



Sen. Laura Fine

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10300HB5373sam001

LRB103 36911 RLC 76069 a

1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5373

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 5373 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
5 amended by changing Section 318 and by adding Section 315.7 as
6 follows:

7 (720 ILCS 570/315.7 new)

8 Sec. 315.7. Chronic pain treatment.

9 (a) In this Section:

10 "Chronic pain" means a state in which pain persists beyond
11 the usual course of an acute disease or healing of an injury,
12 or which may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic
13 pathologic process that causes continuous or intermittent pain
14 over months or years. "Chronic pain" is considered to be pain
15 that persists for more than 12 weeks and is adversely
16 affecting the function or well-being of the individual.

1 "Opioid" means a narcotic drug or substance that is a
2 Schedule II controlled substance under paragraph (1), (2),
3 (3), or (5) of subsection (b) or under subsection (c) of
4 Section 206.

5 (b) Decisions regarding the treatment of patients
6 experiencing chronic pain shall be made by the prescriber with
7 dispensing by the pharmacist in accordance with the
8 corresponding responsibility as described in 21 CFR 1306.04(a)
9 and 77 Ill. Adm. Code 3100.380(a).

10 (c) Ordering, prescribing, dispensing, administering, or
11 paying for controlled substances, including opioids, shall not
12 in any way be predetermined by specific morphine milligram
13 equivalent guidelines except as provided under federal law.

14 (d) Nothing in this Section shall interfere with the
15 review of prescriptions by the Prescription Monitoring
16 Program's Peer Review Committee. In reviewing prescriptions
17 for chronic pain, the peer review committee members shall
18 review the most updated clinical guidelines on treating
19 chronic pain for the period the prescriptions were written.

20 (720 ILCS 570/318)

21 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-881)

22 Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.

23 (a) Information received by the central repository under
24 Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.

25 (a-1) To ensure the federal Health Insurance Portability

1 and Accountability Act and confidentiality of substance use
2 disorder patient records rules that mandate the privacy of an
3 individual's prescription data reported to the Prescription
4 Monitoring Program received from a retail dispenser under this
5 Act, and in order to execute the duties and responsibilities
6 under Section 316 of this Act and rules for disclosure under
7 this Section, the Clinical Director of the Prescription
8 Monitoring Program or his or her designee shall maintain
9 direct access to all Prescription Monitoring Program data. Any
10 request for Prescription Monitoring Program data from any
11 other department or agency must be approved in writing by the
12 Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or
13 his or her designee unless otherwise permitted by law.
14 Prescription Monitoring Program data shall only be disclosed
15 as permitted by law. Confidential information received from
16 opioid treatment programs or confidential information
17 otherwise protected under federal confidentiality of substance
18 use disorder patient records regulations under 42 CFR Part 2
19 shall not be included in the information shared.

20 (a-2) As an active step to address the current opioid
21 crisis in this State and to prevent and reduce addiction
22 resulting from a sports injury or an accident, the
23 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
24 Health shall coordinate a continuous review of the
25 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
26 Health data to determine if a patient may be at risk of opioid

1 addiction. Each patient discharged from any medical facility
2 with an International Classification of Disease, 10th edition
3 code related to a sport or accident injury shall be subject to
4 the data review. If the discharged patient is dispensed a
5 controlled substance, the Prescription Monitoring Program
6 shall alert the patient's prescriber as to the addiction risk
7 and urge each to follow the Centers for Disease Control and
8 Prevention guidelines or his or her respective profession's
9 treatment guidelines related to the patient's injury. This
10 subsection (a-2), other than this sentence, is inoperative on
11 or after January 1, 2024.

12 (b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the
13 confidentiality of the information described in subsection
14 (a). The Department may disclose the information to another
15 person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a
16 fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the
17 information.

18 (c) The Department may disclose confidential information
19 described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in
20 receiving, processing, or storing the information.

21 (d) The Department may release confidential information
22 described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

23 (1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and
24 is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a
25 prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law
26 that involves a controlled substance.

1 (2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection
2 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
3 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
4 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
5 the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the
6 following activities involving controlled substances:

7 (A) an investigation;

8 (B) an adjudication; or

9 (C) a prosecution of a violation under any State
10 or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

11 (3) A law enforcement officer who is:

12 (A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the
13 office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or
14 municipal police department of Illinois to receive
15 information of the type requested for the purpose of
16 investigations involving controlled substances; or

17 (B) approved by the Department to receive
18 information of the type requested for the purpose of
19 investigations involving controlled substances; and

20 (C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of
21 a violation under any State or federal law that
22 involves a controlled substance.

23 (4) Select representatives of the Department of
24 Children and Family Services through the indirect online
25 request process. Access shall be established by an
26 intergovernmental agreement between the Department of

1 Children and Family Services and the Department of Human
2 Services.

3 (e) Before the Department releases confidential
4 information under subsection (d), all of the following must be
5 demonstrated ~~the applicant must demonstrate~~ in writing to the
6 Department by the applicant ~~that~~:

7 (1) the applicant has reason to believe that a
8 violation under any State or federal law that involves a
9 controlled substance has occurred; ~~and~~

10 (2) the requested information is reasonably related to
11 the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the
12 violation described in subdivision (1); and ~~-~~

13 (3) the applicant has a valid court order or subpoena,
14 or an administrative subpoena issued by the Department of
15 Financial and Professional Regulation, for the
16 confidential information requested.

17 (f) The Department may receive and release confidential
18 prescription record information collected under Sections 316
19 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or
20 practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing
21 large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled
22 substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or
23 business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by
24 Section 320, ~~prescription record information under Section 316~~
25 and former Section 321 to:

26 (1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

1 (2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection
2 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
3 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
4 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
5 the Attorney General;

6 (3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

7 (A) authorized to receive the type of information
8 released; and

9 (B) approved by the Department to receive the type
10 of information released; or

11 (4) prescription monitoring entities in other states
12 per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h)
13 below. †

14 ~~confidential prescription record information collected under~~
15 ~~Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or~~
16 ~~practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing~~
17 ~~large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled~~
18 ~~substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or~~
19 ~~business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by~~
20 ~~Section 320.~~

21 (f-5) In accordance with a confidentiality agreement
22 entered into with the Department, a medical director, or a
23 public health administrator and their delegated analysts, of a
24 county or municipal health department or the Department of
25 Public Health shall have access to data from the system for any
26 of the following purposes:

1 (1) developing education programs or public health
2 interventions relating to prescribing trends and
3 controlled substance use; or

4 (2) conducting analyses and publish reports on
5 prescribing trends in their respective jurisdictions.

6 At a minimum, the confidentiality agreement entered into
7 with the Department shall:

8 (i) prohibit analysis and reports produced under
9 subparagraph (2) from including information that
10 identifies, by name, license, or address, any
11 practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other person
12 administering a controlled substance; and

13 (ii) specify the appropriate technical and physical
14 safeguards that the county or municipal health department
15 must implement to ensure the privacy and security of data
16 obtained from the system. The data from the system shall
17 not be admissible as evidence, nor discoverable in any
18 action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal,
19 board, agency, or person. The disclosure of any such
20 information or data, whether proper or improper, shall not
21 waive or have any effect upon its confidentiality,
22 non-discoverability, or non-admissibility.

23 (g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be
24 released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the
25 Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and
26 until that employee has certified that further investigation

1 is warranted. Upon review and approval by a licensed
2 prescriber or dispenser, or trained designee, the Prescription
3 Monitoring Program may release information described in
4 subsection (f). However, failure to comply with this
5 subsection (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence
6 that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in
7 subsection (h).

8 (h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
9 confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may
10 disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an
11 attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as
12 evidence in the following:

13 (1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that
14 involves a controlled substance.

15 (2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile
16 court that involves a controlled substance.

17 (i) The Department may compile statistical reports from
18 the information described in subsection (a). The reports must
19 not include information that identifies, by name, license or
20 address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other
21 person administering a controlled substance.

22 (j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a
23 prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to
24 assist the health care community in its goal of effective
25 clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or
26 abusing medications.

1 (1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a
2 stand-alone database which shall contain records for the
3 previous 12 months.

4 (2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure
5 identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer
6 solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the
7 federal HIPAA law.

8 (3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure
9 link and encrypted software necessary to establish the
10 link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical
11 assistance shall also be provided.

12 (4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include
13 the fee and the requester's Drug Enforcement
14 Administration license number and submitted upon the
15 requester's business stationery.

16 (5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program
17 Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the
18 Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does
19 not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or
20 patient may be used for clinical studies.

21 (6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used
22 per administrative rule.

23 (7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be
24 construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use
25 of this inquiry system.

26 (8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a

1 prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is
2 initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall
3 be held harmless from any civil liability.

4 (k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process
5 by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of
6 prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the
7 Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).

8 (l) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee
9 is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of
10 establishing a patient specific identifier.

11 (m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them
12 that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their
13 personal prescription history pursuant to the validation
14 process as set forth by administrative rule.

15 (n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to
16 develop operational push reports to entities with compatible
17 electronic medical records. The process shall be covered
18 within administrative rule established by the Department.

19 (o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding
20 healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients
21 may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a
22 unique identifier for each shift to utilize the PIL system.

23 (p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall
24 automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a
25 prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her
26 controlled substance license. The Department of Financial and

1 Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription
2 Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license
3 information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the
4 creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program
5 shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding
6 the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into
7 the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote
8 effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing
9 education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The
10 Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all
11 enrolled prescribers, dispensers, and designees information
12 regarding the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section
13 314.5 of this Act.

14 (q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to
15 consult the inquiry system established by the Department under
16 this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the
17 following conditions are met:

18 (1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same
19 hospital or health care system; is employed by the same
20 professional practice; or is under contract with such
21 practice, hospital, or health care system;

22 (2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps
23 to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in
24 the use of the inquiry system;

25 (3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible
26 for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the

1 designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a
2 manner that protects the confidentiality of the
3 information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains
4 responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and

5 (4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to
6 prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with
7 the prescriber or dispenser.

8 The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to
9 registered designees information regarding the inquiry system,
10 including instructions on how to log onto the system.

11 (r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an
12 Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and
13 dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a
14 minimum, the following information:

15 (1) current clinical guidelines developed by health
16 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
17 opioids or other controlled substances as determined by
18 the Advisory Committee;

19 (2) accredited continuing education programs related
20 to prescribing of controlled substances;

21 (3) programs or information developed by health care
22 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
23 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

24 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
25 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
26 public and private organizations which are relevant to

1 prescribing;

2 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

3 (6) other information regarding the prescription of
4 controlled substances; and

5 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
6 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
7 options or events.

8 The content of the Internet website shall be periodically
9 reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
10 Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in
11 accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.

12 (s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly
13 send electronic updates to the registered users of the
14 Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
15 Committee shall review any communications sent to registered
16 users and also make recommendations for communications as set
17 forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the
18 following information:

19 (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education
20 programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

21 (2) current clinical guidelines developed by health
22 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
23 opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory
24 Committee;

25 (3) programs or information developed by health care
26 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help

1 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

2 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
3 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
4 public and private organizations which are relevant to
5 prescribing;

6 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

7 (6) other information regarding prescribing of
8 controlled substances;

9 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
10 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
11 options or events; and

12 (8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program
13 is a useful clinical tool.

14 (t) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
15 neither the Prescription Monitoring Program nor any other
16 person shall disclose any information in violation of the
17 restrictions and requirements of paragraph (3.5) of subsection
18 (a) of Section 316 as implemented under Public Act 102-527.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-751, eff. 1-1-23.)

20 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-881)

21 Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.

22 (a) Information received by the central repository under
23 Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.

24 (a-1) To ensure the federal Health Insurance Portability
25 and Accountability Act and confidentiality of substance use

1 disorder patient records rules that mandate the privacy of an
2 individual's prescription data reported to the Prescription
3 Monitoring Program received from a retail dispenser under this
4 Act, and in order to execute the duties and responsibilities
5 under Section 316 of this Act and rules for disclosure under
6 this Section, the Clinical Director of the Prescription
7 Monitoring Program or his or her designee shall maintain
8 direct access to all Prescription Monitoring Program data. Any
9 request for Prescription Monitoring Program data from any
10 other department or agency must be approved in writing by the
11 Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or
12 his or her designee unless otherwise permitted by law.
13 Prescription Monitoring Program data shall only be disclosed
14 as permitted by law. Confidential information received from
15 opioid treatment programs or confidential information
16 otherwise protected under federal confidentiality of substance
17 use disorder patient records regulations under 42 CFR Part 2
18 shall not be included in the information shared.

19 (a-2) As an active step to address the current opioid
20 crisis in this State and to prevent and reduce substance use
21 disorders resulting from a sports injury or an accident, the
22 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
23 Health shall coordinate a continuous review of the
24 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
25 Health data to determine if a patient may be at risk of opioid
26 use disorder. Each patient discharged from any medical

1 facility with an International Classification of Disease, 10th
2 edition code related to a sport or accident injury shall be
3 subject to the data review. If the discharged patient is
4 dispensed a controlled substance, the Prescription Monitoring
5 Program shall alert the patient's prescriber as to the risk of
6 developing a substance use disorder and urge each to follow
7 the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention guidelines or
8 his or her respective profession's treatment guidelines
9 related to the patient's injury. This subsection (a-2), other
10 than this sentence, is inoperative on or after January 1,
11 2024.

12 (b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the
13 confidentiality of the information described in subsection
14 (a). The Department may disclose the information to another
15 person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a
16 fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the
17 information.

18 (c) The Department may disclose confidential information
19 described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in
20 receiving, processing, or storing the information.

21 (d) The Department may release confidential information
22 described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

23 (1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and
24 is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a
25 prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law
26 that involves a controlled substance.

1 (2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection
2 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
3 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
4 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
5 the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the
6 following activities involving controlled substances:

7 (A) an investigation;

8 (B) an adjudication; or

9 (C) a prosecution of a violation under any State
10 or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

11 (3) A law enforcement officer who is:

12 (A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the
13 office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or
14 municipal police department of Illinois to receive
15 information of the type requested for the purpose of
16 investigations involving controlled substances; or

17 (B) approved by the Department to receive
18 information of the type requested for the purpose of
19 investigations involving controlled substances; and

20 (C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of
21 a violation under any State or federal law that
22 involves a controlled substance.

23 (4) Select representatives of the Department of
24 Children and Family Services through the indirect online
25 request process. Access shall be established by an
26 intergovernmental agreement between the Department of

1 Children and Family Services and the Department of Human
2 Services.

3 (e) Before the Department releases confidential
4 information under subsection (d), all of the following must be
5 demonstrated ~~the applicant must demonstrate~~ in writing to the
6 Department by the applicant ~~that~~:

7 (1) the applicant has reason to believe that a
8 violation under any State or federal law that involves a
9 controlled substance has occurred; ~~and~~

10 (2) the requested information is reasonably related to
11 the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the
12 violation described in subdivision (1); ~~and~~

13 (3) the applicant has a valid court order or subpoena,
14 or an administrative subpoena issued by the Department of
15 Financial and Professional Regulation, for the
16 confidential information requested.

17 (f) The Department may receive and release confidential
18 prescription record information collected under Sections 316
19 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or
20 practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing
21 large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled
22 substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or
23 business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by
24 Section 320, ~~prescription record information under Section 316~~
25 ~~and former Section 321~~ to:

26 (1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

1 (2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection
2 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
3 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
4 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
5 the Attorney General;

6 (3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

7 (A) authorized to receive the type of information
8 released; and

9 (B) approved by the Department to receive the type
10 of information released; or

11 (4) prescription monitoring entities in other states
12 per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h)
13 below. †

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15 ~~Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or~~
16 ~~practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing~~
17 ~~large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled~~
18 ~~substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or~~
19 ~~business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by~~
20 ~~Section 320.~~

21 (f-5) In accordance with a confidentiality agreement
22 entered into with the Department, a medical director, or a
23 public health administrator and their delegated analysts, of a
24 county or municipal health department or the Department of
25 Public Health shall have access to data from the system for any
26 of the following purposes:

1 (1) developing education programs or public health
2 interventions relating to prescribing trends and
3 controlled substance use; or

4 (2) conducting analyses and publish reports on
5 prescribing trends in their respective jurisdictions.

6 At a minimum, the confidentiality agreement entered into
7 with the Department shall:

8 (i) prohibit analysis and reports produced under
9 subparagraph (2) from including information that
10 identifies, by name, license, or address, any
11 practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other person
12 administering a controlled substance; and

13 (ii) specify the appropriate technical and physical
14 safeguards that the county or municipal health department
15 must implement to ensure the privacy and security of data
16 obtained from the system. The data from the system shall
17 not be admissible as evidence, nor discoverable in any
18 action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal,
19 board, agency, or person. The disclosure of any such
20 information or data, whether proper or improper, shall not
21 waive or have any effect upon its confidentiality,
22 non-discoverability, or non-admissibility.

23 (g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be
24 released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the
25 Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and
26 until that employee has certified that further investigation

1 is warranted. Upon review and approval by a licensed
2 prescriber or dispenser, or trained designee, the Prescription
3 Monitoring Program may release information described in
4 subsection (f). However, failure to comply with this
5 subsection (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence
6 that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in
7 subsection (h).

8 (h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
9 confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may
10 disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an
11 attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as
12 evidence in the following:

13 (1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that
14 involves a controlled substance.

15 (2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile
16 court that involves a controlled substance.

17 (i) The Department may compile statistical reports from
18 the information described in subsection (a). The reports must
19 not include information that identifies, by name, license or
20 address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other
21 person administering a controlled substance.

22 (j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a
23 prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to
24 assist the health care community in its goal of effective
25 clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or
26 abusing medications.

1 (1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a
2 stand-alone database which shall contain records for the
3 previous 12 months.

4 (2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure
5 identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer
6 solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the
7 federal HIPAA law.

8 (3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure
9 link and encrypted software necessary to establish the
10 link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical
11 assistance shall also be provided.

12 (4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include
13 the fee and the requester's Drug Enforcement
14 Administration license number and submitted upon the
15 requester's business stationery.

16 (5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program
17 Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the
18 Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does
19 not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or
20 patient may be used for clinical studies.

21 (6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used
22 per administrative rule.

23 (7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be
24 construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use
25 of this inquiry system.

26 (8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a

1 prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is
2 initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall
3 be held harmless from any civil liability.

4 (k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process
5 by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of
6 prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the
7 Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).

8 (l) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee
9 is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of
10 establishing a patient specific identifier.

11 (m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them
12 that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their
13 personal prescription history pursuant to the validation
14 process as set forth by administrative rule.

15 (n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to
16 develop operational push reports to entities with compatible
17 electronic medical records. The process shall be covered
18 within administrative rule established by the Department.

19 (o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding
20 healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients
21 may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a
22 unique identifier for each shift to utilize the PIL system.

23 (p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall
24 automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a
25 prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her
26 controlled substance license. The Department of Financial and

1 Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription
2 Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license
3 information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the
4 creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program
5 shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding
6 the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into
7 the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote
8 effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing
9 education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The
10 Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all
11 enrolled prescribers, dispensers, and designees information
12 regarding the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section
13 314.5 of this Act.

14 (q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to
15 consult the inquiry system established by the Department under
16 this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the
17 following conditions are met:

18 (1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same
19 hospital or health care system; is employed by the same
20 professional practice; or is under contract with such
21 practice, hospital, or health care system;

22 (2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps
23 to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in
24 the use of the inquiry system;

25 (3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible
26 for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the

1 designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a
2 manner that protects the confidentiality of the
3 information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains
4 responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and

5 (4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to
6 prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with
7 the prescriber or dispenser.

8 The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to
9 registered designees information regarding the inquiry system,
10 including instructions on how to log onto the system.

11 (r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an
12 Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and
13 dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a
14 minimum, the following information:

15 (1) current clinical guidelines developed by health
16 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
17 opioids or other controlled substances as determined by
18 the Advisory Committee;

19 (2) accredited continuing education programs related
20 to prescribing of controlled substances;

21 (3) programs or information developed by health care
22 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
23 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

24 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
25 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
26 public and private organizations which are relevant to

1 prescribing;

2 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

3 (6) other information regarding the prescription of
4 controlled substances; and

5 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
6 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
7 options or events.

8 The content of the Internet website shall be periodically
9 reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
10 Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in
11 accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.

12 (s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly
13 send electronic updates to the registered users of the
14 Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
15 Committee shall review any communications sent to registered
16 users and also make recommendations for communications as set
17 forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the
18 following information:

19 (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education
20 programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

21 (2) current clinical guidelines developed by health
22 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
23 opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory
24 Committee;

25 (3) programs or information developed by health care
26 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help

1 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

2 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
3 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
4 public and private organizations which are relevant to
5 prescribing;

6 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

7 (6) other information regarding prescribing of
8 controlled substances;

9 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
10 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
11 options or events; and

12 (8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program
13 is a useful clinical tool.

14 (t) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
15 neither the Prescription Monitoring Program nor any other
16 person shall disclose any information in violation of the
17 restrictions and requirements of paragraph (3.5) of subsection
18 (a) of Section 316 as implemented under Public Act 102-527.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-751, eff. 1-1-23; 103-881, eff. 1-1-25.)

20 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
21 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
22 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
23 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
24 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
25 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other

1 Public Act.

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
3 becoming law.".