

Sen. Kimberly A. Lightford

Filed: 5/8/2024

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10300SB1400sam003

LRB103 25975 RJT 72671 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1400 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 1400 by replacing 2 everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing 4 Sections 10-20.14 and 10-22.6 as follows: 5 6 (105 ILCS 5/10-20.14) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-20.14) 7 Sec. 10-20.14. Student discipline policies; parent-teacher 8 advisory committee. (a) To establish and maintain a parent-teacher advisory 9 committee to develop with the school board or governing body 10 of a charter school policy guidelines on student pupil 11 discipline, including school searches and bullying prevention 12

set forth in Section 27-23.7 of this Code.

authorities shall furnish a copy of the policy to the parents

or guardian of each student pupil within 15 days after the

beginning of the school year, or within 15 days after starting

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classes for a <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> who transfers into the district during the school year, and the school board or governing body of a charter school shall require that a school inform its <u>students</u> <u>pupils</u> of the contents of the policy. School boards and the governing bodies of charter schools, along with the parent-teacher advisory committee, must annually review their <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> discipline policies <u>and</u>, the implementation of those policies, and any other factors related to the safety of their schools, <u>students</u> <u>pupils</u>, and <u>school personnel</u> <u>staff</u>.

- (a-5) On or before September 15, 2016, each elementary and secondary school and charter school shall, at a minimum, adopt student pupil discipline policies that fulfill the requirements set forth in this Section, subsections (a) and (b) of Section 10-22.6 of this Code, Section 34-19 of this Code if applicable, and federal and State laws that provide special requirements for the discipline of students with disabilities.
- (b) The parent-teacher advisory committee in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies shall develop, with the school board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain a reciprocal reporting system between the school district and local law enforcement agencies regarding criminal offenses committed by students. School districts are encouraged to create memoranda of understanding with local law enforcement agencies that clearly define law enforcement's role in schools, in accordance with Section 10-22.6 of this Code. In consultation with stakeholders deemed appropriate by

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- 1 the State Board of Education, the State Board of Education shall draft and publish guidance for the development of 2 reciprocal reporting systems in accordance with this Section 3 4 on or before July 1, 2025.
 - (c) The parent-teacher advisory committee, in cooperation with school bus personnel, shall develop, with the school board, policy guideline procedures to establish and maintain school bus safety procedures. These procedures shall be incorporated into the district's student pupil discipline policy. In consultation with stakeholders deemed appropriate by the State Board of Education, the State Board of Education shall draft and publish guidance for school bus safety procedures in accordance with this Section on or before July 1, 2025.
 - (d) As used in this subsection (d), "evidence-based intervention" means intervention that has demonstrated a statistically significant effect on improving student outcomes as documented in peer-reviewed scholarly journals.

The school board, in consultation with the parent-teacher advisory committee and other community-based organizations, must include provisions in the student discipline policy to address students who have demonstrated behaviors that put them at risk for aggressive behavior, including without limitation bullying, as defined in the policy. These provisions must include procedures for notifying parents or legal guardians and early intervention procedures based upon available

- 1 community-based and district resources.
- In consultation with behavioral health experts, the State
- 3 Board of Education shall draft and publish guidance for
- 4 evidence-based intervention procedures, including examples, in
- 5 accordance with this Section on or before July 1, 2025.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 99-456, eff. 9-15-16.)
- 7 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6)
- 8 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-466)
- 9 Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of <u>students</u> pupils;
- 10 school searches.
- 11 (a) To expel <u>students</u> pupils guilty of gross disobedience
- or misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct
- perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20)
- of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such
- 15 expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents
- have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or
- 17 with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss their
- 18 child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or
- 19 certified mail and shall state the time, place and purpose of
- the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer appointed by it,
- 21 at such meeting shall state the reasons for dismissal and the
- 22 date on which the expulsion is to become effective. If a
- 23 hearing officer is appointed by the board, the hearing officer
- 24 he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence
- 25 heard at the meeting and the board may take such action thereon

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as it finds appropriate. If the board acts to expel a <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u>, the written expulsion decision shall detail the specific reasons why removing the <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> from the learning environment is in the best interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the expulsion. An expelled <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A <u>student</u> <u>pupil</u> must not be denied transfer because of the expulsion, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program.

or by policy to Τо suspend authorize the (b) superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct on the school bus from riding the school bus, pursuant to subsections (b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such suspension. The board may by policy authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend students pupils quilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. If a student pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or misconduct on a school bus, the board may suspend the student

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pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons.

Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the parents or quardian of a student pupil along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to a review. The school board must be given a summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length. Upon request of the parents or guardian, the school board or a hearing officer appointed by review such action of the superintendent shall principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such review, the parents or quardian of the student pupil may appear and discuss the suspension with the board or its hearing officer. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds appropriate. If a student is suspended pursuant to this subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension decision, detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend. The suspension decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the suspension. A pupil who is suspended in excess of 20 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer because of the suspension,

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1 except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a
2 threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative
3 program.

(b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions and consequences available to school officials, school exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions and expulsions, are the most serious. School officials shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and it is recommended that they use them only for legitimate educational purposes. To ensure that students are not excluded from school unnecessarily, it is recommended that school officials consider forms of non-exclusionary discipline prior to using out-of-school suspensions or expulsions.

(b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies by which school administrators are required to suspend or expel students for particular behaviors.

(b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be used only if the student's continuing presence in school would pose a threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities. For purposes of this subsection (b-15), "threat to school safety or a disruption to other students' learning opportunities" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the school board or its designee. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve

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such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the length of suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.

(b-20)Unless otherwise required by this Code, out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions, and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used only if other appropriate and available behavioral disciplinary interventions have been exhausted and student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community or (ii) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), "threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community" and "substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with operation of the school" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by school officials. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), the determination of whether "appropriate available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted" shall be made by school officials. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the length of student exclusions to the greatest extent practicable. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section or the expulsion decision described in subsection (a) of this Section, it shall be documented whether other interventions were attempted or whether it was determined that

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1 there were no other appropriate and available interventions.

(b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer than 3 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available support services during the period of their For purposes of this subsection suspension. (b-25), "appropriate and available support services" shall determined by school authorities. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are to be provided or whether it was determined that there are no such appropriate and available services.

A school district may refer students who are expelled to appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting. In consultation with stakeholders deemed appropriate by the State Board of Education, the State Board of Education shall draft and publish guidance for the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting in accordance with this Section and Section 13A-4 on or before July 1, 2025.

(b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which suspended <u>students</u> <u>pupils</u>, including those <u>students</u> <u>pupils</u> suspended from the school bus who do not have alternate transportation to school, shall have the opportunity to make

- 1 up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a student's pupil's parent or guardian to 2
- notify school officials that a student pupil suspended from 3
- 4 the school bus does not have alternate transportation to
- 5 school.
- (c) A school board must invite a representative from a 6
- local mental health agency to consult with the board at the 7
- meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be 8
- 9 the cause of a student's expulsion or suspension.
- 10 (c-5) School districts shall make reasonable efforts to
- 11 provide ongoing professional development to all school
- personnel teachers, administrators, school board members, and 12
- school resource officers, and staff on the requirements of 13
- this Section and Section 10-20.14, the adverse consequences of 14
- 15 school exclusion and justice-system involvement, effective
- 16 management strategies, culturally responsive classroom
- trauma-responsive learning environments, as 17 discipline,
- defined in subsection (b) of Section 3-11, the appropriate and 18
- available supportive services for the promotion of student 19
- 20 attendance and engagement, and developmentally appropriate
- disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school 2.1
- 22 climates.
- 23 (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of
- 24 time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a
- 25 case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have
- 26 brought one of the following objects to school, any

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school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of not less than one year:

- (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.
- (2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner consistent with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with Article 13A of the School Code.

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(d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or was available to third parties who worked or studied within the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to the safety and security of the threatened individual because of the individual's his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school.

(e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as personal effects left in those places and areas by students, without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects

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- left in these places and areas. School authorities may request the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities.
 - (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or expulsion from school and all school activities and a prohibition from being present on school grounds.
 - (g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the school district if there is no threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program.
 - (h) School officials shall not advise or encourage

- students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic difficulties.
- (i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen, or damaged property.
- 7 (j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall 8 apply to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, 9 special charter districts, and school districts organized 10 under Article 34 of this Code.
- 11 (k) The expulsion of <u>students</u> children enrolled in 12 programs funded under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to 13 the requirements under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of 14 Section 2-3.71 of this Code.
- 15 (1) An Beginning with the 2018 2019 school year, an 16 in-school suspension program provided by a school district for any students in kindergarten through grade 12 may focus on 17 promoting non-violent conflict resolution and 18 interaction with other students and school personnel. A school 19 20 district may employ a school social worker or a licensed 2.1 mental health professional to oversee an in-school suspension 22 program in kindergarten through grade 12.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-539, eff. 8-20-21;
- 24 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

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Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of <u>students</u> pupils;

school searches.

(a) To expel students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct perpetuated by electronic means, pursuant to subsection (b-20) of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such expulsion. Expulsion shall take place only after the parents or quardians have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or with a hearing officer appointed by it, to discuss their child's behavior. Such request shall be made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a hearing officer appointed by it, at such meeting shall state the reasons for dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to become effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, the hearing officer he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting and the board may take such action thereon as it finds appropriate. If the board acts to expel a student pupil, the written expulsion decision shall detail the specific reasons why removing the student pupil from the learning environment is in the best interest of the school. The expulsion decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the expulsion. An expelled student pupil may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A student pupil must not be denied transfer because of

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1 the expulsion, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in 2 3 the alternative program.

Τо suspend or by policy to authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend students pupils guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend students pupils quilty of gross disobedience or misconduct on the school bus from riding the school bus, pursuant to subsections (b-15) and (b-20) of this Section, and no action shall lie against them for such suspension. The board may by policy authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend students pupils quilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. If a student pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or misconduct on a school bus, the board may suspend the student pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons.

Any suspension shall be reported immediately to the parents or guardians of a student pupil along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to a review. The school board must be given a summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length. Upon request of the parents or guardians, the school board or a hearing officer appointed by shall review such action of the superintendent or

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principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such review, the parents or quardians of the student pupil may appear and discuss the suspension with the board or hearing officer. If a hearing officer is appointed by the board, he shall report to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the meeting. After its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the board may take such action as it finds appropriate. If a student is suspended pursuant to this subsection (b), the board shall, in the written suspension decision, detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend. The suspension decision shall also include a rationale as to the specific duration of the suspension. A pupil who is suspended in excess of 20 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer because of the suspension, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program.

(b-5) Among the many possible disciplinary interventions and consequences available to school officials, exclusions, such as out-of-school suspensions and expulsions, are the most serious. School officials shall limit the number and duration of expulsions and suspensions to the greatest extent practicable, and it is recommended that they use them

- only for legitimate educational purposes. To ensure that
- 2 students are not excluded from school unnecessarily, it is
- 3 recommended that school officials consider forms of
- 4 non-exclusionary discipline prior to using out-of-school
- 5 suspensions or expulsions.
- 6 (b-10) Unless otherwise required by federal law or this
- 7 Code, school boards may not institute zero-tolerance policies
- 8 by which school administrators are required to suspend or
- 9 expel students for particular behaviors.
- 10 (b-15) Out-of-school suspensions of 3 days or less may be
- 11 used only if the student's continuing presence in school would
- 12 pose a threat to school safety or a disruption to other
- 13 students' learning opportunities. For purposes of this
- 14 subsection (b-15), "threat to school safety or a disruption to
- other students' learning opportunities" shall be determined on
- 16 a case-by-case basis by the school board or its designee.
- 17 School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve
- 18 such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the
- 19 length of suspensions to the greatest extent practicable.
- 20 (b-20) Unless otherwise required by this Code,
- 21 out-of-school suspensions of longer than 3 days, expulsions,
- 22 and disciplinary removals to alternative schools may be used
- 23 only if other appropriate and available behavioral and
- 24 disciplinary interventions have been exhausted and the
- 25 student's continuing presence in school would either (i) pose
- a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of

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the school community or (ii) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), "threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community" "substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with operation of the school" shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by school officials. For purposes of this subsection (b-20), the determination of whether "appropriate available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted" shall be made by school officials. School officials shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve such threats, address such disruptions, and minimize the length of student exclusions to the greatest extent practicable. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section or the expulsion decision described in subsection (a) of this Section, it shall be documented whether other interventions were attempted or whether it was determined that there were no other appropriate and available interventions.

(b-25) Students who are suspended out-of-school for longer than 3 4 school days shall be provided appropriate and available support services during the period of their suspension. For purposes of this subsection "appropriate and available support services" shall determined by school authorities. Within the suspension decision described in subsection (b) of this Section, it shall be documented whether such services are to be provided or

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1 whether it was determined that there are no such appropriate and available services. 2

A school district may refer students who are expelled to appropriate and available support services.

A school district shall create a policy to facilitate the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting. In consultation with stakeholders deemed appropriate by the State Board of Education, the State Board of Education shall draft and publish guidance for the re-engagement of students who are suspended out-of-school, expelled, or returning from an alternative school setting in accordance with this Section and Section 13A-4 on or before July 1, 2025.

(b-30) A school district shall create a policy by which suspended students pupils, including those students pupils suspended from the school bus who do not have alternate transportation to school, shall have the opportunity to make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of a student's pupil's parents or quardians to notify school officials that a student pupil suspended from the school bus does not have alternate transportation to school.

(b-35) In all suspension review hearings conducted under or expulsion hearings conducted subsection (b) subsection (a), a student may disclose any factor to be considered in mitigation, including his or her status as a

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parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence, as defined in Article 26A. A representative of the parent's or guardian's choice, or of the student's choice if emancipated, must be permitted to represent the student throughout the proceedings and to address the school board or its appointed hearing officer. With the approval of the student's parent or guardian, or of t.he student emancipated, a support person must be permitted to accompany the student to any disciplinary hearings or proceedings. The representative or support person must comply with any rules of the school district's hearing process. If the representative or support person violates the rules or engages in behavior or advocacy that harasses, abuses, or intimidates either party, a witness, or anyone else in attendance at the hearing, the representative or support person may be prohibited from further participation in the hearing or proceeding. A suspension or expulsion proceeding under this subsection (b-35) must be conducted independently from any ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding, and an absence of pending or possible criminal charges, criminal investigations, or proceedings may not be a factor in school disciplinary decisions.

(b-40) During a suspension review hearing conducted under subsection (b) or an expulsion hearing conducted under subsection (a) that involves allegations of sexual violence by the student who is subject to discipline, neither the student

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- nor his or her representative shall directly question nor have direct contact with the alleged victim. The student who is subject to discipline or his or her representative may, at the discretion and direction of the school board or its appointed hearing officer, suggest questions to be posed by the school board or its appointed hearing officer to the alleged victim.
 - (c) A school board must invite a representative from a local mental health agency to consult with the board at the meeting whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause of a student's expulsion or suspension.
 - (c-5) School districts shall make reasonable efforts to provide ongoing professional development to all school personnel teachers, administrators, school board members, and school resource officers, and staff on the requirements of this Section and Section 10-20.14, the adverse consequences of school exclusion and justice-system involvement, effective classroom management strategies, culturally responsive trauma-responsive learning environments, as discipline, defined in subsection (b) of Section 3-11, the appropriate and available supportive services for the promotion of student attendance and engagement, and developmentally appropriate disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school climates.
 - (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis. A student who is determined to have

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- brought one of the following objects to school, any school-sponsored activity or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of not less than one year:
 - (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.
 - (2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner consistent with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with

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Article 13A of the School Code.

- (d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or was available to third parties who worked or studied within the school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) the threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to the safety and security of the threatened individual because of the individual's his or her duties or employment status or status as a student inside the school.
- (e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as personal effects left in those places and areas by students, without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of

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privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects left in these places and areas. School authorities may request the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities.

- (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or expulsion from school and all school activities and a prohibition from being present on school grounds.
- (g) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any public or private school in this or any other state, the student must complete the entire term of the suspension or expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A of this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the school district if there is no threat to the safety of students or staff in the alternative program. A school district that

- 1 adopts a policy under this subsection (q) must include a
- provision allowing for consideration of 2 any mitigating
- factors, including, but not limited to, a student's status as 3
- 4 a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual
- 5 violence, as defined in Article 26A.
- School officials shall not advise or encourage 6
- students to drop out voluntarily due to behavioral or academic 7
- 8 difficulties.
- 9 (i) A student may not be issued a monetary fine or fee as a
- 10 disciplinary consequence, though this shall not preclude
- 11 requiring a student to provide restitution for lost, stolen,
- 12 or damaged property.
- 13 (j) Subsections (a) through (i) of this Section shall
- 14 apply to elementary and secondary schools, charter schools,
- 15 special charter districts, and school districts organized
- 16 under Article 34 of this Code.
- 17 The expulsion of <u>students</u> children enrolled in
- programs funded under Section 1C-2 of this Code is subject to 18
- the requirements under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of 19
- 20 Section 2-3.71 of this Code.
- 2.1 (1) An Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, an
- 22 in-school suspension program provided by a school district for
- 23 any students in kindergarten through grade 12 may focus on
- 24 promoting non-violent conflict resolution and positive
- 25 interaction with other students and school personnel. A school
- district may employ a school social worker or a licensed 26

- 1 mental health professional to oversee an in-school suspension
- 2 program in kindergarten through grade 12.
- (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-466, eff. 7-1-25; 3
- 4 102-539, eff. 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 5
- changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 6
- that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 7
- 8 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
- 9 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
- made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other 10
- Public Act. 11
- 12 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 13 becoming law.".