be displayed in or within 100 feet of any polling place used by voters under this Article. No person may engage in electioneering in or within 100 feet of any polling place used by voters under this Article. The provisions of Section 17-29 with respect to establishment of a campaign free zone apply to polling places under this Article.

Any person who violates this Section may be punished for contempt of court.

(10 ILCS 5/19A-75 new)

Sec. 19A-75. Early voting in jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C. Election authorities that have adopted for use Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems under Article 24C may either use those voting systems to conduct early voting or, so long as at least one Direct Recording Electronic Voting System device is available at each early voting polling place, use whatever method the election authority uses for absentee balloting conducted by mail; provided that no early ballots are counted before the polls close on election day.

(10 ILCS 5/20-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-4)

Sec. 20-4. Immediately upon the receipt of the official postcard or an application as provided in Section 20-3 within the times heretofore prescribed, the election authority shall ascertain whether or not such applicant is legally entitled to vote as requested. If the election authority ascertains that the applicant is lawfully entitled to vote, it shall enter the name, street address, ward and precinct number of such applicant on a list to be posted in his or its office in a place accessible to the public. Within one business day after posting the name and other information of an applicant for a ballot, the election authority shall transmit that name and posted information to the State Board of Elections, which shall maintain the names and other information in an electronic format on its website, arranged by county and accessible to State and local political committees. As soon as the official ballot is prepared the election authority shall immediately deliver the same to the applicant in person or by mail, in the manner prescribed in Section 20-5.

If any such election authority receives a second or additional application which it believes is from the same person, he or it shall submit it to the chief judge of the circuit court or any judge of that court designated by the chief judge. If the chief judge or his designate determines that the application submitted to him is a second or additional one, he shall so notify the election authority who shall disregard the second or additional application.

The election authority shall maintain a list for each election of the voters to whom it has issued absentee ballots. The list shall be maintained for each precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority. Prior to the opening of the polls on election day, the election authority shall deliver to the judges of election in each precinct the list of registered voters in that precinct to whom absentee ballots have been issued.

(Source: P.A. 81-0155; 81-0953; 81-1509.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-1) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-1)

Sec. 22-1. Abstracts of votes. Within 21 days after the close of the election at which candidates for offices hereinafter named in this Section are voted upon, the county clerks of the respective counties, with the assistance of the chairmen of the county central committees of the Republican and Democratic parties

of the county, shall open the returns and make abstracts of the votes on a separate sheet for each of the following:

- A. For Governor and Lieutenant Governor;
- B. For State officers;
- C. For presidential electors;
- D. For United States Senators and Representatives to Congress;
- E. For judges of the Supreme Court;
- F. For judges of the Appellate Court;
- G. For judges of the circuit court;
- H. For Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly;
- I. For State's Attorneys elected from 2 or more counties;
- J. For amendments to the Constitution, and for other propositions submitted to the electors of the entire State;
- K. For county officers and for propositions submitted to the electors of the county only;
- L. For Regional Superintendent of Schools;
- M. For trustees of Sanitary Districts; and
- N. For Trustee of a Regional Board of School Trustees.

Each sheet shall report the returns by precinct or ward.

Multiple originals of each of the sheets shall be prepared and one of each shall be turned over to the chairman of the county central committee of each of the then existing established political parties, as defined in Section 10-2, or his duly authorized representative immediately after the completion of the entries on the sheets and before the totals have been compiled.

The foregoing abstracts shall be preserved by the county clerk in his office.

Whenever any county chairman is also county clerk or whenever any county chairman is unable to serve as a member of such canvassing board the vice-chairman or secretary of his county central committee, in that order, shall serve in his place as member of such canvassing board; provided, that if none of these persons is able to serve, the county chairman may appoint a member of his county central committee to serve as a member of such canvassing board.

The powers and duties of the county canvassing board are limited to those specified in this Section. In no event shall such canvassing board open any package in which the ballots have been wrapped or any envelope containing "defective" or "objected to" ballots, or in any manner undertake to examine the ballots used in the election, except as provided in Section 22-9.1 or when directed by a court in an election contest. Nor shall such canvassing board call in the precinct judges of election or any other persons to open or recount the ballots.

No person who is shown by the canvassing board's proclamation to have been elected at the consolidated election or general election as a write-in candidate shall take office unless that person has first filed with the certifying office or board a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 or Section 10-5, a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1, and a receipt for filing a statement of economic interests in relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been elected. For officers elected at the consolidated election, the certifying officer shall notify the election authority of the receipt of those documents, and the county clerk shall issue the certification of election under the provisions of Section 22-18.

(Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-5)

Sec. 22-5. Immediately after the completion of the abstracts of votes by precinct or ward, the county clerk shall make 2 correct copies of the abstracts of votes for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Comptroller, Treasurer, Attorney General, both of which said copies he shall envelope and seal up, and endorse upon the envelopes in substance, "Abstracts of votes for State Officers from County"; and shall seal up a copy of each of the abstracts of votes for other officers and amendments to the Constitution and other propositions voted on, and endorse the same so as to show the contents of the package, and address the same to the State Board of Elections. The several packages shall then be placed in one envelope and addressed to the State Board of Elections. The county clerk shall send the sealed envelope addressed to the State Board of Elections via overnight mail so it arrives at the address the following calendar day.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-7)

Sec. 22-7. Canvass of votes; declaration and proclamation of result. The State Board of Elections, shall proceed within 31 days after the election, and sooner if all the returns are received, to canvass the votes

given for United States Senators and Representatives to Congress, State executive officers, judges of the Supreme Court, judges of the Appellate Court, judges of the Circuit Court, Senators, Representatives to the General Assembly, State's Attorneys and Regional Superintendents of Schools elected from 2 or more counties, respectively, and the persons having the highest number of votes for the respective offices shall be declared duly elected, but if it appears that more than the number of persons to be elected have the highest and an equal number of votes for the same office, the electoral board shall decide by lot which of such persons shall be elected; and to each person duly elected, the Governor shall give a certificate of election or commission, as the case may require, and shall cause proclamation to be made of the result of the canvass, and they shall at the same time and in the same manner, canvass the vote cast upon amendments to the Constitution, and upon other propositions submitted to the electors of the entire State; and the Governor shall cause to be made such proclamation of the result of the canvass as the statutes elsewhere provide. The State Board of Elections shall transmit to the State Comptroller a list of the persons elected to the various offices. The State Board of Elections shall also transmit to the Supreme Court the names of persons elected to judgeships in adversary elections and the names of judges who fail to win retention in office.

No person who is shown by the canvassing board's proclamation to have been elected at the consolidated election or general election as a write-in candidate shall take office unless that person has first filed with the certifying office or board a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 or Section 10-5, a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1, and a receipt for filing a statement of economic interests in relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been elected. For officers elected at the consolidated election, the certifying officer shall notify the election authority of the receipt of those documents, and the county clerk shall issue the certification of election under the provisions of Section 22-18.

(Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-8)

Sec. 22-8. In municipalities operating under Article 6 of this Act, within 21 days after the close of such election, a judge of the circuit court, with the assistance of the city attorney and the board of election commissioners, who are hereby declared a canvassing board for such city, shall open all returns left respectively, with the election commissioners, the county clerk, and city comptroller, and shall make abstracts or statements of the votes in the following manner, as the case may require, viz: All votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor on one sheet; all votes for other State officers on another sheet; all votes for presidential electors on another sheet; all votes for United States Senators and Representatives to Congress on another sheet; all votes for judges of the Supreme Court on another sheet; all votes for judges of the Appellate Court on another sheet; all votes for Judges of the Circuit Court on another sheet; all votes for Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly on another sheet; all votes for State's Attorneys where elected from 2 or more counties on another sheet; all votes for County Officers on another sheet; all votes for City Officers on another sheet; all votes for Town Officers on another sheet; and all votes for any other office on a separate and appropriate sheet; all votes for any proposition, which may be submitted to a vote of the people, on another sheet, and all votes against any proposition, submitted to a vote of the people, on another sheet.

Each sheet shall report the returns by precinct or ward.

Multiple originals of each of the sheets shall be prepared and one of each shall be turned over to the chairman of the county central committee of each of the then existing established political parties, as defined in Section 10-2, or his duly authorized representative immediately after the completion of the entries on the sheets and before the totals have been compiled.

(Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-9)

Sec. 22-9. It shall be the duty of such Board of Canvassers to canvass, and add up and declare the result of every election hereafter held within the boundaries of such city, village or incorporated town, operating under Article 6 of this Act, and the judge of the circuit court shall thereupon enter of record such abstract and result by precinct or ward, and a certified copy of such record shall thereupon be filed with the County Clerk of the county; and such abstracts or results shall be treated, by the County Clerk in all respects, as if made by the Canvassing Board now provided by the foregoing sections of this law, and he shall transmit the same to the State Board of Elections, or other proper officer, as required hereinabove. The county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall send the abstract by precinct or ward and result in a sealed envelope addressed to the State Board of Elections via overnight mail so it arrives at the address the following calendar day. And such abstracts or results so entered and declared by such judge, and a certified copy thereof, shall be treated everywhere within the state, and by all public officers, with the

same binding force and effect as the abstract of votes now authorized by the foregoing provisions of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-15) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-15)

Sec. 22-15. The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall, upon request, and by mail if so requested, furnish free of charge to any candidate for State office, including State Senator and Representative in the General Assembly, and any candidate for congressional office, whose name appeared upon the ballot within the jurisdiction of the county clerk or board of election commissioners, a copy of the abstract of votes by precinct or ward for all candidates for the office for which such person was a candidate. Such abstract shall be furnished no later than 2 days after the receipt of the request or 8 days after the completing of the canvass, whichever is later.

Within one calendar day following the canvass and proclamation of each general primary election and general election, each election authority shall transmit to the principal office of the State Board of Elections copies of the abstracts of votes by precinct or ward ~~for the above named offices and~~ for the offices of ward, township, and precinct committeeman via overnight mail so that the abstract of votes arrives at the address the following calendar day. Each election authority shall also transmit to the principal office of the State Board of Elections copies of current precinct poll lists.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-15.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-15.1)

Sec. 22-15.1. (a) Within 60 days following the canvass of the general election within each election jurisdiction, the election authority shall prepare, in typewritten or legible computer-generated form, a report of the abstracts of votes by precinct for all offices and questions of public policy in connection with which votes were cast within the election jurisdiction at the general election. The report shall include the total number of ballots cast within each precinct or ward and the total number of registered voters within each precinct or ward. The election authority shall provide a copy of the report to the chairman of the county central committee of each established political party in the county within which the election jurisdiction is contained, and shall make a reasonable number of copies of the report available for distribution to the public.

(b) Within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, each election authority shall prepare, in typewritten or legible computer-generated form, a report of the type required by subsection (a) concerning the general election of 1984. The election authority shall provide a copy of the report to the chairman of the county central committee of each established political party in the county in which the election jurisdiction is contained, and shall make a reasonable number of copies of the report available for distribution to the public.

(c) An election authority may charge a fee to reimburse the actual cost of duplicating each copy of a report provided pursuant to subsection (a) or (b).

(Source: P.A. 89-700, eff. 1-17-97.)

(10 ILCS 5/22-17) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-17)

Sec. 22-17. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the canvass of votes cast at the ~~nonpartisan and~~ consolidated election elections shall be conducted by the following canvassing boards within 21 days after the close of such elections:

1. For city offices, by the mayor, the city attorney and the city clerk.
2. For village and incorporated town offices, by the president of the board of trustees, one member of the board of trustees, and the village or incorporated town clerk.
3. For township offices, by the township supervisor, the eligible town trustee elected in the township who has the longest term of continuous service as town trustee, and the township clerk.
4. For road district offices, by the highway commissioner and the road district clerk.
5. For school district or community college district offices, by the school or community college district board.
6. For special district elected offices, by the board of the special district.
7. For multi-county educational service region offices, by the regional board of school trustees.
8. For township trustee of schools or land commissioner, by the township trustees of schools or land commissioners.
9. For park district offices, by the president of the park board, one member of the board of park commissioners and the secretary of the park district.
10. For multi-township assessment districts, by the chairman, clerk, and assessor of

the multi-township assessment district.

(b) The city canvassing board provided in Section 22-8 shall canvass the votes cast at the ~~nonpartisan and consolidated election elections~~ for offices of any political subdivision entirely within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of election commissioners.

(c) The canvass of votes cast upon any public questions submitted to the voters of any political subdivision, or any precinct or combination of precincts within a political subdivision, at any regular election or at any emergency referendum election, including votes cast by voters outside of the political subdivision where the question is for annexation thereto, shall be canvassed by the same board provided for in this Section for the canvass of votes of the officers of such political subdivision. However, referenda conducted throughout a county and referenda of sanitary districts whose officers are elected at general elections shall be canvassed by the county canvassing board. The votes cast on a public question for the formation of a political subdivision shall be canvassed by the circuit court that ordered the question submitted, or by such officers of the court as may be appointed for such purpose, except where in the formation or reorganization of a school district or districts the regional superintendent of schools is designated by law as the canvassing official.

(c-5) No person who is shown by the canvassing board's proclamation to have been elected at the consolidated election or general election as a write-in candidate shall take office unless that person has first filed with the certifying office or board a statement of candidacy pursuant to Section 7-10 or Section 10-5, a statement pursuant to Section 7-10.1, and a receipt for filing a statement of economic interests in relation to the unit of government to which he or she has been elected. For officers elected at the consolidated election, the certifying officer shall notify the election authority of the receipt of those documents, and the county clerk shall issue the certification of election under the provisions of Section 22-18.

(d) The canvass of votes for offices of political subdivisions cast at special elections to fill vacancies held on the day of any regular election shall be conducted by the canvassing board which is responsible for canvassing the votes at the regularly scheduled election for such office.

(e) Abstracts of votes prepared pursuant to canvasses under this Section shall report returns by precinct or ward.

(Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

(10 ILCS 5/23-15.1)

Sec. 23-15.1. Production of ballot counting code and attendance of witnesses. All voting-system vendors shall, within 90 days after the adoption of rules or upon application for voting-system approval, place in escrow all computer code for its voting system with the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules to implement this Section. For purposes of this Section, the term "computer code" includes, but is not limited to, ballot counting source code, table structures, modules, program narratives, and other human readable computer instructions used to count ballots. Any computer code submitted by vendors to the State Board of Elections shall be considered strictly confidential and the intellectual property of the vendors and shall not be subject to public disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

The State Board of Elections shall determine which software components of a voting system it deems necessary to enable the review and verification of the computer. The State Board of Elections shall secure and maintain all proprietary computer codes in strict confidence and shall make a computer code available to authorized persons in connection with an election contest or pursuant to any State or federal court order.

In an election contest, each party to the contest may designate one or more persons who are authorized to receive the computer code of the relevant voting systems. The person or persons authorized to receive the relevant computer code shall enter into a confidentiality agreement with the State Board of Elections and must exercise the highest degree of reasonable care to maintain the confidentiality of all proprietary information.

The State Board of Elections shall promulgate rules to provide for the security, review, and verification of computer codes. Verification includes, but is not limited to, determining that the computer code corresponds to computer instructions actually in use to count ballots. The State Board of Elections shall hire, contract with, or otherwise provide sufficiently qualified resources, both human and capital, to conduct the reviews with the greatest possible expectation of thoroughness, completeness, and effectiveness. The resources shall be independent of and have no business, personal, professional, or other affiliation with any of the system vendors currently or prospectively supplying voting systems to any county in the State of Illinois. Nothing in this Section shall impair the obligation of any contract between a voting-systems vendor and an election authority that provides access to computer code that is equal to or greater than that provided by this Section.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/23-50 new)

Sec. 23-50. Definition of a vote. For the purpose of any recount of votes under this Code, a vote is defined as provided in Sections 7-100, 17-100, 18-100, 24A-22, 24B-9.1, or 24C-10, depending upon the type of voting equipment or system used to cast the vote.

(10 ILCS 5/24A-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-10)

Sec. 24A-10. (1) In an election jurisdiction which has adopted an electronic voting system, the election official in charge of the election shall select one of the 3 following procedures for receiving, counting, tallying, and return of the ballots:

(a) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each polling place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes cast on the electronic voting system; and the second ballot box is for all votes cast on paper ballots, including absentee paper and early paper ballots and any other paper ballots required to be voted other than on the electronic voting system. Ballots, except absentee and early ballots for candidates and propositions which are listed on the electronic voting system, deposited in the second ballot box shall be counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere provided in "The Election Code," as amended, for the counting and handling of paper ballots. Immediately after the closing of the polls the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of "The Election Code," as amended, and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box provided therefor; those entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited therein. Those not entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9. The precinct judges of election shall then open the second ballot box and examine all paper absentee and early ballots which are in the ballot box to determine whether the absentee and early ballots bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any absentee or early ballot is not so initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective," initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under such word "Defective," and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope." The judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee and early ballots which were in such ballot box and properly initialed so as to determine whether the same contain write-in votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for such record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark such paper or early absentee ballot "Objected To" on the back thereof and write on its back the manner in which such ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write-in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee or early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee or early ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots or ballot cards and shall place them in the first ballot box provided for return of the ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee and early ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots."

As soon as the absentee and early ballots have been deposited in the first ballot box, the judges of election shall make out a slip indicating the number of persons who voted in the precinct at the election. Such slip shall be signed by all the judges of election and shall be inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of election shall thereupon immediately lock the first ballot box; provided, that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in such manner that the seal completely covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign such seal. Thereupon two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall forthwith and by the most

direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the electronic tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the two precinct transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, such team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 or more are folded together so as to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots so folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are equal to such excess.

Such excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by the two precinct transport judges and shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective Ballots Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" ballots.

The precinct transport judges shall then examine the remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count and tabulate the write-in vote; or

(b) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. All ballots which are not to be tabulated on the electronic voting system shall be counted, tallied, and returned as elsewhere provided in "The Election Code," as amended, for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the electronic voting system shall be processed as follows:

Immediately after the closing of the polls the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of "The Election Code," as amended, and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9. The precinct judges of election then shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballots therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of "The Election Code." The judges of election shall then examine all paper absentee and early ballots, ballot cards and ballot card envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the paper ballots, ballot cards and ballot card envelopes bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any paper ballot, ballot card or ballot card envelope is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective," initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under such word "Defective," and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope." The judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee and early ballots which were in the ballot box and properly initialed so as to determine whether the same contain write-in votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for such record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark such paper absentee or early ballot "Objected To" on the back thereof and write on its back the manner in which such ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write-in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee and early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee or early ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot," or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots or ballot cards, and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots with all other ballots or ballot cards to be counted at the central counting

location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee and early ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots."

When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot card, before separating the remaining ballot cards from their respective covering envelopes, the judges of election shall examine the ballot card envelopes for write-in votes. When the voter has voted a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot card to determine whether such write-in results in an overvote for any office. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an official ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original ballot card and envelope upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballot cards and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots and their envelopes shall be placed in the "Duplicate Ballots" envelope. Envelopes bearing write-in votes marked in the place designated therefor and bearing the initials of a precinct judge of election and not resulting in an overvote and otherwise complying with the election laws as to marking shall be counted, tallied, and their votes recorded on a tally sheet provided by the election official in charge of the election. The ballot cards and ballot card envelopes shall be separated and all except any defective or overvoted shall be placed separately in the box for return of the ballots, along with all "Duplicate Absentee Ballots," "Duplicate Early Ballots," and "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots." The judges of election shall examine the ballots and ballot cards to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment. If any ballot or ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the two major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct. The original ballot or ballot card and envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot or ballot card so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot," and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot or ballot cards, and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Damaged Ballot" ballots or ballot cards and their envelopes shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the number of voters voting in person, number of absentee votes deposited in the ballot box, and the total number of voters of the precinct who voted at the election shall be made out, signed by all judges of election, and inserted in the box for return of the ballots. The tally sheets recording the write-in votes shall be placed in this box. The judges of election thereupon immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other suitable box furnished for return of the ballots by the election official in charge of the election; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box so as to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if such box is sealed with filament tape as provided herein rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided herein, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Thereupon, 2 of the judges of election, of different major political parties, forthwith shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If, however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at such other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the two major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from such other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political

parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end thereof of each signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots to determine that all seals are intact, and thereupon shall open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the number of ballots so delivered against the total number of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots or ballot cards and deliver them to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges; or

(c) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing of the polls the judges of election shall examine the absentee and early ballots received by the precinct judges of election from the election authority of voters in that precinct to determine that they comply with the provisions of Sections 19-9, 19A-55, 20-8, and 20-9 of the Election Code, as amended, and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box, in accordance with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, 20-8, and 20-9 of the Election Code, as amended, shall be marked "Rejected" and preserved in the manner provided in The Election Code for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at such election. Immediately upon the completion of the absentee and early balloting, the precinct judges of election shall securely lock the ballot box; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, such box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box so as to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if such box is sealed with filament tape as provided herein rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided herein, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Thereupon, 2 of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall forthwith by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed absentee and early ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for some other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at such other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the two major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from such other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of the election from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one or more teams of tally judges who possess the same qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions using paper ballots. The number of such teams shall be determined by the election authority. Each team shall consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the second largest number of members on the county board. At the central counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot and for absentee and early ballot; and, if the same do not agree, the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of the Election Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets which are in the ballot box to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all tally judges immediately under such word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". Write-in votes, not causing an

overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the absentee and early ballot sheet, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded by the central counting location judges on the tally sheet provided for such record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the tally judges shall mark such absentee ballot sheet "Objected To" on the back thereof and write on its back the manner in which such ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(2) Regardless of which procedure described in subsection (1) of this Section is used, the judges of election designated to transport the ballots, properly signed and sealed as provided herein, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the polls close. At the central counting station a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (1) of this Section until the judges transporting the same make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by a team of tally judges at the central counting station, the election judges transporting the same shall take a receipt signed by the election official in charge of the election and stamped with the date and time of acceptance. The election judges whose duty it is to transport any ballots shall, in the event such ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

(Source: P.A. 83-1362.)

(10 ILCS 5/24A-10.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-10.1)

Sec. 24A-10.1. In an election jurisdiction where in-precinct counting equipment is utilized, the following procedures for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply:

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election authority shall be examined to determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of this Act and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9.

The precinct judges of election shall open the ballot box and count the number of ballots therein to determine if such number agrees with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot or, if the same do not agree, the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Act. The judges of election shall then examine all ballot cards and ballot card envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballot cards and ballot card envelopes contain the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot card or ballot card envelope is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective" and not counted. The judges of election shall place an initialed blank official ballot card in the place of the defective ballot card, so that the count of the ballot cards to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment will be the same, and each "Defective Ballot" card and "Replacement" card shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The original "Defective" card shall be placed in the "Defective Ballot Envelope" provided for that purpose.

When an electronic voting system is used which utilizes a ballot card, before separating the remaining ballot cards from their respective covering envelopes, the judges of election shall examine the ballot card envelopes for write-in votes. When the voter has cast a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot card to determine whether such write-in results in an overvote for any office. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter, except for the office overvoted, to a duplicate card. The original ballot card and envelope upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each such "Overvoted Ballot" as well as its "Replacement" shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The "Overvoted

Ballot" card and ballot envelope shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballot" envelope, and the judges of election shall initial the "Replacement" ballot cards and shall place them with the other ballot cards to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment. Envelopes containing write-in votes marked in the place designated therefor and containing the initials of a precinct judge of election and not resulting in an overvote and otherwise complying with the election laws as to marking shall be counted and tallied and their votes recorded on a tally sheet provided by the election authority.

The ballot cards and ballot card envelopes shall be separated in preparation for counting by the automatic tabulating equipment provided for that purpose by the election authority.

Before the ballots are entered into the automatic tabulating equipment, a precinct identification card provided by the election authority shall be entered into the device to ensure that the totals are all zeroes in the count column on the printing unit. A precinct judge of election shall then count the ballots by entering each ballot card into the automatic tabulating equipment, and if any ballot or ballot card is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot card by using the ballot label booklet of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct. The original ballot or ballot card and envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot or ballot card so produced shall be clearly labeled "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot or ballot cards and shall enter the duplicate damaged cards into the automatic tabulating equipment. The "Damaged Ballot" cards shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope; after all ballot cards have been successfully read, the judges of election shall check to make certain that the last number printed by the printing unit is the same as the number of voters making application for ballot in that precinct. The number shall be listed on the "Statement of Ballots" form provided by the election authority.

The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be tabulated; 4 sets shall be attached to the 4 sets of "Certificate of Results" provided by the election authority; one set shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place; and every effort shall be made by the judges of election to provide a set for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place to observe the counting of ballots; but in no case shall the number of sets to be made available to pollwatchers be fewer than 4, chosen by lot by the judges of election. In addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy information from the set which has been posted.

The judges of election shall count all unused ballot cards and enter the number on the "Statement of Ballots". All "Spoiled", "Defective" and "Duplicated" ballot cards shall be counted and the number entered on the "Statement of Ballots".

The precinct judges of election shall select a bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other election materials as instructed by the election authority; provided, however, that such container must first be sealed by the election judges with filament tape provided for such purpose which shall be wrapped around the container lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, in such manner that the ballots cannot be removed from such container without breaking the seal and filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to the container. The election authority shall keep the office of the election authority, or any receiving stations designated by such authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close or until the ballots from all precincts with in-precinct counting equipment within the jurisdiction of the election authority have been returned to the election authority. Ballots returned to the office of the election authority which are not signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges returning the same make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by the election authority, the judges returning the same shall take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped with the time and date of such return. The election judges whose duty it is to return any ballots as herein provided shall, in the event such ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

(Source: P.A. 83-1362.)

(10 ILCS 5/24A-15.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 24A-15.1)

Sec. 24A-15.1. Except as herein provided, discovery recounts and election contests shall be conducted as otherwise provided for in "The Election Code", as amended. The automatic tabulating equipment shall be tested prior to the discovery recount or election contest as provided in Section 24A-9, and then the official

ballots or ballot cards shall be recounted on the automatic tabulating equipment. In addition, (1) the ballot or ballot cards shall be checked for the presence or absence of judges' initials and other distinguishing marks, and (2) the ballots marked "Rejected", "Defective", "Objected to", ~~and~~ "Absentee Ballot" and "Early Ballot" shall be examined to determine the propriety of the such labels, and (3) the "Duplicate Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Early Ballots", "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots" and "Duplicate Damaged Ballots" shall be compared with their respective originals to determine the correctness of the duplicates.

Any person who has filed a petition for discovery recount may request that a redundant count be conducted in those precincts in which the discovery recount is being conducted. The additional costs of such a redundant count shall be borne by the requesting party.

The log of the computer operator and all materials retained by the election authority in relation to vote tabulation and canvass shall be made available for any discovery recount or election contest.

(Source: P.A. 82-1014.)

(10 ILCS 5/24A-22)

Sec. 24A-22. Definition of a vote.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for the purpose of this Article, a person casts a valid vote on a punch card ballot when:

(1) A chad on the card has at least one corner detached from the card;

(2) The fibers of paper on at least one edge of the chad are broken in a way that permits unimpeded light to be seen through the card; or

(3) An indentation on the chad from the stylus or other object is present and indicates a clearly ascertainable intent of the voter to vote based on the totality of the circumstances, including but not limited to any pattern or frequency of indentations on other ballot positions from the same ballot card.

(b) Write-in votes shall be counted in a manner consistent with the existing provisions of this Code.

(c) For purposes of this Section, a "chad" is that portion of a ballot card that a voter punches or perforates with a stylus or other designated marking device to manifest his or her vote for a particular ballot position on a ballot card as defined in subsection (a). ~~Chads shall be removed from ballot cards prior to their processing and tabulation in election jurisdictions that utilize a ballot card as a means of recording votes at an election. Election jurisdictions that utilize a mechanical means or device for chad removal as a component of their tabulation shall use that means or device for chad removal.~~

(d) Prior to the original counting of any punch card ballots, an election judge may not alter a punch card ballot in any manner, including, but not limited to, the removal or manipulation of chads.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/24B-10)

Sec. 24B-10. Receiving, Counting, Tallying and Return of Ballots; Acceptance of Ballots by Election Authority.

(a) In an election jurisdiction which has adopted an electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system, the election official in charge of the election shall select one of the 3 following procedures for receiving, counting, tallying, and return of the ballots:

(1) Two ballot boxes shall be provided for each polling place. The first ballot box is for the depositing of votes cast on the electronic voting system; and the second ballot box is for all votes cast on other ballots, including absentee paper and early paper ballots and any other paper ballots required to be voted other than on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic voting system. Ballots, except absentee and early ballots for candidates and propositions which are listed on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic voting system, deposited in the second ballot box shall be counted, tallied, and returned as is elsewhere provided in this Code for the counting and handling of paper ballots. Immediately after the closing of the polls the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to determine that the ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of this Code and are entitled to be inserted into the counting equipment and deposited into the ballot box provided; those entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited. Those not entitled to be deposited in this ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9. The precinct judges of election shall then open the second ballot box and examine all paper absentee and early ballots which are in the ballot box to determine whether the absentee or early ballots bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any absentee or early ballot is not so initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to the label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope

provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". The judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee and early ballots which were in such ballot box and properly initialed to determine whether the same contain write-in votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark such paper absentee or early ballot "Objected To" on the back and write on its back the manner in which the ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write-in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee and early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent marking device or equivalent ballot, of the precinct to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee or early ballot to an official ballot or a ballot card of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot card so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the first ballot box provided for return of the ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee and early ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots".

As soon as the absentee and early ballots have been deposited in the first ballot box, the judges of election shall make out a slip indicating the number of persons who voted in the precinct at the election. The slip shall be signed by all the judges of election and shall be inserted by them in the first ballot box. The judges of election shall thereupon immediately lock the first ballot box; provided, that if the box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose that shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in a manner that the seal completely covers the slot in the ballot box, and each of the judges shall sign the seal. Two of the judges of election, of different political parties, shall by the most direct route transport both ballot boxes to the counting location designated by the county clerk or board of election commissioners.

Before the ballots of a precinct are fed to the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment, the first ballot box shall be opened at the central counting station by the 2 precinct transport judges. Upon opening a ballot box, the team shall first count the number of ballots in the box. If 2 or more are folded together to appear to have been cast by the same person, all of the ballots folded together shall be marked and returned with the other ballots in the same condition, as near as may be, in which they were found when first opened, but shall not be counted. If the remaining ballots are found to exceed the number of persons voting in the precinct as shown by the slip signed by the judges of election, the ballots shall be replaced in the box, and the box closed and well shaken and again opened and one of the precinct transport judges shall publicly draw out so many ballots unopened as are equal to the excess.

The excess ballots shall be marked "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by the 2 precinct transport judges and shall be placed in the "After 7:00 p.m. Defective Ballots Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess" ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective" ballots.

The precinct transport judges shall then examine the remaining ballots for write-in votes and shall count and tabulate the write-in vote.

(2) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. All ballots which are not to be tabulated on the electronic voting system shall be counted, tallied, and returned as elsewhere provided in this Code for the counting and handling of paper ballots.

All ballots to be processed and tabulated with the electronic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting system shall be processed as follows:

Immediately after the closing of the polls the absentee and early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election official in charge of the election shall be examined to

determine that such ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of this Code and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9. The precinct judges of election then shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballots agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot, or if the same do not agree the judges of election shall make such ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The judges of election shall then examine all paper absentee and early ballots and ballot envelopes which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballots and ballot envelopes bear the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot or ballot envelope is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to the label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". The judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall examine the paper absentee and early ballots which were in the ballot box and properly initialed to determine whether the same contain write-in votes. Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the paper absentee or early ballot, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied and recorded on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the precinct judges shall mark the paper absentee or early ballot "Objected To" on the back and write on its back the manner the ballot is counted and initial the same. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count of that particular office. After counting, tallying and recording the write-in votes on absentee and early ballots, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of the remaining valid votes on each paper absentee and early ballot which was in the ballot box and properly initialed, by using the electronic voting system used in the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct to transfer the remaining valid votes of the voter on the paper absentee or early ballot to an official ballot of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original paper absentee or early ballot shall be clearly labeled "Absentee Ballot" or "Early Ballot", as the case may be, and the ballot so produced "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" or "Duplicate Early Ballot", as the case may be, and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Absentee Ballot" and "Duplicate Early Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots with all other ballots to be counted at the central counting location in lieu of the paper absentee and early ballots. The paper absentee ballots shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballots".

In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on the ballot except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct to transfer all votes of the voter except for the office overvoted, to an official ballot of that kind used in the precinct at that election. The original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each shall bear the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Overvoted Ballot" ballots and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots. The "Overvoted Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the "Duplicate Ballots" envelope. The ballots except any defective or overvoted ballot shall be placed separately in the box for return of the ballots, along with all "Duplicate Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Early Ballots", and "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots". The judges of election shall examine the ballots to determine if any is damaged or defective so that it cannot be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment. If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct. The original ballot and ballot envelope shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall bear the same number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, commencing with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot and shall place them in the box for return of the ballots.

The "Damaged Ballot" ballots shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope. A slip indicating the number of voters voting in person, number of absentee and early votes deposited in the ballot box, and the total number of voters of the precinct who voted at the election shall be made out, signed by all judges of election, and inserted in the box for return of the ballots. The tally sheets recording the write-in votes shall be placed in this box. The judges of election immediately shall securely lock the ballot box or other suitable box furnished for return of the ballots by the election official in charge of the election; provided that if the box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided, but in such manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If, however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at the central counting location or for any other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for such purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

The "Defective Ballots" envelope, and "Duplicated Ballots" envelope each shall be securely sealed and the flap or end of each envelope signed by the precinct judges of election and returned to the central counting location with the box for return of the ballots, enclosed ballots and returns.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall check the box returned containing the ballots to determine that all seals are intact, and shall open the box, check the voters' slip and compare the number of ballots so delivered against the total number of voters of the precinct who voted, remove the ballots and deliver them to the technicians operating the automatic tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(3) A single ballot box, for the deposit of all votes cast, shall be used. Immediately after the closing of the polls the judges of election shall examine the absentee and early ballots received by the precinct judges of election from the election authority of voters in that precinct to determine that they comply with the provisions of Sections 19-9, 19A-55, 20-8, and 20-9 of this Code and are entitled to be deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box, in accordance with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, 20-8, and 20-9 of this Code shall be marked "Rejected" and preserved in the manner provided in this Code for the retention and preservation of official ballots rejected at such election. Immediately upon the completion of the absentee and early balloting, the precinct judges of election shall securely lock the ballot box; provided that if such box is not of a type which may be securely locked, the box shall be sealed with filament tape provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the box lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way. A separate adhesive seal label signed by each of the judges of election of the precinct shall be affixed to the box to cover any slot therein and to identify the box of the precinct; and if the box is sealed with filament tape as provided rather than locked, such tape shall be wrapped around the box as provided, but in a manner that the separate adhesive seal label affixed to the box and signed by the judges may not be removed without breaking the filament tape and disturbing the signature of the judges. Two of the judges of election, of different major political parties, shall by the most direct route transport the box for return of the ballots and enclosed absentee and early ballots and returns to the central counting location designated by the election official in charge of the election. If however, because of the lack of adequate parking facilities at

the central counting location or for some other reason, it is impossible or impracticable for the boxes from all the polling places to be delivered directly to the central counting location, the election official in charge of the election may designate some other location to which the boxes shall be delivered by the 2 precinct judges. While at the other location the boxes shall be in the care and custody of one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of elections from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations. As soon as possible, the boxes shall be transported from the other location to the central counting location by one or more teams, each consisting of 4 persons, 2 from each of the 2 major political parties, designated for the purpose by the election official in charge of the election from recommendations by the appropriate political party organizations.

At the central counting location there shall be one or more teams of tally judges who possess the same qualifications as tally judges in election jurisdictions using paper ballots. The number of the teams shall be determined by the election authority. Each team shall consist of 5 tally judges, 3 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the majority of members on the county board and 2 selected and approved by the county board from a certified list furnished by the chairman of the county central committee of the party with the second largest number of members on the county board. At the central counting location a team of tally judges shall open the ballot box and canvass the votes polled to determine that the number of ballot sheets therein agree with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot and for absentee and early ballot; and, if the same do not agree, the tally judges shall make such ballots agree with the number of applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The tally judges shall then examine all ballot sheets that are in the ballot box to determine whether they bear the initials of the precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to that label by all tally judges immediately under the word "Defective", and not counted, but placed in the envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Defective Ballots Envelope". Write-in votes, not causing an overvote for an office otherwise voted for on the absentee or early ballot sheet, and otherwise properly voted, shall be counted, tallied, and recorded by the central counting location judges on the tally sheet provided for the record. A write-in vote causing an overvote for an office shall not be counted for that office, but the tally judges shall mark the absentee or early ballot sheet "Objected To" and write the manner in which the ballot is counted on its back and initial the sheet. An overvote for one office shall invalidate only the vote or count for that particular office.

At the central counting location, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall deliver the ballot sheets to the technicians operating the automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment. Any discrepancies between the number of ballots and total number of voters shall be noted on a sheet furnished for that purpose and signed by the tally judges.

(b) Regardless of which procedure described in subsection (a) of this Section is used, the judges of election designated to transport the ballots properly signed and sealed, shall ensure that the ballots are delivered to the central counting station no later than 12 hours after the polls close. At the central counting station, a team of tally judges designated by the election official in charge of the election shall examine the ballots so transported and shall not accept ballots for tabulating which are not signed and sealed as provided in subsection (a) of this Section until the judges transporting the ballots make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by a team of tally judges at the central counting station, the election judges transporting the ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election official in charge of the election and stamped with the date and time of acceptance. The election judges whose duty it is to transport any ballots shall, in the event the ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/24B-10.1)

Sec. 24B-10.1. In-Precinct Counting Equipment; Procedures for Counting and Tallying Ballots. In an election jurisdiction where Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology counting equipment is used, the following procedures for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply:

Before the opening of the polls, and before the ballots are entered into the automatic tabulating equipment, the judges of election shall be sure that the totals are all zeros in the counting column. Ballots may then be counted by entering or scanning each ballot into the automatic tabulating equipment. Throughout the election day and before the closing of the polls, no person may check any vote totals for

any candidate or proposition on the automatic tabulating equipment. Such automatic tabulating equipment shall be programmed so that no person may reset the equipment for refeeding of ballots unless provided a code from an authorized representative of the election authority. At the option of the election authority, the ballots may be fed into the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment by the voters under the direct supervision of the judges of elections.

Immediately after the closing of the polls, the absentee or early ballots delivered to the precinct judges of election by the election authority shall be examined to determine that the ballots comply with Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9 of this Code and are entitled to be scanned by the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment and then deposited in the ballot box; those entitled to be scanned and deposited in the ballot box shall be initialed by the precinct judges of election and then scanned and deposited in the ballot box. Those not entitled to be deposited in the ballot box shall be marked "Rejected" and disposed of as provided in said Sections 19-9, 19A-55, and 20-9.

The precinct judges of election shall open the ballot box and count the number of ballots to determine if the number agrees with the number of voters voting as shown on the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment and by the applications for ballot or, if the same do not agree, the judges of election shall make the ballots agree with the applications for ballot in the manner provided by Section 17-18 of this Code. The judges of election shall then examine all ballots which are in the ballot box to determine whether the ballots contain the initials of a precinct judge of election. If any ballot is not initialed, it shall be marked on the back "Defective", initialed as to such label by all judges immediately under the word "Defective" and not counted. The judges of election shall place an initialed blank official ballot in the place of the defective ballot, so that the count of the ballots to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment will be the same, and each "Defective Ballot" and "Replacement" ballot shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The original "Defective" ballot shall be placed in the "Defective Ballot Envelope" provided for that purpose.

If the judges of election have removed a ballot pursuant to Section 17-18, have labeled "Defective" a ballot which is not initialed, or have otherwise determined under this Code to not count a ballot originally deposited into a ballot box, the judges of election shall be sure that the totals on the automatic tabulating equipment are reset to all zeros in the counting column. Thereafter the judges of election shall enter or otherwise scan each ballot to be counted in the automatic tabulating equipment. Resetting the automatic tabulating equipment to all zeros and re-entering of ballots to be counted may occur at the precinct polling place, the office of the election authority, or any receiving station designated by the election authority. The election authority shall designate the place for resetting and re-entering or re-scanning.

When a Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology electronic voting system is used which uses a paper ballot, the judges of election shall examine the ballot for write-in votes. When the voter has cast a write-in vote, the judges of election shall compare the write-in vote with the votes on the ballot to determine whether the write-in results in an overvote for any office, unless the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment has already done so. In case of an overvote for any office, the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot except for the office which is overvoted, by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices, or equivalent ballot, of the precinct so as to transfer all votes of the voter, except for the office overvoted, to a duplicate ballot. The original ballot upon which there is an overvote shall be clearly labeled "Overvoted Ballot", and each such "Overvoted Ballot" as well as its "Replacement" shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed thereon by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in that precinct. The "Overvoted Ballot" shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose labeled "Duplicate Ballot" envelope, and the judges of election shall initial the "Replacement" ballots and shall place them with the other ballots to be counted on the automatic tabulating equipment.

If any ballot is damaged or defective, or if any ballot contains a Voting Defect, so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, the voter or the judges of election, consisting in each case of at least one judge of election of each of the 2 major political parties, shall make a true duplicate ballot of all votes on such ballot by using the ballot of the precinct and one of the marking devices of the precinct, or equivalent. If a damaged ballot, the original ballot shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced shall be clearly labeled "Damaged Ballot" and the ballot so produced shall be clearly labeled "Duplicate Damaged Ballot", and each shall contain the same serial number which shall be placed by the judges of election, beginning with number 1 and continuing consecutively for the ballots of that kind in the precinct. The judges of election shall initial the "Duplicate Damaged Ballot" ballot and shall

enter or otherwise scan the duplicate damaged ballot into the automatic tabulating equipment. The "Damaged Ballots" shall be placed in the "Duplicated Ballots" envelope; after all ballots have been successfully read, the judges of election shall check to make certain that the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment readout agrees with the number of voters making application for ballot in that precinct. The number shall be listed on the "Statement of Ballots" form provided by the election authority.

The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be tabulated; and 4 copies of a "Certificate of Results" shall be generated by the automatic tabulating equipment; one copy shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place; and every effort shall be made by the judges of election to provide a copy for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place to observe the counting of ballots; but in no case shall the number of copies to be made available to pollwatchers be fewer than 4, chosen by lot by the judges of election. In addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy information from the copy which has been posted.

The judges of election shall count all unused ballots and enter the number on the "Statement of Ballots". All "Spoiled", "Defective" and "Duplicated" ballots shall be counted and the number entered on the "Statement of Ballots".

The precinct judges of election shall select a bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other election materials as instructed by the election authority; provided, however, that such container must first be sealed by the election judges with filament tape or other approved sealing devices provided for the purpose which shall be wrapped around the container lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, in a manner that the ballots cannot be removed from the container without breaking the seal and filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to the container, or which other approved sealing devices are affixed in a manner approved by the election authority. The election authority shall keep the office of the election authority or any receiving stations designated by the authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close or until the ballots from all precincts with in-precinct counting equipment within the jurisdiction of the election authority have been returned to the election authority. Ballots returned to the office of the election authority which are not signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges returning the ballots make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots by the election authority, the judges returning the ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped with the time and date of the return. The election judges whose duty it is to return any ballots as provided shall, in the event the ballots cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided. The precinct judges of election shall also deliver the Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology equipment to the election authority.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/24B-15.1)

Sec. 24B-15.1. Discovery, recounts and election contests. Except as provided, discovery recounts and election contests shall be conducted as otherwise provided for in this Code. The automatic Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology tabulating equipment shall be tested prior to the discovery recount or election contest as provided in Section 24B-9, and then the official ballots shall be recounted on the automatic tabulating equipment. In addition, (a) the ballots shall be checked for the presence or absence of judges' initials and other distinguishing marks, and (b) the ballots marked "Rejected", "Defective", "Objected To", "Early Ballot", and "Absentee Ballot" shall be examined to determine the propriety of the labels, and (c) the "Duplicate Absentee Ballots", "Duplicate Overvoted Ballots", "Duplicate Early Ballot", and "Duplicate Damaged Ballots" shall be compared with their respective originals to determine the correctness of the duplicates.

Any person who has filed a petition for discovery recount may request that a redundant count be conducted in those precincts in which the discovery recount is being conducted. The additional costs of a redundant count shall be borne by the requesting party.

The log of the computer operator and all materials retained by the election authority in relation to vote tabulation and canvass shall be made available for any discovery recount or election contest.

(Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

(10 ILCS 5/24C-2)

Sec. 24C-2. Definitions. As used in this Article:

"Audit trail" or "audit capacity" means a continuous trail of evidence linking individual transactions related to the casting of a vote, the vote count and the summary record of vote totals, but which shall not allow for the identification of the voter. It shall permit verification of the accuracy of the count and detection and correction of problems and shall provide a record of each step taken in: defining and

producing ballots and generating related software for specific elections; installing ballots and software; testing system readiness; casting and tabulating ballots; and producing images of votes cast and reports of vote totals. The record shall incorporate system status and error messages generated during election processing, including a log of machine activities and routine and unusual intervention by authorized and unauthorized individuals. Also part of an audit trail is the documentation of such items as ballots delivered and collected, administrative procedures for system security, pre-election testing of voting systems, and maintenance performed on voting equipment. All test plans, test results, documentation, and other records used to plan, execute, and record the results of the testing and verification, including all material prepared or used by independent testing authorities or other third parties, shall be made part of the public record and shall be freely available via the Internet and paper copy to anyone. "Audit trail" or "audit capacity" It also means that the voting system is capable of producing and shall produce immediately after a ballot is cast a permanent paper record of each ballot cast that shall be available as an official record for any recount, redundant count, or verification or retabulation of the vote count conducted with respect to any election in which the voting system is used.

"Ballot" means an electronic audio or video display or any other medium, including paper, used to record a voter's choices for the candidates of their preference and for or against public questions.

"Ballot configuration" means the particular combination of political subdivision or district ballots including, for each political subdivision or district, the particular combination of offices, candidate names and public questions as it appears for each group of voters who may cast the same ballot.

"Ballot image" means a corresponding representation in electronic or paper form of the mark or vote position of a ballot.

"Ballot label" or "ballot screen" means the display of material containing the names of offices and candidates and public questions to be voted on.

"Central counting" means the counting of ballots in one or more locations selected by the election authority for the processing or counting, or both, of ballots. A location for central counting shall be within the territorial jurisdiction of the election authority unless there is no suitable tabulating equipment available within his territorial jurisdiction. However, in any event a counting location shall be within this State.

"Computer", "automatic tabulating equipment" or "equipment" includes apparatus necessary to automatically examine and count votes as designated on ballots, and data processing machines which can be used for counting ballots and tabulating results.

"Computer operator" means any person or persons designated by the election authority to operate the automatic tabulating equipment during any portion of the vote tallying process in an election, but shall not include judges of election operating vote tabulating equipment in the precinct.

"Computer program" or "program" means the set of operating instructions for the automatic tabulating equipment that examines, records, displays, counts, tabulates, canvasses, ~~or and~~ prints votes recorded by a voter on a ballot or that displays any and all information, graphics, or other visual or audio information or images used in presenting voting information, instructions, or voter choices.

"Direct recording electronic voting system", "voting system" or "system" means the total combination of mechanical, electromechanical or electronic equipment, programs and practices used to define ballots, cast and count votes, report or display election results, maintain or produce any audit trail information, identify all system components, test the system during development, maintenance and operation, maintain records of system errors and defects, determine specific system changes to be made to a system after initial qualification, and make available any materials to the voter such as notices, instructions, forms or paper ballots.

"Edit listing" means a computer generated listing of the names of each candidate and public question as they appear in the program for each precinct.

"In-precinct counting" means the recording and counting of ballots on automatic tabulating equipment provided by the election authority in the same precinct polling place in which those ballots have been cast.

"Marking device" means any device approved by the State Board of Elections for marking a ballot so as to enable the ballot to be recorded, counted and tabulated by automatic tabulating equipment.

"Permanent paper record" means a paper record upon which shall be printed in human readable form the votes cast for each candidate and for or against each public question on each ballot recorded in the voting system. Each permanent paper record shall be printed by the voting device upon activation of the marking device by the voter and shall contain a unique, randomly assigned identifying number that shall correspond to the number randomly assigned by the voting system to each ballot as it is electronically recorded.

"Redundant count" means a verification of the original computer count of ballots by another count using compatible equipment or other means as part of a discovery recount, including a count of the permanent

paper record of each ballot cast by using compatible equipment, different equipment approved by the State Board of Elections for that purpose, or by hand.

"Separate ballot" means a separate page or display screen of the ballot that is clearly defined and distinguishable from other portions of the ballot.

"Voting device" or "voting machine" means an apparatus that contains the ballot label or ballot screen and allows the voter to record his or her vote.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/24C-12)

Sec. 24C-12. Procedures for Counting and Tallying of Ballots.

In an election jurisdiction where a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is used, the following procedures for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply:

Before the opening of the polls, the judges of elections shall assemble the voting equipment and devices and turn the equipment on. The judges shall, if necessary, take steps to activate the voting devices and counting equipment by inserting into the equipment and voting devices appropriate data cards containing passwords and data codes that will select the proper ballot formats selected for that polling place and that will prevent inadvertent or unauthorized activation of the poll-opening function. Before voting begins and before ballots are entered into the voting devices, the judges of election shall cause to be printed a record of the following: the election's identification data, the device's unit identification, the ballot's format identification, the contents of each active candidate register by office and of each active public question register showing that they contain all zero votes, all ballot fields that can be used to invoke special voting options, and other information needed to ensure the readiness of the equipment and to accommodate administrative reporting requirements. The judges must also check to be sure that the totals are all zeros in the counting columns and in the public counter affixed to the voting devices.

After the judges have determined that a person is qualified to vote, a voting device with the proper ballot to which the voter is entitled shall be enabled to be used by the voter. The ballot may then be cast by the voter by marking by appropriate means the designated area of the ballot for the casting of a vote for any candidate or for or against any public question. The voter shall be able to vote for any and all candidates and public measures appearing on the ballot in any legal number and combination and the voter shall be able to delete, change or correct his or her selections before the ballot is cast. The voter shall be able to select candidates whose names do not appear upon the ballot for any office by entering electronically as many names of candidates as the voter is entitled to select for each office.

Upon completing his or her selection of candidates or public questions, the voter shall signify that voting has been completed by activating the appropriate button, switch or active area of the ballot screen associated with end of voting. Upon activation, the voting system shall record an image of the completed ballot, increment the proper ballot position registers, and shall signify to the voter that the ballot has been cast. Upon activation, the voting system shall also print a permanent paper record of each ballot cast as defined in Section 24C-2 of this Code. This permanent paper record shall (i) be printed in a clear, readily readable format that can be easily reviewed by the voter for completeness and accuracy and (ii) either be self-contained within the voting device or shall be deposited by the voter into a secure ballot box. No permanent paper record shall be removed from the polling place except by election officials as authorized by this Article. All permanent paper records shall be preserved and secured by election officials in the same manner as paper ballots and shall be available as an official record for any recount, redundant count, or verification or retabulation of the vote count conducted with respect to any election in which the voting system is used. The voter shall exit the voting station and the voting system shall prevent any further attempt to vote until it has been properly re-activated. If a voting device has been enabled for voting but the voter leaves the polling place without casting a ballot, 2 judges of election, one from each of the 2 major political parties, shall spoil the ballot.

Throughout the election day and before the closing of the polls, no person may check any vote totals for any candidate or public question on the voting or counting equipment. Such equipment shall be programmed so that no person may reset the equipment for reentry of ballots unless provided the proper code from an authorized representative of the election authority.

The precinct judges of election shall check the public register to determine whether the number of ballots counted by the voting equipment agrees with the number of voters voting as shown by the applications for ballot. If the same do not agree, the judges of election shall immediately contact the offices of the election authority in charge of the election for further instructions. If the number of ballots counted by the voting equipment agrees with the number of voters voting as shown by the application for ballot, the number shall be listed on the "Statement of Ballots" form provided by the election authority.

The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be tabulated; and 4 copies of a "Certificate of Results" shall be printed by the automatic tabulating equipment; one copy shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the polling place; and every effort shall be made by the judges of election to provide a copy for each authorized pollwatcher or other official authorized to be present in the polling place to observe the counting of ballots; but in no case shall the number of copies to be made available to pollwatchers be fewer than 4, chosen by lot by the judges of election. In addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy information from the copy which has been posted.

If instructed by the election authority, the judges of election shall cause the tabulated returns to be transmitted electronically to the offices of the election authority via modem or other electronic medium.

The precinct judges of election shall select a bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other election materials and equipment as instructed by the election authority; provided, however, that such container must first be sealed by the election judges with filament tape or other approved sealing devices provided for the purpose in a manner that the ballots cannot be removed from the container without breaking the seal or filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to the container. The election authority shall keep the office of the election authority, or any receiving stations designated by the authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close or until the ballots and election material and equipment from all precincts within the jurisdiction of the election authority have been returned to the election authority. Ballots and election materials and equipment returned to the office of the election authority which are not signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges returning the ballots make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the ballots and election materials and equipment by the election authority, the judges returning the ballots shall take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped with the time and date of the return. The election judges whose duty it is to return any ballots and election materials and equipment as provided shall, in the event the ballots, materials or equipment cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are to take as above provided.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/24C-13)

Sec. 24C-13. Absentee ballots; Early voting ballots; Proceedings at Location for Central Counting; Employees; Approval of List.

(a) All jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems shall use paper ballots or paper ballot sheets approved for use under Articles 16, 24A or 24B of this Code when conducting absentee voting except that Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems may be used for in-person absentee voting conducted pursuant to Section 19-2.1 of this Code. All absentee ballots shall be counted at the office of the election authority. The provisions of Section 24A-9, 24B-9 and 24C-9 of this Code shall apply to the testing and notice requirements for central count tabulation equipment, including comparing the signature on the ballot envelope with the signature of the voter on the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file. Absentee ballots other than absentee ballots voted in person pursuant to Section 19-2.1 of this Code shall be examined and processed pursuant to Sections 19-9 and 20-9 of this Code. Vote results shall be recorded by precinct and shall be added to the vote results for the precinct in which the absent voter was eligible to vote prior to completion of the official canvass.

(a-5) Early voting ballots cast in accordance with Article 19A shall be counted in precincts as provided in that Article. Early votes cast through the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System devices shall be counted using the procedures of this Article. Early votes cast by a method other than the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System devices shall be counted using the procedures of this Code for that method.

(b) All proceedings at the location for central counting shall be under the direction of the county clerk or board of election commissioners. Except for any specially trained technicians required for the operation of the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System, the employees at the counting station shall be equally divided between members of the 2 leading political parties and all duties performed by the employees shall be by teams consisting of an equal number of members of each political party. Thirty days before an election the county clerk or board of election commissioners shall submit to the chairman of each political party, for his or her approval or disapproval, a list of persons of his or her party proposed to be employed. If a chairman fails to notify the election authority of his or her disapproval of any proposed employee within a period of 10 days thereafter the list shall be deemed approved.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

(10 ILCS 5/24C-15)

Sec. 24C-15. Official Return of Precinct; Check of Totals; Audit. The precinct return printed by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System tabulating equipment shall include the number of ballots cast and votes cast for each candidate and public question and shall constitute the official return of each precinct. In addition to the precinct return, the election authority shall provide the number of applications for ballots in each precinct, the total number of ballots and absentee ballots counted in each precinct for each political subdivision and district and the number of registered voters in each precinct. However, the election authority shall check the totals shown by the precinct return and, if there is an obvious discrepancy regarding the total number of votes cast in any precinct, shall have the ballots for that precinct audited to correct the return. The procedures for this audit shall apply prior to and after the proclamation is completed; however, after the proclamation of results, the election authority must obtain a court order to unseal voted ballots or voting devices except for election contests and discovery recounts. The certificate of results, which has been prepared and signed by the judges of election in the polling place after the ballots have been tabulated, shall be the document used for the canvass of votes for such precinct. Whenever a discrepancy exists during the canvass of votes between the unofficial results and the certificate of results, or whenever a discrepancy exists during the canvass of votes between the certificate of results and the set of totals reflected on the certificate of results, the ballots for that precinct shall be audited to correct the return.

Prior to the proclamation, the election authority shall test the voting devices and equipment in 5% 4% of the precincts within the election jurisdiction. The precincts to be tested shall be selected after election day on a random basis by the election authority, so that every precinct in the election jurisdiction has an equal mathematical chance of being selected. The State Board of Elections shall design a standard and scientific random method of selecting the precincts that are to be tested, and the election authority shall be required to use that method. The State Board of Elections, the State's Attorney and other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the county chairman of each established political party and qualified civic organizations shall be given prior written notice of the time and place of the random selection procedure and may be represented at the procedure.

The test shall be conducted by counting the votes marked on the permanent paper record of each ballot cast in the tested precinct printed by the voting system at the time that each ballot was cast and comparing the results of this count with the results shown by the certificate of results prepared by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System in the test precinct. The election authority shall test count these votes either by hand or by using an automatic tabulating device other than a Direct Recording Electronic voting device that has been approved by the State Board of Elections for that purpose and tested before use to ensure accuracy. The election authority shall print the results of each test count. If any error is detected, the cause shall be determined and corrected, and an errorless count shall be made prior to the official canvass and proclamation of election results. If an errorless count cannot be conducted and there continues to be difference in vote results between the certificate of results produced by the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System and the count of the permanent paper records or if an error was detected and corrected, the election authority shall immediately prepare and forward to the appropriate canvassing board a written report explaining the results of the test and any errors encountered and the report shall be made available for public inspection.

The State Board of Elections, the State's Attorney and other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the county chairman of each established political party and qualified civic organizations shall be given prior written notice of the time and place of the test and may be represented at the test.

The results of this post-election test shall be treated in the same manner and have the same effect as the results of the discovery procedures set forth in Section 22-9.1 of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03.)

Section 10. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Section 5.700 and by changing Section 8h as follows:

(30 ILCS 105/5.700 new)

Sec. 5.700. The Voters' Guide Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/8h)

Sec. 8h. Transfers to General Revenue Fund.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), notwithstanding any other State law to the contrary, the Governor may, through June 30, 2007, from time to time direct the State Treasurer and Comptroller to transfer a specified sum from any fund held by the State Treasurer to the General Revenue Fund in order to help defray the State's operating costs for the fiscal year. The total transfer under this Section from any fund in any fiscal year shall not exceed the lesser of (i) 8% of the revenues to be deposited into the fund during

that fiscal year or (ii) an amount that leaves a remaining fund balance of 25% of the July 1 fund balance of that fiscal year. In fiscal year 2005 only, prior to calculating the July 1, 2004 final balances, the Governor may calculate and direct the State Treasurer with the Comptroller to transfer additional amounts determined by applying the formula authorized in Public Act 93-839 to the funds balances on July 1, 2003. No transfer may be made from a fund under this Section that would have the effect of reducing the available balance in the fund to an amount less than the amount remaining unexpended and unreserved from the total appropriation from that fund estimated to be expended for that fiscal year. This Section does not apply to any funds that are restricted by federal law to a specific use, to any funds in the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Hospital Provider Fund, the Medicaid Provider Relief Fund, ~~or~~ the Reviewing Court Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund or the Voters' Guide Fund, or to any funds to which subsection (f) of Section 20-40 of the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act applies. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, for fiscal year 2004, the total transfer under this Section from the Road Fund or the State Construction Account Fund shall not exceed the lesser of (i) 5% of the revenues to be deposited into the fund during that fiscal year or (ii) 25% of the beginning balance in the fund. For fiscal year 2005 through fiscal year 2007, no amounts may be transferred under this Section from the Road Fund, the State Construction Account Fund, the Criminal Justice Information Systems Trust Fund, the Wireless Service Emergency Fund, or the Mandatory Arbitration Fund.

In determining the available balance in a fund, the Governor may include receipts, transfers into the fund, and other resources anticipated to be available in the fund in that fiscal year.

The State Treasurer and Comptroller shall transfer the amounts designated under this Section as soon as may be practicable after receiving the direction to transfer from the Governor.

(b) This Section does not apply to any fund established under the Community Senior Services and Resources Act.

(Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 6-20-03; 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-674, eff. 6-10-04; 93-714, eff. 7-12-04; 93-801, eff. 7-22-04; 93-839, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1054, eff. 11-18-04; 93-1067, eff. 1-15-05.)"

Section 15. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Sections 3.1-10-50 and 5-5-1 as follows:

(65 ILCS 5/3.1-10-50)

Sec. 3.1-10-50. Vacancies.

(a) A municipal officer may resign from office. A vacancy occurs in an office by reason of resignation, failure to elect or qualify (in which case the incumbent shall remain in office until the vacancy is filled), death, permanent physical or mental disability rendering the person incapable of performing the duties of his or her office, conviction of a disqualifying crime, abandonment of office, removal from office, or removal of residence from the municipality or, in the case of aldermen of a ward or trustees of a district, removal of residence from the ward or district, as the case may be. An admission of guilt of a criminal offense that would, upon conviction, disqualify the municipal officer from holding that office, in the form of a written agreement with State or federal prosecutors to plead guilty to a felony, bribery, perjury, or other infamous crime under State or federal law, shall constitute a resignation from that office, effective at the time the plea agreement is made. For purposes of this Section, a conviction for an offense that disqualifies the municipal officer from holding that office shall occur on the date of the return of a guilty verdict or, in the case of a trial by the court, the entry of a finding of guilt.

(b) If a vacancy occurs in an elective municipal office with a 4-year term and there remains an unexpired portion of the term of at least 28 months, and the vacancy occurs at least 130 days before the general municipal election next scheduled under the general election law, the vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the term at that general municipal election. Whenever an election is held for this purpose, the municipal clerk shall certify the office to be filled and the candidates for the office to the proper election authorities as provided in the general election law. If the vacancy is in the office of mayor, the city council shall elect one of their members acting mayor; if the vacancy is in the office of president, the vacancy shall be filled by the appointment by the trustees of an acting president from the members of the board of trustees. In villages with a population of less than 5,000, if each of the members of the board of trustees either declines the appointment as acting president or is not approved for the appointment by a majority vote of the trustees presently holding office, then the board of trustees may appoint as acting president any other village resident who is qualified to hold municipal office. The acting mayor or acting president shall perform the duties and possess all the rights and powers of the mayor or president until a successor to fill the vacancy has been elected and has qualified. If the vacancy is in any other elective municipal office, then until the office is filled by election, the mayor or president shall appoint a qualified person to the office subject to the advice and consent of the city council or trustees.

(c) In a 2 year term, or if the vacancy occurs later than the time provided in subsection (b) in a 4 year term, a vacancy in the office of mayor shall be filled by the corporate authorities electing one of their members acting mayor; if the vacancy is in the office of president, the vacancy shall be filled by the appointment by the trustees of an acting president from the members of the board of trustees. In villages with a population of less than 5,000, if each of the members of the board of trustees either declines the appointment as acting president or is not approved for the appointment by a majority vote of the trustees presently holding office, then the board of trustees may appoint as acting president any other village resident who is qualified to hold municipal office. The acting mayor or acting president shall perform the duties and possess all the rights and powers of the mayor or president until a mayor or president is elected at the next general municipal election and has qualified. A vacancy in any elective office other than mayor or president shall be filled by appointment by the mayor or president, with the advice and consent of the corporate authorities.

(d) This subsection applies on and after January 1, 2006. The election of an acting mayor or acting president in a municipality with a population under 500,000 does not create a vacancy in the original office of the person on the city council or as a trustee, as the case may be, unless the person resigns from the original office following election as acting mayor or acting president. If the person resigns from the original office following election as acting mayor or acting president, then the original office must be filled pursuant to the terms of this Section and the acting mayor or acting president shall exercise the powers of the mayor or president and shall vote and have veto power in the manner provided by law for a mayor or president. If the person does not resign from the original office following election as acting mayor or acting president, then the acting mayor or acting president shall exercise the powers of the mayor or president but shall be entitled to vote only in the manner provided for as the holder of the original office and shall not have the power to veto. If the person does not resign from the original office following election as acting mayor or acting president, and if that person's original term of office has not expired when a mayor or president is elected and has qualified for office, the acting mayor or acting president shall return to the original office for the remainder of the term thereof.

(e) ~~(d)~~ Municipal officers appointed or elected under this Section shall hold office until their successors are elected and have qualified.

(f) ~~(e)~~ An appointment to fill a vacancy in the office of alderman shall be made within 60 days after the vacancy occurs. The requirement that an appointment be made within 60 days is an exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution of the power of a home rule municipality to require that an appointment be made within a different period after the vacancy occurs.

(Source: P.A. 90-429, eff. 8-15-97; 90-707, eff. 8-7-98; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(65 ILCS 5/5-5-1) (from Ch. 24, par. 5-5-1)

Sec. 5-5-1. Petition for abandonment of managerial form; referendum; succeeding elections of officers and aldermen or trustees.

(a) A city or village that has operated for 4 years or more under the managerial form of municipal government may abandon that organization as provided in this Section. For the purposes of this Article, the operation of the managerial form of municipal government shall be deemed to begin on the date of the appointment of the first manager in the city or village. When a petition for abandonment signed by electors of the municipality equal in number to at least 10% of the number of votes cast for candidates for mayor at the preceding general quadrennial municipal election is filed with the circuit court for the county in which that city or village is located, the court shall set a date not less than 10 nor more than 30 days thereafter for a hearing on the sufficiency of the petition. Notice of the filing of the petition and of the date of the hearing shall be given in writing to the city or village clerk and to the mayor or village president at least 7 days before the date of the hearing. If the petition is found sufficient, the court shall enter an order directing that the proposition be submitted at an election other than a primary election for the municipality. The clerk of the court shall certify the proposition to the proper election authorities for submission. The proposition shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall (name of city or village) retain the managerial form of municipal government?

(b) If the majority of the votes at the election are "yes", then the proposition to abandon is rejected and the municipality shall continue operating under this Article 5. If the majority of the votes are "no", then the proposition to abandon operation under this Article 5 is approved.

(c) If the proposition for abandonment is approved, the city or village shall become subject to Article 3.1 or Article 4, whichever Article was in force in the city or village immediately before the adoption of the plan authorized by this Article 5, upon the election and qualification of officers to be elected at the next

succeeding general municipal election. Those officers shall be those prescribed by Article 3.1 or Article 4, as the case may be, but the change shall not in any manner or degree affect the property rights or liabilities of the city or village. The mayor, clerk, and treasurer and all other elected officers of a city or village in office at the time the proposition for abandonment is approved shall continue in office until the expiration of the term for which they were elected.

(d) If a city or village operating under this Article 5 has aldermen or trustees elected from wards or districts and a proposition to abandon operation under this Article 5 is approved, then the officers to be elected at the next succeeding general municipal election shall be elected from the same wards or districts as exist immediately before the abandonment.

(e) If a city or village operating under this Article 5 has a council or village board elected from the municipality at large and a proposition to abandon operation under this Article 5 is approved, then the first group of aldermen, board of trustees, or commissioners so elected shall be of the same number as was provided for in the municipality at the time of the adoption of a plan under this Article 5, with the same ward or district boundaries in cities or villages that immediately before the adoption of this Article 5 had wards or districts, unless the municipal boundaries have been changed. If there has been such a change, the council or village board shall so alter the former ward or district boundaries so as to conform as nearly as possible to the former division. If the plan authorized by this Article 5 is abandoned, the next general municipal election for officers shall be held at the time specified in Section 3.1-10-75 or 3.1-25-15 for that election. The aldermen or trustees elected at that election shall, if the city or village was operating under Article 3 at the time of adoption of this Article 5 and had at that time staggered 4 year terms of office for the aldermen or trustees, choose by lot which shall serve initial 2 year terms as provided by Section 3.1-20-35 or 3.1-15-5, whichever may be applicable, in the case of election of those officers at the first election after a municipality is incorporated.

(f) The proposition to abandon the managerial form of municipal government shall not be submitted in any city or village oftener than once in 46 ~~12~~ months.

(Source: P.A. 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

Section 20. The Revised Cities and Villages Act of 1941 is amended by changing Section 21-28 as follows:

(65 ILCS 20/21-28) (from Ch. 24, par. 21-28)

Sec. 21-28. Nomination by petition.

(a) All nominations for alderman of any ward in the city shall be by petition. All petitions for nominations of candidates shall be signed by such a number of legal voters of the ward as will aggregate not less than two per cent of all the votes cast for alderman in such ward at the last preceding general election. For the election following the redistricting of wards petitions for nominations of candidates shall be signed by the number of legal voters of the ward as will aggregate not less than 2% of the total number of votes cast for mayor at the last preceding municipal election divided by the number of wards.

(b) All nominations for mayor, city clerk, and city treasurer in the city shall be by petition. Each petition for nomination of a candidate must be signed by at least 12,500 legal voters of the city.

(c) All such petitions, and procedure with respect thereto, shall conform in other respects to the provisions of the election and ballot laws then in force in the city of Chicago concerning the nomination of independent candidates for public office by petition. The method of nomination herein provided is exclusive of and replaces all other methods heretofore provided by law.

(Source: P.A. 81-1535.)

Section 25. The Illinois Highway Code is amended by changing Section 6-116 as follows:

(605 ILCS 5/6-116) (from Ch. 121, par. 6-116)

Sec. 6-116. Except as otherwise provided in this Section with respect to highway commissioners of township and consolidated township road districts, at the election provided by the general election law in 1985 and every 4 years thereafter in all counties, other than counties in which a county unit road district has been established and other than in Cook County, the highway commissioner of each road district and the district clerk of each road district having an elected clerk, shall be elected to hold office for a term of 4 years, and until his successor is elected and qualified. The highway commissioner of each road district and the district clerk of each road district elected in 1979 shall hold office for an additional 2 years and until his successor is elected and has qualified.

In each township and consolidated township road district outside Cook County, highway commissioners shall be elected at the election provided for such commissioners by the general election law in 1981 and every 4 years thereafter to hold office for a term of 4 years and until his successor is elected and qualified.

The highway commissioner of each road district in Cook County shall be elected at the election provided for said commissioner by the general election law in 1981 and every 4 years thereafter for a term of 4 years, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Each highway commissioner shall enter upon the duties of his office on the third ~~first~~ Monday in May after his election.

In road districts comprised of a single township, the highway commissioner shall be elected at the election provided for said commissioner by the general election law. All elections as are provided in this Section shall be conducted in accordance with the general election law.

(Source: P.A. 83-108.)

Section 30. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 2-105 as follows:
(625 ILCS 5/2-105) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-105)

Sec. 2-105. Offices of Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall maintain offices in the State capital and in such other places in the State as he may deem necessary to properly carry out the powers and duties vested in him.

The Secretary of State may construct and equip one or more buildings in the State of Illinois outside of the County of Sangamon as he deems necessary to properly carry out the powers and duties vested in him. The Secretary of State may, on behalf of the State of Illinois, acquire public or private property needed therefor by lease, purchase or eminent domain. The care, custody and control of such sites and buildings constructed thereon shall be vested in the Secretary of State. Expenditures for the construction and equipping of any of such buildings upon premises owned by another public entity shall not be subject to the provisions of any State law requiring that the State be vested with absolute fee title to the premises. The exercise of the authority vested in the Secretary of State by this Section is subject to the appropriation of the necessary funds.

Pursuant to Sections 4-6.2, 5-16.2, and 6-50.2 of The Election Code, the Secretary of State shall make driver services facilities available for use as temporary places of registration. Registration within the offices shall be in the most public, orderly and convenient portions thereof, and Section 4-3, 5-3, and 11-4 of The Election Code relative to the attendance of police officers during the conduct of registration shall apply. Registration under this Section shall be made in the manner provided by Sections 4-8, 4-10, 5-7, 5-9, 6-34, 6-35, and 6-37 of The Election Code.

Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1990, and no later than November 1 of each even-numbered year thereafter, the Secretary of State, to the extent practicable, shall designate to each election authority in the State a reasonable number of employees at each driver services facility registered to vote within the jurisdiction of such election authority and within adjacent election jurisdictions for appointment as deputy registrars by the election authority located within the election jurisdiction where the employees maintain their residences. Such designation shall be in writing and certified by the Secretary of State.

Each person applying at a driver services facility for a driver's license or permit, a corrected driver's license or permit, an Illinois identification card or a corrected Illinois identification card shall be notified that the person may register at such station to vote in the State election jurisdiction in which the station is located or in an election jurisdiction adjacent to the location of the station and may also transfer his voter registration at such station to a different an address in the State election jurisdiction within which the station is located or to an address in an adjacent election jurisdiction. Such notification may be made in writing or verbally issued by an employee or the Secretary of State.

The Secretary of State shall promulgate such rules as may be necessary for the efficient execution of his duties and the duties of his employees under this amendatory Act of 1990.

(Source: P.A. 90-89, eff. 1-1-98.)

Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.29 as follows:
(30 ILCS 805/8.29 new)

Sec. 8.29. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

Section 95. Severability. The provisions of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 97. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 1968, AS AMENDED, on page 79 by deleting lines 22 through 25 and replacing them with the following:

"public policy or (II) for electioneering communications and ~~(II) for the purpose of influencing legislative, executive, or administrative action as defined in the Lobbyist Registration Act~~ shall register with the State Board of".

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 1968 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 369

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

Together with the attached amendments thereto (which amendments have been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 369

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 369

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 369 on page 1, line 8, by replacing "In" with "Except as otherwise provided in subsection (q), in"; and

on page 4, immediately below line 28, by inserting the following:

"(q) This Section does not apply in a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more."

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 369 on page 1, line 8, by replacing "In" with "Except as otherwise provided in subsection (q), in"; and

on page 4, immediately below line 28, by inserting the following:

"(q) This Section does not apply in a county with a population of 500,000 or more."

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 369 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 3415

A bill for AN ACT concerning minors.

Together with the attached amendment thereto (which amendment has been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 3415

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 3415 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 2-10.1 as follows: (705 ILCS 405/2-10) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-10)

Sec. 2-10. Temporary custody hearing. At the appearance of the minor before the court at the temporary custody hearing, all witnesses present shall be examined before the court in relation to any matter connected with the allegations made in the petition.

(1) If the court finds that there is not probable cause to believe that the minor is abused, neglected or dependent it shall release the minor and dismiss the petition.

(2) If the court finds that there is probable cause to believe that the minor is abused, neglected or dependent, the court shall state in writing the factual basis supporting its finding and the minor, his or her parent, guardian, custodian and other persons able to give relevant testimony shall be examined before the court. The Department of Children and Family Services shall give testimony concerning indicated reports of abuse and neglect, of which they are aware of through the central registry, involving the minor's parent, guardian or custodian. After such testimony, the court may, consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor, enter an order that the minor shall be released upon the request of parent, guardian or custodian if the parent, guardian or custodian appears to take custody. Custodian shall include any agency of the State which has been given custody or wardship of the child. If it is consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor, the court may also prescribe shelter care and order that the minor be kept in a suitable place designated by the court or in a shelter care facility designated by the Department of Children and Family Services or a licensed child welfare agency; however, a minor charged with a criminal offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the custody of or committed to the Department of Children and Family Services by any court, except a minor less than 13 years of age and committed to the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 5-710 of this Act or a minor for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency exists, which must be defined by departmental rule. In placing the minor, the Department or other agency shall, to the extent compatible with the court's order, comply with Section 7 of the Children and Family Services Act. In determining the health, safety and best interests of the minor to prescribe shelter care, the court must find that it is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the safety and protection of the minor or of the person or property of another that the minor be placed in a shelter care facility or that he or she is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court, and must further find that reasonable efforts have been made or that, consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor, no efforts reasonably can be made to prevent or eliminate the necessity of removal of the minor from his or her home. The court shall require documentation from the Department of Children and Family Services as to the reasonable efforts that were made to prevent or eliminate the necessity of removal of the minor from his or her home or the reasons why no efforts reasonably could be made to prevent or eliminate the necessity of removal. When a minor is placed in the home of a relative, the Department of Children and Family Services shall complete a preliminary background review of the members of the minor's custodian's household in accordance with Section 4.3 of the Child Care Act of 1969 within 90 days of that placement. If the minor is ordered placed in a shelter care facility of the Department of Children and Family Services or a licensed child welfare agency, the court shall, upon request of the appropriate Department or other agency, appoint the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship Administrator or other appropriate agency executive temporary custodian of the minor and the court may enter such other orders related to the temporary custody as it deems fit and proper, including the provision of services to the minor or his family to ameliorate the causes contributing to the finding of probable cause or to the finding of the existence of immediate and urgent necessity.

Where the Department of Children and Family Services Guardianship Administrator is appointed as the executive temporary custodian, the Department of Children and Family Services shall file with the court and serve on the parties a parent-child visiting plan, within 10 days, excluding weekends and holidays, after the appointment. The parent-child visiting plan shall set out the time and place of visits, the frequency of visits, the length of visits, who shall be present at the visits, and where appropriate, the minor's opportunities to have telephone and mail communication with the parents. For good cause, the court may waive the requirement to file the parent-child visiting plan or extend the time for filing the parent-child visiting plan. Any party may, by motion, request the court to review the parent-child visiting plan to determine whether it is reasonably calculated to expeditiously facilitate the achievement of the permanency goal and is consistent with the minor's best interest. The frequency, duration, and locations of visitation shall be measured by the needs of the child and family, and not by the convenience of Department personnel. Child development principles shall be considered by the court in its analysis of how frequent visitation should be, how long it should last, where it should take place, and who should be present. If upon

motion of the party to review the plan and after receiving evidence, the court determines that the parent-child visiting plan is not reasonably calculated to expeditiously facilitate the achievement of the permanency goal or that the restrictions placed on parent-child contact are contrary to the child's best interests, the court shall put in writing the factual basis supporting the determination and enter specific findings based on the evidence. The court shall enter an order for the Department to implement changes to the parent-child visiting plan, consistent with the court's findings. At any stage of proceeding, any party may by motion request the court to enter any orders necessary to implement the parent-child visiting plan. Nothing under this subsection (2) shall restrict the court from granting discretionary authority to the Department to increase opportunities for additional parent-child contacts, without further court orders. Nothing in this subsection (2) shall restrict the Department from immediately restricting or terminating parent-child contact, without either amending the parent-child visiting plan or obtaining a court order, where the Department or its assigns reasonably believe that continuation of parent-child contact, as set out in the parent-child visiting plan, would be contrary to the child's health, safety, and welfare. The Department shall file with the court and serve on the parties any amendments to the visitation plan within 10 days, excluding weekends and holidays, of the change of the visitation. Any party may, by motion, request the court to review the parent-child visiting plan to determine whether the parent-child visiting plan is reasonably calculated to expeditiously facilitate the achievement of the permanency goal, and is consistent with the minor's health, safety, and best interest.

Acceptance of services shall not be considered an admission of any allegation in a petition made pursuant to this Act, nor may a referral of services be considered as evidence in any proceeding pursuant to this Act, except where the issue is whether the Department has made reasonable efforts to reunite the family. In making its findings that it is consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor to prescribe shelter care, the court shall state in writing (i) the factual basis supporting its findings concerning the immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of the minor or of the person or property of another and (ii) the factual basis supporting its findings that reasonable efforts were made to prevent or eliminate the removal of the minor from his or her home or that no efforts reasonably could be made to prevent or eliminate the removal of the minor from his or her home. The parents, guardian, custodian, temporary custodian and minor shall each be furnished a copy of such written findings. The temporary custodian shall maintain a copy of the court order and written findings in the case record for the child. The order together with the court's findings of fact in support thereof shall be entered of record in the court.

Once the court finds that it is a matter of immediate and urgent necessity for the protection of the minor that the minor be placed in a shelter care facility, the minor shall not be returned to the parent, custodian or guardian until the court finds that such placement is no longer necessary for the protection of the minor.

If the child is placed in the temporary custody of the Department of Children and Family Services for his or her protection, the court shall admonish the parents, guardian, custodian or responsible relative that the parents must cooperate with the Department of Children and Family Services, comply with the terms of the service plans, and correct the conditions which require the child to be in care, or risk termination of their parental rights.

(3) If prior to the shelter care hearing for a minor described in Sections 2-3, 2-4, 3-3 and 4-3 the moving party is unable to serve notice on the party respondent, the shelter care hearing may proceed ex-parte. A shelter care order from an ex-parte hearing shall be endorsed with the date and hour of issuance and shall be filed with the clerk's office and entered of record. The order shall expire after 10 days from the time it is issued unless before its expiration it is renewed, at a hearing upon appearance of the party respondent, or upon an affidavit of the moving party as to all diligent efforts to notify the party respondent by notice as herein prescribed. The notice prescribed shall be in writing and shall be personally delivered to the minor or the minor's attorney and to the last known address of the other person or persons entitled to notice. The notice shall also state the nature of the allegations, the nature of the order sought by the State, including whether temporary custody is sought, and the consequences of failure to appear and shall contain a notice that the parties will not be entitled to further written notices or publication notices of proceedings in this case, including the filing of an amended petition or a motion to terminate parental rights, except as required by Supreme Court Rule 11; and shall explain the right of the parties and the procedures to vacate or modify a shelter care order as provided in this Section. The notice for a shelter care hearing shall be substantially as follows:

NOTICE TO PARENTS AND CHILDREN
OF SHELTER CARE HEARING

On at, before the Honorable, (address:)

....., the State of Illinois will present evidence (1) that (name of child or children)

are abused, neglected or dependent for the following reasons:

..... and (2) that there is "immediate and urgent necessity" to remove the child or children from the responsible relative.

YOUR FAILURE TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING MAY RESULT IN PLACEMENT of the child or children

in foster care until a trial can be held. A trial may not be held for up to 90 days. You will not be entitled to further notices of proceedings in this case, including the filing of an amended petition or a motion to terminate parental rights.

At the shelter care hearing, parents have the following rights:

1. To ask the court to appoint a lawyer if they cannot afford one.
2. To ask the court to continue the hearing to allow them time to prepare.
3. To present evidence concerning:
 - a. Whether or not the child or children were abused, neglected or dependent.
 - b. Whether or not there is "immediate and urgent necessity" to remove the child from home (including: their ability to care for the child, conditions in the home, alternative means of protecting the child other than removal).
 - c. The best interests of the child.
4. To cross examine the State's witnesses.

The Notice for rehearings shall be substantially as follows:

**NOTICE OF PARENT'S AND CHILDREN'S RIGHTS
TO REHEARING ON TEMPORARY CUSTODY**

If you were not present at and did not have adequate notice of the Shelter Care Hearing at which temporary custody of was awarded to, you have the right to request a full rehearing on whether the State should have temporary custody of To request this rehearing, you must file with the Clerk of the Juvenile Court (address):, in person or by mailing a statement (affidavit) setting forth the following:

1. That you were not present at the shelter care hearing.
2. That you did not get adequate notice (explaining how the notice was inadequate).
3. Your signature.
4. Signature must be notarized.

The rehearing should be scheduled within 48 hours of your filing this affidavit.

At the rehearing, your rights are the same as at the initial shelter care hearing. The enclosed notice explains those rights.

At the Shelter Care Hearing, children have the following rights:

1. To have a guardian ad litem appointed.
2. To be declared competent as a witness and to present testimony concerning:
 - a. Whether they are abused, neglected or dependent.
 - b. Whether there is "immediate and urgent necessity" to be removed from home.
 - c. Their best interests.
3. To cross examine witnesses for other parties.
4. To obtain an explanation of any proceedings and orders of the court.

(4) If the parent, guardian, legal custodian, responsible relative, minor age 8 or over, or counsel of the minor did not have actual notice of or was not present at the shelter care hearing, he or she may file an affidavit setting forth these facts, and the clerk shall set the matter for rehearing not later than 48 hours, excluding Sundays and legal holidays, after the filing of the affidavit. At the rehearing, the court shall proceed in the same manner as upon the original hearing.

(5) Only when there is reasonable cause to believe that the minor taken into custody is a person described in subsection (3) of Section 5-105 may the minor be kept or detained in a detention home or county or municipal jail. This Section shall in no way be construed to limit subsection (6).

(6) No minor under 16 years of age may be confined in a jail or place ordinarily used for the confinement of prisoners in a police station. Minors under 17 years of age must be kept separate from confined adults and may not at any time be kept in the same cell, room, or yard with adults confined pursuant to the criminal law.

(7) If the minor is not brought before a judicial officer within the time period as specified in Section 2-9, the minor must immediately be released from custody.

(8) If neither the parent, guardian or custodian appears within 24 hours to take custody of a minor

released upon request pursuant to subsection (2) of this Section, then the clerk of the court shall set the matter for rehearing not later than 7 days after the original order and shall issue a summons directed to the parent, guardian or custodian to appear. At the same time the probation department shall prepare a report on the minor. If a parent, guardian or custodian does not appear at such rehearing, the judge may enter an order prescribing that the minor be kept in a suitable place designated by the Department of Children and Family Services or a licensed child welfare agency.

(9) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section any interested party, including the State, the temporary custodian, an agency providing services to the minor or family under a service plan pursuant to Section 8.2 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, foster parent, or any of their representatives, on notice to all parties entitled to notice, may file a motion that it is in the best interests of the minor to modify or vacate a temporary custody order on any of the following grounds:

(a) It is no longer a matter of immediate and urgent necessity that the minor remain in shelter care; or

(b) There is a material change in the circumstances of the natural family from which the minor was removed and the child can be cared for at home without endangering the child's health or safety; or

(c) A person not a party to the alleged abuse, neglect or dependency, including a parent, relative or legal guardian, is capable of assuming temporary custody of the minor; or

(d) Services provided by the Department of Children and Family Services or a child welfare agency or other service provider have been successful in eliminating the need for temporary custody and the child can be cared for at home without endangering the child's health or safety.

In ruling on the motion, the court shall determine whether it is consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor to modify or vacate a temporary custody order.

The clerk shall set the matter for hearing not later than 14 days after such motion is filed. In the event that the court modifies or vacates a temporary custody order but does not vacate its finding of probable cause, the court may order that appropriate services be continued or initiated in behalf of the minor and his or her family.

(10) When the court finds or has found that there is probable cause to believe a minor is an abused minor as described in subsection (2) of Section 2-3 and that there is an immediate and urgent necessity for the abused minor to be placed in shelter care, immediate and urgent necessity shall be presumed for any other minor residing in the same household as the abused minor provided:

(a) Such other minor is the subject of an abuse or neglect petition pending before the court; and

(b) A party to the petition is seeking shelter care for such other minor.

Once the presumption of immediate and urgent necessity has been raised, the burden of demonstrating the lack of immediate and urgent necessity shall be on any party that is opposing shelter care for the other minor.

(Source: P.A. 89-21, eff. 7-1-95; 89-422; 89-582, eff. 1-1-97; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96; 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-87, eff. 9-1-97; 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

(705 ILCS 405/2-10.1) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-10.1)

Sec. 2-10.1. Whenever a minor is placed in shelter care with the Department or a licensed child welfare agency in accordance with Section 2-10, the Department or agency, as appropriate, shall prepare and file with the court within 45 days of placement under Section 2-10 a case plan which complies with the federal Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980 and is consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor.

For the purposes of this Act, "case plan" and "service plan" shall have the same meaning.

(Source: P.A. 90-28, eff. 1-1-98.)"

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 3415 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 2578

A bill for AN ACT in relation to health.

Together with the attached amendments thereto (which amendments have been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2578

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2578

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2578 on page 3, line 22, by changing "January" to "March"; and by replacing lines 31 through 34 on page 21, all of page 22, and lines 1 through 29 on page 23 with the following:

"Section 95. The County Jail Act is amended by adding Section 17.10 as follows:

(730 ILCS 125/17.10 new)

Sec. 17.10. Requirements in connection with HIV/AIDS.

(a) In each county other than Cook, during the medical admissions exam, the warden of the jail, a correctional officer at the jail, or a member of the jail medical staff must provide the prisoner with appropriate written information concerning human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). The Department of Public Health and community-based organizations certified to provide HIV/AIDS testing must provide these informational materials to the warden at no cost to the county. The warden, a correctional officer, or a member of the jail medical staff must inform the prisoner of the option of being tested for infection with HIV by a certified local community-based agency or other available medical provider at no charge to the prisoner.

(b) In Cook County, during the medical admissions exam, an employee of the Cook County Bureau of Health Services must provide the prisoner with appropriate written information concerning human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) and must also provide the prisoner with option of testing for infection with HIV or any other identified causative agent of AIDS, as well as counseling in connection with such testing. The Department of Public Health and community-based organizations certified to provide HIV/AIDS testing must provide these informational materials to the Bureau at no cost to the county. The testing provided under this subsection (b) shall be conducted by the Cook County Bureau of Health Services and shall consist of an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) test or any other test approved by the Department of Public Health. If the test result is positive, the Western Blot Assay or more reliable confirmatory test shall be administered.

(c) In each county, the warden of the jail must make appropriate written information concerning HIV/AIDS available to every visitor to the jail. This information must include information concerning persons or entities to contact for local counseling and testing. The Department of Public Health and community-based organizations certified to provide HIV/AIDS testing must provide these informational materials to the warden at no cost to the office of the county sheriff.

(d) Implementation of this Section is subject to appropriation."

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 2578 on page 13, by replacing lines 9 through 11 with the following:

"with no copay to the committed person. A person committed to the Department who has tested positive for infection with HIV is entitled to medical care while incarcerated."; and

on page 18, by replacing lines 8 and 9 with the following:

"AIDS, including information concerning how to contact the Illinois Department of Public Health for counseling information. The Department shall develop the".

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 2578 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 2451

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

Together with the attached amendment thereto (which amendment has been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2451

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2451 on page 6, by replacing lines 26 through 28 with the following:

"which the person making the request has a prescription. Prices quoted".

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2451 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the passage of bills of the following titles to-wit:

HOUSE BILL NO. 973

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1427

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1663

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2222

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2487

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL NO. 3121

A bill for AN ACT concerning transportation.

HOUSE BILL NO. 3498

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

Passed by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 26

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 26.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 61

A bill for AN ACT concerning revenue.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 61.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 69

A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 69.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 98

A bill for AN ACT concerning civil law.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 98.
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 98.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 100

A bill for AN ACT concerning criminal law.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 100.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has refused to concur with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 158

A bill for AN ACT concerning regulation.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 158.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 250

A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 250.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 538

A bill for AN ACT in relation to fraud.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 538.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 599

A bill for AN ACT concerning elections.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 599.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 847

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 847.
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 847.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 1627
A bill for AN ACT concerning employment.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1627.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 1638
A bill for AN ACT concerning education.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1638.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 1669
A bill for AN ACT concerning peace officers.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1669.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:
SENATE BILL NO. 1862
A bill for AN ACT concerning State government.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1862.
House Amendment No. 2 to SENATE BILL NO. 1862.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendments to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1910

A bill for AN ACT concerning local government.
House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1910.
House Amendment No. 3 to SENATE BILL NO. 1910.
Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of the following joint resolution, to-wit:

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11

Concurred in the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of the following joint resolution, to-wit:

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 19

Concurred in the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has passed a bill of the following title, in the passage of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1333

A bill for AN ACT concerning firearms.
Passed by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

The foregoing SENATE BILL 1333 was ordered reproduced and placed on the order of Senate Bills - First Reading.

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:
Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 2060

A bill for AN ACT concerning military personnel, which may be referred to as the Illinois Patriot Plan.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 2060.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House in the adoption of their amendment to a bill of the following title, to-wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 1701

A bill for AN ACT concerning environmental protection.

House Amendment No. 1 to SENATE BILL NO. 1701.

Action taken by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 38

WHEREAS, The General Assembly takes pride in recognizing the accomplishments and contributions of Illinois officials and citizens; and

WHEREAS, Senator James Peyton "Pate" Philip became Senate President in 1993; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip started his political career in 1965 as York Township Auditor, was elected to the Illinois House of Representatives in 1966, and served there until 1974, when he was elected to the Illinois Senate; in the Senate, he served as Minority Leader from 1981 until he was elected Senate President in 1993, and he was re-elected Senate President in 1995, 1997, 1999, and 2001; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip served as Chairman of the DuPage County Republican Central Committee for just under 34 years; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip is recognized for his work to increase public access to the legislative process, improve our schools, streamline government, hold the line on taxes, and improve the State's job climate; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip ably served the changing needs of DuPage County through three decades of public service as farmland and woodlands became subdivisions and bustling commercial centers; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip brought the concerns of DuPage County and his constituents to the legislature, bringing water system improvements, flood control, and other infrastructure projects to the suburbs; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip protected DuPage County, his constituents, and other suburban counties from the burden of excessive property tax increases; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip is a lifelong resident of DuPage County, where he is active in numerous civic and charitable organizations; and

WHEREAS, In 1989, the Illinois General Assembly appropriated \$10 million to the Illinois Department of Natural Resources for the acquisition of Tri-County State Park, where the goal was to blend the forest, marshland, and grasslands of DuPage County's Pratt's Wayne Woods Forest Preserve to the south with the newly purchased conservation lands to the north; and

WHEREAS, In 1991, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources developed the Tri-County State Park Native Vegetation Restoration Plan to guide preliminary restoration activities at the site; and

WHEREAS, In 1995, plans began for the construction of the new Region 2 Illinois Department of Natural Resources headquarters and the Tri-County State Park Visitor Center; construction began in the fall of 2000, and the park opened to the public in April of 2003; and

WHEREAS, Senator Philip is an avid outdoorsman, whose support for conservation and love of outdoor sports and recreation is legendary; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that we rename the Tri-County State Park located in DuPage, Kane, and Cook counties, with its headquarters at 3 South 580 Naperville Road in Wheaton, in honor of James "Pate" Philip; and in implementing this honor, we designate the park as the James "Pate" Philip State Park and designate the park's visitor's center as the James "Pate" Philip State Park Visitor Center; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this preamble and resolution be presented to Senator James "Pate" Philip, the Director of the Department of Natural Resources, the President of the Forest Preserve District of DuPage County, and the Board of Commissioners of the Forest Preserve District of DuPage County.

Adopted by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 40

WHEREAS, Adult day service programs that operate as part of the Department on Aging's Community Care Program provide vital services to over 2,100 of Illinois' frailest seniors each month; and

WHEREAS, These adult day services allow frail seniors to remain independent and in their own homes and communities in the most appropriate, desirable, and cost-effective setting; and

WHEREAS, Adult day service programs provide outpatient nursing home services including medical monitoring, medication administration, client activities, a daily meal for each client, bathing, assistance with activities of daily living, and transportation, all of which carry significant costs; and

WHEREAS, Many adult day service programs are closing and other programs are struggling due to insufficient reimbursement for services and transportation; and

WHEREAS, Cost reports from one adult day service program indicate that transportation reimbursement rates equal less than half of the actual cost of providing service; and

WHEREAS, Adult day service programs are required to provide transportation as part of their contracts with the State of Illinois; and

WHEREAS, The inadequate transportation rate has resulted in the closing of programs and a reduction in the area served by others; and

WHEREAS, In Illinois, 62 counties remain with no service despite the efforts of the Department on Aging; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that the Department on Aging shall conduct, in collaboration with the Illinois Adult Day Services Association and the Community Care Program Advisory Committee, a rate study of the cost of providing adult day services and transportation in Illinois; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Department on Aging shall submit the results of the study along with recommendations to the General Assembly and to the Community Care Program Advisory Committee no later than January 1, 2006; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be submitted to the Department on Aging.

Adopted by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by

Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 47

WHEREAS, The general intent and spirit of the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110), known as NCLB, are worthy of praise; and

WHEREAS, Many of NCLB's requirements on schools have been implemented in a manner that may result in federal sanctions being placed on improving schools; and

WHEREAS, Improvement status and associated sanctions under NCLB should be differentiated based on the magnitude of the school's failure to meet adequate yearly progress (AYP) requirements; and

WHEREAS, Schools should be allowed to choose the order of initiating either school choice or supplemental services so that services can be developed or secured in response to student need; and

WHEREAS, Adequate annual funding for the necessary remediation of students who are not meeting performance standards is a necessity if states are to meet the goals of NCLB; and

WHEREAS, Appropriate flexibility for schools, particularly in states with diverse populations such as Illinois, will allow NCLB to be implemented in a way that best meets the broad needs of a state's pupils; and

WHEREAS, States should be allowed to adopt value-added models based on the growth of individual students from grade to grade, ensuring that students achieve proficiency over time, and Illinois is examining the possibility of developing such a model; and

WHEREAS, One hundred percent of students reaching state standards, while commendable and desirable, is generally recognized as not being a realistically achievable goal, and additional research should be conducted regarding a more reasonable benchmark; and

WHEREAS, A recent and commendable announcement from the U.S. Department of Education, which allowed modified assessments for students with persistent academic disabilities, has shown that common sense and flexibility can be maintained without detracting from NCLB's goal of accountability; and

WHEREAS, While still striving to reach the laudable goal of having a highly qualified teacher in every classroom, the U.S. Department of Education has begun to take appropriate steps to adjust certain regulations to accommodate the needs of rural school districts and districts attempting to fill positions in special education and hard-to-staff subjects and schools; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that we call on the Illinois congressional delegation to take action to review and amend NCLB and to encourage the U.S. Department of Education to implement regulations that (i) will permit appropriate consideration of students with special educational needs with respect to determinations of adequate yearly progress, including without limitation limited English-proficient students and special education students, (ii) will be sensitive to the needs for teachers in schools in hard-to-staff, rural, or isolated school districts and in special education, (iii) will reduce bureaucratic restrictions that stand in the way of the goals of NCLB, and (iv) will allow flexibility to the states in meeting the goals of the NCLB; and be it further

RESOLVED, That we urge the President and the Congress of the United States to fully fund the requirements of NCLB for the life of the Act; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be delivered to the President of the United States, to the U.S. Secretary of Education, and to each member of the Illinois congressional delegation.

Adopted by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 48

WHEREAS, During the 93rd General Assembly, the Illinois Commission on the 50th Anniversary of Brown v. Board of Education was established pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution 40 to identify resources and develop programs to foster in all the people of Illinois a sense of personal commitment to democracy; and

WHEREAS, Further work is needed on these initiatives; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that the Illinois Commission on the 50th Anniversary of Brown v. Board of Education, established pursuant to Senate Joint Resolution 40 of the 93rd General Assembly, is reauthorized; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Illinois Commission on the 50th Anniversary of Brown v. Board of Education shall submit to the General Assembly and the Governor its report on or before December 30, 2005 instead of June 30, 2005, and that the Commission shall be dissolved after the filing of this report; and be it further

RESOLVED, That with this reporting extension, the Illinois Commission on the 50th Anniversary of Brown v. Board of Education shall continue to operate pursuant to its enabling resolution.

Adopted by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has adopted the following Senate Joint Resolution, in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives, to-wit:

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 45

WHEREAS, The State Board of Education has filed its Report on Waiver of School Code Mandates, dated April 29, 2005, with the Senate, the House of Representatives, and the Secretary of State of Illinois as required by Section 2-3.25g of the School Code; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING HEREIN, that each of the school district waiver requests identified below by school district name and by the identifying number and subject area of the waiver request as summarized in the report filed by the State Board of Education is disapproved:

- (1) Somonauk CUSD 432 - DeKalb, WM100-3370, instructional time;
- (2) South Beloit CUSD 320 - Winnebago, WM100-3447-4, instructional time;
- (3) Thornton Fractional THSD 215 - Cook, WM100-3401-2, physical education; and
- (4) South Beloit CUSD 320 - Winnebago, WM100-3447-2, physical education; and be it further

RESOLVED, That each of the school district waiver requests identified below by school district name and by the identifying number and subject area of the waiver request as summarized in the report filed by the State Board of Education is approved for only one year and disapproved for the remaining years:

- (1) Gavin SD 37 - Lake, WM100-3517-2, course requirements;

- (2) Hollis CSD 328 - Peoria, WM100-3460, nonresident tuition;
- (3) Gavin SD 37 - Lake, WM100-3517-1, physical education;
- (4) Cook County SD 130 - Cook, WM100-3454, substitute teachers; and
- (5) Freeport SD 145 - Stephenson, WM100-3506-1, substitute teachers.

Adopted by the Senate, May 27, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

A message from the Senate by
Ms. Hawker, Secretary:

Mr. Speaker -- I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has concurred with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill of the following title to-wit:

HOUSE BILL 2137

A bill for AN ACT concerning employment.

Together with the attached amendments thereto (which amendments have been printed by the Senate), in the adoption of which I am instructed to ask the concurrence of the House, to-wit:

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2137

Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2137

Senate Amendment No. 5 to HOUSE BILL NO. 2137

Passed the Senate, as amended, May 26, 2005.

Linda Hawker, Secretary of the Senate

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 2137 as follows:

on page 1, by replacing lines 23 and 24 with the following:

"the statement. Subject to appropriation, the Department shall make the statement available in English and Spanish and the statement shall include: the name and address of the"; and

on page 2, by replacing line 11 with the following:

"(a) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall post a summary of the requirements"; and

on page 2, by replacing line 19 with the following:

"requirements of this Act. Subject to appropriation, the Department shall furnish copies"; and

on page 2, by replacing line 22 with the following:

"(a) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall commence an investigation if a"; and

on page 2, line 23, by replacing "report" with "statement"; and

on page 2, by replacing line 32 with the following:

"(c) Subject to appropriation, the Department shall hire as many investigators as may"; and

on page 3, line 17, by replacing "employer" with "contractor"; and

on page 3, line 18, by replacing "employer" with "contractor"; and

on page 3, line 20, by replacing "employer" with "contractor"; and

on page 3, line 23, by replacing "employer" with "contractor"; and

on page 3, line 24, by replacing "employer" with "contractor".

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 2137, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by changing Section 1204 as follows:

(215 ILCS 5/1204) (from Ch. 73, par. 1065.904)

Sec. 1204. (A) The Director shall promulgate rules and regulations which shall require each insurer licensed to write property or casualty insurance in the State and each syndicate doing business on the Illinois Insurance Exchange to record and report its loss and expense experience and other data as may be necessary to assess the relationship of insurance premiums and related income as compared to insurance costs and expenses. The Director may designate one or more rate service organizations or advisory organizations to gather and compile such experience and data. The Director shall require each insurer licensed to write property or casualty insurance in this State and each syndicate doing business on the Illinois Insurance Exchange to submit a report, on a form furnished by the Director, showing its direct

writings in this State and companywide.

(B) Such report required by subsection (A) of this Section may include, but not be limited to, the following specific types of insurance written by such insurer:

- (1) Political subdivision liability insurance reported separately in the following categories:
 - (a) municipalities;
 - (b) school districts;
 - (c) other political subdivisions;
- (2) Public official liability insurance;
- (3) Dram shop liability insurance;
- (4) Day care center liability insurance;
- (5) Labor, fraternal or religious organizations liability insurance;
- (6) Errors and omissions liability insurance;
- (7) Officers and directors liability insurance reported separately as follows:
 - (a) non-profit entities;
 - (b) for-profit entities;
- (8) Products liability insurance;
- (9) Medical malpractice insurance;
- (10) Attorney malpractice insurance;
- (11) Architects and engineers malpractice insurance; and
- (12) Motor vehicle insurance reported separately for commercial and private passenger vehicles as follows:
 - (a) motor vehicle physical damage insurance;
 - (b) motor vehicle liability insurance.

(C) Such report may include, but need not be limited to the following data, both specific to this State and companywide, in the aggregate or by type of insurance for the previous year on a calendar year basis:

- (1) Direct premiums written;
- (2) Direct premiums earned;
- (3) Number of policies;
- (4) Net investment income, using appropriate estimates where necessary;
- (5) Losses paid;
- (6) Losses incurred;
- (7) Loss reserves:
 - (a) Losses unpaid on reported claims;
 - (b) Losses unpaid on incurred but not reported claims;
- (8) Number of claims:
 - (a) Paid claims;
 - (b) Arising claims;
- (9) Loss adjustment expenses:
 - (a) Allocated loss adjustment expenses;
 - (b) Unallocated loss adjustment expenses;
- (10) Net underwriting gain or loss;
- (11) Net operation gain or loss, including net investment income;
- (12) Any other information requested by the Director.

(C-5) Additional information by an advisory organization as defined in Section 463 of this Code.

(1) An advisory organization as defined in Section 463 of this Code shall report annually the following information in such format as may be prescribed by the Secretary:

- (a) paid and incurred losses for each of the past 10 years;
- (b) medical payments and medical charges, if collected, for each of the past 10 years;
- (c) the following indemnity payment information: cumulative payments by accident year by calendar year of development. This array will show payments made and frequency of claims in the following categories: medical only, permanent partial disability (PPD), permanent total disability (PTD), temporary total disability (TTD), and fatalities;
- (d) injuries by frequency and severity;
- (e) by class of employee.

(2) The report filed with the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation under paragraph (1) of this subsection (C-5) shall be made available, on an aggregate basis, to the General Assembly and to the

general public. The identity of the petitioner, the respondent, the attorneys, and the insurers shall not be disclosed.

(3) Reports required under this subsection (C-5) shall be filed with the Secretary no later than September 1 in 2006 and no later than September 1 of each year thereafter.

(D) In addition to the information which may be requested under subsection (C), the Director may also request on a companywide, aggregate basis, Federal Income Tax recoverable, net realized capital gain or loss, net unrealized capital gain or loss, and all other expenses not requested in subsection (C) above.

(E) Violations - Suspensions - Revocations.

(1) Any company or person subject to this Article, who willfully or repeatedly fails to observe or who otherwise violates any of the provisions of this Article or any rule or regulation promulgated by the Director under authority of this Article or any final order of the Director entered under the authority of this Article shall by civil penalty forfeit to the State of Illinois a sum not to exceed \$2,000. Each day during which a violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.

(2) No forfeiture liability under paragraph (1) of this subsection may attach unless a written notice of apparent liability has been issued by the Director and received by the respondent, or the Director sends written notice of apparent liability by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the respondent. Any respondent so notified must be granted an opportunity to request a hearing within 10 days from receipt of notice, or to show in writing, why he should not be held liable. A notice issued under this Section must set forth the date, facts and nature of the act or omission with which the respondent is charged and must specifically identify the particular provision of this Article, rule, regulation or order of which a violation is charged.

(3) No forfeiture liability under paragraph (1) of this subsection may attach for any violation occurring more than 2 years prior to the date of issuance of the notice of apparent liability and in no event may the total civil penalty forfeiture imposed for the acts or omissions set forth in any one notice of apparent liability exceed \$100,000.

(4) All administrative hearings conducted pursuant to this Article are subject to 50 Ill. Adm. Code 2402 and all administrative hearings are subject to the Administrative Review Law.

(5) The civil penalty forfeitures provided for in this Section are payable to the General Revenue Fund of the State of Illinois, and may be recovered in a civil suit in the name of the State of Illinois brought in the Circuit Court in Sangamon County or in the Circuit Court of the county where the respondent is domiciled or has its principal operating office.

(6) In any case where the Director issues a notice of apparent liability looking toward the imposition of a civil penalty forfeiture under this Section that fact may not be used in any other proceeding before the Director to the prejudice of the respondent to whom the notice was issued, unless (a) the civil penalty forfeiture has been paid, or (b) a court has ordered payment of the civil penalty forfeiture and that order has become final.

(7) When any person or company has a license or certificate of authority under this Code and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with a lawful order of the Director requiring compliance with this Article, entered after notice and hearing, within the period of time specified in the order, the Director may, in addition to any other penalty or authority provided, revoke or refuse to renew the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, or may suspend the license or certificate of authority of such person or company until compliance with such order has been obtained.

(8) When any person or company has a license or certificate of authority under this Code and knowingly fails or refuses to comply with any provisions of this Article, the Director may, after notice and hearing, in addition to any other penalty provided, revoke or refuse to renew the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, or may suspend the license or certificate of authority of such person or company, until compliance with such provision of this Article has been obtained.

(9) No suspension or revocation under this Section may become effective until 5 days from the date that the notice of suspension or revocation has been personally delivered or delivered by registered or certified mail to the company or person. A suspension or revocation under this Section is stayed upon the filing, by the company or person, of a petition for judicial review under the Administrative Review Law.

(Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 7-1-03.)

Section 10. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by changing Sections 4, 7, 8, 12, 13, 13.1, 14, 16, and 19 and by adding Sections 8.2, 8.3, 8.7, and 25.5 as follows:

(820 ILCS 305/4) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.4)

Sec. 4. (a) Any employer, including but not limited to general contractors and their subcontractors, who shall come within the provisions of Section 3 of this Act, and any other employer who shall elect to provide and pay the compensation provided for in this Act shall:

(1) File with the Commission annually an application for approval as a self-insurer which shall include a current financial statement, and annually, thereafter, an application for renewal of self-insurance, which shall include a current financial statement. Said application and financial statement shall be signed and sworn to by the president or vice president and secretary or assistant secretary of the employer if it be a corporation, or by all of the partners, if it be a copartnership, or by the owner if it be neither a copartnership nor a corporation. All initial applications and all applications for renewal of self-insurance must be submitted at least 60 days prior to the requested effective date of self-insurance. An employer may elect to provide and pay compensation as provided for in this Act as a member of a group workers' compensation pool under Article V 3/4 of the Illinois Insurance Code. If an employer becomes a member of a group workers' compensation pool, the employer shall not be relieved of any obligations imposed by this Act.

If the sworn application and financial statement of any such employer does not satisfy the Commission of the financial ability of the employer who has filed it, the Commission shall require such employer to,

(2) Furnish security, indemnity or a bond guaranteeing the payment by the employer of the compensation provided for in this Act, provided that any such employer whose application and financial statement shall not have satisfied the commission of his or her financial ability and who shall have secured his liability in part by excess liability insurance shall be required to furnish to the Commission security, indemnity or bond guaranteeing his or her payment up to the effective limits of the excess coverage, or

(3) Insure his entire liability to pay such compensation in some insurance carrier authorized, licensed, or permitted to do such insurance business in this State. Every policy of an insurance carrier, insuring the payment of compensation under this Act shall cover all the employees and the entire compensation liability of the insured: Provided, however, that any employer may insure his or her compensation liability with 2 or more insurance carriers or may insure a part and qualify under subsection 1, 2, or 4 for the remainder of his or her liability to pay such compensation, subject to the following two provisions:

Firstly, the entire compensation liability of the employer to employees working at or from one location shall be insured in one such insurance carrier or shall be self-insured, and

Secondly, the employer shall submit evidence satisfactorily to the Commission that his or her entire liability for the compensation provided for in this Act will be secured. Any provisions in any policy, or in any endorsement attached thereto, attempting to limit or modify in any way, the liability of the insurance carriers issuing the same except as otherwise provided herein shall be wholly void.

Nothing herein contained shall apply to policies of excess liability carriage secured by employers who have been approved by the Commission as self-insurers, or

(4) Make some other provision, satisfactory to the Commission, for the securing of the payment of compensation provided for in this Act, and

(5) Upon becoming subject to this Act and thereafter as often as the Commission may in writing demand, file with the Commission in form prescribed by it evidence of his or her compliance with the provision of this Section.

(a-1) Regardless of its state of domicile or its principal place of business, an employer shall make payments to its insurance carrier or group self-insurance fund, where applicable, based upon the premium rates of the situs where the work or project is located in Illinois if:

(A) the employer is engaged primarily in the building and construction industry; and

(B) subdivision (a)(3) of this Section applies to the employer or the employer is a member of a group self-insurance plan as defined in subsection (1) of Section 4a.

The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall impose a penalty upon an employer for violation of this subsection (a-1) if:

(i) the employer is given an opportunity at a hearing to present evidence of its compliance with this subsection (a-1); and

(ii) after the hearing, the Commission finds that the employer failed to make payments upon the premium rates of the situs where the work or project is located in Illinois.

The penalty shall not exceed \$1,000 for each day of work for which the employer failed to make

payments upon the premium rates of the situs where the work or project is located in Illinois, but the total penalty shall not exceed \$50,000 for each project or each contract under which the work was performed.

Any penalty under this subsection (a-1) must be imposed not later than one year after the expiration of the applicable limitation period specified in subsection (d) of Section 6 of this Act. Penalties imposed under this subsection (a-1) shall be deposited into the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations Fund, a special fund that is created in the State treasury. Subject to appropriation, moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the operations of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

(b) The sworn application and financial statement, or security, indemnity or bond, or amount of insurance, or other provisions, filed, furnished, carried, or made by the employer, as the case may be, shall be subject to the approval of the Commission.

Deposits under escrow agreements shall be cash, negotiable United States government bonds or negotiable general obligation bonds of the State of Illinois. Such cash or bonds shall be deposited in escrow with any State or National Bank or Trust Company having trust authority in the State of Illinois.

Upon the approval of the sworn application and financial statement, security, indemnity or bond or amount of insurance, filed, furnished or carried, as the case may be, the Commission shall send to the employer written notice of its approval thereof. The certificate of compliance by the employer with the provisions of subparagraphs (2) and (3) of paragraph (a) of this Section shall be delivered by the insurance carrier to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission within five days after the effective date of the policy so certified. The insurance so certified shall cover all compensation liability occurring during the time that the insurance is in effect and no further certificate need be filed in case such insurance is renewed, extended or otherwise continued by such carrier. The insurance so certified shall not be cancelled or in the event that such insurance is not renewed, extended or otherwise continued, such insurance shall not be terminated until at least 10 days after receipt by the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission of notice of the cancellation or termination of said insurance; provided, however, that if the employer has secured insurance from another insurance carrier, or has otherwise secured the payment of compensation in accordance with this Section, and such insurance or other security becomes effective prior to the expiration of the 10 days, cancellation or termination may, at the option of the insurance carrier indicated in such notice, be effective as of the effective date of such other insurance or security.

(c) Whenever the Commission shall find that any corporation, company, association, aggregation of individuals, reciprocal or interinsurers exchange, or other insurer effecting workers' compensation insurance in this State shall be insolvent, financially unsound, or unable to fully meet all payments and liabilities assumed or to be assumed for compensation insurance in this State, or shall practice a policy of delay or unfairness toward employees in the adjustment, settlement, or payment of benefits due such employees, the Commission may after reasonable notice and hearing order and direct that such corporation, company, association, aggregation of individuals, reciprocal or interinsurers exchange, or insurer, shall from and after a date fixed in such order discontinue the writing of any such workers' compensation insurance in this State. Subject to such modification of the order as the Commission may later make on review of the order, as herein provided, it shall thereupon be unlawful for any such corporation, company, association, aggregation of individuals, reciprocal or interinsurers exchange, or insurer to effect any workers' compensation insurance in this State. A copy of the order shall be served upon the Director of Insurance by registered mail. Whenever the Commission finds that any service or adjustment company used or employed by a self-insured employer or by an insurance carrier to process, adjust, investigate, compromise or otherwise handle claims under this Act, has practiced or is practicing a policy of delay or unfairness toward employees in the adjustment, settlement or payment of benefits due such employees, the Commission may after reasonable notice and hearing order and direct that such service or adjustment company shall from and after a date fixed in such order be prohibited from processing, adjusting, investigating, compromising or otherwise handling claims under this Act.

Whenever the Commission finds that any self-insured employer has practiced or is practicing delay or unfairness toward employees in the adjustment, settlement or payment of benefits due such employees, the Commission may, after reasonable notice and hearing, order and direct that after a date fixed in the order such self-insured employer shall be disqualified to operate as a self-insurer and shall be required to insure his entire liability to pay compensation in some insurance carrier authorized, licensed and permitted to do such insurance business in this State, as provided in subparagraph 3 of paragraph (a) of this Section.

All orders made by the Commission under this Section shall be subject to review by the courts, said review to be taken in the same manner and within the same time as provided by Section 19 of this Act for review of awards and decisions of the Commission, upon the party seeking the review filing with the clerk of the court to which said review is taken a bond in an amount to be fixed and approved by the court to

which the review is taken, conditioned upon the payment of all compensation awarded against the person taking said review pending a decision thereof and further conditioned upon such other obligations as the court may impose. Upon the review the Circuit Court shall have power to review all questions of fact as well as of law. The penalty hereinafter provided for in this paragraph shall not attach and shall not begin to run until the final determination of the order of the Commission.

(d) Whenever a panel of 3 Commissioners comprised of one member of the employing class, one member of the employee class, and one member not identified with either the employing or employee class, with due process and after a hearing, determines an employer has knowingly failed to provide coverage as required by paragraph (a) of this Section, the failure shall be deemed an immediate serious danger to public health, safety, and welfare sufficient to justify service by the Commission of a work-stop order on such employer, requiring the cessation of all business operations of such employer at the place of employment or job site. Any law enforcement agency in the State shall, at the request of the Commission, render any assistance necessary to carry out the provisions of this Section, including, but not limited to, preventing any employee of such employer from remaining at a place of employment or job site after a work-stop order has taken effect. Any work-stop order shall be lifted upon proof of insurance as required by this Act. Any orders under this Section are appealable under Section 19(f) to the Circuit Court.

Any individual employer, corporate officer or director of a corporate employer, partner of an employer partnership, or member of an employer limited liability company who knowingly fails to provide coverage as required by paragraph (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony. This provision shall not apply to any corporate officer or director of any publicly-owned corporation. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense. The State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, or the Attorney General, shall bring such actions in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, or may, in addition to other remedies provided in this Section, bring an action for an injunction to restrain the violation or to enjoin the operation of any such employer.

Any individual employer, corporate officer or director of a corporate employer, partner of an employer partnership, or member of an employer limited liability company who negligently fails to provide coverage as required by paragraph (a) of this Section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. This provision shall not apply to any corporate officer or director of any publicly-owned corporation. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense. The State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, or the Attorney General, shall bring such actions in the name of the People of the State of Illinois.

The criminal penalties in this subsection (d) shall not apply where there exists a good faith dispute as to the existence of an employment relationship. Evidence of good faith shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with the definition of employee as used by the Internal Revenue Service.

Employers who are subject to and who knowingly fail to comply with this Section shall not be entitled to the benefits of this Act during the period of noncompliance, but shall be liable in an action under any other applicable law of this State. In the action, such employer shall not avail himself or herself of the defenses of assumption of risk or negligence or that the injury was due to a co-employee. In the action, proof of the injury shall constitute prima facie evidence of negligence on the part of such employer and the burden shall be on such employer to show freedom of negligence resulting in the injury. The employer shall not join any other defendant in any such civil action. Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall affect the employee's rights under subdivision (a)3 of Section 1 of this Act. Any employer or carrier who makes payments under subdivision (a)3 of Section 1 of this Act shall have a right of reimbursement from the proceeds of any recovery under this Section.

An employee of an uninsured employer, or the employee's dependents in case death ensued, may, instead of proceeding against the employer in a civil action in court, file an application for adjustment of claim with the Commission in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the Commission shall hear and determine the application for adjustment of claim in the manner in which other claims are heard and determined before the Commission.

All proceedings under this subsection (d) shall be reported on an annual basis to the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board.

Upon a finding by the Commission, after reasonable notice and hearing, of the knowing and wilful failure or refusal of an employer to comply with any of the provisions of paragraph (a) of this Section or the failure or refusal of an employer, service or adjustment company, or an insurance carrier to comply with any order of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section disqualifying him or her to operate as a self insurer and requiring him or her to insure his or her liability, the Commission may assess a civil penalty of up to \$500 per day for each day of such failure or refusal after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. The minimum penalty under this Section shall be

the sum of \$10,000. Each day of such failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. The Commission may assess the civil penalty personally and individually against the corporate officers and directors of a corporate employer, the partners of an employer partnership, and the members of an employer limited liability company, after a finding of a knowing and willful refusal or failure of each such named corporate officer, director, partner, or member to comply with this Section. The liability for the assessed penalty shall be against the named employer first, and if the named employer fails or refuses to pay the penalty to the Commission within 30 days after the final order of the Commission, then the named corporate officers, directors, partners, or members who have been found to have knowingly and willfully refused or failed to comply with this Section shall be liable for the unpaid penalty or any unpaid portion of the penalty. Upon investigation by the insurance non-compliance unit of the Commission the Attorney General shall have the authority to prosecute all proceedings to enforce the civil and administrative provisions of this Section before the Commission. The Commission shall promulgate procedural rules for enforcing this Section. All penalties collected under this Section shall be deposited in the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations Fund.

Upon the failure or refusal of any employer, service or adjustment company or insurance carrier to comply with the provisions of this Section and with the orders of the Commission under this Section, or the order of the court on review after final adjudication, the Commission may bring a civil action to recover the amount of the penalty in Cook County or in Sangamon County in which litigation the Commission shall be represented by the Attorney General. The Commission shall send notice of its finding of non-compliance and assessment of the civil penalty to the Attorney General. It shall be the duty of the Attorney General within 30 days after receipt of the notice, to institute prosecutions and promptly prosecute all reported violations of this Section.

Any individual employer, corporate officer or director of a corporate employer, partner of an employer partnership, or member of an employer limited liability company who, with the intent to avoid payment of compensation under this Act to an injured employee or the employee's dependents, knowingly transfers, sells, encumbers, assigns, or in any manner disposes of, conceals, secretes, or destroys any property belonging to the employer, officer, director, partner, or member is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

Penalties and fines collected pursuant to this paragraph (d) shall be deposited upon receipt into a special fund which shall be designated the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund, of which the State Treasurer is ex-officio custodian, such special fund to be held and disbursed in accordance with this paragraph (d) for the purposes hereinafter stated in this paragraph (d), upon the final order of the Commission. The Injured Workers' Benefit Fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. The Injured Workers' Benefit Fund is subject to audit the same as State funds and accounts and is protected by the general bond given by the State Treasurer. The Injured Workers' Benefit Fund is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in this paragraph, and shall be paid out and disbursed as herein provided and shall not at any time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. Moneys in the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund shall be used only for payment of workers' compensation benefits for injured employees when the employer has failed to provide coverage as determined under this paragraph (d) and has failed to pay the benefits due to the injured employee. The Commission shall have the right to obtain reimbursement from the employer for compensation obligations paid by the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund. Any such amounts obtained shall be deposited by the Commission into the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund. If an injured employee or his or her personal representative receives payment from the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund, the State of Illinois has the same rights under paragraph (b) of Section 5 that the employer who failed to pay the benefits due to the injured employee would have had if the employer had paid those benefits, and any moneys recovered by the State as a result of the State's exercise of its rights under paragraph (b) of Section 5 shall be deposited into the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund. The custodian of the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund shall be joined with the employer as a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim. After July 1, 2006, the Commission shall make disbursements from the Fund once each year to each eligible claimant. An eligible claimant is an injured worker who has within the previous fiscal year obtained a final award for benefits from the Commission against the employer and the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund and has notified the Commission within 90 days of receipt of such award. Within a reasonable time after the end of each fiscal year, the Commission shall make a disbursement to each eligible claimant. At the time of disbursement, if there are insufficient moneys in the Fund to pay all claims, each eligible claimant shall receive a pro-rata share, as determined by the Commission, of the available moneys in the Fund for that year. Payment from the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund to an eligible claimant pursuant to this provision shall discharge the obligations of the Injured Workers' Benefit Fund regarding the award entered by the Commission.

(e) This Act shall not affect or disturb the continuance of any existing insurance, mutual aid, benefit, or relief association or department, whether maintained in whole or in part by the employer or whether maintained by the employees, the payment of benefits of such association or department being guaranteed by the employer or by some person, firm or corporation for him or her: Provided, the employer contributes to such association or department an amount not less than the full compensation herein provided, exclusive of the cost of the maintenance of such association or department and without any expense to the employee. This Act shall not prevent the organization and maintaining under the insurance laws of this State of any benefit or insurance company for the purpose of insuring against the compensation provided for in this Act, the expense of which is maintained by the employer. This Act shall not prevent the organization or maintaining under the insurance laws of this State of any voluntary mutual aid, benefit or relief association among employees for the payment of additional accident or sick benefits.

(f) No existing insurance, mutual aid, benefit or relief association or department shall, by reason of anything herein contained, be authorized to discontinue its operation without first discharging its obligations to any and all persons carrying insurance in the same or entitled to relief or benefits therein.

(g) Any contract, oral, written or implied, of employment providing for relief benefit, or insurance or any other device whereby the employee is required to pay any premium or premiums for insurance against the compensation provided for in this Act shall be null and void. Any employer withholding from the wages of any employee any amount for the purpose of paying any such premium shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

In the event the employer does not pay the compensation for which he or she is liable, then an insurance company, association or insurer which may have insured such employer against such liability shall become primarily liable to pay to the employee, his or her personal representative or beneficiary the compensation required by the provisions of this Act to be paid by such employer. The insurance carrier may be made a party to the proceedings in which the employer is a party and an award may be entered jointly against the employer and the insurance carrier.

(h) It shall be unlawful for any employer, insurance company or service or adjustment company to interfere with, restrain or coerce an employee in any manner whatsoever in the exercise of the rights or remedies granted to him or her by this Act or to discriminate, attempt to discriminate, or threaten to discriminate against an employee in any way because of his or her exercise of the rights or remedies granted to him or her by this Act.

It shall be unlawful for any employer, individually or through any insurance company or service or adjustment company, to discharge or to threaten to discharge, or to refuse to rehire or recall to active service in a suitable capacity an employee because of the exercise of his or her rights or remedies granted to him or her by this Act.

(i) If an employer elects to obtain a life insurance policy on his employees, he may also elect to apply such benefits in satisfaction of all or a portion of the death benefits payable under this Act, in which case, the employer's compensation premium shall be reduced accordingly.

(j) Within 45 days of receipt of an initial application or application to renew self-insurance privileges the Self-Insurers Advisory Board shall review and submit for approval by the Chairman of the Commission recommendations of disposition of all initial applications to self-insure and all applications to renew self-insurance privileges filed by private self-insurers pursuant to the provisions of this Section and Section 4a-9 of this Act. Each private self-insurer shall submit with its initial and renewal applications the application fee required by Section 4a-4 of this Act.

The Chairman of the Commission shall promptly act upon all initial applications and applications for renewal in full accordance with the recommendations of the Board or, should the Chairman disagree with any recommendation of disposition of the Self-Insurer's Advisory Board, he shall within 30 days of receipt of such recommendation provide to the Board in writing the reasons supporting his decision. The Chairman shall also promptly notify the employer of his decision within 15 days of receipt of the recommendation of the Board.

If an employer is denied a renewal of self-insurance privileges pursuant to application it shall retain said privilege for 120 days after receipt of a notice of cancellation of the privilege from the Chairman of the Commission.

All orders made by the Chairman under this Section shall be subject to review by the courts, such review to be taken in the same manner and within the same time as provided by subsection (f) of Section 19 of this Act for review of awards and decisions of the Commission, upon the party seeking the review filing with the clerk of the court to which such review is taken a bond in an amount to be fixed and approved by the court to which the review is taken, conditioned upon the payment of all compensation awarded against the

person taking such review pending a decision thereof and further conditioned upon such other obligations as the court may impose. Upon the review the Circuit Court shall have power to review all questions of fact as well as of law.

(Source: P.A. 92-324, eff. 8-9-01; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

(820 ILCS 305/7) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.7)

Sec. 7. The amount of compensation which shall be paid for an accidental injury to the employee resulting in death is:

(a) If the employee leaves surviving a widow, widower, child or children, the applicable weekly compensation rate computed in accordance with subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of Section 8, shall be payable during the life of the widow or widower and if any surviving child or children shall not be physically or mentally incapacitated then until the death of the widow or widower or until the youngest child shall reach the age of 18, whichever shall come later; provided that if such child or children shall be enrolled as a full time student in any accredited educational institution, the payments shall continue until such child has attained the age of 25. In the event any surviving child or children shall be physically or mentally incapacitated, the payments shall continue for the duration of such incapacity.

The term "child" means a child whom the deceased employee left surviving, including a posthumous child, a child legally adopted, a child whom the deceased employee was legally obligated to support or a child to whom the deceased employee stood in loco parentis. The term "children" means the plural of "child".

The term "physically or mentally incapacitated child or children" means a child or children incapable of engaging in regular and substantial gainful employment.

In the event of the remarriage of a widow or widower, where the decedent did not leave surviving any child or children who, at the time of such remarriage, are entitled to compensation benefits under this Act, the surviving spouse shall be paid a lump sum equal to 2 years compensation benefits and all further rights of such widow or widower shall be extinguished.

If the employee leaves surviving any child or children under 18 years of age who at the time of death shall be entitled to compensation under this paragraph (a) of this Section, the weekly compensation payments herein provided for such child or children shall in any event continue for a period of not less than 6 years.

Any beneficiary entitled to compensation under this paragraph (a) of this Section shall receive from the special fund provided in paragraph (f) of this Section, in addition to the compensation herein provided, supplemental benefits in accordance with paragraph (g) of Section 8.

(b) If no compensation is payable under paragraph (a) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving a parent or parents who at the time of the accident were totally dependent upon the earnings of the employee then weekly payments equal to the compensation rate payable in the case where the employee leaves surviving a widow or widower, shall be paid to such parent or parents for the duration of their lives, and in the event of the death of either, for the life of the survivor.

(c) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a) or (b) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any child or children who are not entitled to compensation under the foregoing paragraph (a) but who at the time of the accident were nevertheless in any manner dependent upon the earnings of the employee, or leaves surviving a parent or parents who at the time of the accident were partially dependent upon the earnings of the employee, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of 8 years weekly compensation payments at such proportion of the applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or widower as such dependency bears to total dependency. In the event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such beneficiary all the rights under this paragraph shall be extinguished.

(d) If no compensation is payable under paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of this Section and the employee leaves surviving any grandparent, grandparents, grandchild or grandchildren or collateral heirs dependent upon the employee's earnings to the extent of 50% or more of total dependency, then there shall be paid to such dependent or dependents for a period of 5 years weekly compensation payments at such proportion of the applicable rate if the employee had left surviving a widow or widower as such dependency bears to total dependency. In the event of the death of any such beneficiary the share of such beneficiary shall be divided equally among the surviving beneficiaries and in the event of the death of the last such beneficiary all rights hereunder shall be extinguished.

(e) The compensation to be paid for accidental injury which results in death, as provided in this Section, shall be paid to the persons who form the basis for determining the amount of compensation to be paid by

the employer, the respective shares to be in the proportion of their respective dependency at the time of the accident on the earnings of the deceased. The Commission or an Arbitrator thereof may, in its or his discretion, order or award the payment to the parent or grandparent of a child for the latter's support the amount of compensation which but for such order or award would have been paid to such child as its share of the compensation payable, which order or award may be modified from time to time by the Commission in its discretion with respect to the person to whom shall be paid the amount of the order or award remaining unpaid at the time of the modification.

The payments of compensation by the employer in accordance with the order or award of the Commission discharges such employer from all further obligation as to such compensation.

(f) The sum of ~~\$8,000~~ \$4200 for burial expenses shall be paid by the employer to the widow or widower, other dependent, next of kin or to the person or persons incurring the expense of burial.

In the event the employer failed to provide necessary first aid, medical, surgical or hospital service, he shall pay the cost thereof to the person or persons entitled to compensation under paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Section, or to the person or persons incurring the obligation therefore, or providing the same.

On January 15 and July 15, 1981, and on January 15 and July 15 of each year thereafter the employer shall within 60 days pay a sum equal to 1/8 of 1% of all compensation payments made by him after July 1, 1980, either under this Act or the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, but not including hospital, surgical or rehabilitation payments, made during the first 6 months and during the second 6 months respectively of the fiscal year next preceding the date of the payments, into a special fund which shall be designated the "Second Injury Fund", of which the State Treasurer is ex-officio custodian, such special fund to be held and disbursed for the purposes hereinafter stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8, either upon the order of the Commission or of a competent court. Said special fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. It is subject to audit the same as State funds and accounts and is protected by the General bond given by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in Section 8, paragraph (f), of this Act, and shall be paid out and disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose.

On January 15, 1991, the employer shall further pay a sum equal to one half of 1% of all compensation payments made by him from January 1, 1990 through June 30, 1990 either under this Act or under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, whether by lump sum settlement or weekly compensation payments, but not including hospital, surgical or rehabilitation payments, into an additional Special Fund which shall be designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund". On March 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made from July 1, 1990 through December 31, 1990. Within 60 days after July 15, 1991, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made from January 1, 1991 through June 30, 1991. Within 60 days after January 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 1996, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 1992 and each subsequent year through 1995, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to one half of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. Within 60 days after January 15 of 1997 and each subsequent year through 2005, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 1996 and each subsequent year through 2004, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to three-fourths of 1% of all such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. Within 60 days after January 15 of 2006 and each subsequent year, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to 1% of such compensation payments made in the last 6 months of the preceding calendar year. Within 60 days after July 15 of 2005 and each subsequent year, the employer shall pay into the Rate Adjustment Fund a sum equal to 1% of such compensation payments made in the first 6 months of the same calendar year. The administrative costs of collecting assessments from employers for the Rate Adjustment Fund shall be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund. The cost of an actuarial audit of the Fund shall be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund ~~and the audit shall be completed no later than July 1, 1997.~~ The State Treasurer is ex officio custodian of such Special Fund and the same shall be held and disbursed for the purposes hereinafter stated in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8 upon the order of the Commission or of a competent court. The Rate Adjustment Fund shall be deposited the same as are State funds and any interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto every 6 months. It shall be

subject to audit the same as State funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general bond given by the State Treasurer. It is considered always appropriated for the purposes of disbursements as provided in paragraphs (f) and (g) of Section 8 of this Act and shall be paid out and disbursed as therein provided and shall not at any time be appropriated or diverted to any other use or purpose. Within 5 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1990, the Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer \$1,000,000 from the General Revenue Fund to the Rate Adjustment Fund. By February 15, 1991, the Comptroller and the State Treasurer shall transfer \$1,000,000 from the Rate Adjustment Fund to the General Revenue Fund. The Comptroller and Treasurer are authorized to make transfers at the request of the Chairman up to a total of ~~\$19,000,000~~ ~~\$15,000,000~~ from the Second Injury Fund, the General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund to the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent that there is insufficient money in the Rate Adjustment Fund to pay claims and obligations. Amounts may be transferred from the General Revenue Fund only if the funds in the Second Injury Fund or the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund are insufficient to pay claims and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund. All amounts transferred from the Second Injury Fund, the General Revenue Fund, and the Workers' Compensation Benefit Trust Fund shall be repaid from the Rate Adjustment Fund within 270 days of a transfer, together with interest at the rate earned by moneys on deposit in the Fund or Funds from which the moneys were transferred.

Upon a finding by the Commission, after reasonable notice and hearing, that any employer has willfully and knowingly failed to pay the proper amounts into the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund required by this Section or if such payments are not made within the time periods prescribed by this Section, the employer shall, in addition to such payments, pay a penalty of 20% of the amount required to be paid or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof of such failure to pay. This penalty shall only apply to obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund or the Rate Adjustment Fund accruing after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. All or part of such a penalty may be waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

Any obligations of an employer to the Second Injury Fund and Rate Adjustment Fund accruing prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 shall be paid in full by such employer within 5 years of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, with at least one-fifth of such obligation to be paid during each year following the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989. If the Commission finds, following reasonable notice and hearing, that an employer has failed to make timely payment of any obligation accruing under the preceding sentence, the employer shall, in addition to all other payments required by this Section, be liable for a penalty equal to 20% of the overdue obligation or \$2,500, whichever is greater, for each year or part thereof that obligation is overdue. All or part of such a penalty may be waived by the Commission for good cause shown.

The Chairman of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall, annually, furnish to the Director of the Department of Insurance a list of the amounts paid into the Second Injury Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund by each insurance company on behalf of their insured employers. The Director shall verify to the Chairman that the amounts paid by each insurance company are accurate as best as the Director can determine from the records available to the Director. The Chairman shall verify that the amounts paid by each self-insurer are accurate as best as the Chairman can determine from records available to the Chairman. The Chairman may require each self-insurer to provide information concerning the total compensation payments made upon which contributions to the Second Injury Fund and the Rate Adjustment Fund are predicated and any additional information establishing that such payments have been made into these funds. Any deficiencies in payments noted by the Director or Chairman shall be subject to the penalty provisions of this Act.

The State Treasurer, or his duly authorized representative, shall be named as a party to all proceedings in all cases involving claim for the loss of, or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one eye, one foot, one leg, one arm or one hand.

The State Treasurer or his duly authorized agent shall have the same rights as any other party to the proceeding, including the right to petition for review of any award. The reasonable expenses of litigation, such as medical examinations, testimony, and transcript of evidence, incurred by the State Treasurer or his duly authorized representative, shall be borne by the Second Injury Fund.

If the award is not paid within 30 days after the date the award has become final, the Commission shall proceed to take judgment thereon in its own name as is provided for other awards by paragraph (g) of Section 19 of this Act and take the necessary steps to collect the award.

Any person, corporation or organization who has paid or become liable for the payment of burial expenses of the deceased employee may in his or its own name institute proceedings before the

Commission for the collection thereof.

For the purpose of administration, receipts and disbursements, the Special Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of this Section shall be administered jointly with the Special Fund provided for in Section 7, paragraph (f) of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act.

(g) All compensation, except for burial expenses provided in this Section to be paid in case accident results in death, shall be paid in installments equal to the percentage of the average earnings as provided for in Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, at the same intervals at which the wages or earnings of the employees were paid. If this is not feasible, then the installments shall be paid weekly. Such compensation may be paid in a lump sum upon petition as provided in Section 9 of this Act. However, in addition to the benefits provided by Section 9 of this Act where compensation for death is payable to the deceased's widow, widower or to the deceased's widow, widower and one or more children, and where a partial lump sum is applied for by such beneficiary or beneficiaries within 18 months after the deceased's death, the Commission may, in its discretion, grant a partial lump sum of not to exceed 100 weeks of the compensation capitalized at their present value upon the basis of interest calculated at 3% per annum with annual rests, upon a showing that such partial lump sum is for the best interest of such beneficiary or beneficiaries.

(h) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f) of this Section shall be increased 50%.

Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors under the age of 16 years.

However, where an employer has on file an employment certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued, such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the purposes of this Section only.

(i) Whenever the dependents of a deceased employee are aliens not residing in the United States, Mexico or Canada, the amount of compensation payable is limited to the beneficiaries described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section and is 50% of the compensation provided in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this Section, except as otherwise provided by treaty.

In a case where any of the persons who would be entitled to compensation is living at any place outside of the United States, then payment shall be made to the personal representative of the deceased employee. The distribution by such personal representative to the persons entitled shall be made to such persons and in such manner as the Commission orders.

(Source: P.A. 92-714, eff. 1-1-03; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

(820 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.8)

Sec. 8. The amount of compensation which shall be paid to the employee for an accidental injury not resulting in death is:

(a) The employer shall provide and pay the negotiated rate, if applicable, or the lesser of the health care provider's actual charges or according to a fee schedule, subject to Section 8.2, in effect at the time the service was rendered for all the necessary first aid, medical and surgical services, and all necessary medical, surgical and hospital services thereafter incurred, limited, however, to that which is reasonably required to cure or relieve from the effects of the accidental injury. If the employer does not dispute payment of first aid, medical, surgical, and hospital services, the employer shall make such payment to the provider on behalf of the employee. The employer shall also pay for treatment, instruction and training necessary for the physical, mental and vocational rehabilitation of the employee, including all maintenance costs and expenses incidental thereto. If as a result of the injury the employee is unable to be self-sufficient the employer shall further pay for such maintenance or institutional care as shall be required.

The employee may at any time elect to secure his own physician, surgeon and hospital services at the employer's expense, or,

Upon agreement between the employer and the employees, or the employees' exclusive representative, and subject to the approval of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission, the employer shall maintain a list of physicians, to be known as a Panel of Physicians, who are accessible to the employees. The employer shall post this list in a place or places easily accessible to his employees. The employee shall have the right to make an alternative choice of physician from such Panel if he is not satisfied with the physician first selected. If, due to the nature of the injury or its occurrence away from the employer's place of business, the employee is unable to make a selection from the Panel, the selection process from the Panel shall not apply. The physician selected from the Panel may arrange for any consultation, referral or other

specialized medical services outside the Panel at the employer's expense. Provided that, in the event the Commission shall find that a doctor selected by the employee is rendering improper or inadequate care, the Commission may order the employee to select another doctor certified or qualified in the medical field for which treatment is required. If the employee refuses to make such change the Commission may relieve the employer of his obligation to pay the doctor's charges from the date of refusal to the date of compliance.

Any vocational rehabilitation counselors who provide service under this Act shall have appropriate certifications which designate the counselor as qualified to render opinions relating to vocational rehabilitation. Vocational rehabilitation may include, but is not limited to, counseling for job searches, supervising a job search program, and vocational retraining including education at an accredited learning institution. The employee or employer may petition to the Commission to decide disputes relating to vocational rehabilitation and the Commission shall resolve any such dispute, including payment of the vocational rehabilitation program by the employer.

The maintenance benefit shall not be less than the temporary total disability rate determined for the employee. In addition, maintenance shall include costs and expenses incidental to the vocational rehabilitation program.

When the employee is working light duty on a part-time basis or full-time basis and earns less than he or she would be earning if employed in the full capacity of the job or jobs, then the employee shall be entitled to temporary partial disability benefits. Temporary partial disability benefits shall be equal to two-thirds of the difference between the average amount that the employee would be able to earn in the full performance of his or her duties in the occupation in which he or she was engaged at the time of accident and the net amount which he or she is earning in the modified job provided to the employee by the employer or in any other job that the employee is working.

Every hospital, physician, surgeon or other person rendering treatment or services in accordance with the provisions of this Section shall upon written request furnish full and complete reports thereof to, and permit their records to be copied by, the employer, the employee or his dependents, as the case may be, or any other party to any proceeding for compensation before the Commission, or their attorneys.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the employer's liability to pay for such medical services selected by the employee shall be limited to:

(1) all first aid and emergency treatment; plus

(2) all medical, surgical and hospital services provided by the physician, surgeon or hospital initially chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution or other provider of services recommended by said initial service provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said initial service provider; plus

(3) all medical, surgical and hospital services provided by any second physician, surgeon or hospital subsequently chosen by the employee or by any other physician, consultant, expert, institution or other provider of services recommended by said second service provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said second service provider. Thereafter the employer shall select and pay for all necessary medical, surgical and hospital treatment and the employee may not select a provider of medical services at the employer's expense unless the employer agrees to such selection. At any time the employee may obtain any medical treatment he desires at his own expense. This paragraph shall not affect the duty to pay for rehabilitation referred to above.

When an employer and employee so agree in writing, nothing in this Act prevents an employee whose injury or disability has been established under this Act, from relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof, and having nursing services appropriate therewith, without suffering loss or diminution of the compensation benefits under this Act. However, the employee shall submit to all physical examinations required by this Act. The cost of such treatment and nursing care shall be paid by the employee unless the employer agrees to make such payment.

Where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm, hand, leg or foot, or the enucleation of an eye, or the loss of any of the natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an artificial of any such members lost or damaged in accidental injury arising out of and in the course of employment, and shall also furnish the necessary braces in all proper and necessary cases. In cases of the loss of a member or members by amputation, the employer shall, whenever necessary, maintain in good repair, refit or replace the artificial limbs during the lifetime of the employee. Where the accidental injury accompanied by physical injury results in damage to a denture, eye glasses or contact eye lenses, or where the accidental injury results in damage to an artificial member, the employer shall replace or repair such denture, glasses, lenses, or artificial member.

The furnishing by the employer of any such services or appliances is not an admission of liability on the part of the employer to pay compensation.

The furnishing of any such services or appliances or the servicing thereof by the employer is not the payment of compensation.

(b) If the period of temporary total incapacity for work lasts more than 3 working days, weekly compensation as hereinafter provided shall be paid beginning on the 4th day of such temporary total incapacity and continuing as long as the total temporary incapacity lasts. In cases where the temporary total incapacity for work continues for a period of 14 days or more from the day of the accident compensation shall commence on the day after the accident.

1. The compensation rate for temporary total incapacity under this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage calculation, the following amounts in the following cases:

~~\$100.90 in case of a single person;
\$105.50 in case of a married person with no children;
\$108.30 in case of one child;
\$113.40 in case of 2 children;
\$117.40 in case of 3 children;
\$124.30 in case of 4 or more children;~~

nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is less.

2. The compensation rate in all cases other than for temporary total disability under this paragraph (b), and other than for serious and permanent disfigurement under paragraph (c) and other than for permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e), of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage calculation, the following amounts in the following cases:

~~\$80.90 in case of a single person;
\$83.20 in case of a married person with no children;
\$86.10 in case of one child;
\$88.90 in case of 2 children;
\$91.80 in case of 3 children;
\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;~~

nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is less.

2.1. The compensation rate in all cases of serious and permanent disfigurement under paragraph (c) and of permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be equal to 60% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage calculation, the following amounts in the following cases:

~~\$80.90 in case of a single person;
\$83.20 in case of a married person with no children;
\$86.10 in case of one child;
\$88.90 in case of 2 children;
\$91.80 in case of 3 children;
\$96.90 in case of 4 or more children;~~

nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is less.

3. As used in this Section the term "child" means a child of the employee including any child legally adopted before the accident or whom at the time of the accident the employee was under legal obligation to support or to whom the employee stood in loco parentis, and who at the time of the accident was under 18 years of age and not emancipated. The term "children" means the plural of "child".

4. All weekly compensation rates provided under subparagraphs 1, 2 and 2.1 of this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be subject to the following limitations:

The maximum weekly compensation rate from July 1, 1975, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, that being the wage that most closely approximates the State's average weekly wage.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1987, except as hereinafter provided, shall be \$293.61. Effective July 1, 1987 and on July 1 of each year thereafter the maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1983, except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act in effect on January 1, 1981. Effective January 1, 1984 and on January 1, of each year thereafter the maximum weekly compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during such period.

From July 1, 1977 and thereafter such maximum weekly compensation rate in death cases under Section 7, and permanent total disability cases under paragraph (f) or subparagraph 18 of paragraph (3) of this Section and for temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this Section and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be increased to 133-1/3% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

For injuries occurring on or after February 1, 2006, the maximum weekly benefit under paragraph (d)1 of this Section shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

4.1. Any provision herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the weekly compensation rate for compensation payments under subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section and under paragraph (f) of this Section and under paragraph (a) of Section 7 and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (e) of this Section, shall in no event be less than 50% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

4.2. Any provision to the contrary notwithstanding, the total compensation payable under Section 7 shall not exceed the greater of ~~\$500,000~~ ~~\$250,000~~ or ~~25~~ 20 years.

5. For the purpose of this Section this State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act on July 1, 1975 is hereby fixed at \$228.16 per week and the computation of compensation rates shall be based on the aforesaid average weekly wage until modified as hereinafter provided.

6. The Department of Employment Security of the State shall on or before the first day of December, 1977, and on or before the first day of June, 1978, and on the first day of each December and June of each year thereafter, publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act and the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall on the 15th day of January, 1978 and on the 15th day of July, 1978 and on the 15th day of each January and July of each year thereafter, post and publish the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act as last determined and published by the Department of Employment Security. The amount when so posted and published shall be conclusive and shall be applicable as the basis of computation of compensation rates until the next posting and publication as aforesaid.

7. The payment of compensation by an employer or his insurance carrier to an injured

employee shall not constitute an admission of the employer's liability to pay compensation.

(c) For any serious and permanent disfigurement to the hand, head, face, neck, arm, leg below the knee or the chest above the axillary line, the employee is entitled to compensation for such disfigurement, the amount determined by agreement at any time or by arbitration under this Act, at a hearing not less than 6 months after the date of the accidental injury, which amount shall not exceed 162 ~~150~~ weeks at the applicable rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section.

No compensation is payable under this paragraph where compensation is payable under paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) of this Section.

A duly appointed member of a fire department in a city, the population of which exceeds 200,000 according to the last federal or State census, is eligible for compensation under this paragraph only where such serious and permanent disfigurement results from burns.

(d) 1. If, after the accidental injury has been sustained, the employee as a result thereof becomes partially incapacitated from pursuing his usual and customary line of employment, he shall, except in cases compensated under the specific schedule set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section, receive compensation for the duration of his disability, subject to the limitations as to maximum amounts fixed in paragraph (b) of this Section, equal to 66-2/3% of the difference between the average amount which he would be able to earn in the full performance of his duties in the occupation in which he was engaged at the time of the accident and the average amount which he is earning or is able to earn in some suitable employment or business after the accident.

2. If, as a result of the accident, the employee sustains serious and permanent injuries not covered by paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section or having sustained injuries covered by the aforesaid paragraphs (c) and (e), he shall have sustained in addition thereto other injuries which injuries do not incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his employment but which would disable him from pursuing other suitable occupations, or which have otherwise resulted in physical impairment; or if such injuries partially incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his usual and customary line of employment but do not result in an impairment of earning capacity, or having resulted in an impairment of earning capacity, the employee elects to waive his right to recover under the foregoing subparagraph 1 of paragraph (d) of this Section then in any of the foregoing events, he shall receive in addition to compensation for temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this Section, compensation at the rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section for that percentage of 500 weeks that the partial disability resulting from the injuries covered by this paragraph bears to total disability. If the employee shall have sustained a fracture of one or more vertebra or fracture of the skull, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 6 weeks for a fractured skull and 6 weeks for each fractured vertebra, and in the event the employee shall have sustained a fracture of any of the following facial bones: nasal, lachrymal, vomer, zygoma, maxilla, palatine or mandible, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 2 weeks for each such fractured bone, and for a fracture of each transverse process not less than 3 weeks. In the event such injuries shall result in the loss of a kidney, spleen or lung, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 10 weeks for each such organ. Compensation awarded under this subparagraph 2 shall not take into consideration injuries covered under paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section and the compensation provided in this paragraph shall not affect the employee's right to compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c) and (e) of this Section for the disabilities therein covered.

(e) For accidental injuries in the following schedule, the employee shall receive compensation for the period of temporary total incapacity for work resulting from such accidental injury, under subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of this Section, and shall receive in addition thereto compensation for a further period for the specific loss herein mentioned, but shall not receive any compensation under any other provisions of this Act. The following listed amounts apply to either the loss of or the permanent and complete loss of use of the member specified, such compensation for the length of time as follows:

1. Thumb-76 ~~70~~ weeks.
2. First, or index finger-43 ~~40~~ weeks.
3. Second, or middle finger-38 ~~35~~ weeks.
4. Third, or ring finger-27 ~~25~~ weeks.
5. Fourth, or little finger-22 ~~20~~ weeks.
6. Great toe-38 ~~35~~ weeks.
7. Each toe other than great toe-13 ~~12~~ weeks.
8. The loss of the first or distal phalanx of the thumb or of any finger or toe shall

be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half of such thumb, finger or toe and the compensation

payable shall be one-half of the amount above specified. The loss of more than one phalanx shall be considered as the loss of the entire thumb, finger or toe. In no case shall the amount received for more than one finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for the loss of a hand.

9. Hand-~~205~~ 190 weeks. The loss of 2 or more digits, or one or more phalanges of 2 or more digits, of a hand may be compensated on the basis of partial loss of use of a hand, provided, further, that the loss of 4 digits, or the loss of use of 4 digits, in the same hand shall constitute the complete loss of a hand.

10. Arm-~~253~~ 235 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm below the elbow, such injury shall be compensated as a loss of an arm. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm above the elbow, compensation for an additional ~~17~~ 15 weeks shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm at the shoulder joint, or so close to shoulder joint that an artificial arm cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of an arm at the shoulder joint, in which case compensation for an additional ~~70~~ 65 weeks shall be paid.

11. Foot-~~167~~ 155 weeks.

12. Leg-~~215~~ 200 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an additional ~~27~~ 25 weeks shall be paid, except where the accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg at the hip joint, or so close to the hip joint that an artificial leg cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of a leg at the hip joint, in which case compensation for an additional ~~81~~ 75 weeks shall be paid.

13. Eye-~~162~~ 150 weeks. Where an accidental injury results in the enucleation of an eye, compensation for an additional ~~11~~ 10 weeks shall be paid.

14. Loss of hearing of one ear-~~54~~ 50 weeks; total and permanent loss of hearing of both ears-~~215~~ 200 weeks.

15. Testicle-~~54~~ 50 weeks; both testicles- ~~162~~ 150 weeks.

16. For the permanent partial loss of use of a member or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, compensation during that proportion of the number of weeks in the foregoing schedule provided for the loss of such member or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, which the partial loss of use thereof bears to the total loss of use of such member, or sight of eye, or hearing of an ear.

(a) Loss of hearing for compensation purposes shall be confined to the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per second. Loss of hearing ability for frequency tones above 3,000 cycles per second are not to be considered as constituting disability for hearing.

(b) The percent of hearing loss, for purposes of the determination of compensation claims for occupational deafness, shall be calculated as the average in decibels for the thresholds of hearing for the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per second. Pure tone air conduction audiometric instruments, approved by nationally recognized authorities in this field, shall be used for measuring hearing loss. If the losses of hearing average 30 decibels or less in the 3 frequencies, such losses of hearing shall not then constitute any compensable hearing disability. If the losses of hearing average 85 decibels or more in the 3 frequencies, then the same shall constitute and be total or 100% compensable hearing loss.

(c) In measuring hearing impairment, the lowest measured losses in each of the 3 frequencies shall be added together and divided by 3 to determine the average decibel loss. For every decibel of loss exceeding 30 decibels an allowance of 1.82% shall be made up to the maximum of 100% which is reached at 85 decibels.

(d) If a hearing loss is established to have existed on July 1, 1975 by audiometric testing the employer shall not be liable for the previous loss so established nor shall he be liable for any loss for which compensation has been paid or awarded.

(e) No consideration shall be given to the question of whether or not the ability of an employee to understand speech is improved by the use of a hearing aid.

(f) No claim for loss of hearing due to industrial noise shall be brought against an employer or allowed unless the employee has been exposed for a period of time sufficient to cause permanent impairment to noise levels in excess of the following:

Sound Level DBA	Hours Per Day
Slow Response	
90	8
92	6

95	4
97	3
100	2
102	1-1/2
105	1
110	1/2
115	1/4

This subparagraph (f) shall not be applied in cases of hearing loss resulting from trauma or explosion.

17. In computing the compensation to be paid to any employee who, before the accident for which he claims compensation, had before that time sustained an injury resulting in the loss by amputation or partial loss by amputation of any member, including hand, arm, thumb or fingers, leg, foot or any toes, such loss or partial loss of any such member shall be deducted from any award made for the subsequent injury. For the permanent loss of use or the permanent partial loss of use of any such member or the partial loss of sight of an eye, for which compensation has been paid, then such loss shall be taken into consideration and deducted from any award for the subsequent injury.

18. The specific case of loss of both hands, both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two thereof, or the permanent and complete loss of the use thereof, constitutes total and permanent disability, to be compensated according to the compensation fixed by paragraph (f) of this Section. These specific cases of total and permanent disability do not exclude other cases.

Any employee who has previously suffered the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of any of such members, and in a subsequent independent accident loses another or suffers the permanent and complete loss of the use of any one of such members the employer for whom the injured employee is working at the time of the last independent accident is liable to pay compensation only for the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of the member occasioned by the last independent accident.

19. In a case of specific loss and the subsequent death of such injured employee from other causes than such injury leaving a widow, widower, or dependents surviving before payment or payment in full for such injury, then the amount due for such injury is payable to the widow or widower and, if there be no widow or widower, then to such dependents, in the proportion which such dependency bears to total dependency.

Beginning July 1, 1980, and every 6 months thereafter, the Commission shall examine the Second Injury Fund and when, after deducting all advances or loans made to such Fund, the amount therein is \$500,000 then the amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be reduced by one-half. When the Second Injury Fund reaches the sum of \$600,000 then the payments shall cease entirely. However, when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$400,000, payment of one-half of the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner herein provided, and when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$300,000, payment of the full amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner herein provided. The Commission shall make the changes in payment effective by general order, and the changes in payment become immediately effective for all cases coming before the Commission thereafter either by settlement agreement or final order, irrespective of the date of the accidental injury.

On August 1, 1996 and on February 1 and August 1 of each subsequent year, the Commission shall examine the special fund designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund" and when, after deducting all advances or loans made to said fund, the amount therein is \$4,000,000, the amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be reduced by one-half. When the Rate Adjustment Fund reaches the sum of \$5,000,000 the payment therein shall cease entirely. However, when said Rate Adjustment Fund has been reduced to \$3,000,000 the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed in the manner herein provided.

(f) In case of complete disability, which renders the employee wholly and permanently incapable of work, or in the specific case of total and permanent disability as provided in subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section, compensation shall be payable at the rate provided in subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) of this Section for life.

An employee entitled to benefits under paragraph (f) of this Section shall also be entitled to receive from the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of the supplementary benefits provided in paragraph (g) of this Section 8.

If any employee who receives an award under this paragraph afterwards returns to work or is able to do

so, and earns or is able to earn as much as before the accident, payments under such award shall cease. If such employee returns to work, or is able to do so, and earns or is able to earn part but not as much as before the accident, such award shall be modified so as to conform to an award under paragraph (d) of this Section. If such award is terminated or reduced under the provisions of this paragraph, such employees have the right at any time within 30 months after the date of such termination or reduction to file petition with the Commission for the purpose of determining whether any disability exists as a result of the original accidental injury and the extent thereof.

Disability as enumerated in subdivision 18, paragraph (e) of this Section is considered complete disability.

If an employee who had previously incurred loss or the permanent and complete loss of use of one member, through the loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one hand, one arm, one foot, one leg, or one eye, incurs permanent and complete disability through the loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of another member, he shall receive, in addition to the compensation payable by the employer and after such payments have ceased, an amount from the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7, which, together with the compensation payable from the employer in whose employ he was when the last accidental injury was incurred, will equal the amount payable for permanent and complete disability as provided in this paragraph of this Section.

The custodian of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be joined with the employer as a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim. The application for adjustment of claim shall state briefly and in general terms the approximate time and place and manner of the loss of the first member.

In its award the Commission or the Arbitrator shall specifically find the amount the injured employee shall be weekly paid, the number of weeks compensation which shall be paid by the employer, the date upon which payments begin out of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of this Act, the length of time the weekly payments continue, the date upon which the pension payments commence and the monthly amount of the payments. The Commission shall 30 days after the date upon which payments out of the Second Injury Fund have begun as provided in the award, and every month thereafter, prepare and submit to the State Comptroller a voucher for payment for all compensation accrued to that date at the rate fixed by the Commission. The State Comptroller shall draw a warrant to the injured employee along with a receipt to be executed by the injured employee and returned to the Commission. The endorsed warrant and receipt is a full and complete acquittance to the Commission for the payment out of the Second Injury Fund. No other appropriation or warrant is necessary for payment out of the Second Injury Fund. The Second Injury Fund is appropriated for the purpose of making payments according to the terms of the awards.

As of July 1, 1980 to July 1, 1982, all claims against and obligations of the Second Injury Fund shall become claims against and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent there is insufficient money in the Second Injury Fund to pay such claims and obligations. In that case, all references to "Second Injury Fund" in this Section shall also include the Rate Adjustment Fund.

(g) Every award for permanent total disability entered by the Commission on and after July 1, 1965 under which compensation payments shall become due and payable after the effective date of this amendatory Act, and every award for death benefits or permanent total disability entered by the Commission on and after the effective date of this amendatory Act shall be subject to annual adjustments as to the amount of the compensation rate therein provided. Such adjustments shall first be made on July 15, 1977, and all awards made and entered prior to July 1, 1975 and on July 15 of each year thereafter. In all other cases such adjustment shall be made on July 15 of the second year next following the date of the entry of the award and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of the award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. Such increase shall be paid in the same manner as herein provided for payments under the Second Injury Fund to the injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, out of the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of this Act. Payments shall be made at the same intervals as provided in the award or, at the option of the Commission, may be made in quarterly payment on the 15th day of January, April, July and October of each year. In the event of a decrease in such average weekly wage there shall be

no change in the then existing compensation rate. The within paragraph shall not apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a compromise lump sum settlement between the employer and the injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, has been duly approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

Provided, that in cases of awards entered by the Commission for injuries occurring before July 1, 1975, the increases in the compensation rate adjusted under the foregoing provision of this paragraph (g) shall be limited to increases in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act occurring after July 1, 1975.

For every accident occurring after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the annual adjustments to the compensation rate in awards for death benefits or permanent total disability, as provided in this Act, shall be paid by the employer. The adjustment shall be made by the employer on July 15 of the second year next following the date of the entry of the award and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of the award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the employer shall increase the weekly compensation rate proportionately by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. In the event of a decrease in such average weekly wage there shall be no change in the then existing compensation rate. Such increase shall be paid by the employer in the same manner and at the same intervals as the payment of compensation in the award. This paragraph shall not apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a compromise lump sum settlement between the employer and the injured employee, or his or her dependents, as the case may be, has been duly approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

The annual adjustments for every award of death benefits or permanent total disability involving accidents occurring before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall continue to be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund pursuant to this paragraph and Section 7(f) of this Act.

(h) In case death occurs from any cause before the total compensation to which the employee would have been entitled has been paid, then in case the employee leaves any widow, widower, child, parent (or any grandchild, grandparent or other lineal heir or any collateral heir dependent at the time of the accident upon the earnings of the employee to the extent of 50% or more of total dependency) such compensation shall be paid to the beneficiaries of the deceased employee and distributed as provided in paragraph (g) of Section 7.

(h-1) In case an injured employee is under legal disability at the time when any right or privilege accrues to him or her under this Act, a guardian may be appointed pursuant to law, and may, on behalf of such person under legal disability, claim and exercise any such right or privilege with the same effect as if the employee himself or herself had claimed or exercised the right or privilege. No limitations of time provided by this Act run so long as the employee who is under legal disability is without a conservator or guardian.

(i) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of this Section is increased 50%.

However, where an employer has on file an employment certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued, such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the purposes of this Section.

Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors under the age of 16 years.

(j) 1. In the event the injured employee receives benefits, including medical, surgical or hospital benefits under any group plan covering non-occupational disabilities contributed to wholly or partially by the employer, which benefits should not have been payable if any rights of recovery existed under this Act, then such amounts so paid to the employee from any such group plan as shall be consistent with, and limited to, the provisions of paragraph 2 hereof, shall be credited to or against any compensation payment for temporary total incapacity for work or any medical, surgical or hospital benefits made or to be made under this Act. In such event, the period of time for giving notice of accidental injury and filing application for adjustment of claim does not commence to run until the termination of such payments. This paragraph does not apply to payments made under any group plan which would have been payable irrespective of an

accidental injury under this Act. Any employer receiving such credit shall keep such employee safe and harmless from any and all claims or liabilities that may be made against him by reason of having received such payments only to the extent of such credit.

Any excess benefits paid to or on behalf of a State employee by the State Employees' Retirement System under Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code on a death claim or disputed disability claim shall be credited against any payments made or to be made by the State of Illinois to or on behalf of such employee under this Act, except for payments for medical expenses which have already been incurred at the time of the award. The State of Illinois shall directly reimburse the State Employees' Retirement System to the extent of such credit.

2. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to give the employer or the insurance carrier the right to credit for any benefits or payments received by the employee other than compensation payments provided by this Act, and where the employee receives payments other than compensation payments, whether as full or partial salary, group insurance benefits, bonuses, annuities or any other payments, the employer or insurance carrier shall receive credit for each such payment only to the extent of the compensation that would have been payable during the period covered by such payment.

3. The extension of time for the filing of an Application for Adjustment of Claim as provided in paragraph 1 above shall not apply to those cases where the time for such filing had expired prior to the date on which payments or benefits enumerated herein have been initiated or resumed. Provided however that this paragraph 3 shall apply only to cases wherein the payments or benefits hereinabove enumerated shall be received after July 1, 1969.

(Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

(820 ILCS 305/8.2 new)

Sec. 8.2. Fee schedule.

(a) Except as provided for in subsection (c), on and after February 1, 2006, the maximum allowable payment for procedures, treatments, or services covered under this Act shall be 90% of the 80th percentile of charges and fees as determined by the Commission utilizing information provided by employers' and insurers' national databases, with a minimum of 12,000,000 Illinois line item charges and fees comprised of health care provider and hospital charges and fees as of August 1, 2004 but not earlier than August 1, 2002. These charges and fees are provider billed amounts and shall not include discounted charges. The 80th percentile is the point on an ordered data set from low to high such that 80% of the cases are below or equal to that point and at most 20% are above or equal to that point. The Commission shall adjust these historical charges and fees as of August 1, 2004 by the Consumer Price Index-U for the period August 1, 2004 through September 30, 2005. The Commission shall establish fee schedules for procedures, treatments, or services for hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, emergency room and trauma, ambulatory surgical treatment centers, and professional services. These charges and fees shall be designated by geozip or any smaller geographic unit. The data shall in no way identify or tend to identify any patient, employer, or health care provider. As used in this Section, "geozip" means a three-digit zip code based on data similarities, geographical similarities, and frequencies. A geozip does not cross state boundaries. As used in this Section, "three-digit zip code" means a geographic area in which all zip codes have the same first 3 digits. If a geozip does not have the necessary number of charges and fees to calculate a valid percentile for a specific procedure, treatment, or service, the Commission may combine data from the geozip with up to 4 other geozips that are demographically and economically similar and exhibit similarities in data and frequencies until the Commission reaches 9 charges or fees for that specific procedure, treatment, or service. In cases where the compiled data contains less than 9 charges or fees for a procedure, treatment, or service, reimbursement shall occur at 76% of charges and fees as determined by the Commission in a manner consistent with the provisions of this paragraph. The Commission has the authority to set the maximum allowable payment to providers of out-of-state procedures, treatments, or services covered under this Act in a manner consistent with this Section. Not later than September 30 in 2006 and each year thereafter, the Commission shall automatically increase or decrease the maximum allowable payment for a procedure, treatment, or service established and in effect on January 1 of that year by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index-U for the 12 month period ending August 31 of that year. The increase or decrease shall become effective on January 1 of the following year. As used in this Section, "Consumer Price Index-U" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor, that measures the average change in prices of all goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, U.S. city average, all items, 1982-84=100.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), if the Commission finds that there is a significant limitation on access to quality health care in either a specific field of health care services or a specific

geographic limitation on access to health care, it may change the Consumer Price Index-U increase or decrease for that specific field or specific geographic limitation on access to health care to address that limitation.

(c) The Commission shall establish by rule a process to review those medical cases or outliers that involve extra-ordinary treatment to determine whether to make an additional adjustment to the maximum payment within a fee schedule for a procedure, treatment, or service.

(d) When a patient notifies a provider that the treatment, procedure, or service being sought is for a work-related illness or injury and furnishes the provider the name and address of the responsible employer, the provider shall bill the employer directly. The employer shall make payment and providers shall submit bills and records in accordance with the provisions of this Section. All payments to providers for treatment provided pursuant to this Act shall be made within 60 days of receipt of the bills as long as the claim contains substantially all the required data elements necessary to adjudicate the bills. In the case of nonpayment to a provider within 60 days of receipt of the bill which contained substantially all of the required data elements necessary to adjudicate the bill or nonpayment to a provider of a portion of such a bill up to the lesser of the actual charge or the payment level set by the Commission in the fee schedule established in this Section, the bill, or portion of the bill, shall incur interest at a rate of 1% per month payable to the provider.

(e) Except as provided in subsections (e-5), (e-10), and (e-15), a provider shall not hold an employee liable for costs related to a non-disputed procedure, treatment, or service rendered in connection with a compensable injury. The provisions of subsections (e-5), (e-10), (e-15), and (e-20) shall not apply if an employee provides information to the provider regarding participation in a group health plan. If the employee participates in a group health plan, the provider may submit a claim for services to the group health plan. If the claim for service is covered by the group health plan, the employee's responsibility shall be limited to applicable deductibles, co-payments, or co-insurance. Except as provided under subsections (e-5), (e-10), (e-15), and (e-20), a provider shall not bill or otherwise attempt to recover from the employee the difference between the provider's charge and the amount paid by the employer or the insurer on a compensable injury.

(e-5) If an employer notifies a provider that the employer does not consider the illness or injury to be compensable under this Act, the provider may seek payment of the provider's actual charges from the employee for any procedure, treatment, or service rendered. Once an employee informs the provider that there is an application filed with the Commission to resolve a dispute over payment of such charges, the provider shall cease any and all efforts to collect payment for the services that are the subject of the dispute. Any statute of limitations or statute of repose applicable to the provider's efforts to collect payment from the employee shall be tolled from the date that the employee files the application with the Commission until the date that the provider is permitted to resume collection efforts under the provisions of this Section.

(e-10) If an employer notifies a provider that the employer will pay only a portion of a bill for any procedure, treatment, or service rendered in connection with a compensable illness or disease, the provider may seek payment from the employee for the remainder of the amount of the bill up to the lesser of the actual charge, negotiated rate, if applicable, or the payment level set by the Commission in the fee schedule established in this Section. Once an employee informs the provider that there is an application filed with the Commission to resolve a dispute over payment of such charges, the provider shall cease any and all efforts to collect payment for the services that are the subject of the dispute. Any statute of limitations or statute of repose applicable to the provider's efforts to collect payment from the employee shall be tolled from the date that the employee files the application with the Commission until the date that the provider is permitted to resume collection efforts under the provisions of this Section.

(e-15) When there is a dispute over the compensability of or amount of payment for a procedure, treatment, or service, and a case is pending or proceeding before an Arbitrator or the Commission, the provider may mail the employee reminders that the employee will be responsible for payment of any procedure, treatment or service rendered by the provider. The reminders must state that they are not bills, to the extent practicable include itemized information, and state that the employee need not pay until such time as the provider is permitted to resume collection efforts under this Section. The reminders shall not be provided to any credit rating agency. The reminders may request that the employee furnish the provider with information about the proceeding under this Act, such as the file number, names of parties, and status of the case. If an employee fails to respond to such request for information or fails to furnish the information requested within 90 days of the date of the reminder, the provider is entitled to resume any and all efforts to collect payment from the employee for the services rendered to the employee and the employee shall be responsible for payment of any outstanding bills for a procedure, treatment, or service

rendered by a provider.

(e-20) Upon a final award or judgment by an Arbitrator or the Commission, or a settlement agreed to by the employer and the employee, a provider may resume any and all efforts to collect payment from the employee for the services rendered to the employee and the employee shall be responsible for payment of any outstanding bills for a procedure, treatment, or service rendered by a provider as well as the interest awarded under subsection (d) of this Section. In the case of a procedure, treatment, or service deemed compensable, the provider shall not require a payment rate, excluding the interest provisions under subsection (d), greater than the lesser of the actual charge or the payment level set by the Commission in the fee schedule established in this Section. Payment for services deemed not covered or not compensable under this Act is the responsibility of the employee unless a provider and employee have agreed otherwise in writing. Services not covered or not compensable under this Act are not subject to the fee schedule in this Section.

(f) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit an employer or insurer from contracting with a health care provider or group of health care providers for reimbursement levels for benefits under this Act different from those provided in this Section.

(g) On or before January 1, 2010 the Commission shall provide to the Governor and General Assembly a report regarding the implementation of the medical fee schedule and the index used for annual adjustment to that schedule as described in this Section.

(820 ILCS 305/8.3 new)

Sec. 8.3. Workers' Compensation Medical Fee Advisory Board. There is created a Workers' Compensation Medical Fee Advisory Board consisting of 9 members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Three members of the Advisory Board shall be representative citizens chosen from the employee class, 3 members shall be representative citizens chosen from the employing class, and 3 members shall be representative citizens chosen from the medical provider class. Each member shall serve a 4-year term and shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed. A vacancy on the Advisory Board shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired term.

Members of the Advisory Board shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties by the Commission from appropriations made to the Commission for that purpose.

The Advisory Board shall advise the Commission on establishment of fees for medical services and accessibility of medical treatment.

(820 ILCS 305/8.7 new)

Sec. 8.7. Utilization review programs.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Utilization review" means the evaluation of proposed or provided health care services to determine the appropriateness of both the level of health care services medically necessary and the quality of health care services provided to a patient, including, but not limited to, evaluation of their efficiency, efficacy, and appropriateness of treatment, hospitalization, or office visits based on medically accepted standards. The evaluation must be accomplished by means of a system that identifies the utilization of health care services based on standards of care or nationally recognized peer review guidelines as well as nationally recognized evidence based upon standards as provided in this Act. Utilization techniques may include prospective review, second opinions, concurrent review, discharge planning, peer review, independent medical examinations, and retrospective review. Nothing in this Section applies to prospective review of necessary first aid or emergency treatment.

(b) No person may conduct a utilization review program for workers' compensation services in this State unless once every 2 years the person registers the utilization review program with the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation and certifies compliance with the Workers' Compensation Utilization Management standards or Health Utilization Management Standards of URAC sufficient to achieve URAC accreditation or submits evidence of accreditation by URAC for its Workers' Compensation Utilization Management Standards or Health Utilization Management Standards. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require an employer or insurer or its subcontractors to become URAC accredited.

(c) In addition, the Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation may certify alternative utilization review standards of national accreditation organizations or entities in order for plans to comply with this Section. Any alternative utilization review standards shall meet or exceed those standards required under subsection (b).

(d) This registration shall include submission of all of the following information regarding utilization review program activities:

(1) The name, address, and telephone number of the utilization review programs.

(2) The organization and governing structure of the utilization review programs.

(3) The number of lives for which utilization review is conducted by each utilization review program.

(4) Hours of operation of each utilization review program.

(5) Description of the grievance process for each utilization review program.

(6) Number of covered lives for which utilization review was conducted for the previous calendar year for each utilization review program.

(7) Written policies and procedures for protecting confidential information according to applicable State and federal laws for each utilization review program.

(e) A utilization review program shall have written procedures to ensure that patient-specific information obtained during the process of utilization review will be:

(1) kept confidential in accordance with applicable State and federal laws; and

(2) shared only with the employee, the employee's designee, and the employee's health care provider, and those who are authorized by law to receive the information. Summary data shall not be considered confidential if it does not provide information to allow identification of individual patients or health care providers.

Only a health care professional may make determinations regarding the medical necessity of health care services during the course of utilization review.

When making retrospective reviews, utilization review programs shall base reviews solely on the medical information available to the attending physician or ordering provider at the time the health care services were provided.

(f) If the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation finds that a utilization review program is not in compliance with this Section, the Department shall issue a corrective action plan and allow a reasonable amount of time for compliance with the plan. If the utilization review program does not come into compliance, the Department may issue a cease and desist order. Before issuing a cease and desist order under this Section, the Department shall provide the utilization review program with a written notice of the reasons for the order and allow a reasonable amount of time to supply additional information demonstrating compliance with the requirements of this Section and to request a hearing. The hearing notice shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.

(g) A utilization review program subject to a corrective action may continue to conduct business until a final decision has been issued by the Department.

(h) The Secretary of Financial and Professional Regulation may by rule establish a registration fee for each person conducting a utilization review program.

(i) A utilization review will be considered by the Commission, along with all other evidence and in the same manner as all other evidence, in the determination of the reasonableness and necessity of the medical bills or treatment. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to diminish the rights of employees to reasonable and necessary medical treatment or employee choice of health care provider under Section 8(a) or the rights of employers to medical examinations under Section 12.

(j) When an employer denies payment of or refuses to authorize payment of first aid, medical, surgical, or hospital services under Section 8(a) of this Act, if that denial or refusal to authorize complies with a utilization review program registered under this Section and complies with all other requirements of this Section, then there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the employer shall not be responsible for payment of additional compensation pursuant to Section 19(k) of this Act and if that denial or refusal to authorize does not comply with a utilization review program registered under this Section and does not comply with all other requirements of this Section, then that will be considered by the Commission, along with all other evidence and in the same manner as all other evidence, in the determination of whether the employer may be responsible for the payment of additional compensation pursuant to Section 19(k) of this Act.

(820 ILCS 305/12) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.12)

Sec. 12. An employee entitled to receive disability payments shall be required, if requested by the employer, to submit himself, at the expense of the employer, for examination to a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon selected by the employer, at any time and place reasonably convenient for the employee, either within or without the State of Illinois, for the purpose of determining the nature, extent and probable duration of the injury received by the employee, and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of compensation which may be due the employee from time to time for disability according to the provisions of this Act. An employee may also be required to submit himself for examination by medical experts under subsection (c) of Section 19.

An employer requesting such an examination, of an employee residing within the State of Illinois, shall deliver to the employee with the notice of the time and place of examination ~~pay in advance of the time fixed for the examination~~ sufficient money to defray the necessary expense of travel by the most convenient means to and from the place of examination, and the cost of meals necessary during the trip, and if the examination or travel to and from the place of examination causes any loss of working time on the part of the employee, the employer shall reimburse him for such loss of wages upon the basis of his average daily wage. Such examination shall be made in the presence of a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon provided and paid for by the employee, if such employee so desires.

In all cases where the examination is made by a surgeon engaged by the employer, and the injured employee has no surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employer to deliver to the injured employee, or his representative, a statement in writing of the condition and extent of the injury to the same extent that said surgeon reports to the employer and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employer, said copy to be furnished the employee, or his representative as soon as practicable but not later than 48 hours before the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employee or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such surgeon refuses to furnish the employee with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employer said surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

If the employee refuses so to submit himself to examination or unnecessarily obstructs the same, his right to compensation payments shall be temporarily suspended until such examination shall have taken place, and no compensation shall be payable under this Act for such period.

It shall be the duty of surgeons treating an injured employee who is likely to die, and treating him at the instance of the employer, to have called in another surgeon to be designated and paid for by either the injured employee or by the person or persons who would become his beneficiary or beneficiaries, to make an examination before the death of such injured employee.

In all cases where the examination is made by a surgeon engaged by the injured employee, and the employer has no surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employee, to deliver to the employer, or his representative, a statement in writing of the condition and extent of the injury to the same extent that said surgeon reports to the employee and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employee, said copy to be furnished the employer, or his representative, as soon as practicable but not later than 48 hours before the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employer, or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such surgeon refuses to furnish the employer with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employee, said surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

(Source: P.A. 81-1482.)

(820 ILCS 305/13) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.13)

Sec. 13. There is created an Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission consisting of 10 ~~7~~ members to be appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, 3 ~~2~~ of whom shall be representative citizens of the employing class operating under this Act and 3 ~~2~~ of whom shall be representative citizens of the class of employees covered under this Act, and 4 ~~3~~ of whom shall be representative citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes. Not more than 6 ~~4~~ members of the Commission shall be of the same political party.

One of the 3 members not identified with either the employing or employee classes shall be designated by the Governor as Chairman. The Chairman shall be the chief administrative and executive officer of the Commission; and he or she shall have general supervisory authority over all personnel of the Commission, including arbitrators and Commissioners, and the final authority in all administrative matters relating to the Commissioners, including but not limited to the assignment and distribution of cases and assignment of Commissioners to the panels, except in the promulgation of procedural rules and orders under Section 16 and in the determination of cases under this Act.

Notwithstanding the general supervisory authority of the Chairman, each Commissioner, except those assigned to the temporary panel, shall have the authority to hire and supervise 2 staff attorneys each. Such staff attorneys shall report directly to the individual Commissioner.

A formal training program for newly-appointed Commissioners shall be implemented. The training program shall include the following:

- (a) substantive and procedural aspects of the office of Commissioner;
- (b) current issues in workers' compensation law and practice;

- (c) medical lectures by specialists in areas such as orthopedics, ophthalmology, psychiatry, rehabilitation counseling;
- (d) orientation to each operational unit of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission;
- (e) observation of experienced arbitrators and Commissioners conducting hearings of cases, combined with the opportunity to discuss evidence presented and rulings made;
- (f) the use of hypothetical cases requiring the newly-appointed Commissioner to issue judgments as a means to evaluating knowledge and writing ability;
- (g) writing skills.

A formal and ongoing professional development program including, but not limited to, the above-noted areas shall be implemented to keep Commissioners informed of recent developments and issues and to assist them in maintaining and enhancing their professional competence.

The Commissioner candidates, other than the Chairman, must meet one of the following qualifications: (a) licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois; or (b) served as an arbitrator at the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission for at least 3 years; or (c) has at least 4 years of professional labor relations experience. The Chairman candidate must have public or private sector management and budget experience, as determined by the Governor.

Each Commissioner shall devote full time to his duties and any Commissioner who is an attorney-at-law shall not engage in the practice of law, nor shall any Commissioner hold any other office or position of profit under the United States or this State or any municipal corporation or political subdivision of this State, nor engage in any other business, employment, or vocation.

The term of office of each member of the Commission holding office on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 is abolished, but the incumbents shall continue to exercise all of the powers and be subject to all of the duties of Commissioners until their respective successors are appointed and qualified.

The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission shall administer this Act.

In the promulgation of procedural rules, the determination of cases heard en banc, and other matters determined by the full Commission, the Chairman's vote shall break a tie in the event of a tie vote.

The members shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, as follows:

(a) After the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, 3 members, at least one of each political party, and one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the employing class operating under this Act, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the class of employees covered under this Act, and one of whom shall be a representative citizen not identified with either the employing or employee classes, shall be appointed to hold office until the third Monday in January of 1993, and until their successors are appointed and qualified, and 4 members, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the employing class operating under this Act, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the class of employees covered in this Act, and two of whom shall be representative citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes, one of whom shall be designated by the Governor as Chairman (at least one of each of the two major political parties) shall be appointed to hold office until the third Monday of January in 1991, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(a-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the term of each member of the Commission who was appointed by the Governor and is in office on June 30, 2003 shall terminate at the close of business on that date or when all of the successor members to be appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly have been appointed by the Governor, whichever occurs later. As soon as possible, the Governor shall appoint persons to fill the vacancies created by this amendatory Act. Of the initial commissioners appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, 3 shall be appointed for terms ending on the third Monday in January, 2005, and 4 shall be appointed for terms ending on the third Monday in January, 2007.

(a-10) After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Commission shall be increased to 10 members. As soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint, by and with the consent of the Senate, the 3 members added to the Commission under this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, one of whom shall be a representative citizen of the employing class operating under this Act, one of whom shall be a representative of the class of employees covered under this Act, and one of whom shall be a representative citizen not identified with either the employing or employee classes. Of the members appointed under this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, one shall be appointed for a term ending on the third Monday in January, 2007, and 2 shall be appointed for terms ending on the third Monday in January, 2009, and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(b) Members shall thereafter be appointed to hold office for terms of 4 years from the third Monday in January of the year of their appointment, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. All such appointments shall be made so that the composition of the Commission is in accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph of this Section.

The Chairman shall receive an annual salary of \$42,500, or a salary set by the Compensation Review Board, whichever is greater, and each other member shall receive an annual salary of \$38,000, or a salary set by the Compensation Review Board, whichever is greater.

In case of a vacancy in the office of a Commissioner during the recess of the Senate, the Governor shall make a temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Senate, when he shall nominate some person to fill such office. Any person so nominated who is confirmed by the Senate shall hold office during the remainder of the term and until his successor is appointed and qualified.

The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission created by this amendatory Act of 1989 shall succeed to all the rights, powers, duties, obligations, records and other property and employees of the Industrial Commission which it replaces as modified by this amendatory Act of 1989 and all applications and reports to actions and proceedings of such prior Industrial Commission shall be considered as applications and reports to actions and proceedings of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission created by this amendatory Act of 1989.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the event the Chairman shall make a finding that a member is or will be unavailable to fulfill the responsibilities of his or her office, the Chairman shall advise the Governor and the member in writing and shall designate a certified arbitrator to serve as acting Commissioner. The certified arbitrator shall act as a Commissioner until the member resumes the duties of his or her office or until a new member is appointed by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, if a vacancy occurs in the office of the Commissioner, but in no event shall a certified arbitrator serve in the capacity of Commissioner for more than 6 months from the date of appointment by the Chairman. A finding by the Chairman that a member is or will be unavailable to fulfill the responsibilities of his or her office shall be based upon notice to the Chairman by a member that he or she will be unavailable or facts and circumstances made known to the Chairman which lead him to reasonably find that a member is unavailable to fulfill the responsibilities of his or her office. The designation of a certified arbitrator to act as a Commissioner shall be considered representative of citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes and the arbitrator shall serve regardless of his or her political affiliation. A certified arbitrator who serves as an acting Commissioner shall have all the rights and powers of a Commissioner, including salary.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Governor shall appoint a special panel of Commissioners comprised of 3 members who shall be chosen by the Governor, by and with the consent of the Senate, from among the current ranks of certified arbitrators. Three members shall hold office until the Commission in consultation with the Governor determines that the caseload on review has been reduced sufficiently to allow cases to proceed in a timely manner or for a term of 18 months from the effective date of their appointment by the Governor, whichever shall be earlier. The 3 members shall be considered representative of citizens not identified with either the employing or employee classes and shall serve regardless of political affiliation. Each of the 3 members shall have only such rights and powers of a Commissioner necessary to dispose of those cases assigned to the special panel. Each of the 3 members appointed to the special panel shall receive the same salary as other Commissioners for the duration of the panel.

The Commission may have an Executive Director; if so, the Executive Director shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The salary and duties of the Executive Director shall be fixed by the Commission.

On the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the name of the Industrial Commission is changed to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission. References in any law, appropriation, rule, form, or other document: (i) to the Industrial Commission are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission for all purposes; (ii) to the Industrial Commission Operations Fund are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations Fund for all purposes; (iii) to the Industrial Commission Operations Fund Fee are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations Fund Fee for all purposes; and (iv) to the Industrial Commission Operations Fund Surcharge are deemed, in appropriate contexts, to be references to the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission Operations Fund Surcharge for all purposes.

(Source: P.A. 93-509, eff. 8-11-03; 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

(820 ILCS 305/13.1) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.13-1)

Sec. 13.1. (a) There is created a Workers' Compensation Advisory Board hereinafter referred to as the Advisory Board. After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly, the Advisory Board shall consist ~~consisting~~ of 12 ~~9~~ members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Six ~~Three~~ members of the Advisory Board shall be representative citizens chosen from the employee class, and 6 ~~3~~ members shall be representative citizens chosen from the employing class ~~and 3 members shall be representative citizens not identified with either the employing or employee class.~~ The Chairman of the Commission shall serve as the ex officio Chairman of the Advisory Board. After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly each member of the Advisory Board shall serve a 4-year term ending on the third Monday in January 2007 and shall continue to serve until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. Members of the Advisory Board shall thereafter be appointed for 4 year terms from the third Monday in January of the year of their appointment, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The Governor shall select one of the members not identified with either the employing or employee class to serve as Chairman. Seven ~~Five~~ members of the Advisory Board shall constitute a quorum to do business, but in no case shall there be less than one representative from each class, ~~employee, employing and representative citizen not identified with either the employing or employee class.~~ A vacancy on the Advisory Board shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired term.

(b) Members of the Advisory Board shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties by the Commission from appropriations made to the Commission for such purpose.

(c) The Advisory Board shall aid the Commission in formulating policies, discussing problems, setting priorities of expenditures and establishing short and long range administrative goals. Prior to making appointments to the Commission the Governor shall request that the Advisory Board make recommendations as to candidates to consider for appointment and the Advisory Board may then make such recommendations.

(Source: P.A. 86-998.)

(820 ILCS 305/14) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.14)

Sec. 14. The Commission shall appoint a secretary, an assistant secretary, and arbitrators and shall employ such assistants and clerical help as may be necessary.

Each arbitrator appointed after November 22, 1977 shall be required to demonstrate in writing and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Illinois Department of Central Management Services his or her knowledge of and expertise in the law of and judicial processes of the Workers' Compensation Act and the Occupational Diseases Act.

A formal training program for newly-hired arbitrators shall be implemented. The training program shall include the following:

- (a) substantive and procedural aspects of the arbitrator position;
- (b) current issues in workers' compensation law and practice;
- (c) medical lectures by specialists in areas such as orthopedics, ophthalmology, psychiatry, rehabilitation counseling;
- (d) orientation to each operational unit of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission;
- (e) observation of experienced arbitrators conducting hearings of cases, combined with the opportunity to discuss evidence presented and rulings made;
- (f) the use of hypothetical cases requiring the trainee to issue judgments as a means to evaluating knowledge and writing ability;
- (g) writing skills.

A formal and ongoing professional development program including, but not limited to, the above-noted areas shall be implemented to keep arbitrators informed of recent developments and issues and to assist them in maintaining and enhancing their professional competence.

Each arbitrator shall devote full time to his or her duties and shall serve when assigned as an acting Commissioner when a Commissioner is unavailable in accordance with the provisions of Section 13 of this Act. Any arbitrator who is an attorney-at-law shall not engage in the practice of law, nor shall any arbitrator hold any other office or position of profit under the United States or this State or any municipal corporation or political subdivision of this State. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, an arbitrator who serves as an acting Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of Section 13 of this Act shall continue to serve in the capacity of Commissioner until a decision is reached in every case heard by that arbitrator while serving as an acting Commissioner.

Each arbitrator appointed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 shall be appointed for a term of 6 years. Each arbitrator shall be appointed for a subsequent term unless the Chairman makes a recommendation to the Commission, no later than 60 days prior to the expiration of the term, not to reappoint the arbitrator. Notice of such a recommendation shall also be given to the arbitrator no later than 60 days prior to the expiration of the term. Upon such recommendation by the Chairman, the arbitrator shall be appointed for a subsequent term unless 8 ~~5~~ of 10 ~~7~~ members of the Commission, including the Chairman, vote not to reappoint the arbitrator.

All arbitrators shall be subject to the provisions of the Personnel Code, and the performance of all arbitrators shall be reviewed by the Chairman on an annual basis. The Chairman shall allow input from the Commissioners in all such reviews.

The Secretary and each arbitrator shall receive a per annum salary of \$4,000 less than the per annum salary of members of The Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission as provided in Section 13 of this Act, payable in equal monthly installments.

The members of the Commission, Arbitrators and other employees whose duties require them to travel, shall have reimbursed to them their actual traveling expenses and disbursements made or incurred by them in the discharge of their official duties while away from their place of residence in the performance of their duties.

The Commission shall provide itself with a seal for the authentication of its orders, awards and proceedings upon which shall be inscribed the name of the Commission and the words "Illinois--Seal".

The Secretary or Assistant Secretary, under the direction of the Commission, shall have charge and custody of the seal of the Commission and also have charge and custody of all records, files, orders, proceedings, decisions, awards and other documents on file with the Commission. He shall furnish certified copies, under the seal of the Commission, of any such records, files, orders, proceedings, decisions, awards and other documents on file with the Commission as may be required. Certified copies so furnished by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary shall be received in evidence before the Commission or any Arbitrator thereof, and in all courts, provided that the original of such certified copy is otherwise competent and admissible in evidence. The Secretary or Assistant Secretary shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the Commission.

(Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

(820 ILCS 305/16) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.16)

Sec. 16. The Commission shall make and publish procedural rules and orders for carrying out the duties imposed upon it by law and for determining the extent of disability sustained, which rules and orders shall be deemed prima facie reasonable and valid.

The process and procedure before the Commission shall be as simple and summary as reasonably may be.

The Commission upon application of either party may issue *dedimus potestatem* directed to a commissioner, notary public, justice of the peace or any other officer authorized by law to administer oaths, to take the depositions of such witness or witnesses as may be necessary in the judgment of such applicant. Such *dedimus potestatem* may issue to any of the officers aforesaid in any state or territory of the United States. When the deposition of any witness resident of a foreign country is desired to be taken, the *dedimus* shall be directed to and the deposition taken before a consul, vice consul or other authorized representative of the government of the United States of America, whose station is in the country where the witness whose deposition is to be taken resides. In countries where the government of the United States has no consul or other diplomatic representative, then depositions in such case shall be taken through the appropriate judicial authority of that country; or where treaties provide for other methods of taking depositions, then the same may be taken as in such treaties provided. The Commission shall have the power to adopt necessary rules to govern the issue of such *dedimus potestatem*.

The Commission, or any member thereof, or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission shall have the power to administer oaths, subpoena and examine witnesses; to issue subpoenas *duces tecum*, requiring the production of such books, papers, records and documents as may be evidence of any matter under inquiry and to examine and inspect the same and such places or premises as may relate to the question in dispute. The Commission, or any member thereof, or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission, shall on written request of either party to the dispute, issue subpoenas for the attendance of such witnesses and production of such books, papers, records and documents as shall be designated in the applications, and the parties applying for such subpoena shall advance the officer and witness fees provided for in civil actions pending in circuit courts of this State, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act. Service of such subpoena shall be made by any sheriff or other person. In case any person refuses to comply with an order

of the Commission or subpoenas issued by it or by any member thereof, or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission or to permit an inspection of places or premises, or to produce any books, papers, records or documents, or any witness refuses to testify to any matters regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the Circuit Court of the county in which the hearing or matter is pending, on application of any member of the Commission or any Arbitrator designated by the Commission, shall compel obedience by attachment proceedings, as for contempt, as in a case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena from such court on a refusal to testify therein.

The records, reports, and bills kept by a treating hospital, treating physician, or other treating healthcare provider that renders treatment to the employee as a result of accidental injuries in question, certified to as true and correct by the hospital, physician, or other healthcare provider or by designated agents of the hospital, physician, or other healthcare provider, superintendent or other officer in charge, showing the medical and surgical treatment given an injured employee by ~~in~~ such hospital, physician, or other healthcare provider, shall be admissible without any further proof as evidence of the medical and surgical matters stated therein, but shall not be conclusive proof of such matters. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that any such records, reports, and bills received in response to Commission subpoena are certified to be true and correct. This paragraph does not restrict, limit, or prevent the admissibility of records, reports, or bills that are otherwise admissible. This provision does not apply to reports prepared by treating providers for use in litigation.

The Commission at its expense shall provide an official court reporter to take the testimony and record of proceedings at the hearings before an Arbitrator or the Commission, who shall furnish a transcript of such testimony or proceedings to either party requesting it, upon payment therefor at the rate of \$1.00 per page for the original and 35 cents per page for each copy of such transcript. Payment for photostatic copies of exhibits shall be extra. If the Commission has determined, as provided in Section 20 of this Act, that the employee is a poor person, a transcript of such testimony and proceedings, including photostatic copies of exhibits, shall be furnished to such employee at the Commission's expense.

The Commission shall have the power to determine the reasonableness and fix the amount of any fee of compensation charged by any person, including attorneys, physicians, surgeons and hospitals, for any service performed in connection with this Act, or for which payment is to be made under this Act or rendered in securing any right under this Act.

Whenever the Commission shall find that the employer, his or her agent, service company or insurance carrier has been guilty of delay or unfairness towards an employee in the adjustment, settlement or payment of benefits due such employee within the purview of the provisions of paragraph (c) of Section 4 of this Act; or has been guilty of unreasonable or vexatious delay, intentional under-payment of compensation benefits, or has engaged in frivolous defenses which do not present a real controversy, within the purview of the provisions of paragraph (k) of Section 19 of this Act, the Commission may assess all or any part of the attorney's fees and costs against such employer and his or her insurance carrier.

(Source: P.A. 86-998.)

(820 ILCS 305/19) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.19)

Sec. 19. Any disputed questions of law or fact shall be determined as herein provided.

(a) It shall be the duty of the Commission upon notification that the parties have failed to reach an agreement, to designate an Arbitrator.

1. Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under this Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause, that the claim for disability or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act, then the provisions of Section 19, paragraph (a-1) of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act having reference to such application shall apply.

2. Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause that the claim for injury or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under this Act, then the application so filed under the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act may be amended in form, substance or both to assert claim for such disability or death under this Act and it shall be deemed to have been so filed as amended on the date of the original filing thereof, and such compensation may be awarded as is warranted by the whole evidence pursuant to this Act. When such amendment is submitted, further or additional evidence may be heard by the Arbitrator or Commission when deemed necessary. Nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to be or permit a waiver of any provisions of this Act with reference to notice but notice if

given shall be deemed to be a notice under the provisions of this Act if given within the time required herein.

(b) The Arbitrator shall make such inquiries and investigations as he or they shall deem necessary and may examine and inspect all books, papers, records, places, or premises relating to the questions in dispute and hear such proper evidence as the parties may submit.

The hearings before the Arbitrator shall be held in the vicinity where the injury occurred after 10 days' notice of the time and place of such hearing shall have been given to each of the parties or their attorneys of record.

The Arbitrator may find that the disabling condition is temporary and has not yet reached a permanent condition and may order the payment of compensation up to the date of the hearing, which award shall be reviewable and enforceable in the same manner as other awards, and in no instance be a bar to a further hearing and determination of a further amount of temporary total compensation or of compensation for permanent disability, but shall be conclusive as to all other questions except the nature and extent of said disability.

The decision of the Arbitrator shall be filed with the Commission which Commission shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision, together with a notification of the time when it was filed. ~~As of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly Beginning January 1, 1981,~~ all decisions of the Arbitrator shall set forth in writing findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated, if requested by either party. Unless a petition for review is filed by either party within 30 days after the receipt by such party of the copy of the decision and notification of time when filed, and unless such party petitioning for a review shall within 35 days after the receipt by him of the copy of the decision, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing before the Arbitrator, or if such party shall so elect a correct transcript of evidence of the proceedings at such hearings, then the decision shall become the decision of the Commission and in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. The Petition for Review shall contain a statement of the petitioning party's specific exceptions to the decision of the arbitrator. The jurisdiction of the Commission to review the decision of the arbitrator shall not be limited to the exceptions stated in the Petition for Review. The Commission, or any member thereof, may grant further time not exceeding 30 days, in which to file such agreed statement or transcript of evidence. Such agreed statement of facts or correct transcript of evidence, as the case may be, shall be authenticated by the signatures of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event they do not agree as to the correctness of the transcript of evidence it shall be authenticated by the signature of the Arbitrator designated by the Commission.

Whether the employee is working or not, if the employee is not receiving or has not received medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8, the employee may at any time petition for an expedited hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he or she is entitled to receive payment of the services or compensation. Provided the employer continues to pay compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8, the employer may at any time petition for an expedited hearing on the issue of whether or not the employee is entitled to receive medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8. When an employer has petitioned for an expedited hearing, the employer shall continue to pay compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 unless the arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing or unless the employee's treating physician has released the employee to return to work at his or her regular job with the employer or the employee actually returns to work at any other job. If the arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing a petition for review filed by the employee shall receive the same priority as if the employee had filed a petition for an expedited hearing by an Arbitrator. Neither party shall be entitled to an expedited hearing when the employee has returned to work and the sole issue in dispute amounts to less than 12 weeks of unpaid compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8.

Expedited hearings shall have priority over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission with all convenient speed. Any party requesting an expedited hearing shall give notice of a request for an expedited hearing under this paragraph. A copy of the Application for Adjustment of Claim shall be attached to the notice. The Commission shall adopt rules and procedures under which the final decision of the Commission under this paragraph is filed not later than 180 days from the date that the Petition for Review is filed with the Commission.

Where 2 or more insurance carriers, private self-insureds, or a group workers' compensation pool under

Article V 3/4 of the Illinois Insurance Code dispute coverage for the same injury, any such insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool may request an expedited hearing pursuant to this paragraph to determine the issue of coverage, provided coverage is the only issue in dispute and all other issues are stipulated and agreed to and further provided that all compensation benefits including medical benefits pursuant to Section 8(a) continue to be paid to or on behalf of petitioner. Any insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that is determined to be liable for coverage for the injury in issue shall reimburse any insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that has paid benefits to or on behalf of petitioner for the injury.

(b-1) If the employee is not receiving medical, surgical or hospital services as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8 or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8, the employee, in accordance with Commission Rules, may file a petition for an emergency hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he is entitled to receive payment of such compensation or services as provided therein. Such petition shall have priority over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission with all convenient speed.

Such petition shall contain the following information and shall be served on the employer at least 15 days before it is filed:

- (i) the date and approximate time of accident;
- (ii) the approximate location of the accident;
- (iii) a description of the accident;
- (iv) the nature of the injury incurred by the employee;
- (v) the identity of the person, if known, to whom the accident was reported and the date on which it was reported;
- (vi) the name and title of the person, if known, representing the employer with whom the employee conferred in any effort to obtain compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of this Act or medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act and the date of such conference;
- (vii) a statement that the employer has refused to pay compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of this Act or for medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act;
- (viii) the name and address, if known, of each witness to the accident and of each other person upon whom the employee will rely to support his allegations;
- (ix) the dates of treatment related to the accident by medical practitioners, and the names and addresses of such practitioners, including the dates of treatment related to the accident at any hospitals and the names and addresses of such hospitals, and a signed authorization permitting the employer to examine all medical records of all practitioners and hospitals named pursuant to this paragraph;
- (x) a copy of a signed report by a medical practitioner, relating to the employee's current inability to return to work because of the injuries incurred as a result of the accident or such other documents or affidavits which show that the employee is entitled to receive compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of this Act or medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 8 of this Act. Such reports, documents or affidavits shall state, if possible, the history of the accident given by the employee, and describe the injury and medical diagnosis, the medical services for such injury which the employee has received and is receiving, the physical activities which the employee cannot currently perform as a result of any impairment or disability due to such injury, and the prognosis for recovery;
- (xi) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employee on which the employee will rely to support his allegations, provided that the employer shall pay the reasonable cost of reproduction thereof;
- (xii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employee has demanded by subpoena and on which he intends to rely to support his allegations;
- (xiii) a certification signed by the employee or his representative that the employer has received the petition with the required information 15 days before filing.

Fifteen days after receipt by the employer of the petition with the required information the employee may file said petition and required information and shall serve notice of the filing upon the employer. The employer may file a motion addressed to the sufficiency of the petition. If an objection has been filed to the sufficiency of the petition, the arbitrator shall rule on the objection within 2 working days. If such an objection is filed, the time for filing the final decision of the Commission as provided in this paragraph

shall be tolled until the arbitrator has determined that the petition is sufficient.

The employer shall, within 15 days after receipt of the notice that such petition is filed, file with the Commission and serve on the employee or his representative a written response to each claim set forth in the petition, including the legal and factual basis for each disputed allegation and the following information: (i) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employer on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (ii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employer has demanded by subpoena and on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (iii) the name and address of each witness on whom the employer will rely to support his response, and (iv) the names and addresses of any medical practitioners selected by the employer pursuant to Section 12 of this Act and the time and place of any examination scheduled to be made pursuant to such Section.

Any employer who does not timely file and serve a written response without good cause may not introduce any evidence to dispute any claim of the employee but may cross examine the employee or any witness brought by the employee and otherwise be heard.

No document or other evidence not previously identified by either party with the petition or written response, or by any other means before the hearing, may be introduced into evidence without good cause. If, at the hearing, material information is discovered which was not previously disclosed, the Arbitrator may extend the time for closing proof on the motion of a party for a reasonable period of time which may be more than 30 days. No evidence may be introduced pursuant to this paragraph as to permanent disability. No award may be entered for permanent disability pursuant to this paragraph. Either party may introduce into evidence the testimony taken by deposition of any medical practitioner.

The Commission shall adopt rules, regulations and procedures whereby the final decision of the Commission is filed not later than 90 days from the date the petition for review is filed but in no event later than 180 days from the date the petition for an emergency hearing is filed with the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

All service required pursuant to this paragraph (b-1) must be by personal service or by certified mail and with evidence of receipt. In addition for the purposes of this paragraph, all service on the employer must be at the premises where the accident occurred if the premises are owned or operated by the employer. Otherwise service must be at the employee's principal place of employment by the employer. If service on the employer is not possible at either of the above, then service shall be at the employer's principal place of business. After initial service in each case, service shall be made on the employer's attorney or designated representative.

(c) (1) At a reasonable time in advance of and in connection with the hearing under Section 19(e) or 19(h), the Commission may on its own motion order an impartial physical or mental examination of a petitioner whose mental or physical condition is in issue, when in the Commission's discretion it appears that such an examination will materially aid in the just determination of the case. The examination shall be made by a member or members of a panel of physicians chosen for their special qualifications by the Illinois State Medical Society. The Commission shall establish procedures by which a physician shall be selected from such list.

(2) Should the Commission at any time during the hearing find that compelling considerations make it advisable to have an examination and report at that time, the commission may in its discretion so order.

(3) A copy of the report of examination shall be given to the Commission and to the attorneys for the parties.

(4) Either party or the Commission may call the examining physician or physicians to testify. Any physician so called shall be subject to cross-examination.

(5) The examination shall be made, and the physician or physicians, if called, shall testify, without cost to the parties. The Commission shall determine the compensation and the pay of the physician or physicians. The compensation for this service shall not exceed the usual and customary amount for such service.

(6) The fees and payment thereof of all attorneys and physicians for services authorized by the Commission under this Act shall, upon request of either the employer or the employee or the beneficiary affected, be subject to the review and decision of the Commission.

(d) If any employee shall persist in insanitary or injurious practices which tend to either imperil or retard his recovery or shall refuse to submit to such medical, surgical, or hospital treatment as is reasonably essential to promote his recovery, the Commission may, in its discretion, reduce or suspend the compensation of any such injured employee. However, when an employer and employee so agree in writing, the foregoing provision shall not be construed to authorize the reduction or suspension of

compensation of an employee who is relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof.

(e) This paragraph shall apply to all hearings before the Commission. Such hearings may be held in its office or elsewhere as the Commission may deem advisable. The taking of testimony on such hearings may be had before any member of the Commission. If a petition for review and agreed statement of facts or transcript of evidence is filed, as provided herein, the Commission shall promptly review the decision of the Arbitrator and all questions of law or fact which appear from the statement of facts or transcript of evidence.

In all cases in which the hearing before the arbitrator is held after December 18, 1989, no additional evidence shall be introduced by the parties before the Commission on review of the decision of the Arbitrator. In reviewing decisions of an arbitrator the Commission shall award such temporary compensation, permanent compensation and other payments as are due under this Act. The Commission shall file in its office its decision thereon, and shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision and a notification of the time when it was filed. Decisions shall be filed within 60 days after the Statement of Exceptions and Supporting Brief and Response thereto are required to be filed or oral argument whichever is later.

In the event either party requests oral argument, such argument shall be had before a panel of 3 members of the Commission (or before all available members pursuant to the determination of $\frac{7}{5}$ members of the Commission that such argument be held before all available members of the Commission) pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Commission. A panel of 3 members, which shall be comprised of not more than one representative citizen of the employing class and not more than one representative citizen of the employee class, shall hear the argument; provided that if all the issues in dispute are solely the nature and extent of the permanent partial disability, if any, a majority of the panel may deny the request for such argument and such argument shall not be held; and provided further that $\frac{7}{5}$ members of the Commission may determine that the argument be held before all available members of the Commission. A decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of Commissioners present at such hearing if any; provided, if no such hearing is held, a decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of a panel of 3 members of the Commission as described in this Section. The Commission shall give 10 days' notice to the parties or their attorneys of the time and place of such taking of testimony and of such argument.

In any case the Commission in its decision may find specially upon any question or questions of law or fact which shall be submitted in writing by either party whether ultimate or otherwise; provided that on issues other than nature and extent of the disability, if any, the Commission in its decision shall find specially upon any question or questions of law or fact, whether ultimate or otherwise, which are submitted in writing by either party; provided further that not more than 5 such questions may be submitted by either party. Any party may, within 20 days after receipt of notice of the Commission's decision, or within such further time, not exceeding 30 days, as the Commission may grant, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing, or, if such party shall so elect, a correct transcript of evidence of the additional proceedings presented before the Commission, in which report the party may embody a correct statement of such other proceedings in the case as such party may desire to have reviewed, such statement of facts or transcript of evidence to be authenticated by the signature of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event that they do not agree, then the authentication of such transcript of evidence shall be by the signature of any member of the Commission.

If a reporter does not for any reason furnish a transcript of the proceedings before the Arbitrator in any case for use on a hearing for review before the Commission, within the limitations of time as fixed in this Section, the Commission may, in its discretion, order a trial de novo before the Commission in such case upon application of either party. The applications for adjustment of claim and other documents in the nature of pleadings filed by either party, together with the decisions of the Arbitrator and of the Commission and the statement of facts or transcript of evidence hereinbefore provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be the record of the proceedings of the Commission, and shall be subject to review as hereinafter provided.

At the request of either party or on its own motion, the Commission shall set forth in writing the reasons for the decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law separately stated. The Commission shall by rule adopt a format for written decisions for the Commission and arbitrators. The written decisions shall be concise and shall succinctly state the facts and reasons for the decision. The Commission may adopt in whole or in part, the decision of the arbitrator as the decision of the Commission. When the Commission does so adopt the decision of the arbitrator, it shall do so by order. Whenever the Commission adopts part

of the arbitrator's decision, but not all, it shall include in the order the reasons for not adopting all of the arbitrator's decision. When a majority of a panel, after deliberation, has arrived at its decision, the decision shall be filed as provided in this Section without unnecessary delay, and without regard to the fact that a member of the panel has expressed an intention to dissent. Any member of the panel may file a dissent. Any dissent shall be filed no later than 10 days after the decision of the majority has been filed.

Decisions rendered by the Commission and dissents, if any, shall be published together by the Commission. The conclusions of law set out in such decisions shall be regarded as precedents by arbitrators for the purpose of achieving a more uniform administration of this Act.

(f) The decision of the Commission acting within its powers, according to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this Section shall, in the absence of fraud, be conclusive unless reviewed as in this paragraph hereinafter provided. However, the Arbitrator or the Commission may on his or its own motion, or on the motion of either party, correct any clerical error or errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of any award by such Arbitrator or any decision on review of the Commission and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration or decision on review, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected award or decision. Where such correction is made the time for review herein specified shall begin to run from the date of the receipt of the corrected award or decision.

(1) Except in cases of claims against the State of Illinois, in which case the decision of the Commission shall not be subject to judicial review, the Circuit Court of the county where any of the parties defendant may be found, or if none of the parties defendant can be found in this State then the Circuit Court of the county where the accident occurred, shall by summons to the Commission have power to review all questions of law and fact presented by such record.

A proceeding for review shall be commenced within 20 days of the receipt of notice of the decision of the Commission. The summons shall be issued by the clerk of such court upon written request returnable on a designated return day, not less than 10 or more than 60 days from the date of issuance thereof, and the written request shall contain the last known address of other parties in interest and their attorneys of record who are to be served by summons. Service upon any member of the Commission or the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary thereof shall be service upon the Commission, and service upon other parties in interest and their attorneys of record shall be by summons, and such service shall be made upon the Commission and other parties in interest by mailing notices of the commencement of the proceedings and the return day of the summons to the office of the Commission and to the last known place of residence of other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record. The clerk of the court issuing the summons shall on the day of issue mail notice of the commencement of the proceedings which shall be done by mailing a copy of the summons to the office of the Commission, and a copy of the summons to the other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record and the clerk of the court shall make certificate that he has so sent said notices in pursuance of this Section, which shall be evidence of service on the Commission and other parties in interest.

The Commission shall not be required to certify the record of their proceedings to the Circuit Court, unless the party commencing the proceedings for review in the Circuit Court as above provided, shall pay to the Commission the sum of 80¢ per page of testimony taken before the Commission, and 35¢ per page of all other matters contained in such record, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act. Payment for photostatic copies of exhibit shall be extra. It shall be the duty of the Commission upon such payment, or failure to pay as permitted under Section 20 of this Act, to prepare a true and correct typewritten copy of such testimony and a true and correct copy of all other matters contained in such record and certified to by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary thereof.

In its decision on review the Commission shall determine in each particular case the amount of the probable cost of the record to be filed as a part of the summons in that case and no request for a summons may be filed and no summons shall issue unless the party seeking to review the decision of the Commission shall exhibit to the clerk of the Circuit Court proof of payment by filing a receipt showing payment or an affidavit of the attorney setting forth that payment has been made of the sums so determined to the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Commission, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act.

(2) No such summons shall issue unless the one against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall upon the filing of his written request for such summons file with the clerk of the court a bond conditioned that if he shall not successfully prosecute the review, he will pay the award and the costs of the proceedings in the courts. The amount of the bond shall be fixed by any member of the Commission and the surety or sureties of the bond shall be approved

by the clerk of the court. The acceptance of the bond by the clerk of the court shall constitute evidence of his approval of the bond.

Every county, city, town, township, incorporated village, school district, body politic or municipal corporation against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall not be required to file a bond to secure the payment of the award and the costs of the proceedings in the court to authorize the court to issue such summons.

The court may confirm or set aside the decision of the Commission. If the decision is set aside and the facts found in the proceedings before the Commission are sufficient, the court may enter such decision as is justified by law, or may remand the cause to the Commission for further proceedings and may state the questions requiring further hearing, and give such other instructions as may be proper. Appeals shall be taken to the Appellate Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rules 22(g) and 303. Appeals shall be taken from the Appellate Court to the Supreme Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rule 315.

It shall be the duty of the clerk of any court rendering a decision affecting or affirming an award of the Commission to promptly furnish the Commission with a copy of such decision, without charge.

The decision of a majority of the members of the panel of the Commission, shall be considered the decision of the Commission.

(g) Except in the case of a claim against the State of Illinois, either party may present a certified copy of the award of the Arbitrator, or a certified copy of the decision of the Commission when the same has become final, when no proceedings for review are pending, providing for the payment of compensation according to this Act, to the Circuit Court of the county in which such accident occurred or either of the parties are residents, whereupon the court shall enter a judgment in accordance therewith. In a case where the employer refuses to pay compensation according to such final award or such final decision upon which such judgment is entered the court shall in entering judgment thereon, tax as costs against him the reasonable costs and attorney fees in the arbitration proceedings and in the court entering the judgment for the person in whose favor the judgment is entered, which judgment and costs taxed as therein provided shall, until and unless set aside, have the same effect as though duly entered in an action duly tried and determined by the court, and shall with like effect, be entered and docketed. The Circuit Court shall have power at any time upon application to make any such judgment conform to any modification required by any subsequent decision of the Supreme Court upon appeal, or as the result of any subsequent proceedings for review, as provided in this Act.

Judgment shall not be entered until 15 days' notice of the time and place of the application for the entry of judgment shall be served upon the employer by filing such notice with the Commission, which Commission shall, in case it has on file the address of the employer or the name and address of its agent upon whom notices may be served, immediately send a copy of the notice to the employer or such designated agent.

(h) An agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments, may at any time within 18 months after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee, on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

However, as to accidents occurring subsequent to July 1, 1955, which are covered by any agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments made as a result of such accident, such agreement or award may at any time within 30 months, or 60 months in the case of an award under Section 8(d)1, after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

On such review, compensation payments may be re-established, increased, diminished or ended. The Commission shall give 15 days' notice to the parties of the hearing for review. Any employee, upon any petition for such review being filed by the employer, shall be entitled to one day's notice for each 100 miles necessary to be traveled by him in attending the hearing of the Commission upon the petition, and 3 days in addition thereto. Such employee shall, at the discretion of the Commission, also be entitled to 5 cents per mile necessarily traveled by him within the State of Illinois in attending such hearing, not to exceed a distance of 300 miles, to be taxed by the Commission as costs and deposited with the petition of the employer.

When compensation which is payable in accordance with an award or settlement contract approved by the Commission, is ordered paid in a lump sum by the Commission, no review shall be had as in this

paragraph mentioned.

(i) Each party, upon taking any proceedings or steps whatsoever before any Arbitrator, Commission or court, shall file with the Commission his address, or the name and address of any agent upon whom all notices to be given to such party shall be served, either personally or by registered mail, addressed to such party or agent at the last address so filed with the Commission. In the event such party has not filed his address, or the name and address of an agent as above provided, service of any notice may be had by filing such notice with the Commission.

(j) Whenever in any proceeding testimony has been taken or a final decision has been rendered and after the taking of such testimony or after such decision has become final, the injured employee dies, then in any subsequent proceedings brought by the personal representative or beneficiaries of the deceased employee, such testimony in the former proceeding may be introduced with the same force and effect as though the witness having so testified were present in person in such subsequent proceedings and such final decision, if any, shall be taken as final adjudication of any of the issues which are the same in both proceedings.

(k) In case where there has been any unreasonable or vexatious delay of payment or intentional underpayment of compensation, or proceedings have been instituted or carried on by the one liable to pay the compensation, which do not present a real controversy, but are merely frivolous or for delay, then the Commission may award compensation additional to that otherwise payable under this Act equal to 50% of the amount payable at the time of such award. Failure to pay compensation in accordance with the provisions of Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, shall be considered unreasonable delay.

When determining whether this subsection (k) shall apply, the Commission shall consider whether an Arbitrator has determined that the claim is not compensable or whether the employer has made payments under Section 8(j).

(l) If the employee has made written demand for payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b), the employer shall have 14 days after receipt of the demand to set forth in writing the reason for the delay. In the case of demand for payment of medical benefits under Section 8(a), the time for the employer to respond shall not commence until the expiration of the allotted 60 days specified under Section 8.2(d). In case the employer or his or her insurance carrier shall without good and just cause fail, neglect, refuse, or unreasonably delay the payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b), the Arbitrator or the Commission shall allow to the employee additional compensation in the sum of \$30 per day for each day that the benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) have been so withheld or refused, not to exceed \$10,000. A delay in payment of 14 days or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of unreasonable delay. In case the employer or his insurance carrier shall without good and just cause fail, neglect, refuse or unreasonably delay the payment of weekly compensation benefits due to an injured employee during the period of temporary total disability the arbitrator or the Commission shall allow to the employee additional compensation in the sum of \$10 per day for each day that a weekly compensation payment has been so withheld or refused, provided that such additional compensation shall not exceed the sum of \$2,500. A delay in payment of 14 days or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of unreasonable delay.

(m) If the commission finds that an accidental injury was directly and proximately caused by the employer's wilful violation of a health and safety standard under the Health and Safety Act in force at the time of the accident, the arbitrator or the Commission shall allow to the injured employee or his dependents, as the case may be, additional compensation equal to 25% of the amount which otherwise would be payable under the provisions of this Act exclusive of this paragraph. The additional compensation herein provided shall be allowed by an appropriate increase in the applicable weekly compensation rate.

(n) After June 30, 1984, decisions of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission reviewing an award of an arbitrator of the Commission shall draw interest at a rate equal to the yield on indebtedness issued by the United States Government with a 26-week maturity next previously auctioned on the day on which the decision is filed. Said rate of interest shall be set forth in the Arbitrator's Decision. Interest shall be drawn from the date of the arbitrator's award on all accrued compensation due the employee through the day prior to the date of payments. However, when an employee appeals an award of an Arbitrator or the Commission, and the appeal results in no change or a decrease in the award, interest shall not further accrue from the date of such appeal.

The employer or his insurance carrier may tender the payments due under the award to stop the further accrual of interest on such award notwithstanding the prosecution by either party of review, certiorari, appeal to the Supreme Court or other steps to reverse, vacate or modify the award.

(o) By the 15th day of each month each insurer providing coverage for losses under this Act shall notify each insured employer of any compensable claim incurred during the preceding month and the amounts paid or reserved on the claim including a summary of the claim and a brief statement of the reasons for

compensability. A cumulative report of all claims incurred during a calendar year or continued from the previous year shall be furnished to the insured employer by the insurer within 30 days after the end of that calendar year.

The insured employer may challenge, in proceeding before the Commission, payments made by the insurer without arbitration and payments made after a case is determined to be noncompensable. If the Commission finds that the case was not compensable, the insurer shall purge its records as to that employer of any loss or expense associated with the claim, reimburse the employer for attorneys' fees arising from the challenge and for any payment required of the employer to the Rate Adjustment Fund or the Second Injury Fund, and may not reflect the loss or expense for rate making purposes. The employee shall not be required to refund the challenged payment. The decision of the Commission may be reviewed in the same manner as in arbitrated cases. No challenge may be initiated under this paragraph more than 3 years after the payment is made. An employer may waive the right of challenge under this paragraph on a case by case basis.

(p) After filing an application for adjustment of claim but prior to the hearing on arbitration the parties may voluntarily agree to submit such application for adjustment of claim for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (p) where such application for adjustment of claim raises only a dispute over temporary total disability, permanent partial disability or medical expenses. Such agreement shall be in writing in such form as provided by the Commission. Applications for adjustment of claim submitted for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (p) shall proceed according to rule as established by the Commission. The Commission shall promulgate rules including, but not limited to, rules to ensure that the parties are adequately informed of their rights under this subsection (p) and of the voluntary nature of proceedings under this subsection (p). The findings of fact made by an arbitrator acting within his or her powers under this subsection (p) in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. However, the arbitrator may on his own motion, or the motion of either party, correct any clerical errors or errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of such award of the arbitrator and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected award. The decision of the arbitrator under this subsection (p) shall be considered the decision of the Commission and proceedings for review of questions of law arising from the decision may be commenced by either party pursuant to subsection (f) of Section 19. The Advisory Board established under Section 13.1 shall compile a list of certified Commission arbitrators, each of whom shall be approved by at least 7 members of the Advisory Board. The chairman shall select 5 persons from such list to serve as arbitrators under this subsection (p). By agreement, the parties shall select one arbitrator from among the 5 persons selected by the chairman except that if the parties do not agree on an arbitrator from among the 5 persons, the parties may, by agreement, select an arbitrator of the American Arbitration Association, whose fee shall be paid by the State in accordance with rules promulgated by the Commission. Arbitration under this subsection (p) shall be voluntary.

(Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

(820 ILCS 305/25.5 new)

Sec. 25.5. Unlawful acts; penalties.

(a) It is unlawful for any person, company, corporation, insurance carrier, healthcare provider, or other entity to:

(1) Intentionally present or cause to be presented any false or fraudulent claim for the payment of any workers' compensation benefit.

(2) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or fraudulent material statement or material representation for the purpose of obtaining or denying any workers' compensation benefit.

(3) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or fraudulent statements with regard to entitlement to workers' compensation benefits with the intent to prevent an injured worker from making a legitimate claim for any workers' compensation benefits.

(4) Intentionally prepare or provide an invalid, false, or counterfeit certificate of insurance as proof of workers' compensation insurance.

(5) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or fraudulent material statement or material representation for the purpose of obtaining workers' compensation insurance at less than the proper rate for that insurance.

(6) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or fraudulent material statement or material representation on an initial or renewal self-insurance application or accompanying financial statement for the purpose of obtaining self-insurance status or reducing the amount of security that may be required to be furnished pursuant to Section 4 of this Act.

(7) Intentionally make or cause to be made any false or fraudulent material statement to the Division

of Insurance's fraud and insurance non-compliance unit in the course of an investigation of fraud or insurance non-compliance.

(8) Intentionally assist, abet, solicit, or conspire with any person, company, or other entity to commit any of the acts in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of this subsection (a).

For the purposes of paragraphs (2), (3), (5), (6), and (7), the term "statement" includes any writing, notice, proof of injury, bill for services, hospital or doctor records and reports, or X-ray and test results.

(b) Any person violating subsection (a) is guilty of a Class 4 felony. Any person or entity convicted of any violation of this Section shall be ordered to pay complete restitution to any person or entity so defrauded in addition to any fine or sentence imposed as a result of the conviction.

(c) The Division of Insurance of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation shall establish a fraud and insurance non-compliance unit responsible for investigating incidences of fraud and insurance non-compliance pursuant to this Section. The size of the staff of the unit shall be subject to appropriation by the General Assembly. It shall be the duty of the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit to determine the identity of insurance carriers, employers, employees, or other persons or entities who have violated the fraud and insurance non-compliance provisions of this Section. The fraud and insurance non-compliance unit shall report violations of the fraud and insurance non-compliance provisions of this Section to the Attorney General or to the State's Attorney of the county in which the offense allegedly occurred, either of whom has the authority to prosecute violations under this Section.

With respect to the subject of any investigation being conducted, the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit shall have the general power of subpoena of the Division of Insurance.

(d) Any person may report allegations of insurance non-compliance and fraud pursuant to this Section to the Division of Insurance's fraud and insurance non-compliance unit whose duty it shall be to investigate the report. The unit shall notify the Commission of reports of insurance non-compliance. Any person reporting an allegation of insurance non-compliance or fraud against either an employee or employer under this Section must identify himself. Except as provided in this subsection and in subsection (e), all reports shall remain confidential except to refer an investigation to the Attorney General or State's Attorney for prosecution or if the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit's investigation reveals that the conduct reported may be in violation of other laws or regulations of the State of Illinois the unit may report such conduct to the appropriate governmental agency charged with administering such laws and regulations. Any person who intentionally makes a false report under this Section to the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(e) In order for the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit to investigate a report of fraud by an employee, (i) the employee must have filed with the Commission an Application for Adjustment of Claim and the employee must have either received or attempted to receive benefits under this Act that are related to the reported fraud or (ii) the employee must have made a written demand for the payment of benefits that are related to the reported fraud. Upon receipt of a report of fraud, the employee or employer shall receive immediate notice of the reported conduct, including the verified name and address of the complainant if that complainant is connected to the case and the nature of the reported conduct. The fraud and insurance non-compliance unit shall resolve all reports of fraud against employees or employers within 120 days of receipt of the report. There shall be no immunity, under this Act or otherwise, for any person who files a false report or who files a report without good and just cause. Confidentiality of medical information shall be strictly maintained. Investigations that are not referred for prosecution shall be immediately expunged and shall not be disclosed except that the employee or employer who was the subject of the report and the person making the report shall be notified that the investigation is being closed, at which time the name of any complainant not connected to the case shall be disclosed to the employee or the employer. It is unlawful for any employer, insurance carrier, or service adjustment company to file or threaten to file a report of fraud against an employee because of the exercise by the employee of the rights and remedies granted to the employee by this Act.

For purposes of this subsection (e), "employer" means any employer, insurance carrier, third party administrator, self-insured, or similar entity.

For purposes of this subsection (e), "complainant" refers to the person contacting the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit to initiate the complaint.

(f) Any person convicted of fraud related to workers' compensation pursuant to this Section shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in the Criminal Code of 1961 and shall be ineligible to receive or retain any compensation, disability, or medical benefits as defined in this Act if the compensation, disability, or medical benefits were owed or received as a result of fraud for which the recipient of the compensation, disability, or medical benefit was convicted. This subsection applies to accidental injuries or diseases that

occur on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(g) Civil liability. Any person convicted of fraud who knowingly obtains, attempts to obtain, or causes to be obtained any benefits under this Act by the making of a false claim or who knowingly misrepresents any material fact shall be civilly liable to the payor of benefits or the insurer or the payor's or insurer's subrogee or assignee in an amount equal to 3 times the value of the benefits or insurance coverage wrongfully obtained or twice the value of the benefits or insurance coverage attempted to be obtained, plus reasonable attorney's fees and expenses incurred by the payor or the payor's subrogee or assignee who successfully brings a claim under this subsection. This subsection applies to accidental injuries or diseases that occur on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly.

(h) All proceedings under this Section shall be reported by the fraud and insurance non-compliance unit on an annual basis to the Workers' Compensation Advisory Board.

Section 15. The Workers' Occupational Diseases Act is amended by changing Sections 12 and 19 as follows:

(820 ILCS 310/12) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.47)

Sec. 12. (a) An employee entitled to receive disability payments shall be required, if requested by the employer, to submit himself, at the expense of the employer, for examination to a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon selected by the employer, at any time and place reasonably convenient for the employee, either within or without the State of Illinois, for the purpose of determining the nature, extent and probable duration of the occupational disease and the disability therefrom suffered by the employee, and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of compensation which may be due the employee from time to time for disability according to the provisions of this Act. An employee may also be required to submit himself for examination by medical experts under subsection (c) of Section 19.

An employer requesting such an examination, of an employee residing within the State of Illinois, shall ~~deliver to the employee with the notice of the time and place of examination pay in advance of the time fixed for the examination~~ sufficient money to defray the necessary expense of travel by the most convenient means to and from the place of examination, and the cost of meals necessary during the trip, and if the examination or travel to and from the place of examination causes any loss of working time on the part of the employee, the employer shall reimburse him for such loss of wages upon the basis of his average daily wage. Such examination shall be made in the presence of a duly qualified medical practitioner or surgeon provided and paid for by the employee, if such employee so desires.

In all cases where the examination is made by a physician or surgeon engaged by the employer, and the employee has no physician or surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the physician or surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employer to deliver to the employee, or his representative, a statement in writing of the examination and findings to the same extent that said physician or surgeon reports to the employer and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employer, said copy to be furnished the employee, or his representative as soon as practicable but not later than the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employee or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such physician or surgeon refuses to furnish the employee with such statement to the same extent as that furnished the employer said physician or surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

If the employee refuses so to submit himself to examination or unnecessarily obstructs the same, his right to compensation payment shall be temporarily suspended until such examination shall have taken place, and no compensation shall be payable under this Act for such period.

It shall be the duty of physicians or surgeons treating an employee who is likely to die, and treating him at the instance of the employer, to have called in another physician or surgeon to be designated and paid for by either the employee or by the person or persons who would become his beneficiary or beneficiaries, to make an examination before the death of such employee.

In all cases where the examination is made by a physician or surgeon engaged by the employee, and the employer has no physician or surgeon present at such examination, it shall be the duty of the physician or surgeon making the examination at the instance of the employee, to deliver to the employer, or his representative, a statement in writing of the condition and extent of the examination and findings to the same extent that said physician or surgeon reports to the employee and the same shall be an exact copy of that furnished to the employee, said copy to be furnished the employer, or his representative, as soon as practicable but not later than the time the case is set for hearing. Such delivery shall be made in person either to the employer, or his representative, or by registered mail to either, and the receipt of either shall be proof of such delivery. If such physician or surgeon refuses to furnish the employer with such statement to

the same extent as that furnished the employee, said physician or surgeon shall not be permitted to testify at the hearing next following said examination.

(b) Whenever, after the death of an employee, any party in interest files an application for adjustment of claim under this Act, and it appears that an autopsy may disclose material evidence as to whether or not such death was due to the inhalation of silica or asbestos dust, the commission, upon petition of either party, may order an autopsy at the expense of the party requesting same, and if such autopsy is so ordered, the commission shall designate a competent pathologist to perform the same, and shall give the parties in interest such reasonable notice of the time and place thereof as will afford a reasonable opportunity to witness such autopsy in person or by a representative.

It shall be the duty of such pathologist to perform such autopsy as, in his best judgment, is required to ascertain the cause of death. Such pathologist shall make a complete written report of all his findings to the commission (including laboratory results described as such, if any). The said report of the pathologist shall contain his findings on post-mortem examination and said report shall not contain any conclusion of the said pathologist based upon the findings so reported.

Said report shall be placed on file with the commission, and shall be a public record. Said report, or a certified copy thereof, may be introduced by either party on any hearing as evidence of the findings therein stated, but shall not be conclusive evidence of such findings, and either party may rebut any part thereof.

Where an autopsy has been performed at any time with the express or implied consent of any interested party, and without some opposing party, if known or reasonably ascertainable, having reasonable notice of and reasonable opportunity of witnessing the same, all evidence obtained by such autopsy shall be barred upon objection at any hearing. This paragraph shall not apply to autopsies by a coroner's physician in the discharge of his official duties.

(Source: P.A. 81-1482.)

(820 ILCS 310/19) (from Ch. 48, par. 172.54)

Sec. 19. Any disputed questions of law or fact shall be determined as herein provided.

(a) It shall be the duty of the Commission upon notification that the parties have failed to reach an agreement to designate an Arbitrator.

(1) The application for adjustment of claim filed with the Commission shall state:

- A. The approximate date of the last day of the last exposure and the approximate date of the disablement.
- B. The general nature and character of the illness or disease claimed.
- C. The name and address of the employer by whom employed on the last day of the last exposure and if employed by any other employer after such last exposure and before disablement the name and address of such other employer or employers.
- D. In case of death, the date and place of death.

(2) Amendments to applications for adjustment of claim which relate to the same disablement or disablement resulting in death originally claimed upon may be allowed by the Commissioner or an Arbitrator thereof, in their discretion, and in the exercise of such discretion, they may in proper cases order a trial de novo; such amendment shall relate back to the date of the filing of the original application so amended.

(3) Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under this Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause, that the claim for disability or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under the Workers' Compensation Act, then the provisions of Section 19 paragraph (a-1) of the Workers' Compensation Act having reference to such application shall apply.

Whenever any claimant misconceives his remedy and files an application for adjustment of claim under the Workers' Compensation Act and it is subsequently discovered, at any time before final disposition of such cause that the claim for injury or death which was the basis for such application should properly have been made under this Act, then the application so filed under the Workers' Compensation Act may be amended in form, substance or both to assert claim for such disability or death under this Act and it shall be deemed to have been so filed as amended on the date of the original filing thereof, and such compensation may be awarded as is warranted by the whole evidence pursuant to the provisions of this Act. When such amendment is submitted, further or additional evidence may be heard by the Arbitrator or Commission when deemed necessary; provided, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to be or permit a waiver of any provisions of this Act with reference to notice, but notice if given shall be deemed to be a notice under the provisions of this Act if given within the time required herein.

(b) The Arbitrator shall make such inquiries and investigations as he shall deem necessary and may examine and inspect all books, papers, records, places, or premises relating to the questions in dispute and hear such proper evidence as the parties may submit.

The hearings before the Arbitrator shall be held in the vicinity where the last exposure occurred, after 10 days' notice of the time and place of such hearing shall have been given to each of the parties or their attorneys of record.

The Arbitrator may find that the disabling condition is temporary and has not yet reached a permanent condition and may order the payment of compensation up to the date of the hearing, which award shall be reviewable and enforceable in the same manner as other awards, and in no instance be a bar to a further hearing and determination of a further amount of temporary total compensation or of compensation for permanent disability, but shall be conclusive as to all other questions except the nature and extent of such disability.

The decision of the Arbitrator shall be filed with the Commission which Commission shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision, together with a notification of the time when it was filed. As of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly Beginning January 1, 1981, all decisions of the Arbitrator shall set forth in writing findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated, if requested by either party. Unless a petition for review is filed by either party within 30 days after the receipt by such party of the copy of the decision and notification of time when filed, and unless such party petitioning for a review shall within 35 days after the receipt by him of the copy of the decision, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing before the Arbitrator, or if such party shall so elect a correct transcript of evidence of the proceedings at such hearings, then the decision shall become the decision of the Commission and in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. The Petition for Review shall contain a statement of the petitioning party's specific exceptions to the decision of the arbitrator. The jurisdiction of the Commission to review the decision of the arbitrator shall not be limited to the exceptions stated in the Petition for Review. The Commission, or any member thereof, may grant further time not exceeding 30 days, in which to file such agreed statement or transcript of evidence. Such agreed statement of facts or correct transcript of evidence, as the case may be, shall be authenticated by the signatures of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event they do not agree as to the correctness of the transcript of evidence it shall be authenticated by the signature of the Arbitrator designated by the Commission.

Whether the employee is working or not, if the employee is not receiving or has not received medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employee may at any time petition for an expedited hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he or she is entitled to receive payment of the services or compensation. Provided the employer continues to pay compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employer may at any time petition for an expedited hearing on the issue of whether or not the employee is entitled to receive medical, surgical, or hospital services or other services or compensation as provided in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, or compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act. When an employer has petitioned for an expedited hearing, the employer shall continue to pay compensation as provided in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act unless the arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing or unless the employee's treating physician has released the employee to return to work at his or her regular job with the employer or the employee actually returns to work at any other job. If the arbitrator renders a decision that the employee is not entitled to the benefits that are the subject of the expedited hearing a petition for review filed by the employee shall receive the same priority as if the employee had filed a petition for an expedited hearing by an arbitrator. Neither party shall be entitled to an expedited hearing when the employee has returned to work and the sole issue in dispute amounts to less than 12 weeks of unpaid compensation pursuant to paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act.

Expedited hearings shall have priority over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission with all convenient speed. Any party requesting an expedited hearing shall give notice of a request for an expedited hearing under this paragraph. A copy of the Application for Adjustment of Claim shall be attached to the notice. The Commission shall adopt rules and procedures under which the final decision of the Commission under this paragraph is filed not later than 180 days from the date that the Petition for Review is filed with the Commission.

Where 2 or more insurance carriers, private self-insureds, or a group workers' compensation pool under

Article V 3/4 of the Illinois Insurance Code dispute coverage for the same disease, any such insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool may request an expedited hearing pursuant to this paragraph to determine the issue of coverage, provided coverage is the only issue in dispute and all other issues are stipulated and agreed to and further provided that all compensation benefits including medical benefits pursuant to Section 8(a) of the Workers' Compensation Act continue to be paid to or on behalf of petitioner. Any insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that is determined to be liable for coverage for the disease in issue shall reimburse any insurance carrier, private self-insured, or group workers' compensation pool that has paid benefits to or on behalf of petitioner for the disease.

(b-1) If the employee is not receiving, pursuant to Section 7, medical, surgical or hospital services of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or compensation of the type provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employee, in accordance with Commission Rules, may file a petition for an emergency hearing by an Arbitrator on the issue of whether or not he is entitled to receive payment of such compensation or services as provided therein. Such petition shall have priority over all other petitions and shall be heard by the Arbitrator and Commission with all convenient speed.

Such petition shall contain the following information and shall be served on the employer at least 15 days before it is filed:

- (i) the date and approximate time of the last exposure;
- (ii) the approximate location of the last exposure;
- (iii) a description of the last exposure;
- (iv) the nature of the disability incurred by the employee;
- (v) the identity of the person, if known, to whom the disability was reported and the date on which it was reported;

(vi) the name and title of the person, if known, representing the employer with whom the employee conferred in any effort to obtain pursuant to Section 7 compensation of the type provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or medical, surgical or hospital services of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act and the date of such conference;

(vii) a statement that the employer has refused to pay compensation pursuant to Section 7 of the type provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or for medical, surgical or hospital services pursuant to Section 7 of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act;

(viii) the name and address, if known, of each witness to the last exposure and of each other person upon whom the employee will rely to support his allegations;

(ix) the dates of treatment related to the disability by medical practitioners, and the names and addresses of such practitioners, including the dates of treatment related to the disability at any hospitals and the names and addresses of such hospitals, and a signed authorization permitting the employer to examine all medical records of all practitioners and hospitals named pursuant to this paragraph;

(x) a copy of a signed report by a medical practitioner, relating to the employee's current inability to return to work because of the disability incurred as a result of the exposure or such other documents or affidavits which show that the employee is entitled to receive pursuant to Section 7 compensation of the type provided for in paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or medical, surgical or hospital services of the type provided for in paragraph (a) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act. Such reports, documents or affidavits shall state, if possible, the history of the exposure given by the employee, and describe the disability and medical diagnosis, the medical services for such disability which the employee has received and is receiving, the physical activities which the employee cannot currently perform as a result of such disability, and the prognosis for recovery;

(xi) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employee on which the employee will rely to support his allegations, provided that the employer shall pay the reasonable cost of reproduction thereof;

(xii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employee has demanded by subpoena and on which he intends to rely to support his allegations;

(xiii) a certification signed by the employee or his representative that the employer has received the petition with the required information 15 days before filing.

Fifteen days after receipt by the employer of the petition with the required information the employee may file said petition and required information and shall serve notice of the filing upon the employer. The employer may file a motion addressed to the sufficiency of the petition. If an objection has been filed to the sufficiency of the petition, the arbitrator shall rule on the objection within 2 working days. If such an objection is filed, the time for filing the final decision of the Commission as provided in this paragraph shall be tolled until the arbitrator has determined that the petition is sufficient.

The employer shall, within 15 days after receipt of the notice that such petition is filed, file with the Commission and serve on the employee or his representative a written response to each claim set forth in the petition, including the legal and factual basis for each disputed allegation and the following information: (i) complete copies of any reports, records, documents and affidavits in the possession of the employer on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (ii) a list of any reports, records, documents and affidavits which the employer has demanded by subpoena and on which the employer intends to rely in support of his response, (iii) the name and address of each witness on whom the employer will rely to support his response, and (iv) the names and addresses of any medical practitioners selected by the employer pursuant to Section 12 of this Act and the time and place of any examination scheduled to be made pursuant to such Section.

Any employer who does not timely file and serve a written response without good cause may not introduce any evidence to dispute any claim of the employee but may cross examine the employee or any witness brought by the employee and otherwise be heard.

No document or other evidence not previously identified by either party with the petition or written response, or by any other means before the hearing, may be introduced into evidence without good cause. If, at the hearing, material information is discovered which was not previously disclosed, the Arbitrator may extend the time for closing proof on the motion of a party for a reasonable period of time which may be more than 30 days. No evidence may be introduced pursuant to this paragraph as to permanent disability. No award may be entered for permanent disability pursuant to this paragraph. Either party may introduce into evidence the testimony taken by deposition of any medical practitioner.

The Commission shall adopt rules, regulations and procedures whereby the final decision of the Commission is filed not later than 90 days from the date the petition for review is filed but in no event later than 180 days from the date the petition for an emergency hearing is filed with the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

All service required pursuant to this paragraph (b-1) must be by personal service or by certified mail and with evidence of receipt. In addition, for the purposes of this paragraph, all service on the employer must be at the premises where the accident occurred if the premises are owned or operated by the employer. Otherwise service must be at the employee's principal place of employment by the employer. If service on the employer is not possible at either of the above, then service shall be at the employer's principal place of business. After initial service in each case, service shall be made on the employer's attorney or designated representative.

(c) (1) At a reasonable time in advance of and in connection with the hearing under Section 19(e) or 19(h), the Commission may on its own motion order an impartial physical or mental examination of a petitioner whose mental or physical condition is in issue, when in the Commission's discretion it appears that such an examination will materially aid in the just determination of the case. The examination shall be made by a member or members of a panel of physicians chosen for their special qualifications by the Illinois State Medical Society. The Commission shall establish procedures by which a physician shall be selected from such list.

(2) Should the Commission at any time during the hearing find that compelling considerations make it advisable to have an examination and report at that time, the Commission may in its discretion so order.

(3) A copy of the report of examination shall be given to the Commission and to the attorneys for the parties.

(4) Either party or the Commission may call the examining physician or physicians to testify. Any physician so called shall be subject to cross-examination.

(5) The examination shall be made, and the physician or physicians, if called, shall testify, without cost to the parties. The Commission shall determine the compensation and the pay of the physician or physicians. The compensation for this service shall not exceed the usual and customary amount for such service.

The fees and payment thereof of all attorneys and physicians for services authorized by the Commission under this Act shall, upon request of either the employer or the employee or the beneficiary affected, be subject to the review and decision of the Commission.

(d) If any employee shall persist in insanitary or injurious practices which tend to either imperil or retard his recovery or shall refuse to submit to such medical, surgical, or hospital treatment as is reasonably essential to promote his recovery, the Commission may, in its discretion, reduce or suspend the compensation of any such employee; provided, that when an employer and employee so agree in writing, the foregoing provision shall not be construed to authorize the reduction or suspension of compensation of an employee who is relying in good faith, on treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof.

(e) This paragraph shall apply to all hearings before the Commission. Such hearings may be held in its office or elsewhere as the Commission may deem advisable. The taking of testimony on such hearings may be had before any member of the Commission. If a petition for review and agreed statement of facts or transcript of evidence is filed, as provided herein, the Commission shall promptly review the decision of the Arbitrator and all questions of law or fact which appear from the statement of facts or transcripts of evidence. In all cases in which the hearing before the arbitrator is held after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989, no additional evidence shall be introduced by the parties before the Commission on review of the decision of the Arbitrator. The Commission shall file in its office its decision thereon, and shall immediately send to each party or his attorney a copy of such decision and a notification of the time when it was filed. Decisions shall be filed within 60 days after the Statement of Exceptions and Supporting Brief and Response thereto are required to be filed or oral argument whichever is later.

In the event either party requests oral argument, such argument shall be had before a panel of 3 members of the Commission (or before all available members pursuant to the determination of 7 § members of the Commission that such argument be held before all available members of the Commission) pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Commission. A panel of 3 members, which shall be comprised of not more than one representative citizen of the employing class and not more than one representative citizen of the employee class, shall hear the argument; provided that if all the issues in dispute are solely the nature and extent of the permanent partial disability, if any, a majority of the panel may deny the request for such argument and such argument shall not be held; and provided further that 7 § members of the Commission may determine that the argument be held before all available members of the Commission. A decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of Commissioners present at such hearing if any; provided, if no such hearing is held, a decision of the Commission shall be approved by a majority of a panel of 3 members of the Commission as described in this Section. The Commission shall give 10 days' notice to the parties or their attorneys of the time and place of such taking of testimony and of such argument.

In any case the Commission in its decision may in its discretion find specially upon any question or questions of law or facts which shall be submitted in writing by either party whether ultimate or otherwise; provided that on issues other than nature and extent of the disablement, if any, the Commission in its decision shall find specially upon any question or questions of law or fact, whether ultimate or otherwise, which are submitted in writing by either party; provided further that not more than 5 such questions may be submitted by either party. Any party may, within 20 days after receipt of notice of the Commission's decision, or within such further time, not exceeding 30 days, as the Commission may grant, file with the Commission either an agreed statement of the facts appearing upon the hearing, or, if such party shall so elect, a correct transcript of evidence of the additional proceedings presented before the Commission in which report the party may embody a correct statement of such other proceedings in the case as such party may desire to have reviewed, such statement of facts or transcript of evidence to be authenticated by the signature of the parties or their attorneys, and in the event that they do not agree, then the authentication of such transcript of evidence shall be by the signature of any member of the Commission.

If a reporter does not for any reason furnish a transcript of the proceedings before the Arbitrator in any case for use on a hearing for review before the Commission, within the limitations of time as fixed in this Section, the Commission may, in its discretion, order a trial de novo before the Commission in such case upon application of either party. The applications for adjustment of claim and other documents in the nature of pleadings filed by either party, together with the decisions of the Arbitrator and of the Commission and the statement of facts or transcript of evidence hereinbefore provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be the record of the proceedings of the Commission, and shall be subject to review as hereinafter provided.

At the request of either party or on its own motion, the Commission shall set forth in writing the reasons for the decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law, separately stated. The Commission shall by rule adopt a format for written decisions for the Commission and arbitrators. The written decisions shall be concise and shall succinctly state the facts and reasons for the decision. The Commission may adopt in

whole or in part, the decision of the arbitrator as the decision of the Commission. When the Commission does so adopt the decision of the arbitrator, it shall do so by order. Whenever the Commission adopts part of the arbitrator's decision, but not all, it shall include in the order the reasons for not adopting all of the arbitrator's decision. When a majority of a panel, after deliberation, has arrived at its decision, the decision shall be filed as provided in this Section without unnecessary delay, and without regard to the fact that a member of the panel has expressed an intention to dissent. Any member of the panel may file a dissent. Any dissent shall be filed no later than 10 days after the decision of the majority has been filed.

Decisions rendered by the Commission after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1980 and dissents, if any, shall be published together by the Commission. The conclusions of law set out in such decisions shall be regarded as precedents by arbitrators, for the purpose of achieving a more uniform administration of this Act.

(f) The decision of the Commission acting within its powers, according to the provisions of paragraph (e) of this Section shall, in the absence of fraud, be conclusive unless reviewed as in this paragraph hereinafter provided. However, the Arbitrator or the Commission may on his or its own motion, or on the motion of either party, correct any clerical error or errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of any award by such Arbitrator or any decision on review of the Commission, and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration or decision on review, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected award or decision. Where such correction is made the time for review herein specified shall begin to run from the date of the receipt of the corrected award or decision.

(1) Except in cases of claims against the State of Illinois, in which case the decision of the Commission shall not be subject to judicial review, the Circuit Court of the county where any of the parties defendant may be found, or if none of the parties defendant be found in this State then the Circuit Court of the county where any of the exposure occurred, shall by summons to the Commission have power to review all questions of law and fact presented by such record.

A proceeding for review shall be commenced within 20 days of the receipt of notice of the decision of the Commission. The summons shall be issued by the clerk of such court upon written request returnable on a designated return day, not less than 10 or more than 60 days from the date of issuance thereof, and the written request shall contain the last known address of other parties in interest and their attorneys of record who are to be served by summons. Service upon any member of the Commission or the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary thereof shall be service upon the Commission, and service upon other parties in interest and their attorneys of record shall be by summons, and such service shall be made upon the Commission and other parties in interest by mailing notices of the commencement of the proceedings and the return day of the summons to the office of the Commission and to the last known place of residence of other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record. The clerk of the court issuing the summons shall on the day of issue mail notice of the commencement of the proceedings which shall be done by mailing a copy of the summons to the office of the Commission, and a copy of the summons to the other parties in interest or their attorney or attorneys of record and the clerk of the court shall make certificate that he has so sent such notices in pursuance of this Section, which shall be evidence of service on the Commission and other parties in interest.

The Commission shall not be required to certify the record of their proceedings in the Circuit Court unless the party commencing the proceedings for review in the Circuit Court as above provided, shall pay to the Commission the sum of 80 cents per page of testimony taken before the Commission, and 35 cents per page of all other matters contained in such record, except as otherwise provided by Section 20 of this Act. Payment for photostatic copies of exhibit shall be extra. It shall be the duty of the Commission upon such payment, or failure to pay as permitted under Section 20 of this Act, to prepare a true and correct typewritten copy of such testimony and a true and correct copy of all other matters contained in such record and certified to by the Secretary or Assistant Secretary thereof.

In its decision on review the Commission shall determine in each particular case the amount of the probable cost of the record to be filed as a return to the summons in that case and no request for a summons may be filed and no summons shall issue unless the party seeking to review the decision of the Commission shall exhibit to the clerk of the Circuit Court proof of payment by filing a receipt showing payment or an affidavit of the attorney setting forth that payment has been made of the sums so determined to the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Commission.

(2) No such summons shall issue unless the one against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall upon the filing of his written request for such summons file with the clerk of the court a bond conditioned that if he shall not successfully prosecute the

review, he will pay the award and the costs of the proceedings in the court. The amount of the bond shall be fixed by any member of the Commission and the surety or sureties of the bond shall be approved by the clerk of the court. The acceptance of the bond by the clerk of the court shall constitute evidence of his approval of the bond.

Every county, city, town, township, incorporated village, school district, body politic or municipal corporation having a population of 500,000 or more against whom the Commission shall have rendered an award for the payment of money shall not be required to file a bond to secure the payment of the award and the costs of the proceedings in the court to authorize the court to issue such summons.

The court may confirm or set aside the decision of the Commission. If the decision is set aside and the facts found in the proceedings before the Commission are sufficient, the court may enter such decision as is justified by law, or may remand the cause to the Commission for further proceedings and may state the questions requiring further hearing, and give such other instructions as may be proper. Appeals shall be taken to the Appellate Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rules 22(g) and 303. Appeals shall be taken from the Appellate Court to the Supreme Court in accordance with Supreme Court Rule 315.

It shall be the duty of the clerk of any court rendering a decision affecting or affirming an award of the Commission to promptly furnish the Commission with a copy of such decision, without charge.

The decision of a majority of the members of the panel of the Commission, shall be considered the decision of the Commission.

(g) Except in the case of a claim against the State of Illinois, either party may present a certified copy of the award of the Arbitrator, or a certified copy of the decision of the Commission when the same has become final, when no proceedings for review are pending, providing for the payment of compensation according to this Act, to the Circuit Court of the county in which such exposure occurred or either of the parties are residents, whereupon the court shall enter a judgment in accordance therewith. In case where the employer refuses to pay compensation according to such final award or such final decision upon which such judgment is entered, the court shall in entering judgment thereon, tax as costs against him the reasonable costs and attorney fees in the arbitration proceedings and in the court entering the judgment for the person in whose favor the judgment is entered, which judgment and costs taxed as herein provided shall, until and unless set aside, have the same effect as though duly entered in an action duly tried and determined by the court, and shall with like effect, be entered and docketed. The Circuit Court shall have power at any time upon application to make any such judgment conform to any modification required by any subsequent decision of the Supreme Court upon appeal, or as the result of any subsequent proceedings for review, as provided in this Act.

Judgment shall not be entered until 15 days' notice of the time and place of the application for the entry of judgment shall be served upon the employer by filing such notice with the Commission, which Commission shall, in case it has on file the address of the employer or the name and address of its agent upon whom notices may be served, immediately send a copy of the notice to the employer or such designated agent.

(h) An agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments, may at any time within 18 months after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

However, as to disablements occurring subsequently to July 1, 1955, which are covered by any agreement or award under this Act providing for compensation in installments made as a result of such disablement, such agreement or award may at any time within 30 months after such agreement or award be reviewed by the Commission at the request of either the employer or the employee on the ground that the disability of the employee has subsequently recurred, increased, diminished or ended.

On such review compensation payments may be re-established, increased, diminished or ended. The Commission shall give 15 days' notice to the parties of the hearing for review. Any employee, upon any petition for such review being filed by the employer, shall be entitled to one day's notice for each 100 miles necessary to be traveled by him in attending the hearing of the Commission upon the petition, and 3 days in addition thereto. Such employee shall, at the discretion of the Commission, also be entitled to 5 cents per mile necessarily traveled by him within the State of Illinois in attending such hearing, not to exceed a distance of 300 miles, to be taxed by the Commission as costs and deposited with the petition of the employer.

When compensation which is payable in accordance with an award or settlement contract approved by the Commission, is ordered paid in a lump sum by the Commission, no review shall be had as in this paragraph mentioned.

(i) Each party, upon taking any proceedings or steps whatsoever before any Arbitrator, Commission or court, shall file with the Commission his address, or the name and address of any agent upon whom all notices to be given to such party shall be served, either personally or by registered mail, addressed to such party or agent at the last address so filed with the Commission. In the event such party has not filed his address, or the name and address of an agent as above provided, service of any notice may be had by filing such notice with the Commission.

(j) Whenever in any proceeding testimony has been taken or a final decision has been rendered, and after the taking of such testimony or after such decision has become final, the employee dies, then in any subsequent proceeding brought by the personal representative or beneficiaries of the deceased employee, such testimony in the former proceeding may be introduced with the same force and effect as though the witness having so testified were present in person in such subsequent proceedings and such final decision, if any, shall be taken as final adjudication of any of the issues which are the same in both proceedings.

(k) In any case where there has been any unreasonable or vexatious delay of payment or intentional underpayment of compensation, or proceedings have been instituted or carried on by one liable to pay the compensation, which do not present a real controversy, but are merely frivolous or for delay, then the Commission may award compensation additional to that otherwise payable under this Act equal to 50% of the amount payable at the time of such award. Failure to pay compensation in accordance with the provisions of Section 8, paragraph (b) of this Act, shall be considered unreasonable delay.

When determining whether this subsection (k) shall apply, the Commission shall consider whether an arbitrator has determined that the claim is not compensable or whether the employer has made payments under Section 8(j) of the Workers' Compensation Act.

(k-1) If the employee has made written demand for payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) of the Workers' Compensation Act, the employer shall have 14 days after receipt of the demand to set forth in writing the reason for the delay. In the case of demand for payment of medical benefits under Section 8(a) of the Workers' Compensation Act, the time for the employer to respond shall not commence until the expiration of the allotted 60 days specified under Section 8.2(d) of the Workers' Compensation Act. In case the employer or his or her insurance carrier shall without good and just cause fail, neglect, refuse, or unreasonably delay the payment of benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) of the Workers' Compensation Act, the Arbitrator or the Commission shall allow to the employee additional compensation in the sum of \$30 per day for each day that the benefits under Section 8(a) or Section 8(b) of the Workers' Compensation Act have been so withheld or refused, not to exceed \$10,000. A delay in payment of 14 days or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of unreasonable delay.

(l) By the 15th day of each month each insurer providing coverage for losses under this Act shall notify each insured employer of any compensable claim incurred during the preceding month and the amounts paid or reserved on the claim including a summary of the claim and a brief statement of the reasons for compensability. A cumulative report of all claims incurred during a calendar year or continued from the previous year shall be furnished to the insured employer by the insurer within 30 days after the end of that calendar year.

The insured employer may challenge, in proceeding before the Commission, payments made by the insurer without arbitration and payments made after a case is determined to be noncompensable. If the Commission finds that the case was not compensable, the insurer shall purge its records as to that employer of any loss or expense associated with the claim, reimburse the employer for attorneys fee arising from the challenge and for any payment required of the employer to the Rate Adjustment Fund or the Second Injury Fund, and may not effect the loss or expense for rate making purposes. The employee shall not be required to refund the challenged payment. The decision of the Commission may be reviewed in the same manner as in arbitrated cases. No challenge may be initiated under this paragraph more than 3 years after the payment is made. An employer may waive the right of challenge under this paragraph on a case by case basis.

(m) After filing an application for adjustment of claim but prior to the hearing on arbitration the parties may voluntarily agree to submit such application for adjustment of claim for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (m) where such application for adjustment of claim raises only a dispute over temporary total disability, permanent partial disability or medical expenses. Such agreement shall be in writing in such form as provided by the Commission. Applications for adjustment of claim submitted for decision by an arbitrator under this subsection (m) shall proceed according to rule as established by the Commission. The Commission shall promulgate rules including, but not limited to, rules to ensure that the parties are

adequately informed of their rights under this subsection (m) and of the voluntary nature of proceedings under this subsection (m). The findings of fact made by an arbitrator acting within his or her powers under this subsection (m) in the absence of fraud shall be conclusive. However, the arbitrator may on his own motion, or the motion of either party, correct any clerical errors or errors in computation within 15 days after the date of receipt of such award of the arbitrator and shall have the power to recall the original award on arbitration, and issue in lieu thereof such corrected award. The decision of the arbitrator under this subsection (m) shall be considered the decision of the Commission and proceedings for review of questions of law arising from the decision may be commenced by either party pursuant to subsection (f) of Section 19. The Advisory Board established under Section 13.1 of the Workers' Compensation Act shall compile a list of certified Commission arbitrators, each of whom shall be approved by at least 7 members of the Advisory Board. The chairman shall select 5 persons from such list to serve as arbitrators under this subsection (m). By agreement, the parties shall select one arbitrator from among the 5 persons selected by the chairman except, that if the parties do not agree on an arbitrator from among the 5 persons, the parties may, by agreement, select an arbitrator of the American Arbitration Association, whose fee shall be paid by the State in accordance with rules promulgated by the Commission. Arbitration under this subsection (m) shall be voluntary.

(Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05.)

Section 95. Applicability. The amendatory changes to the first paragraph of subsection (f) of Section 7 relating to payment for burial expenses, subsections (a) and (b) of Section 8, and subsections (h), (k), and (l) of Section 19 of the Workers' Compensation Act and subsections (k) and (k-1) of Section 19 of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act apply to accidental injuries or diseases that occur on or after February 1, 2006.

Section 98. Inseverability. The provisions of this Act are mutually dependent and inseverable. If any provision or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, then this entire Act is invalid.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

AMENDMENT NO. 5. Amend House Bill 2137, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of Senate Amendment No. 3, on page 60, line 31 by deleting "but not limited to".

The foregoing message from the Senate reporting Senate Amendments numbered 1, 3 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 2137 was placed on the Calendar on the order of Concurrence.

SENATE BILLS ON FIRST READING

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a first time and placed in the Committee on Rules: SENATE BILLS 930 (Schock), 1209 (Turner) and 1333 (Osterman).

RECALLS

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Molaro, SENATE BILL 27 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Turner, SENATE BILL 13 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

Having been read by title a second time on May 26, 2005 and held, the following bill was taken up and advanced to the order of Third Reading: SENATE BILL 502.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Parke, SENATE BILL 502 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 73, Yeas; 43, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 2)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

Having been read by title a second time on May 26, 2005 and held, the following bill was taken up and advanced to the order of Third Reading: SENATE BILL 575.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Black, SENATE BILL 22 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 86, Yeas; 30, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 3)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

ACTION ON MOTION

Representative Holbrook asked and obtained unanimous consent to table SENATE BILL 557.

SENATE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Burke, SENATE BILL 1623 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 95, Yeas; 10, Nays; 11, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 4)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Reitz, SENATE BILL 1233 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 5)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Hultgren, SENATE BILL 1776 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 98, Yeas; 18, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 6)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

On motion of Representative Graham, SENATE BILL 1832 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 76, Yeas; 39, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 7)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Giles, SENATE BILL 1853 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 8)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Scully, SENATE BILL 1912 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 115, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 9)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

On motion of Representative Nekritz, SENATE BILL 1962 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 115, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 10)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Schmitz, SENATE BILL 2038 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading and held on that order.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 2038. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Representative Schmitz offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 2038, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment 1, on page 3, immediately below line 30, by inserting the following:

"The conveyance of land under this Section is subject to the condition that the land must be used or held by the Community Unit School District 303 for public purposes unless otherwise authorized by law. If at any time the condition is breached then the land shall revert back to the State of Illinois, Department of Corrections, by operation of law."

The foregoing motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was again advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Schmitz, SENATE BILL 2038 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 113, Yeas; 3, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 11)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 1446. Having been read by title a second time on May 26, 2005, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Hamos offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 1446, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, on page 3, line 32, by replacing "~~alternate~~" with "alternate"; and

on page 9, line 34, by replacing "30" with "45"; and
on page 12, line 9, by replacing "annuity" with "retirement"; and
on page 19, by replacing lines 13 through 14 with the following:

"the indicated amounts of any refund upon termination or any lump sum retirement benefit that becomes payable to the member."; and

on page 19, by replacing lines 32 and 33 with the following:

"(C) The alternate payee's share of the refund or lump sum retirement benefit under this Section V shall be paid when the member's refund or lump sum retirement benefit is paid."; and

on page 20, line 18, by replacing "benefit" with "refund"; and

on page 27, line 18, by deleting "monthly".

The foregoing motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Hamos, SENATE BILL 1446 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 115, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 12)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SENATE BILL ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 506. Having been read by title a second time on May 26, 2005, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Hoffman offered the following amendments and moved their adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend Senate Bill 506 on page 3, by replacing lines 1 and 2 with the following:

"(b) Hospitals shall report to the Department by no later"; and on page 3, line 8, by deleting "or other facility".

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend Senate Bill 506 on page 3, by deleting lines 19 through 29.

The foregoing motions prevailed and the amendments were adopted.

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Hoffman, SENATE BILL 506 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 13)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 1195, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Washington moved that the House not concur and ask the Senate to recede with respect to Senate Amendment No. 2.

The motion prevailed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendments numbered 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 to HOUSE BILL 2531, having been reproduced, were taken up for consideration.

Representative Joyce moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Amendments numbered 3, 4, 5 and 6.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 14)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Amendments numbered 3, 4, 5 and 6 to HOUSE BILL 2531.

Representative Joyce then moved that the House non-concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

The motion prevailed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 6 to HOUSE BILL 350, having been reproduced, were taken up for consideration.

Representative Joyce moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 15)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 350.

Representative Joyce then moved that the House non-concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 6.

The motion prevailed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

SENATE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Hamos, SENATE BILL 431 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

77, Yeas; 16, Nays; 23, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 16)

This bill, as amended, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence in the House amendment/s adopted.

SUSPEND POSTING REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 25, Representative Currie moved to suspend the posting requirements in Rule 21 in relation to Senate Bills 14, 96, 157, 230, 251, 316, 490, 661, 676, 926, 998, 1333, 1442, 1625, 1815, 1843, 1866, 1879 and 1964.

The motion prevailed.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 596, having been reproduced, were taken up for consideration.

Representative Boland moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 17)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 2 to HOUSE BILL 596.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 595, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative McAuliffe moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 3.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 18)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 3 to HOUSE BILL 595.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 612, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Jones moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 19)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 612.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 615, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Delgado moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 20)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 615.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 669, having been reproduced, were taken up for consideration.

Representative Holbrook moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 21)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 669.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 760, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Rita moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 22)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 760.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 678, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Chapa LaVia moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

114, Yeas; 1, Nay; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 23)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 678.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 763, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Feigenholtz moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 24)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 763.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 783, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Soto moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 25)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 783.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 788, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Jones moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 26)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 788.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 864, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Sacia moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

90, Yeas; 26, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 27)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 864.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 866, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative McAuliffe moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

77, Yeas; 39, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 28)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 866.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 5 to HOUSE BILL 875, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Saviano moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 5.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

82, Yeas; 33, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 29)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 5 to HOUSE BILL 875.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 909, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Gordon moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 30)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 909.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 1058, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Colvin moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 31)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 2 to HOUSE BILL 1058.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

SUSPEND POSTING REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 25, Representative Currie moved to suspend the posting requirements in Rule 21 in relation to Senate Bill 945.

The motion prevailed.

RECESS

At the hour of 3:22 o'clock p.m., Representative Lyons moved that the House do now take a recess until 5:00 p.m.

The motion prevailed.

At the hour of 5:30 o'clock p.m., the House resumed its session.

Representative Turner in the Chair.

ACTION ON MOTION

Representative Black moved to withdraw his motion to discharge the Committee on Rules from further consideration of SENATE BILL 251 and advance to the order of Second Reading.

The motion prevailed.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1071, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Munson moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 32)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1071.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 4 to HOUSE BILL 1074, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Reitz moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 4.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

64, Yeas; 52, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 33)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 4 to HOUSE BILL 1074.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 1100, having been reproduced, were taken up for consideration.

Representative Miller moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 34)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1 and 3 to HOUSE BILL 1100.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

DISTRIBUTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR

Supplemental Calendar No. 1 was distributed to the Members at 5:45 o'clock p.m.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1149, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Millner moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 35)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1149.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

DISTRIBUTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR

Supplemental Calendar No. 2 was distributed to the Members at 5:50 o'clock p.m.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendments numbered 1, 3 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 2137, having been reproduced, were taken up for consideration.

Representative Hoffman moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1, 3 and 5.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

113, Yeas; 2, Nays; 1, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 36)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendments numbered 1, 3 and 5 to HOUSE BILL 2137.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

SENATE BILLS ON SECOND READING

SENATE BILL 14. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.
The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 14 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Illinois Opportunity Fund Act."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was adopted and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 157. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.
The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Human Services, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 157 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"ARTICLE 5.

Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the Public Health Program Beneficiary Employer Disclosure Law. References in this Article to "this Law" mean this Article.

Section 5-5. Definition. In this Law, "public health program" means either of the following:

- (1) The medical assistance program under Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (2) The children's health insurance program under the Children's Health Insurance Program Act.

Section 5-10. Disclosure of employer required. An applicant for health care benefits under a public health program, or a person requesting uncompensated care in a hospital, may identify the employer or employers of the proposed beneficiary of the health care benefits. If the proposed public health program beneficiary is not employed, the applicant may identify the employer or employers of any adult who is responsible for providing all or some of the proposed beneficiary's support.

Section 5-15. Reporting of employer-provided health insurance information.

(a) Hospitals required to report information on the uncompensated care they provide pursuant to federal Medicare cost reporting shall determine, from information that may be provided by a person receiving uncompensated or charity care, whether that person is employed, and if the person is employed the identity of the employer. The hospital shall annually submit to the Department a summary report of the employment status information obtained from persons receiving uncompensated or charity care, including available information regarding the cost of the care provided and the number of persons employed by each identified employer.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department of Public Aid or its successor agency, in collaboration with the Department of Human Services and the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, shall annually prepare a public health access program beneficiary employer report to be submitted to the General Assembly. For the purposes of this Section, a "public health access program beneficiary" means a person who receives medical assistance under Title XIX or XXI of the federal Social Security Act.

Subject to federal approval, the report shall provide the following information for each employer who has more than 100 employees and 25 or more public health access program beneficiaries:

- (1) The name and address of the qualified employer.
- (2) The number of public health access program beneficiaries.
- (3) The number of persons requesting uncompensated or charity care from the hospitals required to report under this Section and the cost of that care.

- (4) The number of public health access program beneficiaries who are spouses or dependents of employees of the employer.
 - (5) Information on whether the employer offers health insurance benefits to employees and their dependents.
 - (6) Information on whether the employer receives health insurance benefits through the company.
 - (7) Whether an employer offers health insurance benefits, and, if so, information on the level of premium subsidies for such health insurance.
 - (8) The cost to the State of Illinois of providing public health access program benefits for the employer's employees and enrolled dependents.
- (c) The report shall not include the names of any individual public health access program beneficiary and shall be subject to privacy standards both in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and in Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act.
- (d) The first report shall be submitted on or before October 1, 2006, and subsequent reports shall be submitted on or before that date each year thereafter.

Section 5-90. Repeal. This Law is repealed on January 1, 2009.

ARTICLE 10.

Section 10-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the Illinois Adverse Health Care Events Reporting Law of 2005. References in this Article to "this Law" mean this Article.

Section 10-5. Purpose. The sole purpose of this Law is to establish an adverse health care event reporting system designed to facilitate quality improvement in the health care system through communication and collaboration between the Department and health care facilities. The reporting system established under this Law shall not be designed or used to punish errors or to investigate or take disciplinary action against health care facilities, health care practitioners, or health care facility employees.

Section 10-10. Definitions. As used in this Law, the following terms have the following meanings:

"Adverse health care event" means any event described in subsections (b) through (g) of Section 10-15.

"Department" means the Illinois Department of Public Health.

"Health care facility" means a hospital maintained by the State or any department or agency thereof where such department or agency has authority under law to establish and enforce standards for the hospital under its management and control, a hospital maintained by any university or college established under the laws of this State and supported principally by public funds raised by taxation, a hospital licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, a hospital organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act, and an ambulatory surgical treatment center licensed under the Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act.

Section 10-15. Health care facility requirements to report, analyze, and correct.

(a) Reports of adverse health care events required. Each health care facility shall report to the Department the occurrence of any of the adverse health care events described in subsections (b) through (g) no later than 30 days after discovery of the event. The report shall be filed in a format specified by the Department and shall identify the health care facility, but shall not include any information identifying or that tends to identify any of the health care professionals, employees, or patients involved.

(b) Surgical events. Events reportable under this subsection are:

(1) Surgery performed on a wrong body part that is not consistent with the documented informed consent for that patient. Reportable events under this clause do not include situations requiring prompt action that occur in the course of surgery or situations whose urgency precludes obtaining informed consent.

(2) Surgery performed on the wrong patient.

(3) The wrong surgical procedure performed on a patient that is not consistent with the documented informed consent for that patient. Reportable events under this clause do not include situations requiring prompt action that occur in the course of surgery or situations whose urgency precludes obtaining informed consent.

(4) Retention of a foreign object in a patient after surgery or other procedure, excluding objects intentionally implanted as part of a planned intervention and objects present prior to surgery that are intentionally retained.

(5) Death during or immediately after surgery of a normal, healthy patient who has no organic, physiologic, biochemical, or psychiatric disturbance and for whom the pathologic processes for which the operation is to be performed are localized and do not entail a systemic disturbance.

(c) Product or device events. Events reportable under this subsection are:

(1) Patient death or serious disability associated with the use of contaminated drugs,

devices, or biologics provided by the health care facility when the contamination is the result of generally detectable contaminants in drugs, devices, or biologics regardless of the source of the contamination or the product.

(2) Patient death or serious disability associated with the use or function of a device in patient care in which the device is used or functions other than as intended. "Device" includes, but is not limited to, catheters, drains, and other specialized tubes, infusion pumps, and ventilators.

(3) Patient death or serious disability associated with intravascular air embolism that occurs while being cared for in a health care facility, excluding deaths associated with neurosurgical procedures known to present a high risk of intravascular air embolism.

(d) Patient protection events. Events reportable under this subsection are:

(1) An infant discharged to the wrong person.

(2) Patient death or serious disability associated with patient disappearance for more than 4 hours, excluding events involving adults who have decision-making capacity.

(3) Patient suicide or attempted suicide resulting in serious disability while being cared for in a health care facility due to patient actions after admission to the health care facility, excluding deaths resulting from self-inflicted injuries that were the reason for admission to the health care facility.

(e) Care management events. Events reportable under this subsection are:

(1) Patient death or serious disability associated with a medication error, including, but not limited to, errors involving the wrong drug, the wrong dose, the wrong patient, the wrong time, the wrong rate, the wrong preparation, or the wrong route of administration, excluding reasonable differences in clinical judgment on drug selection and dose.

(2) Patient death or serious disability associated with a hemolytic reaction due to the administration of ABO-incompatible blood or blood products.

(3) Maternal death or serious disability associated with labor or delivery in a low-risk pregnancy while being cared for in a health care facility, excluding deaths from pulmonary or amniotic fluid embolism, acute fatty liver of pregnancy, or cardiomyopathy.

(4) Patient death or serious disability directly related to hypoglycemia, the onset of which occurs while the patient is being cared for in a health care facility for a condition unrelated to hypoglycemia.

(f) Environmental events. Events reportable under this subsection are:

(1) Patient death or serious disability associated with an electric shock while being cared for in a health care facility, excluding events involving planned treatments such as electric countershock.

(2) Any incident in which a line designated for oxygen or other gas to be delivered to a patient contains the wrong gas or is contaminated by toxic substances.

(3) Patient death or serious disability associated with a burn incurred from any source while being cared for in a health care facility that is not consistent with the documented informed consent for that patient. Reportable events under this clause do not include situations requiring prompt action that occur in the course of surgery or situations whose urgency precludes obtaining informed consent.

(4) Patient death associated with a fall while being cared for in a health care facility.

(5) Patient death or serious disability associated with the use of restraints or bedrails while being cared for in a health care facility.

(g) Physical security events. Events reportable under this subsection are:

(1) Any instance of care ordered by or provided by someone impersonating a physician, nurse, pharmacist, or other licensed health care provider.

(2) Abduction of a patient of any age.

(3) Sexual assault on a patient within or on the grounds of a health care facility.

(4) Death or significant injury of a patient or staff member resulting from a physical assault that occurs within or on the grounds of a health care facility.

(h) Definitions. As used in this Section 10-15:

"Death" means patient death that would not have occurred but for an event described in this Section.

"Serious disability" means a physical or mental impairment that would not have occurred but for an event described in this Section that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of an individual or a loss of bodily function, if the impairment or loss lasts more than 7 days prior to discharge or

is still present at the time of discharge from an inpatient health care facility.

Section 10-20. Root cause analysis; corrective action plan. Following the occurrence of an adverse health care event, the health care facility must conduct a root cause analysis of the event. Following the analysis, the health care facility must (i) implement a corrective action plan to address the findings of the analysis or (ii) report to the Department any reasons for not taking corrective action. A copy of the findings of the root cause analysis and a copy of the corrective action plan must be filed with the Department within 90 days after the submission of the report to the Department under Section 10-15.

Section 10-25. Confidentiality. Other than the annual report required under paragraph (4) of Section 10-35 of this Law, adverse health care event reports, findings of root cause analyses, and corrective action plans filed by a health care facility under this Law and records created or obtained by the Department in reviewing or investigating these reports, findings, and plans shall not be available to the public and shall not be discoverable or admissible in any civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding against a health care facility or health care professional. No report or Department disclosure under this Law may contain information identifying a patient, employee, or licensed professional. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, under no circumstances shall the Department disclose information obtained from a health care facility that is confidential under Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil Procedure. Nothing in this Law shall preclude or alter the reporting responsibilities of hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers under existing federal or State law.

Section 10-30. Establishment of reporting system.

(a) The Department shall establish an adverse health event reporting system that will be fully operational by January 1, 2008 and designed to facilitate quality improvement in the health care system through communication and collaboration among the Department and health care facilities. The reporting system shall not be designed or used to punish errors or investigate or take disciplinary action against health care facilities, health care practitioners, or health care facility employees. The Department may not use the adverse health care event reports, findings of the root cause analyses, and corrective action plans filed under this Law for any purpose not stated in this Law, including, but not limited to, using such information for investigating possible violations of the reporting health care facility's licensing act or its regulations. The Department is not authorized to select from or between competing alternate health care treatments, services, or practices.

(b) The reporting system shall consist of:

(1) Mandatory reporting by health care facilities of adverse health care events.

(2) Mandatory completion of a root cause analysis and a corrective action plan by the health care facility and reporting of the findings of the analysis and the plan to the Department or reporting of reasons for not taking corrective action.

(3) Analysis of reported information by the Department to determine patterns of systemic failure in the health care system and successful methods to correct these failures.

(4) Sanctions against health care facilities for failure to comply with reporting system requirements.

(5) Communication from the Department to health care facilities, to maximize the use of the reporting system to improve health care quality.

(c) In establishing the adverse health event reporting system, including the design of the reporting format and annual report, the Department must consult with and seek input from experts and organizations specializing in patient safety.

(d) The Department must design the reporting system so that a health care facility may file by electronic means the reports required under this Law. The Department shall encourage a health care facility to use the electronic filing option when that option is feasible for the health care facility.

(e) Nothing in this Section prohibits a health care facility from taking any remedial action in response to the occurrence of an adverse health care event.

Section 10-35. Analysis of reports; communication of findings. The Department shall do the following:

(1) Analyze adverse event reports, corrective action plans, and findings of the root cause analyses to determine patterns of systemic failure in the health care system and successful methods to correct these failures.

(2) Communicate to individual health care facilities the Department's conclusions, if any, regarding an adverse event reported by the health care facility.

(3) Communicate to relevant health care facilities any recommendations for corrective action resulting from the Department's analysis of submissions from facilities.

(4) Publish an annual report that does the following:

- (i) Describes, by institution, adverse health care events reported.
- (ii) Summarizes, in aggregate form, the types of corrective action plans implemented by health care facilities collectively.
- (iii) Describes adopted recommendations for quality improvement practices.

Section 10-40. Health Care Event Reporting Advisory Committee. The Department shall appoint a 9-person Health Care Event Reporting Advisory Committee with at least one member from each of the following statewide organizations: one representing hospitals; one representing ambulatory surgical treatment centers; and one representing physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches. The committee shall also include other individuals who have expertise and experience in system-based quality improvement and safety and shall include one public member. At least 3 of the 9 members shall be individuals who do not have a financial interest in, or a business relationship with, hospitals or ambulatory surgical treatment centers. The Health Care Event Reporting Advisory Committee shall, when possible, make recommendations for potential quality improvement practices and modifications to the list of reportable adverse health care events consistent with national standards. Prior to adoption of any recommendations, the committee shall conduct a public hearing seeking input from health care facilities, health care professionals, and the public.

Section 10-45. Testing period.

(a) Prior to the testing period in subsection (b), the Department shall adopt rules for implementing this Law in consultation with the Health Care Event Reporting Advisory Committee and individuals who have experience and expertise in devising and implementing adverse health care event or other health care quality reporting systems. The rules shall establish the methodology and format for health care facilities reporting information under this Law to the Department and shall be finalized before the beginning of the testing period under subsection (b).

(b) The Department shall conduct a testing period of at least 6 months to test the reporting process to identify any problems or deficiencies with the planned reporting process.

(c) None of the information reported and analyzed during the testing period shall be used in any public report under this Law.

(d) The Department must address problems or deficiencies identified during the testing period before fully implementing the reporting system.

(e) After the testing period, and after any corrections, adjustments, or modifications are finalized, the Department must give at least 30 days written notice to health care facilities prior to full implementation of the reporting system and collection of adverse event data that will be used in public reports.

(f) Following the testing period, 4 calendar quarters of data must be collected prior to the Department's publishing the annual report of adverse events to the public under paragraph (4) of Section 10-35.

(g) The process described in subsections (a) through (e) must be completed by the Department no later than July 1, 2007.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department may contract with an entity for receiving all adverse health care event reports, root cause analysis findings, and corrective action plans that must be reported to the Department under this Law and for the compilation of the information and the provision of quarterly and annual reports to the Department describing such information according to the rules adopted by the Department under this Law.

Section 10-50. Validity of public reports. None of the information the Department discloses to the public may be made available in any form or fashion unless such information is shared with the health care facilities under review prior to public dissemination of such information. Those health care facilities shall have 30 days to make corrections and to add helpful explanatory comments about the information before the publication.

ARTICLE 90.

Section 90-5. The Ambulatory Surgical Treatment Center Act is amended by changing Section 10d as follows:

(210 ILCS 5/10d) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 157-8.10d)

Sec. 10d. Fines and penalties.

(a) When the Director determines that a facility has failed to comply with this Act or the Illinois Adverse Health Care Events Reporting Law of 2005 or any rule adopted under either of those Acts hereunder, the Department may issue a notice of fine assessment which shall specify the violations for which the fine is assessed. The Department may assess a fine of up to \$500 per violation per day commencing on the date the violation was identified and ending on the date the violation is corrected, or action is taken to suspend, revoke or deny renewal of the license, whichever comes first.

(b) In determining whether a fine is to be assessed or the amount of such fine, the Director shall consider the following factors:

- (1) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical or mental harm to a patient will result or has resulted, the severity of the actual or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable statutes or rules were violated;
- (2) The reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee and efforts to correct violations;
- (3) Any previous violations committed by the licensee; and
- (4) The financial benefit to the facility of committing or continuing the violation.

(Source: P.A. 86-1292.)

Section 90-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 7 as follows:

(210 ILCS 85/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 148)

Sec. 7. (a) The Director after notice and opportunity for hearing to the applicant or licensee may deny, suspend, or revoke a permit to establish a hospital or deny, suspend, or revoke a license to open, conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital in any case in which he finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this Act, ~~or the Hospital Report Card Act~~, or the Illinois Adverse Health Care Events Reporting Law of 2005 or the standards, rules, and regulations established by virtue of any ~~either~~ of those Acts.

(b) Such notice shall be effected by registered mail or by personal service setting forth the particular reasons for the proposed action and fixing a date, not less than 15 days from the date of such mailing or service, at which time the applicant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a hearing. Such hearing shall be conducted by the Director or by an employee of the Department designated in writing by the Director as Hearing Officer to conduct the hearing. On the basis of any such hearing, or upon default of the applicant or licensee, the Director shall make a determination specifying his findings and conclusions. In case of a denial to an applicant of a permit to establish a hospital, such determination shall specify the subsection of Section 6 under which the permit was denied and shall contain findings of fact forming the basis of such denial. A copy of such determination shall be sent by registered mail or served personally upon the applicant or licensee. The decision denying, suspending, or revoking a permit or a license shall become final 35 days after it is so mailed or served, unless the applicant or licensee, within such 35 day period, petitions for review pursuant to Section 13.

(c) The procedure governing hearings authorized by this Section shall be in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department and approved by the Hospital Licensing Board. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings, including the notice of hearing, complaint, and all other documents in the nature of pleadings, written motions filed in the proceedings, and the report and orders of the Director and Hearing Officer. All testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed pursuant to Section 13. A copy or copies of the transcript may be obtained by any interested party on payment of the cost of preparing such copy or copies.

(d) The Director or Hearing Officer shall upon his own motion, or on the written request of any party to the proceeding, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and the giving of testimony by witnesses, and subpoenas duces tecum requiring the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda. All subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued under the terms of this Act may be served by any person of full age. The fees of witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees of witnesses before the Circuit Court of this State, such fees to be paid when the witness is excused from further attendance. When the witness is subpoenaed at the instance of the Director, or Hearing Officer, such fees shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses of the Department, and when the witness is subpoenaed at the instance of any other party to any such proceeding the Department may require that the cost of service of the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum and the fee of the witness be borne by the party at whose instance the witness is summoned. In such case, the Department in its discretion, may require a deposit to cover the cost of such service and witness fees. A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued as aforesaid shall be served in the same manner as a subpoena issued out of a court.

(e) Any Circuit Court of this State upon the application of the Director, or upon the application of any other party to the proceeding, may, in its discretion, compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda and the giving of testimony before the Director or Hearing Officer conducting an investigation or holding a hearing authorized by this Act, by an attachment for contempt, or otherwise, in the same manner as production of evidence may be compelled before the court.

(f) The Director or Hearing Officer, or any party in an investigation or hearing before the Department, may cause the depositions of witnesses within the State to be taken in the manner prescribed by law for like

depositions in civil actions in courts of this State, and to that end compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda.

(Source: P.A. 93-563, eff. 1-1-04.)

Section 90-15. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Sections 5A-1, 5A-2, 5A-3, 5A-4, 5A-5, 5A-7, 5A-8, 5A-10, 5A-13, and 5A-14 and by adding Section 5A-12.1 as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/5A-1) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-1)

Sec. 5A-1. Definitions. As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Adjusted gross hospital revenue" shall be determined separately for inpatient and outpatient services for each hospital conducted, operated or maintained by a hospital provider, and means the hospital provider's total gross revenues less: (i) gross revenue attributable to non-hospital based services including home dialysis services, durable medical equipment, ambulance services, outpatient clinics and any other non-hospital based services as determined by the Illinois Department by rule; and (ii) gross revenues attributable to the routine services provided to persons receiving skilled or intermediate long-term care services within the meaning of Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act; and (iii) Medicare gross revenue (excluding the Medicare gross revenue attributable to clauses (i) and (ii) of this paragraph and the Medicare gross revenue attributable to the routine services provided to patients in a psychiatric hospital, a rehabilitation hospital, a distinct part psychiatric unit, a distinct part rehabilitation unit, or swing beds). Adjusted gross hospital revenue shall be determined using the most recent data available from each hospital's 2003 Medicare cost report as contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, for the quarter ending on December 31, 2004, without regard to any subsequent adjustments or changes to such data. If a hospital's 2003 Medicare cost report is not contained in the Healthcare Cost Report Information System, the hospital provider shall furnish such cost report or the data necessary to determine its adjusted gross hospital revenue as required by rule by the Illinois Department.

"Fund" means the Hospital Provider Fund.

"Hospital" means an institution, place, building, or agency located in this State that is subject to licensure by the Illinois Department of Public Health under the Hospital Licensing Act, whether public or private and whether organized for profit or not-for-profit.

"Hospital provider" means a person licensed by the Department of Public Health to conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital, regardless of whether the person is a Medicaid provider. For purposes of this paragraph, "person" means any political subdivision of the State, municipal corporation, individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, limited liability company, association, joint stock association, or trust, or a receiver, executor, trustee, guardian, or other representative appointed by order of any court.

"Occupied bed days" means the sum of the number of days that each bed was occupied by a patient for all beds during calendar year 2001. Occupied bed days shall be computed separately for each hospital operated or maintained by a hospital provider.

"Proration factor" means a fraction, the numerator of which is 53 and the denominator of which is 365.

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-1066, eff. 1-15-05.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-2) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-2)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2005)

Sec. 5A-2. Assessment; no local authorization to tax.

(a) Subject to Sections 5A-3 and 5A-10, an annual assessment on inpatient services is imposed on each hospital provider in an amount equal to the hospital's occupied bed days multiplied by \$84.19 multiplied by the proration factor for State fiscal year 2004 and the hospital's occupied bed days multiplied by \$84.19 for State fiscal year 2005.

The Department of Public Aid shall use the number of occupied bed days as reported by each hospital on the Annual Survey of Hospitals conducted by the Department of Public Health to calculate the hospital's annual assessment. If the sum of a hospital's occupied bed days is not reported on the Annual Survey of Hospitals or if there are data errors in the reported sum of a hospital's occupied bed days as determined by the Department of Public Aid, then the Department of Public Aid may obtain the sum of occupied bed days from any source available, including, but not limited to, records maintained by the hospital provider, which may be inspected at all times during business hours of the day by the Department of Public Aid or its duly authorized agents and employees.

Subject to Sections 5A-3 and 5A-10, for the privilege of engaging in the occupation of hospital provider, beginning August 1, 2005, an annual assessment is imposed on each hospital provider for State fiscal years 2006, 2007, and 2008, in an amount equal to 2.5835% of the hospital provider's adjusted gross hospital revenue for inpatient services and 2.5835% of the hospital provider's adjusted gross hospital revenue for outpatient services. If the hospital provider's adjusted gross hospital revenue is not available, then the

Illinois Department may obtain the hospital provider's adjusted gross hospital revenue from any source available, including, but not limited to, records maintained by the hospital provider, which may be inspected at all times during business hours of the day by the Illinois Department or its duly authorized agents and employees.

(b) Nothing in this ~~Article amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly~~ shall be construed to authorize any home rule unit or other unit of local government to license for revenue or to impose a tax or assessment upon hospital providers or the occupation of hospital provider, or a tax or assessment measured by the income or earnings of a hospital provider.

(c) As provided in Section 5A-14, this Section is repealed on July 1, ~~2008~~ 2005.
(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-841, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1066, eff. 1-15-05.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-3) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-3)

Sec. 5A-3. Exemptions.

(a) (Blank).

(b) A hospital provider that is a State agency, a State university, or a county with a population of 3,000,000 or more is exempt from the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2.

(b-2) A hospital provider that is a county with a population of less than 3,000,000 or a township, municipality, hospital district, or any other local governmental unit is exempt from the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2.

(b-5) (Blank).

(b-10) For State fiscal years 2004 and 2005, a ~~A~~ hospital provider whose hospital does not charge for its services is exempt from the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2, unless the exemption is adjudged to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, in which case the hospital provider shall pay the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2.

(b-15) For State fiscal years 2004 and 2005, a ~~A~~ hospital provider whose hospital is licensed by the Department of Public Health as a psychiatric hospital is exempt from the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2, unless the exemption is adjudged to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, in which case the hospital provider shall pay the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2.

(b-20) For State fiscal years 2004 and 2005, a ~~A~~ hospital provider whose hospital is licensed by the Department of Public Health as a rehabilitation hospital is exempt from the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2, unless the exemption is adjudged to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, in which case the hospital provider shall pay the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2.

(b-25) For State fiscal years 2004 and 2005, a ~~A~~ hospital provider whose hospital (i) is not a psychiatric hospital, rehabilitation hospital, or children's hospital and (ii) has an average length of inpatient stay greater than 25 days is exempt from the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2, unless the exemption is adjudged to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, in which case the hospital provider shall pay the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2.

(c) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-4) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-4)

Sec. 5A-4. Payment of assessment; penalty.

(a) The annual assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 for State fiscal year 2004 shall be due and payable on June 18 of the year. The assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 for State fiscal year 2005 shall be due and payable in quarterly installments, each equalling one-fourth of the assessment for the year, on July 19, October 19, January 18, and April 19 of the year. The assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 for State fiscal year 2006 and each subsequent State fiscal year shall be due and payable in quarterly installments, each equalling one-fourth of the assessment for the year, on the fourteenth State business day of September, December, March, and May. No installment payment of an assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 shall be due and payable, however, until after: (i) the hospital provider receives written notice from the Department of Public Aid that the payment methodologies to hospitals required under Section 5A-12 or Section 5A-12.1, whichever is applicable for that fiscal year, have been approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and the waiver under 42 CFR 433.68 for the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2, if necessary, has been granted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; and (ii) the hospital has received the payments required under Section 5A-12 or Section 5A-12.1, whichever is applicable for that fiscal year. Upon notification to the Department of approval of the payment methodologies required under Section 5A-12 or Section 5A-12.1, whichever is applicable for that fiscal year, and the waiver granted under 42 CFR 433.68, all quarterly installments otherwise due under Section

5A-2 prior to the date of notification shall be due and payable to the Department upon written direction from the Department and receipt of the payments required under Section 5A-12.1.

(b) The Illinois Department is authorized to establish delayed payment schedules for hospital providers that are unable to make installment payments when due under this Section due to financial difficulties, as determined by the Illinois Department.

(c) If a hospital provider fails to pay the full amount of an installment when due (including any extensions granted under subsection (b)), there shall, unless waived by the Illinois Department for reasonable cause, be added to the assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 a penalty assessment equal to the lesser of (i) 5% of the amount of the installment not paid on or before the due date plus 5% of the portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day of each 30-day period thereafter or (ii) 100% of the installment amount not paid on or before the due date. For purposes of this subsection, payments will be credited first to unpaid installment amounts (rather than to penalty or interest), beginning with the most delinquent installments.

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-841, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1066, eff. 1-15-05.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-5) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-5)

Sec. 5A-5. Notice; penalty; maintenance of records.

(a) The Department of Public Aid shall send a notice of assessment to every hospital provider subject to assessment under this Article. The notice of assessment shall notify the hospital of its assessment and shall be sent ~~after~~ within 14 days of receipt by the Department of notification from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services that the payment methodologies required under Section 5A-12 or Section 5A-12.1, whichever is applicable for that fiscal year, and, if necessary, the waiver granted under 42 CFR 433.68 have been approved. The notice shall be on a form prepared by the Illinois Department and shall state the following:

(1) The name of the hospital provider.

(2) The address of the hospital provider's principal place of business from which the provider engages in the occupation of hospital provider in this State, and the name and address of each hospital operated, conducted, or maintained by the provider in this State.

(3) The occupied bed days or adjusted gross hospital revenue of the hospital provider (whichever is applicable), the amount of assessment imposed under Section 5A-2 for the State fiscal year for which the notice is sent, and the amount of each quarterly installment to be paid during the State fiscal year.

(4) (Blank).

(5) Other reasonable information as determined by the Illinois Department.

(b) If a hospital provider conducts, operates, or maintains more than one hospital licensed by the Illinois Department of Public Health, the provider shall pay the assessment for each hospital separately.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article, in the case of a person who ceases to conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital in respect of which the person is subject to assessment under this Article as a hospital provider, the assessment for the State fiscal year in which the cessation occurs shall be adjusted by multiplying the assessment computed under Section 5A-2 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days in the year during which the provider conducts, operates, or maintains the hospital and the denominator of which is 365. Immediately upon ceasing to conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital, the person shall pay the assessment for the year as so adjusted (to the extent not previously paid).

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article, a provider who commences conducting, operating, or maintaining a hospital, upon notice by the Illinois Department, shall pay the assessment computed under Section 5A-2 and subsection (e) in installments on the due dates stated in the notice and on the regular installment due dates for the State fiscal year occurring after the due dates of the initial notice.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article, for State fiscal years 2004 and 2005, in the case of a hospital provider that did not conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital throughout calendar year 2001, the assessment for that State fiscal year shall be computed on the basis of hypothetical occupied bed days for the full calendar year as determined by the Illinois Department. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Article, for State fiscal years after 2005, in the case of a hospital provider that did not conduct, operate, or maintain a hospital in 2003, the assessment for that State fiscal year shall be computed on the basis of hypothetical adjusted gross hospital revenue for the hospital's first full fiscal year as determined by the Illinois Department (which may be based on annualization of the provider's actual revenues for a portion of the year, or revenues of a comparable hospital for the year, including revenues realized by a prior provider of the same hospital during the year).

(f) Every hospital provider subject to assessment under this Article shall keep sufficient records to permit

the determination of adjusted gross hospital revenue for the hospital's fiscal year. All such records shall be kept in the English language and shall, at all times during regular business hours of the day, be subject to inspection by the Illinois Department or its duly authorized agents and employees. ~~(Blank).~~

(g) The Illinois Department may, by rule, provide a hospital provider a reasonable opportunity to request a clarification or correction of any clerical or computational errors contained in the calculation of its assessment, but such corrections shall not extend to updating the cost report information used to calculate the assessment. ~~(Blank).~~

(h) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-841, eff. 7-30-04.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-7) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-7)

Sec. 5A-7. Administration; enforcement provisions.

(a) The Illinois Department shall establish and maintain a listing of all hospital providers appearing in the licensing records of the Illinois Department of Public Health, which shall show each provider's name and principal place of business and the name and address of each hospital operated, conducted, or maintained by the provider in this State. The Illinois Department shall administer and enforce this Article and collect the assessments and penalty assessments imposed under this Article using procedures employed in its administration of this Code generally. The Illinois Department, its Director, and every hospital provider subject to assessment under this Article ~~measured by occupied bed days~~ shall have the following powers, duties, and rights:

(1) The Illinois Department may initiate either administrative or judicial proceedings, or both, to enforce provisions of this Article. Administrative enforcement proceedings initiated hereunder shall be governed by the Illinois Department's administrative rules. Judicial enforcement proceedings initiated hereunder shall be governed by the rules of procedure applicable in the courts of this State.

(2) No proceedings for collection, refund, credit, or other adjustment of an assessment amount shall be issued more than 3 years after the due date of the assessment, except in the case of an extended period agreed to in writing by the Illinois Department and the hospital provider before the expiration of this limitation period.

(3) Any unpaid assessment under this Article shall become a lien upon the assets of the hospital upon which it was assessed. If any hospital provider, outside the usual course of its business, sells or transfers the major part of any one or more of (A) the real property and improvements, (B) the machinery and equipment, or (C) the furniture or fixtures, of any hospital that is subject to the provisions of this Article, the seller or transferor shall pay the Illinois Department the amount of any assessment, assessment penalty, and interest (if any) due from it under this Article up to the date of the sale or transfer. If the seller or transferor fails to pay any assessment, assessment penalty, and interest (if any) due, the purchaser or transferee of such asset shall be liable for the amount of the assessment, penalties, and interest (if any) up to the amount of the reasonable value of the property acquired by the purchaser or transferee. The purchaser or transferee shall continue to be liable until the purchaser or transferee pays the full amount of the assessment, penalties, and interest (if any) up to the amount of the reasonable value of the property acquired by the purchaser or transferee or until the purchaser or transferee receives from the Illinois Department a certificate showing that such assessment, penalty, and interest have been paid or a certificate from the Illinois Department showing that no assessment, penalty, or interest is due from the seller or transferor under this Article.

(4) Payments under this Article are not subject to the Illinois Prompt Payment Act.

Credits or refunds shall not bear interest.

(b) In addition to any other remedy provided for and without sending a notice of assessment liability, the Illinois Department may collect an unpaid assessment by withholding, as payment of the assessment, reimbursements or other amounts otherwise payable by the Illinois Department to the hospital provider.

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04; 93-841, eff. 7-30-04.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-8) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-8)

Sec. 5A-8. Hospital Provider Fund.

(a) There is created in the State Treasury the Hospital Provider Fund. Interest earned by the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. The Fund shall not be used to replace any moneys appropriated to the Medicaid program by the General Assembly.

(b) The Fund is created for the purpose of receiving moneys in accordance with Section 5A-6 and disbursing moneys only for the following purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of law:

(1) For making payments to hospitals as required under Articles V, VI, and XIV of this Code and under the Children's Health Insurance Program Act.

(2) For the reimbursement of moneys collected by the Illinois Department from hospitals or hospital providers through error or mistake in performing the activities authorized under this Article and Article V of this Code.

(3) For payment of administrative expenses incurred by the Illinois Department or its agent in performing the activities authorized by this Article.

(4) For payments of any amounts which are reimbursable to the federal government for payments from this Fund which are required to be paid by State warrant.

(5) For making transfers, as those transfers are authorized in the proceedings authorizing debt under the Short Term Borrowing Act, but transfers made under this paragraph (5) shall not exceed the principal amount of debt issued in anticipation of the receipt by the State of moneys to be deposited into the Fund.

(6) For making transfers to any other fund in the State treasury, but transfers made under this paragraph (6) shall not exceed the amount transferred previously from that other fund into the Hospital Provider Fund.

(7) For State fiscal years 2004 and 2005 for making transfers to the Health and Human Services Medicaid Trust Fund,

including 20% of the moneys received from hospital providers under Section 5A-4 and transferred into the Hospital Provider Fund under Section 5A-6. For State fiscal years 2006, 2007 and 2008 for making transfers to the Health and Human Services Medicaid Trust Fund of up to \$130,000,000 per year of the moneys received from hospital providers under Section 5A-4 and transferred into the Hospital Provider Fund under Section 5A-6. Transfers under this paragraph shall be made within 7 days after the payments have been received pursuant to the schedule of payments provided in subsection (a) of Section 5A-4.

(8) For making refunds to hospital providers pursuant to Section 5A-10.

Disbursements from the Fund, other than transfers authorized under paragraphs (5) and (6) of this subsection, shall be by warrants drawn by the State Comptroller upon receipt of vouchers duly executed and certified by the Illinois Department.

(c) The Fund shall consist of the following:

(1) All moneys collected or received by the Illinois Department from the hospital provider assessment imposed by this Article.

(2) All federal matching funds received by the Illinois Department as a result of expenditures made by the Illinois Department that are attributable to moneys deposited in the Fund.

(3) Any interest or penalty levied in conjunction with the administration of this Article.

(4) Moneys transferred from another fund in the State treasury.

(5) All other moneys received for the Fund from any other source, including interest earned thereon.

(d) (Blank).

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-10) (from Ch. 23, par. 5A-10)

Sec. 5A-10. Applicability.

(a) The assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 shall not take effect or shall cease to be imposed, and any moneys remaining in the Fund shall be refunded to hospital providers in proportion to the amounts paid by them, if:

(1) the sum of the appropriations for State fiscal years 2004 and 2005 from the General Revenue Fund for hospital payments under the medical assistance program is less than \$4,500,000,000 or the appropriation for each of State fiscal years 2006, 2007 and 2008 from the General Revenue Fund for hospital payments under the medical assistance program is less than \$2,500,000,000 increased annually to reflect any increase in the number of recipients; or

(2) the Department of Public Aid makes changes in its rules that reduce the hospital inpatient or outpatient payment rates, including adjustment payment rates, in effect on October 1, 2004 2003, except for hospitals described in subsection (b) of Section 5A-3 and except for changes in the methodology for calculating outlier payments to hospitals for exceptionally costly stays and except for changes in outpatient payment rates made to comply with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, so long as those changes do not reduce aggregate expenditures below the amount expended in State fiscal year 2005 2003 for such services; or

(3) the payments to hospitals required under Section 5A-12 are changed or are not eligible for federal matching funds under Title XIX or XXI of the Social Security Act.

(b) The assessment imposed by Section 5A-2 shall not take effect or shall cease to be imposed if the assessment is determined to be an impermissible tax under Title XIX of the Social Security Act. Moneys in the Hospital Provider Fund derived from assessments imposed prior thereto shall be disbursed in accordance with Section 5A-8 to the extent federal matching is not reduced due to the impermissibility of the assessments, and any remaining moneys shall be refunded to hospital providers in proportion to the amounts paid by them.

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-12.1 new)

Sec. 5A-12.1. Hospital access improvement payments.

(a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services, for hospital services rendered on or after August 1, 2005, the Department of Public Aid shall make payments to hospitals as set forth in this Section, except for hospitals described in subsection (b) of Section 5A-3. These payments shall be paid on a quarterly basis. For State fiscal year 2006, once the approval of the payment methodology required under this Section and any waiver required under 42 CFR 433.68 by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services is received, the Department shall pay the total amounts required for fiscal year 2006 under this Section within 100 days of the latest notification. In State fiscal years 2007 and 2008, the total amounts required under this Section shall be paid in 4 equal installments on or before the seventh State business day of September, December, March, and May, except that if the date of notification of the approval of the payment methodologies required under this Section and any waiver required under 42 CFR 433.68 is on or after July 1, 2006, the sum of amounts required under this Section prior to the date of notification shall be paid within 100 days of the date of the last notification. Payments under this Section are not due and payable, however, until (i) the methodologies described in this Section are approved by the federal government in an appropriate State Plan amendment, (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and (iii) the assessment is in effect.

(b) Medicaid eligibility payment. In addition to amounts paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital (except for hospitals described in Section 5A-3) for each inpatient Medicaid admission in State fiscal year 2003, \$430 multiplied by the percentage by which the number of Medicaid recipients in the county in which the hospital is located increased from State fiscal year 1998 to State fiscal year 2003.

(c) Medicaid high volume adjustment.

(1) In addition to rates paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay to each Illinois hospital (except for hospitals that qualify for Medicaid Percentage Adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 for the 12-month period beginning on October 1, 2004) that provided more than 10,000 Medicaid inpatient days of care (determined using the hospital's fiscal year 2002 Medicaid cost report on file with the Department on July 1, 2004) amounts as follows:

(i) for hospitals that provided more than 10,000 Medicaid inpatient days of care but less than or equal to 14,500 Medicaid inpatient days of care, \$90 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during that period; and

(ii) for hospitals that provided more than 14,500 Medicaid inpatient days of care but less than or equal to 18,500 Medicaid inpatient days of care, \$135 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during that period; and

(iii) for hospitals that provided more than 18,500 Medicaid inpatient days of care but less than or equal to 20,000 Medicaid inpatient days of care, \$225 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during that period; and

(iv) for hospitals that provided more than 20,000 Medicaid inpatient days of care, \$900 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during that period.

Provided, however, that no hospital shall receive more than \$19,000,000 per year in such payments under subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv).

(2) In addition to rates paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay to each Illinois general acute care hospital that as of October 1, 2004, qualified for Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 and provided more than 21,000 Medicaid inpatient days of care (determined using the hospital's fiscal year 2002 Medicaid cost report on file with the Department on July 1, 2004) \$35 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during that period. Provided, however, that no hospital shall receive more than \$1,200,000 per year in such payments.

(d) Intensive care adjustment. In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay an adjustment payment to each Illinois general acute care hospital located in a large urban area that, based on the hospital's fiscal year 2002 Medicaid cost report, had a ratio of Medicaid intensive care unit days to total Medicaid days greater than 19%. If such ratio for the hospital is less than 30%, the hospital shall be paid an adjustment payment for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the hospital's ratio of Medicaid intensive care days to total Medicaid days. If such ratio for the hospital is equal to or greater than 30%, the hospital shall be paid an adjustment payment for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided equal to \$2,800 multiplied by the hospital's ratio of Medicaid intensive care days to total Medicaid days.

(e) Trauma center adjustments.

(1) In addition to rates paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay to each Illinois general acute care hospital that as of January 1, 2005, was designated as a Level I trauma center and is either located in a large urban area or is located in an other urban area and as of October 1, 2004 qualified for Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122, a payment equal to \$800 multiplied by the hospital's Medicaid intensive care unit days (excluding Medicare crossover days). This payment shall be calculated based on data from the hospital's 2002 cost report on file with the Department on July 1, 2004. For hospitals located in large urban areas outside of a city with a population in excess of 1,000,000 people, the payment required under this subsection shall be multiplied by 4.5. For hospitals located in other urban areas, the payment required under this subsection shall be multiplied by 8.5.

(2) In addition to rates paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay an additional payment to each Illinois general acute care hospital that as of January 1, 2005, was designated as a Level II trauma center and is located in a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 people. The payment shall equal \$4,000 per day for the first 500 Medicaid inpatient days, \$2,000 per day for the Medicaid inpatient days between 501 and 1,500, and \$100 per day for any Medicaid inpatient day in excess of 1,500. This payment shall be calculated based on data from the hospital's 2002 cost report on file with the Department on July 1, 2004.

(3) In addition to rates paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay an additional payment to each Illinois general acute care hospital that as of January 1, 2005, was designated as a Level II trauma center, is located in a large urban area outside of a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 people, and as of January 1, 2005, was designated a Level III perinatal center or designated a Level II or II+ prenatal center that has a ratio of Medicaid intensive care unit days to total Medicaid days greater than 5%. The payment shall equal \$4,000 per day for the first 500 Medicaid inpatient days, \$2,000 per day for the Medicaid inpatient days between 501 and 1,500, and \$100 per day for any Medicaid inpatient day in excess of 1,500. This payment shall be calculated based on data from the hospital's 2002 cost report on file with the Department on July 1, 2004.

(4) In addition to rates paid for inpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay an additional payment to each Illinois children's hospital that as of January 1, 2005, was designated a Level I pediatric trauma center that had more than 30,000 Medicaid days in State fiscal year 2003 and to each Level I pediatric trauma center located outside of Illinois and that had more than 700 Illinois Medicaid cases in State fiscal year 2003. The amount of such payment shall equal \$325 multiplied by the hospital's Medicaid intensive care unit days, and this payment shall be multiplied by 2.25 for hospitals located outside of Illinois. This payment shall be calculated based on data from the hospital's 2002 cost report on file with the Department on July 1, 2004.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a children's hospital, as defined in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 149.50(c)(3)(B), is not eligible for the payments described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection.

(f) Psychiatric rate adjustment.

(1) In addition to rates paid for inpatient psychiatric services, the Department shall pay each Illinois psychiatric hospital and general acute care hospital with a distinct part psychiatric unit, for each Medicaid inpatient psychiatric day of care provided in State fiscal year 2003, an amount equal to \$420 less the hospital's per diem rate for Medicaid inpatient psychiatric services as in effect on July 1, 2002. In no event, however, shall that amount be less than zero.

(2) For Illinois psychiatric hospitals and distinct part psychiatric units of Illinois general acute care hospitals whose inpatient per diem rate as in effect on July 1, 2002 is greater than \$420, the Department shall pay, in addition to any other amounts authorized under this Code, \$40 for each Medicaid inpatient psychiatric day of care provided in State fiscal year 2003.

(3) In addition to rates paid for inpatient psychiatric services, for Illinois psychiatric hospitals located

in a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 people that did not qualify for Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 for the 12-month period beginning on October 1, 2004, the Illinois Department shall make an adjustment payment of \$150 for each Medicaid inpatient psychiatric day of care provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003. In addition to rates paid for inpatient psychiatric services, for Illinois psychiatric hospitals located in a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 people, but outside of a city with a population in excess of 1,000,000 people, that did not qualify for Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 for the 12-month period beginning on October 1, 2004, the Illinois Department shall make an adjustment payment of \$20 for each Medicaid inpatient psychiatric day of care provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003.

(g) Rehabilitation adjustment.

(1) In addition to rates paid for inpatient rehabilitation services, the Department shall pay each Illinois general acute care hospital with a distinct part rehabilitation unit that had at least 40 beds as reported on the hospital's 2003 Medicaid cost report on file with the Department as of March 31, 2005, for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during State fiscal year 2003, an amount equal to \$230.

(2) In addition to rates paid for inpatient rehabilitation services, for Illinois rehabilitation hospitals that did not qualify for Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 for the 12-month period beginning on October 1, 2004, the Illinois Department shall make an adjustment payment of \$200 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided during State fiscal year 2003.

(h) Supplemental tertiary care adjustment. In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay to each Illinois hospital eligible for tertiary care adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.296, as in effect for State fiscal year 2005, a supplemental tertiary care adjustment payment equal to 2.5 multiplied by the tertiary care adjustment payment required under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.296, as in effect for State fiscal year 2005.

(i) Crossover percentage adjustment. In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay each Illinois general acute care hospital, excluding any hospital defined as a cancer center hospital in rules by the Department, located in an urban area that provided over 500 days of inpatient care to Medicaid recipients, that had a ratio of crossover days to total Medicaid days, utilizing information used for the Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 84 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122, effective October 1, 2004, of greater than 40%, and that does not qualify for Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122, on October 1, 2004, an amount as follows:

(1) for hospitals located in an other urban area, \$140 per Medicaid inpatient day (including crossover days);

(2) for hospitals located in a large urban area whose ratio of crossover days to total Medicaid days is less than 55%, \$350 per Medicaid inpatient day (including crossover days);

(3) for hospitals located in a large urban area whose ratio of crossover days to total Medicaid days is equal to or greater than 55%, \$ 1,400 per Medicaid inpatient day (including crossover days).

The term "Medicaid days" in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection (i) means the Medicaid days utilized for the Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 for the October 1, 2004 determination.

(j) Long term acute care hospital adjustment. In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay each Illinois long term acute care hospital that, as of October 1, 2004, qualified for a Medicaid percentage adjustment under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122, \$125 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided in State fiscal year 2003. In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay each long term acute care hospital that, as of October 1, 2004, did not qualify for a Medicaid percentage adjustment under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122, \$1,250 for each Medicaid inpatient day of care provided in State fiscal year 2003. For purposes of this subsection, "long term acute care hospital" means a hospital that (i) is not a psychiatric hospital, rehabilitation hospital, or children's hospital and (ii) has an average length of inpatient stay greater than 25 days.

(k) Obstetrical care adjustments.

(1) In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital an amount equal to \$550 multiplied by each Medicaid obstetrical day of care provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003.

(2) In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital that qualified as a Medicaid disproportionate share hospital under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.120 as of October 1, 2004, and that had a Medicaid obstetrical percentage greater than 10% and a Medicaid emergency care percentage greater than 40%, an amount equal to \$650 multiplied by each Medicaid obstetrical day of care provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003.

(3) In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital that is located in the St. Louis metropolitan statistical area and that provided more than 500 Medicaid obstetrical days of care in State fiscal year 2003, an amount equal to \$1,800 multiplied by each Medicaid obstetrical day of care provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003.

(4) In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay \$600 for each Medicaid obstetrical day of care provided in State fiscal year 2003 by each Illinois hospital that (i) is located in a large urban area, (ii) is located in a county whose number of Medicaid recipients increased from State fiscal year 1998 to State fiscal year 2003 by more than 60%, and (iii) that had a Medicaid obstetrical percentage used for the October 1, 2004, Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 greater than 25%.

(5) In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay \$400 for each Medicaid obstetrical day of care provided in State fiscal year 2003 by each Illinois rural hospital that (i) was designated a Level II perinatal center as of January 1, 2005, (ii) had a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate greater than 34% in State fiscal year 2002, and (iii) had a Medicaid obstetrical percentage used for the October 1, 2004, Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 greater than 15%.

(l) Outpatient access payments. In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital (except for hospitals described in Section 5A-3), an amount equal to 2.38 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing payments for services provided during State fiscal year 2003 multiplied by the percentage by which the number of Medicaid recipients in the county in which the hospital is located increased from State fiscal year 1998 to State fiscal year 2003.

(m) Outpatient utilization payment.

(1) In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay each Illinois rural hospital, an amount equal to 1.7 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing payments for services provided during State fiscal year 2003.

(2) In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital located in an urban area, an amount equal to 0.45 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing payments received for services provided during State fiscal year 2003.

(n) Outpatient complexity of care adjustment. In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay each Illinois hospital located in an urban area an amount equal to 2.55 multiplied by the hospital's emergency care percentage multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing payments received for services provided during State fiscal year 2003. For children's hospitals with an inpatient utilization rate used for the October 1, 2004, Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 greater than 90%, this adjustment shall be multiplied by 2. For cancer center hospitals, this adjustment shall be multiplied by 3.

(o) Rehabilitation hospital adjustment. In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay each Illinois freestanding rehabilitation hospital that does not qualify for a Medicaid percentage adjustment under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 as of October 1, 2004, an amount equal to 3 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing payments for Group 6A services provided during State fiscal year 2003.

(p) Perinatal outpatient adjustment. In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay an adjustment payment to each large urban general acute care hospital that is designated as a perinatal center as of January 1, 2005, has a Medicaid obstetrical percentage of at least 10% used for the October 1, 2004, Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122, has a Medicaid intensive care unit percentage of at least 3%, and has a ratio of ambulatory procedure listing Level 3 services to total ambulatory procedure listing services of at least 50%. The amount of the adjustment payment under this subsection shall be \$550 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing Level 3A services provided in State fiscal year 2003. If the hospital, as of January 1, 2005, was designated a Level III or II+ perinatal center, the adjustment payments required by this subsection shall be multiplied by 4.

(q) Supplemental psychiatric adjustment payments. In addition to rates paid for inpatient services, the Department shall pay to each Illinois hospital that does not qualify for Medicaid percentage adjustments described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 but is eligible for psychiatric adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.105 for State fiscal year 2005, a supplemental psychiatric adjustment payment equal to 0.7 multiplied by the psychiatric adjustment payment required under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.105, as in effect for State fiscal year 2005.

(r) Outpatient community access adjustment. In addition to the rates paid for outpatient hospital services, the Department shall pay an adjustment payment to each general acute care hospital that is designated as a perinatal center as of January 1, 2005, that had a Medicaid obstetrical percentage used for the October 1, 2004, Medicaid percentage adjustment determination described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 of at least 12.5%, that had a ratio of crossover days to total Medicaid days utilizing information used for the Medicaid percentage adjustment described in 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 determination effective October 1, 2004, of greater than or equal to 25%, and that qualified for the Medicaid percentage adjustment payments under 89 Ill. Adm. Code 148.122 on October 1, 2004, an amount equal to \$100 multiplied by the hospital's outpatient ambulatory procedure listing services provided during State fiscal year 2003.

(s) Definitions. Unless the context requires otherwise or unless provided otherwise in this Section, the terms used in this Section for qualifying criteria and payment calculations shall have the same meanings as those terms have been given in the Illinois Department's administrative rules as in effect on May 1, 2005. Other terms shall be defined by the Illinois Department by rule.

As used in this Section, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Emergency care percentage" means a fraction, the numerator of which is the total Group 3 ambulatory procedure listing services provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003, and the denominator of which is the total ambulatory procedure listing services provided by the hospital in State fiscal year 2003.

"Large urban area" means an area located within a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget in OMB Bulletin 04-03, dated February 18, 2004, with a population in excess of 1,000,000.

"Medicaid intensive care unit days" means the number of hospital inpatient days during which Medicaid recipients received intensive care services from the hospital, as determined from the hospital's 2002 Medicaid cost report that was on file with the Department as of July 1, 2004.

"Other urban area" means an area located within a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget in OMB Bulletin 04-03, dated February 18, 2004, with a city with a population in excess of 50,000 or a total population in excess of 100,000.

(t) For purposes of this Section, a hospital that enrolled to provide Medicaid services during State fiscal year 2003 shall have its utilization and associated reimbursements annualized prior to the payment calculations being performed under this Section.

(u) For purposes of this Section, the terms "Medicaid days", "ambulatory procedure listing services", and "ambulatory procedure listing payments" do not include any days, charges, or services for which Medicare was liable for payment, except where explicitly stated otherwise in this Section.

(v) As provided in Section 5A-14, this Section is repealed on July 1, 2008.

(305 ILCS 5/5A-13)

Sec. 5A-13. Emergency rulemaking. The Department of Public Aid may adopt rules necessary to implement this amendatory Act of the ~~93rd~~ 94th General Assembly through the use of emergency rulemaking in accordance with Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. For purposes of that Act, the General Assembly finds that the adoption of rules to implement this amendatory Act of the ~~93rd~~ 94th General Assembly is deemed an emergency and necessary for the public interest, safety, and welfare.

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04.)

(305 ILCS 5/5A-14)

Sec. 5A-14. Repeal of assessments and disbursements.

(a) Section 5A-2 is repealed on July 1, ~~2005~~ 2008.

(b) Section 5A-12 is repealed on July 1, 2005.

(c) Section 5A-12.1 is repealed on July 1, 2008.

(Source: P.A. 93-659, eff. 2-3-04.)

Section 90-97. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 90-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 230. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 230 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 101 as follows:
(35 ILCS 5/101) (from Ch. 120, par. 1-101)

Sec. 101. Short Title. This Act shall be known and ~~and~~ may be cited as the "Illinois Income Tax Act."
(Source: P.A. 76-261.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 316. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.
The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Revenue, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 316 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Riverboat Gambling Act is amended by changing Section 13 as follows:
(230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)

Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.

(a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under this Act at the rate of 20%.

(a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

- 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;
- 20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000.

(a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

- 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;
- 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
- 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
- 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$200,000,000.

(a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

- 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;
- 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000;
- 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding

- \$75,000,000;
- 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$250,000,000;
- 70% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$250,000,000.

An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall be paid into the Common School Fund.

The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3) shall no longer be imposed beginning on the earlier of (i) July 1, ~~2007~~ 2005; (ii) the first date after ~~June 20, 2003~~ the effective date of this amendatory Act of the ~~93rd General Assembly~~ that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license; or (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection (a-3), the term "dormant license" means an owners license that is authorized by this Act under which no riverboat gambling operations are being conducted on ~~June 20, 2003~~ the effective date of this amendatory Act of the ~~93rd General Assembly~~.

(a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, ~~other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State~~, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

- 15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;
- 22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;
- 27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;
- 32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;
- 37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;
- 45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;
- 50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$200,000,000.

~~(a-8)~~ Riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the tax imposed under this Section.

(a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by the licensed owner to the Board not later than 3:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the wagers were made.

(b) Until January 1, 1998, 25% of the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government which is designated as the home dock of the riverboat. Beginning January 1, 1998, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated pursuant to those riverboat gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat upon which those riverboat gambling operations are conducted.

(c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Department of Revenue and the Department of State Police for the administration and enforcement of this Act, or to the Department of Human Services for the administration of programs to treat problem gambling.

(c-5) After the payments required under subsections (b) and (c) have been made, an amount equal to 15% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners ~~licensee~~ ~~license~~ conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed

manager on behalf of the State under Section ~~7.3~~ ~~7-2~~, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund into the Horse Racing Equity Fund.

(c-10) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year.

(c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b), (c), and (c-5) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section ~~7.3~~ ~~7-2~~, whichever comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.

(c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.

(c-25) After the payments required under subsections (b), (c), (c-5) and (c-15) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners ~~licensee~~ ~~license~~ that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners ~~licensee~~ ~~license~~ conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section ~~7.3~~ ~~7-2~~, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund to Chicago State University.

(d) From time to time, the Board shall transfer the remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.

(e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from entering into agreements with other units of local government in this State or in other states to share its portion of the tax revenue.

(f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

(Source: P.A. 92-595, eff. 6-28-02; 93-27, eff. 6-20-03; 93-28, eff. 6-20-03; revised 1-28-04.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 490. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 490 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 805-1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 805/805-1)

Sec. 805-1. Article short title. This Article 805 of ~~the~~ ~~the~~ Civil Administrative Code of Illinois may be cited as the Department of Natural Resources (Conservation) Law.

(Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)"

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 661. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 661 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by changing Section 1-5 as follows:

(30 ILCS 500/1-5)

Sec. 1-5. Public policy. It is the ~~the~~ purpose of this Code and is declared to be the policy of the State that the principles of competitive bidding and economical procurement practices shall be applicable to all purchases and contracts by or for any State agency.

(Source: P.A. 90-572, eff. date - See Sec. 99-5.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 676. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 676 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing Section 1-55 as follows:

(35 ILCS 200/1-55)

Sec. 1-55. 33 1/3%. One-third of the ~~the~~ fair cash value of property, as determined by the Department's sales ratio studies for the 3 most recent years preceding the assessment year, adjusted to take into account any changes in assessment levels implemented since the data for the studies were collected.

(Source: P.A. 86-1481; 87-877; 88-455.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 998. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 998 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 3960/1) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1151)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2006)

Sec. 1. This ~~This~~ Act shall be known and may be cited as the Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act.

(Source: P.A. 78-1156.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1442. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1442 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 605-1 as follows:

(20 ILCS 605/605-1)

Sec. 605-1. Article short title. This Article 605 of the ~~the~~ Civil Administrative Code of Illinois may be cited as the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law.

(Source: P.A. 93-25, eff. 6-20-03.)".

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

SENATE BILL 1815. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Executive, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 1815 by replacing everything after the enacting clause

with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section 2-3.106 as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.106) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.106)

Sec. 2-3.106. State Urban Education Partnership Grants. From State moneys appropriated specifically for purposes of this Section, ~~the~~ the State Board of Education shall award State Urban Education Partnership Grants to qualifying attendance centers within school districts that meet the criteria specified in subparagraph (A) or subparagraph (B) below:

(A) The number of students enrolled in the public schools of the district is 1,500 or more, and not less than 10% of those students are low income students as determined with reference to the annual Public Schools Fall Enrollment-Housing Report that the school district is required to file with the State Board of Education; or

(B) The school district receives not less than \$100,000 in a fiscal year from funds allocated and distributed under Chapter 1 of Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, and not less than 10% of the students enrolled in the public schools of the school district are "minority students", defined for purposes of this Section to mean a pupil who is Black (having origins in any of the black racial groups in Africa), Hispanic (of Spanish or Portuguese culture with origins in Mexico, South or Central America, or the Caribbean Islands, regardless of race), Asian American (having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands), or American Indian or Alaskan Native (having origins in any of the original peoples of North America).

State Urban Education Partnership Grants awarded under this Section shall be used for the planning, development, operation or expansion of programs, projects and activities that are designed to carry out programs that improve student achievement or the quality of education for students and that are comparable or similar in nature to targeted assistance programs for which discretionary federal grant funds are allocated under Chapter 2 of Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; provided, that in evaluating applications and awarding State Urban Education Partnership Grants under this Section, priority consideration and preference shall be given to grant applications that propose to carry out effective school programs that are developed and designed to increase the academic achievement levels of students in large and small urban communities through collaborative efforts or partnerships between the attendance center applying for the grant and at least one parent or community group, social service agency, public sector business entity or institution of higher education. Indicators of such effective school programs shall include but not be limited to components designed to improve student attendance at school and in class, increase student homework output and quality, increase student time on the task of acquiring basic and higher order skills, improve teacher-given classroom grades, improve State and national standardized test scores and assessment results, improve community involvement in the development and implementation of effective school programs, and improve parent involvement to foster a positive home environment, meaningful parent-child communication in matters of educational performance and progress, and increased parent participation in home learning activities, school volunteer activities and school governance.

The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and regulations governing the procedure and requirements applicable to grant applications submitted under this Section. The period during which grants may be awarded to an attendance center under this Section shall not exceed 3 consecutive school years; provided that before approving continuation of a grant for a new school year, the State Board of Education shall review and evaluate a report which the attendance center shall file with respect to its use of grant funds in carrying out grant programs during the preceding school year.

Grants shall be awarded to attendance centers under this Section on a competitive basis, and the State Board of Education shall establish standards, consistent with the provisions of this Section, by which to evaluate grant applications and programs submitted and proposed hereunder.

It is the purpose and intent of this Section to establish a State grant program that parallels and supplements, but that operates independently of federal grant programs that allocate funds for targeted assistance under Chapter 2 of Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965.

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)"

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a second time and held on the order of Second Reading: SENATE BILLS 1843 and 1879.

SENATE BILL 251. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Agriculture & Conservation, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend Senate Bill 251 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Recreational Use of Land and Water Areas Act is amended by changing Sections 1 and 2 as follows:

(745 ILCS 65/1) (from Ch. 70, par. 31)

Sec. 1. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Recreational Use of Land and Water Areas Act".

The purpose of this Act is to encourage owners of land to make land and water areas available to any individual or members of the public for recreational or conservation purposes by limiting their liability toward persons entering thereon for such purposes.

(Source: P.A. 85-959.)

(745 ILCS 65/2) (from Ch. 70, par. 32)

Sec. 2. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Land" includes roads, water, watercourses, private ways and buildings, structures, and machinery or equipment when attached to the realty, but does not include residential buildings or residential property.

(b) "Owner" includes the possessor of any interest in land, whether it be a tenant, lessee, occupant, the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, or person in control of the premises.

(c) "Recreational or conservation purpose" means entry onto the land of another to conduct hunting or recreational shooting or a combination thereof or any activity solely related to the aforesaid hunting or recreational shooting ~~any activity undertaken for conservation, resource management, exercise, education, relaxation, or pleasure on land owned by another.~~

(d) "Charge" means an admission fee for permission to go upon the land, but does not include: the sharing of game, fish or other products of recreational use; or benefits to or arising from the recreational use; or contributions in kind, services or cash made for the purpose of properly conserving the land.

(e) "Person" includes any person, regardless of age, maturity, or experience, who enters upon or uses land for recreational purposes.

(Source: P.A. 85-959.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law."

There being no further amendment(s), the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a second time and held on the order of Second Reading: SENATE BILLS 926, 945, 1267, 1333 and 1964.

CONCURRENCES AND NON-CONCURRENCES IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1445, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Burke moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

115, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 37)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1445.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1480, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Phelps moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

110, Yeas; 6, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 38)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1480.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1511, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Tenhouse moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 39)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1511.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1387, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative McCarthy moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

115, Yeas; 0, Nays; 1, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 40)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1387.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1487, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative McCarthy moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 41)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1487.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1517, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Brady moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

115, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 42)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1517.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1565, having been reproduced, was taken up for consideration.

Representative Soto moved that the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1.

And on that motion, a vote was taken resulting as follows:

116, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 43)

The motion prevailed and the House concurred with the Senate in the adoption of Senate Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 1565.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate.

At the hour of 6:57 o'clock p.m., Representative Currie moved that the House do now adjourn until Saturday, May 28, 2005, at 11:00 o'clock a.m., allowing perfunctory time for the Clerk.

The motion prevailed.

And the House stood adjourned.

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
QUORUM ROLL CALL FOR ATTENDANCE

May 27, 2005

0 YEAS

0 NAYS

116 PRESENT

P Acevedo	P Delgado	P Lang	P Poe
P Bailey	P Dugan	P Leitch	P Pritchard
P Bassi	P Dunkin	P Lindner	P Reis
P Beaubien	P Dunn	P Lyons, Eileen	P Reitz
P Beiser	P Eddy	P Lyons, Joseph	P Rita
P Bellock	P Feigenholtz	P Mathias	P Rose
P Berrios	P Flider	P Mautino	P Ryg
P Biggins	P Flowers	P May	P Sacia
P Black	P Franks	P McAuliffe	P Saviano
P Boland	P Fritchey	P McCarthy	P Schmitz
P Bost	P Froehlich	P McGuire	P Schock
P Bradley, John	P Giles	E McKeon	P Scully
P Bradley, Richard	P Gordon	P Mendoza	P Smith
P Brady	P Graham	P Meyer	P Sommer
P Brauer	P Granberg	P Miller	P Soto
P Brosnahan	P Hamos	P Millner	P Stephens
P Burke	P Hannig	P Mitchell, Bill	P Sullivan
P Chapa LaVia	P Hassert	P Mitchell, Jerry	P Tenhouse
P Chavez	P Hoffman	P Moffitt	P Tryon
P Churchill	P Holbrook	P Molaro	P Turner
E Collins	P Howard	P Mulligan	P Verschoore
P Colvin	P Hultgren	P Munson	P Wait
P Coulson	P Jakobsson	P Myers	P Washington
P Cross	P Jefferson	P Nekritz	P Watson
P Cultra	P Jenisch	P Osmond	P Winters
P Currie	P Jones	P Osterman	P Yarbrough
P D'Amico	P Joyce	P Parke	P Younge
P Daniels	P Kelly	P Patterson	P Mr. Speaker
P Davis, Monique	P Kosel	P Phelps	
P Davis, William	P Krause	P Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 502
 LOC GOV-MWRD ENLARGED
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

73 YEAS

43 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	N Poe
Y Bailey	N Dugan	Y Leitch	N Pritchard
N Bassi	N Dunkin	N Lindner	N Reis
N Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	N May	N Sacia
Y Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
N Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
N Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	N Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
N Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	N Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	N Tryon
Y Churchill	N Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	N Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	N Jakobsson	N Myers	N Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	Y Nekritz	N Watson
Y Cultra	N Jenisch	N Osmond	N Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
N D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Kosel	N Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
SENATE BILL 22
MWRD-DISTRICT ENLARGE
THIRD READING
PASSED

May 27, 2005

86 YEAS

30 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	N Dugan	Y Leitch	N Pritchard
N Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	N May	N Sacia
Y Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	N Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	N Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	N Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	N Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	N Jakobsson	N Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	Y Nekritz	N Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Kosel	N Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 1623
 CONSULAR ID DOCUMENT ACT
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

95 YEAS

10 NAYS

11 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	P Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	N Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	N Sacia
P Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
P Bost	P Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
P Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	P Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	P Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	N Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	N Watson
P Cultra	N Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	P Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	P Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	P Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
SENATE BILL 1233
MOTOR FUEL TAX-CLAIMS
THIRD READING
PASSED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 1776
 MILITARY CD-HONORARY COLONELS
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

98 YEAS

18 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	N Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	N Dunn	N Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
N Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	N Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	N Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	N Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	N Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	N Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
N Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	N Watson
N Cultra	N Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
N Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 1832
 CD CORR-MODEL "HONORS" PROGRAM
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

76 YEAS

39 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	N Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	N Leitch	N Pritchard
N Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
N Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	N Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
N Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
N Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	A Schmitz
N Bost	N Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
N Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	N Sommer
N Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	N Mitchell, Jerry	N Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	N Tryon
Y Churchill	N Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	N Myers	N Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
N Cultra	N Jenisch	N Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Kosel	N Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 1853
 SCH CD-FINANCIAL DIFFICULTY
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
SENATE BILL 1912
PUB UTIL-ELEC-EARNINGS CALC
THIRD READING
PASSED

May 27, 2005

115 YEAS

0 NAYS

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	P Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 1962
 FIREARM OWNERS ID-TASERS
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

115 YEAS

0 NAYS

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	P Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
SENATE BILL 2038
CONVEYANCE-KANE CO-RESTRICTION
THIRD READING
PASSED

May 27, 2005

113 YEAS

3 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	N Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
N Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 1446
 PENSION CODE-QILDROS
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

115 YEAS

1 NAY

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
N Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
SENATE BILL 506
IDPH-HOSPITAL-SHAKEN BABY SYND
THIRD READING
PASSED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 2531
 HEALTH WRKR-LONG TERM CARE EMP
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENTS NO. 3,4,5&6
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 350
 CD CORR-SEX OFFEND-RESIDE
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 SENATE BILL 431
 SAFETY-TECH
 THIRD READING
 PASSED

May 27, 2005

77 YEAS

16 NAYS

23 PRESENT

P Acevedo	P Delgado	P Lang	P Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	N Leitch	N Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	N Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
P Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
P Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	N Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	P Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
P Bost	P Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
P Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	N Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	P Meyer	N Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	P Miller	P Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	P Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	N Tenhouse
P Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	N Tryon
N Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	P Turner
E Collins	P Howard	N Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	P Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
P Cultra	Y Jenisch	N Osmond	N Winters
Y Currie	P Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	N Parke	P Younge
N Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	P Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	P Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 596
CRIM CD-FALSE PER FIRE FIGHTER
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENTS NO. 1&2
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 595
 HEPATITIS C MATERIAL-AVAILABLE
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 3
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 612
DPH-CHILDHOOD HLTH PREV PROG
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 615
RACIAL & ETHNIC HLTH DISPARITY
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 669
 WILDLIFE PRESERVATION FUND
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENTS NO. 1&3
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 760
 PUB AID-FUNERAL EXPENSES
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 678
 SCH CD-BILINGUAL STU-ST TESTS
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

114 YEAS

1 NAY

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
P Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 763
 CONTROLLED SUB-ANALOG
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 783
CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENT ACT
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 788
 EPILEPSY DISEASE ASSIST ACT
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 864
CRIM CD-AGG BATTERY-PEACE OFF
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

90 YEAS

26 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	N Dugan	Y Leitch	N Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	N May	Y Sacia
Y Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	N Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	N Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	N Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	N Munson	Y Wait
N Coulson	N Jakobsson	Y Myers	N Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	N Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
N D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Kosel	N Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 866
 BARBER-COSMETOLOGY-REGULATION
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

77 YEAS

39 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	N Poe
Y Bailey	N Dugan	Y Leitch	N Pritchard
N Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	N May	Y Sacia
N Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	N Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	N Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
N Brauer	Y Granberg	N Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	N Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	N Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	N Munson	Y Wait
N Coulson	N Jakobsson	N Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
N Cultra	N Jenisch	N Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
N D'Amico	N Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
N Davis, Monique	N Kosel	N Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 875
 DENTAL PRACTICE-SUNSET-LICENSE
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 5
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

82 YEAS

33 NAYS

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	N Dugan	N Leitch	N Pritchard
N Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	N May	Y Sacia
Y Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	N Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	N Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	N Mitchell, Jerry	N Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	N Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	N Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	N Jakobsson	N Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	N Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	N Jenisch	N Osmond	N Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
N D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	P Kosel	N Phelps	
Y Davis, William	N Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 909
 COUNTY ECON DEV-GRUNDY
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1058
 CONS FRAUD ACT-SEC FREEZE
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 2
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1071
 PROC CD-SPAM FREE E-MAIL
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1074
 FISH- WLIDLIFE- RESIDENCY
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 4
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

64 YEAS

52 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	N Dugan	N Leitch	N Pritchard
N Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	N Reis
Y Beaubien	N Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
N Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	N Feigenholtz	N Mathias	N Rose
Y Berrios	N Flider	Y Mautino	N Ryg
N Biggins	Y Flowers	N May	N Sacia
N Black	N Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	N Fritchey	Y McCarthy	N Schmitz
Y Bost	N Froehlich	Y McGuire	N Schock
N Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	N Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
N Brady	Y Graham	N Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	N Miller	Y Soto
N Brosnahan	N Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	N Mitchell, Bill	N Sullivan
N Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
N Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	N Tryon
N Churchill	N Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	N Hultgren	N Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	N Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	N Jefferson	N Nekritz	N Watson
N Cultra	N Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	N Yarbrough
N D'Amico	N Joyce	N Parke	Y Younge
N Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	N Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1100
 PAYDAY LOAN REFORM ACT
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENTS NO. 1&3
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1149
 COMPUTER EQUIP DISPOSAL COMM
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 2137
 EMPLOYMENT-TECH
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1, 3 and 5
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

113 YEAS

2 NAYS

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	N Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	N Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
P Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 1445
CLINICAL LAB SCIENCE PRACT
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

115 YEAS

0 NAYS

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
P Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1480
 LABOR DISPUTE-PICKETING
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

110 YEAS

6 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	N Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	N Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
N Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
N Cultra	N Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	N Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 1511
DISABLED ADULT-GUARDIAN ABUSE
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 1387
VEH CD-MOTOR CARRIER RULES
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

115 YEAS

0 NAYS

1 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
P Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1487
 COMM COLLEGE BD-FACULTY MEMBER
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
 NINETY-FOURTH
 GENERAL ASSEMBLY
 HOUSE ROLL CALL
 HOUSE BILL 1517
 DISPOSITION OF REMAINS ACT
 MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
 CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

115 YEAS

1 NAY

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
N Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

STATE OF ILLINOIS
NINETY-FOURTH
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE ROLL CALL
HOUSE BILL 1565
VEH CD-RECORDS & EQUIPMENT
MOTION TO CONCUR IN SENATE AMENDMENT NO. 1
CONCURRED

May 27, 2005

116 YEAS

0 NAYS

0 PRESENT

Y Acevedo	Y Delgado	Y Lang	Y Poe
Y Bailey	Y Dugan	Y Leitch	Y Pritchard
Y Bassi	Y Dunkin	Y Lindner	Y Reis
Y Beaubien	Y Dunn	Y Lyons, Eileen	Y Reitz
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons, Joseph	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	Y Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Franks	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fritchey	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Froehlich	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Giles	E McKeon	Y Scully
Y Bradley, Richard	Y Gordon	Y Mendoza	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Graham	Y Meyer	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	Y Granberg	Y Miller	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Hamos	Y Millner	Y Stephens
Y Burke	Y Hannig	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hassert	Y Mitchell, Jerry	Y Tenhouse
Y Chavez	Y Hoffman	Y Moffitt	Y Tryon
Y Churchill	Y Holbrook	Y Molaro	Y Turner
E Collins	Y Howard	Y Mulligan	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hultgren	Y Munson	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Jakobsson	Y Myers	Y Washington
Y Cross	Y Jefferson	Y Nekritz	Y Watson
Y Cultra	Y Jenisch	Y Osmond	Y Winters
Y Currie	Y Jones	Y Osterman	Y Yarbrough
Y D'Amico	Y Joyce	Y Parke	Y Younge
Y Daniels	Y Kelly	Y Patterson	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Kosel	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, William	Y Krause	Y Pihos	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

59TH LEGISLATIVE DAY**Perfunctory Session****TUESDAY, MAY 27, 2008**

At the hour of 7:00 o'clock p.m., the House convened perfunctory session.

TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Granberg replaced Representative Turner in the Committee on Rules on May 27, 2005.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 27, 2005 (B), reported the same back with the following recommendations:

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the bill be reported "approved for consideration" and be placed on the order of Second Reading--Short Debate: HOUSE BILL 1920.

LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Environment & Energy: Motion to concur with SENATE AMENDMENT No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 523.

Executive: SENATE BILL 945.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

3, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson

N Black(R), Republican Spokesperson

Y Hannig(D)

N Hassert(R)

Y Granberg(D)(replacing Turner)

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF BILLS

The following bills were introduced, read by title a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules:

HOUSE BILL 4083. Introduced by Representative Holbrook, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 4084. Introduced by Representatives Coulson - Eddy - Kosel - Mulligan - Krause, Pihos and Bassi, AN ACT concerning education.

SENATE BILLS ON FIRST READING

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a first time and placed in the Committee on Rules: SENATE BILLS 1180 (Lyons, J), 1211 (McAuliffe) and 1212 (Schmitz).

[May 27, 2005]

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SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following Senate Joint Resolution, received from the Senate, were read by the Clerk and referred to the Committee on Rules: SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS 20 (Yarbrough), 31(Washington) and 38 (Millner).

At the hour of 7:02 o'clock p.m., the House Perfunctory Session adjourned.