



Rep. Margaret Croke

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1241

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 1241, AS AMENDED,
3 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4 following:

5 "Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
6 Illinois Gives Tax Credit Act.

7 Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

8 "Business entity" means a corporation (including a
9 Subchapter S corporation), trust, estate, partnership, limited
10 liability company, or sole proprietorship.

11 "Credit-eligible endowment gift" means an endowment gift
12 for which a taxpayer intends to apply for an income tax credit
13 under this Act.

14 "Department" means the Department of Revenue.

15 "Donor advised fund" has the meaning given to that term in
16 subsection (d) of Section 4966 of the Internal Revenue Code of

1 1986.

2 "Endowment gift" means an irrevocable contribution to a
3 permanent endowment fund held by a qualified community
4 foundation.

5 "Permanent endowment fund" means a fund that (i) is held
6 by a qualified community foundation, (ii) provides charitable
7 grants exclusively for the benefit of residents of the State
8 or charities and charitable projects located in the State,
9 (iii) is intended to exist in perpetuity, (iv) has an annual
10 spending rate based on the foundation spending policy, but not
11 to exceed 7%, and (v) is not a donor advised fund.

12 "Qualified community foundation" means a community
13 foundation or similar publicly supported organization
14 described in Section 170 (b) (1) (A) (vi) of the Internal Revenue
15 Code of 1986 that is organized or operating in this State and
16 that substantially complies with the national standards for
17 U.S. community foundations established by the National Council
18 on Foundations, as determined by the Department.

19 "Taxpayer" means any individual who is subject to the tax
20 imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the
21 Illinois Income Tax Act or any business entity that is subject
22 to the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201
23 of the Illinois Income Tax Act.

24 Section 10. Tax credit awards; limitations.

25 (a) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2025

1 and ending before January 1, 2030, the Department shall award,
2 in accordance with this Act, income tax credits to taxpayers
3 who provide an endowment gift to a permanent endowment fund
4 during the taxable year and receive a certificate of receipt
5 under Section 15 for that gift. Subject to the limitations in
6 this Section, the amount of the credit that may be awarded to a
7 taxpayer by the Department under this Act is an amount equal to
8 25% of the endowment gift.

9 (b) The aggregate amount of all Illinois Gives tax credits
10 awarded by the Department under this Act in any calendar year
11 may not exceed \$5,000,000.

12 (c) The aggregate amount of all Illinois Gives tax credits
13 that the Department may award to any taxpayer under this Act in
14 any calendar year may not exceed \$100,000.

15 (d) The aggregate amount of all credits that the
16 Department may authorize in any calendar year based on
17 endowment gifts to any specific qualified community foundation
18 may not exceed 15% of the aggregate amount of all Illinois
19 Gives tax credits authorized by the Department under this Act
20 in that calendar year.

21 (e) Of the annual amount available for tax credits, 25%
22 must be reserved for endowment gifts that do not exceed the
23 small gift maximum set forth in this subsection. The small
24 gift maximum is \$25,000.

25 (f) For the purpose of this Section, a credit is
26 considered to be awarded on the date the Department issues an

1 approved contribution authorization certificate under Section
2 15.

3 Section 15. Applications for tax credits.

4 (a) The taxpayer shall apply to the Department, in the
5 form and manner prescribed by the Department, for a
6 contribution authorization certificate. A taxpayer who makes
7 more than one credit-eligible endowment gift must make a
8 separate application for each contribution authorization
9 certificate. Applications under this subsection shall be
10 reviewed by the Department and shall either be approved or
11 denied. Each approved contribution authorization certificate
12 shall be sent to the taxpayer within 3 business days after the
13 certificate is approved. The Department shall maintain on its
14 website a running total of: (i) the total amount of credits
15 remaining under this Act for which taxpayers may apply for a
16 contribution authorization certificate issued in the calendar
17 year; (ii) the total amount of credits allocated during the
18 calendar year for each specific community foundation; and
19 (iii) the total amount remaining for the calendar year under
20 the small gift maximum set forth in Section 10. Those running
21 totals shall be updated every business day.

22 (b) The taxpayer shall make the endowment gift to the
23 permanent endowment fund either prior to or within 60 days
24 after the taxpayer receives the approved contribution
25 authorization certificate under subsection (a). The qualified

1 community foundation shall, within 30 days after receipt of an
2 endowment gift for which a contribution authorization
3 certificate has been approved by the Department under
4 subsection (a), issue to the taxpayer a written certificate of
5 receipt, which shall contain the information required by the
6 Department by rule. No receipt shall be issued for amounts
7 that are not actually received by the qualified community
8 foundation within 60 days after the taxpayer receives the
9 approved contribution authorization certificate.

10 Section 20. Annual report. By March 31, 2026, and by March
11 31 of each subsequent year, the Department must submit an
12 annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly
13 concerning the activities conducted under this Act during the
14 previous calendar year. The report must include a detailed
15 listing of tax credits authorized under this Act by the
16 Department. The report may not disclose any information if the
17 disclosure would violate Section 917 of the Illinois Income
18 Tax Act.

19 Section 25. Rulemaking. The Department may adopt rules for
20 the implementation of this Act.

21 Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
22 changing Section 203 and by adding Section 241 as follows:

1 (35 ILCS 5/203)

2 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

3 (a) Individuals.

4 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
5 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
6 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
7 (2).

8 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
9 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto
10 the sum of the following amounts:

11 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
12 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
13 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
14 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
15 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
16 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
17 Code;

18 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
19 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
20 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
21 taxable year;

22 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
23 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
24 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
25 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
26 for which a deduction was previously taken under

1 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
2 1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
3 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
4 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
5 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
6 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
7 which is attributable to such principal residence;

8 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
9 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
10 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
11 computation of adjusted gross income;

12 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
13 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
14 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
15 medical care savings account and the interest earned
16 on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
17 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the
18 Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of
19 Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of
20 2000;

21 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
22 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
23 costs that the individual deducted in computing
24 adjusted gross income and for which the individual
25 claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

26 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
2 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
3 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code;

5 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
6 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
7 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
8 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
9 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
10 deductions taken in all taxable years under
11 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

12 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
13 the last day of the last tax year for which a
14 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
15 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
16 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
17 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
18 equal to that subtraction modification.

19 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
20 modification under this subparagraph only once with
21 respect to any one piece of property;

22 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
23 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
24 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the same unitary business group but for the
2 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
3 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
12 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
13 extent that dividends were included in base income of
14 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
15 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
16 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
17 included in gross income under Sections 951 through
18 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included
19 in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same
21 person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
22 incurred.

23 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

24 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
26 is subject in a foreign country or state, other

1 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
3 with respect to such interest; or

4 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
6 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
8 following:

9 (a) the person, during the same taxable
10 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
11 to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
14 person did not have as a principal purpose the
15 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
18 terms; or

19 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
20 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
22 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
23 and terms and the principal purpose for the
24 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
25 or

26 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
2 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
3 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
4 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
5 to the application or use of an alternative method
6 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

7 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
8 Director from making any other adjustment
9 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
10 for any tax year beginning after the effective
11 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
12 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
13 Department and such regulations provide methods
14 and standards by which the Department will utilize
15 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

16 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
17 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
18 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
21 foreign person who would be a member of the same
22 unitary business group but for the fact that the
23 foreign person's business activity outside the United
24 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
25 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of

1 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
2 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
3 from being included in the unitary business group
4 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
5 business income under different subsections of Section
6 304. The addition modification required by this
7 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
8 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
9 group for the same taxable year and received by the
10 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
11 business group (including amounts included in gross
12 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income
14 under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with
15 respect to the stock of the same person to whom the
16 intangible expenses and costs were directly or
17 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
18 sentence does not apply to the extent that the same
19 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
20 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of
21 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
22 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
23 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
24 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
25 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
26 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
2 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
3 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
4 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
5 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
6 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
7 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
8 similar types of intangible assets.

9 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

10 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
11 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
12 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
13 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
14 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
15 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
16 with respect to such item; or

17 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
20 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
21 following:

22 (a) the person during the same taxable
23 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
24 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
25 not a related member, and

26 (b) the transaction giving rise to the

1 intangible expense or cost between the
2 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
3 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
4 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
5 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
6 or

7 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
11 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
12 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
13 writing to the application or use of an
14 alternative method of apportionment under Section
15 304(f);

16 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
17 Director from making any other adjustment
18 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
19 for any tax year beginning after the effective
20 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
21 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
22 Department and such regulations provide methods
23 and standards by which the Department will utilize
24 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

25 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of

1 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
2 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
5 business group but for the fact that the person is
6 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
7 included in the unitary business group because he or
8 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
9 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
10 addition modification required by this subparagraph
11 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
12 included in base income of the unitary group for the
13 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
14 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
15 (including amounts included in gross income under
16 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
17 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
18 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
19 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
20 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
21 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
22 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
23 the addition modification required under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this
25 Act;

26 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after

1 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
2 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
3 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
5 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
6 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
7 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal
8 to the amount excluded from gross income under Section
9 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
10 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
11 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
13 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
14 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
15 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
16 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
17 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
18 adopts and determines that its offering materials
19 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
20 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
21 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
22 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
23 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to
24 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
25 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
26 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least

1 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
2 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

3 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
4 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
5 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
6 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
7 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
8 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
9 participants in its offering materials or makes a
10 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
11 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
12 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
13 out-of-state program distributes its offering
14 materials;

15 (D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a
17 qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
18 Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from
19 a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of
20 the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount
21 excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B)
22 of the Internal Revenue Code;

23 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
24 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
25 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the

1 State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to
2 the amount of moneys previously deducted from base
3 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

4 (D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys
6 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or
7 a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the
8 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this
9 State to an ABLE account established under an
10 out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to
11 the contribution component of the transferred amount
12 that was previously deducted from base income under
13 subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this
14 Section;

15 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
16 January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the
17 case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys
18 from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
20 that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible
21 education institution, an amount equal to the
22 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
23 or refund that was previously deducted from base
24 income under subsection (a) (2) (y) of this Section,
25 provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result
26 from the beneficiary's death or disability. For

1 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:
2 (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or
3 refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State
4 Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition
5 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
6 administered by the State, an amount equal to the
7 contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal
8 or refund that was previously deducted from base
9 income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section, and
10 (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund
11 from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of
12 the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State
13 that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an
14 amount equal to the contribution component of the
15 nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously
16 deducted from base income under subsection (a) (2) (HH)
17 of this Section;

18 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
19 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
20 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
21 Act;

22 (D-24) For taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
24 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
25 for the taxable year;

26 (D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal

1 to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed
2 pursuant to Section 201(p) (7) of this Act;
3 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
4 following amounts:

5 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
6 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
7 any compensation (including but not limited to any
8 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
9 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
10 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
11 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
12 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
13 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
14 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a
15 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
16 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
17 United States Code as a member of the Illinois
18 National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending
19 on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of
20 any other state. For taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total
22 in respect of any compensation (including but not
23 limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a
24 serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in
25 action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member
26 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United

1 States and in respect of any compensation paid or
2 accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee
3 was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in
4 respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001
5 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the
6 Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the
8 National Guard of any other state. The provisions of
9 this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions
10 of Section 250;

11 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in
12 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
13 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and
14 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such
15 total as distributions under the provisions of any
16 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
17 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
18 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
19 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
20 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
21 adopted pursuant thereto;

22 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

23 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
24 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
25 and included in such total for the taxable year;

26 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in

1 such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111
2 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items
3 previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the
4 computation of taxable income;

5 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
6 such total which were paid by a corporation which
7 conducts business operations in a River Edge
8 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
9 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
10 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
11 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
12 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total that were paid by a corporation that
15 conducts business operations in a federally designated
16 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
17 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
18 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
19 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
20 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
21 this subparagraph (K);

22 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
23 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
24 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
25 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code;

1 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
6 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
9 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending
11 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of
12 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
13 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
14 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
16 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
17 250;

18 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in
19 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
20 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
21 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
22 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
23 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
24 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
25 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
26 net of bond premium amortization;

1 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
2 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
3 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

4 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
5 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
6 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
7 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
8 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
9 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
10 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
11 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

12 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in
13 such total, received by the taxpayer as an
14 acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or
15 annuity benefits in advance of the time they would
16 otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal
17 illness;

18 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
19 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

20 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
21 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
22 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
23 medical care savings account established under the
24 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
25 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
26 contribution is accepted by the account administrator

1 as provided in that Act;

2 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
3 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned
4 in the taxable year on a medical care savings account
5 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
6 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
7 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
8 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

9 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
10 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
11 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
12 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
13 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
14 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

15 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
16 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
17 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
18 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
19 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
20 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
21 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
22 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that
23 the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term
24 care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on
26 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and

1 does not exceed the taxable income attributable to
2 that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
3 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
4 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
5 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
6 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
7 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
8 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
9 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
10 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
11 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
12 times a number that represents the fractional
13 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
14 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
15 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

16 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the
18 taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year
19 from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth
20 IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an
23 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
24 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
25 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
26 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial

1 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
2 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
3 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
4 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
5 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
6 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
7 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
8 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
9 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
10 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
11 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
12 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
13 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
14 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
15 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
16 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
17 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
18 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
19 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
20 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
21 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
22 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
23 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
24 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
25 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
26 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income

1 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
2 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a
6 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
7 State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from
8 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
10 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
11 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
12 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
13 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
14 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
15 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
16 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
17 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
19 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
20 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
21 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
22 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
23 from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
25 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
26 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return

1 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
2 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
3 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

4 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
5 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
7 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
8 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
9 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
10 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

11 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
12 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
13 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
14 0.429); and

15 (3) for taxable years ending after December
16 31, 2005:

17 (i) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
21 by 0.429);

22 (ii) for property on which a bonus
23 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
24 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
25 1.0;

26 (iii) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
3 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
4 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
5 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
6 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
8 depreciation on that property; and

9 (iv) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
11 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
12 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
13 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
14 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
15 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
16 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
17 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
18 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

19 The aggregate amount deducted under this
20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
21 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
22 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
23 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
24 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
25 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
26 Section 250;

1 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
2 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
3 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
4 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
5 an amount equal to that addition modification.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which a
8 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
9 under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was
10 required in any taxable year to make an addition
11 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
12 equal to that addition modification.

13 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
14 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
15 one piece of property.

16 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
19 other than salary, received by a driver in a
20 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

21 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
23 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
24 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
25 modification with respect to such transaction under
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

1 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
2 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
6 that is required to make an addition modification with
7 respect to such transaction under Section
8 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
10 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
11 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
13 into account for the taxable year (net of the
14 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
17 for the fact that the foreign person's business
18 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
19 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
20 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304, but

1 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
2 made for the same taxable year under Section
3 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
5 This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions
6 of Section 250;

7 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
8 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
9 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
10 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
12 for the fact that the foreign person's business
13 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
14 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
16 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
17 business group but for the fact that the person is
18 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
19 included in the unitary business group because he or
20 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
21 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
22 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
23 made for the same taxable year under Section
24 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
26 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is

1 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
3 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of
4 Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court
5 of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State
6 prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
10 add back any insurance premiums under Section
11 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
12 that part of a reimbursement received from the
13 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
14 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
15 company) that would have been taken into account as a
16 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
17 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
18 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
19 (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
20 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
21 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This
22 subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250;

24 (HH) For taxable years beginning on or after
25 January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum
26 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a

1 qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State
2 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
3 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section
4 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not
5 be considered moneys contributed under this
6 subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph
7 (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of
8 an employee, or matching contributions made by an
9 employee, shall be treated as made by the employee;

10 (II) For taxable years that begin on or after
11 January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the
12 amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal
13 adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness
15 attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is
16 not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted
17 gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection
18 (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code; ~~and~~

19 (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after
20 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
21 operating in this State and licensed under the
22 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
23 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
24 organization operating in this State and licensed
25 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
26 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that

1 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
2 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
3 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
4 this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions
5 of Section 250; and.

6 (KK) ~~(JJ)~~ To the extent includible in gross income
7 for federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or
8 paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or
9 settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section
10 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor
11 fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the
12 Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in
13 another state.

14 (b) Corporations.

15 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
16 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
17 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

18 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
19 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
20 of the following amounts:

21 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
22 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
23 received from regulated investment companies during
24 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
25 income in the computation of taxable income;

1 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
2 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
3 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
4 year;

5 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
6 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
7 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the
8 amount of the capital gain dividends designated as
9 such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under
11 Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
13 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
14 law and is not a new enactment);

15 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
16 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
17 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
18 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

19 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating
20 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
21 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
22 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
23 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
24 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
25 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
26 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable

1 year, with the following limitations applied in the
2 order that they are listed:

3 (i) the addition modification relating to the
4 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
5 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
6 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
7 of addition modification under this subparagraph
8 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
9 which was taken into account in calculating the
10 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

11 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
12 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
13 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
14 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
15 such carryback or carryforward;

16 For taxable years in which there is a net
17 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
18 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
19 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this
20 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
21 computed independently under the preceding provisions
22 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

23 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
24 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
25 costs that the corporation deducted in computing
26 adjusted gross income and for which the corporation

1 claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

2 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
3 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
4 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
5 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code;

7 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
8 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
9 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
10 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
11 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
12 deductions taken in all taxable years under
13 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which a
16 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
17 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
18 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
19 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
20 equal to that subtraction modification.

21 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
22 modification under this subparagraph only once with
23 respect to any one piece of property;

24 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
25 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the same unitary business group but for the
4 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
5 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
6 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
7 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
8 who would be a member of the same unitary business
9 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
10 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
11 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
12 required to apportion business income under different
13 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
14 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
15 extent that dividends were included in base income of
16 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
17 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
18 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
19 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
20 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
21 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
23 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
24 accrued, or incurred.

25 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

26 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

1 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
2 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
4 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
5 with respect to such interest; or

6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
8 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
9 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person, during the same taxable
12 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
13 to a person that is not a related member, and

14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
16 person did not have as a principal purpose the
17 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
18 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
19 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
20 terms; or

21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
22 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
23 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
24 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
25 and terms and the principal purpose for the
26 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

1 or

2 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
6 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
7 to the application or use of an alternative method
8 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
12 for any tax year beginning after the effective
13 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
14 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
15 Department and such regulations provide methods
16 and standards by which the Department will utilize
17 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
19 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
20 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
22 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
23 foreign person who would be a member of the same
24 unitary business group but for the fact that the
25 foreign person's business activity outside the United
26 States is 80% or more of that person's total business

1 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
3 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
4 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
5 from being included in the unitary business group
6 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
7 business income under different subsections of Section
8 304. The addition modification required by this
9 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
10 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
11 group for the same taxable year and received by the
12 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
13 business group (including amounts included in gross
14 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
16 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
17 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
18 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
19 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
20 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
21 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
22 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
23 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
24 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
25 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
26 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,

1 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
2 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
4 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
5 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
6 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
7 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
8 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
9 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
10 similar types of intangible assets.

11 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

12 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
15 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
16 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
17 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
18 with respect to such item; or

19 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
22 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
23 following:

24 (a) the person during the same taxable
25 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
26 intangible expense or cost to a person that is

1 not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 intangible expense or cost between the
4 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
5 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
6 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
7 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
8 or

9 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
14 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
15 writing to the application or use of an
16 alternative method of apportionment under Section
17 304(f);

18 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
19 Director from making any other adjustment
20 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
21 for any tax year beginning after the effective
22 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
23 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
24 Department and such regulations provide methods
25 and standards by which the Department will utilize
26 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

1 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
3 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
4 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
6 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
7 business group but for the fact that the person is
8 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
9 included in the unitary business group because he or
10 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
11 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
12 addition modification required by this subparagraph
13 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
14 included in base income of the unitary group for the
15 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
17 (including amounts included in gross income under
18 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
19 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
20 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
21 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
22 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
23 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
24 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
25 the addition modification required under Section
26 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this

1 Act;

2 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
3 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a
4 captive real estate investment trust that is allowed
5 to a real estate investment trust under Section
6 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for
7 dividends paid;

8 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
9 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
10 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
11 Act;

12 (E-17) For taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
14 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 for the taxable year;

16 (E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
17 31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
18 under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
19 Code for the taxable year;

20 (E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
21 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
22 under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
23 Code for the taxable year;

24 (E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
25 30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
26 under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal

1 Revenue Code for the taxable year; —

2 (E-21) the amount that is claimed as a federal
3 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
4 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
5 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
6 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
7 Tax Credit Act;

8 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
9 following amounts:

10 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
11 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
12 and included in such total for the taxable year;

13 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
14 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

15 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
16 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
17 dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
18 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
19 for the taxable year;

20 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
21 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
22 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
23 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
24 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
26 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section

1 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
2 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
3 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
4 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
5 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
6 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
7 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
9 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
11 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
12 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
13 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
14 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
15 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
16 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
17 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
18 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in
21 such total which are exempt from taxation by this
22 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
23 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
24 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
25 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
26 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under

1 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
2 net of bond premium amortization;

3 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
4 such total which were paid by a corporation which
5 conducts business operations in a River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
7 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
8 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
9 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
10 the provisions of Section 250;

11 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
12 such total that were paid by a corporation that
13 conducts business operations in a federally designated
14 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
15 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
16 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
17 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
18 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
19 this subparagraph (L);

20 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
21 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
22 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
23 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
24 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
25 property which is eligible for the River Edge
26 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the

1 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
2 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
3 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
4 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
5 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f)
6 investment credit property which secures the loan or
7 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
8 such property on the date that it was placed in service
9 in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction
10 modification available to the taxpayer in any year
11 under this subsection shall be that portion of the
12 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
13 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
14 calculated under the previous sentence. This
15 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
18 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
19 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
20 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
21 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
22 property which is eligible for the High Impact
23 Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion
24 of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible
25 for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the
26 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or

1 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
2 divided into the basis of the Section 201(h)
3 investment credit property which secures the loan or
4 loans, using for this purpose the original basis of
5 such property on the date that it was placed in service
6 in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
7 Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is
8 eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph
9 (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be
10 eligible for the deduction provided under this
11 subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification
12 available to taxpayers in any year under this
13 subsection shall be that portion of the total interest
14 paid by the borrower with respect to such loan
15 attributable to the eligible property as calculated
16 under the previous sentence;

17 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
18 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
19 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
20 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
21 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii)
22 must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by
23 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity
24 under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
25 or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment
26 Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
3 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a
4 percentage equal to the percentage allowable under
5 Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
6 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of
7 the amount by which dividends included in taxable
8 income and received from a corporation that is not
9 created or organized under the laws of the United
10 States or any state or political subdivision thereof,
11 including, for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
13 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
14 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the
15 amount of the modification provided under subparagraph
16 (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is
17 related to such dividends, and including, for taxable
18 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends
19 received from a captive real estate investment trust;
20 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends,
21 included in taxable income and received, including,
22 for taxable years ending on or after December 31,
23 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or
24 deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years
26 ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends

1 received from a captive real estate investment trust,
2 from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that
3 would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of
4 the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the
5 affiliated group which includes the dividend
6 recipient, exceed the amount of the modification
7 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
8 this subsection (b) which is related to such
9 dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June
10 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the
11 term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as
12 a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue
13 Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to
14 dividends for which a deduction is allowed under
15 Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This
16 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250 of this Act;

18 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
19 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
20 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

21 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an

1 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
2 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
3 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
4 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
5 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
6 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
7 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
8 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
9 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
11 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
15 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
16 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
17 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
18 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
19 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
20 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
21 Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
22 provisions of Section 250;

23 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
24 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
25 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
26 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
2 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

3 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
4 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
6 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
7 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
8 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
9 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

10 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
11 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
12 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
13 0.429); and

14 (3) for taxable years ending after December
15 31, 2005:

16 (i) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
19 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
20 by 0.429);

21 (ii) for property on which a bonus
22 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
23 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
24 1.0;

25 (iii) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
2 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
3 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
4 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
5 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
6 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
7 depreciation on that property; and

8 (iv) for property on which a bonus
9 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
10 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
11 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
12 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
13 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
14 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
15 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
16 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
17 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

18 The aggregate amount deducted under this
19 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
20 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
21 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
23 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
24 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
25 Section 250;

26 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or

1 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
2 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

5 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
6 the last day of the last tax year for which a
7 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
8 under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was
9 required in any taxable year to make an addition
10 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
11 equal to that addition modification.

12 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
13 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
14 one piece of property.

15 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
18 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
19 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
20 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
21 modification with respect to such transaction under
22 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
23 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
24 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
25 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
26 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable

1 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
2 that is required to make an addition modification with
3 respect to such transaction under Section
4 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
5 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
6 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
7 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
8 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
9 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make
10 an addition modification with respect to such
11 transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
12 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
13 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
14 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
15 from the provisions of Section 250;

16 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
17 into account for the taxable year (net of the
18 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
19 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
21 for the fact that the foreign person's business
22 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
23 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
24 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
25 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
26 business group but for the fact that the person is

1 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
2 included in the unitary business group because he or
3 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
4 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
5 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
6 made for the same taxable year under Section
7 203(b)(2)(E-12) for interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
9 This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of
10 Section 250;

11 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
16 for the fact that the foreign person's business
17 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
18 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
21 business group but for the fact that the person is
22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
23 included in the unitary business group because he or
24 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
25 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
26 not to exceed the addition modification required to be

1 made for the same taxable year under Section
2 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
7 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
8 add back any insurance premiums under Section
9 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
10 that part of a reimbursement received from the
11 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
12 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
13 company) that would have been taken into account as a
14 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
15 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
16 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
17 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
18 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
19 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
20 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
23 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
24 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the
25 taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without
26 regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue

1 Code, and without regard to any net operating loss
2 deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250; and

4 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
6 operating in this State and licensed under the
7 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
8 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
9 organization operating in this State and licensed
10 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
11 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
12 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
13 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
14 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
15 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
16 of Section 250.

17 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A),
18 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,
19 for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and
20 prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross
21 investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years
22 ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all
23 amounts included in life insurance gross income under
24 Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

25 (c) Trusts and estates.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
5 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
6 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
7 following amounts:

8 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
9 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
10 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
11 in the computation of taxable income;

12 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
13 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
14 required to distribute all of its income currently,
15 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
16 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
17 the computation of taxable income;

18 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
19 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
20 the computation of taxable income for the taxable
21 year;

22 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
23 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
24 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
25 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

26 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating

1 loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year
2 ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of
3 taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e)
4 or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection
5 (e), the amount by which addition modifications other
6 than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
7 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
8 the following limitations applied in the order that
9 they are listed:

10 (i) the addition modification relating to the
11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
13 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount
14 of addition modification under this subparagraph
15 (E) which related to that net operating loss and
16 which was taken into account in calculating the
17 base income of an earlier taxable year, and

18 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
21 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
22 such carryback or carryforward;

23 For taxable years in which there is a net
24 operating loss carryback or carryforward from more
25 than one other taxable year ending prior to December
26 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this

1 subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts
2 computed independently under the preceding provisions
3 of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

4 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January
5 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant
6 to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the
7 trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes
8 of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601
9 of this Act;

10 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
11 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
12 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
13 computation of taxable income;

14 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
15 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation
16 costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing
17 adjusted gross income and for which the trust or
18 estate claims a credit under subsection (l) of Section
19 201;

20 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
21 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
22 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
23 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
24 the Internal Revenue Code; and

25 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
26 or otherwise disposes of property for which the

1 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
2 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
3 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
4 deductions taken in all taxable years under
5 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
7 the last day of the last tax year for which a
8 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
9 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
10 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
11 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
12 equal to that subtraction modification.

13 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
14 modification under this subparagraph only once with
15 respect to any one piece of property;

16 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
17 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the same unitary business group but for the
22 fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
6 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
7 extent that dividends were included in base income of
8 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
9 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
10 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
11 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
12 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
13 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
14 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
15 the same person to whom the interest was paid,
16 accrued, or incurred.

17 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

18 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
19 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
20 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
21 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
22 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
23 with respect to such interest; or

24 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
25 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
26 the taxpayer can establish, based on a

1 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person, during the same taxable
4 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
5 to a person that is not a related member, and

6 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
7 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
8 person did not have as a principal purpose the
9 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
10 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
11 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
12 terms; or

13 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
14 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
15 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract
16 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
17 and terms and the principal purpose for the
18 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
19 or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
4 for any tax year beginning after the effective
5 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
6 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
7 Department and such regulations provide methods
8 and standards by which the Department will utilize
9 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
17 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
18 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
19 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
20 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
22 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
23 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
24 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
25 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
26 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,

1 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
2 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
7 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
8 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
9 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
10 with respect to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
4 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an
8 alternative method of apportionment under Section
9 304(f);

10 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
11 Director from making any other adjustment
12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
13 for any tax year beginning after the effective
14 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
15 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
16 Department and such regulations provide methods
17 and standards by which the Department will utilize
18 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

19 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
21 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
22 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
24 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
25 business group but for the fact that the person is
26 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

1 included in the unitary business group because he or
2 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
3 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
4 addition modification required by this subparagraph
5 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
6 included in base income of the unitary group for the
7 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
9 (including amounts included in gross income under
10 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
12 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
13 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
14 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
15 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
16 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
17 the addition modification required under Section
18 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this
19 Act;

20 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
21 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
22 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
23 Act;

24 (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after
25 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
26 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code

1 for the taxable year;

2 (G-17) the amount that is claimed as a federal
3 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
4 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
5 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
6 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
7 Tax Credit Act;

8 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
9 following amounts:

10 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in
11 such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections
12 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408
13 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total
14 as distributions under the provisions of any
15 retirement or disability plan for employees of any
16 governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to
17 retired partners, which payments are excluded in
18 computing net earnings from self employment by Section
19 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations
20 adopted pursuant thereto;

21 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

22 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
23 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
24 and included in such total for the taxable year;

25 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
26 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),

1 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
2 taxation by this State either by reason of its
3 statutes or Constitution or by reason of the
4 Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United
5 States; provided that, in the case of any statute of
6 this State that exempts income derived from bonds or
7 other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act,
8 the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond
9 premium amortization;

10 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
11 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
12 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
13 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
14 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
15 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
17 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
18 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
19 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
20 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
21 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
22 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
23 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
24 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
25 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
26 250;

1 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
2 such total which were paid by a corporation which
3 conducts business operations in a River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
5 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
6 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
7 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from
8 the provisions of Section 250;

9 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
10 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
11 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

12 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total that were paid by a corporation that
14 conducts business operations in a federally designated
15 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
16 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
17 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
18 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
19 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
20 this subparagraph (O);

21 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
22 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
23 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
24 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
25 the Internal Revenue Code;

26 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an

1 amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions,
2 to the extent includible in gross income for federal
3 income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of
4 his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial
5 or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
6 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
7 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
8 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
9 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
10 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
11 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
12 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
13 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
14 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds
15 receivable as insurance under policies issued to a
16 victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons
17 by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European
18 insurance companies immediately prior to and during
19 World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from
20 federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets
21 acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from
22 the sale of such assets; provided, further, this
23 paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the
24 first recipient of such assets after their recovery
25 and who is a victim of persecution for racial or
26 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis

1 regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and
2 the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or
3 similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion
4 of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income
5 for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
8 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
9 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
10 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
12 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

13 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
14 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
15 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
16 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
17 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
18 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
19 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

20 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
21 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
22 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (3) for taxable years ending after December
25 31, 2005:

26 (i) for property on which a bonus

1 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
2 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
3 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
4 by 0.429);

5 (ii) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 1.0;

9 (iii) for property on which a bonus
10 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
11 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
12 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
13 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
14 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
15 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
16 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
17 depreciation on that property; and

18 (iv) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of a percentage other
20 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
21 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
22 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
23 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
24 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
25 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
26 percentage bonus depreciation on the property

1 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which a
17 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
18 under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was
19 required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
23 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
24 one piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
4 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
12 that is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
17 from the provisions of Section 250;

18 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
19 into account for the taxable year (net of the
20 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
21 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
23 for the fact the foreign person's business activity
24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
7 addition modification required to be made for the same
8 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
11 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

12 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
13 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
14 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
17 for the fact that the foreign person's business
18 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
19 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
20 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
21 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
22 business group but for the fact that the person is
23 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
24 included in the unitary business group because he or
25 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
26 income under different subsections of Section 304, but

1 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
2 made for the same taxable year under Section
3 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs
4 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
5 the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is
6 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
8 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
9 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
11 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
12 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt
13 from Section 250;

14 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
15 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
16 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
17 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
18 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
20 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
21 add back any insurance premiums under Section
22 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
23 that part of a reimbursement received from the
24 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
25 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
26 company) that would have been taken into account as a

1 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
2 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
3 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
4 (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
5 add back to income the amount subtracted by the
6 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This
7 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
10 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess
11 business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a
12 deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code; and

14 (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after
15 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
16 operating in this State and licensed under the
17 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
18 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
19 organization operating in this State and licensed
20 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
21 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
22 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
23 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
24 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
25 this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions
26 of Section 250.

1 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
2 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
3 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
4 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
5 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently
6 set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal
7 Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

8 (d) Partnerships.

9 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
11 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

12 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
13 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
14 of the following amounts:

15 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
16 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
17 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
18 in the computation of taxable income;

19 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
20 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
21 the taxable year;

22 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
23 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the
24 Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
25 income;

1 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
2 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
3 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
4 computation of taxable income;

5 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
6 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
7 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
8 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of
9 the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
11 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
12 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
13 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
14 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
15 deductions taken in all taxable years under
16 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

17 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
18 the last day of the last tax year for which a
19 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
20 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
21 allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
22 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
23 equal to that subtraction modification.

24 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
25 modification under this subparagraph only once with
26 respect to any one piece of property;

1 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
2 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
3 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
4 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
6 member of the same unitary business group but for the
7 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
8 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
9 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
10 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
11 who would be a member of the same unitary business
12 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
13 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
14 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
15 required to apportion business income under different
16 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
17 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
18 extent that dividends were included in base income of
19 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
20 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
21 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
22 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
23 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
24 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of
26 the same person to whom the interest was paid,

1 accrued, or incurred.

2 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

3 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
5 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
6 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
7 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
8 with respect to such interest; or

9 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
11 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
12 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
13 following:

14 (a) the person, during the same taxable
15 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
16 to a person that is not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
18 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
19 person did not have as a principal purpose the
20 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
21 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
22 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
23 terms; or

24 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
25 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
26 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract

1 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates
2 and terms and the principal purpose for the
3 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;
4 or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
15 for any tax year beginning after the effective
16 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
17 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the
18 Department and such regulations provide methods
19 and standards by which the Department will utilize
20 its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

21 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
21 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
22 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
24 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

1 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
2 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
3 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
4 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
5 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
7 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
8 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
9 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
10 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
11 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
12 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
13 similar types of intangible assets;

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
18 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
19 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
20 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
21 with respect to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if
15 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an
19 alternative method of apportionment under Section
20 304(f);

21 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
22 Director from making any other adjustment
23 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act
24 for any tax year beginning after the effective
25 date of this amendment provided such adjustment is
26 made pursuant to regulation adopted by the

1 Department and such regulations provide methods
2 and standards by which the Department will utilize
3 its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

4 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
6 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
7 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
9 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
10 business group but for the fact that the person is
11 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
12 included in the unitary business group because he or
13 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
14 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
15 addition modification required by this subparagraph
16 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
17 included in base income of the unitary group for the
18 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
19 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
20 (including amounts included in gross income under
21 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
22 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
23 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the
24 stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs
25 were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
26 accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the

1 extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
2 the addition modification required under Section
3 203(d) (2) (D-7) or Section 203(d) (2) (D-8) of this Act;

4 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
5 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
6 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
7 Act;

8 (D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
10 allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
11 for the taxable year;

12 (D-12) the amount that is claimed as a federal
13 deduction when computing the taxpayer's federal
14 taxable income for the taxable year and that is
15 attributable to an endowment gift for which the
16 taxpayer receives a credit under the Illinois Gives
17 Tax Credit Act;

18 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
19 amounts:

20 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
26 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this

1 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
2 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
3 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
4 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
5 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
6 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest
7 net of bond premium amortization;

8 (H) Any income of the partnership which
9 constitutes personal service income as defined in
10 Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in
11 effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
12 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
13 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
14 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
17 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
18 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
19 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
20 including amounts distributable to organizations
21 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
22 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
23 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
25 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
26 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections

1 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
3 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
5 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections
6 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section
9 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for
10 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
11 any amount included in gross income under Section 87
12 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this
13 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section
14 250;

15 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
16 such total which were paid by a corporation which
17 conducts business operations in a River Edge
18 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
19 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
20 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
21 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from
22 the provisions of Section 250;

23 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
24 job training project established pursuant to the Real
25 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

26 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total that were paid by a corporation that
2 conducts business operations in a federally designated
3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated
4 a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
6 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
8 this subparagraph (M);

9 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
10 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
11 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
12 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code;

14 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
15 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
16 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
17 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
19 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

20 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
21 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
22 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
23 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
24 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
25 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
26 including the bonus depreciation deduction;

1 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
2 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
3 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
4 0.429); and

5 (3) for taxable years ending after December
6 31, 2005:

7 (i) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
11 by 0.429);

12 (ii) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 1.0;

16 (iii) for property on which a bonus
17 depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
18 basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
19 after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
20 depreciation deduction that would be allowed
21 on that property if the taxpayer had made the
22 election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
23 Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
24 depreciation on that property; and

25 (iv) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of a percentage other

1 than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
2 was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
3 December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
4 by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
5 on the property (that is, $100(\text{bonus}\%)$) and
6 then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
7 percentage bonus depreciation on the property
8 (that is, $100(1-\text{bonus}\%)$).

9 The aggregate amount deducted under this
10 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
11 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
12 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
14 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
15 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
16 Section 250;

17 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
18 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
23 the last day of the last tax year for which a
24 subtraction is allowed with respect to that property
25 under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was
26 required in any taxable year to make an addition

1 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
2 equal to that addition modification.

3 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction
4 under this subparagraph only once with respect to any
5 one piece of property.

6 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
9 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
10 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction
11 with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
12 modification with respect to such transaction under
13 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
14 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
15 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
16 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
17 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
18 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer
19 that is required to make an addition modification with
20 respect to such transaction under Section
21 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
22 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
23 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
24 from Section 250;

25 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
26 into account for the taxable year (net of the

1 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
2 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
3 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
4 for the fact that the foreign person's business
5 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
6 that person's total business activity and (ii) for
7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
14 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
15 made for the same taxable year under Section
16 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or
17 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
18 This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

19 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
21 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but
24 for the fact that the foreign person's business
25 activity outside the United States is 80% or more of
26 that person's total business activity and (ii) for

1 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to
2 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
3 business group but for the fact that the person is
4 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
5 included in the unitary business group because he or
6 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
7 income under different subsections of Section 304, but
8 not to exceed the addition modification required to be
9 made for the same taxable year under Section
10 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid,
11 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the
12 same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from
13 Section 250;

14 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
15 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
16 add back any insurance premiums under Section
17 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
18 that part of a reimbursement received from the
19 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense
20 or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
21 company) that would have been taken into account as a
22 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
23 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer
24 makes the election provided for by this subparagraph
25 (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must
26 add back to income the amount subtracted by the

1 taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This
2 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250; and

4 (U) For taxable years beginning on or after
5 January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment
6 operating in this State and licensed under the
7 Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis
8 cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing
9 organization operating in this State and licensed
10 under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis
11 Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that
12 were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal
13 Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be
14 added back under this subsection. The provisions of
15 this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions
16 of Section 250.

17 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

18 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
19 (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section
20 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
21 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
22 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
23 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
24 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
25 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than

1 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
2 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
3 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
4 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
5 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
6 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
7 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
8 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount
9 in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
10 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income
12 of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
13 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
14 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
15 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
16 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
17 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
18 addition modification must be made under those
19 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
20 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
21 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
22 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
23 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the
24 Internal Revenue Code.

25 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of
26 this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable

1 for federal income tax purposes shall mean:

2 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
3 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
4 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
5 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
6 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
7 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
8 Internal Revenue Code;

9 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
10 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
11 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
12 insurance company taxable income;

13 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
14 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
15 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 investment company taxable income;

17 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of
18 a real estate investment trust subject to the tax
19 imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code,
20 real estate investment trust taxable income;

21 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
22 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group
23 of corporations filing a consolidated income tax
24 return for the taxable year for federal income tax
25 purposes, taxable income determined as if such
26 corporation had filed a separate return for federal

1 income tax purposes for the taxable year and each
2 preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an
3 affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph,
4 the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be
5 determined as if the election provided by Section
6 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in
7 effect for all such years;

8 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
9 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
10 organization determined in accordance with the
11 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to the
13 prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage
14 activities against income from nonpatronage
15 activities; except that a cooperative corporation or
16 association may make an election to follow its federal
17 income tax treatment of patronage losses and
18 nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is
19 made, such losses shall be computed and carried over
20 in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section
21 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment
22 factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois
23 income tax return filed for the taxable year in which
24 the losses are incurred. The election shall be
25 effective for all taxable years with original returns
26 due on or after the date of the election. In addition,

1 the cooperative may file an amended return or returns,
2 as allowed under this Act, to provide that the
3 election shall be effective for losses incurred or
4 carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to
5 the date of the election. Once made, the election may
6 only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The
7 Department shall adopt rules setting forth
8 requirements for documenting the elections and any
9 resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
10 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
11 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
12 existing law;

13 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
14 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
15 effect an election for the taxable year under Section
16 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income
17 of such corporation determined in accordance with
18 Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except
19 that taxable income shall take into account those
20 items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
21 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and
22 (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in
23 effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions
24 of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have
25 applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules
26 as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of

1 such corporation determined in accordance with the
2 federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1,
3 1982; and

4 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
5 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
6 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
7 income shall take into account those items which are
8 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
9 but which would be taken into account by an individual
10 in calculating his taxable income.

11 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
12 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
13 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
14 business has been classified as business income and in a
15 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
16 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
17 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
18 related to that asset or business that generated the
19 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
20 business income in the year of the disposition of the
21 asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to
22 Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction
23 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act
24 for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment
25 fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of
26 this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately

1 preceding taxable years.

2 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

3 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
4 referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and
5 (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

6 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
7 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
8 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
10 which such gain was reported for the taxable year;
11 plus

12 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
13 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
14 capital gain) for all property in respect of which
15 such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes
16 for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for
17 the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount
18 of such gain included in the amount determined under
19 subsection (a)(2)(F) or (c)(2)(H).

20 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

21 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
22 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on
23 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
24 amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the
25 excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's

1 basis (for determining gain) for such property on that
2 date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
3 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
4 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
5 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
6 such property.

7 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
8 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
9 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
10 amount for such property is that amount which bears
11 the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of
12 the property for federal income tax purposes for the
13 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
14 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
15 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
16 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
17 period for the property.

18 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
19 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
20 purposes of this paragraph.

21 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
22 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
23 to be deducted more than once.

24 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by

1 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
2 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
3 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
4 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
5 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
6 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
7 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
8 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

9 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
10 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
11 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; revised
12 9-26-23.)

13 (35 ILCS 5/241 new)

14 Sec. 241. The Illinois Gives tax credit.

15 (a) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2025
16 and ending before January 1, 2030, each taxpayer for whom a tax
17 credit has been authorized by the Department of Revenue under
18 the Illinois Gives Tax Credit Act is entitled to a credit
19 against the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of
20 Section 201 in an amount equal to the amount authorized under
21 that Act.

22 (b) For partners of partnerships and shareholders of
23 Subchapter S corporations, there is allowed a credit under
24 this Section to be determined in accordance with Section 251
25 of this Act.

1 (c) The credit may not be carried back and may not reduce
2 the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of
3 the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, the excess
4 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the
5 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The tax
6 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is
7 a tax liability. If there are credits for more than one year
8 that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit
9 shall be applied first.

10 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
11 becoming law.".