

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
5 amended by changing Section 318 and by adding Section 315.7 as
6 follows:

7 (720 ILCS 570/315.7 new)

8 Sec. 315.7. Chronic pain treatment.

9 (a) In this Section:

10 "Chronic pain" means a state in which pain persists beyond
11 the usual course of an acute disease or healing of an injury,
12 or which may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic
13 pathologic process that causes continuous or intermittent pain
14 over months or years. "Chronic pain" is considered to be pain
15 that persists for more than 12 weeks and is adversely
16 affecting the function or well-being of the individual.

17 "Opioid" means a narcotic drug or substance that is a
18 Schedule II controlled substance under paragraph (1), (2),
19 (3), or (5) of subsection (b) or under subsection (c) of
20 Section 206.

21 (b) Decisions regarding the treatment of patients
22 experiencing chronic pain shall be made by the prescriber with
23 dispensing by the pharmacist in accordance with the

1 corresponding responsibility as described in 21 CFR 1306.04(a)
2 and 77 Ill. Adm. Code 3100.380(a).

3 (c) Ordering, prescribing, dispensing, administering, or
4 paying for controlled substances, including opioids, shall not
5 be predetermined by specific morphine milligram equivalent
6 guidelines.

7 (d) Nothing in this Section shall interfere with the
8 review of prescriptions by the Prescription Monitoring
9 Program's Advisory Committee. In reviewing prescriptions for
10 chronic pain, the advisory committee members shall review the
11 most updated clinical guidelines on treating chronic pain for
12 the period the prescriptions were written.

13 (720 ILCS 570/318)

14 Sec. 318. Confidentiality of information.

15 (a) Information received by the central repository under
16 Section 316 and former Section 321 is confidential.

17 (a-1) To ensure the federal Health Insurance Portability
18 and Accountability Act and confidentiality of substance use
19 disorder patient records rules that mandate the privacy of an
20 individual's prescription data reported to the Prescription
21 Monitoring Program received from a retail dispenser under this
22 Act, and in order to execute the duties and responsibilities
23 under Section 316 of this Act and rules for disclosure under
24 this Section, the Clinical Director of the Prescription
25 Monitoring Program or his or her designee shall maintain

1 direct access to all Prescription Monitoring Program data. Any
2 request for Prescription Monitoring Program data from any
3 other department or agency must be approved in writing by the
4 Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring Program or
5 his or her designee unless otherwise permitted by law.
6 Prescription Monitoring Program data shall only be disclosed
7 as permitted by law. Confidential information received from
8 opioid treatment programs or confidential information
9 otherwise protected under federal confidentiality of substance
10 use disorder patient records regulated under 42 CFR Part 2
11 shall not be included in the information shared.

12 (a-2) As an active step to address the current opioid
13 crisis in this State and to prevent and reduce addiction
14 resulting from a sports injury or an accident, the
15 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
16 Health shall coordinate a continuous review of the
17 Prescription Monitoring Program and the Department of Public
18 Health data to determine if a patient may be at risk of opioid
19 addiction. Each patient discharged from any medical facility
20 with an International Classification of Disease, 10th edition
21 code related to a sport or accident injury shall be subject to
22 the data review. If the discharged patient is dispensed a
23 controlled substance, the Prescription Monitoring Program
24 shall alert the patient's prescriber as to the addiction risk
25 and urge each to follow the Centers for Disease Control and
26 Prevention guidelines or his or her respective profession's

1 treatment guidelines related to the patient's injury. This
2 subsection (a-2), other than this sentence, is inoperative on
3 or after January 1, 2024.

4 (b) The Department must carry out a program to protect the
5 confidentiality of the information described in subsection
6 (a). The Department may disclose the information to another
7 person only under subsection (c), (d), or (f) and may charge a
8 fee not to exceed the actual cost of furnishing the
9 information.

10 (c) The Department may disclose confidential information
11 described in subsection (a) to any person who is engaged in
12 receiving, processing, or storing the information.

13 (d) The Department may release confidential information
14 described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

15 (1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and
16 is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a
17 prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law
18 that involves a controlled substance.

19 (2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection
20 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
21 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
22 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
23 the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the
24 following activities involving controlled substances:

25 (A) an investigation;

26 (B) an adjudication; or

1 (C) a prosecution of a violation under any State
2 or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

3 (3) A law enforcement officer who is:

4 (A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the
5 office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or
6 municipal police department of Illinois to receive
7 information of the type requested for the purpose of
8 investigations involving controlled substances; or

9 (B) approved by the Department to receive
10 information of the type requested for the purpose of
11 investigations involving controlled substances; and

12 (C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of
13 a violation under any State or federal law that
14 involves a controlled substance.

15 (4) Select representatives of the Department of
16 Children and Family Services through the indirect online
17 request process. Access shall be established by an
18 intergovernmental agreement between the Department of
19 Children and Family Services and the Department of Human
20 Services.

21 (e) Before the Department releases confidential
22 information under subsection (d), the applicant must
23 demonstrate in writing to the Department that:

24 (1) the applicant has reason to believe that a
25 violation under any State or federal law that involves a
26 controlled substance has occurred; ~~and~~

1 (2) the requested information is reasonably related to
2 the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the
3 violation described in subdivision (1); and-

4 (3) the applicant has a valid court order or subpoena
5 for the confidential information requested.

6 (f) The Department may receive and release ~~prescription~~
7 ~~record information under Section 316 and former Section 321~~
8 to:

9 (1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

10 (2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection
11 Division of the office of the Attorney General, a
12 prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy
13 Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of
14 the Attorney General;

15 (3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

16 (A) authorized to receive the type of information
17 released; and

18 (B) approved by the Department to receive the type
19 of information released; or

20 (4) prescription monitoring entities in other states
21 per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h)
22 below;

23 confidential prescription record information collected under
24 Sections 316 and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or
25 practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing
26 large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled

1 substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or
2 business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by
3 Section 320.

4 (f-5) In accordance with a confidentiality agreement
5 entered into with the Department, a medical director, or a
6 public health administrator and their delegated analysts, of a
7 county or municipal health department or the Department of
8 Public Health shall have access to data from the system for any
9 of the following purposes:

10 (1) developing education programs or public health
11 interventions relating to prescribing trends and
12 controlled substance use; or

13 (2) conducting analyses and publish reports on
14 prescribing trends in their respective jurisdictions.

15 At a minimum, the confidentiality agreement entered into
16 with the Department shall:

17 (i) prohibit analysis and reports produced under
18 subparagraph (2) from including information that
19 identifies, by name, license, or address, any
20 practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other person
21 administering a controlled substance; and

22 (ii) specify the appropriate technical and physical
23 safeguards that the county or municipal health department
24 must implement to ensure the privacy and security of data
25 obtained from the system. The data from the system shall
26 not be admissible as evidence, nor discoverable in any

1 action of any kind in any court or before any tribunal,
2 board, agency, or person. The disclosure of any such
3 information or data, whether proper or improper, shall not
4 waive or have any effect upon its confidentiality,
5 non-discoverability, or non-admissibility.

6 (g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be
7 released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the
8 Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and
9 until that employee has certified that further investigation
10 is warranted. Upon review and approval by a licensed
11 prescriber or dispenser, the Prescription Monitoring Program
12 administrator or the Department's general legal counsel may
13 release information. However, failure to comply with this
14 subsection (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence
15 that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in
16 subsection (h).

17 (h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
18 confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may
19 disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an
20 attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as
21 evidence in the following:

22 (1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that
23 involves a controlled substance.

24 (2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile
25 court that involves a controlled substance.

26 (i) The Department may compile statistical reports from

1 the information described in subsection (a). The reports must
2 not include information that identifies, by name, license or
3 address, any practitioner, dispenser, ultimate user, or other
4 person administering a controlled substance.

5 (j) Based upon federal, initial and maintenance funding, a
6 prescriber and dispenser inquiry system shall be developed to
7 assist the health care community in its goal of effective
8 clinical practice and to prevent patients from diverting or
9 abusing medications.

10 (1) An inquirer shall have read-only access to a
11 stand-alone database which shall contain records for the
12 previous 12 months.

13 (2) Dispensers may, upon positive and secure
14 identification, make an inquiry on a patient or customer
15 solely for a medical purpose as delineated within the
16 federal HIPAA law.

17 (3) The Department shall provide a one-to-one secure
18 link and encrypted software necessary to establish the
19 link between an inquirer and the Department. Technical
20 assistance shall also be provided.

21 (4) Written inquiries are acceptable but must include
22 the fee and the requester's Drug Enforcement
23 Administration license number and submitted upon the
24 requester's business stationery.

25 (5) As directed by the Prescription Monitoring Program
26 Advisory Committee and the Clinical Director for the

1 Prescription Monitoring Program, aggregate data that does
2 not indicate any prescriber, practitioner, dispenser, or
3 patient may be used for clinical studies.

4 (6) Tracking analysis shall be established and used
5 per administrative rule.

6 (7) Nothing in this Act or Illinois law shall be
7 construed to require a prescriber or dispenser to make use
8 of this inquiry system.

9 (8) If there is an adverse outcome because of a
10 prescriber or dispenser making an inquiry, which is
11 initiated in good faith, the prescriber or dispenser shall
12 be held harmless from any civil liability.

13 (k) The Department shall establish, by rule, the process
14 by which to evaluate possible erroneous association of
15 prescriptions to any licensed prescriber or end user of the
16 Illinois Prescription Information Library (PIL).

17 (l) The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Committee
18 is authorized to evaluate the need for and method of
19 establishing a patient specific identifier.

20 (m) Patients who identify prescriptions attributed to them
21 that were not obtained by them shall be given access to their
22 personal prescription history pursuant to the validation
23 process as set forth by administrative rule.

24 (n) The Prescription Monitoring Program is authorized to
25 develop operational push reports to entities with compatible
26 electronic medical records. The process shall be covered

1 within administrative rule established by the Department.

2 (o) Hospital emergency departments and freestanding
3 healthcare facilities providing healthcare to walk-in patients
4 may obtain, for the purpose of improving patient care, a
5 unique identifier for each shift to utilize the PIL system.

6 (p) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall
7 automatically create a log-in to the inquiry system when a
8 prescriber or dispenser obtains or renews his or her
9 controlled substance license. The Department of Financial and
10 Professional Regulation must provide the Prescription
11 Monitoring Program with electronic access to the license
12 information of a prescriber or dispenser to facilitate the
13 creation of this profile. The Prescription Monitoring Program
14 shall send the prescriber or dispenser information regarding
15 the inquiry system, including instructions on how to log into
16 the system, instructions on how to use the system to promote
17 effective clinical practice, and opportunities for continuing
18 education for the prescribing of controlled substances. The
19 Prescription Monitoring Program shall also send to all
20 enrolled prescribers, dispensers, and designees information
21 regarding the unsolicited reports produced pursuant to Section
22 314.5 of this Act.

23 (q) A prescriber or dispenser may authorize a designee to
24 consult the inquiry system established by the Department under
25 this subsection on his or her behalf, provided that all the
26 following conditions are met:

1 (1) the designee so authorized is employed by the same
2 hospital or health care system; is employed by the same
3 professional practice; or is under contract with such
4 practice, hospital, or health care system;

5 (2) the prescriber or dispenser takes reasonable steps
6 to ensure that such designee is sufficiently competent in
7 the use of the inquiry system;

8 (3) the prescriber or dispenser remains responsible
9 for ensuring that access to the inquiry system by the
10 designee is limited to authorized purposes and occurs in a
11 manner that protects the confidentiality of the
12 information obtained from the inquiry system, and remains
13 responsible for any breach of confidentiality; and

14 (4) the ultimate decision as to whether or not to
15 prescribe or dispense a controlled substance remains with
16 the prescriber or dispenser.

17 The Prescription Monitoring Program shall send to
18 registered designees information regarding the inquiry system,
19 including instructions on how to log onto the system.

20 (r) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall maintain an
21 Internet website in conjunction with its prescriber and
22 dispenser inquiry system. This website shall include, at a
23 minimum, the following information:

24 (1) current clinical guidelines developed by health
25 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
26 opioids or other controlled substances as determined by

1 the Advisory Committee;

2 (2) accredited continuing education programs related
3 to prescribing of controlled substances;

4 (3) programs or information developed by health care
5 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
6 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

7 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
8 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
9 public and private organizations which are relevant to
10 prescribing;

11 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

12 (6) other information regarding the prescription of
13 controlled substances; and

14 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
15 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
16 options or events.

17 The content of the Internet website shall be periodically
18 reviewed by the Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
19 Committee as set forth in Section 320 and updated in
20 accordance with the recommendation of the advisory committee.

21 (s) The Prescription Monitoring Program shall regularly
22 send electronic updates to the registered users of the
23 Program. The Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory
24 Committee shall review any communications sent to registered
25 users and also make recommendations for communications as set
26 forth in Section 320. These updates shall include the

1 following information:

2 (1) opportunities for accredited continuing education
3 programs related to prescribing of controlled substances;

4 (2) current clinical guidelines developed by health
5 care professional organizations on the prescribing of
6 opioids or other drugs as determined by the Advisory
7 Committee;

8 (3) programs or information developed by health care
9 professionals that may be used to assess patients or help
10 ensure compliance with prescriptions;

11 (4) updates from the Food and Drug Administration, the
12 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and other
13 public and private organizations which are relevant to
14 prescribing;

15 (5) relevant medical studies related to prescribing;

16 (6) other information regarding prescribing of
17 controlled substances;

18 (7) information regarding prescription drug disposal
19 events, including take-back programs or other disposal
20 options or events; and

21 (8) reminders that the Prescription Monitoring Program
22 is a useful clinical tool.

23 (t) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
24 neither the Prescription Monitoring Program nor any other
25 person shall disclose any information in violation of the
26 restrictions and requirements of paragraph (3.5) of subsection

1 (a) of Section 316 as implemented under Public Act 102-527.

2 (Source: P.A. 102-751, eff. 1-1-23.)

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
4 becoming law.