



Rep. Curtis J. Tarver, II

Filed: 4/1/2024

10300HB5610ham001

LRB103 38958 CES 71330 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5610

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 5610 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
5 Powering Up Illinois Act.

6 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:

7 "Electrification" means any new use of electricity,
8 expanded use of electricity, or change in use of electricity,
9 including, but not limited to, any change in the use of
10 electricity in the industrial, commercial, agricultural,
11 housing, or transportation sectors.

12 "Energization" and "energize" means connecting new
13 customers to the electrical grid, establishing adequate
14 electrical capacity to provide service for a new customer, or
15 upgrading electrical capacity to provide upgraded service to
16 an existing customer. The terms "energization" and "energize"

1 do not include activities related to connecting electricity
2 supply resources.

3 "Energization time period" means the period of time that
4 begins when the electric utility receives a substantially
5 complete energization project application and ends when the
6 electric service associated with the project is installed and
7 energized.

8 Section 10. Findings. The General Assembly finds and
9 declares all of the following:

10 (1) It is the policy of the State to increase the use
11 of electric vehicles in the State to 1,000,000 by 2030.
12 That expanded infrastructure investment will help Illinois
13 more rapidly decarbonize the transportation sector.
14 Widespread use of electric vehicles and charging equipment
15 has the potential to provide customers with fuel cost
16 savings and provide electric utility customers with
17 cost-saving benefits. Widespread use of electric vehicles
18 stimulates innovation, competition, and increased choices
19 in charging equipment and networks and also attracts
20 private capital investments and creates high-quality jobs
21 in Illinois. Accelerating the adoption of electric
22 vehicles will drive the decarbonization of Illinois'
23 transportation sector. To meet these goals and federal,
24 State, regional, and local air quality and decarbonization
25 standards, plans, and regulations, a large increase in

1 both the quantity of electricity used and the functions
2 for which electricity will be used is needed.

3 (2) To meet these decarbonization goals as well as
4 federal, State, regional, and local air quality and
5 decarbonization standards, plans, and regulations:

6 (A) the State's electrical distribution systems
7 must be substantially upgraded;

8 (B) new customers must promptly connect to the
9 electrical distribution system; and

10 (C) existing customers must have their service
11 level promptly upgraded.

12 (3) There are many reports of large housing
13 developments that are unable to be energized promptly. The
14 State has an urgent need to increase its supply of
15 housing, requiring both new electrical distribution
16 capacity and the prompt energization of new housing.

17 (4) There are many reports of individual customers who
18 are unable to have their electrical service promptly
19 upgraded or energized and charging stations for
20 light-duty, medium-duty, and heavy-duty vehicles and
21 off-road vehicles, vessels, trains, and equipment that are
22 unable to be energized promptly. These delays may inhibit
23 the State's ability to meet its decarbonization goals and
24 federal, State, regional, and local air quality and
25 decarbonization standards, plans, and regulations.

26 (5) To improve the speed at which energization and

1 service upgrades are performed, electric utilities that
2 distribute electricity must do both of the following:

3 (A) improve their advance planning, engineering,
4 and construction of increased distribution and
5 transmission system capacity; and

6 (B) preorder transformers, switchgear, and other
7 needed equipment.

8 (6) Electrifying transportation and buildings can put
9 downward pressure on rates by spreading fixed costs over
10 more kilowatt-hours of usage.

11 (7) Delays in energization, including service
12 upgrades, are costly both to the customers awaiting
13 service and to other customers who are deprived of the
14 downward pressure on rates.

15 (8) To carry out the planning, engineering, and
16 construction of electrical distribution systems needed to
17 promptly serve customers, electric utilities that
18 distribute electricity must recruit, train, and retain an
19 adequately sized, qualified workforce.

20 (9) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish
21 target deadlines for utilities that distribute electricity
22 to energize new customers and upgrade the service of
23 existing customers.

24 (10) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish
25 reporting requirements for electric utilities that
26 distribute electricity to report the extent to which they

1 comply with the target deadlines and the reasons for any
2 noncompliance.

3 Section 15. Electrical distribution system upgrades. An
4 electric utility that operates within the State shall:

5 (1) upgrade the State's electrical distribution
6 systems as needed and in time to achieve the State's
7 decarbonization goals, and implement federal, State,
8 regional, and local air quality and decarbonization
9 standards, plans, and regulations;

10 (2) comply with the obligation of the electric utility
11 to serve by conducting sufficient advance planning,
12 engineering, and construction of increased distribution of
13 system capacity and by preordering transformers and other
14 needed equipment so that customers can be energized
15 without substantial delay;

16 (3) promptly energize new customers, including by
17 ensuring that new housing, new businesses, and new
18 charging for light-duty, medium-duty, and heavy-duty
19 vehicles and off-road vehicles, vessels, trains, and
20 equipment can be used without delay caused by a failure of
21 the utility to implement energization projects;

22 (4) promptly upgrade service when needed by customers;

23 (5) allow customers seeking energization to elect an
24 optional flexible connection agreement, meaning a
25 tariffed, voluntary utility offering that requires

1 customers to agree to specified service levels as a
2 requirement of energization or interconnection, through
3 the use of demand response technology that limits the net
4 import and export of electricity at the point of common
5 coupling to remain within the rated capacity limits of a
6 customer's existing service connection or distribution
7 circuit, either on a permanent basis or to allow for
8 immediate project operations before service or
9 distribution system upgrades are completed; and

10 (6) recruit, train, and retain an adequately sized and
11 qualified workforce to carry out the planning,
12 engineering, and construction of electrical distribution
13 systems needed to promptly serve customers seeking
14 energization and service upgrades without sacrificing
15 other necessary activities of the workforce.

16 Section 20. Illinois Commerce Commission requirements.

17 (a) Within 180 days after the effective date of this Act,
18 the Illinois Commerce Commission shall meet all of the
19 following requirements:

20 (1) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish
21 reasonable average and maximum target energization time
22 periods. The targets shall ensure that work is completed
23 in a manner that minimizes delay in meeting the date
24 requested by the customer for completion of the project to
25 the greatest extent possible and prioritizes work in a

1 manner consistent with Sections 10 and 15 of this Act. The
2 targets may vary depending on the complexity and magnitude
3 of the work required and uncertainties regarding the
4 readiness of the customer project needing energization.
5 The targets may also recognize any factors beyond the
6 electric utility's control.

7 (2) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish
8 requirements for an electric utility to report to the
9 Commission, at least annually, in order to track and
10 improve electric utility performance. The report shall
11 include the average, median, and standard deviation time
12 between receiving an application for electrical service
13 and energizing the electrical service, explanations for
14 energization time periods that exceed the target maximum
15 for energization projects, constraints and obstacles to
16 each type of energization, including, but not limited to,
17 funding limitations, qualified staffing availability, or
18 equipment availability, and any other information
19 requested by the Illinois Commerce Commission.

20 (3) The Illinois Commerce Commission shall establish a
21 procedure for customers to report energization delays to
22 the Illinois Commerce Commission.

23 (b) If energization time periods exceed the Commission's
24 target averages or if the electric utility has a substantial
25 number of energization projects that exceed the Commission's
26 target maximums, the electric utility shall include in its

1 report under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) a strategy for
2 meeting the targets in the future. The Commission may request
3 modification of the electric utility's strategy to ensure that
4 the electric utility meets targets promptly and consistent
5 with the policies set forth in Section 10.

6 (c) Data reported by electric utilities shall be
7 anonymized or aggregated to the extent necessary to prevent
8 identifying individual customers. The Commission shall require
9 all reports to be publicly available.

10 (d) The Commission shall require the electric utility to
11 take any remedial actions necessary to achieve the
12 Commission's targets, including the use of incentives or
13 penalties.

14 Section 25. Electrification team; staffing.

15 (a) The Commission shall require each electric utility to
16 establish a dedicated electrification team that shall, at a
17 minimum, do the following:

18 (1) serve as a single point of contact for customers
19 throughout the entire energization process;

20 (2) proactively engage with customers to understand
21 and support electrification plans; and

22 (3) consolidate all transportation electrification
23 customer programs, accounts and relevant information to
24 support electrification and the energization process.

25 (b) The Commission shall require each electric utility to

1 have adequate qualified staffing needed for the
2 electrification team to be consistent with the findings and
3 achieve the policies and requirements of this Act.

4 (c) For job classifications that have apprentice training
5 requirements, the Commission shall require each electric
6 utility to maintain a pipeline of apprentices sufficient to
7 meet future qualified staffing needs, subject to any
8 limitations based on safe staffing ratios.

9 (d) As part of each report required pursuant to paragraph
10 (2) of subsection (a) of Section 20, and in each general rate
11 case application, each electric utility shall include a
12 detailed analysis of its current qualified staffing level and
13 future required qualified staffing level for each job
14 classification needed to achieve the policies and requirements
15 of this Act.

16 Section 30. Electric utility requirements. The Illinois
17 Commerce Commission shall require an electric utility to do
18 the following:

19 (1) consider, in its internal distribution planning
20 process and in the development of the Multi-Year
21 Integrated Grid Plans required by Section 16-105.17 of the
22 Public Utilities Act, all of the following:

23 (A) federal, State, regional, and local air
24 quality and decarbonization standards, plans, and
25 regulations;

1 (B) the transportation and building
2 electrification policies of State law;

3 (C) State agency, local agency, and local
4 government plans and requirements related to housing,
5 economic development, critical facilities,
6 transportation, and building electrification; and

7 (D) load and electrification forecasts that
8 include the following:

9 (I) known load and projections of load
10 conducted by State agencies, and projections of
11 load that exceed forecasts conducted by State
12 agencies;

13 (II) a minimum of 3 time horizons, including
14 short-term (1 to 2 years), medium-term (3 to 5
15 years), and long-term (6 to 10 years) time
16 horizons;

17 (III) scenarios that are consistent with
18 implementing the laws, standards, plans, and
19 regulations described in subsections (A), (B), and
20 (C) of this Section;

21 (IV) hourly, feeder-level forecasts; and

22 (V) a consideration of the impact of
23 distributed energy resource forecasts and,
24 specifically, local generation;

25 (2) consider, in its site evaluation and design
26 process, all of the following:

1 (A) automated load management, managed charging,
2 and distributed energy resources to defer or mitigate
3 energization-related grid upgrades; and

4 (B) if the above solutions cannot defer or
5 mitigate an upgrade, the electric utility shall
6 evaluate traditional system upgrades; and

7 (3) adopt and implement rules to satisfy the policies
8 set forth in Section 20 and to meet the energization time
9 periods established under paragraph (1) of subsection (a)
10 of Section 20.

11 Section 35. Recovery of costs. The Commission shall ensure
12 that electric utilities have sufficient and timely recovery of
13 costs to be consistent with the findings and achieve the
14 policies and requirements of this Act, including for emergent
15 electrification projects.

16 Section 36. Safety. To ensure the safety and reliability
17 of electrical infrastructure associated with charging electric
18 vehicles:

19 (1) The Illinois Commerce Commission, Illinois
20 Environmental Protection Agency, and Illinois Department
21 of Transportation shall require that all electric vehicle
22 charging infrastructure and equipment located on the
23 customer side of the electrical meter that is funded or
24 authorized, in whole or in part, by those State entities

1 shall be installed by a licensed, bonded, and insured
2 electrical contractor registered in the municipality where
3 work is to be performed, and who has at least one
4 electrician on each crew, at any given time, who holds an
5 Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Training Program
6 certification.

7 (2) The Illinois Commerce Commission, Illinois
8 Environmental Protection Agency, and Illinois Department
9 of Transportation shall require the projects that are
10 funded or authorized, in whole or in part by those State
11 entities and that install a charging port supplying 25
12 kilowatts or more to a vehicle to have at least 25% of the
13 total electricians working on the crew for the project, at
14 any given time, who hold Electric Vehicle Infrastructure
15 Training Program certification.

16 (3) One member of each crew may be both the contractor
17 and an Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Training Program
18 certified electrician.

19 (4) Subdivision (1) does not apply to:

20 (A) electric vehicle charging infrastructure
21 installed by employees of an electric utility or local
22 publicly owned electric utility; or

23 (B) single-family home residential electric
24 vehicle chargers that can use an existing 208/240-volt
25 outlet.

26 (5) A United States Department of Labor registered

1 electrical apprenticeship program that provides training
2 to apprentices and continuing education to journey-level
3 workers may provide Electric Vehicle Infrastructure
4 Training Program training with their own Electric Vehicle
5 Infrastructure Training Program certified instructors. The
6 Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Training Program
7 certification exam shall be administered by the Electric
8 Vehicle Infrastructure Training Program.

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
10 becoming law.".