

Rep. Dave Vella

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10300SB0125ham002

LRB103 05307 LNS 74011 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 125

- 2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 125 by replacing
- 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:
- 4 "Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 27-24.2 and 27-24.2a as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/27-24.2) (from Ch. 122, par. 27-24.2)
- 7 Sec. 27-24.2. Safety education; driver education course.
- 8 Instruction shall be given in safety education in each of
- 9 grades one through 8, equivalent to one class period each
- 10 week, and any school district which maintains grades 9 through
- 11 12 shall offer a driver education course in any such school
- 12 which it operates. Its curriculum shall include content
- dealing with Chapters 11, 12, 13, 15, and 16 of the Illinois
- 14 Vehicle Code, the rules adopted pursuant to those Chapters
- insofar as they pertain to the operation of motor vehicles,
- and the portions of the Litter Control Act relating to the

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operation of motor vehicles. The course of instruction given in grades 10 through 12 shall include an emphasis on the development of knowledge, attitudes, habits, and skills necessary for the safe operation of motor vehicles, including motorcycles insofar as they can be taught in the classroom, and instruction on distracted driving as a major traffic course safetv issue. Ιn addition, the shall instruction on special hazards existing at and required safety and driving precautions that must be observed at emergency situations, highway construction and maintenance zones, and railroad crossings and the approaches thereto. Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, the course shall also include instruction concerning law enforcement procedures for traffic stops, including a demonstration of the proper actions to be taken during a traffic stop and appropriate interactions with law enforcement. Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, the course shall also include information pertaining to the best practices for safely sharing the roadway with bicyclists and pedestrians. The course of instruction required of each eligible student at the high school level shall consist of a minimum of 30 clock hours of classroom instruction and a minimum of 6 clock hours of individual behind-the-wheel instruction in a dual control car on public roadways taught by a driver education instructor endorsed by the State Board of Education. A school district's decision to allow a student to take a portion of the driver education course through a

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distance learning program must be determined on a case-by-case basis and must be approved by the school's administration, including the student's driver education teacher, and the student's parent or guardian. Under no circumstances may the student take the entire driver education course through a distance learning program. Both the classroom instruction part and the practice driving part of a driver education course shall be open to a resident or non-resident student attending a non-public school in the district wherein the course is offered. Each student attending any public or non-public high school in the district must receive a passing grade in at least 8 courses during the previous 2 semesters prior to enrolling in a driver education course, or the student shall not be permitted to enroll in the course; provided that the local superintendent of schools (with respect to a student attending a public high school in the district) or chief school administrator (with respect to a student attending a non-public high school in the district) may waive the requirement if the superintendent or chief school administrator, as the case may be, deems it to be in the best interest of the student. A student may be allowed to commence the classroom instruction part of such driver education course prior to reaching age 15 if such student then will be eligible to complete the entire course within 12 months after being allowed to commence such classroom instruction.

A school district may offer a driver education course in a

1 school by contracting with a commercial driver training school to provide both the classroom instruction part and the 2 3 practice driving part or either one without having to request 4 a modification or waiver of administrative rules of the State 5 Board of Education if the school district approves the action during a public hearing on whether to enter into a contract 6 with a commercial driver training school. The public hearing 7 8 shall be held at a regular or special school board meeting 9 prior to entering into such a contract. If a school district 10 chooses to approve a contract with a commercial driver 11 training school, then the district must provide evidence to the State Board of Education that the commercial driver 12 13 training school with which it will contract holds a license issued by the Secretary of State under Article IV of Chapter 6 14 15 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and that each instructor employed 16 by the commercial driver training school to 17 instruction to students served by the school district holds a valid teaching license issued under the requirements of this 18 Code and rules of the State Board of Education. Such evidence 19 20 must include, but need not be limited to, a list of each 2.1 instructor assigned to teach students served by the school district, which list shall include the instructor's name, 22 23 personal identification number as required by the State Board 24 of Education, birth date, and driver's license number. Once 25 the contract is entered into, the school district shall notify 26 the State Board of Education of any changes in the personnel

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providing instruction either (i) within 15 calendar days after an instructor leaves the program or (ii) before a instructor is hired. Such notification shall include the instructor's name, personal identification number as required by the State Board of Education, birth date, and driver's license number. If the school district maintains an Internet website, then the district shall post a copy of the final contract between the district and the commercial driver training school on the district's Internet website. If no Internet website exists, then the school district shall make available the contract upon request. A record of all materials in relation to the contract must be maintained by the school district and made available to parents and guardians upon request. The instructor's date of birth and driver's license number and any other personally identifying information as deemed by the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 must be redacted from any public materials.

Such a course may be commenced immediately after the completion of a prior course. Teachers of such courses shall meet the licensure requirements of this Code and regulations of the State Board as to qualifications. Except for a contract with a Certified Driver Rehabilitation Specialist, a school district that contracts with a third party to teach a driver education course under this Section must ensure the teacher meets the educator licensure and endorsement requirements under Article 21B and must follow the same evaluation and

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observation requirements that apply to non-tenured teachers under Article 24A. The teacher evaluation must be conducted by a school administrator employed by the school district and

must be submitted annually to the district superintendent and

5 all school board members for oversight purposes.

Subject to rules of the State Board of Education, the school district may charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$50, to students who participate in the course, unless a student is unable to pay for such a course, in which event the fee for such a student must be waived. However, the district may increase this fee to an amount not to exceed \$250 by school board resolution following a public hearing on the increase, which increased fee must be waived for students participate in the course and are unable to pay for the course. The total amount from driver education fees and reimbursement from the State for driver education must not exceed the total cost of the driver education program in any year and must be deposited into the school district's driver education fund as a separate line item budget entry. All moneys deposited into the school district's driver education fund must be used solely for the funding of a high school driver education program approved by the State Board of Education that uses driver education instructors endorsed by the State Board of Education.

- 25 (Source: P.A. 101-183, eff. 8-2-19; 101-450, eff. 8-23-19;
- 26 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

- 1 (105 ILCS 5/27-24.2a)
- 2 Sec. 27-24.2a. Non-public school driver education course.
- 3 Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, any non-public
- 4 school's driver education course shall include instruction
- 5 concerning law enforcement procedures for traffic stops,
- 6 including a demonstration of the proper actions to be taken
- 7 during a traffic stop and appropriate interactions with law
- 8 enforcement. Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, the
- 9 course shall also include information pertaining to the best
- 10 practices for safely sharing the roadway with bicyclists and
- 11 pedestrians.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 99-720, eff. 1-1-17.)
- 13 Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 14 changing Sections 2-112, 6-107.5, 6-109, 6-117, 6-205, 6-206,
- 15 6-208, 6-301, 6-521, 7-211, 7-503, 11-306, 11-307, 11-501.01,
- 16 11-501.1, 11-703, and 11-1425 and by adding Section 11-712 as
- 17 follows:
- 18 (625 ILCS 5/2-112) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-112)
- 19 Sec. 2-112. Distribution of synopsis laws.
- 20 (a) The Secretary of State may publish a synopsis or
- 21 summary of the laws of this State regulating the operation of
- 22 vehicles and may deliver a copy thereof without charge with
- 23 each original vehicle registration and with each original

1 driver's license.

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- 2 (b) The Secretary of State shall make any necessary
 3 revisions in its publications, including, but not limited to,
 4 the Illinois Rules of the Road, to accurately conform its
 5 publications to the provisions of the Pedestrians with
 6 Disabilities Safety Act.
 - (c) The Secretary of State shall include, in the Illinois Rules of the Road publication, information advising drivers of the laws and best practices for safely sharing the roadway with bicyclists and pedestrians, including, but not limited to, information advising drivers to use the Dutch Reach method when opening a vehicle door after parallel parking on a street (checking the rear-view mirror, checking the side-view mirror, then opening the door with the right hand, thereby reducing the risk of injuring a bicyclist or opening the door in the path a vehicle approaching from behind).
 - (d) The Secretary of State shall include, in the Illinois Rules of the Road publication, information advising drivers to use the zipper merge method when merging into a reduced number of lanes (drivers in merging lanes are expected to use both lanes to advance to the lane reduction point and merge at that location, alternating turns).
- (e) The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Illinois State Police, shall include in the Illinois Rules of the Road publication a description of law enforcement procedures during traffic stops and the actions that a

- 1 motorist should take during a traffic stop, including appropriate interactions with law enforcement officers. 2
- 3 (f) The Secretary of State shall include, in the Illinois 4 Rules of Road publication, information advising drivers on 5 best practices related to stranded motorists. This may include, but is not limited to, how to safely pull the vehicle 6 out of traffic, activating hazard lights, when to remain in a 7 8 vehicle, how to safely exit a stranded vehicle, where to find a safe place outside the stranded vehicle, and emergency numbers 9 10 to call for assistance.
- (Source: P.A. 102-455, eff. 1-1-22; 103-249, eff. 1-1-24.) 11
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/6-107.5)
- Sec. 6-107.5. Adult Driver Education Course. 13
- 14 (a) The Secretary shall establish by rule the curriculum 15 and designate the materials to be used in an adult driver education course. The course shall be at least 6 hours in 16 17 length and shall include instruction on traffic laws; highway 18 signs, signals, and markings that regulate, warn, or direct 19 traffic; issues commonly associated with motor vehicle 20 crashes, including poor decision-making, risk taking, impaired 21 driving, distraction, speed, failure to use a safety belt, 22 driving at night, failure to yield the right-of-way, texting 23 while driving, using wireless communication devices, and 24 alcohol and drug awareness; and instruction on law enforcement 25 procedures during traffic stops, including actions that a

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- 1 motorist should take during a traffic stop and appropriate interactions with law enforcement officers; and information 2 advising drivers of the laws and best practices for safely 3 4 sharing the roadway with bicyclists and pedestrians. 5 curriculum shall not require the operation of a motor vehicle.
 - (b) The Secretary shall certify course providers. The requirements to be a certified course provider, the process applying for certification, and the procedure decertifying a course provider shall be established by rule.
 - (b-5) In order to qualify for certification as an adult driver education course provider, each applicant authorize an investigation that includes a fingerprint-based background check to determine if the applicant has ever been convicted of a criminal offense and, if so, the disposition of any conviction. This authorization shall indicate the scope of the inquiry and the agencies that may be contacted. Upon receiving this authorization, the Secretary of State may request and receive information and assistance from any federal, State, or local governmental agency as part of the authorized investigation. Each applicant shall submit his or her fingerprints to the Illinois State Police in the form and manner prescribed by the Illinois State Police. These fingerprints shall be checked against fingerprint records now and hereafter filed in the Illinois State Police and Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history record databases. The Illinois State Police shall charge applicants a fee for

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conducting the criminal history record check, which shall be deposited into the State Police Services Fund and shall not exceed the actual cost of the State and national criminal history record check. The Illinois State Police shall furnish, pursuant to positive identification, records of Illinois criminal convictions to the Secretary and shall forward the national criminal history record information to the Secretary. Applicants shall pay any other fingerprint-related fees. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the information derived the investigation, including the source of information and any conclusions or recommendations derived from the information by the Secretary of State, shall be provided to the applicant upon request to the Secretary of State prior to any final action by the Secretary of State on the application. Any criminal conviction information obtained by the Secretary of State shall be confidential and may not be transmitted outside the Office of the Secretary of State, except as required by this subsection (b-5), and may not be transmitted to anyone within the Office of the Secretary of State except as needed for the purpose of evaluating the applicant. At any administrative hearing held under Section 2-118 of this Code relating to the denial, cancellation, suspension, or revocation of certification of an adult driver education course provider, the Secretary of State may utilize at that hearing any criminal history, criminal conviction, and disposition information obtained under this subsection (b-5).

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information obtained from the investigation may be maintained by the Secretary of State or any agency to which the information was transmitted. Only information and standards which bear a reasonable and rational relation to performance of providing adult driver education shall be used by the Secretary of State. Any employee of the Secretary of State who gives or causes to be given away any confidential information concerning any criminal convictions or disposition of criminal convictions of an applicant shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor unless release of the information is authorized by this Section.

- (c) The Secretary may permit a course provider to offer the course online, if the Secretary is satisfied the course provider has established adequate procedures for verifying:
- 15 (1) the identity of the person taking the course 16 online; and
 - (2) the person completes the entire course.
 - (d) The Secretary shall establish a method of electronic verification of a student's successful completion of the course.
 - (e) The fee charged by the course provider must bear a reasonable relationship to the cost of the course. Secretary shall post on the Secretary of State's website a list of approved course providers, the fees charged by the providers, and contact information for each provider.
- 26 (f) In addition to any other fee charged by the course

- 1 provider, the course provider shall collect a fee of \$5 from
- 2 each student to offset the costs incurred by the Secretary in
- 3 administering this program. The \$5 shall be submitted to the
- 4 Secretary within 14 days of the day on which it was collected.
- 5 All such fees received by the Secretary shall be deposited in
- the Secretary of State Driver Services Administration Fund. 6
- (Source: P.A. 102-455, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21; 7
- 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-982, eff. 7-1-23.) 8
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/6-109)
- 10 Sec. 6-109. Examination of applicants.
- (a) The Secretary of State shall examine every applicant 11
- 12 for a driver's license or permit who has not been previously
- licensed as a driver under the laws of this State or any other 13
- 14 state or country, or any applicant for renewal of such
- 15 driver's license or permit when such license or permit has
- been expired for more than one year. The Secretary of State 16
- shall, subject to the provisions of paragraph (c), examine 17
- every licensed driver at least every 8 years, and may examine 18
- 19 or re-examine any other applicant or licensed driver, provided
- 20 that during the years 1984 through 1991 those drivers issued a
- 21 license for 3 years may be re-examined not less than every 7
- 22 years or more than every 10 years.
- 23 The Secretary of State shall require the testing of the
- 24 eyesight of any driver's license or permit applicant who has
- 25 not been previously licensed as a driver under the laws of this

- 1 State and shall promulgate rules and regulations to provide
- 2 for the orderly administration of all the provisions of this
- 3 Section.
- 4 The Secretary of State shall include at least one test
- 5 question that concerns the provisions of the Pedestrians with
- 6 Disabilities Safety Act in the question pool used for the
- 7 written portion of the driver's license examination within one
- 8 year after July 22, 2010 (the effective date of Public Act
- 9 96-1167).
- 10 The Secretary of State shall include, in the question pool
- 11 used for the written portion of the driver's license
- 12 examination, test questions concerning safe driving in the
- presence of bicycles, of which one may be concerning the Dutch
- Reach method as described in Section 2-112.
- 15 The Secretary of State shall include, in the question pool
- 16 used for the written portion of the driver's license
- 17 examination, at least one test question concerning driver
- 18 responsibilities when approaching a stationary emergency
- vehicle as described in Section 11-907.
- 20 (b) Except as provided for those applicants in paragraph
- 21 (c), such examination shall include a test of the applicant's
- 22 eyesight, his or her ability to read and understand official
- 23 traffic control devices, his or her knowledge of safe driving
- 24 practices and the traffic laws of this State, and may include
- an actual demonstration of the applicant's ability to exercise
- ordinary and reasonable control of the operation of a motor

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vehicle, and such further physical and mental examination as the Secretary of State finds necessary to determine the applicant's fitness to operate a motor vehicle safely on the highways, except the examination of an applicant 75 years of age or older or, if the Secretary adopts rules under Section 37 of the Secretary of State Act to raise the age requirement for actual demonstrations, the examination of an applicant who has attained that increased age or is older shall include an actual demonstration of the applicant's ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control of the operation of a motor vehicle. All portions of written and verbal examinations under this Section, excepting where the English language appears on facsimiles of road signs, may be given in the Spanish language and, at the discretion of the Secretary of State, in any other language as well as in English upon request of the examinee. Deaf persons who are otherwise qualified are not prohibited from being issued a license, other than a commercial driver's license, under this Code. The examination to test an applicant's ability to read and understand official traffic control devices and knowledge of safe driving practices and the traffic laws of this State may be administered at a Secretary of State facility, remotely via the Internet, or in a manner otherwise specified by the Secretary of State in administrative rule.

(c) Re-examination for those applicants who at the time of renewing their driver's license possess a driving record

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devoid of any convictions of traffic violations or evidence of committing an offense for which mandatory revocation would be required upon conviction pursuant to Section 6-205 at the time of renewal shall be in a manner prescribed by the Secretary in order to determine an applicant's ability to safely operate a motor vehicle, except that every applicant for the renewal of a driver's license who is 75 years of age or older or, if the Secretary adopts rules under Section 37 of the Secretary of State Act to raise the age requirement for actual demonstrations, every applicant for the renewal of a driver's license who has attained that increased age or is older must prove, by an actual demonstration, the applicant's ability to exercise reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle.

- (d) In the event the applicant is not ineligible under the provisions of Section 6-103 to receive a driver's license, the Secretary of State shall make provision for giving an examination, either in the county where the applicant resides or at a place adjacent thereto reasonably convenient to the applicant, within not more than 30 days from the date said application is received.
- (e) The Secretary of State may adopt rules regarding the use of foreign language interpreters during the application and examination process.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 103-140, eff. 6-30-23.)

- 1 (625 ILCS 5/6-117) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-117)
- Sec. 6-117. Records to be kept by the Secretary of State. 2
- 3 (a) The Secretary of State shall file every application
- 4 for a license or permit accepted under this Chapter, and shall
- 5 maintain suitable indexes thereof. The records of
- Secretary of State shall indicate the action taken with 6
- 7 respect to such applications.
- 8 The Secretary of State shall maintain appropriate
- 9 records of all licenses and permits refused, cancelled,
- 10 disqualified, revoked, or suspended and of the revocation,
- 11 suspension, and disqualification of driving privileges of
- persons not licensed under this Chapter, and such records 12
- 13 shall note the reasons for such action.
- 14 The Secretary of State shall maintain appropriate
- 15 records of convictions reported under this Chapter. Records of
- 16 conviction may be maintained in a computer processible medium.
- (d) The Secretary of State may also maintain appropriate 17
- 18 records of any crash reports received.
- 19 (e) The Secretary of State shall also maintain appropriate
- 20 records of any disposition of supervision or records relative
- to a driver's referral to a driver remedial or rehabilitative 2.1
- 22 program, as required by the Secretary of State or the courts.
- 23 Such records shall only be available for use by the Secretary,
- 24 the driver licensing administrator of any other state, law
- 25 enforcement agencies, the courts, and the affected driver or,
- upon proper verification, such affected driver's attorney. 26

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- (f) The Secretary of State shall also maintain or contract to maintain appropriate records of all photographs and signatures obtained in the process of issuing any driver's license, permit, or identification card. The record shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except to those entities listed under Section 6-110.1 of this Code.
 - (g) The Secretary of State may establish a First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry in compliance with subsection (b-1) of Section 5-20 of the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act, as follows:
 - (1) The Secretary shall offer, to each applicant for driver's issuance or renewal of а license identification card who is 16 years of age or older, the opportunity to have his or her name included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry. Secretary must advise the applicant or licensee that he or she is under no compulsion to have his or her name included in the registry. An individual who agrees to having his or her name included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry has given full legal consent to the donation of any of his or her organs or tissue upon his or her death. A brochure explaining this method of executing an anatomical gift must be given to each applicant for of driver's issuance or renewal а license oridentification card. The brochure must advise the applicant or licensee (i) that he or she is under no

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compulsion to have his or her name included in this registry and (ii) that he or she may wish to consult with family, friends, or clergy before doing so.

- (2) The Secretary of State may establish additional methods by which an individual may have his or her name included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry.
- (3) When an individual has agreed to have his or her name included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry, the Secretary of State shall note that agreement in the First Person consent organ and tissue donor registry. Representatives of federally designated organ procurement agencies and tissue banks and the offices of Illinois county coroners and medical examiners may inquire of the Secretary of State whether a potential organ donor's name is included in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry, and the Secretary of State may provide that information to the representative.
- (4) An individual may withdraw his or her consent to be listed in the First Person Consent organ and tissue donor registry maintained by the Secretary of State by notifying the Secretary of State in writing, or by any other means approved by the Secretary, of the individual's decision to have his or her name removed from the registry.
 - (5) The Secretary of State may undertake additional

- 1 efforts, including education and awareness activities, to promote organ and tissue donation. 2
- (6) In the absence of gross negligence or willful 3 misconduct, the Secretary of State and his or her 4 5 employees are immune from any civil or criminal liability in connection with an individual's consent to be listed in 6 7 the organ and tissue donor registry.
- 8 (h) The Secretary of State may destroy a driving record created 20 or more years ago for a person who was convicted of 9 10 an offense and who did not have an Illinois driver's license if 11 the record no longer contains any convictions or withdrawal of driving privileges due to the convictions. 12
- 13 (Source: P.A. 102-982, eff. 7-1-23.)
- 14 (625 ILCS 5/6-205)
- 15 Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit; 16 hardship cases.
- 17 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of 18 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving 19 privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the driver's conviction of any of the following offenses: 20
- 21 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle; 22
- 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a 23 24 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the 25 offense of operating or being in physical control of a

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- 1 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any 2 combination thereof; 3
 - 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the federal government in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
 - 4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic crash involving death or personal injury;
 - 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
 - 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
 - 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code if the person exercised actual physical control over the vehicle during the commission of the offense;
 - 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
 - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
 - 10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;

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1	11.	Violati	on of	Section	11	-204.1	of	th	is	Cod	le
2	relating	to agg	ravated	fleeing	or	attempt	ing	to	elu	de	a
3	peace of:	ficer;									

- 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle:
- 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense;
- 14. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of street racing;
- 15. A second or subsequent conviction of driving while the person's driver's license, permit, or privilege privileges was revoked for reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense;
- 16. Any offense against any provision in this Code, or any local ordinance, regulating the movement of traffic when that offense was the proximate cause of the death of any person. Any person whose driving privileges have been revoked pursuant to this paragraph may seek to have the revocation terminated or to have the length of revocation

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reduced by requesting an administrative hearing with the Secretary of State prior to the projected driver's license application eligibility date;

- 17. Violation of subsection (a-2) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 18. A second or subsequent conviction of illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. A defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;
- 19. Violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-1414 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, relating to the offense of overtaking or passing of a school bus when the driver, in committing the violation, is involved in a motor vehicle crash that results in death to another and the violation is a proximate cause of the death.
- (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke

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- 1 the license or permit of any driver in the following situations: 2
 - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
 - 2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit;
 - 3. Of any person adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based on an offense determined to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a driver's license or permit. The revocation shall remain in effect for the period determined by the court.
 - (c)(1) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related

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duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility for the receipt of necessary medical care or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or persons with disabilities who do not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue the restricted driving permit.

(1.5) A person subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of Section 6-208 of this Code may make application for a restricted driving permit at a hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation, or after 5 years from the date of release from a period of imprisonment resulting from a conviction of

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1 the most recent offense, whichever is later, provided the person, in addition to all other requirements of 2 the 3 Secretary, shows by clear and convincing evidence:

- (A) a minimum of 3 years of uninterrupted abstinence from alcohol and the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis under the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound under the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; and
- (B) the successful completion of any rehabilitative treatment and involvement in any ongoing rehabilitative activity that may be recommended by a properly licensed service provider according to an assessment of the person's alcohol or drug use under Section 11-501.01 of this Code.

In determining whether an applicant is eligible for a restricted driving permit under this paragraph (1.5), the Secretary may consider any relevant evidence, including, but not limited to, testimony, affidavits, records, and the results of regular alcohol or drug tests. Persons subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of Section 6-208 of this Code and who have been convicted of more than one violation of paragraph (3), paragraph (4), or paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of this Code shall not be eligible to apply for a restricted driving permit.

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A restricted driving permit issued under this paragraph (1.5) shall provide that the holder may only operate motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as required under paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Section and subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code. The Secretary may revoke a restricted driving permit or amend the conditions of a restricted driving permit issued under this paragraph (1.5) if the holder operates a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device, or for any other reason authorized under this Code.

A restricted driving permit issued under this paragraph (1.5) shall be revoked, and the holder barred from applying for or being issued a restricted driving permit in the future, if the holder is subsequently convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar offense in another state or on a military installation.

If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a

1	similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these
2	offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if
3	issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle
4	unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device
5	as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If:

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- (A) a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times due to any combination of:
 - (i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation; or
 - (ii) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 or a suspension under paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 6-206 for refusal of chemical testing in another state or a suspension under paragraph (31) of subsection (a) of Section 6-206; or
- (iii) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences; or
 - (B) a person has been convicted of one violation of

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subparagraph (C) or (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide where the use of alcohol or other drugs was recited as an element of the offense, or a similar provision of a law of another state or military installation;

that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned on the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes. For any person who, within a 5-year period, is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, this employment exemption does not apply until either a one-year period has

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elapsed during which that person had his or her driving privileges revoked or a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had a restricted driving permit which required the use of an ignition interlock device on every motor vehicle owned or operated by that person.

(6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire no later than 2 years from the date of issuance. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program. However, if individual's driving privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.

1 (c-5) (Blank).

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- (c-6) If a person is convicted of a second violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, the person's driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to subdivision (a) (15) of this Section. The person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of five years from the effective date of the revocation or the expiration of five years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment, whichever is later.
- (c-7) If a person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, the person may never apply for a license or permit.
- (d) (1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, the Secretary of

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State shall revoke the driving privileges of that person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one-year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving privileges, or extend the restricted driving permit as many times as the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by additional periods of not more than 24 months each.

suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate

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- 1 a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. 2
- 3 If a person's license or permit is revoked or 4 suspended 2 or more times due to any combination of:
 - (A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military institution; or
- 14 (B) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under 15 Section 11-501.1; or
 - (C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (3.5) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to a conviction for a violation of subparagraph (C) or (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense, that person, if issued a 26 restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it

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- 1 has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. 2
 - (4) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
 - If the restricted driving permit is issued employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes. For any person who, within a 5-year period, is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, this employment exemption does not apply until either a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had his or her driving privileges revoked or a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had a restricted driving permit which required the use of an ignition interlock device on every motor vehicle owned or operated by that person.
 - (6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as

- 1 a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled,
- revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or 2
- 3 more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the
- 4 movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the
- 5 revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted
- driving permit. 6
- (d-5) The revocation of the license, permit, or driving 7
- privileges of a person convicted of a third or subsequent 8
- 9 violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or
- 10 her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because
- of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or 11
- the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless 12
- 13 homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state or
- 14 military installation, is permanent. The Secretary may not, at
- 15 any time, issue a license or permit to that person.
- 16 (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the
- 17 Driver License Compact.
- 18 Any revocation imposed upon any person
- 19 subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on
- 20 December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like
- period of time. 2.1
- (q) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted 22
- 23 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 24 driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of
- 25 this Code.
- 26 (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of

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ignition interlock devices for a period not less than 5 years on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar provision of a law of another state or military installation. The person must pay to the Secretary of State Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. During the time period in which a person is required to install an ignition interlock device under this subsection (h), that person shall only operate vehicles in which ignition interlock devices have been installed, except as allowed by subdivision (c)(5) or (d)(5) of this Section. Regardless of whether an exemption under subdivision (c) (5) or (d) (5) applies, every person subject to this subsection shall not be eligible for reinstatement until the person installs an ignition interlock device and maintains the ignition interlock device for 5 years.

- (i) (Blank).
- (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended,

- 1 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- (k) The Secretary of State shall notify by mail any person 2
- 3 whose driving privileges have been revoked under paragraph 16
- 4 of subsection (a) of this Section that his or her driving
- 5 privileges and driver's license will be revoked 90 days from
- the date of the mailing of the notice. 6
- (Source: P.A. 101-623, eff. 7-1-20; 102-299, eff. 8-6-21; 7
- 102-982, eff. 7-1-23.) 8
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/6-206)
- 10 Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke
- license or permit; right to a hearing. 11
- (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or 12
- 13 revoke the driving privileges of any person
- 14 preliminary hearing upon a showing of the person's records or
- 15 other sufficient evidence that the person:
- 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory 16
- 17 revocation of a driver's license or permit is required
- 18 upon conviction;
- 19 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses
- against traffic regulations governing the movement of 2.0
- 21 vehicles committed within any 12-month period.
- 22 revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6
- 23 months after the date of last conviction;
- 24 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor
- 25 vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of

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offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;

- 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to a crash resulting in injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the crash, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the crash, whichever date occurs later;
- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;

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- 1 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103; 2
 - 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information identification any application for a in license, identification card, or permit;
 - Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
 - 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a monitoring device driving permit, judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, probationary license to drive, or restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
 - 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
 - 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;

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L	14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301,
2	6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Code, or Section 14, 14A, or
3	14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act or a similar
1	offense in another state if, at the time of the offense,
5	the person held an Illinois driver's license or
6	identification card;

- 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles if the person exercised actual physical control over the vehicle during the commission of the offense, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
- 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, as required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person has not sought a hearing as provided for in Section 11-501.1;
 - 18. (Blank);
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
 - 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of

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L	this Code relating to leaving the scene of a crash
2	resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in
3	which case the suspension shall be for one year;

- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
- 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois or in another state of or for a traffic-related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;
- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
- 26 27. (Blank);

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28. Has been convicted for a first time of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, promoting juvenile prostitution as described in subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of Section 11-14.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the

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1 driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one 2 year;

- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 of this Code or Section 5-16c of the Boat Registration and Safety Act or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;
- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age

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1	on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of
2	a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this
3	Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24-month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
- 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code that resulted in damage to the property of another or the death or injury of another;
- 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the person was an occupant of a motor vehicle at the time of the violation;
- 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
- 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;
- 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-605.1 of this Code, a similar provision of a

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- local ordinance, or a similar violation in any other state 1 within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, in 2 3 which case the suspension shall be for 90 days;
 - 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
 - 43. Has received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of subsection (a), (d), or (e) of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the person was an occupant of a motor vehicle at the time of the violation, in which case the suspension shall be for a period of 3 months:
 - 44. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles after having previously had his or her driving privileges suspended or revoked pursuant to subparagraph 36 of this Section;
 - 45. Has, in connection with or during the course of a formal hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code: committed perjury; (ii) submitted fraudulent or falsified documents; (iii) submitted documents that have been materially altered; or (iv) submitted, as his or her own, documents that were in fact prepared or composed for another person;

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1	46.	Has	committed	a	violation	of	subsection	(j)	of
2	Section	3-41	3 of this C	ode	- ·				

- 47. Has committed a violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-502.1 of this Code;
- 48. Has submitted a falsified or altered medical examiner's certificate to the Secretary of State or provided false information to obtain a medical examiner's certificate;
 - 49. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 11-1002 or 11-1002.5 that resulted in a Type A injury to another, in which case the driving privileges of the person shall be suspended for 12 months;
- 50. Has committed a violation of subsection (b-5) of Section 12-610.2 that resulted in great bodily harm, permanent disability, or disfigurement, in which case the driving privileges of the person shall be suspended for 12 months:
- 51. Has committed a violation of Section 10-15 Of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or a similar provision of a local ordinance while in a motor vehicle; or
- 52. Has committed a violation of subsection (b) of Section 10-20 of the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 24 For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, 25 26 any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license

- is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the
- 2 Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license,
- 3 a probationary driver's license, or a temporary driver's
- 4 license.
- 5 (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or
- 6 revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the
- 7 Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the
- 8 order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be,
- 9 provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is
- 10 filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is
- 11 affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate
- 12 back to the time the original judgment of conviction was
- 13 entered and the 6-month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
- 14 (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or
- 15 permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the
- 16 Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in
- 17 writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be
- deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the
- 19 last known address of the person.
- 20 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license
- of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this
- 22 Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an
- occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is
- 24 properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a permit
- issued prior to the effective date of the suspension, unless 5
- offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while

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operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

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3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship (as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State), issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment-related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself, or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility, to receive necessary medical care, to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or persons with disabilities who do not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare. The petitioner must demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public

safety or welfare.

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- (A) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar offense committed on a military installation or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (B) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times due to any combination of:
 - (i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation; or

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(iii) a suspension under Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences; that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (B-5) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to a conviction for a violation of subparagraph (C) or (F) of paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (C) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

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(D) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that employer when used solely for person's employment purposes. For any person who, within a 5-year period, is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance or similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, employment exemption does not apply until either a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had his or her driving privileges revoked or a one-year period has elapsed during which that person had a restricted driving permit which required the use of an ignition interlock device on every motor vehicle owned or operated by that person.

(E) In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire no later than 2 years from the date of issuance. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or

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suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

- (F) A person subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of Section 6-208 of this Code may make application for a restricted driving permit at a hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation or after 5 years from the date of release from a period of imprisonment resulting from a conviction of the most recent offense, whichever is later, provided the person, in addition to all other requirements of the Secretary, shows by clear and convincing evidence:
 - (i) a minimum of 3 years of uninterrupted abstinence from alcohol and the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis under the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound

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under the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act; and

(ii) the successful completion of any rehabilitative treatment and involvement in any ongoing rehabilitative activity that mav be recommended by a properly licensed service provider according to an assessment of the person's alcohol or drug use under Section 11-501.01 of this Code.

In determining whether an applicant is eligible for a restricted driving permit under this subparagraph (F), the Secretary may consider any relevant evidence, including, but not limited to, testimony, affidavits, records, and the results of regular alcohol or drug tests. Persons subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection (b) of Section 6-208 of this Code and who have been convicted of more than one violation of paragraph (3), paragraph (4), or paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of this Code shall not be eligible to apply for a restricted driving permit under this subparagraph (F).

restricted driving permit issued under subparagraph (F) shall provide that the holder may only operate motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as required under paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of Section 6-205 of this Code and subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of this Section.

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Secretary may revoke a restricted driving permit or amend the conditions of a restricted driving permit issued under this subparagraph (F) if the holder operates a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device, or for any other reason authorized under this Code.

A restricted driving permit issued under this subparagraph (F) shall be revoked, and the holder barred from applying for or being issued a restricted driving permit in the future, if the holder is convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar offense in another state or on a military installation.

(c-3) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of subsection (a), reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the actual time the suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities, the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the Secretary of State, or the parent or legal guardian of a driver under the age of 18. However, beginning January 1, 2008, if the person is a CDL holder, the suspension shall also be made available to the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and the affected driver or motor carrier or prospective motor carrier upon request.

(c-4) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of

- 1 subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall notify the person
- 2 by mail that his or her driving privileges and driver's
- 3 license will be suspended one month after the date of the
- 4 mailing of the notice.
- 5 (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the
- 6 reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant
- 7 whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he
- 8 or she reached the age of 21 years pursuant to any of the
- 9 provisions of this Section, require the applicant to
- 10 participate in a driver remedial education course and be
- 11 retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
- 12 (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the
- 13 Driver License Compact.
- 14 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted
- driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 17 provisions of this Code.
- 18 (f) In accordance with 49 CFR 384, the Secretary of State
- 19 may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of
- 20 a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose
- driving privileges have been suspended, revoked, cancelled, or
- 22 disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 102-299, eff. 8-6-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
- 24 102-749, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-982, eff.
- 25 7-1-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)

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- 1 (625 ILCS 5/6-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208)
- Sec. 6-208. Period of suspension application after 2 3 revocation.
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided by this Code or any other law of this State, the Secretary of State shall not suspend a driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the highways for a period of more than one year.
 - (b) Any person whose license, permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the highways has been revoked shall not be entitled to have such license, permit, or privilege renewed or restored. However, such person may, except as provided under subsections (d) and (d-5) of Section 6-205, make application for a license pursuant to Section 6-106 (i) if the revocation was for a cause that has been removed or (ii) as provided in the following subparagraphs:
 - 1. Except as provided in subparagraphs 1.3, 1.5, 2, 3, 4, and 5, the person may make application for a license (A) after the expiration of one year from the effective date of the revocation, (B) in the case of a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, after the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the revocation, or (C) in the case of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or a similar provision of a law of another state or a military installation relating to the offense of reckless homicide or

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violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code relating to aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, combination thereof, if the violation was the proximate cause of a death, after the expiration of 2 years from the effective date of the revocation or after the expiration of 24 months from the date of release from a period of imprisonment as provided in Section 6-103 of this Code, whichever is later.

- 1.3. If the person is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, in which the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense or a similar offense committed on a military installation, combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person may not make application for a driver's license until:
 - (A) the person has first been issued a restricted driving permit by the Secretary of State; and
 - (B) the expiration of a continuous period of not less than 5 years following the issuance of the

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restricted driving permit during which the person's restricted driving permit is not suspended, cancelled, or revoked for a violation of any provision of law, or any rule or regulation of the Secretary of State relating to the required use of an ignition interlock device.

- 1.5. If the person is convicted of a violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state or a similar offense committed on a military installation, the person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of 3 years from the date of the conviction.
- 2. If such person is convicted of committing a second violation within a 20-year period of:
 - (A) Section 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar offense committed on a military installation;
 - (B) Paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar offense committed on a military installation;

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(C) S	Section	n 9-1	3 of th	e Cri	Lminal	Coc	le of	1961	or	the
Criminal	Code	of	2012,	rela	ating	to	the	offe	nse	of
reckless	homic	ide <u>,</u>	a sim	ilar	out-o	f-st	tate	offen	se,	or
a simi	lar	offe	nse	commi	tted	or	n a	mi	lit	ary
<pre>installation; or</pre>										

(D) any combination of the above offenses committed at different instances;

then such person may not make application for a license until after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. The 20-year period shall be computed by using the dates the offenses were committed and shall also include similar out-of-state offenses and similar offenses committed on a military installation.

- 2.5. If a person is convicted of a second violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while the person's driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, or a similar offense committed on a military installation, the person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of 5 years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment.
- 3. However, except as provided in subparagraph 4, if such person is convicted of committing a third violation

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or any combination of the above offenses, including similar out-of-state offenses and similar offenses committed on a military installation, contained in subparagraph 2, then such person may not make application for a license until after the expiration of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation.

- 4. Except as provided in paragraph (1.5) of subsection (c) of Section 6-205 and subparagraph (F) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code, the person may not make application for a license if the person is convicted of committing a fourth or subsequent violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, Section 11-401 of this Code, Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a combination of these offenses, of local ordinances, similar provisions similar out-of-state offenses, or similar offenses committed on a military installation.
- 4.5. A bona fide resident of a foreign jurisdiction who is subject to the provisions of subparagraph 4 of this subsection (b) may make application for termination of the revocation after a period of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. However, if a person who has been granted a termination of revocation under this subparagraph 4.5 subsequently becomes a resident of this State, the revocation shall be reinstated and the

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person shall be subject to the provisions of subparagraph

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5. The person may not make application for a license or permit if the person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, or a similar offense committed on a military installation.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, all persons referred to in this paragraph (b) may not have their privileges restored until the Secretary receives payment of the required reinstatement fee pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 6-118.

In no event shall the Secretary issue such license unless and until such person has had a hearing pursuant to this Code and the appropriate administrative rules and the Secretary is satisfied, after a review or investigation of such person, that to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the highways will not endanger the public safety or welfare.

- (c) (Blank).
- 24 (Source: P.A. 99-290, eff. 1-1-16; 99-296, eff. 1-1-16;
- 25 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)

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- (625 ILCS 5/6-301) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-301) 1
- Sec. 6-301. Unlawful use of license or permit.
- 3 (a) It is a violation of this Section for any person:
- 1. To display or cause to be displayed or have in his 4 possession any cancelled, revoked, or suspended license or 5 6 permit;
 - 2. To lend his license or permit to any other person or knowingly allow the use thereof by another;
 - 3. To display or represent as his own any license or permit issued to another;
 - 4. To fail or refuse to surrender to the Secretary of State or his agent or any peace officer upon his lawful demand, any license or permit, which has been suspended, revoked, or cancelled;
 - 5. To allow any unlawful use of a license or permit issued to him:
 - 6. To submit to an examination or to obtain the services of another person to submit to an examination for the purpose of obtaining a drivers license or permit for some other person. For purposes of this subsection, "submission to an examination" includes providing answers to the person taking the examination, whether those answers are provided in person or remotely, via any electronic device, including, but not limited to, microphones and cell phones.
 - (b) Sentence.

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1	1. Any person convicted of a violation of this Section
2	shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and shall be
3	sentenced to a minimum fine of \$500 or 50 hours of
4	community service, preferably at an alcohol abuse
5	prevention program, if available.

- 2. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 3. In addition to any other sentence imposed under paragraph 1 or 2 of this subsection (b), a person convicted of a violation of paragraph 6 of subsection (a) shall be imprisoned for not less than 7 days.
- (c) This Section does not prohibit any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, law enforcement or other activity of any agency of the United States, State of Illinois or any other state or political subdivision thereof.
- (d) This Section does not apply to licenses and permits 17 invalidated under Section 6-301.3 of this Code. 18
- (Source: P.A. 92-647, eff. 1-1-03; 92-883, eff. 1-13-03.) 19
- (625 ILCS 5/6-521) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-521) 2.0
- 21 Sec. 6-521. Rulemaking Authority.
- (a) The Secretary of State, using the authority to license 22 23 motor vehicle operators under this Code, may adopt such rules 24 and regulations as may be necessary to establish standards, 25 policies and procedures for the licensing and sanctioning of

- 1 commercial motor vehicle drivers in order to meet requirements of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Act of 1986 2 3 (CMVSA); subsequent federal rulemaking under 49 C.F.R. Part 4 383 or Part 1572; and administrative and policy decisions of 5 the U.S. Secretary of Transportation and the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration. The Secretary may, as provided 6 the CMVSA, establish stricter requirements for 7 8 licensing of commercial motor vehicle drivers than those 9 established by the federal government.
 - (b) By January 1, 1994, the Secretary of State shall establish rules and regulations for the issuance of a restricted commercial driver's license for farm-related service industries consistent with federal guidelines. The restricted license shall be available for a seasonal period or periods not to exceed a total of 210 180 days in any 12-month 12 month period.
- 17 (c) (Blank).

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(d) By July 1, 1995, the Secretary of State shall establish rules and regulations for the issuance cancellation of a School Bus Driver's Permit. The permit shall be required for the operation of a school bus as provided in subsection (c), a non-restricted CDL with endorsement, or a properly classified driver's license. The permit will establish that the school bus driver has met all the requirements of the application and screening process established by Section 6-106.1 of this Code.

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- 1 (Source: P.A. 98-726, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 2 (625 ILCS 5/7-211) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 7-211)
- 3 Sec. 7-211. Duration of suspension.
- 4 (a) Unless a suspension is terminated under other 5 provisions of this Code, the driver's license or registration 6 and nonresident's operating privilege suspended as provided in 7 Section 7-205 shall remain suspended and shall not be renewed 8 nor shall any license or registration be issued to the person 9 until:
 - 1. The person deposits or there shall be deposited and filed on the person's behalf the security required under Section 7-201;
 - 2. (Blank); Two years have elapsed following the date the driver's license and registrations were suspended and evidence satisfactory to the Secretary of State that during the period no action for damages arising out of a motor vehicle crash has been properly filed;
 - 3. Receipt of proper notice that the person has filed bankruptcy which would include all claims for personal injury and property damage resulting from the crash;
 - 4. (Blank); or After the expiration of 5 years from the date of the crash, the Secretary of State has not received documentation that any action at law for damages arising out of the motor vehicle crash has been filed against the person; or

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1 5. The applicable statute of limitations has expired and the person seeking reinstatement provides evidence 2 3 satisfactory to the Secretary of State that, during the 4 statute of limitations period, no action for damages 5 arising out of the $\frac{1}{2}$ motor vehicle crash has been properly filed. 6

An affidavit that no action at law for damages arising out of the motor vehicle crash has been filed against the applicant, or if filed that it is not still pending shall be prima facie evidence of that fact. The Secretary of State may take whatever steps are necessary to verify the statement set forth in the applicant's affidavit.

- (b) The driver's license or registration and nonresident's operating privileges suspended as provided in Section 7-205 shall also remain suspended and shall not be renewed nor shall any license or registration be issued to the person until the person gives proof of his or her financial responsibility in the future as provided in Section 1-164.5. The proof is to be maintained by the person in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of State for a period of 3 years after the date the proof is first filed.
- (Source: P.A. 102-52, eff. 1-1-22; 102-982, eff. 7-1-23.) 22
- 23 (625 ILCS 5/7-503) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 7-503)
- 24 Sec. 7-503. Unclaimed Security Deposits. During July, 25 annually, the Secretary shall compile a list of all securities

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1 on deposit, pursuant to this Article, for one year since the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations more than 2 3 3 years and concerning which he has received no notice as to 4 the pendency of any judicial proceeding that could affect the 5 disposition thereof. Thereupon, he shall promptly send a 6 notice to the last known address of each depositor advising him that his deposit will be subject to escheat to the State of 7 8 Illinois if not claimed within 30 days after the mailing date 9 of such notice. At the expiration of such time, the Secretary 10 of State shall file with the State Treasurer an order 11 directing the transfer of such deposit to the general revenue fund in the State Treasury. Upon receipt of such order, the 12 13 State Treasurer shall make such transfer, after converting to 14 cash any other type of security. Thereafter any person having 15 a legal claim against such deposit may enforce it by 16 appropriate proceedings in the Court of Claims subject to the limitations prescribed for such Court. At the expiration of 17 18 such limitation period such deposit shall escheat to the State 19 of Illinois.

21 (625 ILCS 5/11-306) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-306)

(Source: P.A. 94-239, eff. 1-1-06.)

Sec. 11-306. Traffic-control signal legend. Whenever traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals exhibiting different colored lights or color lighted arrows, successively one at a time or in combination, only the colors green, red and

- yellow shall be used, except for special pedestrian signals carrying a word legend, and the lights shall indicate and apply to drivers of vehicles, bicyclists, and pedestrians as
- 5 (a) Green indication.

follows:

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- 1. Vehicular traffic facing a circular green signal may proceed straight through or turn right or left unless a sign at such place prohibits either such turn. Vehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left, shall yield the right of way to other vehicles, bicyclists, and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk at the time such signal is exhibited.
- 2. Vehicular traffic facing a green arrow signal, shown alone or in combination with another indication, may cautiously enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by such arrow, or such other movement as is permitted by other indications shown at the same time. Such vehicular traffic shall yield the right of way to bicyclists and pedestrians lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk and to other traffic lawfully using the intersection.
- 3. Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal, as provided in Section 11-307, pedestrians facing any green signal, except when the sole green signal is a turn arrow, may proceed across the roadway within any marked or unmarked crosswalk.

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- 1 (b) Steady yellow indication.
 - 1. Vehicular traffic facing a steady circular yellow or yellow arrow signal is thereby warned that the related green movement is being terminated or that a red indication will be exhibited immediately thereafter.
 - 2. Pedestrians facing a steady circular yellow or yellow arrow signal, unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal as provided in Section 11-307, are thereby advised that there is insufficient time to cross the roadway before a red indication is shown and no pedestrian shall then start to cross the roadway.
 - (b-5) Flashing yellow arrow indication.
 - 1. Vehicular traffic facing a flashing yellow arrow indication may cautiously enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by the arrow and shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk at the time the signal is exhibited.
 - 2. Pedestrians facing a flashing yellow arrow indication, unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal as provided in Section 11-307, may proceed across the roadway within any marked or unmarked crosswalk that crosses the lane or lanes used to depart the intersection by traffic controlled by the flashing yellow arrow indication. Pedestrians shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles lawfully within the

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intersection at the time that the flashing yellow signal indication is first displayed.

- (c) Steady red indication.
- 1. Except as provided in paragraphs 3 and 3.5 of this subsection (c), vehicular traffic facing a steady circular red signal alone shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if there is no such stop line, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or if there is no such crosswalk, then before entering the intersection, and shall remain standing until an indication to proceed is shown.
- 2. Except as provided in paragraphs 3 and 3.5 of this subsection (c), vehicular traffic facing a steady red arrow signal shall not enter the intersection to make the movement indicated by the arrow and, unless entering the intersection to make a movement permitted by another signal, shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if there is no such stop line, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or if there is no such crosswalk, then before entering the intersection, and shall remain standing until an indication permitting the movement indicated by such red arrow is shown.
- 3. Except when a sign is in place prohibiting a turn and local authorities by ordinance or State authorities by rule or regulation prohibit any such turn, vehicular traffic facing any steady red signal may cautiously enter

the intersection to turn right, or to turn left from a one-way street into a one-way street, after stopping as required by paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 of this subsection. After stopping, the driver shall yield the right of way to any vehicle in the intersection or approaching on another roadway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard during the time such driver is moving across or within the intersection or junction or roadways. Such driver shall yield the right of way to bicyclists or pedestrians within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk.

- 3.5. The In municipalities with less than 2,000,000 inhabitants, after stopping as required by paragraph 1 or 2 of this subsection, the driver of a motorcycle or bicycle, facing a steady red signal which fails to change to a green signal within a reasonable period of time not less than 120 seconds because of a signal malfunction or because the signal has failed to detect the arrival of the motorcycle or bicycle due to the vehicle's size or weight, shall have the right to proceed, after yielding the right of way to oncoming traffic facing a green signal, subject to the rules applicable after making a stop at a stop sign as required by Section 11-1204 of this Code.
- 4. Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal as provided in Section 11-307, pedestrians facing a steady circular red or red arrow signal alone shall not enter the roadway.

- 1 (d) In the event an official traffic control signal is
- erected and maintained at a place other than an intersection, 2
- 3 the provisions of this Section shall be applicable except as
- 4 to provisions which by their nature can have no application.
- 5 Any stop required shall be at a traffic sign or a marking on
- 6 the pavement indicating where the stop shall be made or, in the
- absence of such sign or marking, the stop shall be made at the 7
- 8 signal.
- 9 (e) The motorman of any streetcar shall obey the above
- 10 signals as applicable to vehicles.
- (Source: P.A. 97-627, eff. 1-1-12; 97-762, eff. 7-6-12; 11
- 98-798, eff. 7-31-14.) 12
- (625 ILCS 5/11-307) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-307) 13
- 14 Sec. 11-307. Pedestrian-control signals. Whenever special
- 15 pedestrian-control signals exhibiting the words "Walk" or
- "Don't Walk" or the illuminated symbols of a walking person or 16
- 17 an upraised palm are in place such signals shall indicate as
- 18 follows:
- 19 (a) Walk or walking person symbol. Pedestrians facing such
- 20 signal may proceed across the roadway in the direction of the
- 21 signal, and shall be given the right of way by the drivers of
- 22 all vehicles. Bicyclists may proceed across the roadway in the
- direction of the signal, shall be given the right of way by the 23
- 24 drivers of all vehicles, and shall yield the right of way to
- 25 all pedestrians.

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- (b) Don't Walk or upraised palm symbol. No pedestrian or bicyclist shall start to cross the roadway in the direction of such signal, but any pedestrian or bicyclist who has partly completed his crossing on the Walk signal or walking person symbol shall proceed to a sidewalk or safety island while the "Don't Walk" signal or upraised palm symbol is illuminated, steady, or flashing.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 81-553.)
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.01)
- 10 Sec. 11-501.01. Additional administrative sanctions.
- (a) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final 11 sentencing or an order for supervision, for an offense based 12 upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar 13 14 provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 15 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 16 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 17 18 treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these 19 evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be 20 21 paid for by the individual required to undergo 22 professional evaluation.
 - (b) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating Section 11-501, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating that Section,

- 1 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel
- offered by, or under contract with, a 2 county State's
- 3 Attorney's office, a probation and court services department,
- 4 Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against
- 5 Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim
- impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the 6
- offender or as may be determined by the court. 7
- 8 (c) (Blank).
- 9 The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- 10 privileges of any person convicted under Section 11-501 or a
- 11 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (e) The Secretary of State shall require the use of 12
- 13 ignition interlock devices for a period not less than 5 years
- 14 on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a
- 15 second or subsequent offense of Section 11-501 or a similar
- 16 provision of a local ordinance, a similar provision of a law of
- another state, or a similar offense committed on a military 17
- 18 installation. The person must pay to the Secretary of State
- DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each 19
- 20 month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall
- 2.1 establish by rule and regulation the procedures
- 22 certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of
- 23 the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to
- 24 these fees. During the time period in which a person is
- 25 required to install an ignition interlock device under this
- 26 subsection (e), that person shall only operate vehicles in

- 1 which ignition interlock devices have been installed, except
- 2 as allowed by subdivision (c)(5) or (d)(5) of Section 6-205 of
- 3 this Code.

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- 4 (f) (Blank).
 - (q) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a in the State treasury and, special fund subject appropriation, shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by Section 11-501 of this Code, including, but not limited to, the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol-related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol-related crime, including, but not limited to, DUI training; and police officer salaries, including, but not limited to, salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations.
 - (h) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor compliance with any remedial education or treatment

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compounds if:

recommendations contained in the professional evaluation.

- Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's
- 7 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be
- 8 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug
- 9 treatment licensure standards.
- 10 (i) (Blank).
 - (j) A person that is subject to a chemical test or tests of blood under subsection (a) of Section 11-501.1 or subdivision (c)(2) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, whether or not that person consents to testing, shall be liable for the expense up to \$500 for blood withdrawal by a physician authorized to practice medicine, a licensed physician assistant, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, a registered nurse, a trained phlebotomist, a licensed paramedic, or a qualified person other than a police officer approved by the Illinois State Police to withdraw blood, who responds, whether at a law enforcement facility or a health care facility, to a police department request for the drawing of blood based upon refusal of the person to submit to a lawfully requested breath test or probable cause exists to believe the test would disclose the ingestion, consumption, or use of drugs or intoxicating

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- 1 (1) the person is found guilty of violating Section 2 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 3 ordinance; or
 - (2) the person pleads guilty to or stipulates to facts supporting a violation of Section 11-503 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement in which the person was originally charged with violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar local ordinance.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.1)
- Sec. 11-501.1. Suspension of drivers license; statutory summary alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds related suspension or revocation; implied consent.
- 16 (a) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State shall 17 be deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of 18 19 Section 11-501.2, to a chemical test or tests of blood, 20 breath, other bodily substance, or urine for the purpose of determining the content of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 21 22 intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof in the person's blood if arrested, as evidenced by the 23 24 issuance of a Uniform Traffic Ticket, for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local 25

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ordinance, or if arrested for violating Section 11-401. If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe the person was under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, the law enforcement officer shall request a chemical test or tests which shall be administered at the direction of the arresting officer. The law enforcement agency employing the officer shall designate which of the aforesaid tests shall be administered. Up to 2 additional tests of urine or other bodily substance may be administered even after a blood or breath test or both has been administered. For purposes of this Section, an Illinois law enforcement officer of this State who is investigating the person for any offense defined in Section 11-501 may travel into an adjoining state, where the person has been transported for medical care, to complete an investigation and to request that the person submit to the test or tests set forth in this Section. The requirements of this Section that the person be arrested are inapplicable, but the officer shall issue the person a Uniform Traffic Ticket for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance prior to requesting that the person submit to the test or tests. The issuance of the Uniform Traffic Ticket shall not constitute an arrest, but shall be for the purpose of notifying the person that he or she is subject to the provisions of this Section and of the officer's belief of the existence of probable cause to arrest. Upon

- 1 returning to this State, the officer shall file the Uniform
- Traffic Ticket with the Circuit Clerk of the county where the 2
- offense was committed, and shall seek the issuance of an 3
- 4 arrest warrant or a summons for the person.
- 5 (a-5) (Blank).
- (b) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is 6
- otherwise in a condition rendering the person incapable of 7
- 8 refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent
- 9 provided by paragraph (a) of this Section and the test or tests
- 10 may be administered, subject to the provisions of Section
- 11 11-501.2.
- (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided 12
- above shall be warned by the law enforcement officer 13
- 14 requesting the test that a refusal to submit to the test will
- 15 result in the statutory summary suspension of the person's
- 16 privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in Section
- this Code, and will also result 17 6-208.1 of
- disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a 18
- commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this 19
- 20 Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The person shall also be
- 2.1 warned that a refusal to submit to the test, when the person
- was involved in a motor vehicle crash that caused personal 22
- 23 injury or death to another, will result in the statutory
- 24 summary revocation of the person's privilege to operate a
- 25 motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-208.1, and will also
- 26 result in the disqualification of the person's privilege to

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operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, if the person is a CDL holder. The person shall also be warned by the law enforcement officer that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood, other bodily substance, or breath is 0.08 or greater, or testing discloses the presence of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration as defined in paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of a controlled substance listed the in Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act is detected in the person's blood, other bodily substance or urine, a statutory summary suspension of the privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided in Sections 6-208.1 and 11-501.1 of this Code, will be imposed. If the person is also a CDL holder, he or she shall be warned by the law enforcement officer that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood, other bodily substance, or breath is 0.08 or greater, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as covered by the Cannabis Control

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Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act is detected in the person's blood, other bodily substance, or urine, a disqualification of the person's privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle, as provided in Section 6-514 of this Code, will be imposed.

A person who is under the age of 21 at the time the person is requested to submit to a test as provided above shall, in addition to the warnings provided for in this Section, be further warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that if the person submits to the test or tests provided in paragraph (a) of this Section and the alcohol concentration in the person's blood, other bodily substance, or breath is greater than 0.00 and less than 0.08, a suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle, as provided under Sections 6-208.2 and 11-501.8 of this Code, will be imposed. The results of this test shall be admissible in a civil or criminal action or proceeding arising from an arrest for an offense as defined in Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or pursuant to Section 11-501.4 in prosecutions for reckless homicide brought under the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012. These test results, however, shall be admissible only in actions or proceedings directly related to the incident upon which the

test request was made.

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A person requested to submit to a test shall also acknowledge, in writing, receipt of the warning required under this Section. If the person refuses to acknowledge receipt of the warning, the law enforcement officer shall make a written notation on the warning that the person refused to sign the warning. A person's refusal to sign the warning shall not be evidence that the person was not read the warning.

(d) If the person refuses testing or submits to a test that discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or testing discloses the presence of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration as defined in paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's breath, blood, other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit court of venue and the Secretary of State, certifying that the test or tests was or were requested under paragraph (a) and the person refused to submit to a test, or tests, or submitted to testing that disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, testing discloses the presence

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of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration as defined in paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's breath, blood, other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. If the person is also a CDL holder and refuses testing or submits to a test that discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's breath, blood, other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the law enforcement officer shall also immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit court of venue and the Secretary of State, certifying that the test or tests was or were requested under paragraph (a) and the person refused to submit to a test, or tests, or submitted to testing that disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug,

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substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's breath, blood, other bodily substance, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

(e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer submitted under paragraph (d), the Secretary of State shall enter the statutory summary suspension or revocation and disqualification for the periods specified in Sections 6-208.1 and 6-514, respectively, and effective as provided in paragraph (g).

If the person is a first offender as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, and is not convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, then reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the actual time the Statutory Summary Suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities or the Secretary of State, unless the person is a CDL holder, is operating a commercial motor vehicle or vehicle required to be placarded for hazardous materials, in which case the suspension shall not be privileged. Reports received by the Secretary of State under

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- this Section shall also be made available to the parent or guardian of a person under the age of 18 years that holds an instruction permit or a graduated driver's license, regardless of whether the statutory summary suspension is in effect. A statutory summary revocation shall not be privileged information.
 - (f) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report under paragraph (d) shall serve immediate notice of the statutory summary suspension or revocation on the person and the suspension or revocation and disqualification shall be effective as provided in paragraph (g).
 - (1) In cases involving a person who is not a CDL holder where the blood alcohol concentration of 0.08 or greater or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act is established by a subsequent analysis of blood, other bodily substance, or urine or analysis of whole substance blood or other bodily establishes tetrahydrocannabinol concentration as defined in paragraph 6 of subsection (a) of Section 11-501.2 of this Code, collected at the time of arrest, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice as provided in this

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Section or by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his or her address as shown on the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the statutory summary suspension shall begin as provided in paragraph (g).

(1.3) In cases involving a person who is a CDL holder where the blood alcohol concentration of 0.08 or greater or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as covered by the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act is established by a subsequent analysis of blood, other bodily substance, or urine collected at the time of arrest, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall give notice as provided in this Section or by deposit in the United States mail of the notice in an envelope with postage prepaid and addressed to the person at his or her address as shown on the Uniform Traffic Ticket and the statutory summary suspension and disqualification shall begin as provided in paragraph (g).

(1.5) The officer shall confiscate any Illinois driver's license or permit on the person at the time of arrest. If the person has a valid driver's license or

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permit, the officer shall issue the person a receipt, in a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, that will allow that person to drive during the periods provided for in paragraph (g). The officer shall immediately forward the driver's license or permit to the <u>Secretary of State circuit court of venue</u> along with the sworn report provided for in paragraph (d).

- (2) (Blank).
- (g) The statutory summary suspension or revocation and disqualification referred to in this Section shall take effect on the 46th day following the date the notice of the statutory summary suspension or revocation was given to the person.
- (h) The following procedure shall apply whenever a person is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:

Upon receipt of the sworn report from the law enforcement officer, the Secretary of State shall confirm the statutory summary suspension or revocation by mailing a notice of the effective date of the suspension or revocation to the person and the court of venue. The Secretary of State shall also mail notice of the effective date of the disqualification to the person. However, should the sworn report be defective by not containing sufficient information or be completed in error, the confirmation of the statutory summary suspension or revocation shall not be mailed to the person or entered to the record; instead, the sworn report shall be forwarded to the

- 1 court of venue with a copy returned to the issuing agency identifying any defect. 2
- (i) As used in this Section, "personal injury" includes 3 4 any Type A injury as indicated on the traffic crash report 5 completed by a law enforcement officer that requires immediate professional attention in either a doctor's office or a 6 medical facility. A Type A injury includes severely bleeding 7 wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that require the 8 9 injured party to be carried from the scene.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 102-982, eff. 7-1-23.)

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- (625 ILCS 5/11-703) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-703) 11
- 12 Sec. 11-703. Overtaking a vehicle on the left. 13 following rules govern the overtaking and passing of vehicles 14 in the same direction, subject to proceeding 15 limitations, exceptions, and special rules otherwise stated in 16 this Chapter:
 - (a) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle. In no event shall such movement be made by driving off the pavement or the main traveled portion of the roadway.
 - (b) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give

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way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle on audible signal and shall not increase the speed of his vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.

- (c) The driver of a 2 wheeled vehicle may not, in passing upon the left of any vehicle proceeding in the same direction, pass upon the right of any vehicle proceeding in the same direction unless there is an unobstructed lane of traffic available to permit such passing maneuver safely.
- (d) The operator of a motor vehicle overtaking a bicycle or individual proceeding in the same direction on a highway shall:
 - (1) if another lane of traffic proceeding in the same direction is available, make a lane change into another available lane with due regard for safety and traffic conditions, if practicable and not prohibited by law, before overtaking or passing the bicycle; and
 - (2) leave a safe distance, but not less than 3 feet, when passing the bicycle or individual and shall maintain that distance until safely past the overtaken bicycle or individual.
- (d-5) A driver of a motor vehicle overtaking a bicycle proceeding in the same direction on a highway may, subject to the provisions in paragraph (d) of this Section and Section 11-706 of this Code, pass to the left of the bicycle on a portion of the highway designated as a

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1	no-passing zone under Section 11-707 of this Code if the
2	driver is able to overtake and pass the bicycle when:

- (1) the bicycle is traveling at a speed of less than half of the posted speed limit of the highway;
- (2) the driver is able to overtake and pass the bicycle without exceeding the posted speed limit of the highway; and
- (3) there is sufficient distance to the left of the centerline of the highway for the motor vehicle to meet the overtaking and passing requirements under this Section.
- (e) A person driving a motor vehicle shall not, in a reckless manner, drive the motor vehicle unnecessarily close to, toward, or near a bicyclist, pedestrian, or a person riding a horse or driving an animal drawn vehicle.
- (f) Every person convicted of paragraph (e) of this Section shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor if the violation does not result in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another. If the violation results in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, the person shall be quilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (Source: P.A. 100-359, eff. 1-1-18.) 23
- 24 (625 ILCS 5/11-712 new)
- 25 Sec. 11-712. Driving in bicycle lanes, pedestrian or

- 1 bicycle trails or paths.
- 2 (a) No person shall drive a motor vehicle on a bicycle
- 3 lane, trail, or path designated by an official sign or marking
- 4 for the exclusive use of bicycles or pedestrians. A violation
- of this Section is not an offense against traffic regulations
- 6 governing the movement of vehicles.
- 7 (b) This Section does not apply to an authorized vehicle.
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/11-1425) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-1425)
- 9 Sec. 11-1425. Stop when traffic obstructed.
- 10 (a) No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked
- 11 crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing unless
- 12 there is sufficient space on the other side of the
- intersection, crosswalk or railroad grade crossing to
- 14 accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing
- 15 the passage of other vehicles, pedestrians or railroad trains
- 16 notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to
- 17 proceed.
- 18 (b) No driver shall enter a highway rail grade crossing
- 19 unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the
- 20 highway rail grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle being
- 21 operated without obstructing the passage of a train or other
- 22 railroad equipment using the rails, notwithstanding any
- 23 traffic-control signal indication to proceed.
- (b-5) No driver operating a commercial motor vehicle, as
- defined in Section 6-500 of this Code, shall enter a highway

rail grade crossing unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the highway rail grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle being operated without obstructing the passage of a train or other railroad equipment using the rails, notwithstanding any traffic-control signal indication to proceed.

(c) (Blank).

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(d) Beginning with the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Secretary of State shall suspend for a period of one month the driving privileges of any person convicted of a violation of subsections subsection (b) and (b-5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance; the Secretary shall suspend for a period of 3 months the driving privileges of any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of subsections subsection (b) and (b-5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the second or subsequent violation occurs within 5 years of a prior conviction for the same offense. In addition to the suspensions authorized by this Section, any person convicted of violating subsections subsection (b) and (b-5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall be subject to a mandatory fine of \$500 or 50 hours of community service. Any person given a disposition of court supervision for violating subsections subsection (b) and (b-5) of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall also be subject to a mandatory fine of \$500 or 50 hours of community

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service. Upon a second or subsequent violation, in addition to the suspensions authorized by this Section, the person shall be subject to a mandatory fine of \$500 and 50 hours community service. The Secretary may also grant, for the duration of any suspension issued under this subsection, a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the driver's residence and place of employment or within other proper limits that the Secretary of State shall find necessary to avoid any undue hardship. A restricted driving permit issued hereunder shall be subject cancellation, revocation and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license may be cancelled, revoked or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension cancellation of the restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. Any conviction for a violation of this subsection shall be included as an offense for the purposes of determining suspension action under any other provision of this Code, provided however, that the penalties provided under this subsection shall be imposed unless those penalties imposed under other applicable provisions are greater.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 103-179, eff. 6-30-23.)
- 2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 3 becoming law.".