1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by
5 changing Section 356z.40 as follows:

6 (215 ILCS 5/356z.40)
7 Sec. 356z.40. Pregnancy and postpartum coverage.
8 (a) An individual or group policy of accident and health
9 insurance or managed care plan amended, delivered, issued, or
10 renewed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act
11 of the 102nd General Assembly shall provide coverage for
12 pregnancy and newborn care in accordance with 42 U.S.C.
13 18022(b) regarding essential health benefits.
14 (b) Benefits under this Section shall be as follows:
15 (1) An individual who has been identified as
16 experiencing a high-risk pregnancy by the individual's
17 treating provider shall have access to clinically
18 appropriate case management programs. As used in this
19 subsection, "case management" means a mechanism to
20 coordinate and assure continuity of services, including,
21 but not limited to, health services, social services, and
22 educational services necessary for the individual. "Case
23 management" involves individualized assessment of needs,

planning of services, referral, monitoring, and advocacy to assist an individual in gaining access to appropriate services and closure when services are no longer required. "Case management" is an active and collaborative process involving a single qualified case manager, the individual, the individual's family, the providers, and the community. This includes close coordination and involvement with all service providers in the management plan for that individual or family, including assuring that the individual receives the services. As used in this subsection, "high-risk pregnancy" means a pregnancy in which the pregnant or postpartum individual or baby is at an increased risk for poor health or complications during pregnancy or childbirth, including, but not limited to, hypertension disorders, gestational diabetes, and hemorrhage.

(2) An individual shall have access to medically necessary treatment of a mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition consistent with the requirements set forth in this Section and in Sections 370c and 370c.1 of this Code.

(3) The benefits provided for inpatient and outpatient services for the treatment of a mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition related to pregnancy or postpartum complications shall be provided if determined to be medically necessary, consistent with the

1 requirements of Sections 370c and 370c.1 of this Code. The
2 facility or provider shall notify the insurer of both the
3 admission and the initial treatment plan within 48 hours
4 after admission or initiation of treatment. Nothing in
5 this paragraph shall prevent an insurer from applying
6 concurrent and post-service utilization review of health
7 care services, including review of medical necessity, case
8 management, experimental and investigational treatments,
9 managed care provisions, and other terms and conditions of
10 the insurance policy.
11 (4) The benefits for the first 48 hours of initiation
12 of services for an inpatient admission, detoxification or
13 withdrawal management program, or partial hospitalization
14 admission for the treatment of a mental, emotional,
15 nervous, or substance use disorder or condition related to
16 pregnancy or postpartum complications shall be provided
17 without post-service or concurrent review of medical
18 necessity, as the medical necessity for the first 48 hours
19 of such services shall be determined solely by the covered
20 pregnant or postpartum individual's provider. Nothing in
21 this paragraph shall prevent an insurer from applying
22 concurrent and post-service utilization review, including
23 the review of medical necessity, case management,
24 experimental and investigational treatments, managed care
25 provisions, and other terms and conditions of the
26 insurance policy, of any inpatient admission,

detoxification or withdrawal management program admission, or partial hospitalization admission services for the treatment of a mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition related to pregnancy or postpartum complications received 48 hours after the initiation of such services. If an insurer determines that the services are no longer medically necessary, then the covered person shall have the right to external review pursuant to the requirements of the Health Carrier External Review Act.

(5) If an insurer determines that continued inpatient care, detoxification or withdrawal management, partial hospitalization, intensive outpatient treatment, or outpatient treatment in a facility is no longer medically necessary, the insurer shall, within 24 hours, provide written notice to the covered pregnant or postpartum individual and the covered pregnant or postpartum individual's provider of its decision and the right to file an expedited internal appeal of the determination. The insurer shall review and make a determination with respect to the internal appeal within 24 hours and communicate such determination to the covered pregnant or postpartum individual and the covered pregnant or postpartum individual's provider. If the determination is to uphold the denial, the covered pregnant or postpartum individual and the covered pregnant or postpartum

1 individual's provider have the right to file an expedited
2 external appeal. An independent utilization review
3 organization shall make a determination within 72 hours.
4 If the insurer's determination is upheld and it is
5 determined that continued inpatient care, detoxification
6 or withdrawal management, partial hospitalization,
7 intensive outpatient treatment, or outpatient treatment is
8 not medically necessary, the insurer shall remain
9 responsible for providing benefits for the inpatient care,
10 detoxification or withdrawal management, partial
11 hospitalization, intensive outpatient treatment, or
12 outpatient treatment through the day following the date
13 the determination is made, and the covered pregnant or
14 postpartum individual shall only be responsible for any
15 applicable copayment, deductible, and coinsurance for the
16 stay through that date as applicable under the policy. The
17 covered pregnant or postpartum individual shall not be
18 discharged or released from the inpatient facility,
19 detoxification or withdrawal management, partial
20 hospitalization, intensive outpatient treatment, or
21 outpatient treatment until all internal appeals and
22 independent utilization review organization appeals are
23 exhausted. A decision to reverse an adverse determination
24 shall comply with the Health Carrier External Review Act.
25 (6) Except as otherwise stated in this subsection (b),
26 the benefits and cost-sharing shall be provided to the

1 same extent as for any other medical condition covered
2 under the policy.
3 (7) The benefits required by paragraphs (2) and (6) of
4 this subsection (b) are to be provided to (i) all covered
5 pregnant or postpartum individuals with a diagnosis of a
6 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or
7 condition and (ii) all individuals who have experienced a
8 miscarriage or stillbirth. The presence of additional
9 related or unrelated diagnoses shall not be a basis to
10 reduce or deny the benefits required by this subsection
11 (b).
12 (Source: P.A. 102-665, eff. 10-8-21.)

13 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
14 1, 2026.