

1 AN ACT concerning government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the 9-8-8  
5 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline Workgroup Act.

6 Section 5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

7 (1) In the summer of 2022, 31% of Illinois adults  
8 experienced symptoms of anxiety or depression more than half  
9 of the days of each week, which is an increase of 20% since  
10 2019.

11 (2) Suicide is the third leading cause of death in  
12 Illinois for young adults who are 15 to 34 years of age, and it  
13 is the 11th leading cause of death for all Illinoisans. In  
14 2021, 1,488 Illinois lives were lost to suicide, and an  
15 estimated 376,000 adults had thoughts of suicide.

16 (3) Historically, people in Illinois and nationwide have  
17 had few and fragmented options to call upon during a mental  
18 health crisis and have relied upon 9-1-1 and various privately  
19 funded crisis lines for help.

20 (4) In July 2022, Illinois joined the nation in launching  
21 the 9-8-8 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline, a universal 3-digit  
22 dialing code for a national suicide prevention and mental  
23 health hotline, meant to offer 24-hour-a-day, 7-day-a-week

1 access to trained counselors who can help people experiencing  
2 mental health-related distress.

3 (5) Congress delegated to the states significant  
4 decision-making responsibility for structuring and funding the  
5 states' 9-8-8 call center networks.

6 (6) States had limited data on which to base their initial  
7 decisions because the Substance Abuse and Mental Health  
8 Services Administration's projections of future increases in  
9 call volumes varied widely, and there was no national  
10 best-practice model for the number and organization of 9-8-8  
11 call centers.

12 (7) The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services  
13 Administration described the 2022 launch of 9-8-8 as being  
14 just the first step toward reimagining our country's mental  
15 health crisis system and stipulated that long-term  
16 transformation will rely on the willingness of states and  
17 territories to build and invest strategically in every level  
18 of the continuum of mental health crisis care over the next  
19 several years.

20 (8) In 2023, the General Assembly and other State leaders  
21 can assess the first year of operations of the 9-8-8 call  
22 center system, identify legislative solutions to any funding  
23 and programmatic gaps that are emerging, and set the course  
24 for Illinois to eventually lead the country in providing  
25 quality and accessible 9-8-8 care and in connecting  
26 individuals with the mental health resources necessary to

1 sustain long-term recovery.

2 (9) The launch of the 9-8-8 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline  
3 has created a once-in-a-generation opportunity to improve  
4 mental health crisis care in Illinois.

5 (10) Illinois' success or failure in building a  
6 high-quality call center network in the initial years will be  
7 an important factor in determining whether 9-8-8 is perceived  
8 as a trusted resource in the State.

9 (11) Illinois' success or failure in building a  
10 high-quality 9-8-8 call center network will disproportionately  
11 affect Black, Brown, and other marginalized residents who are  
12 most likely to rely on crisis services to access mental health  
13 care and are most likely to be criminalized or harmed by the  
14 existing crisis response system.

15 Section 10. Suicide and Crisis Lifeline Workgroup.

16 (a) The Department of Human Services, Division of Mental  
17 Health, shall convene a workgroup that includes:

18 (1) bicameral, bipartisan members of the General  
19 Assembly;

20 (2) at least one representative from the Department of  
21 Human Services, Division of Substance Use Prevention and  
22 Recovery; the Department of Public Health; the Department  
23 of Healthcare and Family Services; and the Department of  
24 Insurance;

25 (3) the State's Chief Behavioral Health Officer;

1 (4) the Director of the Children's Behavioral Health  
2 Transformation Initiative;

3 (5) service providers from the regional and statewide  
4 9-8-8 call centers;

5 (6) representatives of organizations that represent  
6 people with mental health conditions or substance use  
7 disorders;

8 (7) representatives of organizations that operate an  
9 Illinois social services helpline or crisis line other  
10 than 9-8-8, including veterans' crisis services;

11 (8) more than one individual with personal or family  
12 lived experience of a mental health condition or substance  
13 use disorder;

14 (9) experts in research and operational evaluation;  
15 and

16 (10) and any other person or persons as determined by  
17 the Department of Human Services, Division of Mental  
18 Health.

19 (b) On or before December 31, 2023, the Department of  
20 Human Services, Division of Mental Health, shall submit a  
21 report to the General Assembly regarding the Workgroup's  
22 findings under Section 15 related to the 9-8-8 call system.

23 Section 15. Responsibilities; action plan.

24 (a) The Workgroup has the following responsibilities:

25 (1) to review existing information about the first

1 year of 9-8-8 call center operations in Illinois,  
2 including, but not limited to, state-level and  
3 county-level use data, progress around the federal  
4 measures of success determined by the Substance Abuse and  
5 Mental Health Services Administration, and research  
6 conducted by any State-contracted partners around cost  
7 projections, best-practice standards, and geographic  
8 needs;

9 (2) to review other states' models and emerging best  
10 practices around structuring 9-8-8 call center networks,  
11 with an emphasis on promoting high-quality phone  
12 interventions, coordination with other crisis lines and  
13 crisis services, and connection to community-based support  
14 for those in need;

15 (3) to review governmental infrastructures created in  
16 other states to promote sustainability and quality in  
17 9-8-8 call centers and crisis system operations;

18 (4) to review changes and new initiatives that have  
19 been advanced by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health  
20 Services Administration and Vibrant Emotional Health since  
21 Vibrant transitioned to 9-8-8 in July 2022, such as new  
22 training curricula for call takers and new technology  
23 platforms;

24 (5) to consider input from call center personnel,  
25 providers, and advocates about strengths, weaknesses, and  
26 service gaps in Illinois; and

1           (6) to develop an action plan with recommendations to  
2 the General Assembly that include the following:

3           (A) a future structure for a network of 9-8-8 call  
4 centers in Illinois that will best promote equity,  
5 quality, and connection to care;

6           (B) metrics that Illinois should use to measure  
7 the success of our statewide system in promoting  
8 equity, quality, and connection to care and a system  
9 to measure those metrics, considering the metrics  
10 imposed by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health  
11 Services Administration as only a starting point for  
12 measurement of success in Illinois;

13           (C) recommendations to further fund and strengthen  
14 the rest of Illinois' behavioral health services and  
15 crisis assistance programs based on lessons learned  
16 from 9-8-8 use; and

17           (D) recommendations on a long-term governmental  
18 infrastructure to provide advice and recommendations  
19 necessary to sustainably implement and monitor the  
20 progress of the 9-8-8 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline in  
21 Illinois and to make recommendations for the statewide  
22 improvement of behavioral health crisis response and  
23 suicide prevention services in the State.

24           The action plan shall be approved by a majority of  
25 Workgroup members.

26           (b) Nothing in the action plan filed under this Section

1 shall be construed to supersede the recommendations of the  
2 Statewide Advisory Committee or Regional Advisory Committees  
3 created by the Community Emergency Services and Support Act.

4 Section 20. Repeal. This Act is repealed on January 1,  
5 2025.

6 Section 85. The Community Emergency Services and Support  
7 Act is amended by changing Sections 5, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40,  
8 45, 50, and 65 and by adding Section 70 as follows:

9 (50 ILCS 754/5)

10 Sec. 5. Findings. The General Assembly recognizes that the  
11 Illinois Department of Human Services Division of Mental  
12 Health is preparing to provide mobile mental and behavioral  
13 health services to all Illinoisans as part of the federally  
14 mandated adoption of the 9-8-8 phone number. The General  
15 Assembly also recognizes that many cities and some states have  
16 successfully established mobile emergency mental and  
17 behavioral health services as part of their emergency response  
18 system to support people who need such support and do not  
19 present a threat of physical violence to the mobile mental  
20 health relief providers ~~responders~~. In light of that  
21 experience, the General Assembly finds that in order to  
22 promote and protect the health, safety, and welfare of the  
23 public, it is necessary and in the public interest to provide

1 emergency response, with or without medical transportation, to  
2 individuals requiring mental health or behavioral health  
3 services in a manner that is substantially equivalent to the  
4 response already provided to individuals who require emergency  
5 physical health care.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

7 (50 ILCS 754/15)

8 Sec. 15. Definitions. As used in this Act:

9 "Division of Mental Health" means the Division of Mental  
10 Health of the Department of Human Services.

11 "Emergency" means an emergent circumstance caused by a  
12 health condition, regardless of whether it is perceived as  
13 physical, mental, or behavioral in nature, for which an  
14 individual may require prompt care, support, or assessment at  
15 the individual's location.

16 "Mental or behavioral health" means any health condition  
17 involving changes in thinking, emotion, or behavior, and that  
18 the medical community treats as distinct from physical health  
19 care.

20 "Mobile mental health relief provider" means a person  
21 engaging with a member of the public to provide the mobile  
22 mental and behavioral service established in conjunction with  
23 the Division of Mental Health establishing the 9-8-8 emergency  
24 number. "Mobile mental health relief provider" does not  
25 include a Paramedic (EMT-P) or EMT, as those terms are defined



1 in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act, unless  
2 that responding agency has agreed to provide a specialized  
3 response in accordance with the Division of Mental Health's  
4 services offered through its 9-8-8 number and has met all the  
5 requirements to offer that service through that system.

6 "Physical health" means a health condition that the  
7 medical community treats as distinct from mental or behavioral  
8 health care.

9 "PSAP" means a Public Safety Answering Point  
10 tele-communicator.

11 "Community services" and "community-based mental or  
12 behavioral health services" may include both public and  
13 private settings.

14 "Treatment relationship" means an active association with  
15 a mental or behavioral care provider able to respond in an  
16 appropriate amount of time to requests for care.

17 ~~"Responder" is any person engaging with a member of the~~  
18 ~~public to provide the mobile mental and behavioral service~~  
19 ~~established in conjunction with the Division of Mental Health~~  
20 ~~establishing the 9-8-8 emergency number. A responder is not an~~  
21 ~~EMS Paramedic or EMT as defined in the Emergency Medical~~  
22 ~~Services (EMS) Systems Act unless that responding agency has~~  
23 ~~agreed to provide a specialized response in accordance with~~  
24 ~~the Division of Mental Health's services offered through its~~  
25 ~~9-8-8 number and has met all the requirements to offer that~~  
26 ~~service through that system.~~

1 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

2 (50 ILCS 754/20)

3 Sec. 20. Coordination with Division of Mental Health.

4 Each 9-1-1 PSAP and provider of emergency services dispatched  
5 through a 9-1-1 system must coordinate with the mobile mental  
6 and behavioral health services established by the Division of  
7 Mental Health so that the following State goals and State  
8 prohibitions are met whenever a person interacts with one of  
9 these entities for the purpose of seeking emergency mental and  
10 behavioral health care or when one of these entities  
11 recognizes the appropriateness of providing mobile mental or  
12 behavioral health care to an individual with whom they have  
13 engaged. The Division of Mental Health is also directed to  
14 provide guidance regarding whether and how these entities  
15 should coordinate with mobile mental and behavioral health  
16 services when responding to individuals who appear to be in a  
17 mental or behavioral health emergency while engaged in conduct  
18 alleged to constitute a non-violent misdemeanor.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

20 (50 ILCS 754/25)

21 Sec. 25. State goals.

22 (a) 9-1-1 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched through  
23 9-1-1 PSAPs, and the mobile mental and behavioral health  
24 service established by the Division of Mental Health must

1 coordinate their services so that the State goals listed in  
2 this Section are achieved. Appropriate mobile response service  
3 for mental and behavioral health emergencies shall be  
4 available regardless of whether the initial contact was with  
5 9-8-8, 9-1-1 or directly with an emergency service dispatched  
6 through 9-1-1. Appropriate mobile response services must:

7 (1) whenever possible, ensure that individuals  
8 experiencing mental or behavioral health crises are  
9 diverted from hospitalization or incarceration ~~whenever~~  
10 ~~possible,~~ and are instead linked with available  
11 appropriate community services;

12 (2) include the option of on-site care if that type of  
13 care is appropriate and does not override the care  
14 decisions of the individual receiving care. Providing care  
15 in the community, through methods like mobile crisis  
16 units, is encouraged. If effective care is provided on  
17 site, and if it is consistent with the care decisions of  
18 the individual receiving the care, further transportation  
19 to other medical providers is not required by this Act;

20 (3) recommend appropriate referrals for available  
21 community services if the individual receiving on-site  
22 care is not already in a treatment relationship with a  
23 service provider or is unsatisfied with their current  
24 service providers. The referrals shall take into  
25 consideration waiting lists and copayments, which may  
26 present barriers to access; and

1 (4) subject to the care decisions of the individual  
2 receiving care, provide transportation for any individual  
3 experiencing a mental or behavioral health emergency.  
4 Transportation shall be to the most integrated and least  
5 restrictive setting appropriate in the community, such as  
6 to the individual's home or chosen location, community  
7 crisis respite centers, clinic settings, behavioral health  
8 centers, or the offices of particular medical care  
9 providers with existing treatment relationships to the  
10 individual seeking care.

11 (b) Prioritize requests for emergency assistance. 9-1-1  
12 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs, and  
13 the mobile mental and behavioral health service established by  
14 the Division of Mental Health must provide guidance for  
15 prioritizing calls for assistance and maximum response time in  
16 relation to the type of emergency reported.

17 (c) Provide appropriate response times. From the time of  
18 first notification, 9-1-1 PSAPs, emergency services dispatched  
19 through 9-1-1 PSAPs, and the mobile mental and behavioral  
20 health service established by the Division of Mental Health  
21 must provide the response within response time appropriate to  
22 the care requirements of the individual with an emergency.

23 (d) Require appropriate mobile mental health relief  
24 provider responder training. Mobile mental health relief  
25 providers Responders must have adequate training to address  
26 the needs of individuals experiencing a mental or behavioral

1 health emergency. Adequate training at least includes:

2 (1) training in de-escalation techniques;

3 (2) knowledge of local community services and  
4 supports; and

5 (3) training in respectful interaction with people  
6 experiencing mental or behavioral health crises, including  
7 the concepts of stigma and respectful language.

8 (e) Require minimum team staffing. The Division of Mental  
9 Health, in consultation with the Regional Advisory Committees  
10 created in Section 40, shall determine the appropriate  
11 credentials for the mental health providers responding to  
12 calls, including to what extent the mobile mental health  
13 relief providers ~~responders~~ must have certain credentials and  
14 licensing, and to what extent the mobile mental health relief  
15 providers ~~responders~~ can be peer support professionals.

16 (f) Require training from individuals with lived  
17 experience. Training shall be provided by individuals with  
18 lived experience to the extent available.

19 (g) Adopt guidelines directing referral to restrictive  
20 care settings. Mobile mental health relief providers  
21 ~~Responders~~ must have guidelines to follow when considering  
22 whether to refer an individual to more restrictive forms of  
23 care, like emergency room or hospital settings.

24 (h) Specify regional best practices. Mobile mental health  
25 relief providers ~~Responders~~ providing these services must do  
26 so consistently with best practices, which include respecting

1 the care choices of the individuals receiving assistance.  
2 Regional best practices may be broken down into sub-regions,  
3 as appropriate to reflect local resources and conditions. With  
4 the agreement of the impacted EMS Regions, providers of  
5 emergency response to physical emergencies may participate in  
6 another EMS Region for mental and behavioral response, if that  
7 participation shall provide a better service to individuals  
8 experiencing a mental or behavioral health emergency.

9 (i) Adopt system for directing care in advance of an  
10 emergency. The Division of Mental Health shall select and  
11 publicly identify a system that allows individuals who  
12 voluntarily chose to do so to provide confidential advanced  
13 care directions to individuals providing services under this  
14 Act. No system for providing advanced care direction may be  
15 implemented unless the Division of Mental Health approves it  
16 as confidential, available to individuals at all economic  
17 levels, and non-stigmatizing. The Division of Mental Health  
18 may defer this requirement for providing a system for advanced  
19 care direction if it determines that no existing systems can  
20 currently meet these requirements.

21 (j) Train dispatching staff. The personnel staffing 9-1-1,  
22 3-1-1, or other emergency response intake systems must be  
23 provided with adequate training to assess whether coordinating  
24 with 9-8-8 is appropriate.

25 (k) Establish protocol for emergency responder  
26 coordination. The Division of Mental Health shall establish a

1 protocol for mobile mental health relief providers ~~responders~~,  
2 law enforcement, and fire and ambulance services to request  
3 assistance from each other, and train these groups on the  
4 protocol.

5 (1) Integrate law enforcement. The Division of Mental  
6 Health shall provide for law enforcement to request mobile  
7 mental health relief provider ~~responder~~ assistance whenever  
8 law enforcement engages an individual appropriate for services  
9 under this Act. If law enforcement would typically request EMS  
10 assistance when it encounters an individual with a physical  
11 health emergency, law enforcement shall similarly dispatch  
12 mental or behavioral health personnel or medical  
13 transportation when it encounters an individual in a mental or  
14 behavioral health emergency.

15 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

16 (50 ILCS 754/30)

17 Sec. 30. State prohibitions. 9-1-1 PSAPs, emergency  
18 services dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs, and the mobile mental  
19 and behavioral health service established by the Division of  
20 Mental Health must coordinate their services so that, based on  
21 the information provided to them, the following State  
22 prohibitions are avoided:

23 (a) Law enforcement responsibility for providing mental  
24 and behavioral health care. In any area where mobile mental  
25 health relief providers ~~responders~~ are available for dispatch,

1 law enforcement shall not be dispatched to respond to an  
2 individual requiring mental or behavioral health care unless  
3 that individual is (i) involved in a suspected violation of  
4 the criminal laws of this State, or (ii) presents a threat of  
5 physical injury to self or others. Mobile mental health relief  
6 providers ~~Responders~~ are not considered available for dispatch  
7 under this Section if 9-8-8 reports that it cannot dispatch  
8 appropriate service within the maximum response times  
9 established by each Regional Advisory Committee under Section  
10 45.

11 (1) Standing on its own or in combination with each  
12 other, the fact that an individual is experiencing a  
13 mental or behavioral health emergency, or has a mental  
14 health, behavioral health, or other diagnosis, is not  
15 sufficient to justify an assessment that the individual is  
16 a threat of physical injury to self or others, or requires  
17 a law enforcement response to a request for emergency  
18 response or medical transportation.

19 (2) If, based on its assessment of the threat to  
20 public safety, law enforcement would not accompany medical  
21 transportation responding to a physical health emergency,  
22 unless requested by mobile mental health relief providers  
23 ~~responders~~, law enforcement may not accompany emergency  
24 response or medical transportation personnel responding to  
25 a mental or behavioral health emergency that presents an  
26 equivalent level of threat to self or public safety.



1           (3) Without regard to an assessment of threat to self  
2           or threat to public safety, law enforcement may station  
3           personnel so that they can rapidly respond to requests for  
4           assistance from mobile mental health relief providers  
5           ~~responders~~ if law enforcement does not interfere with the  
6           provision of emergency response or transportation  
7           services. To the extent practical, not interfering with  
8           services includes remaining sufficiently distant from or  
9           out of sight of the individual receiving care so that law  
10          enforcement presence is unlikely to escalate the  
11          emergency.

12          (b) Mobile mental health relief provider ~~Responder~~  
13          involvement in involuntary commitment. In order to maintain  
14          the appropriate care relationship, mobile mental health relief  
15          providers ~~responders~~ shall not in any way assist in the  
16          involuntary commitment of an individual beyond (i) reporting  
17          to their dispatching entity or to law enforcement that they  
18          believe the situation requires assistance the mobile mental  
19          health relief providers ~~responders~~ are not permitted to  
20          provide under this Section; (ii) providing witness statements;  
21          and (iii) fulfilling reporting requirements the mobile mental  
22          health relief providers ~~responders~~ may have under their  
23          professional ethical obligations or laws of this state. This  
24          prohibition shall not interfere with any mobile mental health  
25          relief provider's ~~responder's~~ ability to provide physical or  
26          mental health care.

1 (c) Use of law enforcement for transportation. In any area  
2 where mobile mental health relief providers ~~responders~~ are  
3 available for dispatch, unless requested by mobile mental  
4 health relief providers ~~responders~~, law enforcement shall not  
5 be used to provide transportation to access mental or  
6 behavioral health care, or travel between mental or behavioral  
7 health care providers, except where no alternative is  
8 available.

9 (d) Reduction of educational institution obligations. The  
10 services coordinated under this Act may not be used to replace  
11 any service an educational institution is required to provide  
12 to a student. It shall not substitute for appropriate special  
13 education and related services that schools are required to  
14 provide by any law.

15 (e) Subsections (a), (c), and (d) are operative beginning  
16 on the date the 3 conditions in Section 65 are met or July 1,  
17 2024, whichever is earlier. Subsection (b) is operative  
18 beginning on July 1, 2024.

19 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

20 (50 ILCS 754/35)

21 Sec. 35. Non-violent misdemeanors. The Division of Mental  
22 Health's Guidance for 9-1-1 PSAPs and emergency services  
23 dispatched through 9-1-1 PSAPs for coordinating the response  
24 to individuals who appear to be in a mental or behavioral  
25 health emergency while engaging in conduct alleged to

1 constitute a non-violent misdemeanor shall promote the  
2 following:

3 (a) Prioritization of Health Care. To the greatest  
4 extent practicable, community-based mental or behavioral  
5 health services should be provided before addressing law  
6 enforcement objectives.

7 (b) Diversion from Further Criminal Justice  
8 Involvement. To the greatest extent practicable,  
9 individuals should be referred to health care services  
10 with the potential to reduce the likelihood of further law  
11 enforcement engagement and referral to a pre-arrest or  
12 pre-booking case management unit should be prioritized in  
13 any areas served by pre-arrest or pre-booking case  
14 management.

15 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

16 (50 ILCS 754/40)

17 Sec. 40. Statewide Advisory Committee.

18 (a) The Division of Mental Health shall establish a  
19 Statewide Advisory Committee to review and make  
20 recommendations for aspects of coordinating 9-1-1 and the  
21 9-8-8 mobile mental health response system most appropriately  
22 addressed on a State level.

23 (b) Issues to be addressed by the Statewide Advisory  
24 Committee include, but are not limited to, addressing changes  
25 necessary in 9-1-1 call taking protocols and scripts used in

1 9-1-1 PSAPs where those protocols and scripts are based on or  
2 otherwise dependent on national providers for their operation.

3 (c) The Statewide Advisory Committee shall recommend a  
4 system for gathering data related to the coordination of the  
5 9-1-1 and 9-8-8 systems for purposes of allowing the parties  
6 to make ongoing improvements in that system. As practical, the  
7 system shall attempt to determine issues including, but not  
8 limited to:

9 (1) the volume of calls coordinated between 9-1-1 and  
10 9-8-8;

11 (2) the volume of referrals from other first  
12 responders to 9-8-8;

13 (3) the volume and type of calls deemed appropriate  
14 for referral to 9-8-8 but could not be served by 9-8-8  
15 because of capacity restrictions or other reasons;

16 (4) the appropriate information to improve  
17 coordination between 9-1-1 and 9-8-8; and

18 (5) the appropriate information to improve the 9-8-8  
19 system, if the information is most appropriately gathered  
20 at the 9-1-1 PSAPs.

21 (d) The Statewide Advisory Committee shall consist of:

22 (1) the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator, ex officio;

23 (2) one representative designated by the Illinois  
24 Chapter of National Emergency Number Association (NENA);

25 (3) one representative designated by the Illinois  
26 Chapter of Association of Public Safety Communications

1 Officials (APCO);

2 (4) one representative of the Division of Mental  
3 Health;

4 (5) one representative of the Illinois Department of  
5 Public Health;

6 (6) one representative of a statewide organization of  
7 EMS responders;

8 (7) one representative of a statewide organization of  
9 fire chiefs;

10 (8) two representatives of statewide organizations of  
11 law enforcement;

12 (9) two representatives of mental health, behavioral  
13 health, or substance abuse providers; and

14 (10) four representatives of advocacy organizations  
15 either led by or consisting primarily of individuals with  
16 intellectual or developmental disabilities, individuals  
17 with behavioral disabilities, or individuals with lived  
18 experience.

19 (e) The members of the Statewide Advisory Committee, other  
20 than the Statewide 9-1-1 Administrator, shall be appointed by  
21 the Secretary of Human Services.

22 (f) The Statewide Advisory Committee shall continue to  
23 meet until this Act has been fully implemented, as determined  
24 by the Division of Mental Health, and mobile mental health  
25 relief providers are available in all parts of Illinois. The  
26 Division of Mental Health may reconvene the Statewide Advisory

1 Committee at its discretion after full implementation of this  
2 Act.

3 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

4 (50 ILCS 754/45)

5 Sec. 45. Regional Advisory Committees.

6 (a) The Division of Mental Health shall establish Regional  
7 Advisory Committees in each EMS Region to advise on regional  
8 issues related to emergency response systems for mental and  
9 behavioral health. The Secretary of Human Services shall  
10 appoint the members of the Regional Advisory Committees. Each  
11 Regional Advisory Committee shall consist of:

12 (1) representatives of the 9-1-1 PSAPs in the region;

13 (2) representatives of the EMS Medical Directors  
14 Committee, as constituted under the Emergency Medical  
15 Services (EMS) Systems Act, or other similar committee  
16 serving the medical needs of the jurisdiction;

17 (3) representatives of law enforcement officials with  
18 jurisdiction in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS)  
19 Regions;

20 (4) representatives of both the EMS providers and the  
21 unions representing EMS or emergency mental and behavioral  
22 health responders, or both; and

23 (5) advocates from the mental health, behavioral  
24 health, intellectual disability, and developmental  
25 disability communities.

1       If no person is willing or available to fill a member's  
2 seat for one of the required areas of representation on a  
3 Regional Advisory Committee under paragraphs (1) through (5),  
4 the Secretary of Human Services shall adopt procedures to  
5 ensure that a missing area of representation is filled once a  
6 person becomes willing and available to fill that seat.

7       (b) The majority of advocates on the Regional Advisory  
8 ~~Emergency Response Equity~~ Committee must either be individuals  
9 with a lived experience of a condition commonly regarded as a  
10 mental health or behavioral health disability, developmental  
11 disability, or intellectual disability, or be from  
12 organizations primarily composed of such individuals. The  
13 members of the Committee shall also reflect the racial  
14 demographics of the jurisdiction served. To achieve the  
15 requirements of this subsection, the Division of Mental Health  
16 must establish a clear plan and regular course of action to  
17 engage, recruit, and sustain areas of established  
18 participation. The plan and actions taken must be shared with  
19 the general public.

20       (c) Subject to the oversight of the Department of Human  
21 Services Division of Mental Health, the EMS Medical Directors  
22 Committee is responsible for convening the meetings of the  
23 committee. Impacted units of local government may also have  
24 representatives on the committee subject to approval by the  
25 Division of Mental Health, if this participation is structured  
26 in such a way that it does not give undue weight to any of the

1 groups represented.

2 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

3 (50 ILCS 754/50)

4 Sec. 50. Regional Advisory Committee responsibilities.

5 Each Regional Advisory Committee is responsible for designing  
6 the local protocol to allow its region's 9-1-1 call center and  
7 emergency responders to coordinate their activities with 9-8-8  
8 as required by this Act and monitoring current operation to  
9 advise on ongoing adjustments to the local protocol. Included  
10 in this responsibility, each Regional Advisory Committee must:

11 (1) negotiate the appropriate amendment of each 9-1-1  
12 PSAP emergency dispatch protocols, in consultation with  
13 each 9-1-1 PSAP in the EMS Region and consistent with  
14 national certification requirements;

15 (2) set maximum response times for 9-8-8 to provide  
16 service when an in-person response is required, based on  
17 type of mental or behavioral health emergency, which, if  
18 exceeded, constitute grounds for sending other emergency  
19 responders through the 9-1-1 system;

20 (3) report, geographically by police district if  
21 practical, the data collected through the direction  
22 provided by the Statewide Advisory Committee in  
23 aggregated, non-individualized monthly reports. These  
24 reports shall be available to the Regional Advisory  
25 Committee members, the Department of Human Service



1 Division of Mental Health, the Administrator of the 9-1-1  
2 Authority, and to the public upon request; ~~and~~

3 (4) convene, after the initial regional policies are  
4 established, at least every 2 years to consider amendment  
5 of the regional policies, if any, and also convene  
6 whenever a member of the Committee requests that the  
7 Committee consider an amendment; and-

8 (5) identify regional resources and supports for use  
9 by the mobile mental health relief providers as they  
10 respond to the requests for services.

11 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22.)

12 (50 ILCS 754/65)

13 Sec. 65. PSAP and emergency service dispatched through a  
14 9-1-1 PSAP; coordination of activities with mobile and  
15 behavioral health services. Each 9-1-1 PSAP and emergency  
16 service dispatched through a 9-1-1 PSAP must begin  
17 coordinating its activities with the mobile mental and  
18 behavioral health services established by the Division of  
19 Mental Health once all 3 of the following conditions are met,  
20 but not later than July 1, 2024 ~~2023~~:

21 (1) the Statewide Committee has negotiated useful  
22 protocol and 9-1-1 operator script adjustments with the  
23 contracted services providing these tools to 9-1-1 PSAPs  
24 operating in Illinois;

25 (2) the appropriate Regional Advisory Committee has

1 completed design of the specific 9-1-1 PSAP's process for  
2 coordinating activities with the mobile mental and  
3 behavioral health service; and

4 (3) the mobile mental and behavioral health service is  
5 available in their jurisdiction.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-580, eff. 1-1-22; 102-1109, eff. 12-21-22.)

7 (50 ILCS 754/70 new)

8 Sec. 70. Report. On or before July 1, 2023 and on a  
9 quarterly basis thereafter, the Division of Mental Health  
10 shall submit a report to the General Assembly on its progress  
11 in implementing this Act, which shall include, but not be  
12 limited to, a strategic assessment that evaluates the success  
13 toward current strategy, identification of future targets for  
14 implementation that help estimate the potential for success  
15 and provides a basis for assessing future performance, and key  
16 benchmarks to provide a comparison to set in context and help  
17 stakeholders understand their positions.

18 Section 90. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by  
19 changing Section 370c.1 as follows:

20 (215 ILCS 5/370c.1)

21 Sec. 370c.1. Mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use  
22 disorder or condition parity.

23 (a) On and after July 23, 2021 (the effective date of

1 Public Act 102-135), every insurer that amends, delivers,  
2 issues, or renews a group or individual policy of accident and  
3 health insurance or a qualified health plan offered through  
4 the Health Insurance Marketplace in this State providing  
5 coverage for hospital or medical treatment and for the  
6 treatment of mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use  
7 disorders or conditions shall ensure prior to policy issuance  
8 that:

9 (1) the financial requirements applicable to such  
10 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or  
11 condition benefits are no more restrictive than the  
12 predominant financial requirements applied to  
13 substantially all hospital and medical benefits covered by  
14 the policy and that there are no separate cost-sharing  
15 requirements that are applicable only with respect to  
16 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or  
17 condition benefits; and

18 (2) the treatment limitations applicable to such  
19 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or  
20 condition benefits are no more restrictive than the  
21 predominant treatment limitations applied to substantially  
22 all hospital and medical benefits covered by the policy  
23 and that there are no separate treatment limitations that  
24 are applicable only with respect to mental, emotional,  
25 nervous, or substance use disorder or condition benefits.

26 (b) The following provisions shall apply concerning

1 aggregate lifetime limits:

2 (1) In the case of a group or individual policy of  
3 accident and health insurance or a qualified health plan  
4 offered through the Health Insurance Marketplace amended,  
5 delivered, issued, or renewed in this State on or after  
6 September 9, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act  
7 99-480) that provides coverage for hospital or medical  
8 treatment and for the treatment of mental, emotional,  
9 nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions the  
10 following provisions shall apply:

11 (A) if the policy does not include an aggregate  
12 lifetime limit on substantially all hospital and  
13 medical benefits, then the policy may not impose any  
14 aggregate lifetime limit on mental, emotional,  
15 nervous, or substance use disorder or condition  
16 benefits; or

17 (B) if the policy includes an aggregate lifetime  
18 limit on substantially all hospital and medical  
19 benefits (in this subsection referred to as the  
20 "applicable lifetime limit"), then the policy shall  
21 either:

22 (i) apply the applicable lifetime limit both  
23 to the hospital and medical benefits to which it  
24 otherwise would apply and to mental, emotional,  
25 nervous, or substance use disorder or condition  
26 benefits and not distinguish in the application of

1           the limit between the hospital and medical  
2           benefits and mental, emotional, nervous, or  
3           substance use disorder or condition benefits; or

4                   (ii) not include any aggregate lifetime limit  
5           on mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use  
6           disorder or condition benefits that is less than  
7           the applicable lifetime limit.

8           (2) In the case of a policy that is not described in  
9           paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Section and that  
10          includes no or different aggregate lifetime limits on  
11          different categories of hospital and medical benefits, the  
12          Director shall establish rules under which subparagraph  
13          (B) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Section is  
14          applied to such policy with respect to mental, emotional,  
15          nervous, or substance use disorder or condition benefits  
16          by substituting for the applicable lifetime limit an  
17          average aggregate lifetime limit that is computed taking  
18          into account the weighted average of the aggregate  
19          lifetime limits applicable to such categories.

20          (c) The following provisions shall apply concerning annual  
21          limits:

22                  (1) In the case of a group or individual policy of  
23          accident and health insurance or a qualified health plan  
24          offered through the Health Insurance Marketplace amended,  
25          delivered, issued, or renewed in this State on or after  
26          September 9, 2015 (the effective date of Public Act

1 99-480) that provides coverage for hospital or medical  
2 treatment and for the treatment of mental, emotional,  
3 nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions the  
4 following provisions shall apply:

5 (A) if the policy does not include an annual limit  
6 on substantially all hospital and medical benefits,  
7 then the policy may not impose any annual limits on  
8 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder  
9 or condition benefits; or

10 (B) if the policy includes an annual limit on  
11 substantially all hospital and medical benefits (in  
12 this subsection referred to as the "applicable annual  
13 limit"), then the policy shall either:

14 (i) apply the applicable annual limit both to  
15 the hospital and medical benefits to which it  
16 otherwise would apply and to mental, emotional,  
17 nervous, or substance use disorder or condition  
18 benefits and not distinguish in the application of  
19 the limit between the hospital and medical  
20 benefits and mental, emotional, nervous, or  
21 substance use disorder or condition benefits; or

22 (ii) not include any annual limit on mental,  
23 emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or  
24 condition benefits that is less than the  
25 applicable annual limit.

26 (2) In the case of a policy that is not described in

1 paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of this Section and that  
2 includes no or different annual limits on different  
3 categories of hospital and medical benefits, the Director  
4 shall establish rules under which subparagraph (B) of  
5 paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of this Section is applied  
6 to such policy with respect to mental, emotional, nervous,  
7 or substance use disorder or condition benefits by  
8 substituting for the applicable annual limit an average  
9 annual limit that is computed taking into account the  
10 weighted average of the annual limits applicable to such  
11 categories.

12 (d) With respect to mental, emotional, nervous, or  
13 substance use disorders or conditions, an insurer shall use  
14 policies and procedures for the election and placement of  
15 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or  
16 condition treatment drugs on their formulary that are no less  
17 favorable to the insured as those policies and procedures the  
18 insurer uses for the selection and placement of drugs for  
19 medical or surgical conditions and shall follow the expedited  
20 coverage determination requirements for substance abuse  
21 treatment drugs set forth in Section 45.2 of the Managed Care  
22 Reform and Patient Rights Act.

23 (e) This Section shall be interpreted in a manner  
24 consistent with all applicable federal parity regulations  
25 including, but not limited to, the Paul Wellstone and Pete  
26 Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of

1 2008, final regulations issued under the Paul Wellstone and  
2 Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of  
3 2008 and final regulations applying the Paul Wellstone and  
4 Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of  
5 2008 to Medicaid managed care organizations, the Children's  
6 Health Insurance Program, and alternative benefit plans.

7 (f) The provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of this  
8 Section shall not be interpreted to allow the use of lifetime  
9 or annual limits otherwise prohibited by State or federal law.

10 (g) As used in this Section:

11 "Financial requirement" includes deductibles, copayments,  
12 coinsurance, and out-of-pocket maximums, but does not include  
13 an aggregate lifetime limit or an annual limit subject to  
14 subsections (b) and (c).

15 "Mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or  
16 condition" means a condition or disorder that involves a  
17 mental health condition or substance use disorder that falls  
18 under any of the diagnostic categories listed in the mental  
19 and behavioral disorders chapter of the current edition of the  
20 International Classification of Disease or that is listed in  
21 the most recent version of the Diagnostic and Statistical  
22 Manual of Mental Disorders.

23 "Treatment limitation" includes limits on benefits based  
24 on the frequency of treatment, number of visits, days of  
25 coverage, days in a waiting period, or other similar limits on  
26 the scope or duration of treatment. "Treatment limitation"



1 includes both quantitative treatment limitations, which are  
2 expressed numerically (such as 50 outpatient visits per year),  
3 and nonquantitative treatment limitations, which otherwise  
4 limit the scope or duration of treatment. A permanent  
5 exclusion of all benefits for a particular condition or  
6 disorder shall not be considered a treatment limitation.  
7 "Nonquantitative treatment" means those limitations as  
8 described under federal regulations (26 CFR 54.9812-1).  
9 "Nonquantitative treatment limitations" include, but are not  
10 limited to, those limitations described under federal  
11 regulations 26 CFR 54.9812-1, 29 CFR 2590.712, and 45 CFR  
12 146.136.

13 (h) The Department of Insurance shall implement the  
14 following education initiatives:

15 (1) By January 1, 2016, the Department shall develop a  
16 plan for a Consumer Education Campaign on parity. The  
17 Consumer Education Campaign shall focus its efforts  
18 throughout the State and include trainings in the  
19 northern, southern, and central regions of the State, as  
20 defined by the Department, as well as each of the 5 managed  
21 care regions of the State as identified by the Department  
22 of Healthcare and Family Services. Under this Consumer  
23 Education Campaign, the Department shall: (1) by January  
24 1, 2017, provide at least one live training in each region  
25 on parity for consumers and providers and one webinar  
26 training to be posted on the Department website and (2)

1 establish a consumer hotline to assist consumers in  
2 navigating the parity process by March 1, 2017. By January  
3 1, 2018 the Department shall issue a report to the General  
4 Assembly on the success of the Consumer Education  
5 Campaign, which shall indicate whether additional training  
6 is necessary or would be recommended.

7 (2) The Department, in coordination with the  
8 Department of Human Services and the Department of  
9 Healthcare and Family Services, shall convene a working  
10 group of health care insurance carriers, mental health  
11 advocacy groups, substance abuse patient advocacy groups,  
12 and mental health physician groups for the purpose of  
13 discussing issues related to the treatment and coverage of  
14 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorders or  
15 conditions and compliance with parity obligations under  
16 State and federal law. Compliance shall be measured,  
17 tracked, and shared during the meetings of the working  
18 group. The working group shall meet once before January 1,  
19 2016 and shall meet semiannually thereafter. The  
20 Department shall issue an annual report to the General  
21 Assembly that includes a list of the health care insurance  
22 carriers, mental health advocacy groups, substance abuse  
23 patient advocacy groups, and mental health physician  
24 groups that participated in the working group meetings,  
25 details on the issues and topics covered, and any  
26 legislative recommendations developed by the working

1 group.

2 (3) Not later than January 1 of each year, the  
3 Department, in conjunction with the Department of  
4 Healthcare and Family Services, shall issue a joint report  
5 to the General Assembly and provide an educational  
6 presentation to the General Assembly. The report and  
7 presentation shall:

8 (A) Cover the methodology the Departments use to  
9 check for compliance with the federal Paul Wellstone  
10 and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction  
11 Equity Act of 2008, 42 U.S.C. 18031(j), and any  
12 federal regulations or guidance relating to the  
13 compliance and oversight of the federal Paul Wellstone  
14 and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction  
15 Equity Act of 2008 and 42 U.S.C. 18031(j).

16 (B) Cover the methodology the Departments use to  
17 check for compliance with this Section and Sections  
18 356z.23 and 370c of this Code.

19 (C) Identify market conduct examinations or, in  
20 the case of the Department of Healthcare and Family  
21 Services, audits conducted or completed during the  
22 preceding 12-month period regarding compliance with  
23 parity in mental, emotional, nervous, and substance  
24 use disorder or condition benefits under State and  
25 federal laws and summarize the results of such market  
26 conduct examinations and audits. This shall include:

1 (i) the number of market conduct examinations  
2 and audits initiated and completed;

3 (ii) the benefit classifications examined by  
4 each market conduct examination and audit;

5 (iii) the subject matter of each market  
6 conduct examination and audit, including  
7 quantitative and nonquantitative treatment  
8 limitations; and

9 (iv) a summary of the basis for the final  
10 decision rendered in each market conduct  
11 examination and audit.

12 Individually identifiable information shall be  
13 excluded from the reports consistent with federal  
14 privacy protections.

15 (D) Detail any educational or corrective actions  
16 the Departments have taken to ensure compliance with  
17 the federal Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental  
18 Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, 42  
19 U.S.C. 18031(j), this Section, and Sections 356z.23  
20 and 370c of this Code.

21 (E) The report must be written in non-technical,  
22 readily understandable language and shall be made  
23 available to the public by, among such other means as  
24 the Departments find appropriate, posting the report  
25 on the Departments' websites.

26 (i) The Parity Advancement Fund is created as a special

1 fund in the State treasury. Moneys from fines and penalties  
2 collected from insurers for violations of this Section shall  
3 be deposited into the Fund. Moneys deposited into the Fund for  
4 appropriation by the General Assembly to the Department shall  
5 be used for the purpose of providing financial support of the  
6 Consumer Education Campaign, parity compliance advocacy, and  
7 other initiatives that support parity implementation and  
8 enforcement on behalf of consumers.

9 (j) (Blank). ~~The Department of Insurance and the~~  
10 ~~Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall convene and~~  
11 ~~provide technical support to a workgroup of 11 members that~~  
12 ~~shall be comprised of 3 mental health parity experts~~  
13 ~~recommended by an organization advocating on behalf of mental~~  
14 ~~health parity appointed by the President of the Senate; 3~~  
15 ~~behavioral health providers recommended by an organization~~  
16 ~~that represents behavioral health providers appointed by the~~  
17 ~~Speaker of the House of Representatives; 2 representing~~  
18 ~~Medicaid managed care organizations recommended by an~~  
19 ~~organization that represents Medicaid managed care plans~~  
20 ~~appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of~~  
21 ~~Representatives; 2 representing commercial insurers~~  
22 ~~recommended by an organization that represents insurers~~  
23 ~~appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate; and a~~  
24 ~~representative of an organization that represents Medicaid~~  
25 ~~managed care plans appointed by the Governor.~~

26 ~~The workgroup shall provide recommendations to the General~~

1 ~~Assembly on health plan data reporting requirements that~~  
2 ~~separately break out data on mental, emotional, nervous, or~~  
3 ~~substance use disorder or condition benefits and data on other~~  
4 ~~medical benefits, including physical health and related health~~  
5 ~~services no later than December 31, 2019. The recommendations~~  
6 ~~to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of the~~  
7 ~~House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in~~  
8 ~~electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the~~  
9 ~~Secretary shall direct. This workgroup shall take into account~~  
10 ~~federal requirements and recommendations on mental health~~  
11 ~~parity reporting for the Medicaid program. This workgroup~~  
12 ~~shall also develop the format and provide any needed~~  
13 ~~definitions for reporting requirements in subsection (k). The~~  
14 ~~research and evaluation of the working group shall include,~~  
15 ~~but not be limited to:~~

16 ~~(1) claims denials due to benefit limits, if~~  
17 ~~applicable;~~

18 ~~(2) administrative denials for no prior authorization;~~

19 ~~(3) denials due to not meeting medical necessity;~~

20 ~~(4) denials that went to external review and whether~~  
21 ~~they were upheld or overturned for medical necessity;~~

22 ~~(5) out of network claims;~~

23 ~~(6) emergency care claims;~~

24 ~~(7) network directory providers in the outpatient~~  
25 ~~benefits classification who filed no claims in the last 6~~  
26 ~~months, if applicable;~~

1           ~~(8) the impact of existing and pertinent limitations~~  
2           ~~and restrictions related to approved services, licensed~~  
3           ~~providers, reimbursement levels, and reimbursement~~  
4           ~~methodologies within the Division of Mental Health, the~~  
5           ~~Division of Substance Use Prevention and Recovery~~  
6           ~~programs, the Department of Healthcare and Family~~  
7           ~~Services, and, to the extent possible, federal regulations~~  
8           ~~and law; and~~

9           ~~(9) when reporting and publishing should begin.~~

10           ~~Representatives from the Department of Healthcare and~~  
11           ~~Family Services, representatives from the Division of Mental~~  
12           ~~Health, and representatives from the Division of Substance Use~~  
13           ~~Prevention and Recovery shall provide technical advice to the~~  
14           ~~workgroup.~~

15           (k) An insurer that amends, delivers, issues, or renews a  
16           group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or  
17           a qualified health plan offered through the health insurance  
18           marketplace in this State providing coverage for hospital or  
19           medical treatment and for the treatment of mental, emotional,  
20           nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions shall submit  
21           an annual report, the format and definitions for which will be  
22           determined ~~developed by the workgroup in subsection (j),~~ to  
23           the Department and ~~, or, with respect to medical assistance,~~  
24           the Department of Healthcare and Family Services and posted on  
25           their respective websites, starting on September 1, 2023 and  
26           annually thereafter, ~~or before July 1, 2020~~ that contains the

1 following information separately for inpatient in-network  
2 benefits, inpatient out-of-network benefits, outpatient  
3 in-network benefits, outpatient out-of-network benefits,  
4 emergency care benefits, and prescription drug benefits in the  
5 case of accident and health insurance or qualified health  
6 plans, or inpatient, outpatient, emergency care, and  
7 prescription drug benefits in the case of medical assistance:

8 (1) A summary of the plan's pharmacy management  
9 processes for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use  
10 disorder or condition benefits compared to those for other  
11 medical benefits.

12 (2) A summary of the internal processes of review for  
13 experimental benefits and unproven technology for mental,  
14 emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition  
15 benefits and those for other medical benefits.

16 (3) A summary of how the plan's policies and  
17 procedures for utilization management for mental,  
18 emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition  
19 benefits compare to those for other medical benefits.

20 (4) A description of the process used to develop or  
21 select the medical necessity criteria for mental,  
22 emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder or condition  
23 benefits and the process used to develop or select the  
24 medical necessity criteria for medical and surgical  
25 benefits.

26 (5) Identification of all nonquantitative treatment



1 limitations that are applied to both mental, emotional,  
2 nervous, or substance use disorder or condition benefits  
3 and medical and surgical benefits within each  
4 classification of benefits.

5 (6) The results of an analysis that demonstrates that  
6 for the medical necessity criteria described in  
7 subparagraph (A) and for each nonquantitative treatment  
8 limitation identified in subparagraph (B), as written and  
9 in operation, the processes, strategies, evidentiary  
10 standards, or other factors used in applying the medical  
11 necessity criteria and each nonquantitative treatment  
12 limitation to mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use  
13 disorder or condition benefits within each classification  
14 of benefits are comparable to, and are applied no more  
15 stringently than, the processes, strategies, evidentiary  
16 standards, or other factors used in applying the medical  
17 necessity criteria and each nonquantitative treatment  
18 limitation to medical and surgical benefits within the  
19 corresponding classification of benefits; at a minimum,  
20 the results of the analysis shall:

21 (A) identify the factors used to determine that a  
22 nonquantitative treatment limitation applies to a  
23 benefit, including factors that were considered but  
24 rejected;

25 (B) identify and define the specific evidentiary  
26 standards used to define the factors and any other

1 evidence relied upon in designing each nonquantitative  
2 treatment limitation;

3 (C) provide the comparative analyses, including  
4 the results of the analyses, performed to determine  
5 that the processes and strategies used to design each  
6 nonquantitative treatment limitation, as written, for  
7 mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use disorder  
8 or condition benefits are comparable to, and are  
9 applied no more stringently than, the processes and  
10 strategies used to design each nonquantitative  
11 treatment limitation, as written, for medical and  
12 surgical benefits;

13 (D) provide the comparative analyses, including  
14 the results of the analyses, performed to determine  
15 that the processes and strategies used to apply each  
16 nonquantitative treatment limitation, in operation,  
17 for mental, emotional, nervous, or substance use  
18 disorder or condition benefits are comparable to, and  
19 applied no more stringently than, the processes or  
20 strategies used to apply each nonquantitative  
21 treatment limitation, in operation, for medical and  
22 surgical benefits; and

23 (E) disclose the specific findings and conclusions  
24 reached by the insurer that the results of the  
25 analyses described in subparagraphs (C) and (D)  
26 indicate that the insurer is in compliance with this

1 Section and the Mental Health Parity and Addiction  
2 Equity Act of 2008 and its implementing regulations,  
3 which includes 42 CFR Parts 438, 440, and 457 and 45  
4 CFR 146.136 and any other related federal regulations  
5 found in the Code of Federal Regulations.

6 (7) Any other information necessary to clarify data  
7 provided in accordance with this Section requested by the  
8 Director, including information that may be proprietary or  
9 have commercial value, under the requirements of Section  
10 30 of the Viatical Settlements Act of 2009.

11 (1) An insurer that amends, delivers, issues, or renews a  
12 group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or  
13 a qualified health plan offered through the health insurance  
14 marketplace in this State providing coverage for hospital or  
15 medical treatment and for the treatment of mental, emotional,  
16 nervous, or substance use disorders or conditions on or after  
17 January 1, 2019 (the effective date of Public Act 100-1024)  
18 shall, in advance of the plan year, make available to the  
19 Department or, with respect to medical assistance, the  
20 Department of Healthcare and Family Services and to all plan  
21 participants and beneficiaries the information required in  
22 subparagraphs (C) through (E) of paragraph (6) of subsection  
23 (k). For plan participants and medical assistance  
24 beneficiaries, the information required in subparagraphs (C)  
25 through (E) of paragraph (6) of subsection (k) shall be made  
26 available on a publicly-available website whose web address is

1 prominently displayed in plan and managed care organization  
2 informational and marketing materials.

3 (m) In conjunction with its compliance examination program  
4 conducted in accordance with the Illinois State Auditing Act,  
5 the Auditor General shall undertake a review of compliance by  
6 the Department and the Department of Healthcare and Family  
7 Services with Section 370c and this Section. Any findings  
8 resulting from the review conducted under this Section shall  
9 be included in the applicable State agency's compliance  
10 examination report. Each compliance examination report shall  
11 be issued in accordance with Section 3-14 of the Illinois  
12 State Auditing Act. A copy of each report shall also be  
13 delivered to the head of the applicable State agency and  
14 posted on the Auditor General's website.

15 (Source: P.A. 102-135, eff. 7-23-21; 102-579, eff. 8-25-21;  
16 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon  
18 becoming law.