Rep. Thaddeus Jones

Filed: 3/8/2024

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5493

AMENDMENT NO. ______. Amend House Bill 5493 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 is amended by changing Sections 6.7 and 6.11 and by adding Section 6.11D as follows:

(5 ILCS 375/6.7)

Sec. 6.7. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. The program of health benefits is subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(Source: P.A. 89-514, eff. 7-17-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)

(5 ILCS 375/6.11)

Sec. 6.11. Required health benefits; Illinois Insurance Code requirements. The program of health benefits shall

1 provide the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be
2 covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under
3 Section 356t of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of
4 health benefits shall provide the coverage required under
5 Sections 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x,
6 356z.2, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10,
7 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.22,
8 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, ~~356z.30a,~~ 356z.32, 356z.33,
9 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51,
10 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.55, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60,
11 ~~and~~ 356z.61, ~~and~~ 356z.62, 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, and
12 356z.70 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of health
13 benefits must comply with Sections 155.22a, 155.37, 355b,
14 356z.19, 370c, and 370c.1 and Article XXXIIB of the Illinois
15 Insurance Code. The program of health benefits shall provide
16 the coverage required under Section 356m of the Illinois
17 Insurance Code and, for the employees of the State Employee
18 Group Insurance Program only, the coverage as also provided in
19 Section 6.11B of this Act. The Department of Insurance shall
20 enforce the requirements of this Section with respect to
21 Sections 370c and 370c.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code; all
22 other requirements of this Section shall be enforced by the
23 Department of Central Management Services.

24 Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if
25 any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance
26 with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure

Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.
(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-768, eff. 1-1-24; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-8, eff. 1-1-24; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-535, eff. 8-11-23; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; revised 8-29-23.)

(5 ILCS 375/6.11D new)

Sec. 6.11D. Coverage for hearing instruments.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Hearing care professional" means a person who is a licensed hearing instrument dispenser, licensed audiologist, or a licensed physician.

"Hearing instrument" means any wearable non-disposable instrument or device designed to aid or compensate for impaired human hearing and any parts, attachments, or accessories for the instrument or device, including an ear mold but excluding batteries and cords.

"Related services" means those services necessary to assess, select, and adjust or fit the hearing instrument to

1 ensure optimal performance, including, but not limited to,
2 audiological exams, replacement ear molds, and repairs to the
3 hearing instrument.
4 (b) The program of health benefits shall offer coverage or
5 reimbursement for hearing instruments and related services for
6 all members and dependents enrolled in any major medical or
7 managed care health plan when a hearing care professional
8 prescribes a hearing instrument to augment communication. The
9 program of health benefits may offer this coverage on an
10 optional basis for an additional premium or contribution
11 beyond the underlying health plan or as an integrated benefit
12 in the health plan.
13 (c) This coverage shall be subject to all applicable
14 copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, and out-of-pocket limits
15 for the cost of a hearing instrument for each ear, as needed,
16 as well as related services, with a maximum for the hearing
17 instrument and related services of no more than $2,500 per
18 hearing instrument every 24 months.
19 (d) Nothing in this Section precludes a covered member or
20 dependent from selecting a hearing instrument that costs more
21 than the amount covered by the program of health benefits and
22 paying the uncovered cost at the member or dependent's own
23 expense.

24 Section 10. The Counties Code is amended by changing
25 Sections 5-1069.3 and 5-1069.5 and by adding Section 5-1069.4

as follows:

(55 ILCS 5/5-1069.3)

Sec. 5-1069.3. Required health benefits. If a county, including a home rule county, is a self-insurer for purposes of providing health insurance coverage for its employees, the coverage shall include coverage for the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under Section 356t and the coverage required under Sections 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, ~~356z.30a,~~ 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60, ~~and~~ 356z.61, ~~and~~ 356z.62, 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, and 356z.70 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The coverage shall comply with Sections 155.22a, 355b, 356z.19, and 370c of the Illinois Insurance Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the requirements of this Section. The requirement that health benefits be covered as provided in this Section is an exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution. A home rule county to which this Section applies must comply with every provision of this Section.

Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-535, eff. 8-11-23; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; revised 8-29-23.)

(55 ILCS 5/5-1069.4 new)

Sec. 5-1069.4. Coverage for hearing instruments.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Hearing care professional" means a person who is a licensed hearing instrument dispenser, licensed audiologist, or a licensed physician.

"Hearing instrument" means any wearable non-disposable instrument or device designed to aid or compensate for impaired human hearing and any parts, attachments, or accessories for the instrument or device, including an ear

mold but excluding batteries and cords.

"Related services" means those services necessary to assess, select, and adjust or fit the hearing instrument to ensure optimal performance, including, but not limited to, audiological exams, replacement ear molds, and repairs to the hearing instrument.

(b) If a county, including a home rule county, is a self-insurer for purposes of providing health insurance coverage for its employees, the county shall offer coverage or reimbursement for hearing instruments and related services for all individuals enrolled under any major medical or managed care health plan when a hearing care professional prescribes a hearing instrument to augment communication. The county may offer this coverage on an optional basis for an additional premium or contribution beyond the underlying health plan or as an integrated benefit in the health plan.

(c) This coverage shall be subject to all applicable copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, and out-of-pocket limits for the cost of a hearing instrument for each ear, as needed, as well as related services, with a maximum for the hearing instrument and related services of no more than $2,500 per hearing instrument every 24 months.

(d) Nothing in this Section precludes a covered individual from selecting a hearing instrument that costs more than the amount covered by the county and paying the uncovered cost at the individual's own expense.

(e) The requirement that health benefits be covered as provided in this Section is an exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution. A home rule county to which this Section applies must comply with every provision of this Section.

(55 ILCS 5/5-1069.5)

Sec. 5-1069.5. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. All counties, including home rule counties, are subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code. The requirement under this Section that health care benefits provided by counties comply with Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code is an exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation of home rule county powers under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution.

(Source: P.A. 89-514, eff. 7-17-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)

Section 15. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Sections 10-4-2.3 and 10-4-2.5 and by adding Section 10-4-2.4 as follows:

(65 ILCS 5/10-4-2.3)

Sec. 10-4-2.3. Required health benefits. If a municipality, including a home rule municipality, is a

1 self-insurer for purposes of providing health insurance
2 coverage for its employees, the coverage shall include
3 coverage for the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be
4 covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under
5 Section 356t and the coverage required under Sections 356g,
6 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.4, 356z.4a,
7 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13,
8 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29,
9 ~~356z.30a,~~ 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41,
10 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54,
11 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60, ~~and~~ 356z.61, ~~and~~ 356z.62,
12 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, and 356z.70 of the Illinois
13 Insurance Code. The coverage shall comply with Sections
14 155.22a, 355b, 356z.19, and 370c of the Illinois Insurance
15 Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the
16 requirements of this Section. The requirement that health
17 benefits be covered as provided in this is an exclusive power
18 and function of the State and is a denial and limitation under
19 Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois
20 Constitution. A home rule municipality to which this Section
21 applies must comply with every provision of this Section.

22 Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if
23 any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance
24 with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure
25 Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on
26 Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for

whatever reason, is unauthorized.
(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-535, eff. 8-11-23; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; revised 8-29-23.)

(65 ILCS 5/10-4-2.4 new)

Sec. 10-4-2.4. Coverage for hearing instruments.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Hearing care professional" means a person who is a licensed hearing instrument dispenser, licensed audiologist, or a licensed physician.

"Hearing instrument" means any wearable non-disposable instrument or device designed to aid or compensate for impaired human hearing and any parts, attachments, or accessories for the instrument or device, including an ear mold but excluding batteries and cords.

"Related services" means those services necessary to assess, select, and adjust or fit the hearing instrument to ensure optimal performance, including, but not limited to, audiological exams, replacement ear molds, and repairs to the

1 hearing instrument.
2 (b) If a municipality, including a home rule municipality,
3 is a self-insurer for purposes of providing health insurance
4 coverage for its employees, the municipality shall offer
5 coverage or reimbursement for hearing instruments and related
6 services for all individuals enrolled under any major medical
7 or managed care health plan when a hearing care professional
8 prescribes a hearing instrument to augment communication. The
9 municipality may offer this coverage on an optional basis for
10 an additional premium or contribution beyond the underlying
11 health plan or as an integrated benefit in the health plan.
12 (c) This coverage shall be subject to all applicable
13 copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, and out-of-pocket limits
14 for the cost of a hearing instrument for each ear, as needed,
15 as well as related services, with a maximum for the hearing
16 instrument and related services of no more than $2,500 per
17 hearing instrument every 24 months.
18 (d) Nothing in this Section precludes a covered individual
19 from selecting a hearing instrument that costs more than the
20 amount covered by the municipality and paying the uncovered
21 cost at the individual's own expense.
22 (e) The requirement that health benefits be covered as
23 provided in this Section is an exclusive power and function of
24 the State and is a denial and limitation under Article VII,
25 Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution. A home
26 rule municipality to which this Section applies must comply

with every provision of this Section.

(65 ILCS 5/10-4-2.5)

Sec. 10-4-2.5. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. The corporate authorities of all municipalities are subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code. The requirement under this Section that health care benefits provided by municipalities comply with Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code is an exclusive power and function of the State and is a denial and limitation of home rule municipality powers under Article VII, Section 6, subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution.

(Source: P.A. 89-514, eff. 7-17-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)

Section 20. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 10-22.3d and 10-22.3f and by adding Section 10-22.3g as follows:

(105 ILCS 5/10-22.3d)

Sec. 10-22.3d. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. Insurance protection and benefits for employees are subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(Source: P.A. 89-514, eff. 7-17-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)

(105 ILCS 5/10-22.3f)

Sec. 10-22.3f. Required health benefits. Insurance protection and benefits for employees shall provide the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under Section 356t and the coverage required under Sections 356g, 356g.5, 356g.5-1, 356q, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.22, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.29, ~~356z.30a,~~ 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.36, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.59, 356z.60, ~~and~~ 356z.61, ~~and~~ 356z.62, 356z.64, 356z.67, 356z.68, and 356z.70 of the Illinois Insurance Code. Insurance policies shall comply with Section 356z.19 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The coverage shall comply with Sections 155.22a, 355b, and 370c of the Illinois Insurance Code. The Department of Insurance shall enforce the requirements of this Section.

Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-103, eff. 1-1-22; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-804,

eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-535, eff. 8-11-23; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; revised 8-29-23.)

(105 ILCS 5/10-22.3g new)

Sec. 10-22.3g. Coverage for hearing instruments.

(a) As used in this Section:

"Hearing care professional" means a person who is a licensed hearing instrument dispenser, licensed audiologist, or a licensed physician.

"Hearing instrument" means any wearable non-disposable instrument or device designed to aid or compensate for impaired human hearing and any parts, attachments, or accessories for the instrument or device, including an ear mold but excluding batteries and cords.

"Related services" means those services necessary to assess, select, and adjust or fit the hearing instrument to ensure optimal performance, including, but not limited to, audiological exams, replacement ear molds, and repairs to the hearing instrument.

(b) Insurance protection and benefits for employees shall include the offering of coverage or reimbursement for hearing instruments and related services for all individuals enrolled under any major medical or managed care health plan when a

hearing care professional prescribes a hearing instrument to augment communication. The board may offer this coverage on an optional basis for an additional premium or contribution beyond the underlying health plan or as an integrated benefit in the health plan.

(c) This coverage shall be subject to all applicable copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, and out-of-pocket limits for the cost of a hearing instrument for each ear, as needed, as well as related services, with a maximum for the hearing instrument and related services of no more than $2,500 per hearing instrument every 24 months.

(d) Nothing in this Section precludes a covered individual from selecting a hearing instrument that costs more than the amount covered by the insurance benefits and paying the uncovered cost at the individual's own expense.

Section 25. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by changing Sections 4, 352, 352b, 356a, 356b, 356d, 356e, 356f, 356K, 356L, 356r, 356s, 356z.3, 356z.33, 367a, 370e, 370i, 408, 412, and 531.03 as follows:

(215 ILCS 5/4) (from Ch. 73, par. 616)

Sec. 4. Classes of insurance. Insurance and insurance business shall be classified as follows:

Class 1. Life, Accident and Health.

(a) Life. Insurance on the lives of persons and every

1 insurance appertaining thereto or connected therewith and
2 granting, purchasing or disposing of annuities. Policies of
3 life or endowment insurance or annuity contracts or contracts
4 supplemental thereto which contain provisions for additional
5 benefits in case of death by accidental means and provisions
6 operating to safeguard such policies or contracts against
7 lapse, to give a special surrender value, or special benefit,
8 or an annuity, in the event, that the insured or annuitant
9 shall become a person with a total and permanent disability as
10 defined by the policy or contract, or which contain benefits
11 providing acceleration of life or endowment or annuity
12 benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be
13 payable, as an indemnity for long term care which is certified
14 or ordered by a physician, including but not limited to,
15 professional nursing care, medical care expenses, custodial
16 nursing care, non-nursing custodial care provided in a nursing
17 home or at a residence of the insured, or which contain
18 benefits providing acceleration of life or endowment or
19 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise
20 be payable, at any time during the insured's lifetime, as an
21 indemnity for a terminal illness shall be deemed to be
22 policies of life or endowment insurance or annuity contracts
23 within the intent of this clause.

24 Also to be deemed as policies of life or endowment
25 insurance or annuity contracts within the intent of this
26 clause shall be those policies or riders that provide for the

payment of up to 75% of the face amount of benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable upon a diagnosis by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches that the insured has incurred a covered condition listed in the policy or rider.

"Covered condition", as used in this clause, means: heart attack, stroke, coronary artery surgery, life-threatening ~~life threatening~~ cancer, renal failure, Alzheimer's disease, paraplegia, major organ transplantation, total and permanent disability, and any other medical condition that the Department may approve for any particular filing.

The Director may issue rules that specify prohibited policy provisions, not otherwise specifically prohibited by law, which in the opinion of the Director are unjust, unfair, or unfairly discriminatory to the policyholder, any person insured under the policy, or beneficiary.

(b) Accident and health. Insurance against bodily injury, disablement or death by accident and against disablement resulting from sickness or old age and every insurance appertaining thereto, including stop-loss insurance. In this clause, "stop-loss ~~Stop-loss~~ insurance" means ~~is~~ insurance against the risk of economic loss issued to or for the benefit of a single employer self-funded employee disability benefit plan or an employee welfare benefit plan as described in 29 U.S.C. 1001 ~~100~~ et seq., where (i) the policy is issued to and insures an employer, trustee, or other sponsor of the plan, or

1 the plan itself, but not employees, members, or participants;
2 and (ii) payments by the insurer are made to the employer,
3 trustee, or other sponsors of the plan, or the plan itself, but
4 not to the employees, members, participants, or health care
5 providers. The insurance laws of this State, including this
6 Code, do not apply to arrangements between a religious
7 organization and the organization's members or participants
8 when the arrangement and organization meet all of the
9 following criteria:

10 (i) the organization is described in Section 501(c)(3)
11 of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from taxation
12 under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

13 (ii) members of the organization share a common set of
14 ethical or religious beliefs and share medical expenses
15 among members in accordance with those beliefs and without
16 regard to the state in which a member resides or is
17 employed;

18 (iii) no funds that have been given for the purpose of
19 the sharing of medical expenses among members described in
20 paragraph (ii) of this subsection (b) are held by the
21 organization in an off-shore trust or bank account;

22 (iv) the organization provides at least monthly to all
23 of its members a written statement listing the dollar
24 amount of qualified medical expenses that members have
25 submitted for sharing, as well as the amount of expenses
26 actually shared among the members;

1 (v) members of the organization retain membership even
2 after they develop a medical condition;
3 (vi) the organization or a predecessor organization
4 has been in existence at all times since December 31,
5 1999, and medical expenses of its members have been shared
6 continuously and without interruption since at least
7 December 31, 1999;
8 (vii) the organization conducts an annual audit that
9 is performed by an independent certified public accounting
10 firm in accordance with generally accepted accounting
11 principles and is made available to the public upon
12 request;
13 (viii) the organization includes the following
14 statement, in writing, on or accompanying all applications
15 and guideline materials:
16 "Notice: The organization facilitating the sharing of
17 medical expenses is not an insurance company, and
18 neither its guidelines nor plan of operation
19 constitute or create an insurance policy. Any
20 assistance you receive with your medical bills will be
21 totally voluntary. As such, participation in the
22 organization or a subscription to any of its documents
23 should never be considered to be insurance. Whether or
24 not you receive any payments for medical expenses and
25 whether or not this organization continues to operate,
26 you are always personally responsible for the payment

of your own medical bills.";

(ix) any membership card or similar document issued by the organization and any written communication sent by the organization to a hospital, physician, or other health care provider shall include a statement that the organization does not issue health insurance and that the member or participant is personally liable for payment of his or her medical bills;

(x) the organization provides to a participant, within 30 days after the participant joins, a complete set of its rules for the sharing of medical expenses, appeals of decisions made by the organization, and the filing of complaints;

(xi) the organization does not offer any other services that are regulated under any provision of the Illinois Insurance Code or other insurance laws of this State; and

(xii) the organization does not amass funds as reserves intended for payment of medical services, rather the organization facilitates the payments provided for in this subsection (b) through payments made directly from one participant to another.

(c) Legal Expense Insurance. Insurance which involves the assumption of a contractual obligation to reimburse the beneficiary against or pay on behalf of the beneficiary, all or a portion of his fees, costs, or expenses related to or

arising out of services performed by or under the supervision of an attorney licensed to practice in the jurisdiction wherein the services are performed, regardless of whether the payment is made by the beneficiaries individually or by a third person for them, but does not include the provision of or reimbursement for legal services incidental to other insurance coverages. The insurance laws of this State, including this Act do not apply to:

(i) retainer contracts made by attorneys at law with individual clients with fees based on estimates of the nature and amount of services to be provided to the specific client, and similar contracts made with a group of clients involved in the same or closely related legal matters;

(ii) plans owned or operated by attorneys who are the providers of legal services to the plan;

(iii) plans providing legal service benefits to groups where such plans are owned or operated by authority of a state, county, local or other bar association;

(iv) any lawyer referral service authorized or operated by a state, county, local or other bar association;

(v) the furnishing of legal assistance by labor unions and other employee organizations to their members in matters relating to employment or occupation;

(vi) the furnishing of legal assistance to members or

1 dependents, by churches, consumer organizations,
2 cooperatives, educational institutions, credit unions, or
3 organizations of employees, where such organizations
4 contract directly with lawyers or law firms for the
5 provision of legal services, and the administration and
6 marketing of such legal services is wholly conducted by
7 the organization or its subsidiary;
8 (vii) legal services provided by an employee welfare
9 benefit plan defined by the Employee Retirement Income
10 Security Act of 1974;
11 (viii) any collectively bargained plan for legal
12 services between a labor union and an employer negotiated
13 pursuant to Section 302 of the Labor Management Relations
14 Act as now or hereafter amended, under which plan legal
15 services will be provided for employees of the employer
16 whether or not payments for such services are funded to or
17 through an insurance company.
18 Class 2. Casualty, Fidelity and Surety.
19 (a) Accident and health. Insurance against bodily injury,
20 disablement or death by accident and against disablement
21 resulting from sickness or old age and every insurance
22 appertaining thereto, including stop-loss insurance. <u>In this</u>
23 <u>clause, "stop-loss</u> ~~Stop-loss~~ insurance<u>" has meaning given to</u>
24 <u>that term in clause (b) of Class 1</u> ~~is insurance against the~~
25 ~~risk of economic loss issued to a single employer self-funded~~
26 ~~employee disability benefit plan or an employee welfare~~

~~benefit plan as described in 29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq~~.

(b) Vehicle. Insurance against any loss or liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance or use of any vehicle (motor or otherwise), draft animal or aircraft. Any policy insuring against any loss or liability on account of the bodily injury or death of any person may contain a provision for payment of disability benefits to injured persons and death benefits to dependents, beneficiaries or personal representatives of persons who are killed, including the named insured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, if the injury or death for which benefits are provided is caused by accident and sustained while in or upon or while entering into or alighting from or through being struck by a vehicle (motor or otherwise), draft animal or aircraft, and such provision shall not be deemed to be accident insurance.

(c) Liability. Insurance against the liability of the insured for the death, injury or disability of an employee or other person, and insurance against the liability of the insured for damage to or destruction of another person's property.

(d) Workers' compensation. Insurance of the obligations accepted by or imposed upon employers under laws for workers' compensation.

(e) Burglary and forgery. Insurance against loss or damage by burglary, theft, larceny, robbery, forgery, fraud or

1 otherwise; including all householders' personal property
2 floater risks.
3 (f) Glass. Insurance against loss or damage to glass
4 including lettering, ornamentation and fittings from any
5 cause.
6 (g) Fidelity and surety. Become surety or guarantor for
7 any person, copartnership or corporation in any position or
8 place of trust or as custodian of money or property, public or
9 private; or, becoming a surety or guarantor for the
10 performance of any person, copartnership or corporation of any
11 lawful obligation, undertaking, agreement or contract of any
12 kind, except contracts or policies of insurance; and
13 underwriting blanket bonds. Such obligations shall be known
14 and treated as suretyship obligations and such business shall
15 be known as surety business.
16 (h) Miscellaneous. Insurance against loss or damage to
17 property and any liability of the insured caused by accidents
18 to boilers, pipes, pressure containers, machinery and
19 apparatus of any kind and any apparatus connected thereto, or
20 used for creating, transmitting or applying power, light,
21 heat, steam or refrigeration, making inspection of and issuing
22 certificates of inspection upon elevators, boilers, machinery
23 and apparatus of any kind and all mechanical apparatus and
24 appliances appertaining thereto; insurance against loss or
25 damage by water entering through leaks or openings in
26 buildings, or from the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler,

pumps, water pipes, plumbing and all tanks, apparatus, conduits and containers designed to bring water into buildings or for its storage or utilization therein, or caused by the falling of a tank, tank platform or supports, or against loss or damage from any cause (other than causes specifically enumerated under Class 3 of this Section) to such sprinkler, pumps, water pipes, plumbing, tanks, apparatus, conduits or containers; insurance against loss or damage which may result from the failure of debtors to pay their obligations to the insured; and insurance of the payment of money for personal services under contracts of hiring.

(i) Other casualty risks. Insurance against any other casualty risk not otherwise specified under Classes 1 or 3, which may lawfully be the subject of insurance and may properly be classified under Class 2.

(j) Contingent losses. Contingent, consequential and indirect coverages wherein the proximate cause of the loss is attributable to any one of the causes enumerated under Class 2. Such coverages shall, for the purpose of classification, be included in the specific grouping of the kinds of insurance wherein such cause is specified.

(k) Livestock and domestic animals. Insurance against mortality, accident and health of livestock and domestic animals.

(l) Legal expense insurance. Insurance against risk resulting from the cost of legal services as defined under

Class 1(c).

Class 3. Fire and Marine, etc.

(a) Fire. Insurance against loss or damage by fire, smoke and smudge, lightning or other electrical disturbances.

(b) Elements. Insurance against loss or damage by earthquake, windstorms, cyclone, tornado, tempests, hail, frost, snow, ice, sleet, flood, rain, drought or other weather or climatic conditions including excess or deficiency of moisture, rising of the waters of the ocean or its tributaries.

(c) War, riot and explosion. Insurance against loss or damage by bombardment, invasion, insurrection, riot, strikes, civil war or commotion, military or usurped power, or explosion (other than explosion of steam boilers and the breaking of fly wheels on premises owned, controlled, managed, or maintained by the insured).

(d) Marine and transportation. Insurance against loss or damage to vessels, craft, aircraft, vehicles of every kind, (excluding vehicles operating under their own power or while in storage not incidental to transportation) as well as all goods, freights, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, moneys, bullion, precious stones, securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry and respondentia interests and all other kinds of property and interests therein, in respect to, appertaining to or in connection with any or all risks or perils of navigation,

1 transit, or transportation, including war risks, on or under
2 any seas or other waters, on land or in the air, or while being
3 assembled, packed, crated, baled, compressed or similarly
4 prepared for shipment or while awaiting the same or during any
5 delays, storage, transshipment, or reshipment incident
6 thereto, including marine builder's risks and all personal
7 property floater risks; and for loss or damage to persons or
8 property in connection with or appertaining to marine, inland
9 marine, transit or transportation insurance, including
10 liability for loss of or damage to either arising out of or in
11 connection with the construction, repair, operation,
12 maintenance, or use of the subject matter of such insurance,
13 (but not including life insurance or surety bonds); but,
14 except as herein specified, shall not mean insurances against
15 loss by reason of bodily injury to the person; and insurance
16 against loss or damage to precious stones, jewels, jewelry,
17 gold, silver and other precious metals whether used in
18 business or trade or otherwise and whether the same be in
19 course of transportation or otherwise, which shall include
20 jewelers' block insurance; and insurance against loss or
21 damage to bridges, tunnels and other instrumentalities of
22 transportation and communication (excluding buildings, their
23 furniture and furnishings, fixed contents and supplies held in
24 storage) unless fire, tornado, sprinkler leakage, hail,
25 explosion, earthquake, riot and civil commotion are the only
26 hazards to be covered; and to piers, wharves, docks and slips,

excluding the risks of fire, tornado, sprinkler leakage, hail, explosion, earthquake, riot and civil commotion; and to other aids to navigation and transportation, including dry docks and marine railways, against all risk.

(e) Vehicle. Insurance against loss or liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance or use of any vehicle (motor or otherwise), draft animal or aircraft, excluding the liability of the insured for the death, injury or disability of another person.

(f) Property damage, sprinkler leakage and crop. Insurance against the liability of the insured for loss or damage to another person's property or property interests from any cause enumerated in this class; insurance against loss or damage by water entering through leaks or openings in buildings, or from the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, pumps, water pipes, plumbing and all tanks, apparatus, conduits and containers designed to bring water into buildings or for its storage or utilization therein, or caused by the falling of a tank, tank platform or supports or against loss or damage from any cause to such sprinklers, pumps, water pipes, plumbing, tanks, apparatus, conduits or containers; insurance against loss or damage from insects, diseases or other causes to trees, crops or other products of the soil.

(g) Other fire and marine risks. Insurance against any other property risk not otherwise specified under Classes 1 or 2, which may lawfully be the subject of insurance and may

1 properly be classified under Class 3.
2 (h) Contingent losses. Contingent, consequential and
3 indirect coverages wherein the proximate cause of the loss is
4 attributable to any of the causes enumerated under Class 3.
5 Such coverages shall, for the purpose of classification, be
6 included in the specific grouping of the kinds of insurance
7 wherein such cause is specified.
8 (i) Legal expense insurance. Insurance against risk
9 resulting from the cost of legal services as defined under
10 Class 1(c).
11 (Source: P.A. 101-81, eff. 7-12-19.)

12 (215 ILCS 5/352) (from Ch. 73, par. 964)
13 Sec. 352. Scope of Article.
14 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), (d), ~~and~~
15 (e), and (g), this Article shall apply to all companies
16 transacting in this State the kinds of business enumerated in
17 clause (b) of Class 1 and clause (a) of Class 2 of Section 4
18 and to all policies, contracts, and certificates of insurance
19 issued in connection therewith that are not otherwise excluded
20 under Article VII of this Code. Nothing in this Article shall
21 apply to, or in any way affect policies or contracts described
22 in clause (a) of Class 1 of Section 4; however, this Article
23 shall apply to policies and contracts which contain benefits
24 providing reimbursement for the expenses of long term health
25 care which are certified or ordered by a physician including

but not limited to professional nursing care, custodial nursing care, and non-nursing custodial care provided in a nursing home or at a residence of the insured.

(b) (Blank).

(c) A policy issued and delivered in this State that provides coverage under that policy for certificate holders who are neither residents of nor employed in this State does not need to provide to those nonresident certificate holders who are not employed in this State the coverages or services mandated by this Article.

(d) Stop-loss insurance, as defined in clause (b) of Class 1 or clause (a) of Class 2 of Section 4, is exempt from all Sections of this Article, except this Section and Sections 353a, 354, 357.30, and 370. ~~For purposes of this exemption, stop-loss insurance is further defined as follows:~~

~~(1) The policy must be issued to and insure an employer, trustee, or other sponsor of the plan, or the plan itself, but not employees, members, or participants.~~

~~(2) Payments by the insurer must be made to the employer, trustee, or other sponsors of the plan, or the plan itself, but not to the employees, members, participants, or health care providers.~~

(e) A policy issued or delivered in this State to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services (formerly Illinois Department of Public Aid) and providing coverage, under clause (b) of Class 1 or clause (a) of Class 2 as

1 described in Section 4, to persons who are enrolled under
2 Article V of the Illinois Public Aid Code or under the
3 Children's Health Insurance Program Act is exempt from all
4 restrictions, limitations, standards, rules, or regulations
5 respecting benefits imposed by or under authority of this
6 Code, except those specified by subsection (1) of Section 143,
7 Section 370c, and Section 370c.1. Nothing in this subsection,
8 however, affects the total medical services available to
9 persons eligible for medical assistance under the Illinois
10 Public Aid Code.

11 (f) An in-office membership care agreement provided under
12 the In-Office Membership Care Act is not insurance for the
13 purposes of this Code.

14 (g) The provisions of Sections 356a through 359a, both
15 inclusive, shall not apply to or affect:

16 (1) any policy or contract of reinsurance; or

17 (2) life insurance, endowment or annuity contracts, or
18 contracts supplemental thereto, that contain only such
19 provisions relating to accident and sickness insurance
20 that (A) provide additional benefits in case of death or
21 dismemberment or loss of sight by accident, or (B) operate
22 to safeguard such contracts against lapse, or to give a
23 special surrender value or special benefit or an annuity
24 if the insured or annuitant becomes a person with a total
25 and permanent disability, as defined by the contract or
26 supplemental contract.

(Source: P.A. 101-190, eff. 8-2-19.)

(215 ILCS 5/352b)

Sec. 352b. Excepted benefits exempted ~~Policy of individual or group accident and health insurance~~.

(a) Unless specified otherwise and when used in context of accident and health insurance policy benefits, coverage, terms, or conditions required to be provided under this Article, references to any ~~"~~policy of individual or group accident and health insurance~~"~~, or both, as used in this Article, do ~~does~~ not include any coverage or policy that provides an excepted benefit, as that term is defined in Section 2791(c) of the federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91). Nothing in this subsection ~~amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly~~ applies to a policy of ~~liability, workers' compensation, automobile medical payment, or~~ limited scope dental or vision benefits insurance issued under this Code. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to subject excepted benefits outside the scope of Section 352 to any requirements of this Article.

(b) Nothing in this Article shall require a policy of excepted benefits to provide benefits, coverage, terms, or conditions in such a manner as to disqualify it from being classified under federal law as the type of excepted benefit for which its policy forms are filed under Sections 143 and 355 of this Code.

1 (Source: P.A. 101-456, eff. 8-23-19.)

2 (215 ILCS 5/356a) (from Ch. 73, par. 968a)
3 Sec. 356a. Form of policy.
4 (1) No individual policy of accident and health insurance
5 shall be delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this
6 State ~~state~~ unless:
7 (a) the entire money and other considerations therefor
8 are expressed therein; and
9 (b) the time at which the insurance takes effect and
10 terminates is expressed therein; and
11 (c) it purports to insure only one person, except that
12 a policy may insure, originally or by subsequent
13 amendment, upon the application of an adult member of a
14 family who shall be deemed the policyholder, any 2 ~~two~~ or
15 more eligible members of that family, including husband,
16 wife, dependent children or any children under a specified
17 age which shall not exceed 19 years and any other person
18 dependent upon the policyholder; and
19 (d) the style, arrangement and over-all appearance of
20 the policy give no undue prominence to any portion of the
21 text, and unless every printed portion of the text of the
22 policy and of any endorsements or attached papers is
23 plainly printed in light-faced type of a style in general
24 use, the size of which shall be uniform and not less than
25 ten-point with a lower-case unspaced alphabet length not

1 less than one hundred and twenty-point (the "text" shall
2 include all printed matter except the name and address of
3 the insurer, name or title of the policy, the brief
4 description if any, and captions and subcaptions); and
5 (e) the exceptions and reductions of indemnity are set
6 forth in the policy and, except those which are set forth
7 in Sections 357.1 through 357.30 of this act, are printed,
8 at the insurer's option, either included with the benefit
9 provision to which they apply, or under an appropriate
10 caption such as "EXCEPTIONS", or "EXCEPTIONS AND
11 REDUCTIONS", provided that if an exception or reduction
12 specifically applies only to a particular benefit of the
13 policy, a statement of such exception or reduction shall
14 be included with the benefit provision to which it
15 applies; and
16 (f) each such form, including riders and endorsements,
17 shall be identified by a form number in the lower
18 left-hand corner of the first page thereof; and
19 (g) it contains no provision purporting to make any
20 portion of the charter, rules, constitution, or by-laws of
21 the insurer a part of the policy unless such portion is set
22 forth in full in the policy, except in the case of the
23 incorporation of, or reference to, a statement of rates or
24 classification of risks, or short-rate table filed with
25 the Director.
26 (2) If any policy is issued by an insurer domiciled in this

1 state for delivery to a person residing in another state, and
2 if the official having responsibility for the administration
3 of the insurance laws of such other state shall have advised
4 the Director that any such policy is not subject to approval or
5 disapproval by such official, the Director may by ruling
6 require that such policy meet the standards set forth in
7 subsection (1) of this section and in Sections 357.1 through
8 357.30.
9 (Source: P.A. 76-860.)

10 (215 ILCS 5/356b) (from Ch. 73, par. 968b)
11 Sec. 356b. (a) This Section applies to the hospital and
12 medical expense provisions of an individual accident or health
13 insurance policy.
14 (b) If a policy provides that coverage of a dependent
15 person terminates upon attainment of the limiting age for
16 dependent persons specified in the policy, the attainment of
17 such limiting age does not operate to terminate the hospital
18 and medical coverage of a person who, because of a disabling
19 condition that occurred before attainment of the limiting age,
20 is incapable of self-sustaining employment and is dependent on
21 his or her parents or other care providers for lifetime care
22 and supervision.
23 (c) For purposes of subsection (b), "dependent on other
24 care providers" is defined as requiring a Community Integrated
25 Living Arrangement, group home, supervised apartment, or other

1 residential services licensed or certified by the Department
2 of Human Services (as successor to the Department of Mental
3 Health and Developmental Disabilities), the Department of
4 Public Health, or the Department of Healthcare and Family
5 Services (formerly Department of Public Aid).
6 (d) The insurer may inquire of the policyholder 2 months
7 prior to attainment by a dependent of the limiting age set
8 forth in the policy, or at any reasonable time thereafter,
9 whether such dependent is in fact a person who has a disability
10 and is dependent and, in the absence of proof submitted within
11 60 days of such inquiry that such dependent is a person who has
12 a disability and is dependent may terminate coverage of such
13 person at or after attainment of the limiting age. In the
14 absence of such inquiry, coverage of any person who has a
15 disability and is dependent shall continue through the term of
16 such policy or any extension or renewal thereof.
17 (e) This amendatory Act of 1969 is applicable to policies
18 issued or renewed more than 60 days after the effective date of
19 this amendatory Act of 1969.
20 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15.)

21 (215 ILCS 5/356d) (from Ch. 73, par. 968d)
22 Sec. 356d. Conversion privileges for insured former
23 spouses. (1) No <u>individual</u> policy of accident and health
24 insurance providing coverage of hospital and/or medical
25 expense on either an expense incurred basis or other than an

1 expense incurred basis, which in addition to covering the
2 insured also provides coverage to the spouse of the insured
3 shall contain a provision for termination of coverage for a
4 spouse covered under the policy solely as a result of a break
5 in the marital relationship except by reason of an entry of a
6 valid judgment of dissolution of marriage between the parties.

7 (2) Every policy which contains a provision for
8 termination of coverage of the spouse upon dissolution of
9 marriage shall contain a provision to the effect that upon the
10 entry of a valid judgment of dissolution of marriage between
11 the insured parties the spouse whose marriage was dissolved
12 shall be entitled to have issued to him or her, without
13 evidence of insurability, upon application made to the company
14 within 60 days following the entry of such judgment, and upon
15 the payment of the appropriate premium, an individual policy
16 of accident and health insurance. Such policy shall provide
17 the coverage then being issued by the insurer which is most
18 nearly similar to, but not greater than, such terminated
19 coverages. Any and all probationary and/or waiting periods set
20 forth in such policy shall be considered as being met to the
21 extent coverage was in force under the prior policy.

22 (3) The requirements of this Section shall apply to all
23 policies delivered or issued for delivery on or after the 60th
24 day following the effective date of this Section.

25 (Source: P.A. 84-545.)

(215 ILCS 5/356e) (from Ch. 73, par. 968e)

Sec. 356e. Victims of certain offenses.

(1) No <u>individual</u> policy of accident and health insurance, which provides benefits for hospital or medical expenses based upon the actual expenses incurred, delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this State shall contain any specific exception to coverage which would preclude the payment under that policy of actual expenses incurred in the examination and testing of a victim of an offense defined in Sections 11-1.20 through 11-1.60 or 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or an attempt to commit such offense to establish that sexual contact did occur or did not occur, and to establish the presence or absence of sexually transmitted disease or infection, and examination and treatment of injuries and trauma sustained by a victim of such offense arising out of the offense. Every policy of accident and health insurance which specifically provides benefits for routine physical examinations shall provide full coverage for expenses incurred in the examination and testing of a victim of an offense defined in Sections 11-1.20 through 11-1.60 or 12-13 through 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or an attempt to commit such offense as set forth in this Section. This Section shall not apply to a policy which covers hospital and medical expenses for specified illnesses or injuries only.

1 (2) For purposes of enabling the recovery of State funds,
2 any insurance carrier subject to this Section shall upon
3 reasonable demand by the Department of Public Health disclose
4 the names and identities of its insureds entitled to benefits
5 under this provision to the Department of Public Health
6 whenever the Department of Public Health has determined that
7 it has paid, or is about to pay, hospital or medical expenses
8 for which an insurance carrier is liable under this Section.
9 All information received by the Department of Public Health
10 under this provision shall be held on a confidential basis and
11 shall not be subject to subpoena and shall not be made public
12 by the Department of Public Health or used for any purpose
13 other than that authorized by this Section.

14 (3) Whenever the Department of Public Health finds that it
15 has paid all or part of any hospital or medical expenses which
16 an insurance carrier is obligated to pay under this Section,
17 the Department of Public Health shall be entitled to receive
18 reimbursement for its payments from such insurance carrier
19 provided that the Department of Public Health has notified the
20 insurance carrier of its claims before the carrier has paid
21 such benefits to its insureds or in behalf of its insureds.
22 (Source: P.A. 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

23 (215 ILCS 5/356f) (from Ch. 73, par. 968f)
24 Sec. 356f. No individual policy of accident or health
25 insurance or any renewal thereof shall be denied or cancelled

by the insurer, nor shall any such policy contain any exception or exclusion of benefits, solely because the mother of the insured has taken diethylstilbestrol, commonly referred to as DES.

(Source: P.A. 81-656.)

(215 ILCS 5/356K) (from Ch. 73, par. 968K)

Sec. 356K. Coverage for Organ Transplantation Procedures. No ~~accident and health~~ insurer providing individual accident and health insurance coverage under this Act for hospital or medical expenses shall deny reimbursement for an otherwise covered expense incurred for any organ transplantation procedure solely on the basis that such procedure is deemed experimental or investigational unless supported by the determination of the Office of Health Care Technology Assessment within the Agency for Health Care Policy and Research within the federal Department of Health and Human Services that such procedure is either experimental or investigational or that there is insufficient data or experience to determine whether an organ transplantation procedure is clinically acceptable. If an accident and health insurer has made written request, or had one made on its behalf by a national organization, for determination by the Office of Health Care Technology Assessment within the Agency for Health Care Policy and Research within the federal Department of Health and Human Services as to whether a specific organ

transplantation procedure is clinically acceptable and said organization fails to respond to such a request within a period of 90 days, the failure to act may be deemed a determination that the procedure is deemed to be experimental or investigational.

(Source: P.A. 87-218.)

(215 ILCS 5/356L) (from Ch. 73, par. 968L)

Sec. 356L. No individual policy of accident or health insurance shall include any provision which shall have the effect of denying coverage to or on behalf of an insured under such policy on the basis of a failure by the insured to file a notice of claim within the time period required by the policy, provided such failure is caused solely by the physical inability or mental incapacity of the insured to file such notice of claim because of a period of emergency hospitalization.

(Source: P.A. 86-784.)

(215 ILCS 5/356r)

Sec. 356r. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's principal health care provider~~.

(a) An individual or group policy of accident and health insurance or a managed care plan amended, delivered, issued, or renewed in this State must not require authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or any person, including a

primary care provider, for any covered individual who seeks coverage for obstetrical or gynecological care provided by any licensed or certified participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. ~~after November 14, 1996 that requires an insured or enrollee to designate an individual to coordinate care or to control access to health care services shall also permit a female insured or enrollee to designate a participating woman's principal health care provider, and the insurer or managed care plan shall provide the following written notice to all female insureds or enrollees no later than 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998; to all new enrollees at the time of enrollment; and thereafter to all existing enrollees at least annually, as a part of a regular publication or informational mailing:~~

~~"NOTICE TO ALL FEMALE PLAN MEMBERS:~~

~~YOUR RIGHT TO SELECT A WOMAN'S PRINCIPAL~~

~~HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.~~

~~Illinois law allows you to select "a woman's principal health care provider" in addition to your selection of a primary care physician. A woman's principal health care provider is a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches specializing in obstetrics or gynecology or specializing in family practice. A woman's principal health care provider may be seen for care without referrals from your primary care physician. If you have~~

~~not already selected a woman's principal health care provider, you may do so now or at any other time. You are not required to have or to select a woman's principal health care provider.~~

~~Your woman's principal health care provider must be a part of your plan. You may get the list of participating obstetricians, gynecologists, and family practice specialists from your employer's employee benefits coordinator, or for your own copy of the current list, you may call [insert plan's toll free number]. The list will be sent to you within 10 days after your call. To designate a woman's principal health care provider from the list, call [insert plan's toll free number] and tell our staff the name of the physician you have selected.".~~

~~If the insurer or managed care plan exercises the option set forth in subsection (a-5), the notice shall also state:~~

~~"Your plan requires that your primary care physician and your woman's principal health care provider have a referral arrangement with one another. If the woman's principal health care provider that you select does not have a referral arrangement with your primary care physician, you will have to select a new primary care physician who has a referral arrangement with your woman's principal health care provider or you may select a woman's principal health care provider who has a referral arrangement with your primary care physician. The list of~~

~~woman's principal health care providers will also have the names of the primary care physicians and their referral arrangements.".~~

~~No later than 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998, the insurer or managed care plan shall provide each employer who has a policy of insurance or a managed care plan with the insurer or managed care plan with a list of physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches specializing in obstetrics or gynecology or specializing in family practice who have contracted with the plan. At the time of enrollment and thereafter within 10 days after a request by an insured or enrollee, the insurer or managed care plan also shall provide this list directly to the insured or enrollee. The list shall include each physician's address, telephone number, and specialty. No insurer or plan formal or informal policy may restrict a female insured's or enrollee's right to designate a woman's principal health care provider, except as set forth in subsection (a-5). If the female enrollee is an enrollee of a managed care plan under contract with the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, the physician chosen by the enrollee as her woman's principal health care provider must be a Medicaid-enrolled provider. This requirement does not require a female insured or enrollee to make a selection of a woman's principal health care provider. The female insured or enrollee may designate a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches~~

~~specializing in family practice as her woman's principal health care provider.~~

(a-5) If a policy, contract, or certificate requires or allows a covered individual to designate a primary care provider and provides coverage for any obstetrical or gynecological care, the insurer shall provide the notice required under 45 CFR 147.138(a)(4) and 149.310(a)(4) in all circumstances required under that provision. ~~The insured or enrollee may be required by the insurer or managed care plan to select a woman's principal health care provider who has a referral arrangement with the insured's or enrollee's individual who coordinates care or controls access to health care services if such referral arrangement exists or to select a new individual to coordinate care or to control access to health care services who has a referral arrangement with the woman's principal health care provider chosen by the insured or enrollee, if such referral arrangement exists. If an insurer or a managed care plan requires an insured or enrollee to select a new physician under this subsection (a-5), the insurer or managed care plan must provide the insured or enrollee with both options to select a new physician provided in this subsection (a-5).~~

~~Notwithstanding a plan's restrictions of the frequency or timing of making designations of primary care providers, a female enrollee or insured who is subject to the selection requirements of this subsection, may, at any time, effect a~~

1 ~~change in primary care physicians in order to make a selection~~
2 ~~of a woman's principal health care provider.~~
3 (a-6) The requirements of this Section shall be construed
4 in a manner consistent with the requirements for access to and
5 notice of obstetrical and gynecological care in 45 CFR 147.138
6 and 45 CFR 149.310. ~~If an insurer or managed care plan~~
7 ~~exercises the option in subsection (a-5), the list to be~~
8 ~~provided under subsection (a) shall identify the referral~~
9 ~~arrangements that exist between the individual who coordinates~~
10 ~~care or controls access to health care services and the~~
11 ~~woman's principal health care provider in order to assist the~~
12 ~~female insured or enrollee to make a selection within the~~
13 ~~insurer's or managed care plan's requirement.~~
14 (b) Nothing in this Section prevents a health insurance
15 issuer from requiring a participating obstetrical or
16 gynecological health care professional to agree, with respect
17 to individuals covered under a policy of accident and health
18 insurance, to otherwise adhere to the health insurance
19 issuer's policies and procedures, including procedures
20 regarding referrals and obtaining prior authorization and
21 providing services pursuant to a treatment plan, if any,
22 approved by the issuer. ~~If a female insured or enrollee has~~
23 ~~designated a woman's principal health care provider, then the~~
24 ~~insured or enrollee must be given direct access to the woman's~~
25 ~~principal health care provider for services covered by the~~
26 ~~policy or plan without the need for a referral or prior~~

~~approval. Nothing shall prohibit the insurer or managed care plan from requiring prior authorization or approval from either a primary care provider or the woman's principal health care provider for referrals for additional care or services.~~

(c) <u>(Blank).</u> ~~For the purposes of this Section the following terms are defined:~~

~~(1) "Woman's principal health care provider" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches specializing in obstetrics or gynecology or specializing in family practice.~~

~~(2) "Managed care entity" means any entity including a licensed insurance company, hospital or medical service plan, health maintenance organization, limited health service organization, preferred provider organization, third party administrator, an employer or employee organization, or any person or entity that establishes, operates, or maintains a network of participating providers.~~

~~(3) "Managed care plan" means a plan operated by a managed care entity that provides for the financing of health care services to persons enrolled in the plan through:~~

~~(A) organizational arrangements for ongoing quality assurance, utilization review programs, or dispute resolution; or~~

~~(B) financial incentives for persons enrolled in~~

~~the plan to use the participating providers and procedures covered by the plan.~~

~~(4) "Participating provider" means a physician who has contracted with an insurer or managed care plan to provide services to insureds or enrollees as defined by the contract.~~

(d) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to preclude a health insurance issuer from requiring that a participating obstetrical or gynecological health care professional notify the covered individual's primary care physician or the issuer of treatment decisions or update centralized medical records. ~~The original provisions of this Section became law on July 17, 1996 and took effect November 14, 1996, which is 120 days after becoming law.~~

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

(215 ILCS 5/356s)

Sec. 356s. Post-parturition care. An individual or group policy of accident and health insurance that provides maternity coverage and is amended, delivered, issued, or renewed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1996 shall provide coverage for the following:

(1) a minimum of 48 hours of inpatient care following a vaginal delivery for the mother and the newborn, except as otherwise provided in this Section; or

(2) a minimum of 96 hours of inpatient care following

1 a delivery by caesarian section for the mother and
2 newborn, except as otherwise provided in this Section.
3 Coverage may be limited to a ~~A~~ shorter length of ~~hospital~~
4 inpatient care ~~stay~~ for services related to maternity and
5 newborn care ~~may be provided~~ if the attending physician
6 licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches
7 determines, in accordance with the protocols and guidelines
8 developed by the American College of Obstetricians and
9 Gynecologists or the American Academy of Pediatrics, that the
10 mother and the newborn meet the appropriate guidelines for
11 that length of stay based upon evaluation of the mother and
12 newborn and the coverage and availability of a post-discharge
13 physician office visit or in-home nurse visit to verify the
14 condition of the infant in the first 48 hours after discharge.
15 (Source: P.A. 89-513, eff. 9-15-96; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)

16 (215 ILCS 5/356z.3)
17 Sec. 356z.3. Disclosure of limited benefit. An insurer
18 that issues, delivers, amends, or renews an individual or
19 group policy of accident and health insurance in this State
20 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd
21 General Assembly and arranges, contracts with, or administers
22 contracts with a provider whereby beneficiaries are provided
23 an incentive to use the services of such provider must include
24 the following disclosure on its contracts and evidences of
25 coverage: "WARNING, LIMITED BENEFITS WILL BE PAID WHEN

NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS ARE USED. YOU CAN EXPECT TO PAY MORE THAN THE COST-SHARING AMOUNT DEFINED IN THE POLICY IN NON-EMERGENCY SITUATIONS. Except in limited situations governed by the federal No Surprises Act or Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code (215 ILCS 5/356z.3a), non-participating providers furnishing non-emergency services may bill members for any amount up to the billed charge after the plan has paid its portion of the bill. If you elect to use a non-participating provider, plan benefit payments will be determined according to your policy's fee schedule, usual and customary charge (which is determined by comparing charges for similar services adjusted to the geographical area where the services are performed), or other method as defined by the policy. Participating providers have agreed to ONLY bill members the cost-sharing amounts. ~~You should be aware that when you elect to utilize the services of a non-participating provider for a covered service in non-emergency situations, benefit payments to such non-participating provider are not based upon the amount billed. The basis of your benefit payment will be determined according to your policy's fee schedule, usual and customary charge (which is determined by comparing charges for similar services adjusted to the geographical area where the services are performed), or other method as defined by the policy. YOU CAN EXPECT TO PAY MORE THAN THE COINSURANCE AMOUNT DEFINED IN THE POLICY AFTER THE PLAN HAS PAID ITS REQUIRED PORTION. Non-participating~~

~~providers may bill members for any amount up to the billed charge after the plan has paid its portion of the bill, except as provided in Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code for covered services received at a participating health care facility from a nonparticipating provider that are: (a) ancillary services, (b) items or services furnished as a result of unforeseen, urgent medical needs that arise at the time the item or service is furnished, or (c) items or services received when the facility or the non-participating provider fails to satisfy the notice and consent criteria specified under Section 356z.3a. Participating providers have agreed to accept discounted payments for services with no additional billing to the member other than co-insurance and deductible amounts.~~ You may obtain further information about the participating status of professional providers and information on out-of-pocket expenses by calling the toll-free ~~toll free~~ telephone number on your identification card.".

(Source: P.A. 102-901, eff. 1-1-23.)

(215 ILCS 5/356z.33)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-454)

Sec. 356z.33. Coverage for epinephrine injectors. A group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or a managed care plan that is amended, delivered, issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020 (the effective date of Public Act 101-281) shall provide coverage for medically

necessary epinephrine injectors for persons 18 years of age or under. As used in this Section, "epinephrine injector" has the meaning given to that term in Section 5 of the Epinephrine Injector Act.

(Source: P.A. 101-281, eff. 1-1-20; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-454)

Sec. 356z.33. Coverage for epinephrine injectors.

(a) A group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or a managed care plan that is amended, delivered, issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2020 (the effective date of Public Act 101-281) shall provide coverage for medically necessary epinephrine injectors for persons 18 years of age or under. As used in this Section, "epinephrine injector" has the meaning given to that term in Section 5 of the Epinephrine Injector Act.

(b) An insurer that provides coverage for medically necessary epinephrine injectors shall limit the total amount that an insured is required to pay for a twin-pack of medically necessary epinephrine injectors at an amount not to exceed $60, regardless of the type of epinephrine injector; except that this provision does not apply to the extent such coverage would disqualify a high-deductible health plan from eligibility for a health savings account pursuant to Section 223 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 223).

(c) Nothing in this Section prevents an insurer from

reducing an insured's cost sharing by an amount greater than the amount specified in subsection (b).

(d) The Department may adopt rules as necessary to implement and administer this Section.

(Source: P.A. 102-558, eff. 8-20-21; 103-454, eff. 1-1-25.)

(215 ILCS 5/367a) (from Ch. 73, par. 979a)

Sec. 367a. Blanket accident and health insurance.

(1) Blanket accident and health insurance is that form of accident and health insurance covering special groups of persons as enumerated in one of the following paragraphs (a) to (g), inclusive:

(a) Under a policy or contract issued to any carrier for hire, which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering a group defined as all persons who may become passengers on such carrier.

(b) Under a policy or contract issued to an employer, who shall be deemed the policyholder, covering all employees or any group of employees defined by reference to exceptional hazards incident to such employment.

(c) Under a policy or contract issued to a college, school, or other institution of learning or to the head or principal thereof, who or which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering students or teachers. However, student health insurance coverage, as defined in 45 CFR 147.145, shall remain subject to the standards and

requirements for individual health insurance coverage except where inconsistent with that regulation. Student health insurance coverage shall not be subject to the Short-Term, Limited-Duration Health Insurance Coverage Act. An insurer providing student health insurance coverage or a policy or contract covering students for limited-scope dental or vision under 45 CFR 148.220 shall require an individual application or enrollment form and shall furnish each insured individual a certificate, which shall have been approved by the Director under Section 355.

(d) Under a policy or contract issued in the name of any volunteer fire department, first aid, or other such volunteer group, which shall be deemed the policyholder, covering all of the members of such department or group.

(e) Under a policy or contract issued to a creditor, who shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure debtors of the creditors; Provided, however, that in the case of a loan which is subject to the Small Loans Act, no insurance premium or other cost shall be directly or indirectly charged or assessed against, or collected or received from the borrower.

(f) Under a policy or contract issued to a sports team or to a camp, which team or camp sponsor shall be deemed the policyholder, covering members or campers.

(g) Under a policy or contract issued to any other

substantially similar group which, in the discretion of the Director, may be subject to the issuance of a blanket accident and health policy or contract.

(2) Any insurance company authorized to write accident and health insurance in this state shall have the power to issue blanket accident and health insurance. No such blanket policy may be issued or delivered in this State unless a copy of the form thereof shall have been filed in accordance with Section 355, and it contains in substance such of those provisions contained in Sections 357.1 through 357.30 as may be applicable to blanket accident and health insurance and the following provisions:

(a) A provision that the policy and the application shall constitute the entire contract between the parties, and that all statements made by the policyholder shall, in absence of fraud, be deemed representations and not warranties, and that no such statements shall be used in defense to a claim under the policy, unless it is contained in a written application.

(b) A provision that to the group or class thereof originally insured shall be added from time to time all new persons or individuals eligible for coverage.

(3) An individual application shall not be required from a person covered under a blanket accident or health policy or contract, nor shall it be necessary for the insurer to furnish each person a certificate.

(3.5) Subsection (3) does not apply to major medical insurance, or to any excepted benefits or short-term, limited-duration health insurance coverage for which an insured individual pays premiums or contributions. In those cases, the insurer shall require an individual application or enrollment form and shall furnish each insured individual a certificate, which shall have been approved by the Director under Section 355 of this Code.

(4) All benefits under any blanket accident and health policy shall be payable to the person insured, or to his designated beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to his or her estate, except that if the person insured be a minor or person under legal disability, such benefits may be made payable to his or her parent, guardian, or other person actually supporting him or her. Provided further, however, that the policy may provide that all or any portion of any indemnities provided by any such policy on account of hospital, nursing, medical or surgical services may, at the insurer's option, be paid directly to the hospital or person rendering such services; but the policy may not require that the service be rendered by a particular hospital or person. Payment so made shall discharge the insurer's obligation with respect to the amount of insurance so paid.

(5) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to affect the legal liability of policyholders for the death of or injury to, any such member of such group.

(Source: P.A. 83-1362.)

(215 ILCS 5/370e) (from Ch. 73, par. 982e)

Sec. 370e. Companies which issue group accident and health policies or blanket accident and health plans to employer groups in this State shall provide the employer with notice of termination of a group or blanket accident and health plan because of the employer's failure to pay the premium when due. The insurance company shall file ~~send~~ a copy of such notice with ~~to~~ the Department in an electronic format either through the System for Electronic Rate and Form Filing (SERFF) or as otherwise prescribed by the Director.

(Source: P.A. 83-1006.)

(215 ILCS 5/370i) (from Ch. 73, par. 982i)

Sec. 370i. Policies, agreements or arrangements with incentives or limits on reimbursement authorized.

(a) Policies, agreements or arrangements issued under this Article may not contain terms or conditions that would operate unreasonably to restrict the access and availability of health care services for the insured.

(b) An insurer or administrator may:

(1) enter into agreements with certain providers of its choice relating to health care services which may be rendered to insureds or beneficiaries of the insurer or administrator, including agreements relating to the

amounts to be charged the insureds or beneficiaries for services rendered;

(2) issue or administer programs, policies or subscriber contracts in this State that include incentives for the insured or beneficiary to utilize the services of a provider which has entered into an agreement with the insurer or administrator pursuant to paragraph (1) above.

(c) (Blank). ~~After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, any insurer that arranges, contracts with, or administers contracts with a provider whereby beneficiaries are provided an incentive to use the services of such provider must include the following disclosure on its contracts and evidences of coverage: "WARNING, LIMITED BENEFITS WILL BE PAID WHEN NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS ARE USED. You should be aware that when you elect to utilize the services of a non-participating provider for a covered service in non-emergency situations, benefit payments to such non-participating provider are not based upon the amount billed. The basis of your benefit payment will be determined according to your policy's fee schedule, usual and customary charge (which is determined by comparing charges for similar services adjusted to the geographical area where the services are performed), or other method as defined by the policy. YOU CAN EXPECT TO PAY MORE THAN THE COINSURANCE AMOUNT DEFINED IN THE POLICY AFTER THE PLAN HAS PAID ITS REQUIRED PORTION. Non-participating providers may bill members for any~~

~~amount up to the billed charge after the plan has paid its portion of the bill. Participating providers have agreed to accept discounted payments for services with no additional billing to the member other than co-insurance and deductible amounts. You may obtain further information about the participating status of professional providers and information on out-of-pocket expenses by calling the toll free telephone number on your identification card.".~~

(Source: P.A. 92-579, eff. 1-1-03.)

(215 ILCS 5/408) (from Ch. 73, par. 1020)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-75)

Sec. 408. Fees and charges.

(1) The Director shall charge, collect and give proper acquittances for the payment of the following fees and charges:

(a) For filing all documents submitted for the incorporation or organization or certification of a domestic company, except for a fraternal benefit society, $2,000.

(b) For filing all documents submitted for the incorporation or organization of a fraternal benefit society, $500.

(c) For filing amendments to articles of incorporation and amendments to declaration of organization, except for a fraternal benefit society, a mutual benefit association,

1 a burial society or a farm mutual, $200.
2 (d) For filing amendments to articles of incorporation
3 of a fraternal benefit society, a mutual benefit
4 association or a burial society, $100.
5 (e) For filing amendments to articles of incorporation
6 of a farm mutual, $50.
7 (f) For filing bylaws or amendments thereto, $50.
8 (g) For filing agreement of merger or consolidation:
9 (i) for a domestic company, except for a fraternal
10 benefit society, a mutual benefit association, a
11 burial society, or a farm mutual, $2,000.
12 (ii) for a foreign or alien company, except for a
13 fraternal benefit society, $600.
14 (iii) for a fraternal benefit society, a mutual
15 benefit association, a burial society, or a farm
16 mutual, $200.
17 (h) For filing agreements of reinsurance by a domestic
18 company, $200.
19 (i) For filing all documents submitted by a foreign or
20 alien company to be admitted to transact business or
21 accredited as a reinsurer in this State, except for a
22 fraternal benefit society, $5,000.
23 (j) For filing all documents submitted by a foreign or
24 alien fraternal benefit society to be admitted to transact
25 business in this State, $500.
26 (k) For filing declaration of withdrawal of a foreign

1 or alien company, $50.
2 (l) For filing annual statement by a domestic company,
3 except a fraternal benefit society, a mutual benefit
4 association, a burial society, or a farm mutual, $200.
5 (m) For filing annual statement by a domestic
6 fraternal benefit society, $100.
7 (n) For filing annual statement by a farm mutual, a
8 mutual benefit association, or a burial society, $50.
9 (o) For issuing a certificate of authority or renewal
10 thereof except to a foreign fraternal benefit society,
11 $400.
12 (p) For issuing a certificate of authority or renewal
13 thereof to a foreign fraternal benefit society, $200.
14 (q) For issuing an amended certificate of authority,
15 $50.
16 (r) For each certified copy of certificate of
17 authority, $20.
18 (s) For each certificate of deposit, or valuation, or
19 compliance or surety certificate, $20.
20 (t) For copies of papers or records per page, $1.
21 (u) For each certification to copies of papers or
22 records, $10.
23 (v) For multiple copies of documents or certificates
24 listed in subparagraphs (r), (s), and (u) of paragraph (1)
25 of this Section, $10 for the first copy of a certificate of
26 any type and $5 for each additional copy of the same

1 certificate requested at the same time, unless, pursuant
2 to paragraph (2) of this Section, the Director finds these
3 additional fees excessive.
4 (w) For issuing a permit to sell shares or increase
5 paid-up capital:
6 (i) in connection with a public stock offering,
7 $300;
8 (ii) in any other case, $100.
9 (x) For issuing any other certificate required or
10 permissible under the law, $50.
11 (y) For filing a plan of exchange of the stock of a
12 domestic stock insurance company, a plan of
13 demutualization of a domestic mutual company, or a plan of
14 reorganization under Article XII, $2,000.
15 (z) For filing a statement of acquisition of a
16 domestic company as defined in Section 131.4 of this Code,
17 $2,000.
18 (aa) For filing an agreement to purchase the business
19 of an organization authorized under the Dental Service
20 Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act or of a
21 health maintenance organization or a limited health
22 service organization, $2,000.
23 (bb) For filing a statement of acquisition of a
24 foreign or alien insurance company as defined in Section
25 131.12a of this Code, $1,000.
26 (cc) For filing a registration statement as required

1 in Sections 131.13 and 131.14, the notification as
2 required by Sections 131.16, 131.20a, or 141.4, or an
3 agreement or transaction required by Sections 124.2(2),
4 141, 141a, or 141.1, $200.
5 (dd) For filing an application for licensing of:
6 (i) a religious or charitable risk pooling trust
7 or a workers' compensation pool, $1,000;
8 (ii) a workers' compensation service company,
9 $500;
10 (iii) a self-insured automobile fleet, $200; or
11 (iv) a renewal of or amendment of any license
12 issued pursuant to (i), (ii), or (iii) above, $100.
13 (ee) For filing articles of incorporation for a
14 syndicate to engage in the business of insurance through
15 the Illinois Insurance Exchange, $2,000.
16 (ff) For filing amended articles of incorporation for
17 a syndicate engaged in the business of insurance through
18 the Illinois Insurance Exchange, $100.
19 (gg) For filing articles of incorporation for a
20 limited syndicate to join with other subscribers or
21 limited syndicates to do business through the Illinois
22 Insurance Exchange, $1,000.
23 (hh) For filing amended articles of incorporation for
24 a limited syndicate to do business through the Illinois
25 Insurance Exchange, $100.
26 (ii) For a permit to solicit subscriptions to a

1 syndicate or limited syndicate, $100.
2 (jj) For the filing of each form as required in
3 Section 143 of this Code, $50 per form. Informational and
4 advertising filings shall be $25 per filing. The fee for
5 advisory and rating organizations shall be $200 per form.
6 (i) For the purposes of the form filing fee,
7 filings made on insert page basis will be considered
8 one form at the time of its original submission.
9 Changes made to a form subsequent to its approval
10 shall be considered a new filing.
11 (ii) Only one fee shall be charged for a form,
12 regardless of the number of other forms or policies
13 with which it will be used.
14 (iii) Fees charged for a policy filed as it will be
15 issued regardless of the number of forms comprising
16 that policy shall not exceed $1,500. For advisory or
17 rating organizations, fees charged for a policy filed
18 as it will be issued regardless of the number of forms
19 comprising that policy shall not exceed $2,500.
20 (iv) The Director may by rule exempt forms from
21 such fees.
22 (kk) For filing an application for licensing of a
23 reinsurance intermediary, $500.
24 (ll) For filing an application for renewal of a
25 license of a reinsurance intermediary, $200.
26 (mm) For filing a plan of division of a domestic stock

company under Article IIB, $100,000 ~~$10,000~~.

(nn) For filing all documents submitted by a foreign or alien company to be a certified reinsurer in this State, except for a fraternal benefit society, $1,000.

(oo) For filing a renewal by a foreign or alien company to be a certified reinsurer in this State, except for a fraternal benefit society, $400.

(pp) For filing all documents submitted by a reinsurer domiciled in a reciprocal jurisdiction, $1,000.

(qq) For filing a renewal by a reinsurer domiciled in a reciprocal jurisdiction, $400.

(rr) For registering a captive management company or renewal thereof, $50.

(2) When printed copies or numerous copies of the same paper or records are furnished or certified, the Director may reduce such fees for copies if he finds them excessive. He may, when he considers it in the public interest, furnish without charge to state insurance departments and persons other than companies, copies or certified copies of reports of examinations and of other papers and records.

(3) The expenses incurred in any performance examination authorized by law shall be paid by the company or person being examined. The charge shall be reasonably related to the cost of the examination including but not limited to compensation of examiners, electronic data processing costs, supervision and preparation of an examination report and lodging and

travel expenses. All lodging and travel expenses shall be in accord with the applicable travel regulations as published by the Department of Central Management Services and approved by the Governor's Travel Control Board, except that out-of-state lodging and travel expenses related to examinations authorized under Section 132 shall be in accordance with travel rates prescribed under paragraph 301-7.2 of the Federal Travel Regulations, 41 CFR ~~C.F.R.~~ 301-7.2, for reimbursement of subsistence expenses incurred during official travel. All lodging and travel expenses may be reimbursed directly upon authorization of the Director. With the exception of the direct reimbursements authorized by the Director, all performance examination charges collected by the Department shall be paid to the Insurance Producer Administration Fund, however, the electronic data processing costs incurred by the Department in the performance of any examination shall be billed directly to the company being examined for payment to the Technology Management Revolving Fund.

(4) At the time of any service of process on the Director as attorney for such service, the Director shall charge and collect the sum of $40, which may be recovered as taxable costs by the party to the suit or action causing such service to be made if he prevails in such suit or action.

(5) (a) The costs incurred by the Department of Insurance in conducting any hearing authorized by law shall be assessed against the parties to the hearing in such proportion as the

1 Director of Insurance may determine upon consideration of all
2 relevant circumstances including: (1) the nature of the
3 hearing; (2) whether the hearing was instigated by, or for the
4 benefit of a particular party or parties; (3) whether there is
5 a successful party on the merits of the proceeding; and (4) the
6 relative levels of participation by the parties.

7 (b) For purposes of this subsection (5) costs incurred
8 shall mean the hearing officer fees, court reporter fees, and
9 travel expenses of Department of Insurance officers and
10 employees; provided however, that costs incurred shall not
11 include hearing officer fees or court reporter fees unless the
12 Department has retained the services of independent
13 contractors or outside experts to perform such functions.

14 (c) The Director shall make the assessment of costs
15 incurred as part of the final order or decision arising out of
16 the proceeding; provided, however, that such order or decision
17 shall include findings and conclusions in support of the
18 assessment of costs. This subsection (5) shall not be
19 construed as permitting the payment of travel expenses unless
20 calculated in accordance with the applicable travel
21 regulations of the Department of Central Management Services,
22 as approved by the Governor's Travel Control Board. The
23 Director as part of such order or decision shall require all
24 assessments for hearing officer fees and court reporter fees,
25 if any, to be paid directly to the hearing officer or court
26 reporter by the party(s) assessed for such costs. The

1 assessments for travel expenses of Department officers and
2 employees shall be reimbursable to the Director of Insurance
3 for deposit to the fund out of which those expenses had been
4 paid.

5 (d) The provisions of this subsection (5) shall apply in
6 the case of any hearing conducted by the Director of Insurance
7 not otherwise specifically provided for by law.

8 (6) The Director shall charge and collect an annual
9 financial regulation fee from every domestic company for
10 examination and analysis of its financial condition and to
11 fund the internal costs and expenses of the Interstate
12 Insurance Receivership Commission as may be allocated to the
13 State of Illinois and companies doing an insurance business in
14 this State pursuant to Article X of the Interstate Insurance
15 Receivership Compact. The fee shall be the greater fixed
16 amount based upon the combination of nationwide direct premium
17 income and nationwide reinsurance assumed premium income or
18 upon admitted assets calculated under this subsection as
19 follows:

20 (a) Combination of nationwide direct premium income
21 and nationwide reinsurance assumed premium.

22 (i) $150, if the premium is less than $500,000 and
23 there is no reinsurance assumed premium;

24 (ii) $750, if the premium is $500,000 or more, but
25 less than $5,000,000 and there is no reinsurance
26 assumed premium; or if the premium is less than

1 $5,000,000 and the reinsurance assumed premium is less
2 than $10,000,000;
3 (iii) $3,750, if the premium is less than
4 $5,000,000 and the reinsurance assumed premium is
5 $10,000,000 or more;
6 (iv) $7,500, if the premium is $5,000,000 or more,
7 but less than $10,000,000;
8 (v) $18,000, if the premium is $10,000,000 or
9 more, but less than $25,000,000;
10 (vi) $22,500, if the premium is $25,000,000 or
11 more, but less than $50,000,000;
12 (vii) $30,000, if the premium is $50,000,000 or
13 more, but less than $100,000,000;
14 (viii) $37,500, if the premium is $100,000,000 or
15 more.
16 (b) Admitted assets.
17 (i) $150, if admitted assets are less than
18 $1,000,000;
19 (ii) $750, if admitted assets are $1,000,000 or
20 more, but less than $5,000,000;
21 (iii) $3,750, if admitted assets are $5,000,000 or
22 more, but less than $25,000,000;
23 (iv) $7,500, if admitted assets are $25,000,000 or
24 more, but less than $50,000,000;
25 (v) $18,000, if admitted assets are $50,000,000 or
26 more, but less than $100,000,000;

1 (vi) $22,500, if admitted assets are $100,000,000
2 or more, but less than $500,000,000;
3 (vii) $30,000, if admitted assets are $500,000,000
4 or more, but less than $1,000,000,000;
5 (viii) $37,500, if admitted assets are
6 $1,000,000,000 or more.
7 (c) The sum of financial regulation fees charged to
8 the domestic companies of the same affiliated group shall
9 not exceed $250,000 in the aggregate in any single year
10 and shall be billed by the Director to the member company
11 designated by the group.
12 (7) The Director shall charge and collect an annual
13 financial regulation fee from every foreign or alien company,
14 except fraternal benefit societies, for the examination and
15 analysis of its financial condition and to fund the internal
16 costs and expenses of the Interstate Insurance Receivership
17 Commission as may be allocated to the State of Illinois and
18 companies doing an insurance business in this State pursuant
19 to Article X of the Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact.
20 The fee shall be a fixed amount based upon Illinois direct
21 premium income and nationwide reinsurance assumed premium
22 income in accordance with the following schedule:
23 (a) $150, if the premium is less than $500,000 and
24 there is no reinsurance assumed premium;
25 (b) $750, if the premium is $500,000 or more, but less
26 than $5,000,000 and there is no reinsurance assumed

1 premium; or if the premium is less than $5,000,000 and the
2 reinsurance assumed premium is less than $10,000,000;
3 (c) $3,750, if the premium is less than $5,000,000 and
4 the reinsurance assumed premium is $10,000,000 or more;
5 (d) $7,500, if the premium is $5,000,000 or more, but
6 less than $10,000,000;
7 (e) $18,000, if the premium is $10,000,000 or more,
8 but less than $25,000,000;
9 (f) $22,500, if the premium is $25,000,000 or more,
10 but less than $50,000,000;
11 (g) $30,000, if the premium is $50,000,000 or more,
12 but less than $100,000,000;
13 (h) $37,500, if the premium is $100,000,000 or more.
14 The sum of financial regulation fees under this subsection
15 (7) charged to the foreign or alien companies within the same
16 affiliated group shall not exceed $250,000 in the aggregate in
17 any single year and shall be billed by the Director to the
18 member company designated by the group.
19 (8) Beginning January 1, 1992, the financial regulation
20 fees imposed under subsections (6) and (7) of this Section
21 shall be paid by each company or domestic affiliated group
22 annually. After January 1, 1994, the fee shall be billed by
23 Department invoice based upon the company's premium income or
24 admitted assets as shown in its annual statement for the
25 preceding calendar year. The invoice is due upon receipt and
26 must be paid no later than June 30 of each calendar year. All

financial regulation fees collected by the Department shall be paid to the Insurance Financial Regulation Fund. The Department may not collect financial examiner per diem charges from companies subject to subsections (6) and (7) of this Section undergoing financial examination after June 30, 1992.

(9) In addition to the financial regulation fee required by this Section, a company undergoing any financial examination authorized by law shall pay the following costs and expenses incurred by the Department: electronic data processing costs, the expenses authorized under Section 131.21 and subsection (d) of Section 132.4 of this Code, and lodging and travel expenses.

Electronic data processing costs incurred by the Department in the performance of any examination shall be billed directly to the company undergoing examination for payment to the Technology Management Revolving Fund. Except for direct reimbursements authorized by the Director or direct payments made under Section 131.21 or subsection (d) of Section 132.4 of this Code, all financial regulation fees and all financial examination charges collected by the Department shall be paid to the Insurance Financial Regulation Fund.

All lodging and travel expenses shall be in accordance with applicable travel regulations published by the Department of Central Management Services and approved by the Governor's Travel Control Board, except that out-of-state lodging and travel expenses related to examinations authorized under

Sections 132.1 through 132.7 shall be in accordance with travel rates prescribed under paragraph 301-7.2 of the Federal Travel Regulations, 41 CFR C.F.R. 301-7.2, for reimbursement of subsistence expenses incurred during official travel. All lodging and travel expenses may be reimbursed directly upon the authorization of the Director.

In the case of an organization or person not subject to the financial regulation fee, the expenses incurred in any financial examination authorized by law shall be paid by the organization or person being examined. The charge shall be reasonably related to the cost of the examination including, but not limited to, compensation of examiners and other costs described in this subsection.

(10) Any company, person, or entity failing to make any payment of $150 or more as required under this Section shall be subject to the penalty and interest provisions provided for in subsections (4) and (7) of Section 412.

(11) Unless otherwise specified, all of the fees collected under this Section shall be paid into the Insurance Financial Regulation Fund.

(12) For purposes of this Section:

(a) "Domestic company" means a company as defined in Section 2 of this Code which is incorporated or organized under the laws of this State, and in addition includes a not-for-profit corporation authorized under the Dental Service Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans

1 Act, a health maintenance organization, and a limited
2 health service organization.
3 (b) "Foreign company" means a company as defined in
4 Section 2 of this Code which is incorporated or organized
5 under the laws of any state of the United States other than
6 this State and in addition includes a health maintenance
7 organization and a limited health service organization
8 which is incorporated or organized under the laws of any
9 state of the United States other than this State.
10 (c) "Alien company" means a company as defined in
11 Section 2 of this Code which is incorporated or organized
12 under the laws of any country other than the United
13 States.
14 (d) "Fraternal benefit society" means a corporation,
15 society, order, lodge or voluntary association as defined
16 in Section 282.1 of this Code.
17 (e) "Mutual benefit association" means a company,
18 association or corporation authorized by the Director to
19 do business in this State under the provisions of Article
20 XVIII of this Code.
21 (f) "Burial society" means a person, firm,
22 corporation, society or association of individuals
23 authorized by the Director to do business in this State
24 under the provisions of Article XIX of this Code.
25 (g) "Farm mutual" means a district, county and
26 township mutual insurance company authorized by the

1 Director to do business in this State under the provisions
2 of the Farm Mutual Insurance Company Act of 1986.
3 (Source: P.A. 102-775, eff. 5-13-22.)

4 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-75)
5 Sec. 408. Fees and charges.
6 (1) The Director shall charge, collect and give proper
7 acquittances for the payment of the following fees and
8 charges:
9 (a) For filing all documents submitted for the
10 incorporation or organization or certification of a
11 domestic company, except for a fraternal benefit society,
12 $2,000.
13 (b) For filing all documents submitted for the
14 incorporation or organization of a fraternal benefit
15 society, $500.
16 (c) For filing amendments to articles of incorporation
17 and amendments to declaration of organization, except for
18 a fraternal benefit society, a mutual benefit association,
19 a burial society or a farm mutual, $200.
20 (d) For filing amendments to articles of incorporation
21 of a fraternal benefit society, a mutual benefit
22 association or a burial society, $100.
23 (e) For filing amendments to articles of incorporation
24 of a farm mutual, $50.
25 (f) For filing bylaws or amendments thereto, $50.

1 (g) For filing agreement of merger or consolidation:
2 (i) for a domestic company, except for a fraternal
3 benefit society, a mutual benefit association, a
4 burial society, or a farm mutual, $2,000.
5 (ii) for a foreign or alien company, except for a
6 fraternal benefit society, $600.
7 (iii) for a fraternal benefit society, a mutual
8 benefit association, a burial society, or a farm
9 mutual, $200.
10 (h) For filing agreements of reinsurance by a domestic
11 company, $200.
12 (i) For filing all documents submitted by a foreign or
13 alien company to be admitted to transact business or
14 accredited as a reinsurer in this State, except for a
15 fraternal benefit society, $5,000.
16 (j) For filing all documents submitted by a foreign or
17 alien fraternal benefit society to be admitted to transact
18 business in this State, $500.
19 (k) For filing declaration of withdrawal of a foreign
20 or alien company, $50.
21 (l) For filing annual statement by a domestic company,
22 except a fraternal benefit society, a mutual benefit
23 association, a burial society, or a farm mutual, $200.
24 (m) For filing annual statement by a domestic
25 fraternal benefit society, $100.
26 (n) For filing annual statement by a farm mutual, a

1 mutual benefit association, or a burial society, $50.
2 (o) For issuing a certificate of authority or renewal
3 thereof except to a foreign fraternal benefit society,
4 $400.
5 (p) For issuing a certificate of authority or renewal
6 thereof to a foreign fraternal benefit society, $200.
7 (q) For issuing an amended certificate of authority,
8 $50.
9 (r) For each certified copy of certificate of
10 authority, $20.
11 (s) For each certificate of deposit, or valuation, or
12 compliance or surety certificate, $20.
13 (t) For copies of papers or records per page, $1.
14 (u) For each certification to copies of papers or
15 records, $10.
16 (v) For multiple copies of documents or certificates
17 listed in subparagraphs (r), (s), and (u) of paragraph (1)
18 of this Section, $10 for the first copy of a certificate of
19 any type and $5 for each additional copy of the same
20 certificate requested at the same time, unless, pursuant
21 to paragraph (2) of this Section, the Director finds these
22 additional fees excessive.
23 (w) For issuing a permit to sell shares or increase
24 paid-up capital:
25 (i) in connection with a public stock offering,
26 $300;

1 (ii) in any other case, $100.
2 (x) For issuing any other certificate required or
3 permissible under the law, $50.
4 (y) For filing a plan of exchange of the stock of a
5 domestic stock insurance company, a plan of
6 demutualization of a domestic mutual company, or a plan of
7 reorganization under Article XII, $2,000.
8 (z) For filing a statement of acquisition of a
9 domestic company as defined in Section 131.4 of this Code,
10 $2,000.
11 (aa) For filing an agreement to purchase the business
12 of an organization authorized under the Dental Service
13 Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act or of a
14 health maintenance organization or a limited health
15 service organization, $2,000.
16 (bb) For filing a statement of acquisition of a
17 foreign or alien insurance company as defined in Section
18 131.12a of this Code, $1,000.
19 (cc) For filing a registration statement as required
20 in Sections 131.13 and 131.14, the notification as
21 required by Sections 131.16, 131.20a, or 141.4, or an
22 agreement or transaction required by Sections 124.2(2),
23 141, 141a, or 141.1, $200.
24 (dd) For filing an application for licensing of:
25 (i) a religious or charitable risk pooling trust
26 or a workers' compensation pool, $1,000;

1 (ii) a workers' compensation service company,
2 $500;
3 (iii) a self-insured automobile fleet, $200; or
4 (iv) a renewal of or amendment of any license
5 issued pursuant to (i), (ii), or (iii) above, $100.
6 (ee) For filing articles of incorporation for a
7 syndicate to engage in the business of insurance through
8 the Illinois Insurance Exchange, $2,000.
9 (ff) For filing amended articles of incorporation for
10 a syndicate engaged in the business of insurance through
11 the Illinois Insurance Exchange, $100.
12 (gg) For filing articles of incorporation for a
13 limited syndicate to join with other subscribers or
14 limited syndicates to do business through the Illinois
15 Insurance Exchange, $1,000.
16 (hh) For filing amended articles of incorporation for
17 a limited syndicate to do business through the Illinois
18 Insurance Exchange, $100.
19 (ii) For a permit to solicit subscriptions to a
20 syndicate or limited syndicate, $100.
21 (jj) For the filing of each form as required in
22 Section 143 of this Code, $50 per form. Informational and
23 advertising filings shall be $25 per filing. The fee for
24 advisory and rating organizations shall be $200 per form.
25 (i) For the purposes of the form filing fee,
26 filings made on insert page basis will be considered

one form at the time of its original submission. Changes made to a form subsequent to its approval shall be considered a new filing.

(ii) Only one fee shall be charged for a form, regardless of the number of other forms or policies with which it will be used.

(iii) Fees charged for a policy filed as it will be issued regardless of the number of forms comprising that policy shall not exceed $1,500. For advisory or rating organizations, fees charged for a policy filed as it will be issued regardless of the number of forms comprising that policy shall not exceed $2,500.

(iv) The Director may by rule exempt forms from such fees.

(kk) For filing an application for licensing of a reinsurance intermediary, $500.

(ll) For filing an application for renewal of a license of a reinsurance intermediary, $200.

(mm) For filing a plan of division of a domestic stock company under Article IIB, <u>$100,000</u> ~~$10,000~~.

(nn) For filing all documents submitted by a foreign or alien company to be a certified reinsurer in this State, except for a fraternal benefit society, $1,000.

(oo) For filing a renewal by a foreign or alien company to be a certified reinsurer in this State, except for a fraternal benefit society, $400.

(pp) For filing all documents submitted by a reinsurer domiciled in a reciprocal jurisdiction, $1,000.

(qq) For filing a renewal by a reinsurer domiciled in a reciprocal jurisdiction, $400.

(rr) For registering a captive management company or renewal thereof, $50.

(ss) For filing an insurance business transfer plan under Article XLVII, $100,000 ~~$25,000~~.

(2) When printed copies or numerous copies of the same paper or records are furnished or certified, the Director may reduce such fees for copies if he finds them excessive. He may, when he considers it in the public interest, furnish without charge to state insurance departments and persons other than companies, copies or certified copies of reports of examinations and of other papers and records.

(3) The expenses incurred in any performance examination authorized by law shall be paid by the company or person being examined. The charge shall be reasonably related to the cost of the examination including but not limited to compensation of examiners, electronic data processing costs, supervision and preparation of an examination report and lodging and travel expenses. All lodging and travel expenses shall be in accord with the applicable travel regulations as published by the Department of Central Management Services and approved by the Governor's Travel Control Board, except that out-of-state lodging and travel expenses related to examinations authorized

under Section 132 shall be in accordance with travel rates prescribed under paragraph 301-7.2 of the Federal Travel Regulations, 41 CFR ~~C.F.R.~~ 301-7.2, for reimbursement of subsistence expenses incurred during official travel. All lodging and travel expenses may be reimbursed directly upon authorization of the Director. With the exception of the direct reimbursements authorized by the Director, all performance examination charges collected by the Department shall be paid to the Insurance Producer Administration Fund, however, the electronic data processing costs incurred by the Department in the performance of any examination shall be billed directly to the company being examined for payment to the Technology Management Revolving Fund.

(4) At the time of any service of process on the Director as attorney for such service, the Director shall charge and collect the sum of $40, which may be recovered as taxable costs by the party to the suit or action causing such service to be made if he prevails in such suit or action.

(5) (a) The costs incurred by the Department of Insurance in conducting any hearing authorized by law shall be assessed against the parties to the hearing in such proportion as the Director of Insurance may determine upon consideration of all relevant circumstances including: (1) the nature of the hearing; (2) whether the hearing was instigated by, or for the benefit of a particular party or parties; (3) whether there is a successful party on the merits of the proceeding; and (4) the

relative levels of participation by the parties.

(b) For purposes of this subsection (5) costs incurred shall mean the hearing officer fees, court reporter fees, and travel expenses of Department of Insurance officers and employees; provided however, that costs incurred shall not include hearing officer fees or court reporter fees unless the Department has retained the services of independent contractors or outside experts to perform such functions.

(c) The Director shall make the assessment of costs incurred as part of the final order or decision arising out of the proceeding; provided, however, that such order or decision shall include findings and conclusions in support of the assessment of costs. This subsection (5) shall not be construed as permitting the payment of travel expenses unless calculated in accordance with the applicable travel regulations of the Department of Central Management Services, as approved by the Governor's Travel Control Board. The Director as part of such order or decision shall require all assessments for hearing officer fees and court reporter fees, if any, to be paid directly to the hearing officer or court reporter by the party(s) assessed for such costs. The assessments for travel expenses of Department officers and employees shall be reimbursable to the Director of Insurance for deposit to the fund out of which those expenses had been paid.

(d) The provisions of this subsection (5) shall apply in

the case of any hearing conducted by the Director of Insurance not otherwise specifically provided for by law.

(6) The Director shall charge and collect an annual financial regulation fee from every domestic company for examination and analysis of its financial condition and to fund the internal costs and expenses of the Interstate Insurance Receivership Commission as may be allocated to the State of Illinois and companies doing an insurance business in this State pursuant to Article X of the Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact. The fee shall be the greater fixed amount based upon the combination of nationwide direct premium income and nationwide reinsurance assumed premium income or upon admitted assets calculated under this subsection as follows:

(a) Combination of nationwide direct premium income and nationwide reinsurance assumed premium.

(i) $150, if the premium is less than $500,000 and there is no reinsurance assumed premium;

(ii) $750, if the premium is $500,000 or more, but less than $5,000,000 and there is no reinsurance assumed premium; or if the premium is less than $5,000,000 and the reinsurance assumed premium is less than $10,000,000;

(iii) $3,750, if the premium is less than $5,000,000 and the reinsurance assumed premium is $10,000,000 or more;

1 (iv) $7,500, if the premium is $5,000,000 or more,
2 but less than $10,000,000;
3 (v) $18,000, if the premium is $10,000,000 or
4 more, but less than $25,000,000;
5 (vi) $22,500, if the premium is $25,000,000 or
6 more, but less than $50,000,000;
7 (vii) $30,000, if the premium is $50,000,000 or
8 more, but less than $100,000,000;
9 (viii) $37,500, if the premium is $100,000,000 or
10 more.
11 (b) Admitted assets.
12 (i) $150, if admitted assets are less than
13 $1,000,000;
14 (ii) $750, if admitted assets are $1,000,000 or
15 more, but less than $5,000,000;
16 (iii) $3,750, if admitted assets are $5,000,000 or
17 more, but less than $25,000,000;
18 (iv) $7,500, if admitted assets are $25,000,000 or
19 more, but less than $50,000,000;
20 (v) $18,000, if admitted assets are $50,000,000 or
21 more, but less than $100,000,000;
22 (vi) $22,500, if admitted assets are $100,000,000
23 or more, but less than $500,000,000;
24 (vii) $30,000, if admitted assets are $500,000,000
25 or more, but less than $1,000,000,000;
26 (viii) $37,500, if admitted assets are

1 $1,000,000,000 or more.

2 (c) The sum of financial regulation fees charged to
3 the domestic companies of the same affiliated group shall
4 not exceed $250,000 in the aggregate in any single year
5 and shall be billed by the Director to the member company
6 designated by the group.

7 (7) The Director shall charge and collect an annual
8 financial regulation fee from every foreign or alien company,
9 except fraternal benefit societies, for the examination and
10 analysis of its financial condition and to fund the internal
11 costs and expenses of the Interstate Insurance Receivership
12 Commission as may be allocated to the State of Illinois and
13 companies doing an insurance business in this State pursuant
14 to Article X of the Interstate Insurance Receivership Compact.
15 The fee shall be a fixed amount based upon Illinois direct
16 premium income and nationwide reinsurance assumed premium
17 income in accordance with the following schedule:

18 (a) $150, if the premium is less than $500,000 and
19 there is no reinsurance assumed premium;

20 (b) $750, if the premium is $500,000 or more, but less
21 than $5,000,000 and there is no reinsurance assumed
22 premium; or if the premium is less than $5,000,000 and the
23 reinsurance assumed premium is less than $10,000,000;

24 (c) $3,750, if the premium is less than $5,000,000 and
25 the reinsurance assumed premium is $10,000,000 or more;

26 (d) $7,500, if the premium is $5,000,000 or more, but

1 less than $10,000,000;
2 (e) $18,000, if the premium is $10,000,000 or more,
3 but less than $25,000,000;
4 (f) $22,500, if the premium is $25,000,000 or more,
5 but less than $50,000,000;
6 (g) $30,000, if the premium is $50,000,000 or more,
7 but less than $100,000,000;
8 (h) $37,500, if the premium is $100,000,000 or more.
9 The sum of financial regulation fees under this subsection
10 (7) charged to the foreign or alien companies within the same
11 affiliated group shall not exceed $250,000 in the aggregate in
12 any single year and shall be billed by the Director to the
13 member company designated by the group.
14 (8) Beginning January 1, 1992, the financial regulation
15 fees imposed under subsections (6) and (7) of this Section
16 shall be paid by each company or domestic affiliated group
17 annually. After January 1, 1994, the fee shall be billed by
18 Department invoice based upon the company's premium income or
19 admitted assets as shown in its annual statement for the
20 preceding calendar year. The invoice is due upon receipt and
21 must be paid no later than June 30 of each calendar year. All
22 financial regulation fees collected by the Department shall be
23 paid to the Insurance Financial Regulation Fund. The
24 Department may not collect financial examiner per diem charges
25 from companies subject to subsections (6) and (7) of this
26 Section undergoing financial examination after June 30, 1992.

(9) In addition to the financial regulation fee required by this Section, a company undergoing any financial examination authorized by law shall pay the following costs and expenses incurred by the Department: electronic data processing costs, the expenses authorized under Section 131.21 and subsection (d) of Section 132.4 of this Code, and lodging and travel expenses.

Electronic data processing costs incurred by the Department in the performance of any examination shall be billed directly to the company undergoing examination for payment to the Technology Management Revolving Fund. Except for direct reimbursements authorized by the Director or direct payments made under Section 131.21 or subsection (d) of Section 132.4 of this Code, all financial regulation fees and all financial examination charges collected by the Department shall be paid to the Insurance Financial Regulation Fund.

All lodging and travel expenses shall be in accordance with applicable travel regulations published by the Department of Central Management Services and approved by the Governor's Travel Control Board, except that out-of-state lodging and travel expenses related to examinations authorized under Sections 132.1 through 132.7 shall be in accordance with travel rates prescribed under paragraph 301-7.2 of the Federal Travel Regulations, 41 CFR ~~C.F.R.~~ 301-7.2, for reimbursement of subsistence expenses incurred during official travel. All lodging and travel expenses may be reimbursed directly upon

the authorization of the Director.

In the case of an organization or person not subject to the financial regulation fee, the expenses incurred in any financial examination authorized by law shall be paid by the organization or person being examined. The charge shall be reasonably related to the cost of the examination including, but not limited to, compensation of examiners and other costs described in this subsection.

(10) Any company, person, or entity failing to make any payment of $150 or more as required under this Section shall be subject to the penalty and interest provisions provided for in subsections (4) and (7) of Section 412.

(11) Unless otherwise specified, all of the fees collected under this Section shall be paid into the Insurance Financial Regulation Fund.

(12) For purposes of this Section:

(a) "Domestic company" means a company as defined in Section 2 of this Code which is incorporated or organized under the laws of this State, and in addition includes a not-for-profit corporation authorized under the Dental Service Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act, a health maintenance organization, and a limited health service organization.

(b) "Foreign company" means a company as defined in Section 2 of this Code which is incorporated or organized under the laws of any state of the United States other than

1 this State and in addition includes a health maintenance
2 organization and a limited health service organization
3 which is incorporated or organized under the laws of any
4 state of the United States other than this State.
5 (c) "Alien company" means a company as defined in
6 Section 2 of this Code which is incorporated or organized
7 under the laws of any country other than the United
8 States.
9 (d) "Fraternal benefit society" means a corporation,
10 society, order, lodge or voluntary association as defined
11 in Section 282.1 of this Code.
12 (e) "Mutual benefit association" means a company,
13 association or corporation authorized by the Director to
14 do business in this State under the provisions of Article
15 XVIII of this Code.
16 (f) "Burial society" means a person, firm,
17 corporation, society or association of individuals
18 authorized by the Director to do business in this State
19 under the provisions of Article XIX of this Code.
20 (g) "Farm mutual" means a district, county and
21 township mutual insurance company authorized by the
22 Director to do business in this State under the provisions
23 of the Farm Mutual Insurance Company Act of 1986.
24 (Source: P.A. 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 103-75, eff. 1-1-25.)

25 (215 ILCS 5/412) (from Ch. 73, par. 1024)

Sec. 412. Refunds; penalties; collection.

(1)(a) Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Director that because of some mistake of fact, error in calculation, or erroneous interpretation of a statute of this or any other state, any authorized company, surplus line producer, or industrial insured has paid to him, pursuant to any provision of law, taxes, fees, or other charges in excess of the amount legally chargeable against it, during the 6-year ~~6 year~~ period immediately preceding the discovery of such overpayment, he shall have power to refund to such company, surplus line producer, or industrial insured the amount of the excess or excesses by applying the amount or amounts thereof toward the payment of taxes, fees, or other charges already due, or which may thereafter become due from that company until such excess or excesses have been fully refunded, or upon a written request from the authorized company, surplus line producer, or industrial insured, the Director shall provide a cash refund within 120 days after receipt of the written request if all necessary information has been filed with the Department in order for it to perform an audit of the tax report for the transaction or period or annual return for the year in which the overpayment occurred or within 120 days after the date the Department receives all the necessary information to perform such audit. The Director shall not provide a cash refund if there are insufficient funds in the Insurance Premium Tax Refund Fund to provide a cash refund, if

1 the amount of the overpayment is less than $100, or if the
2 amount of the overpayment can be fully offset against the
3 taxpayer's estimated liability for the year following the year
4 of the cash refund request. Any cash refund shall be paid from
5 the Insurance Premium Tax Refund Fund, a special fund hereby
6 created in the State treasury.

7 (b) As determined by the Director pursuant to paragraph
8 (a) of this subsection, the Department shall deposit an amount
9 of cash refunds approved by the Director for payment as a
10 result of overpayment of tax liability collected under
11 Sections 121-2.08, 409, 444, 444.1, and 445 of this Code into
12 the Insurance Premium Tax Refund Fund.

13 (c) Beginning July 1, 1999, moneys in the Insurance
14 Premium Tax Refund Fund shall be expended exclusively for the
15 purpose of paying cash refunds resulting from overpayment of
16 tax liability under Sections 121-2.08, 409, 444, 444.1, and
17 445 of this Code as determined by the Director pursuant to
18 subsection 1(a) of this Section. Cash refunds made in
19 accordance with this Section may be made from the Insurance
20 Premium Tax Refund Fund only to the extent that amounts have
21 been deposited and retained in the Insurance Premium Tax
22 Refund Fund.

23 (d) This Section shall constitute an irrevocable and
24 continuing appropriation from the Insurance Premium Tax Refund
25 Fund for the purpose of paying cash refunds pursuant to the
26 provisions of this Section.

(2)(a) When any insurance company fails to file any tax return required under Sections 408.1, 409, 444, and 444.1 of this Code or Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act on the date prescribed, including any extensions, there shall be added as a penalty $400 or 10% of the amount of such tax, whichever is greater, for each month or part of a month of failure to file, the entire penalty not to exceed $2,000 or 50% of the tax due, whichever is greater. In this paragraph, "tax due" means the full amount due for that year under Section 408.1, 409, 444, or 444.1 of this Code or Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act.

(b) When any industrial insured or surplus line producer fails to file any tax return or report required under Sections 121-2.08 and 445 of this Code or Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act on the date prescribed, including any extensions, there shall be added:

(i) as a late fee, if the return or report is received at least one day but not more than 15 days after the prescribed due date, $50 or 5% of the tax due, whichever is greater, the entire fee not to exceed $1,000;

(ii) as a late fee, if the return or report is received at least 16 days but not more than 30 days after the prescribed due date, $100 or 5% of the tax due, whichever is greater, the entire fee not to exceed $2,000; or

(iii) as a penalty, if the return or report is received more than 30 days after the prescribed due date,

1 $100 or 5% of the tax due, whichever is greater, for each
2 month or part of a month of failure to file, the entire
3 penalty not to exceed $500 or 30% of the tax due, whichever
4 is greater.
5 In this paragraph, "tax due" means the full amount due for
6 that year under Section 121-2.08 or 445 of this Code or Section
7 12 of the Fire Investigation Act. A tax return or report shall
8 be deemed received as of the date mailed as evidenced by a
9 postmark, proof of mailing on a recognized United States
10 Postal Service form or a form acceptable to the United States
11 Postal Service or other commercial mail delivery service, or
12 other evidence acceptable to the Director.
13 (3)(a) When any insurance company fails to pay the full
14 amount due under the provisions of this Section, Sections
15 408.1, 409, 444, or 444.1 of this Code, or Section 12 of the
16 Fire Investigation Act, there shall be added to the amount due
17 as a penalty an amount equal to 10% of the deficiency.
18 (a-5) When any industrial insured or surplus line producer
19 fails to pay the full amount due under the provisions of this
20 Section, Sections 121-2.08 or 445 of this Code, or Section 12
21 of the Fire Investigation Act on the date prescribed, there
22 shall be added:
23 (i) as a late fee, if the payment is received at least
24 one day but not more than 7 days after the prescribed due
25 date, 10% of the tax due, the entire fee not to exceed
26 $1,000;

1 (ii) as a late fee, if the payment is received at least
2 8 days but not more than 14 days after the prescribed due
3 date, 10% of the tax due, the entire fee not to exceed
4 $1,500;
5 (iii) as a late fee, if the payment is received at
6 least 15 days but not more than 21 days after the
7 prescribed due date, 10% of the tax due, the entire fee not
8 to exceed $2,000; or
9 (iv) as a penalty, if the return or report is received
10 more than 21 days after the prescribed due date, 10% of the
11 tax due.
12 In this paragraph, "tax due" means the full amount due for
13 that year under this Section, Section 121-2.08 or 445 of this
14 Code, or Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act. A tax
15 payment shall be deemed received as of the date mailed as
16 evidenced by a postmark, proof of mailing on a recognized
17 United States Postal Service form or a form acceptable to the
18 United States Postal Service or other commercial mail delivery
19 service, or other evidence acceptable to the Director.
20 (b) If such failure to pay is determined by the Director to
21 be willful ~~wilful~~, after a hearing under Sections 402 and 403,
22 there shall be added to the tax as a penalty an amount equal to
23 the greater of 50% of the deficiency or 10% of the amount due
24 and unpaid for each month or part of a month that the
25 deficiency remains unpaid commencing with the date that the
26 amount becomes due. Such amount shall be in lieu of any

1 determined under paragraph (a) or (a-5).
2 (4) Any insurance company, industrial insured, or surplus
3 line producer that fails to pay the full amount due under this
4 Section or Sections 121-2.08, 408.1, 409, 444, 444.1, or 445
5 of this Code, or Section 12 of the Fire Investigation Act is
6 liable, in addition to the tax and any late fees and penalties,
7 for interest on such deficiency at the rate of 12% per annum,
8 or at such higher adjusted rates as are or may be established
9 under subsection (b) of Section 6621 of the Internal Revenue
10 Code, from the date that payment of any such tax was due,
11 determined without regard to any extensions, to the date of
12 payment of such amount.
13 (5) The Director, through the Attorney General, may
14 institute an action in the name of the People of the State of
15 Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction, for the
16 recovery of the amount of such taxes, fees, and penalties due,
17 and prosecute the same to final judgment, and take such steps
18 as are necessary to collect the same.
19 (6) In the event that the certificate of authority of a
20 foreign or alien company is revoked for any cause or the
21 company withdraws from this State prior to the renewal date of
22 the certificate of authority as provided in Section 114, the
23 company may recover the amount of any such tax paid in advance.
24 Except as provided in this subsection, no revocation or
25 withdrawal excuses payment of or constitutes grounds for the
26 recovery of any taxes or penalties imposed by this Code.

1 (7) When an insurance company or domestic affiliated group
2 fails to pay the full amount of any fee of $200 or more due
3 under Section 408 of this Code, there shall be added to the
4 amount due as a penalty the greater of $100 or an amount equal
5 to 10% of the deficiency for each month or part of a month that
6 the deficiency remains unpaid.

7 (8) The Department shall have a lien for the taxes, fees,
8 charges, fines, penalties, interest, other charges, or any
9 portion thereof, imposed or assessed pursuant to this Code,
10 upon all the real and personal property of any company or
11 person to whom the assessment or final order has been issued or
12 whenever a tax return is filed without payment of the tax or
13 penalty shown therein to be due, including all such property
14 of the company or person acquired after receipt of the
15 assessment, issuance of the order, or filing of the return.
16 The company or person is liable for the filing fee incurred by
17 the Department for filing the lien and the filing fee incurred
18 by the Department to file the release of that lien. The filing
19 fees shall be paid to the Department in addition to payment of
20 the tax, fee, charge, fine, penalty, interest, other charges,
21 or any portion thereof, included in the amount of the lien.
22 However, where the lien arises because of the issuance of a
23 final order of the Director or tax assessment by the
24 Department, the lien shall not attach and the notice referred
25 to in this Section shall not be filed until all administrative
26 proceedings or proceedings in court for review of the final

order or assessment have terminated or the time for the taking thereof has expired without such proceedings being instituted.

Upon the granting of Department review after a lien has attached, the lien shall remain in full force except to the extent to which the final assessment may be reduced by a revised final assessment following the rehearing or review. The lien created by the issuance of a final assessment shall terminate, unless a notice of lien is filed, within 3 years after the date all proceedings in court for the review of the final assessment have terminated or the time for the taking thereof has expired without such proceedings being instituted, or (in the case of a revised final assessment issued pursuant to a rehearing or review by the Department) within 3 years after the date all proceedings in court for the review of such revised final assessment have terminated or the time for the taking thereof has expired without such proceedings being instituted. Where the lien results from the filing of a tax return without payment of the tax or penalty shown therein to be due, the lien shall terminate, unless a notice of lien is filed, within 3 years after the date when the return is filed with the Department.

The time limitation period on the Department's right to file a notice of lien shall not run during any period of time in which the order of any court has the effect of enjoining or restraining the Department from filing such notice of lien. If the Department finds that a company or person is about to

depart from the State, to conceal himself or his property, or to do any other act tending to prejudice or to render wholly or partly ineffectual proceedings to collect the amount due and owing to the Department unless such proceedings are brought without delay, or if the Department finds that the collection of the amount due from any company or person will be jeopardized by delay, the Department shall give the company or person notice of such findings and shall make demand for immediate return and payment of the amount, whereupon the amount shall become immediately due and payable. If the company or person, within 5 days after the notice (or within such extension of time as the Department may grant), does not comply with the notice or show to the Department that the findings in the notice are erroneous, the Department may file a notice of jeopardy assessment lien in the office of the recorder of the county in which any property of the company or person may be located and shall notify the company or person of the filing. The jeopardy assessment lien shall have the same scope and effect as the statutory lien provided for in this Section. If the company or person believes that the company or person does not owe some or all of the tax for which the jeopardy assessment lien against the company or person has been filed, or that no jeopardy to the revenue in fact exists, the company or person may protest within 20 days after being notified by the Department of the filing of the jeopardy assessment lien and request a hearing, whereupon the

1 Department shall hold a hearing in conformity with the
2 provisions of this Code and, pursuant thereto, shall notify
3 the company or person of its findings as to whether or not the
4 jeopardy assessment lien will be released. If not, and if the
5 company or person is aggrieved by this decision, the company
6 or person may file an action for judicial review of the final
7 determination of the Department in accordance with the
8 Administrative Review Law. If, pursuant to such hearing (or
9 after an independent determination of the facts by the
10 Department without a hearing), the Department determines that
11 some or all of the amount due covered by the jeopardy
12 assessment lien is not owed by the company or person, or that
13 no jeopardy to the revenue exists, or if on judicial review the
14 final judgment of the court is that the company or person does
15 not owe some or all of the amount due covered by the jeopardy
16 assessment lien against them, or that no jeopardy to the
17 revenue exists, the Department shall release its jeopardy
18 assessment lien to the extent of such finding of nonliability
19 for the amount, or to the extent of such finding of no jeopardy
20 to the revenue. The Department shall also release its jeopardy
21 assessment lien against the company or person whenever the
22 amount due and owing covered by the lien, plus any interest
23 which may be due, are paid and the company or person has paid
24 the Department in cash or by guaranteed remittance an amount
25 representing the filing fee for the lien and the filing fee for
26 the release of that lien. The Department shall file that

1 release of lien with the recorder of the county where that lien
2 was filed.
3 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to give the
4 Department a preference over the rights of any bona fide
5 purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanics
6 lienholder, mortgagee, or judgment lien creditor arising prior
7 to the filing of a regular notice of lien or a notice of
8 jeopardy assessment lien in the office of the recorder in the
9 county in which the property subject to the lien is located.
10 For purposes of this Section, "bona fide" shall not include
11 any mortgage of real or personal property or any other credit
12 transaction that results in the mortgagee or the holder of the
13 security acting as trustee for unsecured creditors of the
14 company or person mentioned in the notice of lien who executed
15 such chattel or real property mortgage or the document
16 evidencing such credit transaction. The lien shall be inferior
17 to the lien of general taxes, special assessments, and special
18 taxes levied by any political subdivision of this State. In
19 case title to land to be affected by the notice of lien or
20 notice of jeopardy assessment lien is registered under the
21 provisions of the Registered Titles (Torrens) Act, such notice
22 shall be filed in the office of the Registrar of Titles of the
23 county within which the property subject to the lien is
24 situated and shall be entered upon the register of titles as a
25 memorial or charge upon each folium of the register of titles
26 affected by such notice, and the Department shall not have a

preference over the rights of any bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, judgment creditor, or other lienholder arising prior to the registration of such notice. The regular lien or jeopardy assessment lien shall not be effective against any purchaser with respect to any item in a retailer's stock in trade purchased from the retailer in the usual course of the retailer's business.

(Source: P.A. 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 103-426, eff. 8-4-23.)

(215 ILCS 5/531.03) (from Ch. 73, par. 1065.80-3)

Sec. 531.03. Coverage and limitations.

(1) This Article shall provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified in subsection (2) of this Section:

(a) to persons who, regardless of where they reside (except for non-resident certificate holders under group policies or contracts), are the beneficiaries, assignees or payees, including health care providers rendering services covered under a health insurance policy or certificate, of the persons covered under paragraph (b) of this subsection, and

(b) to persons who are owners of or certificate holders or enrollees under the policies or contracts (other than unallocated annuity contracts and structured settlement annuities) and in each case who:

(i) are residents; or

(ii) are not residents, but only under all of the

1 following conditions:
2 (A) the member insurer that issued the
3 policies or contracts is domiciled in this State;
4 (B) the states in which the persons reside
5 have associations similar to the Association
6 created by this Article;
7 (C) the persons are not eligible for coverage
8 by an association in any other state due to the
9 fact that the insurer or health maintenance
10 organization was not licensed in that state at the
11 time specified in that state's guaranty
12 association law.
13 (c) For unallocated annuity contracts specified in
14 subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection
15 (1) shall not apply and this Article shall (except as
16 provided in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this subsection)
17 provide coverage to:
18 (i) persons who are the owners of the unallocated
19 annuity contracts if the contracts are issued to or in
20 connection with a specific benefit plan whose plan
21 sponsor has its principal place of business in this
22 State; and
23 (ii) persons who are owners of unallocated annuity
24 contracts issued to or in connection with government
25 lotteries if the owners are residents.
26 (d) For structured settlement annuities specified in

1 subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection
2 (1) shall not apply and this Article shall (except as
3 provided in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this subsection)
4 provide coverage to a person who is a payee under a
5 structured settlement annuity (or beneficiary of a payee
6 if the payee is deceased), if the payee:
7 (i) is a resident, regardless of where the
8 contract owner resides; or
9 (ii) is not a resident, but only under both of the
10 following conditions:
11 (A) with regard to residency:
12 (I) the contract owner of the structured
13 settlement annuity is a resident; or
14 (II) the contract owner of the structured
15 settlement annuity is not a resident but the
16 insurer that issued the structured settlement
17 annuity is domiciled in this State and the
18 state in which the contract owner resides has
19 an association similar to the Association
20 created by this Article; and
21 (B) neither the payee or beneficiary nor the
22 contract owner is eligible for coverage by the
23 association of the state in which the payee or
24 contract owner resides.
25 (e) This Article shall not provide coverage to:
26 (i) a person who is a payee or beneficiary of a

1 contract owner resident of this State if the payee or
2 beneficiary is afforded any coverage by the
3 association of another state; or
4 (ii) a person covered under paragraph (c) of this
5 subsection (1), if any coverage is provided by the
6 association of another state to that person.
7 (f) This Article is intended to provide coverage to a
8 person who is a resident of this State and, in special
9 circumstances, to a nonresident. In order to avoid
10 duplicate coverage, if a person who would otherwise
11 receive coverage under this Article is provided coverage
12 under the laws of any other state, then the person shall
13 not be provided coverage under this Article. In
14 determining the application of the provisions of this
15 paragraph in situations where a person could be covered by
16 the association of more than one state, whether as an
17 owner, payee, enrollee, beneficiary, or assignee, this
18 Article shall be construed in conjunction with other state
19 laws to result in coverage by only one association.
20 (2)(a) This Article shall provide coverage to the persons
21 specified in subsection (1) of this Section for policies or
22 contracts of direct, (i) nongroup life insurance, health
23 insurance (that, for the purposes of this Article, includes
24 health maintenance organization subscriber contracts and
25 certificates), annuities and supplemental contracts to any of
26 these, (ii) for certificates under direct group policies or

1 contracts, (iii) for unallocated annuity contracts and (iv)
2 for contracts to furnish health care services and subscription
3 certificates for medical or health care services issued by
4 persons licensed to transact insurance business in this State
5 under this Code. Annuity contracts and certificates under
6 group annuity contracts include but are not limited to
7 guaranteed investment contracts, deposit administration
8 contracts, unallocated funding agreements, allocated funding
9 agreements, structured settlement agreements, lottery
10 contracts and any immediate or deferred annuity contracts.

11 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of this
12 subsection, this Article shall not provide coverage for:

13 (i) that portion of a policy or contract not
14 guaranteed by the member insurer, or under which the risk
15 is borne by the policy or contract owner;

16 (ii) any such policy or contract or part thereof
17 assumed by the impaired or insolvent insurer under a
18 contract of reinsurance, other than reinsurance for which
19 assumption certificates have been issued;

20 (iii) any portion of a policy or contract to the
21 extent that the rate of interest on which it is based or
22 the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor is
23 determined by use of an index or other external reference
24 stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating
25 returns or changes in value:

26 (A) averaged over the period of 4 years prior to

1 the date on which the member insurer becomes an
2 impaired or insolvent insurer under this Article,
3 whichever is earlier, exceeds the rate of interest
4 determined by subtracting 2 percentage points from
5 Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average averaged for that
6 same 4-year period or for such lesser period if the
7 policy or contract was issued less than 4 years before
8 the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent
9 insurer under this Article, whichever is earlier; and
10 (B) on and after the date on which the member
11 insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under
12 this Article, whichever is earlier, exceeds the rate
13 of interest determined by subtracting 3 percentage
14 points from Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average as
15 most recently available;
16 (iv) any unallocated annuity contract issued to or in
17 connection with a benefit plan protected under the federal
18 Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, regardless of
19 whether the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation
20 has yet become liable to make any payments with respect to
21 the benefit plan;
22 (v) any portion of any unallocated annuity contract
23 which is not issued to or in connection with a specific
24 employee, union or association of natural persons benefit
25 plan or a government lottery;
26 (vi) an obligation that does not arise under the

express written terms of the policy or contract issued by the member insurer to the enrollee, certificate holder, contract owner, or policy owner, including without limitation:

(A) a claim based on marketing materials;

(B) a claim based on side letters, riders, or other documents that were issued by the member insurer without meeting applicable policy or contract form filing or approval requirements;

(C) a misrepresentation of or regarding policy or contract benefits;

(D) an extra-contractual claim; or

(E) a claim for penalties or consequential or incidental damages;

(vii) any stop-loss insurance, as defined in clause (b) of Class 1 or clause (a) of Class 2 of Section 4~~, and further defined in subsection (d) of Section 352~~;

(viii) any policy or contract providing any hospital, medical, prescription drug, or other health care benefits pursuant to Part C or Part D of Subchapter XVIII, Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code (commonly known as Medicare Part C & D), Subchapter XIX, Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the United States Code (commonly known as Medicaid), or any regulations issued pursuant thereto;

(ix) any portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the assessments required by Section 531.09 of this

Code with respect to the policy or contract are preempted or otherwise not permitted by federal or State law;

(x) any portion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer, association, or other person to provide life, health, or annuity benefits to its employees, members, or others to the extent that the plan or program is self-funded or uninsured, including, but not limited to, benefits payable by an employer, association, or other person under:

(A) a multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in 29 U.S.C. Section 1002;

(B) a minimum premium group insurance plan;

(C) a stop-loss group insurance plan; or

(D) an administrative services only contract;

(xi) any portion of a policy or contract to the extent that it provides for:

(A) dividends or experience rating credits;

(B) voting rights; or

(C) payment of any fees or allowances to any person, including the policy or contract owner, in connection with the service to or administration of the policy or contract;

(xii) any policy or contract issued in this State by a member insurer at a time when it was not licensed or did not have a certificate of authority to issue the policy or contract in this State;

1 (xiii) any contractual agreement that establishes the
2 member insurer's obligations to provide a book value
3 accounting guaranty for defined contribution benefit plan
4 participants by reference to a portfolio of assets that is
5 owned by the benefit plan or its trustee, which in each
6 case is not an affiliate of the member insurer;
7 (xiv) any portion of a policy or contract to the
8 extent that it provides for interest or other changes in
9 value to be determined by the use of an index or other
10 external reference stated in the policy or contract, but
11 which have not been credited to the policy or contract, or
12 as to which the policy or contract owner's rights are
13 subject to forfeiture, as of the date the member insurer
14 becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this Code,
15 whichever is earlier. If a policy's or contract's interest
16 or changes in value are credited less frequently than
17 annually, then for purposes of determining the values that
18 have been credited and are not subject to forfeiture under
19 this Section, the interest or change in value determined
20 by using the procedures defined in the policy or contract
21 will be credited as if the contractual date of crediting
22 interest or changing values was the date of impairment or
23 insolvency, whichever is earlier, and will not be subject
24 to forfeiture; or
25 (xv) that portion or part of a variable life insurance
26 or variable annuity contract not guaranteed by a member

1 insurer.
2 (c) The exclusion from coverage referenced in subdivision
3 (iii) of paragraph (b) of this subsection shall not apply to
4 any portion of a policy or contract, including a rider, that
5 provides long-term care or other health insurance benefits.
6 (3) The benefits for which the Association may become
7 liable shall in no event exceed the lesser of:
8 (a) the contractual obligations for which the member
9 insurer is liable or would have been liable if it were not
10 an impaired or insolvent insurer, or
11 (b)(i) with respect to any one life, regardless of the
12 number of policies or contracts:
13 (A) $300,000 in life insurance death benefits, but
14 not more than $100,000 in net cash surrender and net
15 cash withdrawal values for life insurance;
16 (B) for health insurance benefits:
17 (I) $100,000 for coverages not defined as
18 disability income insurance or health benefit
19 plans or long-term care insurance, including any
20 net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
21 (II) $300,000 for disability income insurance
22 and $300,000 for long-term care insurance; and
23 (III) $500,000 for health benefit plans;
24 (C) $250,000 in the present value of annuity
25 benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash
26 withdrawal values;

1 (ii) with respect to each individual participating in
2 a governmental retirement benefit plan established under
3 Section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the U.S. Internal Revenue
4 Code covered by an unallocated annuity contract or the
5 beneficiaries of each such individual if deceased, in the
6 aggregate, $250,000 in present value annuity benefits,
7 including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal
8 values;
9 (iii) with respect to each payee of a structured
10 settlement annuity or beneficiary or beneficiaries of the
11 payee if deceased, $250,000 in present value annuity
12 benefits, in the aggregate, including net cash surrender
13 and net cash withdrawal values, if any; or
14 (iv) with respect to either (1) one contract owner
15 provided coverage under subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c)
16 of subsection (1) of this Section or (2) one plan sponsor
17 whose plans own directly or in trust one or more
18 unallocated annuity contracts not included in subparagraph
19 (ii) of paragraph (b) of this subsection, $5,000,000 in
20 benefits, irrespective of the number of contracts with
21 respect to the contract owner or plan sponsor. However, in
22 the case where one or more unallocated annuity contracts
23 are covered contracts under this Article and are owned by
24 a trust or other entity for the benefit of 2 or more plan
25 sponsors, coverage shall be afforded by the Association if
26 the largest interest in the trust or entity owning the

1 contract or contracts is held by a plan sponsor whose
2 principal place of business is in this State. In no event
3 shall the Association be obligated to cover more than
4 $5,000,000 in benefits with respect to all these
5 unallocated contracts.
6 In no event shall the Association be obligated to cover
7 more than (1) an aggregate of $300,000 in benefits with
8 respect to any one life under subparagraphs (i), (ii), and
9 (iii) of this paragraph (b) except with respect to benefits
10 for health benefit plans under item (B) of subparagraph (i) of
11 this paragraph (b), in which case the aggregate liability of
12 the Association shall not exceed $500,000 with respect to any
13 one individual or (2) with respect to one owner of multiple
14 nongroup policies of life insurance, whether the policy or
15 contract owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other
16 person and whether the persons insured are officers, managers,
17 employees, or other persons, $5,000,000 in benefits,
18 regardless of the number of policies and contracts held by the
19 owner.
20 The limitations set forth in this subsection are
21 limitations on the benefits for which the Association is
22 obligated before taking into account either its subrogation
23 and assignment rights or the extent to which those benefits
24 could be provided out of the assets of the impaired or
25 insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies. The costs
26 of the Association's obligations under this Article may be met

by the use of assets attributable to covered policies or reimbursed to the Association pursuant to its subrogation and assignment rights.

For purposes of this Article, benefits provided by a long-term care rider to a life insurance policy or annuity contract shall be considered the same type of benefits as the base life insurance policy or annuity contract to which it relates.

(4) In performing its obligations to provide coverage under Section 531.08 of this Code, the Association shall not be required to guarantee, assume, reinsure, reissue, or perform or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reinsured, reissued, or performed the contractual obligations of the insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy or contract that do not materially affect the economic values or economic benefits of the covered policy or contract.

(Source: P.A. 100-687, eff. 8-3-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18.)

(215 ILCS 5/356z.30a rep.)

(215 ILCS 5/362a rep.)

Section 26. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by repealing Sections 356z.30a and 362a.

Section 30. The Network Adequacy and Transparency Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

1 (215 ILCS 124/5)
2 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:
3 "Authorized representative" means a person to whom a
4 beneficiary has given express written consent to represent the
5 beneficiary; a person authorized by law to provide substituted
6 consent for a beneficiary; or the beneficiary's treating
7 provider only when the beneficiary or his or her family member
8 is unable to provide consent.
9 "Beneficiary" means an individual, an enrollee, an
10 insured, a participant, or any other person entitled to
11 reimbursement for covered expenses of or the discounting of
12 provider fees for health care services under a program in
13 which the beneficiary has an incentive to utilize the services
14 of a provider that has entered into an agreement or
15 arrangement with an insurer.
16 "Department" means the Department of Insurance.
17 "Director" means the Director of Insurance.
18 "Family caregiver" means a relative, partner, friend, or
19 neighbor who has a significant relationship with the patient
20 and administers or assists the patient with activities of
21 daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, or
22 other medical or nursing tasks for the quality and welfare of
23 that patient.
24 "Insurer" means any entity that offers individual or group
25 accident and health insurance, including, but not limited to,
26 health maintenance organizations, preferred provider

1 organizations, exclusive provider organizations, and other
2 plan structures requiring network participation, excluding the
3 medical assistance program under the Illinois Public Aid Code,
4 the State employees group health insurance program, workers
5 compensation insurance, and pharmacy benefit managers.

6 "Material change" means a significant reduction in the
7 number of providers available in a network plan, including,
8 but not limited to, a reduction of 10% or more in a specific
9 type of providers, the removal of a major health system that
10 causes a network to be significantly different from the
11 network when the beneficiary purchased the network plan, or
12 any change that would cause the network to no longer satisfy
13 the requirements of this Act or the Department's rules for
14 network adequacy and transparency.

15 "Network" means the group or groups of preferred providers
16 providing services to a network plan.

17 "Network plan" means an individual or group policy of
18 accident and health insurance that either requires a covered
19 person to use or creates incentives, including financial
20 incentives, for a covered person to use providers managed,
21 owned, under contract with, or employed by the insurer.

22 "Ongoing course of treatment" means (1) treatment for a
23 life-threatening condition, which is a disease or condition
24 for which likelihood of death is probable unless the course of
25 the disease or condition is interrupted; (2) treatment for a
26 serious acute condition, defined as a disease or condition

requiring complex ongoing care that the covered person is currently receiving, such as chemotherapy, radiation therapy, or post-operative visits; (3) a course of treatment for a health condition that a treating provider attests that discontinuing care by that provider would worsen the condition or interfere with anticipated outcomes; or (4) the third trimester of pregnancy through the post-partum period.

"Preferred provider" means any provider who has entered, either directly or indirectly, into an agreement with an employer or risk-bearing entity relating to health care services that may be rendered to beneficiaries under a network plan.

"Providers" means physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, other health care professionals, hospitals, or other health care institutions that provide health care services.

"Telehealth" has the meaning given to that term in Section 356z.22 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

"Telemedicine" has the meaning given to that term in Section 49.5 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987.

"Tiered network" means a network that identifies and groups some or all types of provider and facilities into specific groups to which different provider reimbursement, covered person cost-sharing or provider access requirements, or any combination thereof, apply for the same services.

~~"Woman's principal health care provider" means a physician~~

~~licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches specializing in obstetrics, gynecology, or family practice.~~

(Source: P.A. 102-92, eff. 7-9-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

(215 ILCS 124/10)

Sec. 10. Network adequacy.

(a) An insurer providing a network plan shall file a description of all of the following with the Director:

(1) The written policies and procedures for adding providers to meet patient needs based on increases in the number of beneficiaries, changes in the patient-to-provider ratio, changes in medical and health care capabilities, and increased demand for services.

(2) The written policies and procedures for making referrals within and outside the network.

(3) The written policies and procedures on how the network plan will provide 24-hour, 7-day per week access to network-affiliated primary care, emergency services, and obstetrical and gynecological health care professionals ~~women's principal health care providers~~.

An insurer shall not prohibit a preferred provider from discussing any specific or all treatment options with beneficiaries irrespective of the insurer's position on those treatment options or from advocating on behalf of beneficiaries within the utilization review, grievance, or appeals processes established by the insurer in accordance

with any rights or remedies available under applicable State or federal law.

(b) Insurers must file for review a description of the services to be offered through a network plan. The description shall include all of the following:

(1) A geographic map of the area proposed to be served by the plan by county service area and zip code, including marked locations for preferred providers.

(2) As deemed necessary by the Department, the names, addresses, phone numbers, and specialties of the providers who have entered into preferred provider agreements under the network plan.

(3) The number of beneficiaries anticipated to be covered by the network plan.

(4) An Internet website and toll-free telephone number for beneficiaries and prospective beneficiaries to access current and accurate lists of preferred providers, additional information about the plan, as well as any other information required by Department rule.

(5) A description of how health care services to be rendered under the network plan are reasonably accessible and available to beneficiaries. The description shall address all of the following:

(A) the type of health care services to be provided by the network plan;

(B) the ratio of physicians and other providers to

beneficiaries, by specialty and including primary care physicians and facility-based physicians when applicable under the contract, necessary to meet the health care needs and service demands of the currently enrolled population;

(C) the travel and distance standards for plan beneficiaries in county service areas; and

(D) a description of how the use of telemedicine, telehealth, or mobile care services may be used to partially meet the network adequacy standards, if applicable.

(6) A provision ensuring that whenever a beneficiary has made a good faith effort, as evidenced by accessing the provider directory, calling the network plan, and calling the provider, to utilize preferred providers for a covered service and it is determined the insurer does not have the appropriate preferred providers due to insufficient number, type, unreasonable travel distance or delay, or preferred providers refusing to provide a covered service because it is contrary to the conscience of the preferred providers, as protected by the Health Care Right of Conscience Act, the insurer shall ensure, directly or indirectly, by terms contained in the payer contract, that the beneficiary will be provided the covered service at no greater cost to the beneficiary than if the service had been provided by a preferred provider.

This paragraph (6) does not apply to: (A) a beneficiary who willfully chooses to access a non-preferred provider for health care services available through the panel of preferred providers, or (B) a beneficiary enrolled in a health maintenance organization. In these circumstances, the contractual requirements for non-preferred provider reimbursements shall apply unless Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code requires otherwise. In no event shall a beneficiary who receives care at a participating health care facility be required to search for participating providers under the circumstances described in subsection (b) or (b-5) of Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code except under the circumstances described in paragraph (2) of subsection (b-5).

(7) A provision that the beneficiary shall receive emergency care coverage such that payment for this coverage is not dependent upon whether the emergency services are performed by a preferred or non-preferred provider and the coverage shall be at the same benefit level as if the service or treatment had been rendered by a preferred provider. For purposes of this paragraph (7), "the same benefit level" means that the beneficiary is provided the covered service at no greater cost to the beneficiary than if the service had been provided by a preferred provider. This provision shall be consistent with Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(8) A limitation that, if the plan provides that the beneficiary will incur a penalty for failing to pre-certify inpatient hospital treatment, the penalty may not exceed $1,000 per occurrence in addition to the plan cost-sharing ~~cost sharing~~ provisions.

(c) The network plan shall demonstrate to the Director a minimum ratio of providers to plan beneficiaries as required by the Department.

(1) The ratio of physicians or other providers to plan beneficiaries shall be established annually by the Department in consultation with the Department of Public Health based upon the guidance from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. The Department shall not establish ratios for vision or dental providers who provide services under dental-specific or vision-specific benefits. The Department shall consider establishing ratios for the following physicians or other providers:

(A) Primary Care;

(B) Pediatrics;

(C) Cardiology;

(D) Gastroenterology;

(E) General Surgery;

(F) Neurology;

(G) OB/GYN;

(H) Oncology/Radiation;

(I) Ophthalmology;

1 (J) Urology;
2 (K) Behavioral Health;
3 (L) Allergy/Immunology;
4 (M) Chiropractic;
5 (N) Dermatology;
6 (O) Endocrinology;
7 (P) Ears, Nose, and Throat (ENT)/Otolaryngology;
8 (Q) Infectious Disease;
9 (R) Nephrology;
10 (S) Neurosurgery;
11 (T) Orthopedic Surgery;
12 (U) Physiatry/Rehabilitative;
13 (V) Plastic Surgery;
14 (W) Pulmonary;
15 (X) Rheumatology;
16 (Y) Anesthesiology;
17 (Z) Pain Medicine;
18 (AA) Pediatric Specialty Services;
19 (BB) Outpatient Dialysis; and
20 (CC) HIV.
21 (2) The Director shall establish a process for the
22 review of the adequacy of these standards, along with an
23 assessment of additional specialties to be included in the
24 list under this subsection (c).
25 (d) The network plan shall demonstrate to the Director
26 maximum travel and distance standards for plan beneficiaries,

1 which shall be established annually by the Department in
2 consultation with the Department of Public Health based upon
3 the guidance from the federal Centers for Medicare and
4 Medicaid Services. These standards shall consist of the
5 maximum minutes or miles to be traveled by a plan beneficiary
6 for each county type, such as large counties, metro counties,
7 or rural counties as defined by Department rule.

8 The maximum travel time and distance standards must
9 include standards for each physician and other provider
10 category listed for which ratios have been established.

11 The Director shall establish a process for the review of
12 the adequacy of these standards along with an assessment of
13 additional specialties to be included in the list under this
14 subsection (d).

15 (d-5)(1) Every insurer shall ensure that beneficiaries
16 have timely and proximate access to treatment for mental,
17 emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions
18 in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (4) of
19 subsection (a) of Section 370c of the Illinois Insurance Code.
20 Insurers shall use a comparable process, strategy, evidentiary
21 standard, and other factors in the development and application
22 of the network adequacy standards for timely and proximate
23 access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or
24 substance use disorders or conditions and those for the access
25 to treatment for medical and surgical conditions. As such, the
26 network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access

shall equally be applied to treatment facilities and providers for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions and specialists providing medical or surgical benefits pursuant to the parity requirements of Section 370c.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code and the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions shall, at a minimum, satisfy the following requirements:

(A) For beneficiaries residing in the metropolitan counties of Cook, DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry, and Will, network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions means a beneficiary shall not have to travel longer than 30 minutes or 30 miles from the beneficiary's residence to receive outpatient treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions. Beneficiaries shall not be required to wait longer than 10 business days between requesting an initial appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions for outpatient treatment or to wait longer than 20 business days between requesting a repeat or follow-up appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of

mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions for outpatient treatment; however, subject to the protections of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a network plan shall not be held responsible if the beneficiary or provider voluntarily chooses to schedule an appointment outside of these required time frames.

(B) For beneficiaries residing in Illinois counties other than those counties listed in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions means a beneficiary shall not have to travel longer than 60 minutes or 60 miles from the beneficiary's residence to receive outpatient treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions. Beneficiaries shall not be required to wait longer than 10 business days between requesting an initial appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions for outpatient treatment or to wait longer than 20 business days between requesting a repeat or follow-up appointment and being seen by the facility or provider of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions for outpatient treatment; however, subject to the protections of paragraph (3) of this subsection, a network plan shall not be held responsible if the

beneficiary or provider voluntarily chooses to schedule an appointment outside of these required time frames.

(2) For beneficiaries residing in all Illinois counties, network adequacy standards for timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions means a beneficiary shall not have to travel longer than 60 minutes or 60 miles from the beneficiary's residence to receive inpatient or residential treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions.

(3) If there is no in-network facility or provider available for a beneficiary to receive timely and proximate access to treatment for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions in accordance with the network adequacy standards outlined in this subsection, the insurer shall provide necessary exceptions to its network to ensure admission and treatment with a provider or at a treatment facility in accordance with the network adequacy standards in this subsection.

(e) Except for network plans solely offered as a group health plan, these ratio and time and distance standards apply to the lowest cost-sharing tier of any tiered network.

(f) The network plan may consider use of other health care service delivery options, such as telemedicine or telehealth, mobile clinics, and centers of excellence, or other ways of delivering care to partially meet the requirements set under

this Section.

(g) Except for the requirements set forth in subsection (d-5), insurers who are not able to comply with the provider ratios and time and distance standards established by the Department may request an exception to these requirements from the Department. The Department may grant an exception in the following circumstances:

(1) if no providers or facilities meet the specific time and distance standard in a specific service area and the insurer (i) discloses information on the distance and travel time points that beneficiaries would have to travel beyond the required criterion to reach the next closest contracted provider outside of the service area and (ii) provides contact information, including names, addresses, and phone numbers for the next closest contracted provider or facility;

(2) if patterns of care in the service area do not support the need for the requested number of provider or facility type and the insurer provides data on local patterns of care, such as claims data, referral patterns, or local provider interviews, indicating where the beneficiaries currently seek this type of care or where the physicians currently refer beneficiaries, or both; or

(3) other circumstances deemed appropriate by the Department consistent with the requirements of this Act.

(h) Insurers are required to report to the Director any

1 material change to an approved network plan within 15 days
2 after the change occurs and any change that would result in
3 failure to meet the requirements of this Act. Upon notice from
4 the insurer, the Director shall reevaluate the network plan's
5 compliance with the network adequacy and transparency
6 standards of this Act.
7 (Source: P.A. 102-144, eff. 1-1-22; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22;
8 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23.)

9 Section 35. The Health Maintenance Organization Act is
10 amended by changing Sections 4.5-1, 5-3, and 5-3.1 as follows:

11 (215 ILCS 125/4.5-1)
12 Sec. 4.5-1. Point-of-service health service contracts.
13 (a) A health maintenance organization that offers a
14 point-of-service contract:
15 (1) must include as in-plan covered services all
16 services required by law to be provided by a health
17 maintenance organization;
18 (2) must provide incentives, which shall include
19 financial incentives, for enrollees to use in-plan covered
20 services;
21 (3) may not offer services out-of-plan without
22 providing those services on an in-plan basis;
23 (4) may include annual out-of-pocket limits and
24 lifetime maximum benefits allowances for out-of-plan

services that are separate from any limits or allowances applied to in-plan services;

(5) may not consider emergency services, authorized referral services, or non-routine services obtained out of the service area to be point-of-service services;

(6) may treat as out-of-plan services those services that an enrollee obtains from a participating provider, but for which the proper authorization was not given by the health maintenance organization; and

(7) after January 1, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 92-579), must include the following disclosure on its point-of-service contracts and evidences of coverage: "WARNING, LIMITED BENEFITS WILL BE PAID WHEN NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS ARE USED. YOU CAN EXPECT TO PAY MORE THAN THE COST-SHARING AMOUNT DEFINED IN THE POLICY IN NON-EMERGENCY SITUATIONS. Except in limited situations governed by the federal No Surprises Act or Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code (215 ILCS 5/356z.3a), non-participating providers furnishing non-emergency services may bill members for any amount up to the billed charge after the plan has paid its portion of the bill. If you elect to use a non-participating provider, plan benefit payments will be determined according to your policy's fee schedule, usual and customary charge (which is determined by comparing charges for similar services adjusted to the geographical area

where the services are performed), or other method as defined by the policy. Participating providers have agreed to ONLY bill members the cost-sharing amounts. ~~You should be aware that when you elect to utilize the services of a non-participating provider for a covered service in non-emergency situations, benefit payments to such non-participating provider are not based upon the amount billed. The basis of your benefit payment will be determined according to your policy's fee schedule, usual and customary charge (which is determined by comparing charges for similar services adjusted to the geographical area where the services are performed), or other method as defined by the policy. YOU CAN EXPECT TO PAY MORE THAN THE COINSURANCE AMOUNT DEFINED IN THE POLICY AFTER THE PLAN HAS PAID ITS REQUIRED PORTION. Non-participating providers may bill members for any amount up to the billed charge after the plan has paid its portion of the bill, except as provided in Section 356z.3a of the Illinois Insurance Code for covered services received at a participating health care facility from a non-participating provider that are: (a) ancillary services, (b) items or services furnished as a result of unforeseen, urgent medical needs that arise at the time the item or service is furnished, or (c) items or services received when the facility or the non-participating provider fails to satisfy the notice and consent criteria specified under Section 356z.3a.~~

~~Participating providers have agreed to accept discounted payments for services with no additional billing to the member other than co-insurance and deductible amounts.~~ You may obtain further information about the participating status of professional providers and information on out-of-pocket expenses by calling the toll-free ~~toll free~~ telephone number on your identification card.".

(b) A health maintenance organization offering a point-of-service contract is subject to all of the following limitations:

(1) The health maintenance organization may not expend in any calendar quarter more than 20% of its total expenditures for all its members for out-of-plan covered services.

(2) If the amount specified in item (1) of this subsection is exceeded by 2% in a quarter, the health maintenance organization must effect compliance with item (1) of this subsection by the end of the following quarter.

(3) If compliance with the amount specified in item (1) of this subsection is not demonstrated in the health maintenance organization's next quarterly report, the health maintenance organization may not offer the point-of-service contract to new groups or include the point-of-service option in the renewal of an existing group until compliance with the amount specified in item

(1) of this subsection is demonstrated or until otherwise allowed by the Director.

(4) A health maintenance organization failing, without just cause, to comply with the provisions of this subsection shall be required, after notice and hearing, to pay a penalty of $250 for each day out of compliance, to be recovered by the Director. Any penalty recovered shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. The Director may reduce the penalty if the health maintenance organization demonstrates to the Director that the imposition of the penalty would constitute a financial hardship to the health maintenance organization.

(c) A health maintenance organization that offers a point-of-service product must do all of the following:

(1) File a quarterly financial statement detailing compliance with the requirements of subsection (b).

(2) Track out-of-plan, point-of-service utilization separately from in-plan or non-point-of-service, out-of-plan emergency care, referral care, and urgent care out of the service area utilization.

(3) Record out-of-plan utilization in a manner that will permit such utilization and cost reporting as the Director may, by rule, require.

(4) Demonstrate to the Director's satisfaction that the health maintenance organization has the fiscal, administrative, and marketing capacity to control its

1 point-of-service enrollment, utilization, and costs so as
2 not to jeopardize the financial security of the health
3 maintenance organization.

4 (5) Maintain, in addition to any other deposit
5 required under this Act, the deposit required by Section
6 2-6.

7 (6) Maintain cash and cash equivalents of sufficient
8 amount to fully liquidate 10 days' average claim payments,
9 subject to review by the Director.

10 (7) Maintain and file with the Director, reinsurance
11 coverage protecting against catastrophic losses on
12 out-of-network point-of-service services. Deductibles may
13 not exceed $100,000 per covered life per year, and the
14 portion of risk retained by the health maintenance
15 organization once deductibles have been satisfied may not
16 exceed 20%. Reinsurance must be placed with licensed
17 authorized reinsurers qualified to do business in this
18 State.

19 (d) A health maintenance organization may not issue a
20 point-of-service contract until it has filed and had approved
21 by the Director a plan to comply with the provisions of this
22 Section. The compliance plan must, at a minimum, include
23 provisions demonstrating that the health maintenance
24 organization will do all of the following:

25 (1) Design the benefit levels and conditions of
26 coverage for in-plan covered services and out-of-plan

1 covered services as required by this Article.
2 (2) Provide or arrange for the provision of adequate
3 systems to:
4 (A) process and pay claims for all out-of-plan
5 covered services;
6 (B) meet the requirements for point-of-service
7 contracts set forth in this Section and any additional
8 requirements that may be set forth by the Director;
9 and
10 (C) generate accurate data and financial and
11 regulatory reports on a timely basis so that the
12 Department of Insurance can evaluate the health
13 maintenance organization's experience with the
14 point-of-service contract and monitor compliance with
15 point-of-service contract provisions.
16 (3) Comply with the requirements of subsections (b)
17 and (c).
18 (Source: P.A. 102-901, eff. 1-1-23; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23.)

19 (215 ILCS 125/5-3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1411.2)
20 Sec. 5-3. Insurance Code provisions.
21 (a) Health Maintenance Organizations shall be subject to
22 the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 136, 137, 139, 140,
23 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153,
24 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 155.22a, 155.49,
25 355.2, 355.3, 355b, 355c, 356f, 356g.5-1, 356m, 356q, 356v,

356w, 356x, 356z.2, 356z.3a, 356z.4, 356z.4a, 356z.5, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.12, 356z.13, 356z.14, 356z.15, 356z.17, 356z.18, 356z.19, 356z.20, 356z.21, 356z.22, 356z.23, 356z.24, 356z.25, 356z.26, 356z.28, 356z.29, 356z.30, 356z.30a, 356z.31, 356z.32, 356z.33, 356z.34, 356z.35, 356z.36, 356z.37, 356z.38, 356z.39, 356z.40, 356z.41, 356z.44, 356z.45, 356z.46, 356z.47, 356z.48, 356z.49, 356z.50, 356z.51, 356z.53, 356z.54, 356z.55, 356z.56, 356z.57, 356z.58, 356z.59, 356z.60, 356z.61, 356z.62, 356z.63, 356z.64, 356z.65, 356z.66, 356z.67, 356z.68, 356z.69, 356z.70, 364, 364.01, 364.3, 367.2, 367.2-5, 367i, 368a, 368b, 368c, 368d, 368e, 370c, 370c.1, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of Section 367, and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, XII, XII 1/2, XIII, XIII 1/2, XXV, XXVI, and XXXIIB of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(b) For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, Health Maintenance Organizations in the following categories are deemed to be "domestic companies":

(1) a corporation authorized under the Dental Service Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act;

(2) a corporation organized under the laws of this State; or

(3) a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents of this State, except a corporation subject to

substantially the same requirements in its state of organization as is a "domestic company" under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(c) In considering the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control of a Health Maintenance Organization pursuant to Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code,

(1) the Director shall give primary consideration to the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial conditions of the acquired Health Maintenance Organization after the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control takes effect;

(2)(i) the criteria specified in subsection (1)(b) of Section 131.8 of the Illinois Insurance Code shall not apply and (ii) the Director, in making his determination with respect to the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control, need not take into account the effect on competition of the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control;

(3) the Director shall have the power to require the following information:

(A) certification by an independent actuary of the adequacy of the reserves of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired;

(B) pro forma financial statements reflecting the combined balance sheets of the acquiring company and the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be

acquired as of the end of the preceding year and as of a date 90 days prior to the acquisition, as well as pro forma financial statements reflecting projected combined operation for a period of 2 years;

(C) a pro forma business plan detailing an acquiring party's plans with respect to the operation of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired for a period of not less than 3 years; and

(D) such other information as the Director shall require.

(d) The provisions of Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code and this Section 5-3 shall apply to the sale by any health maintenance organization of greater than 10% of its enrollee population (including, without limitation, the health maintenance organization's right, title, and interest in and to its health care certificates).

(e) In considering any management contract or service agreement subject to Section 141.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the Director (i) shall, in addition to the criteria specified in Section 141.2 of the Illinois Insurance Code, take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial condition of the health maintenance organization to be managed or serviced, and (ii) need not take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on competition.

(f) Except for small employer groups as defined in the Small Employer Rating, Renewability and Portability Health Insurance Act and except for medicare supplement policies as defined in Section 363 of the Illinois Insurance Code, a Health Maintenance Organization may by contract agree with a group or other enrollment unit to effect refunds or charge additional premiums under the following terms and conditions:

(i) the amount of, and other terms and conditions with respect to, the refund or additional premium are set forth in the group or enrollment unit contract agreed in advance of the period for which a refund is to be paid or additional premium is to be charged (which period shall not be less than one year); and

(ii) the amount of the refund or additional premium shall not exceed 20% of the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable or unprofitable experience with respect to the group or other enrollment unit for the period (and, for purposes of a refund or additional premium, the profitable or unprofitable experience shall be calculated taking into account a pro rata share of the Health Maintenance Organization's administrative and marketing expenses, but shall not include any refund to be made or additional premium to be paid pursuant to this subsection (f)). The Health Maintenance Organization and the group or enrollment unit may agree that the profitable or unprofitable experience may be calculated taking into

account the refund period and the immediately preceding 2 plan years.

The Health Maintenance Organization shall include a statement in the evidence of coverage issued to each enrollee describing the possibility of a refund or additional premium, and upon request of any group or enrollment unit, provide to the group or enrollment unit a description of the method used to calculate (1) the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting refund to the group or enrollment unit or (2) the Health Maintenance Organization's unprofitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting additional premium to be paid by the group or enrollment unit.

In no event shall the Illinois Health Maintenance Organization Guaranty Association be liable to pay any contractual obligation of an insolvent organization to pay any refund authorized under this Section.

(g) Rulemaking authority to implement Public Act 95-1045, if any, is conditioned on the rules being adopted in accordance with all provisions of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and all rules and procedures of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules; any purported rule not so adopted, for whatever reason, is unauthorized.

(Source: P.A. 102-30, eff. 1-1-22; 102-34, eff. 6-25-21; 102-203, eff. 1-1-22; 102-306, eff. 1-1-22; 102-443, eff.

1-1-22; 102-589, eff. 1-1-22; 102-642, eff. 1-1-22; 102-665, eff. 10-8-21; 102-731, eff. 1-1-23; 102-775, eff. 5-13-22; 102-804, eff. 1-1-23; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-816, eff. 1-1-23; 102-860, eff. 1-1-23; 102-901, eff. 7-1-22; 102-1093, eff. 1-1-23; 102-1117, eff. 1-13-23; 103-84, eff. 1-1-24; 103-91, eff. 1-1-24; 103-123, eff. 1-1-24; 103-154, eff. 6-30-23; 103-420, eff. 1-1-24; 103-426, eff. 8-4-23; 103-445, eff. 1-1-24; 103-551, eff. 8-11-23; revised 8-29-23.)

(215 ILCS 125/5-3.1)

Sec. 5-3.1. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. Health maintenance organizations are subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(Source: P.A. 89-514, eff. 7-17-96.)

Section 40. The Limited Health Service Organization Act is amended by changing Section 4002.1 as follows:

(215 ILCS 130/4002.1)

Sec. 4002.1. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. Limited health service organizations are subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code.

(Source: P.A. 89-514, eff. 7-17-96.)

Section 45. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by changing Section 5-16.9 as follows:

(305 ILCS 5/5-16.9)

Sec. 5-16.9. Access to obstetrical and gynecological care ~~Woman's health care provider~~. The medical assistance program is subject to the provisions of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code. The Illinois Department shall adopt rules to implement the requirements of Section 356r of the Illinois Insurance Code in the medical assistance program including managed care components.

On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in accordance with Section 5-5e.

(Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
2 becoming law, except that the changes to Sections 356r, 356s,
3 356z.3, and 367a of the Illinois Insurance Code and Section
4 4.5-1 of the Health Maintenance Organization Act take effect
5 January 1, 2025.".